

# Construction and Conversion of Operator Bases in EFTs

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# Outline

01

**On-shell Operator Basis**

02

**Off-shell Green's Basis**

03

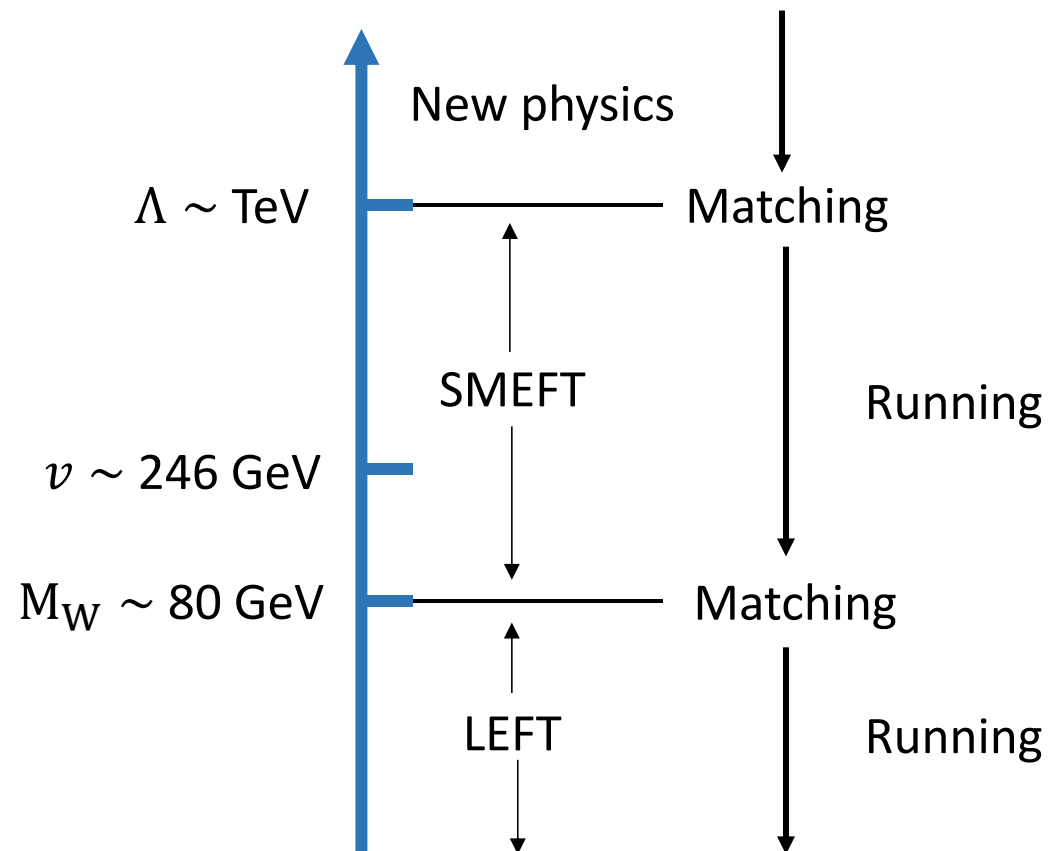
**Basis Conversion**

04

**Conclusion**

# Why EFT?

## 01 Energy gap between $\Lambda$ and $v$



## 02 Systematic method

physical effect of new physics

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SMEFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}^{(4)} + \sum_{d>4} \left( \frac{1}{\Lambda} \right)^{d-4} \sum_i C_i^{(d)} \mathcal{O}_i^{(d)}$$

physical effect of new physics and the heavy particles in the SM

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{LEFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{QCD+QED}}^{(4)} + \sum_{d>4} \left( \frac{1}{M_W} \right)^{d-4} \sum_i C_i^{(d)} \mathcal{O}_i^{(d)}$$

01

# On-shell Operator Basis

# SMEFT Operator Basis

Dim 5: [S. Weinberg, 1979]

Dim 6: [W. Buchmuller and D. Wyler, 1986]  
[B. Grzadkowski, M. Iskrzynski, M. Misiak, and J. Rosiek, 2010]

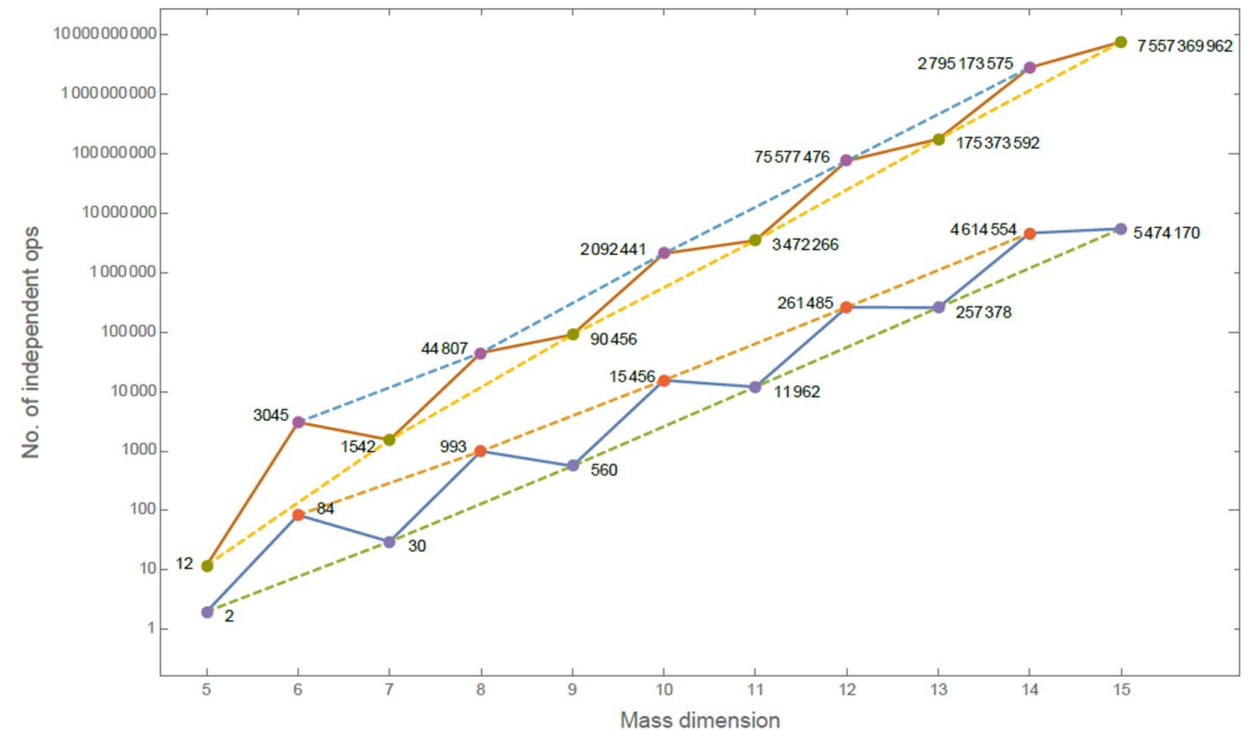
Dim 7: [L. Lehman, 2014]  
[B. Henning, X. Lu, T. Melia, H. Murayama, 2015]  
[Y. Liao, X.-D. Ma, 2016]

Dim 8: [H.-L. Li, Z. Ren, J. Shu, M.-L. Xiao, J.-H. Yu, Y.-H. Zheng, 2020]  
[C. W. Murphy, 2020]

Systematic method

Dim 9: [H.-L. Li, Z. Ren, M.-L. Xiao, J.-H. Yu, Y.-H. Zheng, 2020]  
[Y. Liao, X.-D. Ma, 2020]

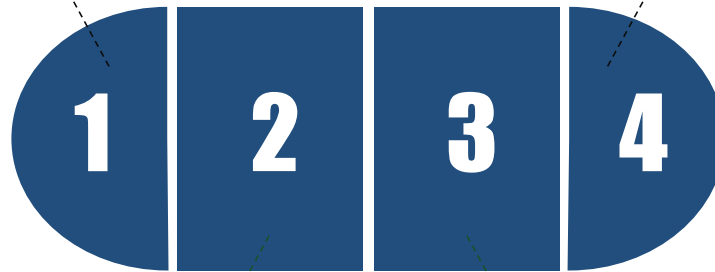
[B. Henning, X. Lu, T. Melia, H. Murayama, 2015]



# Redundancies

## Algebraic Identities

Fierz identity (Schouten identity),  
Bianchi identity,  
Jacobi identity,  
...



## Equation of Motion (EOM)

A special case of field redefinitions  
that leave the S-matrix invariant.

$$D^2\phi, \not{D}\psi, D_\mu F^{\mu\nu} \rightarrow 0$$

## Integration by Part (IBP)

$$X DY = D(XY) - DX Y$$

## Covariant Derivative Commutator (CDC)

$$[D_\mu, D_\nu] = igF_{\mu\nu}$$

# Amplitude-Operator Correspondence

$$\begin{aligned} F_{\text{L/R}i} &\Leftrightarrow \lambda_i^2 / \tilde{\lambda}_i^2 \\ \psi_i / \psi_i^\dagger &\Leftrightarrow \lambda_i / \tilde{\lambda}_i \\ \phi_i &\Leftrightarrow 1 \\ D_i &\Leftrightarrow -i\lambda_i \tilde{\lambda}_i \end{aligned}$$

$$p_{i\alpha\dot{\alpha}} = \lambda_{i\alpha} \tilde{\lambda}_{i\dot{\alpha}}$$

# Amplitude-Operator Correspondence

$$F_{L/R i} \Leftrightarrow \lambda_i^2 / \tilde{\lambda}_i^2$$

$$\psi_i / \psi_i^\dagger \Leftrightarrow \lambda_i / \tilde{\lambda}_i$$

$$\phi_i \Leftrightarrow 1$$

$$D_i \Leftrightarrow -i\lambda_i \tilde{\lambda}_i$$

$$p_{i\alpha\dot{\alpha}} = \lambda_{i\alpha} \tilde{\lambda}_{i\dot{\alpha}}$$

linear isomorphism?

$$D^2 \phi_i \Leftrightarrow p_i^2 = 0$$

operator space



amplitude space

$$[D_\mu, D_\nu] \Leftrightarrow [p_\mu, p_\nu] = 0$$



# Amplitude-Operator Correspondence

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_{L/R i} &\Leftrightarrow \lambda_i^2 / \tilde{\lambda}_i^2 \\
 \psi_i / \psi_i^\dagger &\Leftrightarrow \lambda_i / \tilde{\lambda}_i \\
 \phi_i &\Leftrightarrow 1 \\
 D_i &\Leftrightarrow -i \lambda_i \tilde{\lambda}_i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$p_{i\alpha\dot{\alpha}} = \lambda_{i\alpha} \tilde{\lambda}_{i\dot{\alpha}}$$

linear isomorphism?

operator space



amplitude space

$$D^2 \phi_i \Leftrightarrow p_i^2 = 0$$

$$[D_\mu, D_\nu] \Leftrightarrow [p_\mu, p_\nu] = 0$$

the subspace  
where EOM and  
CDC are removed

linear isomorphism



amplitude space

$$D_{[\alpha\dot{\alpha}} D_{\beta]\dot{\beta}} = D_\mu D_\nu \sigma_{[\alpha\dot{\alpha}}^\mu \sigma_{\beta]\dot{\beta}}^\nu = -D^2 \epsilon_{\alpha\beta} \epsilon_{\dot{\alpha}\dot{\beta}} + \frac{i}{2} [D_\mu, D_\nu] \epsilon_{\alpha\beta} (\bar{\sigma}^{\mu\nu})_{\dot{\alpha}\dot{\beta}},$$

$$D_{[\alpha\dot{\alpha}} \psi_{\beta]} = D_\mu \sigma_{[\alpha\dot{\alpha}}^\mu \psi_{\beta]} = -\epsilon_{\alpha\beta} (D_\mu \sigma^\mu \psi)_{\dot{\alpha}},$$

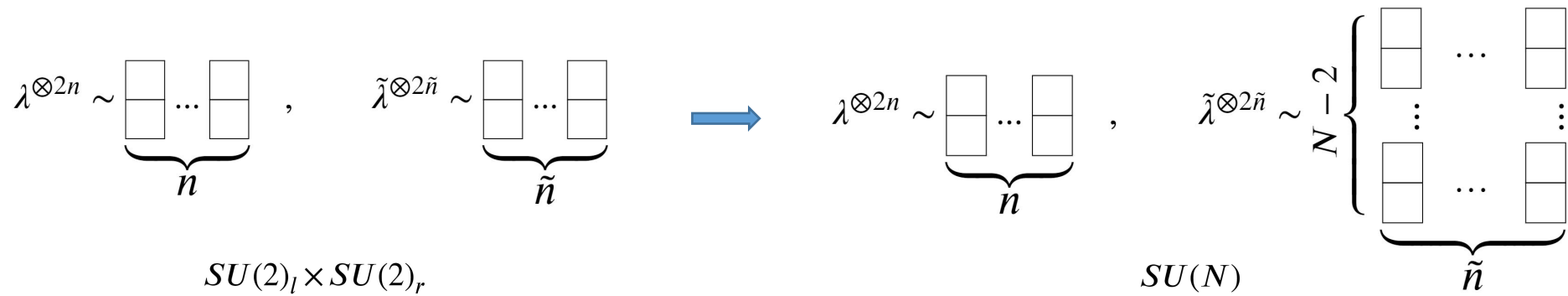
$$D_{[\alpha\dot{\alpha}} F_{L\beta]\gamma} = \frac{i}{2} D_\mu F_{L\nu\rho} \sigma_{[\alpha\dot{\alpha}}^\mu \sigma_{\beta]\gamma}^{\nu\rho} = i D^\mu F_{L\mu\nu} \epsilon_{\alpha\beta} \sigma_{\gamma\dot{\alpha}}^\nu,$$

# SU(N) Group

$$\lambda_i \rightarrow \sum_j U_i^j \lambda_j, \quad \tilde{\lambda}^i \rightarrow \sum_k U^{\dagger i}_k \tilde{\lambda}^k, \quad \sum_i \lambda_i \tilde{\lambda}^i \rightarrow \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k U_i^j U^{\dagger i}_k \lambda_j \tilde{\lambda}^k = \sum_j \lambda_j \tilde{\lambda}^j$$

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# SU(N) Group

$$\lambda_i \rightarrow \sum_j U_i^j \lambda_j, \quad \tilde{\lambda}^i \rightarrow \sum_k U^{\dagger i}_k \tilde{\lambda}^k, \quad \sum_i \lambda_i \tilde{\lambda}^i \rightarrow \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k U_i^j U^{\dagger i}_k \lambda_j \tilde{\lambda}^k = \sum_j \lambda_j \tilde{\lambda}^j$$

$$\lambda^{\otimes 2n} \sim \underbrace{\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \dots \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array}}_n, \quad \tilde{\lambda}^{\otimes 2\tilde{n}} \sim \underbrace{\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \dots \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array}}_{\tilde{n}} \quad \rightarrow \quad \lambda^{\otimes 2n} \sim \underbrace{\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \dots \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array}}_n, \quad \tilde{\lambda}^{\otimes 2\tilde{n}} \sim \underbrace{\left. \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \dots \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array} \right\}_{N-2}}_{\tilde{n}} \quad \text{SU}(N)$$

$SU(2)_l \times SU(2)_r$    $SU(N)$

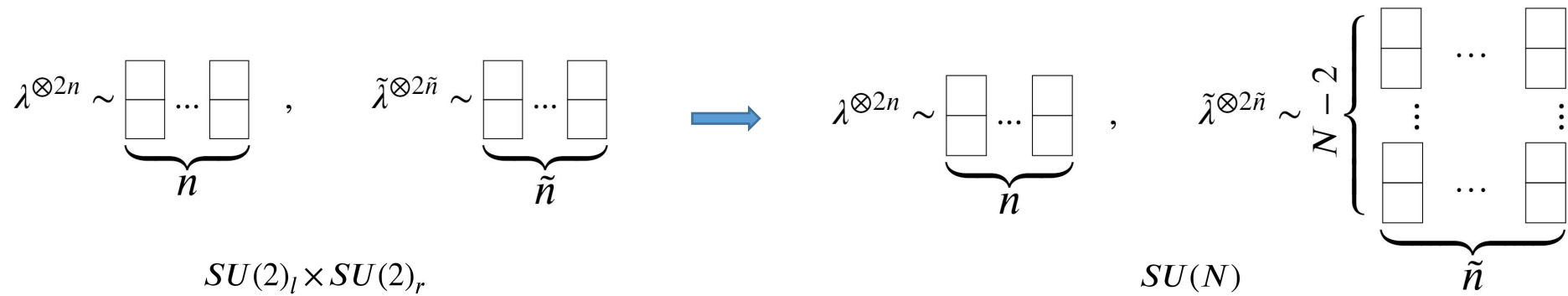
[B. Henning, T. Melia, 2019]

[H.-L. Li, Z. Ren, J. Shu,  
M.-L. Xiao, J.-H. Yu, Y.-  
H. Zheng, 2020]

$$\underbrace{\left. \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \dots \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array} \right\}_{N-2}}_{\tilde{n}} \otimes \underbrace{\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \dots \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array}}_n = \underbrace{\left. \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \dots \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array} \right\}_{N-2}}_{\tilde{n}} \otimes \underbrace{\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \dots \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array}}_n + \dots$$

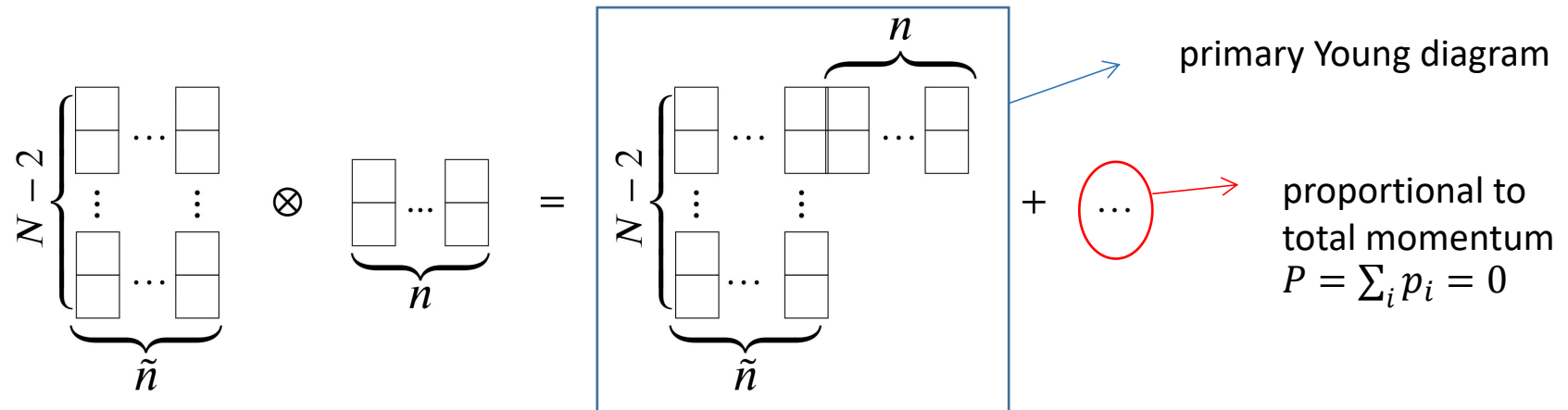
# SU(N) Group

$$\lambda_i \rightarrow \sum_j U_i^j \lambda_j, \quad \tilde{\lambda}^i \rightarrow \sum_k U^{\dagger i}_k \tilde{\lambda}^k, \quad \sum_i \lambda_i \tilde{\lambda}^i \rightarrow \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k U_i^j U^{\dagger i}_k \lambda_j \tilde{\lambda}^k = \sum_j \lambda_j \tilde{\lambda}^j$$

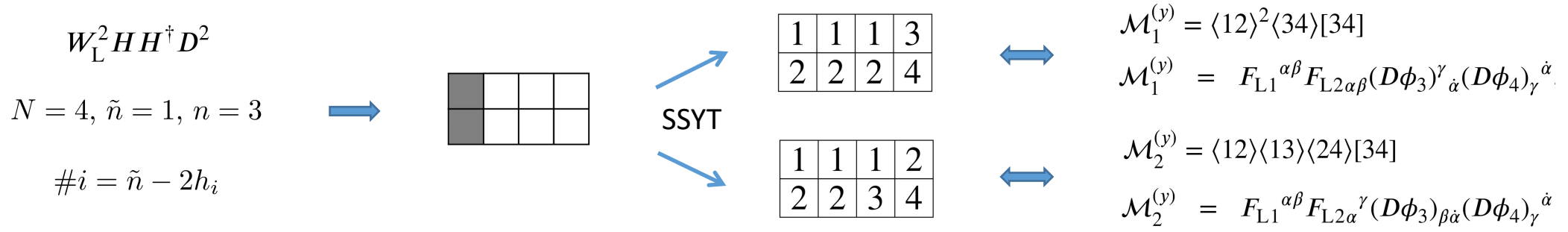


[B. Henning, T. Melia, 2019]

[H.-L. Li, Z. Ren, J. Shu, M.-L. Xiao, J.-H. Yu, Y.-H. Zheng, 2020]



# Y-basis (“Y” for Young Tableau)



Fock's condition 1

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ \hline 2 & 2 & 2 & 4 \\ \hline \end{array} + \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline 1 & 1 & 3 & 2 \\ \hline 2 & 2 & 1 & 4 \\ \hline \end{array} + \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ \hline 2 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ \hline \end{array} = 0$$

momentum conservation (IBP)

$$\langle 12 \rangle^2 \langle 34 \rangle [34] + \langle 12 \rangle \langle 31 \rangle \langle 24 \rangle [34] + \langle 12 \rangle \langle 23 \rangle \langle 14 \rangle [34] = 0$$

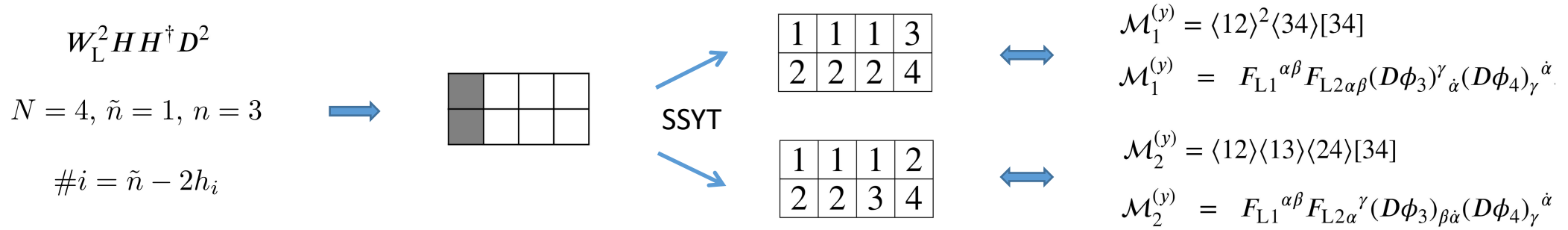
Fock's condition 2

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ \hline 2 & 2 & 2 & 4 \\ \hline \end{array} + \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline 3 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ \hline 1 & 2 & 2 & 4 \\ \hline \end{array} + \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline 3 & 2 & 2 & 4 \\ \hline \end{array} = 0$$

Schouten identity

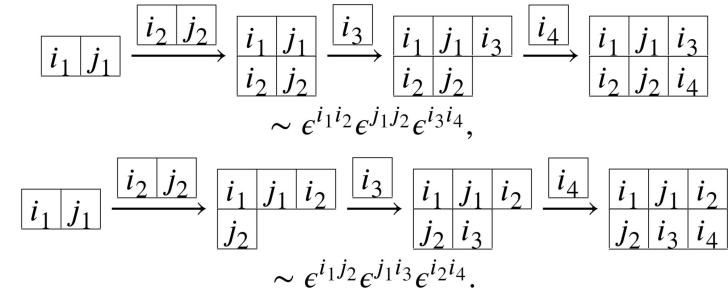
$$\langle 12 \rangle^2 \langle 34 \rangle [34] + \langle 12 \rangle^2 \langle 24 \rangle [24] + \langle 12 \rangle^2 \langle 14 \rangle [14] = 0$$

# Y-basis (“Y” for Young Tableau)



$$\begin{aligned}
 (\tau^{I_1})_{i_1 j_1} W_1^{I_1} &\equiv \epsilon_{j_1 m_1} (\tau^{I_1})_{i_1}^{m_1} W_1^{I_1} \sim \boxed{i_1 j_1}, \\
 (\tau^{I_2})_{i_2 j_2} W_2^{I_2} &\equiv \epsilon_{j_2 m_2} (\tau^{I_2})_{i_2}^{m_2} W_2^{I_2} \sim \boxed{i_2 j_2}, \\
 H_{3i_3} &\sim \boxed{i_3}, \quad \epsilon_{i_4 j_4} H_4^{\dagger j_4} \sim \boxed{i_4}.
 \end{aligned}$$

$\xrightarrow{\text{L-R rule}}$

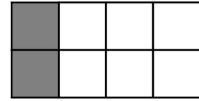


# Y-basis ("Y" for Young Tableau)

$$W_L^2 H H^\dagger D^2$$

$$N = 4, \tilde{n} = 1, n = 3$$

$$\#i = \tilde{n} - 2h_i$$



SSYT

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ \hline 2 & 2 & 2 & 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ \hline 2 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\mathcal{M}_1^{(y)} = \langle 12 \rangle^2 \langle 34 \rangle [34]$$

$$\mathcal{M}_1^{(y)} = F_{L1}^{\alpha\beta} F_{L2\alpha\beta} (D\phi_3)^\gamma{}_{\dot{\alpha}} (D\phi_4)_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}$$

$$\mathcal{M}_2^{(y)} = \langle 12 \rangle \langle 13 \rangle \langle 24 \rangle [34]$$

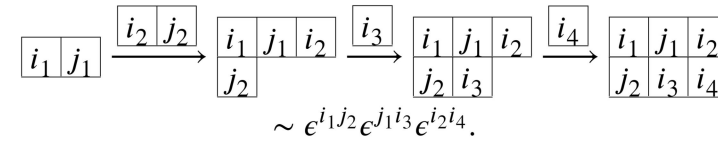
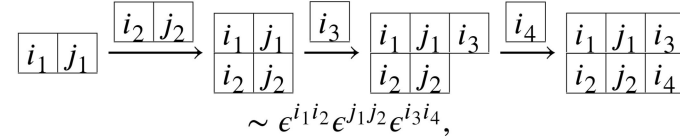
$$\mathcal{M}_2^{(y)} = F_{L1}^{\alpha\beta} F_{L2\alpha}{}^\gamma (D\phi_3)_{\beta\dot{\alpha}} (D\phi_4)_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}$$

$$(\tau^{I_1})_{i_1 j_1} W_1^{I_1} \equiv \epsilon_{j_1 m_1} (\tau^{I_1})_{i_1}^{m_1} W_1^{I_1} \sim \boxed{i_1 j_1},$$

$$(\tau^{I_2})_{i_2 j_2} W_2^{I_2} \equiv \epsilon_{j_2 m_2} (\tau^{I_2})_{i_2}^{m_2} W_2^{I_2} \sim \boxed{i_2 j_2},$$

$$H_{3i_3} \sim \boxed{i_3}, \quad \epsilon_{i_4 j_4} H_4^{\dagger j_4} \sim \boxed{i_4}.$$

L-R rule



$$T_{SU3,1}^{(y)} = 1$$

⊗

$$T_{SU2,1}^{(y)} = e^{i_1 i_2} e^{j_1 j_2} e^{i_3 i_4} \epsilon_{i_4 j_4} (\tau^{I_1})_{i_1 j_1} (\tau^{I_2})_{i_2 j_2} = 2\delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3},$$

$$T_{SU2,2}^{(y)} = e^{i_1 j_2} e^{j_1 i_3} e^{i_2 i_4} \epsilon_{i_4 j_4} (\tau^{I_1})_{i_1 j_1} (\tau^{I_2})_{i_2 j_2} = \delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} - i\epsilon^{I_1 I_2 J} (\tau^J)_{j_4}^{i_3}.$$

⊗

$$\mathcal{M}_1^{(y)} = F_{L1}^{\alpha\beta} F_{L2\alpha\beta} (D\phi_3)^\gamma{}_{\dot{\alpha}} (D\phi_4)_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}},$$

$$\mathcal{M}_2^{(y)} = F_{L1}^{\alpha\beta} F_{L2\alpha}{}^\gamma (D\phi_3)_{\beta\dot{\alpha}} (D\phi_4)_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}.$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 H H^\dagger D^2, 1}^{(y)} = 2\delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} W_{L1}^{I_1\alpha\beta} W_{L2}^{I_2}{}_{\alpha\beta} (DH_3)_{i_3}{}^\gamma{}_{\dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}},$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 H H^\dagger D^2, 2}^{(y)} = 2\delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} W_{L1}^{I_1\alpha\beta} W_{L2}^{I_2}{}_{\alpha}{}^\gamma (DH_3)_{i_3\beta\dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}},$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 H H^\dagger D^2, 3}^{(y)} = \left( \delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} - i\epsilon^{I_1 I_2 J} (\tau^J)_{j_4}^{i_3} \right) W_{L1}^{I_1\alpha\beta} W_{L2}^{I_2}{}_{\alpha\beta} (DH_3)_{i_3}{}^\gamma{}_{\dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}},$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 H H^\dagger D^2, 4}^{(y)} = \left( \delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} - i\epsilon^{I_1 I_2 J} (\tau^J)_{j_4}^{i_3} \right) W_{L1}^{I_1\alpha\beta} W_{L2}^{I_2}{}_{\alpha}{}^\gamma (DH_3)_{i_3\beta\dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}.$$



Y-basis (“Y” for Young tableau)

$$\mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,1}^{(y)} = 2\delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} W_{L1}^{I_1 \alpha \beta} W_{L2}^{I_2}{}_{\alpha \beta} (DH_3)_{i_3}{}^{\gamma}{}_{\dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}},$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,2}^{(y)} = 2\delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} W_{L1}^{I_1 \alpha \beta} W_{L2}^{I_2}{}_{\alpha}{}^{\gamma} (DH_3)_{i_3}{}_{\beta \dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}},$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,3}^{(y)} = \left( \delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} - i\epsilon^{I_1 I_2 J} (\tau^J)_{j_4}^{i_3} \right) W_{L1}^{I_1 \alpha \beta} W_{L2}^{I_2}{}_{\alpha \beta} (DH_3)_{i_3}{}^{\gamma}{}_{\dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}},$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,4}^{(y)} = \left( \delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} - i\epsilon^{I_1 I_2 J} (\tau^J)_{j_4}^{i_3} \right) W_{L1}^{I_1 \alpha \beta} W_{L2}^{I_2}{}_{\alpha}{}^{\gamma} (DH_3)_{i_3}{}_{\beta \dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}.$$

Y-basis (“Y” for Young tableau)

$$\mathcal{K}^{(my)} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{8} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{16} & -\frac{1}{16} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{i}{8} & 0 & -\frac{i}{4} & 0 \\ -\frac{i}{16} & \frac{i}{16} & \frac{i}{8} & -\frac{i}{8} \end{pmatrix}$$



M-basis (“M” for monomial)

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,1}^{(y)} &= 2\delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} W_{L1}^{I_1 \alpha \beta} W_{L2}^{I_2 \gamma \dot{\alpha}} (DH_3)_{i_3}{}^\gamma{}_{\dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}, \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,2}^{(y)} &= 2\delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} W_{L1}^{I_1 \alpha \beta} W_{L2}^{I_2 \gamma} (DH_3)_{i_3 \beta \dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}, \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,3}^{(y)} &= \left( \delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} - i\epsilon^{I_1 I_2 J} (\tau^J)_{j_4}^{i_3} \right) W_{L1}^{I_1 \alpha \beta} W_{L2}^{I_2 \gamma \dot{\alpha}} (DH_3)_{i_3}{}^\gamma{}_{\dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}, \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,4}^{(y)} &= \left( \delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} - i\epsilon^{I_1 I_2 J} (\tau^J)_{j_4}^{i_3} \right) W_{L1}^{I_1 \alpha \beta} W_{L2}^{I_2 \gamma} (DH_3)_{i_3 \beta \dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,1}^{(m)} &= W_{L1\nu\mu}^I W_{L2}^{I\mu\nu} (D_\lambda H_{3i}) (D^\lambda H_4^{\dagger i}), \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,2}^{(m)} &= W_{L1\mu}^{I\nu} W_{L2}^{I\mu\lambda} (D_\lambda H_{3i}) (D_\nu H_4^{\dagger i}), \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,3}^{(m)} &= \epsilon^{IJK} (\tau^K)_j^i W_{L1\nu\mu}^I W_{L2}^{J\mu\nu} (D_\lambda H_{3i}) (D^\lambda H_4^{\dagger j}), \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,4}^{(m)} &= \epsilon^{IJK} (\tau^K)_j^i W_{L1\mu}^{I\nu} W_{L2}^{J\mu\lambda} (D_\lambda H_{3i}) (D_\nu H_4^{\dagger j}), \end{aligned}$$

Y-basis (“Y” for Young tableau)

$$\mathcal{K}^{(my)} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{8} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{16} & -\frac{1}{16} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{i}{8} & 0 & -\frac{i}{4} & 0 \\ -\frac{i}{16} & \frac{i}{16} & \frac{i}{8} & -\frac{i}{8} \end{pmatrix}$$



M-basis (“M” for monomial)

$$\mathcal{K}^{(pm)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{4} & 1 \\ \frac{1}{4} & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



P-basis (“P” for permutation)

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,1}^{(y)} &= 2\delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} W_{L1}^{I_1 \alpha \beta} W_{L2}^{I_2}{}_{\alpha \beta} (DH_3)_{i_3}{}^\gamma{}_{\dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}, \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,2}^{(y)} &= 2\delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} W_{L1}^{I_1 \alpha \beta} W_{L2}^{I_2}{}_{\alpha}{}^\gamma (DH_3)_{i_3 \beta \dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}, \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,3}^{(y)} &= \left( \delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} - i\epsilon^{I_1 I_2 J} (\tau^J)_{j_4}^{i_3} \right) W_{L1}^{I_1 \alpha \beta} W_{L2}^{I_2}{}_{\alpha \beta} (DH_3)_{i_3}{}^\gamma{}_{\dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}, \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,4}^{(y)} &= \left( \delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} - i\epsilon^{I_1 I_2 J} (\tau^J)_{j_4}^{i_3} \right) W_{L1}^{I_1 \alpha \beta} W_{L2}^{I_2}{}_{\alpha}{}^\gamma (DH_3)_{i_3 \beta \dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,1}^{(m)} &= W_{L1\nu\mu}^I W_{L2}^{I\mu\nu} (D_\lambda H_{3i}) (D^\lambda H_4^{\dagger i}), \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,2}^{(m)} &= W_{L1\mu}^{I\nu} W_{L2}^{I\mu\lambda} (D_\lambda H_{3i}) (D_\nu H_4^{\dagger i}), \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,3}^{(m)} &= \epsilon^{IJK} (\tau^K)_j^i W_{L1\nu\mu}^I W_{L2}^{J\mu\nu} (D_\lambda H_{3i}) (D^\lambda H_4^{\dagger j}), \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,4}^{(m)} &= \epsilon^{IJK} (\tau^K)_j^i W_{L1\mu}^{I\nu} W_{L2}^{J\mu\lambda} (D_\lambda H_{3i}) (D_\nu H_4^{\dagger j}), \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,1}^{(p)} &= \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{Y}_{\left[ \begin{smallmatrix} p \\ r \end{smallmatrix} \right]} W_{Lp\nu\mu}^I W_{Lr}^{I\mu\nu} (D_\lambda H_{si}) (D^\lambda H_t^{\dagger i}), \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,2}^{(p)} &= \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{Y}_{\left[ \begin{smallmatrix} p \\ r \end{smallmatrix} \right]} \epsilon^{IJK} (\tau^K)_j^i W_{Lp\mu}^{I\nu} W_{Lr}^{J\mu\lambda} (D_\lambda H_{si}) (D_\nu H_t^{\dagger j}), \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,3}^{(p)} &= \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{Y}_{\left[ \begin{smallmatrix} p \\ r \end{smallmatrix} \right]} W_{Lp\mu}^{I\nu} W_{Lr}^{I\mu\lambda} (D_\lambda H_{si}) (D_\nu H_t^{\dagger i}), \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,4}^{(p)} &= \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{Y}_{\left[ \begin{smallmatrix} p \\ r \end{smallmatrix} \right]} \epsilon^{IJK} (\tau^K)_j^i W_{Lp\nu\mu}^I W_{Lr}^{J\mu\nu} (D_\lambda H_{si}) (D^\lambda H_t^{\dagger j}), \end{aligned}$$

Y-basis (“Y” for Young tableau)

$$\mathcal{K}^{(my)} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{8} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{16} & -\frac{1}{16} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{i}{8} & 0 & -\frac{i}{4} & 0 \\ -\frac{i}{16} & \frac{i}{16} & \frac{i}{8} & -\frac{i}{8} \end{pmatrix}$$



M-basis (“M” for monomial)

$$\mathcal{K}^{(pm)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{4} & 1 \\ \frac{1}{4} & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



P-basis (“P” for permutation)

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,1}^{(y)} &= 2\delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} W_{L1}^{I_1 \alpha \beta} W_{L2}^{I_2 \alpha \beta} (DH_3)_{i_3}{}^\gamma{}_{\dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}, \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,2}^{(y)} &= 2\delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} W_{L1}^{I_1 \alpha \beta} W_{L2}^{I_2 \alpha}{}^\gamma (DH_3)_{i_3 \beta \dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}, \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,3}^{(y)} &= \left( \delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} - i\epsilon^{I_1 I_2 J} (\tau^J)_{j_4}^{i_3} \right) W_{L1}^{I_1 \alpha \beta} W_{L2}^{I_2 \alpha \beta} (DH_3)_{i_3}{}^\gamma{}_{\dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}, \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,4}^{(y)} &= \left( \delta^{I_1 I_2} \delta_{j_4}^{i_3} - i\epsilon^{I_1 I_2 J} (\tau^J)_{j_4}^{i_3} \right) W_{L1}^{I_1 \alpha \beta} W_{L2}^{I_2 \alpha}{}^\gamma (DH_3)_{i_3 \beta \dot{\alpha}} (DH_4^\dagger)^{j_4}{}_{\gamma}{}^{\dot{\alpha}}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,1}^{(m)} &= W_{L1\nu\mu}^I W_{L2}^{I\mu\nu} (D_\lambda H_{3i}) (D^\lambda H_4^{\dagger i}), \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,2}^{(m)} &= W_{L1\mu}^{I\nu} W_{L2}^{I\mu\lambda} (D_\lambda H_{3i}) (D_\nu H_4^{\dagger i}), \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,3}^{(m)} &= \epsilon^{IJK} (\tau^K)_j^i W_{L1\nu\mu}^I W_{L2}^{J\mu\nu} (D_\lambda H_{3i}) (D^\lambda H_4^{\dagger j}), \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,4}^{(m)} &= \epsilon^{IJK} (\tau^K)_j^i W_{L1\mu}^{I\nu} W_{L2}^{J\mu\lambda} (D_\lambda H_{3i}) (D_\nu H_4^{\dagger j}), \end{aligned}$$

F-basis (“F” for Flavor)

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,1}^{(p)} &= \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{Y} \left[ \begin{array}{|c|} \hline p \\ \hline r \end{array} \right] W_{Lp\nu\mu}^I W_{Lr}^{I\mu\nu} (D_\lambda H_{si}) (D^\lambda H_t^{\dagger i}), \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,2}^{(p)} &= \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{Y} \left[ \begin{array}{|c|} \hline p \\ \hline r \end{array} \right] \epsilon^{IJK} (\tau^K)_j^i W_{Lp\mu}^{I\nu} W_{Lr}^{J\mu\lambda} (D_\lambda H_{si}) (D_\nu H_t^{\dagger j}), \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,3}^{(p)} &= \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{Y} \left[ \begin{array}{|c|} \hline p \\ \hline r \end{array} \right] W_{Lp\mu}^{I\nu} W_{Lr}^{I\mu\lambda} (D_\lambda H_{si}) (D_\nu H_t^{\dagger i}), \\ \mathcal{O}_{W_L^2 HH^\dagger D^2,4}^{(p)} &= \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{Y} \left[ \begin{array}{|c|} \hline p \\ \hline r \end{array} \right] \epsilon^{IJK} (\tau^K)_j^i W_{Lp\nu\mu}^I W_{Lr}^{J\mu\nu} (D_\lambda H_{si}) (D^\lambda H_t^{\dagger j}), \end{aligned}$$

02

## **Off-shell Green's Basis**

## Motivation

### (1) RGE calculation.

We usually consider 1PI diagrams and match off-shell to calculate RGE. Thus an off-shell operator basis is needed, known as the Green's basis.

### (2) Operator reduction.

It is much easier to reduce operators to the Green's basis than to the physical basis once the conversion between the Green's basis and physical basis is known.

# Background

## Motivation

(1) RGE calculation.

We usually consider 1PI diagrams and match off-shell to calculate RGE. Thus an off-shell operator basis is needed, known as the Green's basis.

(2) Operator reduction.

It is much easier to reduce operators to the Green's basis than to the physical basis once the conversion between the Green's basis and physical basis is known.

## SMEFT Green's basis

Dim 6 [V. Gherardi, D. Marzocca, E. Venturini, 2020]

Dim 7 [X.-X. Li, Z. Ren, J.-H. Yu, 2023], [D.-Zhang, 2023]

Dim 8 bosonic [M. Chala, Á. Díaz-Carmona, G. Guedes, 2021]

Dim 8 [Z. Ren, J.-H. Yu, 2022]

$X^3$		$X^2 H^2$		$H^2 D^4$	
$\mathcal{O}_{3G}$	$f^{ABC} G_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu}$	$\mathcal{O}_{HG}$	$G_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu} (H^\dagger H)$	$\mathcal{O}_{DH}$	$(D_\mu D^\mu H)^\dagger (D_\nu D^\nu H)$
$\mathcal{O}_{\widetilde{3G}}$	$f^{ABC} \widetilde{G}_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu}$	$\mathcal{O}_{H\widetilde{G}}$	$\widetilde{G}_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu} (H^\dagger H)$	$H^4 D^2$	
$\mathcal{O}_{3W}$	$\epsilon^{IJK} W_\mu^{I\nu} W_\nu^{J\rho} W_\rho^{K\mu}$	$\mathcal{O}_{HW}$	$W_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu} (H^\dagger H)$	$\mathcal{O}_{H\Box}$	$(H^\dagger H) \Box (H^\dagger H)$
$\mathcal{O}_{\widetilde{3W}}$	$\epsilon^{IJK} \widetilde{W}_\mu^{I\nu} W_\nu^{J\rho} W_\rho^{K\mu}$	$\mathcal{O}_{H\widetilde{W}}$	$\widetilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu} (H^\dagger H)$	$\mathcal{O}_{HD}$	$(H^\dagger D^\mu H)^\dagger (H^\dagger D_\mu H)$
$X^2 D^2$		$\mathcal{O}_{HB}$	$B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} (H^\dagger H)$	$\mathcal{O}'_{HD}$	$(H^\dagger H) (D_\mu H)^\dagger (D^\mu H)$
$\mathcal{O}_{2G}$	$-\frac{1}{2} (D_\mu G^{A\mu\nu}) (D^\rho G_{\rho\nu}^A)$	$\mathcal{O}_{H\widetilde{B}}$	$\widetilde{B}_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} (H^\dagger H)$	$\mathcal{O}''_{HD}$	$(H^\dagger H) D_\mu (H^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu H)$
$\mathcal{O}_{2W}$	$-\frac{1}{2} (D_\mu W^{I\mu\nu}) (D^\rho W_{\rho\nu}^I)$	$\mathcal{O}_{HWB}$	$W_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu} (H^\dagger \sigma^I H)$	$H^6$	
$\mathcal{O}_{2B}$	$-\frac{1}{2} (\partial_\mu B^{\mu\nu}) (\partial^\rho B_{\rho\nu})$	$\mathcal{O}_{H\widetilde{W}B}$	$\widetilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu} (H^\dagger \sigma^I H)$	$\mathcal{O}_H$	$(H^\dagger H)^3$
		$H^2 X D^2$			
		$\mathcal{O}_{WDH}$	$D_\nu W^{I\mu\nu} (H^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I H)$		
		$\mathcal{O}_{BDH}$	$\partial_\nu B^{\mu\nu} (H^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H)$		

off-shell  $\rightarrow D^2 \phi, \not{D} \psi, D_\mu F^{\mu\nu}$  are kept.


# Off-shell Amplitude Formalism

$$\begin{aligned} F_{L/R i} &\Leftrightarrow \lambda_i^2 / \tilde{\lambda}_i^2 \\ \psi_i / \psi_i^\dagger &\Leftrightarrow \lambda_i / \tilde{\lambda}_i \\ \phi_i &\Leftrightarrow 1 \\ D_i &\Leftrightarrow -i \lambda_i \tilde{\lambda}_i \end{aligned}$$

the subspace  
where EOM and  
CDC are removed

linear isomorphism

on-shell  
amplitude  
space





# Off-shell Amplitude Formalism

$$\begin{aligned} F_{L/R i} &\Leftrightarrow \lambda_i^2 / \tilde{\lambda}_i^2 \\ \psi_i / \psi_i^\dagger &\Leftrightarrow \lambda_i / \tilde{\lambda}_i \\ \phi_i &\Leftrightarrow 1 \\ D_i &\Leftrightarrow -i \lambda_i \tilde{\lambda}_i \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_{L/R i} &\Leftrightarrow \lambda_{i,0}^2 / \tilde{\lambda}_{i,0}^2 \\ \psi_i / \psi_i^\dagger &\Leftrightarrow \lambda_{i,0} / \tilde{\lambda}_{i,0} \\ \phi_i &\Leftrightarrow 1 \\ D_{i,d_i} &\Leftrightarrow -i \lambda_{i,d_i} \tilde{\lambda}_{i,d_i} \end{aligned}$$

[Z. Ren, J.-H. Yu, 2022]

the subspace  
where EOM and  
CDC are removed

linear isomorphism

↔

on-shell  
amplitude  
space

operator space

linear isomorphism

↔

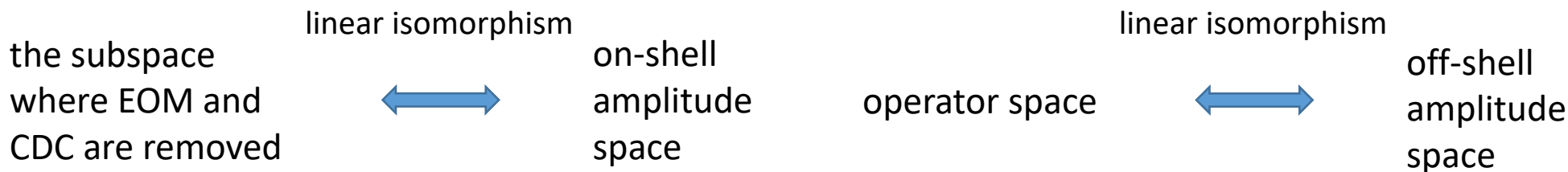
off-shell  
amplitude  
space

# Off-shell Amplitude Formalism

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_{L/R\ i} &\Leftrightarrow \lambda_i^2 / \tilde{\lambda}_i^2 \\
 \psi_i / \psi_i^\dagger &\Leftrightarrow \lambda_i / \tilde{\lambda}_i \\
 \phi_i &\Leftrightarrow 1 \\
 D_i &\Leftrightarrow -i\lambda_i \tilde{\lambda}_i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_{L/R\ i} &\Leftrightarrow \lambda_{i,0}^2 / \tilde{\lambda}_{i,0}^2 \\
 \psi_i / \psi_i^\dagger &\Leftrightarrow \lambda_{i,0} / \tilde{\lambda}_{i,0} \\
 \phi_i &\Leftrightarrow 1 \\
 D_{i,d_i} &\Leftrightarrow -i\lambda_{i,d_i} \tilde{\lambda}_{i,d_i}
 \end{aligned}$$

[Z. Ren, J.-H. Yu, 2022]



$$\psi_1^\alpha (\sigma^\nu)_{\alpha\dot{\alpha}} D^\mu D_\mu D_\nu \psi_2^{\dagger\dot{\alpha}} = \frac{1}{2} \psi_1^\alpha D^{\beta\dot{\beta}} D_{\beta\dot{\beta}} D_{\alpha\dot{\alpha}} \psi_2^{\dagger\dot{\alpha}} \Leftrightarrow -\frac{i}{2} \langle 1_0 2_1 \rangle \langle 2_3 2_2 \rangle [2_1 2_0] [2_3 2_2] \xrightarrow{\text{on-shell}} -\frac{i}{2} \langle 12 \rangle \langle 22 \rangle [22] [22] = 0$$

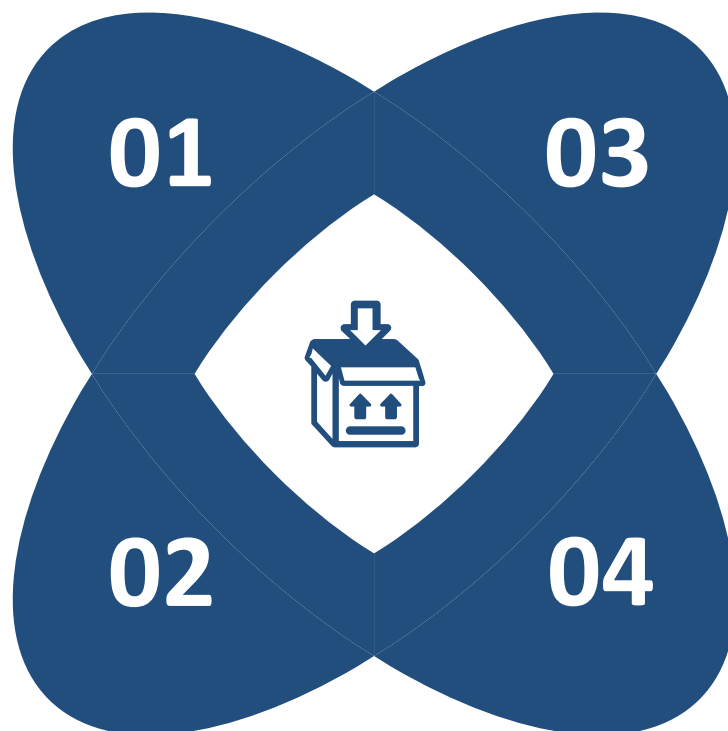
# Redundancies

## IBP

$$|i_{\hat{d}_i}\rangle\langle i_{\hat{d}_i}| = - \sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^N |j_{\hat{d}_{j+1}}\rangle\langle j_{\hat{d}_{j+1}}|$$

## CDC

Use  $\mathcal{Y} [i_1 i_2 \dots i_{\hat{d}_i}]$   
to symmetrize  
covariant derivatives



## Schouten identity

$$\langle i_{x_i} l_{x_l} \rangle \langle j_{x_j} k_{x_k} \rangle \quad i_{x_i} < j_{x_j} < k_{x_k} < l_{x_l}$$

$$= -\langle i_{x_i} j_{x_j} \rangle \langle k_{x_k} l_{x_l} \rangle + \langle i_{x_i} k_{x_k} \rangle \langle j_{x_j} l_{x_l} \rangle$$

## Bianchi identity

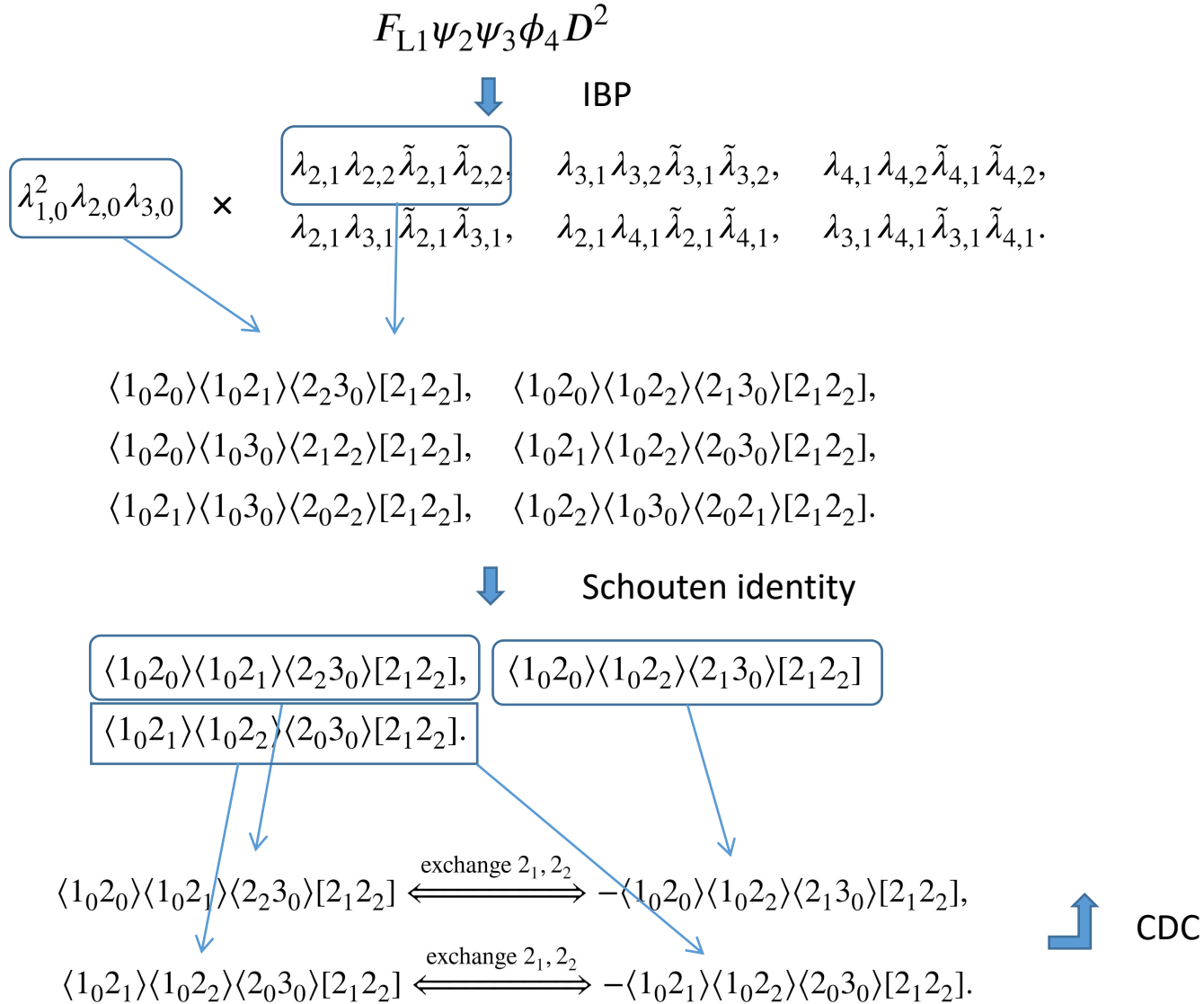
$$\epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} D_\nu F_{\rho\sigma} = 0$$

↓

$$D_\mu F_L^{\mu\nu} - D_\mu F_R^{\mu\nu} = -i D_\mu \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu} = 0$$

Choose  $F_R$  to be on shell

# Off-shell Construction



$$\mathcal{Y}_{[2_1 2_2]} \begin{pmatrix} \langle 1_0 2_0 \rangle \langle 1_0 2_1 \rangle \langle 2_2 3_0 \rangle [2_1 2_2] \\ \langle 1_0 2_0 \rangle \langle 1_0 2_2 \rangle \langle 2_1 3_0 \rangle [2_1 2_2] \\ \langle 1_0 2_1 \rangle \langle 1_0 2_2 \rangle \langle 2_0 3_0 \rangle [2_1 2_2] \end{pmatrix} \\
 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \langle 1_0 2_0 \rangle \langle 1_0 2_1 \rangle \langle 2_2 3_0 \rangle [2_1 2_2] \\ \langle 1_0 2_0 \rangle \langle 1_0 2_2 \rangle \langle 2_1 3_0 \rangle [2_1 2_2] \\ \langle 1_0 2_1 \rangle \langle 1_0 2_2 \rangle \langle 2_0 3_0 \rangle [2_1 2_2] \end{pmatrix}$$

- $\mathcal{M}_{F_L \psi^2 \phi D^2, 1}^{(\text{off-shell}) (y)} = \mathcal{Y}_{[2_1 2_2]} \langle 1_0 2_0 \rangle \langle 1_0 2_1 \rangle \langle 2_2 3_0 \rangle [2_1 2_2]$ ,
- $\mathcal{M}_{F_L \psi^2 \phi D^2, 2}^{(\text{off-shell}) (y)} = \mathcal{Y}_{[3_1 3_2]} \langle 1_0 2_0 \rangle \langle 1_0 3_0 \rangle \langle 3_1 3_2 \rangle [3_1 3_2]$ ,
- $\mathcal{M}_{F_L \psi^2 \phi D^2, 3}^{(\text{off-shell}) (y)} = \mathcal{Y}_{[4_1 4_2]} \langle 1_0 2_0 \rangle \langle 1_0 3_0 \rangle \langle 4_1 4_2 \rangle [4_1 4_2]$ ,
- $\mathcal{M}_{F_L \psi^2 \phi D^2, 4}^{(\text{off-shell}) (y)} = \langle 1_0 2_0 \rangle \langle 1_0 2_1 \rangle \langle 3_0 3_1 \rangle [2_1 3_1]$ ,
- $\mathcal{M}_{F_L \psi^2 \phi D^2, 5}^{(\text{off-shell}) (y)} = \langle 1_0 2_0 \rangle \langle 1_0 3_0 \rangle \langle 2_1 3_1 \rangle [2_1 3_1]$ ,
- $\mathcal{M}_{F_L \psi^2 \phi D^2, 6}^{(\text{off-shell}) (y)} = \langle 1_0 2_1 \rangle \langle 1_0 3_0 \rangle \langle 2_0 3_1 \rangle [2_1 3_1]$ ,
- $\mathcal{M}_{F_L \psi^2 \phi D^2, 7}^{(\text{off-shell}) (y)} = \langle 1_0 2_0 \rangle \langle 1_0 2_1 \rangle \langle 3_0 4_1 \rangle [2_1 4_1]$ ,
- $\mathcal{M}_{F_L \psi^2 \phi D^2, 8}^{(\text{off-shell}) (y)} = \langle 1_0 2_0 \rangle \langle 1_0 3_0 \rangle \langle 2_1 4_1 \rangle [2_1 4_1]$ ,
- $\mathcal{M}_{F_L \psi^2 \phi D^2, 9}^{(\text{off-shell}) (y)} = \langle 1_0 2_1 \rangle \langle 1_0 3_0 \rangle \langle 2_0 4_1 \rangle [2_1 4_1]$ ,
- $\mathcal{M}_{F_L \psi^2 \phi D^2, 10}^{(\text{off-shell}) (y)} = \langle 1_0 2_0 \rangle \langle 1_0 3_0 \rangle \langle 3_1 4_1 \rangle [3_1 4_1]$ ,
- $\mathcal{M}_{F_L \psi^2 \phi D^2, 11}^{(\text{off-shell}) (y)} = \langle 1_0 2_0 \rangle \langle 1_0 3_1 \rangle \langle 3_0 4_1 \rangle [3_1 4_1]$ ,
- $\mathcal{M}_{F_L \psi^2 \phi D^2, 12}^{(\text{off-shell}) (y)} = \langle 1_0 3_0 \rangle \langle 1_0 3_1 \rangle \langle 2_0 4_1 \rangle [3_1 4_1]$ .

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# Basis Conversion

# Bases in the Literature

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{O}_{\partial H} &= \frac{1}{2} D_\mu (H^\dagger H) D^\mu (H^\dagger H), \\ \mathcal{O}_H^{(1)} &= (H^\dagger H) (D_\mu H^\dagger D^\mu H), \\ \mathcal{O}_H^{(2)} &= (H^\dagger D^\mu H) (D_\mu H^\dagger H).\end{aligned}$$

[W. Buchmuller and D. Wyler, 1986]

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{O}_{H\Box} &= (H^\dagger H) \Box (H^\dagger H), \\ \mathcal{O}_{HD} &= (H^\dagger D_\mu H)^\dagger (H^\dagger D^\mu H).\end{aligned}$$

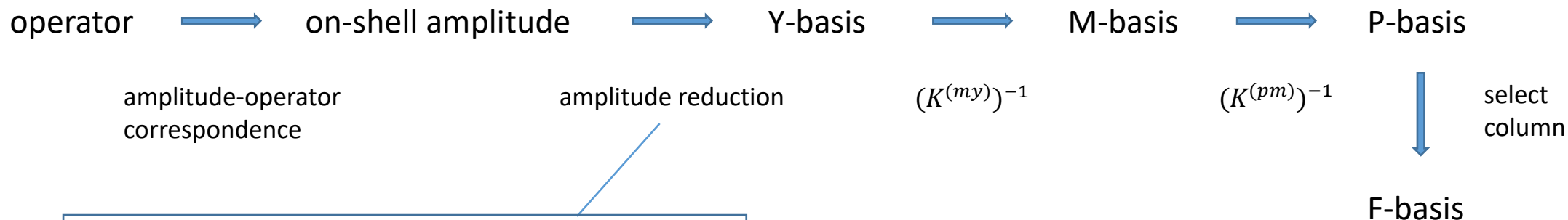
[B. Grzadkowski, M. Iskrzynski, M. Misiak, and J. Rosiek, 2010]

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{O}_{SILH}^{(1)} &= D^\mu (H^\dagger H) D_\mu (H^\dagger H), \\ \mathcal{O}_{SILH}^{(2)} &= (H^\dagger \vec{D}^\mu H) (H^\dagger \vec{D}_\mu H),\end{aligned}$$

[G. F. Giudice, C. Grojean, A. Pomarol, R. Rattazzi, 2007]

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \text{reduce} & \\ & \longrightarrow & \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \mathcal{O}_{\partial H} \\ \mathcal{O}_H^{(1)} \\ \mathcal{O}_H^{(2)} \end{array} \right) & = & \left( \begin{array}{cc} -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{c} \mathcal{O}_{H\Box} \\ \mathcal{O}_{HD} \end{array} \right) & \left( \begin{array}{c} \mathcal{O}_{SILH}^{(1)} \\ \mathcal{O}_{SILH}^{(2)} \end{array} \right) & = & \left( \begin{array}{cc} -1 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{c} \mathcal{O}_{H\Box} \\ \mathcal{O}_{HD} \end{array} \right) \\ & & & \longleftarrow & \text{reduce} \end{array}$$

# Systematic Reduction



$$\langle i1 \rangle [1j] = - \sum_{k=2}^N \langle ik \rangle [kj],$$

$$[1|p_2|i] = - \sum_{k=3}^N [1|p_k|i], \quad \langle 1|p_2|i] = - \sum_{k=3}^N \langle 1|p_k|i],$$

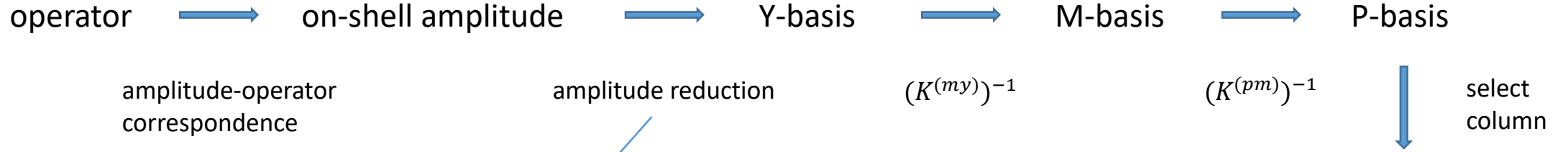
$$[1|p_3|2] = - \sum_{k=4}^N [1|p_k|2], \quad \langle 1|p_3|2] = - \sum_{k=4}^N \langle 1|p_k|2],$$

$$p_2 \cdot p_3 = \sum_{\substack{i,j \neq 1 \\ \{i,j\} \neq \{2,3\}}} -p_i \cdot p_j, \quad \text{momentum conservation and Schouten identity}$$

$$\langle il \rangle \langle jk \rangle = \langle ik \rangle \langle jl \rangle - \langle ij \rangle \langle kl \rangle,$$

$$[il][jk] = [ik][jl] - [ij][kl].$$

# Systematic Reduction



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$$[1|p_2|i] = - \sum_{k=3}^N [1|p_k|i], \quad \langle 1|p_2|i] = - \sum_{k=3}^N \langle 1|p_k|i],$$

$$[1|p_3|2] = - \sum_{k=4}^N [1|p_k|2], \quad \langle 1|p_3|2] = - \sum_{k=4}^N \langle 1|p_k|2],$$

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$$[il][jk] = [ik][jl] - [ij][kl].$$

$\mathcal{O}_{H^4}^{(1)}$	$(D_\mu H^{\dagger i} D_\nu H_i)(D^\nu H^{\dagger j} D^\mu H_j)$	F-basis
$\mathcal{O}_{H^4}^{(2)}$	$(D_\mu H^{\dagger i} D_\nu H_i)(D^\mu H^{\dagger j} D^\nu H_j)$	
$\mathcal{O}_{H^4}^{(3)}$	$(D^\mu H^{\dagger i} D_\mu H_i)(D^\nu H^{\dagger j} D_\nu H_j)$	
$\mathcal{O}_{H^2 H^{\dagger 2} D^2,1}^{(p)}$	$\frac{1}{4} \mathcal{Y} \left[ \begin{smallmatrix} p & r \\ \hline s & t \end{smallmatrix} \right] H_{pi} H_{rj} (D_\mu D_\nu H_s^{\dagger i})(D^\mu D^\nu H_t^{\dagger j})$	
$\mathcal{O}_{H^2 H^{\dagger 2} D^2,2}^{(p)}$	$\frac{1}{4} \mathcal{Y} \left[ \begin{smallmatrix} p & r \\ \hline s & t \end{smallmatrix} \right] H_{pi} H_s^{\dagger i} (D_\mu D_\nu H_{rj})(D^\mu D^\nu H_t^{\dagger j})$	
$\mathcal{O}_{H^2 H^{\dagger 2} D^2,3}^{(p)}$	$\frac{1}{4} \mathcal{Y} \left[ \begin{smallmatrix} p & r \\ \hline s & t \end{smallmatrix} \right] H_{pi} (D_\mu H_{rj})(D_\nu H_s^{\dagger i})(D^\mu D^\nu H_t^{\dagger j})$	
$\mathcal{O}_{H^2 H^{\dagger 2} D^2,4}^{(p)}$	$\frac{1}{4} \mathcal{Y} \left[ \begin{smallmatrix} p & r \\ \hline s & t \end{smallmatrix} \right] H_{pi} H_{rj} (D_\mu D_\nu H_s^{\dagger i})(D^\mu D^\nu H_t^{\dagger j})$	
$\mathcal{O}_{H^2 H^{\dagger 2} D^2,5}^{(p)}$	$\frac{1}{4} \mathcal{Y} \left[ \begin{smallmatrix} p & r \\ \hline s & t \end{smallmatrix} \right] H_{pi} H_s^{\dagger i} (D_\mu D_\nu H_{rj})(D^\mu D^\nu H_t^{\dagger j})$	
$\mathcal{O}_{H^2 H^{\dagger 2} D^2,6}^{(p)}$	$\frac{1}{4} \mathcal{Y} \left[ \begin{smallmatrix} p & r \\ \hline s & t \end{smallmatrix} \right] H_{pi} (D_\mu H_{rj})(D_\nu H_s^{\dagger i})(D^\mu D^\nu H_t^{\dagger j})$	

$$C^{(p)} = C^{(m)} (\mathcal{K}^{(pm)})^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



# Off-shell Amplitude Reduction

$$\begin{aligned}
 |1_{\hat{d}_1}\rangle[1_{\hat{d}_1}] &\xrightarrow{\hat{d}_1 \rightarrow \hat{d}_1 - 1} - \sum_{i=2}^N |i_{\hat{d}_i+1}\rangle[i_{\hat{d}_i+1}] && \text{IBP} \\
 [1_{x_1} 2_{\hat{d}_2}] \langle 2_{\hat{d}_2} i_{x_i} \rangle &\xrightarrow{\hat{d}_2 \rightarrow \hat{d}_2 - 1} \boxed{-[1_{x_1} 1_{\hat{d}_1+1}] \langle 1_{\hat{d}_1+1} i_{x_i} \rangle} - \sum_{k=3}^N [1_{x_1} k_{\hat{d}_k+1}] \langle k_{\hat{d}_k+1} i_{x_i} \rangle, \\
 \langle 1_{x_1} 2_{\hat{d}_2} \rangle [2_{\hat{d}_2} i_{x_i}] &\xrightarrow{\hat{d}_2 \rightarrow \hat{d}_2 - 1} \boxed{-\langle 1_{x_1} 1_{\hat{d}_1+1} \rangle [1_{\hat{d}_1+1} i_{x_i}]} - \sum_{k=3}^N \langle 1_{x_1} k_{\hat{d}_k+1} \rangle [k_{\hat{d}_k+1} i_{x_i}]. \\
 [1_{x_1} 3_{\hat{d}_3}] \langle 3_{\hat{d}_3} 2_{x_2} \rangle &\xrightarrow{\hat{d}_3 \rightarrow \hat{d}_3 - 1} \boxed{-[1_{x_1} 1_{\hat{d}_1+1}] \langle 1_{\hat{d}_1+1} 2_{x_2} \rangle} - [1_{x_1} 2_{\hat{d}_2+1}] \langle 2_{\hat{d}_2+1} 2_{x_2} \rangle \\
 &\quad - \sum_{k=4}^N [1_{x_1} k_{\hat{d}_k+1}] \langle k_{\hat{d}_k+1} 2_{x_2} \rangle, \\
 \langle 1_{x_1} 3_{\hat{d}_3} \rangle [3_{\hat{d}_3} 2_{x_2}] &\xrightarrow{\hat{d}_3 \rightarrow \hat{d}_3 - 1} \boxed{-\langle 1_{x_1} 1_{\hat{d}_1+1} \rangle [1_{\hat{d}_1+1} 2_{x_2}]} - \langle 1_{x_1} 2_{\hat{d}_2+1} \rangle [2_{\hat{d}_2+1} 2_{x_2}] \\
 &\quad - \sum_{k=4}^N \langle 1_{x_1} k_{\hat{d}_k+1} \rangle [k_{\hat{d}_k+1} 2_{x_2}]. \\
 [3_{\hat{d}_3} 2_{\hat{d}_2}] \langle 3_{\hat{d}_3} 2_{\hat{d}_2} \rangle &\xrightarrow[\hat{d}_3 \rightarrow \hat{d}_3 - 1]{\hat{d}_2 \rightarrow \hat{d}_2 - 1} \boxed{\frac{1}{2} [1_{\hat{d}_1+1} 1_{\hat{d}_1+2}] \langle 1_{\hat{d}_1+1} 1_{\hat{d}_1+2} \rangle} - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=2}^N [i_{\hat{d}_i+1} i_{\hat{d}_i+2}] \langle i_{\hat{d}_i+1} i_{\hat{d}_i+2} \rangle \\
 &\quad - \sum_{j=4, j>i}^N \sum_{i=2}^N [j_{\hat{d}_j+1} i_{\hat{d}_i+1}] \langle j_{\hat{d}_j+1} i_{\hat{d}_i+1} \rangle.
 \end{aligned}$$

## Schouten identity

$$\begin{aligned}
 \langle i_{x_i} l_{x_l} \rangle \langle j_{x_j} k_{x_k} \rangle &\Rightarrow -\langle i_{x_i} j_{x_j} \rangle \langle k_{x_k} l_{x_l} \rangle + \langle i_{x_i} k_{x_k} \rangle \langle j_{x_j} l_{x_l} \rangle, \quad i < j < k < l. \\
 \langle i_{x_i} k_{x_k} \rangle \langle j_{x_j} l_{x_l} \rangle &\Rightarrow \langle i_{x_i} j_{x_j} \rangle \langle k_{x_k} l_{x_l} \rangle + \langle i_{x_i} l_{x_l} \rangle \langle j_{x_j} k_{x_k} \rangle, \\
 &\quad -(i \neq j \neq k \neq l) \wedge (i_{x_i} < j_{x_j} < k_{x_k} < l_{x_l}).
 \end{aligned}$$

Use IBP and Schouten identity to reduce off-shell amplitudes, collect EOM and CDC in the reduction.

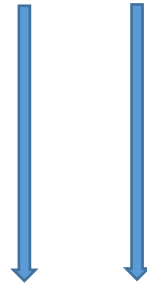
[X.-X. Li, Z. Ren, J.-H. Yu, 2023]

# Field Redefinition and EOM

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi \partial^\mu \phi - \frac{1}{2} m^2 \phi^2 - \frac{1}{4!} \lambda \phi^4 + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} \phi^3 \partial^2 \phi + \frac{c_6}{\Lambda^2} \phi^6$$

field redefinition

$$\phi \rightarrow \phi + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} \phi^3$$



EOM

$$\partial^2 \phi = -m^2 \phi - \frac{1}{3!} \lambda \phi^3 + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^2}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} &= \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi \partial^\mu \phi - \frac{1}{2} m^2 \phi^2 - \frac{1}{4!} \lambda \phi^4 + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} \phi^3 \partial^2 \phi + \frac{c_6}{\Lambda^2} \phi^6 \\ &+ \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} \phi^3 \left( -\partial^2 \phi - m^2 \phi - \frac{1}{3!} \lambda \phi^3 \right) + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^4}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi \partial^\mu \phi - \frac{1}{2} m^2 \phi^2 - \left[ \frac{1}{4!} \lambda + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} m^2 \right] \phi^4 + \left[ \frac{c_6}{\Lambda^2} - \frac{c_1 \lambda}{\Lambda^2 3!} \right] \phi^6 + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^4}\right) \end{aligned}$$

Up to dim 6

# Field Redefinition and EOM

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi \partial^\mu \phi - \frac{1}{2} m^2 \phi^2 - \frac{1}{4!} \lambda \phi^4 + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} \phi^3 \partial^2 \phi + \frac{c_6}{\Lambda^2} \phi^6$$

field redefinition

$$\phi \rightarrow \phi + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} \phi^3$$

EOM

$$\partial^2 \phi = -m^2 \phi - \frac{1}{3!} \lambda \phi^3 + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} (6\phi^2 \partial^2 \phi + 6\phi(\partial\phi)^2) + \frac{c_6}{\Lambda^2} 6\phi^5$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} = & \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi \partial^\mu \phi - \frac{1}{2} m^2 \phi^2 - \frac{1}{4!} \lambda \phi^4 + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} \phi^3 \partial^2 \phi + \frac{c_6}{\Lambda^2} \phi^6 \\ & + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} \phi^3 \left( -\partial^2 \phi - m^2 \phi - \frac{\lambda}{3!} \phi^3 \right) \\ & + \frac{c_1^2}{\Lambda^4} \phi^3 (6\phi^2 \partial^2 \phi + 6\phi(\partial\phi)^2) + \frac{c_1 c_6}{\Lambda^4} 6\phi^8 \\ & + \frac{c_1^2}{\Lambda^4} \frac{1}{2} \phi^3 \left( -3\phi^2 \partial^2 \phi - 6\phi(\partial\phi)^2 - m^2 \phi^3 - \frac{\lambda}{2} \phi^5 \right) + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^6}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} = & \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi \partial^\mu \phi - \frac{1}{2} m^2 \phi^2 - \frac{1}{4!} \lambda \phi^4 + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} \phi^3 \partial^2 \phi + \frac{c_6}{\Lambda^2} \phi^6 \\ & + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} \phi^3 \left( -\partial^2 \phi - m^2 \phi - \frac{1}{3!} \lambda \phi^3 \right) \\ & + \frac{c_1^2}{\Lambda^4} \phi^3 (6\phi^2 \partial^2 \phi + 6\phi(\partial\phi)^2) + \frac{c_1 c_6}{\Lambda^4} 6\phi^8 \end{aligned}$$

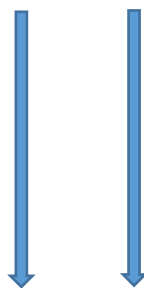
Up to dim 8

# Field Redefinition and EOM

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi \partial^\mu \phi - \frac{1}{2} m^2 \phi^2 - \frac{1}{4!} \lambda \phi^4 + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} \phi^3 \partial^2 \phi + \frac{c_6}{\Lambda^2} \phi^6$$

field redefinition

$$\phi \rightarrow \phi + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} \phi^3$$



modified EOM

$$\begin{aligned} \partial^2 \phi = & -m^2 \phi - \frac{1}{3!} \lambda \phi^3 + \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}^{(6)}}{\partial \phi} \\ & + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} (6\phi^2 \partial^2 \phi + 6\phi (\partial \phi)^2) + \frac{c_6}{\Lambda^2} 6\phi^5 \\ & + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} \frac{1}{2} \left( -3\phi^2 \partial^2 \phi - 6\phi (\partial \phi)^2 - m^2 \phi^3 - \frac{\lambda}{2} \phi^5 \right) + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^4}\right) \end{aligned}$$

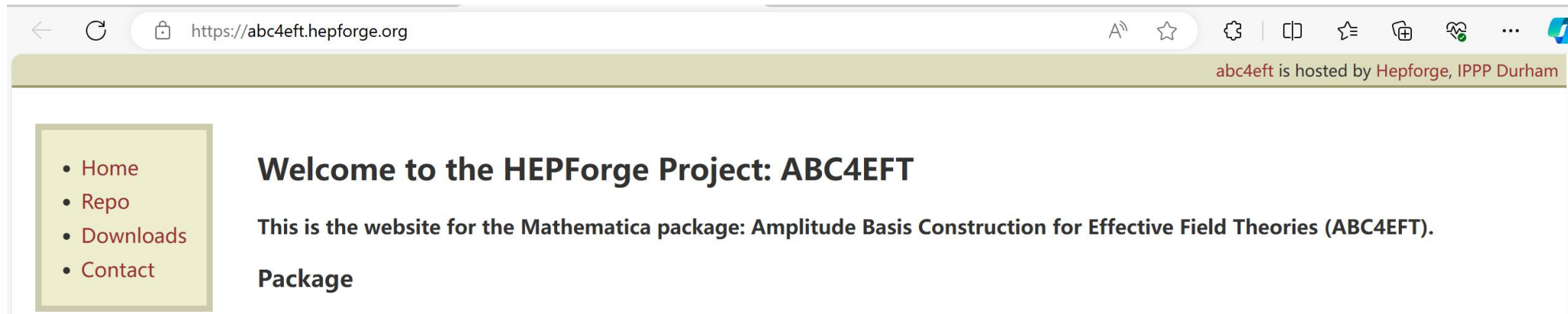
$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} = & \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi \partial^\mu \phi - \frac{1}{2} m^2 \phi^2 - \frac{1}{4!} \lambda \phi^4 + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} \phi^3 \partial^2 \phi + \frac{c_6}{\Lambda^2} \phi^6 \\ & + \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} \phi^3 \left( -\partial^2 \phi - m^2 \phi - \frac{\lambda}{3!} \phi^3 \right) \\ & + \frac{c_1^2}{\Lambda^4} \phi^3 (6\phi^2 \partial^2 \phi + 6\phi (\partial \phi)^2) + \frac{c_1 c_6}{\Lambda^4} 6\phi^8 \\ & + \frac{c_1^2}{\Lambda^4} \frac{1}{2} \phi^3 \left( -3\phi^2 \partial^2 \phi - 6\phi (\partial \phi)^2 - m^2 \phi^3 - \frac{\lambda}{2} \phi^5 \right) + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^6}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{L}^{(4)}}{\partial \phi^2} \Delta \phi \quad \Delta \phi = \frac{c_1}{\Lambda^2} \phi^3$$

Up to dim 8

# Conclusion

**01.** A systematic method to construct on-shell operator basis in general Lorentz-invariant EFTs at any mass dimension.



**02.** A systematic method to construct off-shell Green's basis in general Lorentz-invariant EFTs at any mass dimension.

**03.** A systematic method to reduce any operator to a certain on-shell operator basis.