



Positivity and Real-world EFTs

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Real world EFTs can be highly non-trivial

Need all possible constraints in our disposal to reduce the complexity

SMEFT:
$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_{n,i} \frac{1}{\Lambda^{n-4}} \mathcal{O}_{n,i}$$

<i>Order</i>	dim 4	dim 5	dim 6	dim 7	dim 8
<i># of interactions</i>	Standard Model	2	84	30	993

Positivity bounds: surprising constraints on IR EFT from fundamental principles

How does it work for the SMEFT?

SMEFT:
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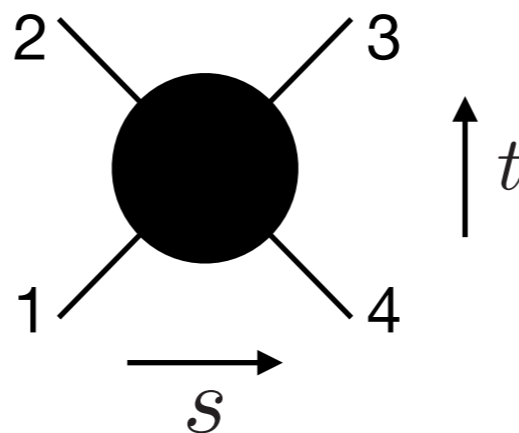
Review of Positivity Bounds

– surprising constraints on EFT from UV principles

- Simplest example: 2-to-2 scattering of a identical scalar

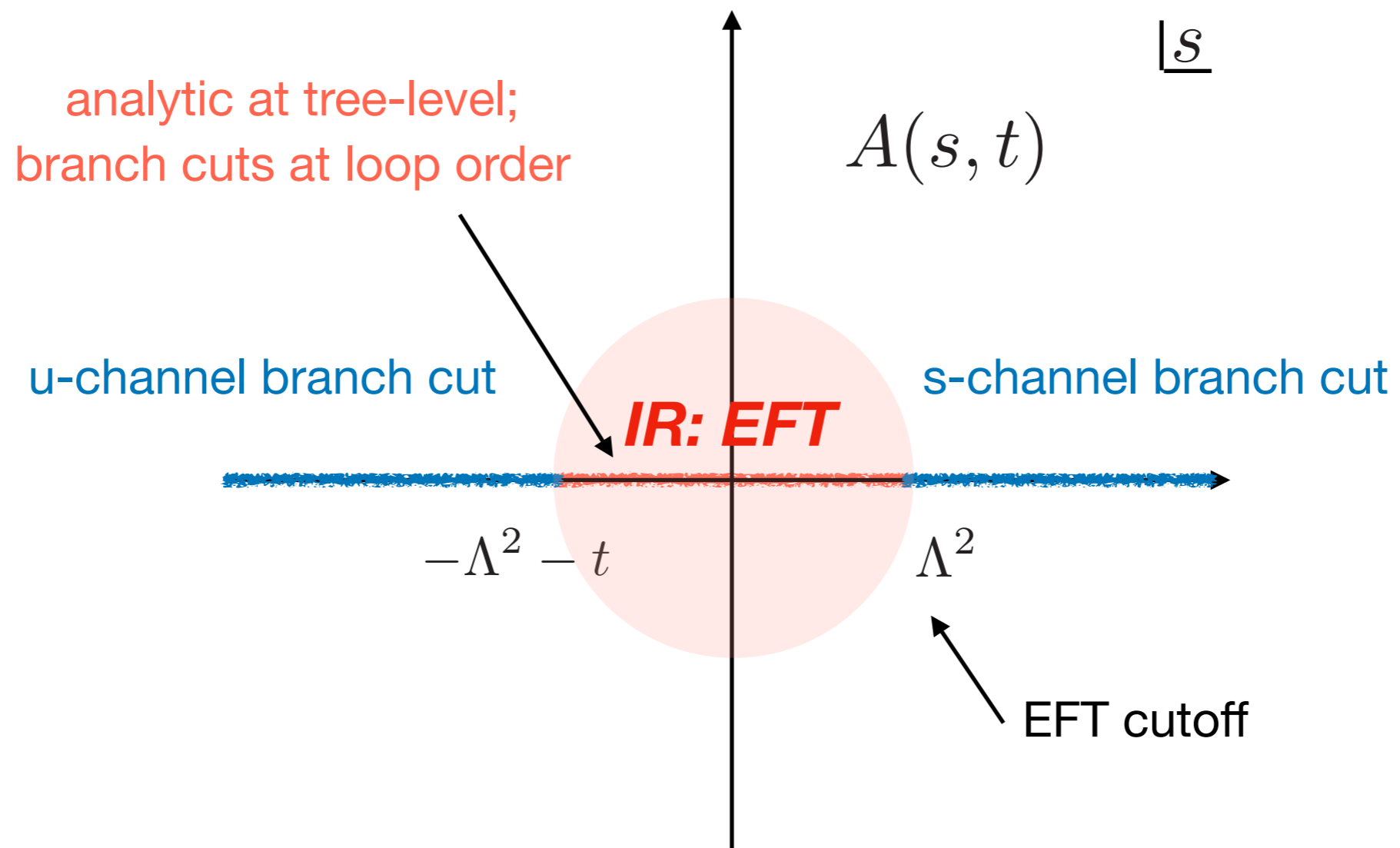
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}} = \frac{1}{2}(\partial\phi)^2 + \frac{1}{2\Lambda^4}c_8(\partial\phi)^4 + \dots$$

$$A_{\text{EFT}}(s, t) = \frac{c_8}{\Lambda^4}(s^2 + t^2 + u^2) + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^6}\right)$$



Naively, c_8 can be arbitrary

Analyticity



Crossing, Unitarity, Boundedness

Boundedness

$$\left| \frac{A(s, t)}{s^2} \right| \xrightarrow{s \rightarrow \infty} 0$$

Crossing

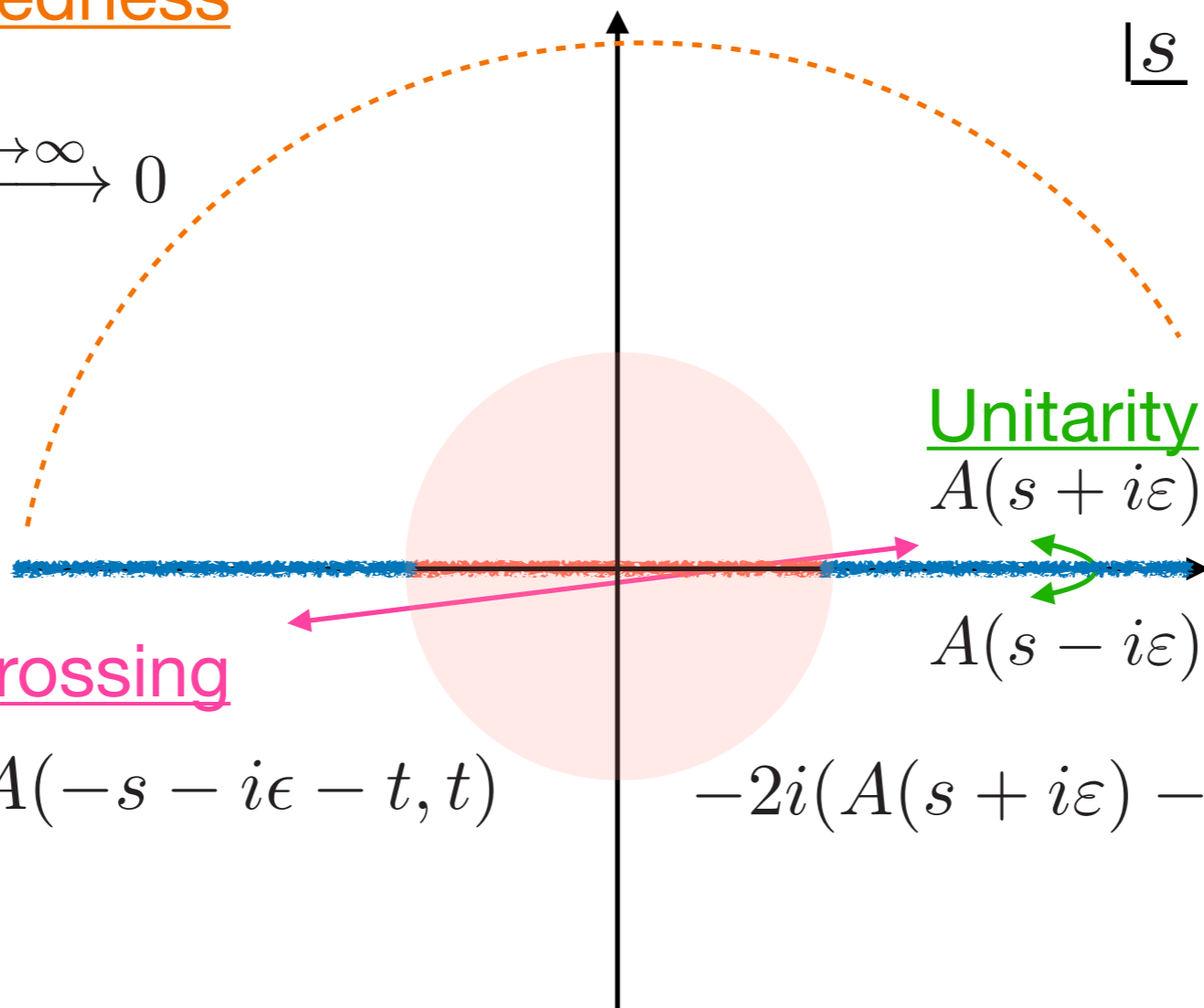
Unitarity

$$A(s + i\varepsilon)$$

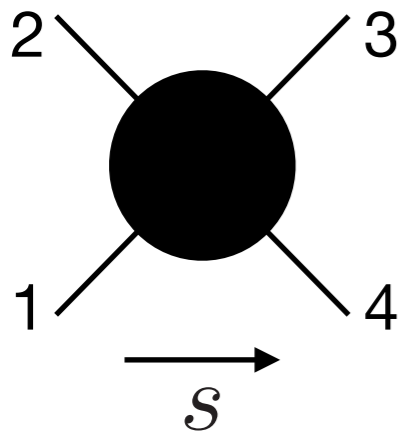
$$A(s - i\varepsilon)$$

$$A(s + i\varepsilon, t) = A(-s - i\varepsilon - t, t)$$

$$-2i(A(s + i\varepsilon) - A(s - i\varepsilon)) = AA^\dagger$$



Positivity from Forward Scattering

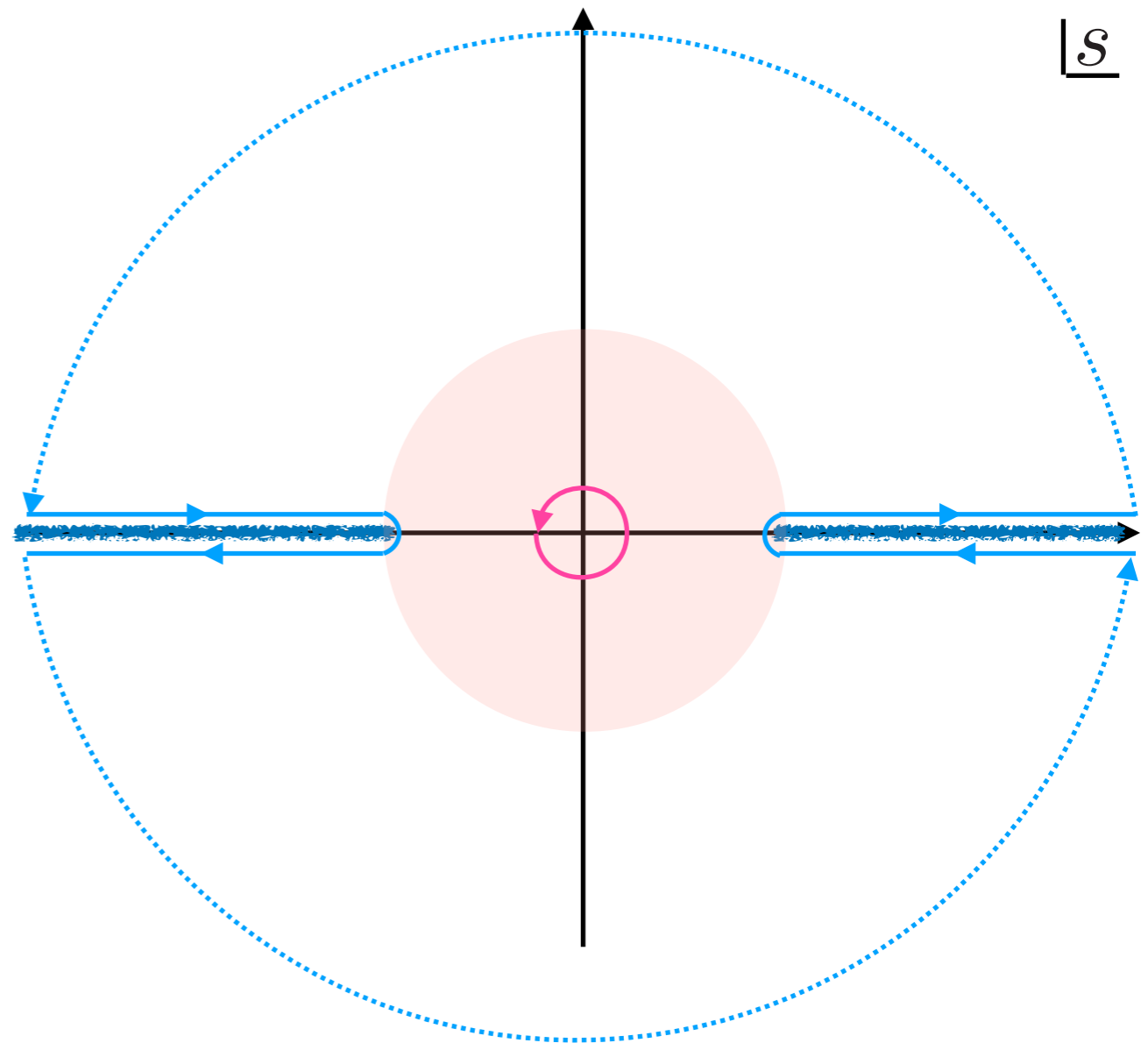


$$\uparrow t \quad A(s) = A(s, t)|_{t \rightarrow 0}$$

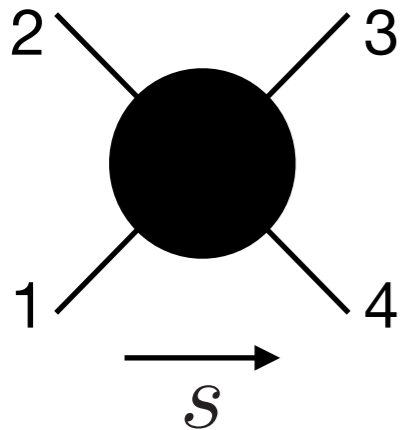
IR contour

leading EFT=tree

$$\frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{\text{IR}} \frac{ds}{s^3} A(s) = \frac{c_8}{\Lambda^4} + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^6}\right)$$



Positivity from Forward Scattering



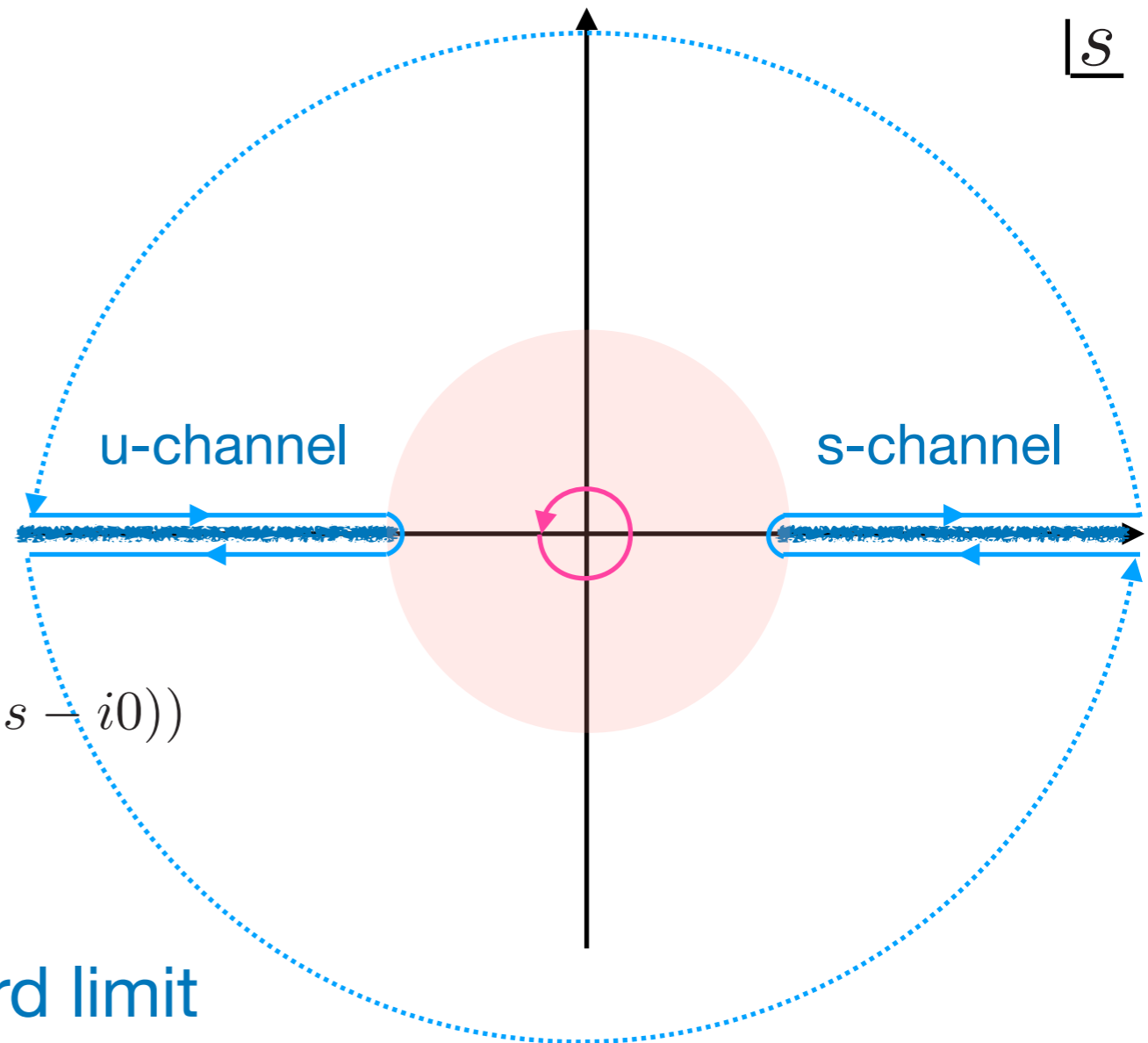
$$A(s) = A(s, t)|_{t \rightarrow 0}$$

UV contour

s- and u-channel
add up

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{\text{UV}} \frac{ds}{s^3} A(s) &= 2 \int_{\Lambda^2}^{\infty} \frac{ds}{2\pi i s^3} (A(s + i0) - A(s - i0)) \\ &= \int_{\Lambda^2}^{\infty} \frac{ds}{\pi s^3} \langle i || A^\dagger A | i \rangle > 0 \end{aligned}$$

unitarity in the forward limit



no contribution from infinity

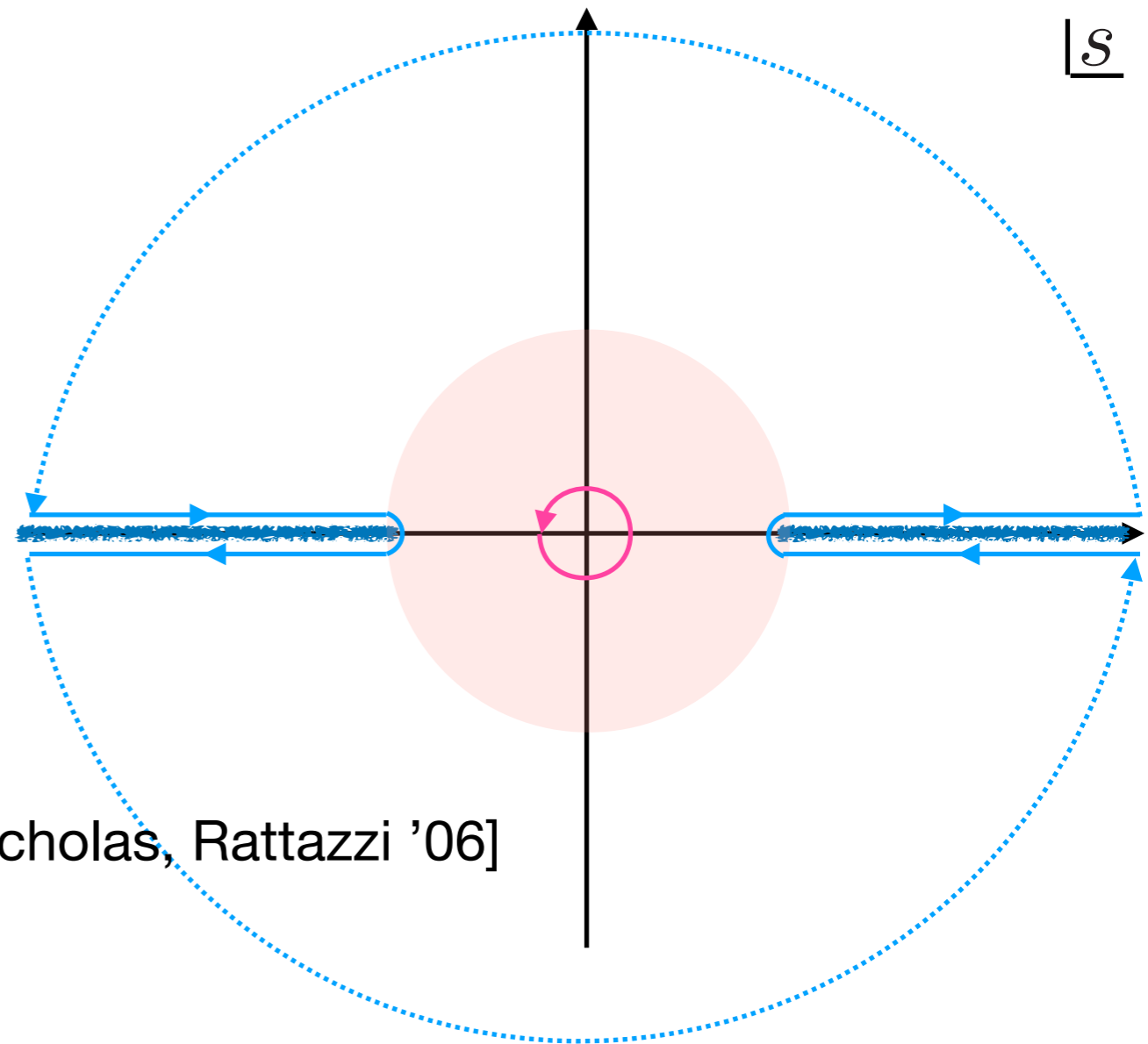
Positivity from Forward Scattering

IR contour = UV contour

$$c_8 \geq 0$$

[Pham, Truong, '85]

[Adams, Arkani-Hamed, Dubovsky, Nicholas, Rattazzi '06]

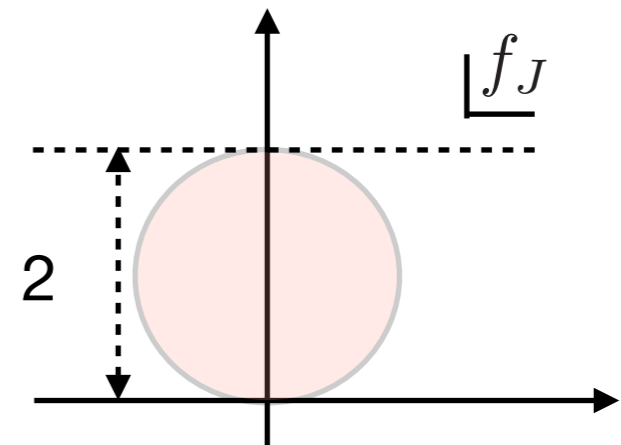


Modern Extensions

Partial wave expansion

$$A(s, t) = \sum_J n_J f_J(s) P_J(\cos \theta)$$

Unitarity: $|S_J(s)|^2 = |1 + i f_J(s)|^2 \leq 1$



Cauchy Theorem

IR EFT coefficients = $\sum_J \int_{\Lambda^2}^{\infty} ds \tilde{n}(s) |f_J(s)|^2 \underline{F(s, J^2)} \equiv \langle F(s, J^2) \rangle$

positive measure UV kernel

Example:

$$A_{\text{EFT}}(s, t) = \frac{c_8}{\Lambda^4} (s^2 + t^2 + u^2) + \frac{c_{10}}{\Lambda^6} (stu) + \frac{c_{12}}{\Lambda^8} (s^2 + t^2 + u^2)^2 + \dots \quad \mathcal{J}^2 = J(J+1)$$

$$\frac{c_8}{\Lambda^4} = \left\langle \frac{1}{x^4} \right\rangle \geq 0 \quad \frac{c_{10}}{\Lambda^6} = \left\langle \frac{3 - 2\mathcal{J}^2}{x^6} \right\rangle \quad \frac{c_{12}}{\Lambda^8} = \left\langle \frac{1}{2x^8} \right\rangle \geq 0$$

Modern Extensions

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- Cauchy-Schwartz inequality: *EFT-Hedron* [Arkani-Hamed, Huang, Huang '20]
[Bellazzini et al. '20]

$$\langle ab \rangle^2 \leq \langle a^2 \rangle \langle b^2 \rangle \longrightarrow \left\langle \frac{1}{2x^8} \right\rangle^2 \leq \left\langle \frac{1}{x^4} \right\rangle \left\langle \frac{1}{4x^{12}} \right\rangle \longrightarrow c_{12}^2 \leq c_8 c_{16}$$

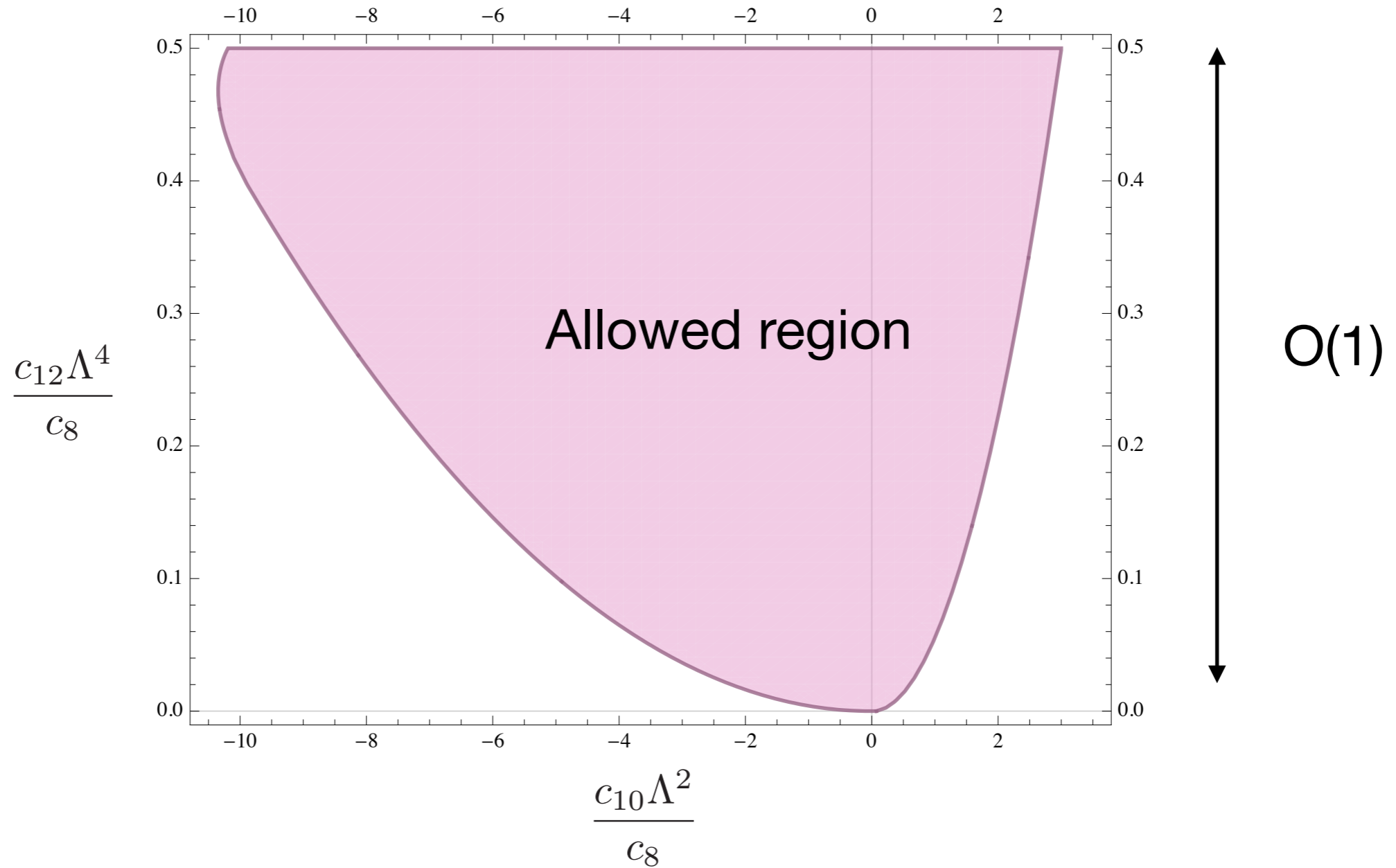
- Crossing: *Null constraints* [Caron-Huot, Duong '20]

$$A_{\text{EFT}} = \dots + \frac{4c_{12}}{\Lambda^8} (s^4 + s^3 t + \dots) + \dots \longrightarrow \left\langle \frac{\mathcal{J}^2(\mathcal{J}^2 - 8)}{x^8} \right\rangle = 0$$

measure the same coefficient in two channels

Modern Extensions

[Caron-Huot, Duong '20]

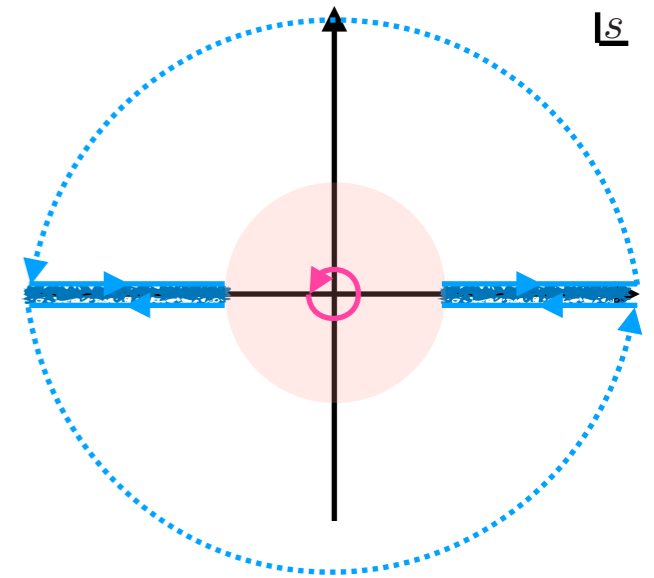


Quantitative Proof of Naive Dimension Analysis

Do they apply to the SMEFT?

From Toy model to SMEFT

- No analogous bounds for dim-6 operators
 - contribution from infinity
 - s- and u-channel cancellation
- Tree-level bounds for dim-8 SMEFT by the same arguments
[Remmen, Rodd;....]
- **[Caveat]** IR side is not analytic: loops in the SMEFT at dim-8 level
- Violation of positivity known in gravity (divergent forward limit) and inflation (analyticity broken by the breaking of Lorentz boost)
[Caron-Huot, Mazac, Rastelli, Simmons-Duffin; Caron-Huot, Li, Parra-Martinez, Simmons-Duffin]
[Hui, Nicolis, Podo, Zhou; Creminelli, Delladio, Janssen, Longo, Senatore]



Need to scrutinize the arguments before applying on the SMEFT

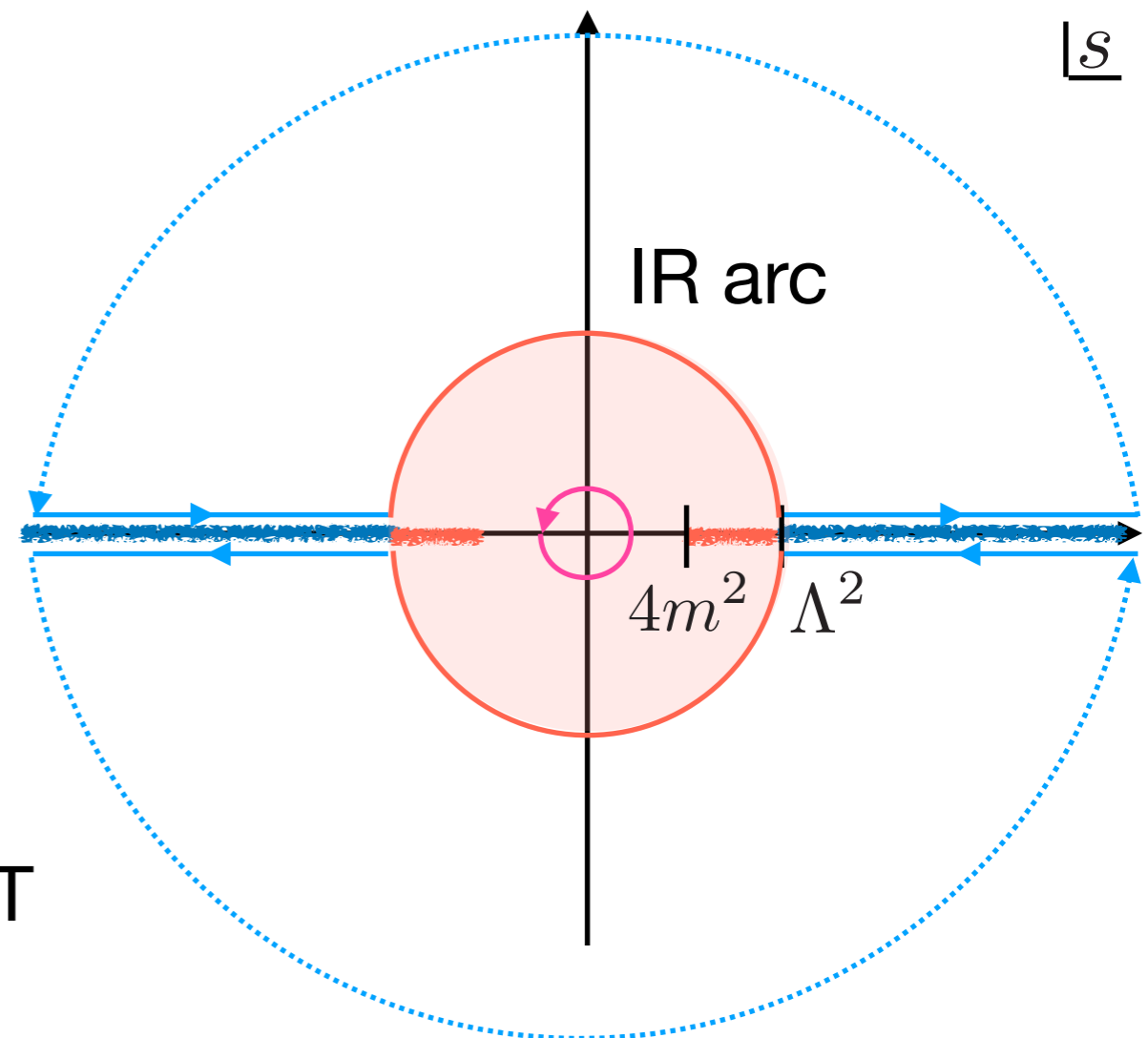
Mass deformation?

Run the same argument for $\mu^2 \leq 4m^2$
instead of $\mu^2 \leq \Lambda^2$

1. positivity for $c_8(\mu^2 = 4m^2)$
2. Still, massless photon/fermions are still around in the SMEFT

Need to analyze the IR contour in EFT
to find valid bounds

[Bellazinni, Riva, Riembau]

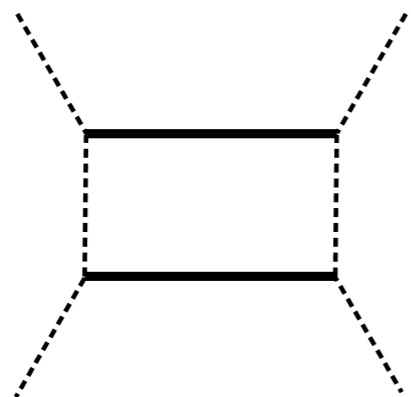


Analyze the EFT coefficients

Chala et al. examine the tree-level positivity below the cutoff

[Chala, Santiago '21]

$$c_i^{(8)}(\mu) = \underbrace{c_i^{(8)}(\Lambda)}_{>0?} + \underbrace{\beta_i^{(8)}}_{<0?} \ln\left(\frac{\mu}{\Lambda}\right)$$



>0?

<0?

$$\gamma_{ij} c_j^{(8)} + \gamma_{ijk} c_j^{(6)} c_k^{(6)}$$

no

no

yes

For certain operators from weakly-coupled UV models, Chala argues

$$\beta_i^{(8)} < 0 \quad \text{[Chala; Chala Li '23]}$$

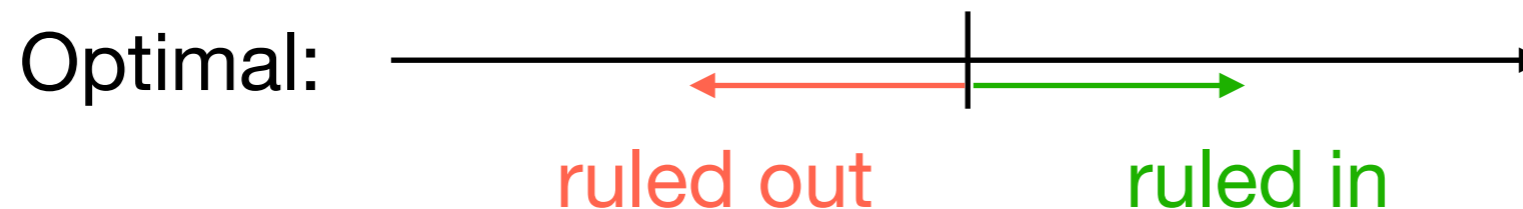
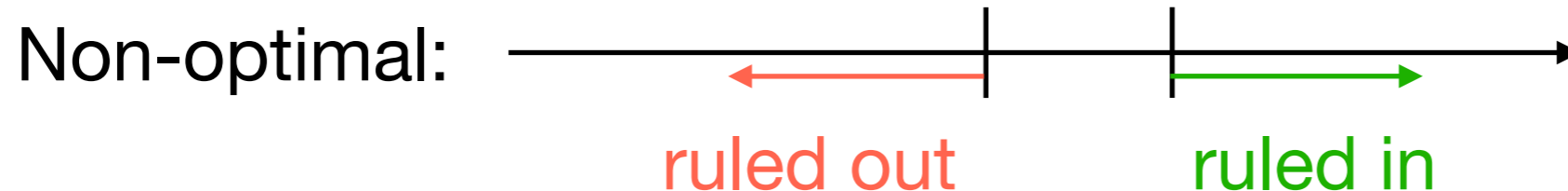
which leads to very interesting non-renormalization theorem.

[See talk by Chala in HEFT last year]

Rule In Parameters

[Guerrieri, Paulos, Penedones, Toledo, van Rees, Vieira,...]

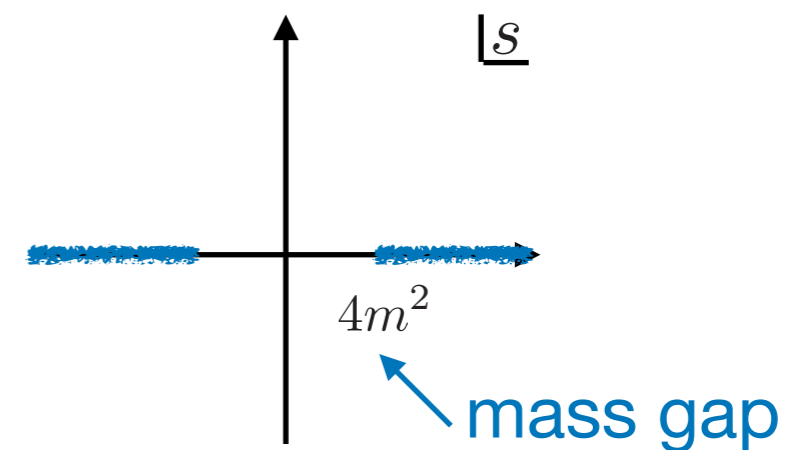
- S-matrix bootstrap: rule in parameter space by writing all ansatze consistent with unitarity, crossing, analyticity



- Ansatz:

$$A(s, t) = \sum_{a,b,c} \alpha_{abc} \rho(s)^a \rho(t)^b \rho(u)^c$$

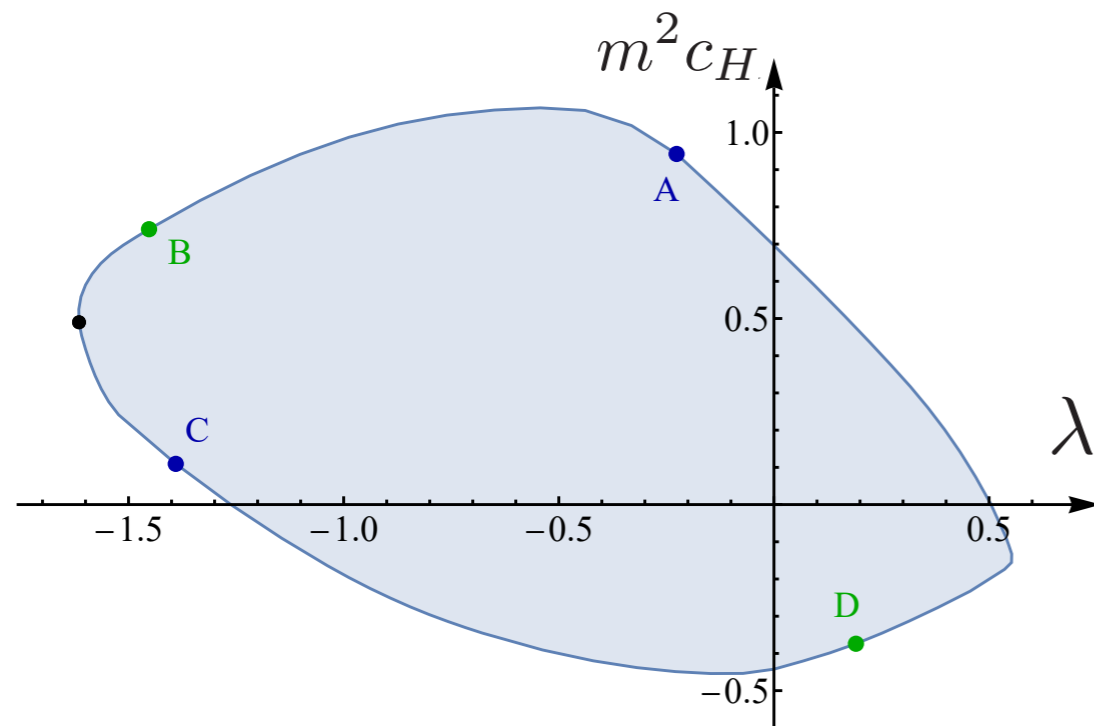
Manifest crossing and analyticity,
impose unitarity to constrain α_{abc}



The full ansatze for amplitudes contain dim-4, 6, etc.

Rule In Parameters—Higgs Application

- Proof of concept for Higgs: constraints on ***dim-6*** coefficient c_H



Generic theories

$$-0.31 < c_H \times \Lambda^2 < 0.35$$

Theories w/ weakly-coupled IR EFT

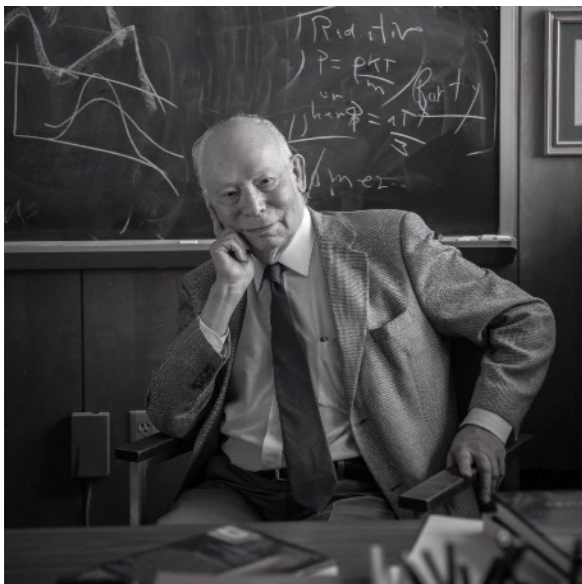
[Elias-Miro, Guerrieri, Gumus 2311.09283]

Conclusion

- Positivity bounds are surprising constraints for a wide range of UV theories
- However, applying to the SMEFT requires scrutinizing the assumptions
 - Branch cut in the IR from EFT loops
 - Counter examples have been found against tree-level bounds
- It would be great to have full understanding of the violation
 - Calculation of the IR contour in the SMEFT
 - What UV models give these violation from IR loops?
- Promising developments from S-matrix bootstrap

“My advice is to go for the messes. That is where the action is.”

—Steven Weinberg, Four Golden Lessons



Thank you.