



**HP2024**  
N A G A S A K I



**山东大学**  
SHANDONG UNIVERSITY



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CENTRAL CHINA NORMAL UNIVERSITY

# **Energy-energy correlators of heavy and light flavor jets in heavy-ion collisions**

**Wen-Jing Xing (邢文静)**

**Shandong University**

**In collaboration with Shanshan Cao, Guang-You Qin and Xin-Nian Wang**

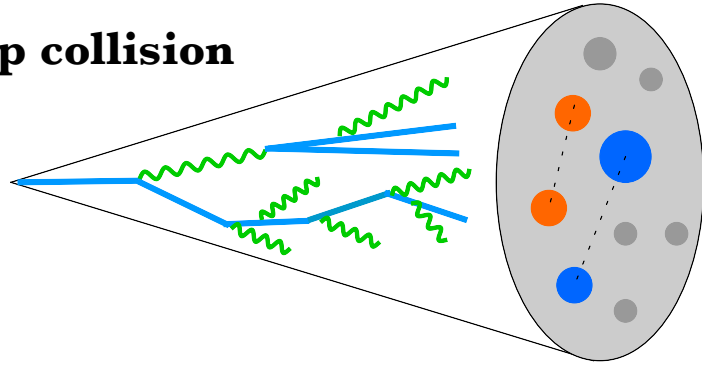
# Outline of my talk

**Wen-Jing Xing, Shanshan Cao, Guang-You Qin and Xin-Nian Wang**  
**arXiv:2409.12843**

- **Introduction to the jet EEC**
- **The EEC spectra of heavy and light flavor jet in pp and AA**
- **Interplay of jet-medium interaction on jet EEC**
- **Summary**

# Introduction to jet EEC

Jet in pp collision

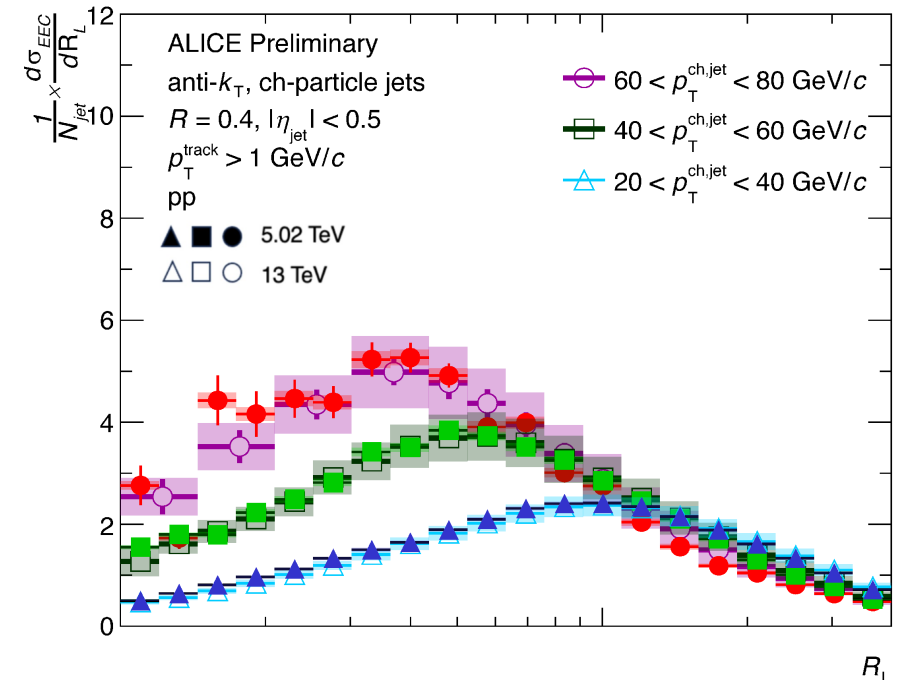
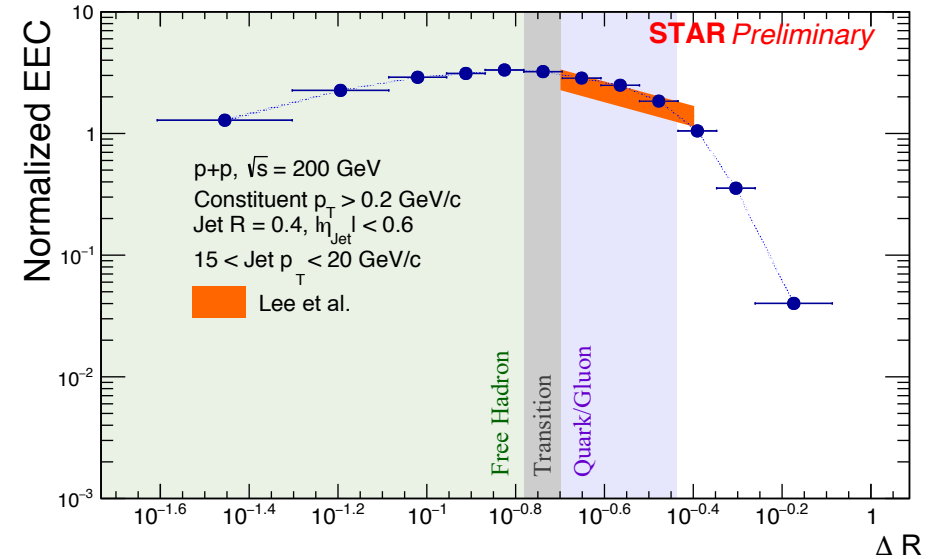


Jet EEC proposed in PRL 130 (2023) 5, 051901

$$\frac{d\sigma_{\text{EEC}}}{dR_L} = \int d\sigma(\Delta R_{ij}) \frac{p_{T,i} p_{T,j}}{p_{T,\text{jet}}^2} \delta(\Delta R_{ij} - R_L)$$

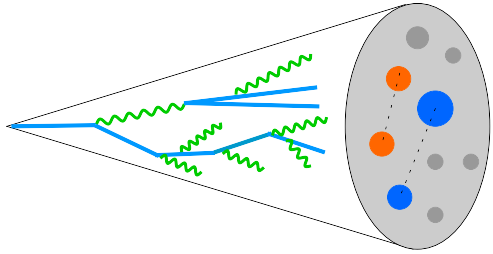
$$\Delta R_{ij} = \sqrt{\Delta\phi_{ij}^2 + \Delta\eta_{ij}^2}$$

- Jet EEC presents a clear transition between perturbative region and non-perturbative region.



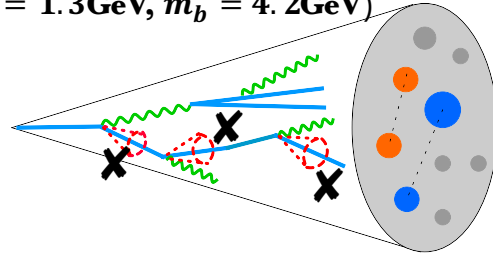
# Flavor (mass) dependence of jet EEC

Light-quark jet

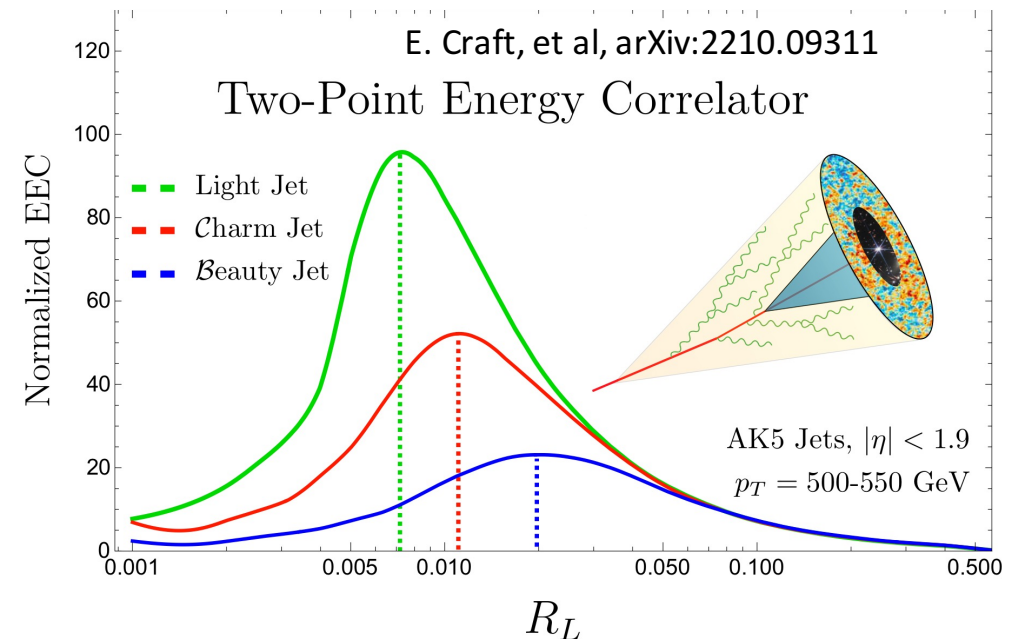
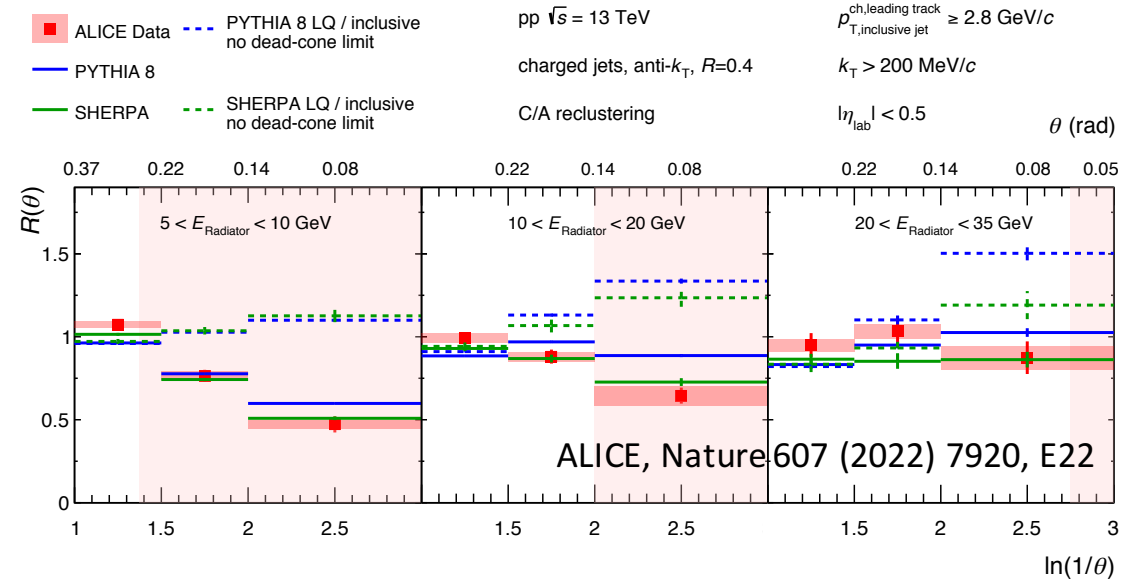


Heavy-quark jet

( $m_c = 1.3\text{ GeV}$ ,  $m_b = 4.2\text{ GeV}$ )

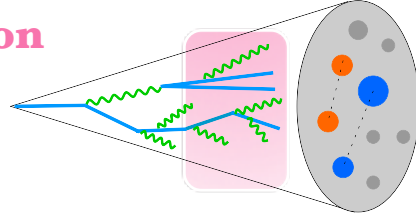


- **Dead-cone effect in QCD: gluon emissions from massive quark are suppressed within a cone of  $\theta_0 \sim m_Q/E$ .**
- **The EEC of heavy flavor jets serve as valuable tools to explore flavor (mass) dependence of parton splitting.**

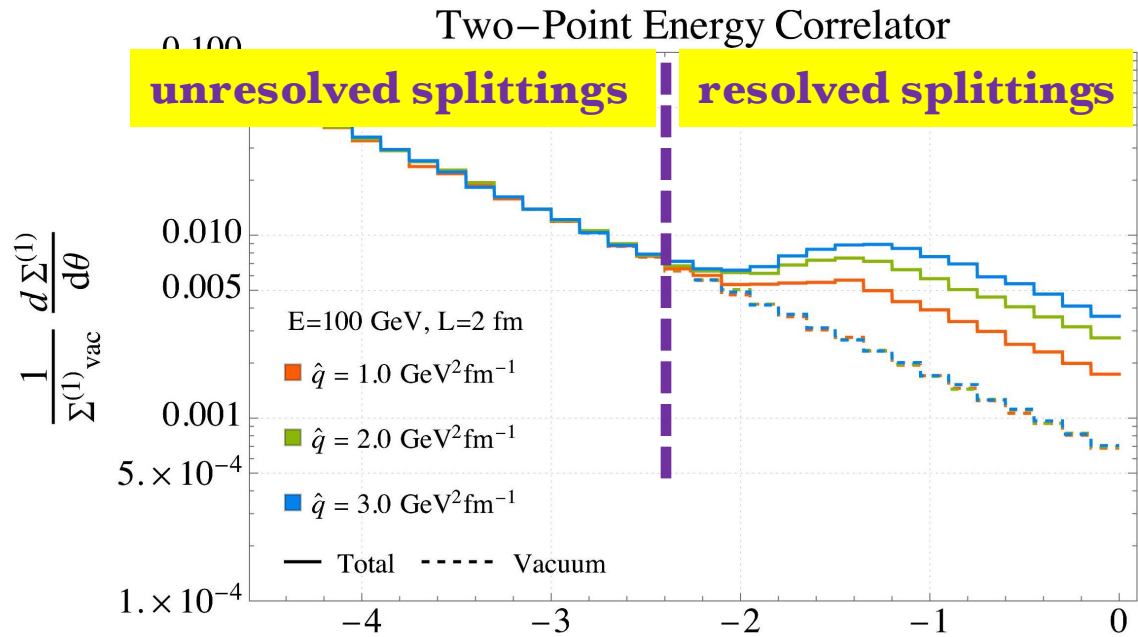


# EEC as probe of QGP properties

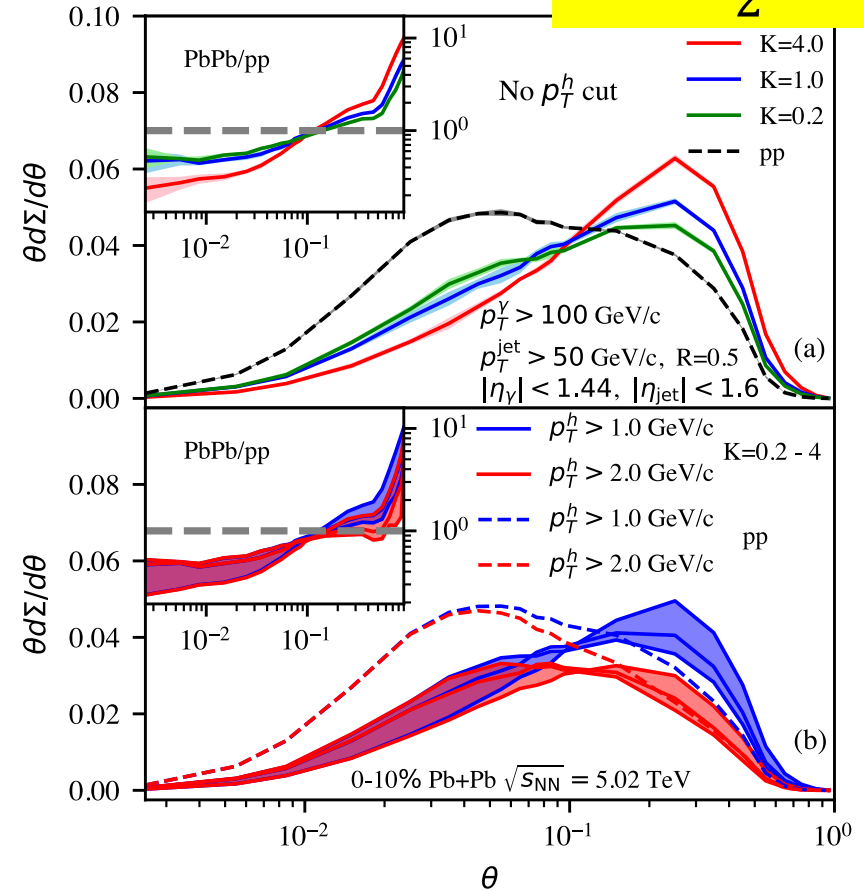
Jets in heavy-ion collision



$$\mu_D^2 = \frac{3}{2} K g^2 T^2$$



C. Andres, et al, PRL, 130 (2023) 26, 262301

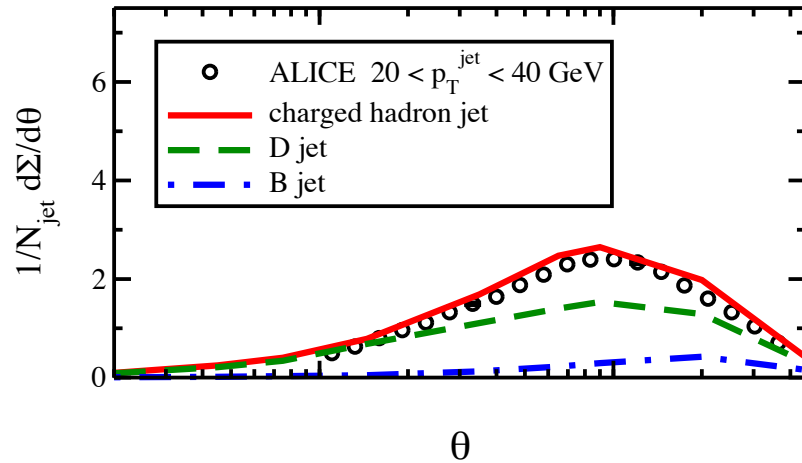


Z. Yang, et al, PRL, 132 (2024) 1, 1

- **Medium-modified jet EECs present remarkable opportunity to probe jet-medium interaction mechanism and QGP properties.**

# Flavor hierarchy of jet EEC in pp

Pythia 8

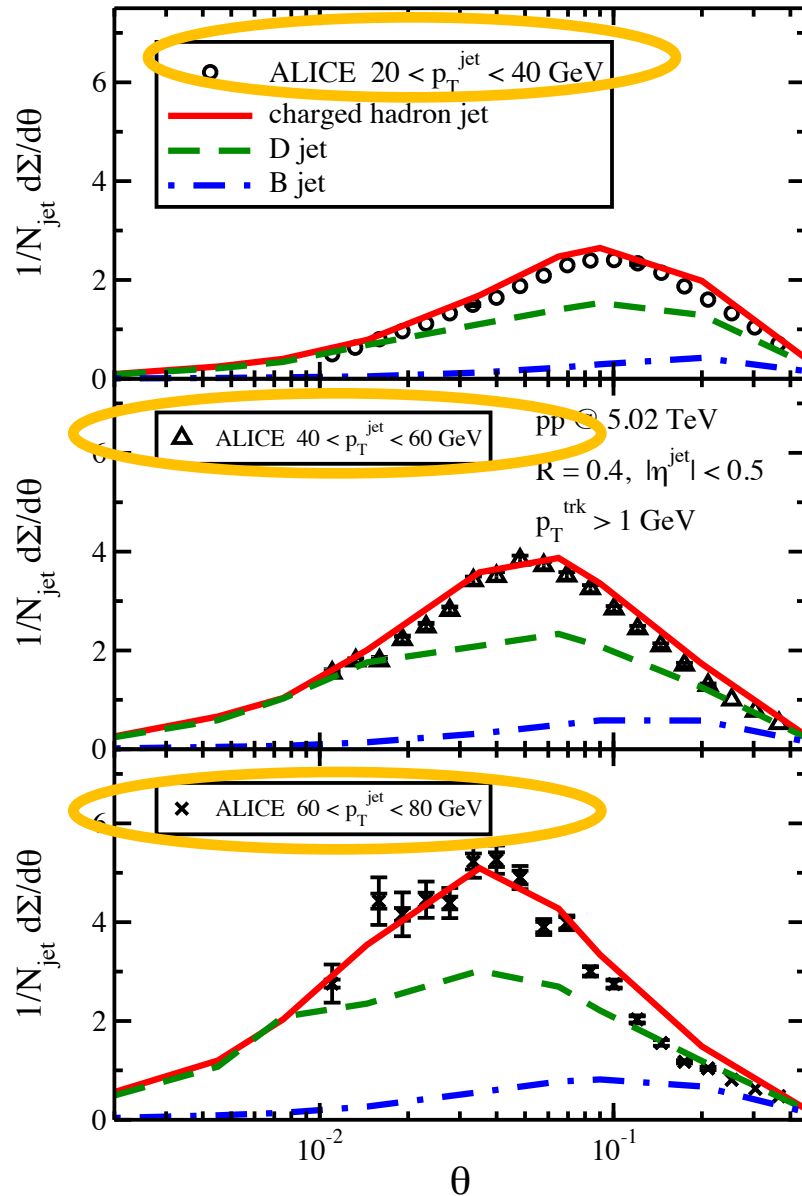


## Flavor (mass) dependence:

- $\Sigma(\text{charged jet}) > \Sigma(\text{D jet}) > \Sigma(\text{B jet})$
- $\theta^{\text{peak}}(\text{charged jet}) < \theta^{\text{peak}}(\text{D jet}) < \theta^{\text{peak}}(\text{B jet})$

# Flavor hierarchy of jet EEC in pp

Pythia 8



$\langle \theta \rangle$	Charged jet	D jet	B jet
$20 < p_T^{\text{jet}} < 40$ GeV	0.207	0.214	0.263
$40 < p_T^{\text{jet}} < 60$ GeV	0.167	0.18	0.233
$60 < p_T^{\text{jet}} < 80$ GeV	0.144	0.162	0.214

## Flavor (mass) dependence:

- $\Sigma(\text{charged jet}) > \Sigma(\text{D jet}) > \Sigma(\text{B jet})$
- $\theta^{\text{peak}}(\text{charged jet}) < \theta^{\text{peak}}(\text{D jet}) < \theta^{\text{peak}}(\text{B jet})$

## Jet energy dependence:

- Higher  $p_T$  jet peaks at smaller angle.

# LBT model: jet-medium interaction

- **Boltzmann equation:**

$$p_a \cdot \partial f_a = E_a [C^{\text{el}}(f_a) + C^{\text{inel}}(f_a)]$$

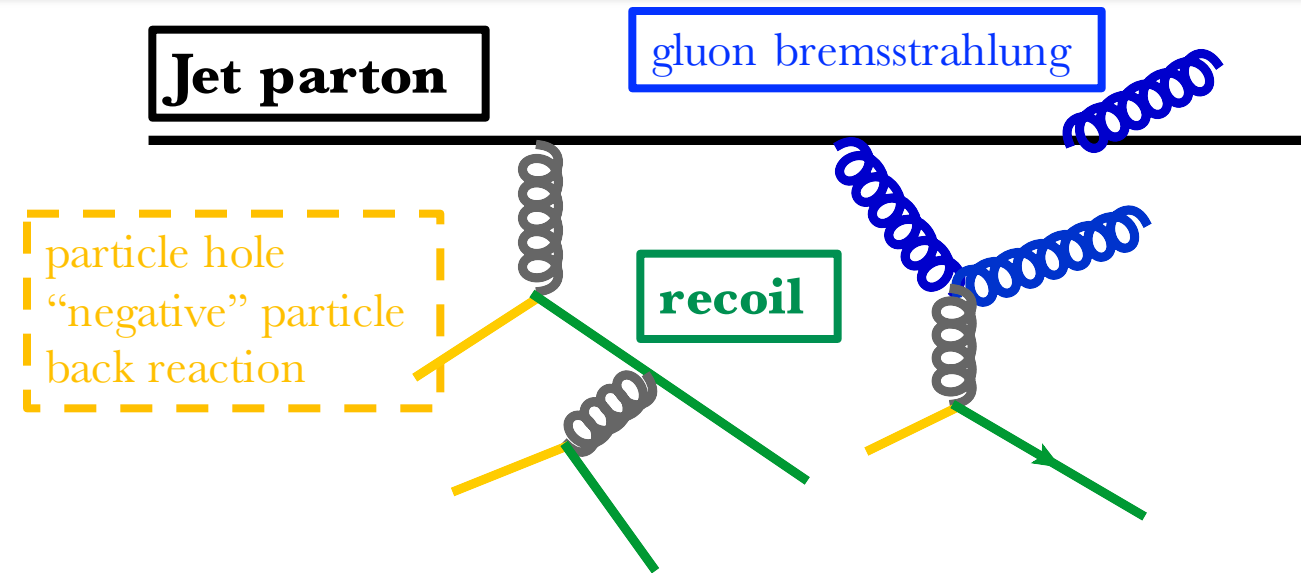
- **Elastic collisions:**

$$\Gamma_a^{\text{el}}(E_a, T) = \sum_{b,(cd)} \frac{\gamma_b}{2E_a} \int \prod_{i=b,c,d} \frac{d^3 p_i}{E_i (2\pi)^3} f_b(E_b, T) \\ \times [1 \pm f_c(E_c, T)][1 \pm f_d(E_d, T)] S_2(\hat{s}, \hat{t}, \hat{u}) \\ \times (2\pi)^4 \delta^{(4)}(p_a + p_b - p_c - p_d) |\mathcal{M}_{ab \rightarrow cd}|^2$$

- **Inelastic collisions:**

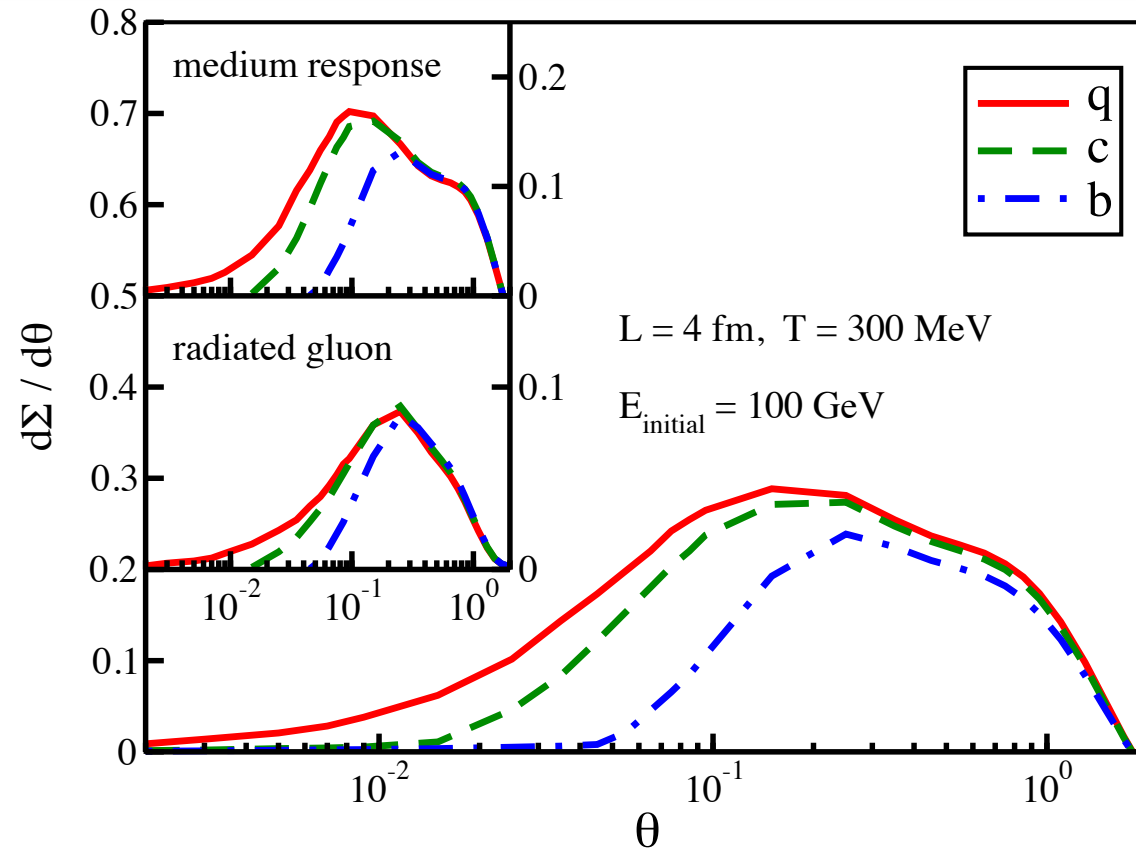
$$\Gamma_a^{\text{inel}}(E_a, T, t) = \int dz dk_{\perp}^2 \frac{1}{1 + \delta^{ag}} \frac{dN_g^a}{dz dk_{\perp}^2 dt}$$

- **Describe jet partons, radiated gluons, recoil partons and “negative” partons within the same transport framework.**





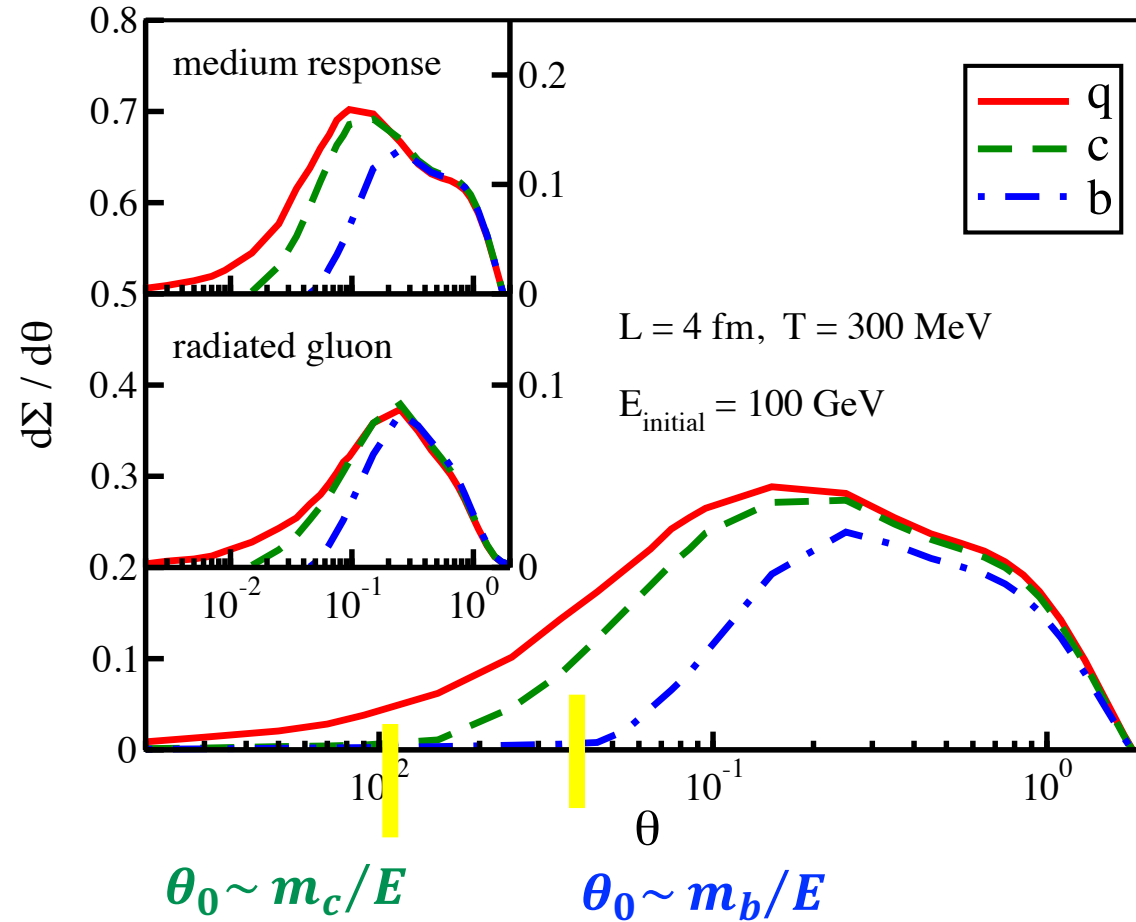
# Medium response and medium-induced radiation to jet EEC



## Flavor (mass) hierarchy in quark-jet EEC:

- $\Sigma(\text{light jet}) > \Sigma(\text{charm jet}) > \Sigma(\text{bottom jet})$ , this hierarchy maintains in the contribution from medium response and medium-induced radiation.

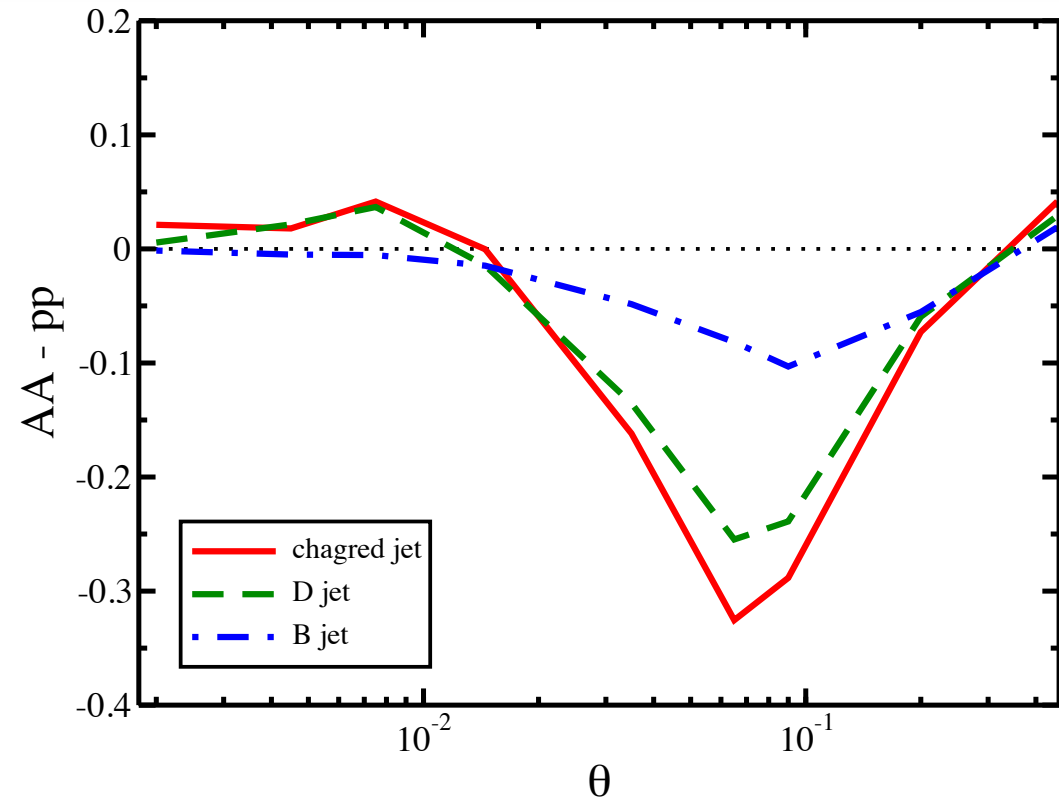
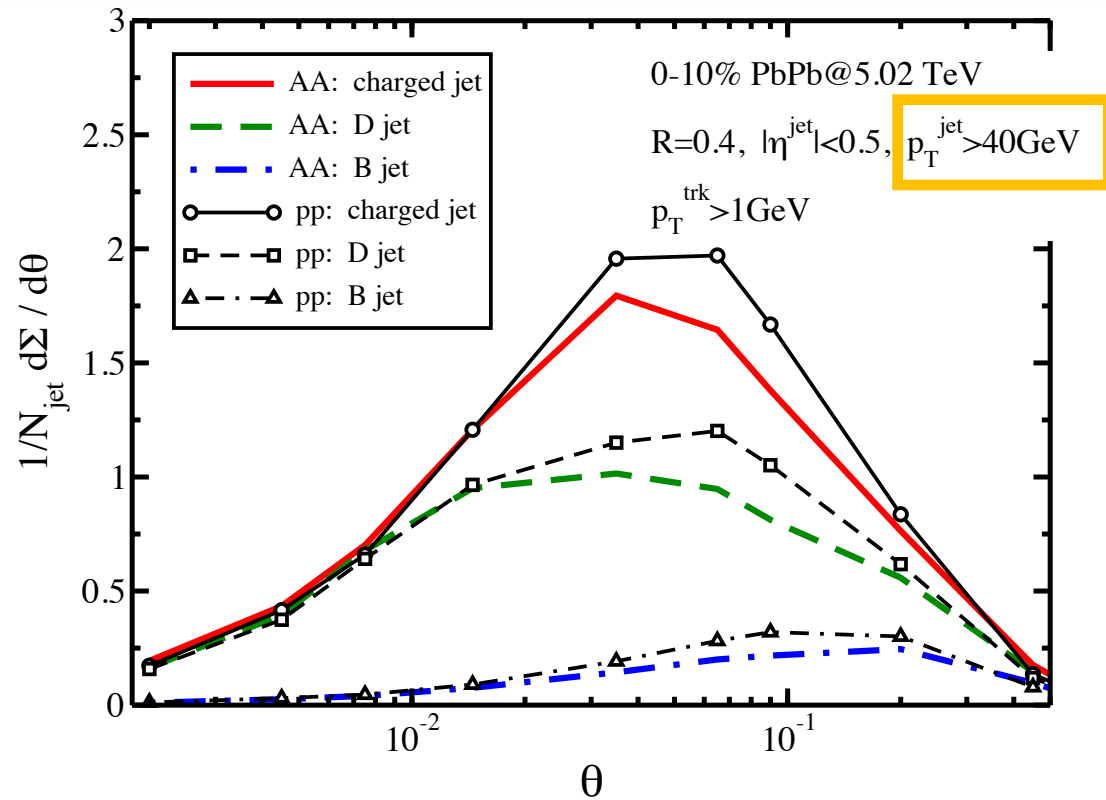
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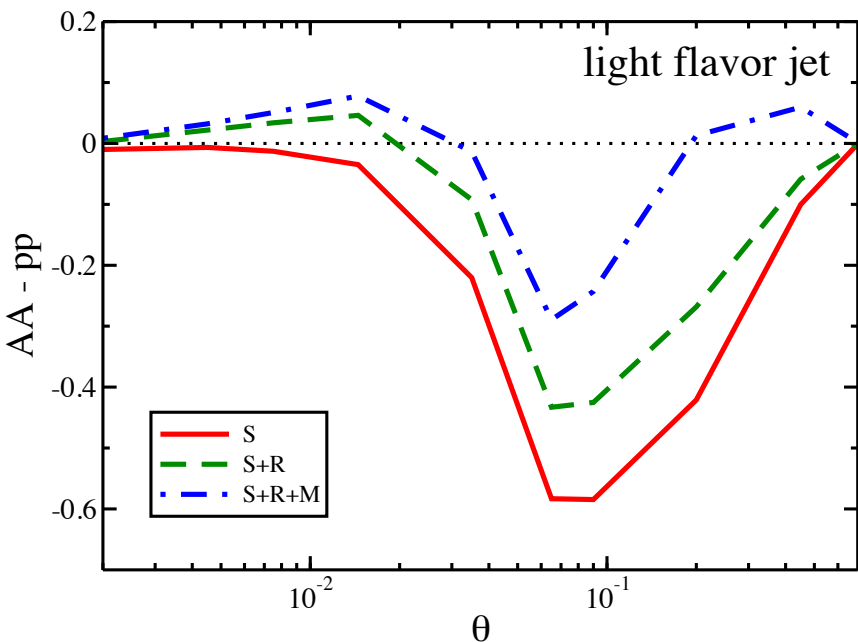
# Flavor hierarchy of jet EEC in central PbPb



## Flavor (mass) hierarchy in the nuclear modification of jet EEC:

- For charged jets, the EEC spectra gets a strong suppression at intermediate angle, and gets enhanced at small and large angles.
- For heavy-meson-tagged jets, both suppression and enhancement become weaker.

# Effect of jet-medium interaction on jet EEC



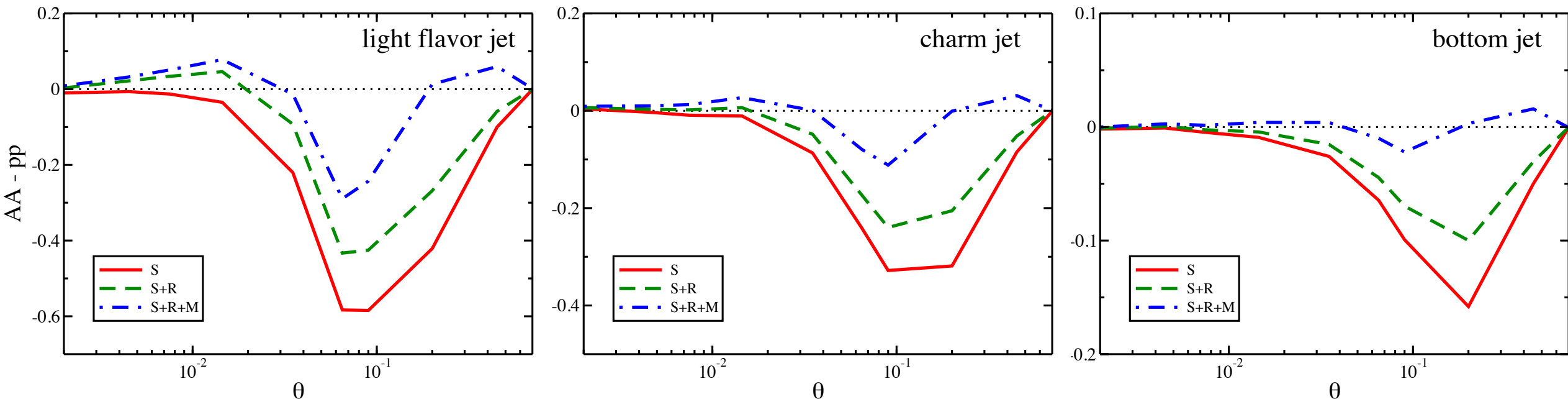
S: shower partons from Pythia

R: medium-induced radiated gluons

M: medium response

- **Jet energy loss is responsible for the suppression of jet EEC at intermediate angles.**
- **Medium response provides the most significant contribution to the enhancement of jet EEC at large angles.**

# Effect of jet-medium interaction on jet EEC



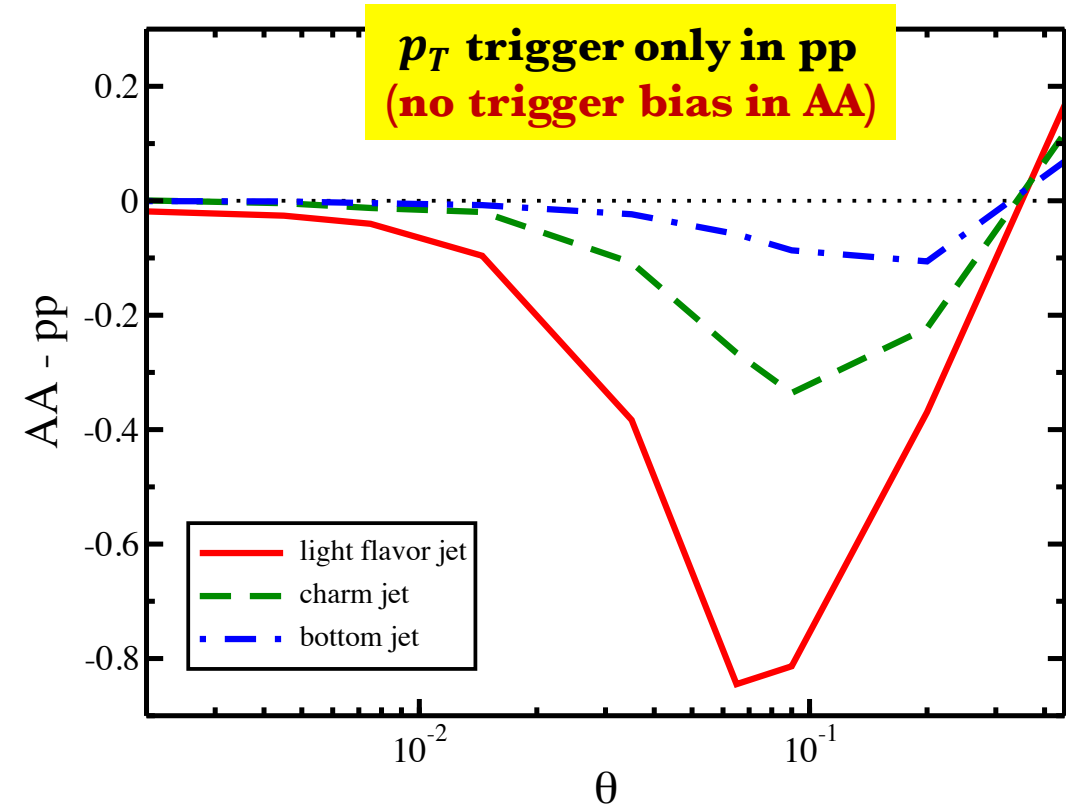
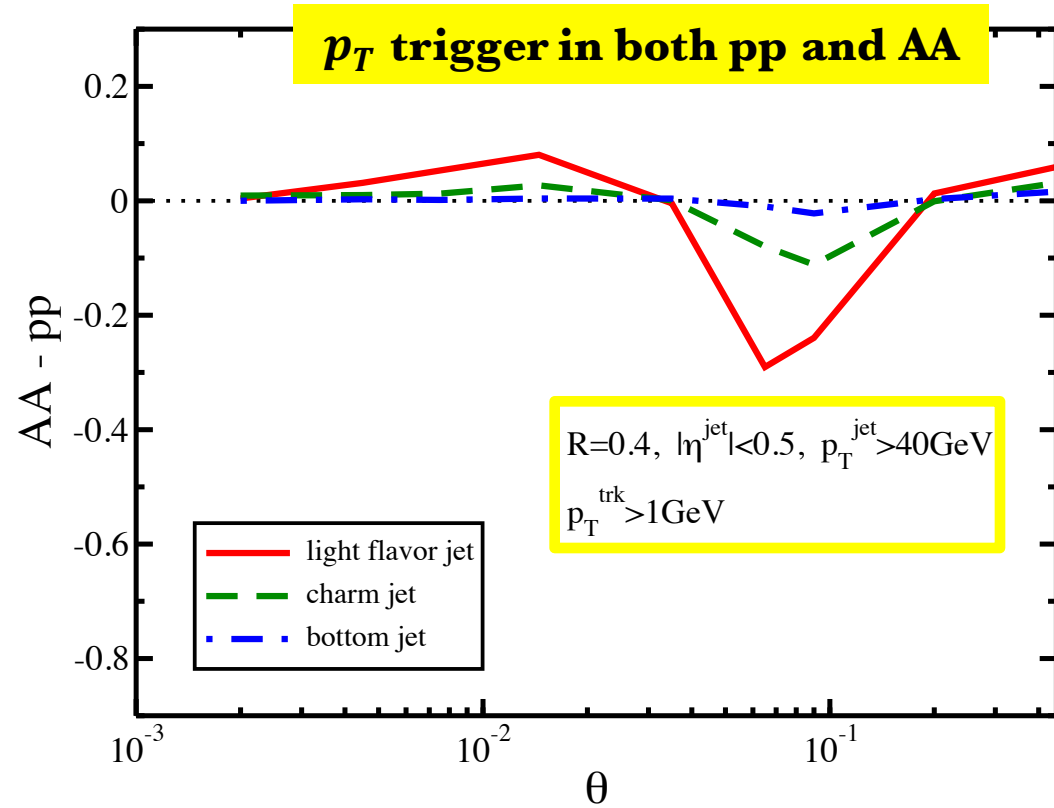
S: shower partons from Pythia

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- **Jet energy loss is responsible for the suppression of jet EEC at intermediate angles.**
- **Medium response provides the most significant contribution to the enhancement of jet EEC at large angles.**

# What about enhancement at small angle ?



**Jet trigger bias can explain the enhancement of inclusive jet EEC**

- ☆ **High energy jets tend to radiate more gluons, which facilitates the enhancement of EEC at small angle.**

# Summary

Xing, Cao, Qin and Wang, arXiv:2409.12843

- ❑ **We have performed a complete realistic simulation on the medium modification of heavy and light flavor jets in heavy-ion collisions.**
- ❑ **A clear flavor hierarchy is observed for jet EEC in both vacuum and QGP due to mass effect.**
- ❑ **The medium modification of inclusive jet EEC exhibits rich structure: suppression at intermediate angles, and enhancement at small and large angles, which can be explained by the interplay of mass effect, energy loss, medium-induced radiation and medium response.**

***Thank You !***



