

# Correlations between hard probes and bulk dynamics in small systems

Abhijit Majumder For the JETSCAPE collaboration

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#### Outline



- The new X-SCAPE multi-stage framework
- 3D-Glauber+MUSIC (bulk)
- I-MATTER + PYTHIA + MATTER (hard)
- A new working model for small systems in p-p and p-A
- Exact energy momentum conservation
- Calculations with and without Final State energy loss
- Correlations between hard probes and bulk dynamics



### X-SCAPE framework

- A new framework that allows the user to determine the order of operations
- Time can go backwards and forwards !
- Backward evolution allows for natural implementation of ISR.
- Can be run with an arbitrary number of modules.





### X-SCAPE module: 3D Glauber + MUSIC

- Nucleons have multiple hot spots within them.
- Strings connect pairs of hot spots
- String 4-momentum and baryon density seeds hydro simulation
- Hydro evolves producing particles
- Remnants go down beam line.





#### X-SCAPE module: I-MATTER

- Call Pythia (ISR-FSR-OFF) to generate MPI scatterings
- Start each parton at  $Q^2 = -p_T^2$  and evolve up to  $Q^2 = -1$  GeV<sup>2</sup>.
- A well-established method of generating ISR\*
- Run Matter backwards in time with i-MATTER.
- Parton energy increases with splits, keep track of position
- Final parton at most negative time is the parent.





Framework can handle Initial State-E-loss, current results only include Vacuum shower

\*T. Sjostrand Phys.Lett.B 157 (1985) 321.



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### Physical Model

- Hard initial state partons are included in a hot spot
- Hard partons scatter with ISR and FSR.
- Hard energy removed from nucleons, not available for hydro evolution
- Some strings get pulled out by hard processes, fragmented by string breaking
- Strings that don't get pulled out are liquified into a fluid, evolves and produces particles
- More jet energy → more fragmentation hadrons, less hydro (Cooper-Frye) hadrons





#### Hadrons with no final state energy loss

Set min  $\hat{p}_{T,min}$  in Pythia ~ 8 GeV, softer phenomena modelled by hydro. Hadron spectra in p-p and p-A.





### Jets with no final state energy loss

- Jets in p-p and p-A
- Simple background subtraction: only use fragmentation hadrons in jet clustering





### Identified hadrons and Bayesian calibration

- Fits improved by *minimal* Bayesian calibration (15 parameters)
- The low  $p_T$  hadron yields improved by soft particle production from hydro



Need a large-scale Bayesian analysis (Note each event has a 3 D hydro)!



### Does the hydro medium induce final state E-loss?

- Simulations with energy loss in MATTER turned-on
- No significant suppression in jets and leading hadrons





### Does the hydro medium induce final state E-loss?

- Explanation: the medium is too small and too short lived to induce significant modification of jets and hadrons.
- Many events with partons traveling away from QGP,
- Choose event with partons close to and going through QGP (below)
- partons have escaped by 1.5 fm/c



## p-p event activity as a function of jet $p_{\rm T}$



- Event activity modification in p-p with jet momentum
- We calculate the *E*<sub>T</sub> from both **Cooper-Frye** hadrons and **fragmentation** hadrons
- Forward Event Activity increases with  $p_T$ , reaches a peak and then decreases.
- Mid rapidity Event Activity increases monotonically with jet  $p_T$



# Similar hard soft correlation in p-A



- No shadowing used yet, will modify results slightly
- Similar rise and fall in event activity with jet  $p_T$ .





### Preliminary comparison with Experiment

- Low  $p_T$  rise and comparison with ALICE data.
- Note: model partially calibrated on hadronic spectra only.





### Preliminary comparison with Experiment

- High  $p_T$  turn over and decrease of event activity
- Work in progress.







### Summary and upcoming results

- New multi-stage hard-soft event generator for p-p and p-A.
- For any multiplicity!
- 3 D Glauber generates multiple hot spots in a nucleon
- MPI interactions in PYTHIA generates hard scatterings
- ISR done with i-MATTER, FSR done with MATTER
- Energy of incoming parent partons subtracted from hot spots
- Hadrons from depleted hydro and from string fragmentation
- Very good description of data on particle and jet spectra.
- Positive correlation between EA and low  $p_T$  jets (ALICE data).
- Negative energy correlation at *E* > 100 GeV (Future work, ATLAS data).



#### Thanks to all my collaborators @





#### Workflow in X-SCAPE



JETSCAPE



#### X-ion collisions with a Statistically and Computationally Advanced Program Envelop (X-SCAPE)

- Small systems in p-p, p-A etc.
  - Asymmetric systems such as d-A, A-A.
  - Require strong correlation between hard and soft sector
  - In both initial and final state.

• Extension to e-A, for EIC.

- Lower energy A-A, for Beam Energy Scan
  - Require concurrent hydro + cascade

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JETSCAPE / X-SCAPE Public	다 Notifications 양 Fork 2 다 Star 1
Code 🕤 Issues 4 🐴 Pull requests 🕟 Actions 🖽 Projects 🖽 Wiki 🛈 Security 🗠 Insights	
eleases / v1.1.3	
X-SCAPF11.3 (Latest)	Compare 👻
Latessa released this Jun 6 D v113 - co ae88dr2 Q	
X-SCAPE is the second project of the JETSCAPE collaboration, and represents a major upgrade of the JETS modular task based framework. Unlike JETSCAPE, it is not limited to A-A or p-p collisions from too RHIC to L	CAPE framework. X-SCAPE, similar to JETSCAPE, is a
Additional details about new X-SCAPE modules are provided here.	
Installation instructions are provided here.	
X-SCAPE 1.1.3 brings the features from the JETSCAPE 3.6.4 release to X-SCAPE.	
• fixes music wrapper bug. (#22)	
<ul> <li>fixes vir_factor in PythiaGun. (#23)</li> </ul>	
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adds extra dummy iteration when reading event headers. (#31)



### JETSCAPE: a p-p and A-A generator

- Framework controls order of modules and information flow
- Modules are user defined, replaceable, divisible
- Can be run in pure bulk, pure hard, or interactive modes





#### JETSCAPE results (only hard sector)

• Big picture or base model (141 different data sets) vs. Fine structure

