

CALICO

Pattern recognition at CEPC AHCAL prototype using beam test data at CERN



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Introduction

An analog hadronic calorimeter (AHCAL) prototype developed for the CEPC

- > Absorber: stainless steel; sensitive material: plastic scintillator
- \succ Transverse: 72 × 72 cm²; granularity: 4 × 4 cm²; 40 sampling layers
- \geq 12960 channels; 5 tons; developed in 2018-2022

Successful beam test campaigns and decent statistics of beam test data samples collection

- Conducted at CERN (SPS-H2, SPS-H8, PS-T9) during 2022-2023
- > muons: 10/120 GeV; electrons/positrons: 0.5 5 GeV, 10 250 GeV; pions: 1 350 GeV





Beam purity issue: observed beam contamination

> Particle identification technique developed: to select high-purity data sample

PID technique based on Fractal Dimension

Particle Identification (PID) method:

- Fractal Dimension (FD):
- $FD = \left\langle \frac{log(R_{\alpha,1})}{log(\alpha)} \right\rangle + 1$, where $R_{\alpha,1} = \frac{N_1}{N_{\alpha}}$ and N_{α} is number of hits scaled by the factor α
- Self-similarity in patterns of showers in transverse plane lacksquare
- Utilize the high granularity characteristic of calorimeter and \bullet sensitive to the nature of particle and the type of interaction
- \blacktriangleright Average Hit Energy: $\langle E_{Hit} \rangle = E_{sum} / N_{Hits}$



PID studies with beam test data

Characteristics of different beam particles

> Imaging capability of high granularity calorimeter



- \succ Pion beam: purity improves with energy
 - When energy > 30 GeV, purity > 80%
- > Noise events become a dominating factor



PID performance:

> Efficiency and purity better than 97% and can achieve 99.7% Improve with larger energy and enter in plateau from 30 GeV



Conclusions

- > An AHCAL prototype developed and successful beam test at CERN
- > Develop a new PID technique based on fractal dimension, efficiency

and purity are better than 97%

Comprehensive beam purity analysis, SPS-H2 beam purity > 80% for electron and pion beams > 30 GeV

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