

Current status of the RICOCHET experiment



PHAST
PHYSIQUE
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UNIVERSITÉ DE LYON

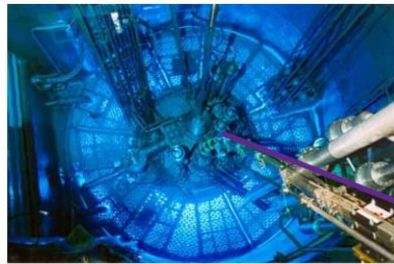


Nicolas MARTINI on behalf of the Ricochet Collaboration

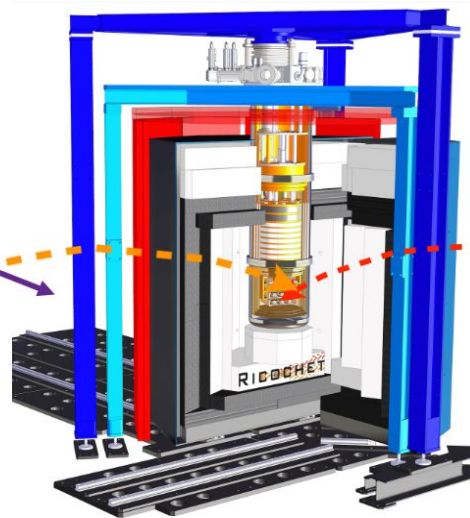


RICOCHET: a reactor neutrino observatory

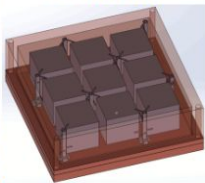
RICOCHET is a **France, USA, Canada and Russia** wide collaboration accounting for about 60 people, aiming at building a **low-energy neutrino observatory (<10 MeV)** to **measure with high precision the CEvNS process**



Neutrino



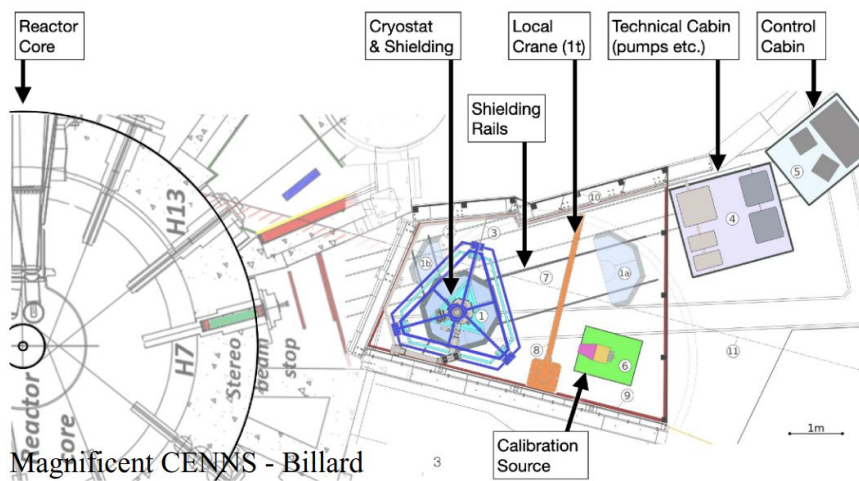
Q-ARRAY



See W. Van De Pontseele's talk

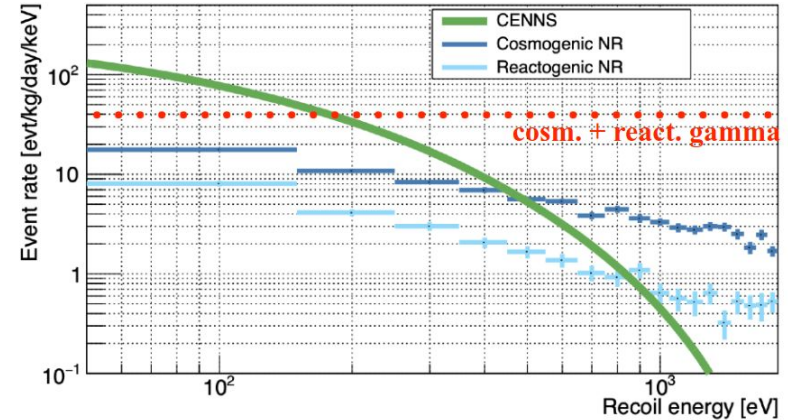


ILL-H7 reactor site



- **58 MW** nominal thermal power
- **~11 evts/day/kg** (goal : 50 eV_{nr} threshold)
- **~15 m.w.e** of overburden
- 3 to 4 cycles per year : **ON/OFF modulation** to subtract uncorrelated backgrounds

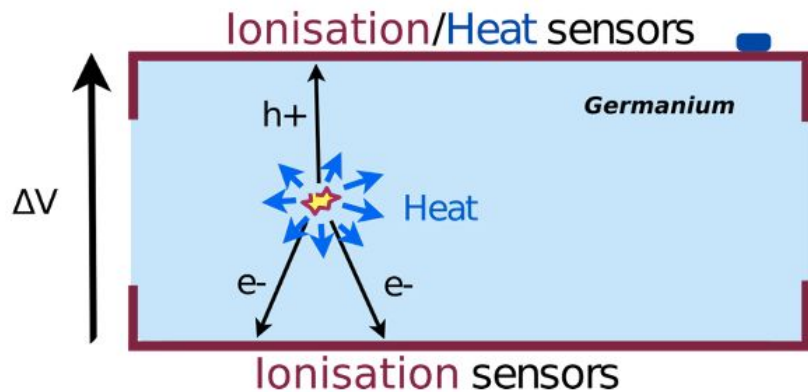
Fast and thermal neutron flux characterized :
RICOCHET Coll. EPJC **83** (2023), 20



Recoil type rate	Cosmogenic	Reactogenic	Total
R_{ER} (evts/d/kg)	9.5 ± 0.5	23.0 ± 1.6	32.5 ± 1.7
R_{NR} (evts/d/kg)	8.4 ± 0.4	1.0 ± 0.2	9.4 ± 0.5

Reactogenic neutrons negligible (~10%)
Targeted neutron background levels achievable to reach **S/B=1**

CryoCube detectors



Particle ID based on **Ionization/Heat** ratio

$$Q = E_{\text{ion}}/E_{\text{recoil}}$$

- Electronic recoils : $Q = 1$
- Nuclear recoils : $Q \sim 0.3$ (Lindhard)



PL38

Planar :
Fiducial volume
= 98.6%

No surface
events rejection



FID38

FID :
Fiducial volume
= 62%

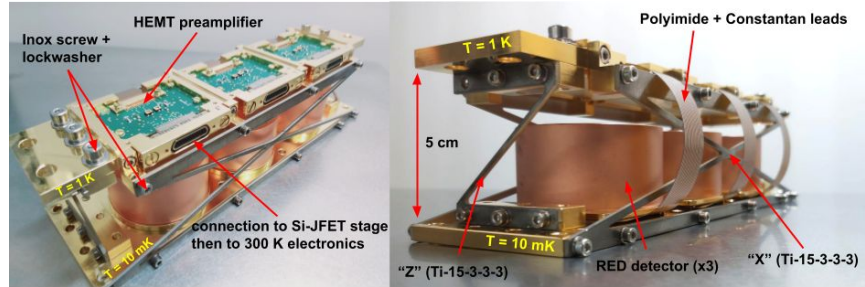
Surface events
rejection

Final detector design will be based on
on-site data-driven CEvNS sensitivity

CryoCube specifications

MiniCryoCube:

3 Ge bolometers with their cold electronics (1 K)



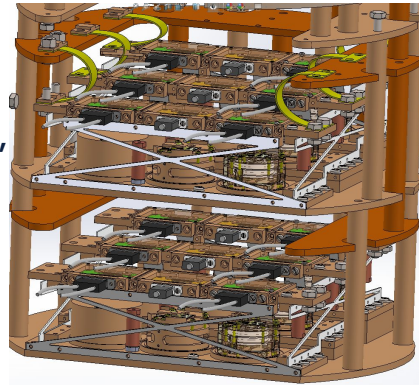
CryoCube (Spring 2025):

3 MiniCryoCubes per level,

2 levels

→ Array of 18 x 38 g

@ ~10 mK



- Heat resolution: **20 eV (RMS)**
- Ionization resolution: **20 eVee (RMS)**
- Timing resolution: **~100 us @ 100 eV**
- Detector payload: **680 g**
- Two detector technologies: **planar and FID electrodes**

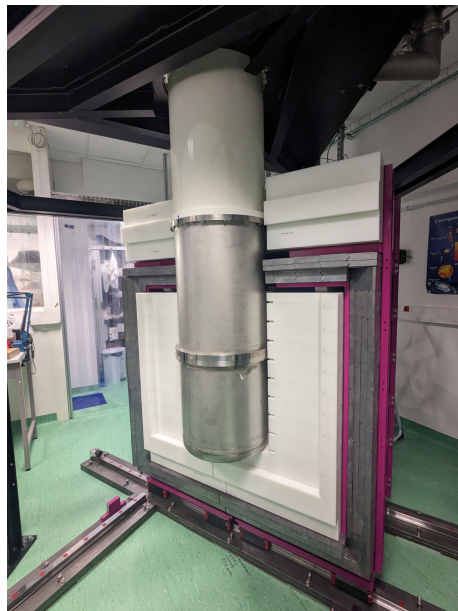
→ Achieve Particle ID down to **$O(10)$ eV with a rejection $> 10^3$**

Paper on Ionization performances of the MiniCryoCube:

RICOCHET Coll. EPJC **84** (2024), 186

Commissioning @ IP2I

1 full MiniCryoCube with
RICOCHET **dedicated**
electronics



Shielding @ IP2I
Lead: 10 tons
Polyethylene: 1.5 tons



July 2023 - RUN010
September 2023 - RUN011
First detector runs in
RICOCHET cryostat @ IP2I

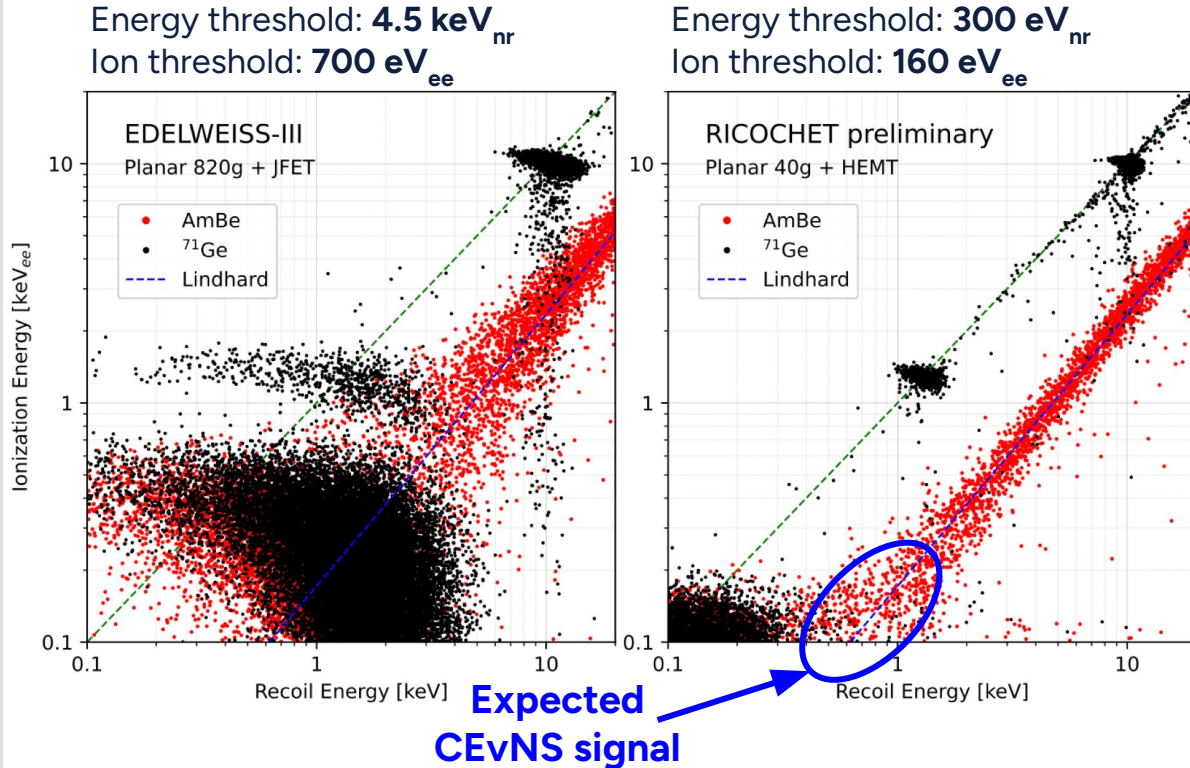
Commissioning @ IP2I

ER/NR discrimination
threshold: **Improved by
about one order of
magnitude** w.r.t EDW

Heat and ionization
resolutions: **~ factor 2 from
RICOCHET final goals**

**RICOCHET can now probe
reactor neutrinos (CEvNS)
with highly efficient LEE
and ER rejection**

**Green light
to go at ILL**



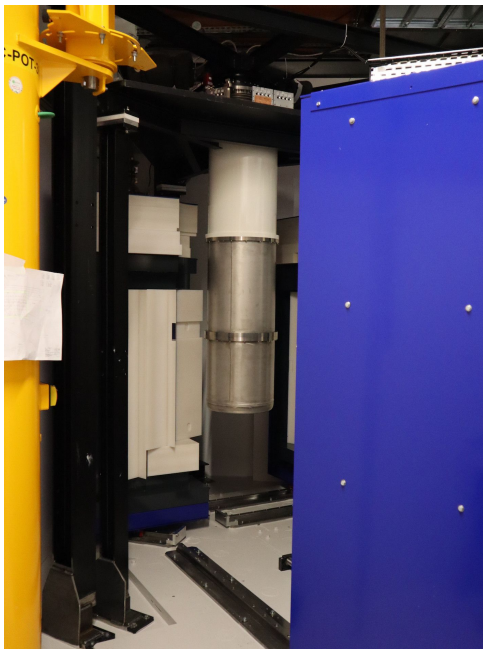
Commissioning @ ILL

Outer shielding (Mar 2023):

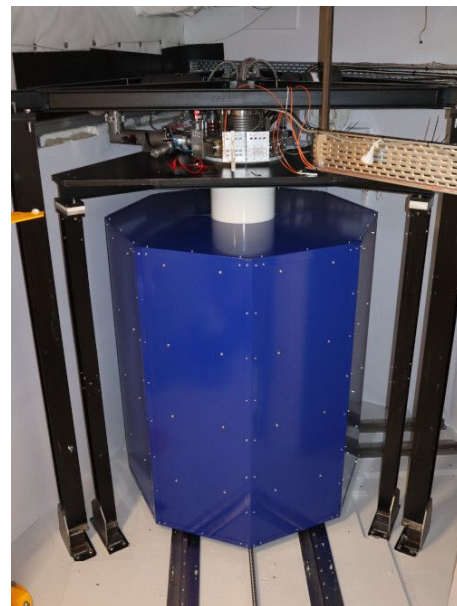
Lead for gammas: **20 cm**

Polyethylene for neutrons: **35 cm**

Soft iron for magnetic field: **~1 ton**



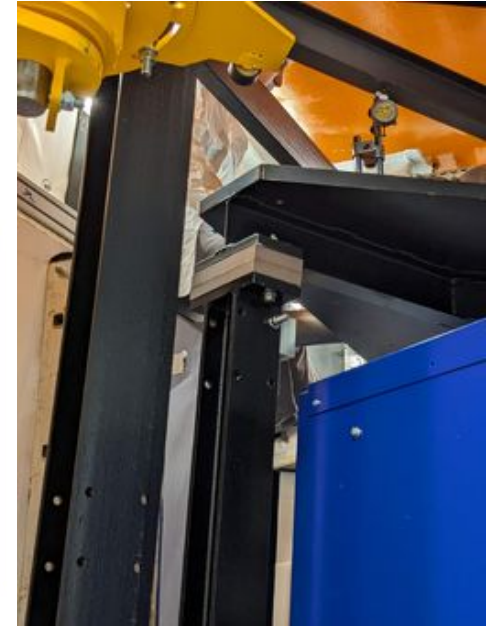
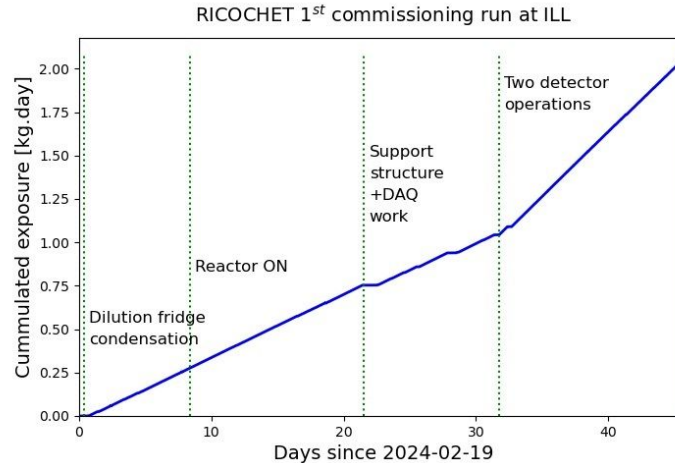
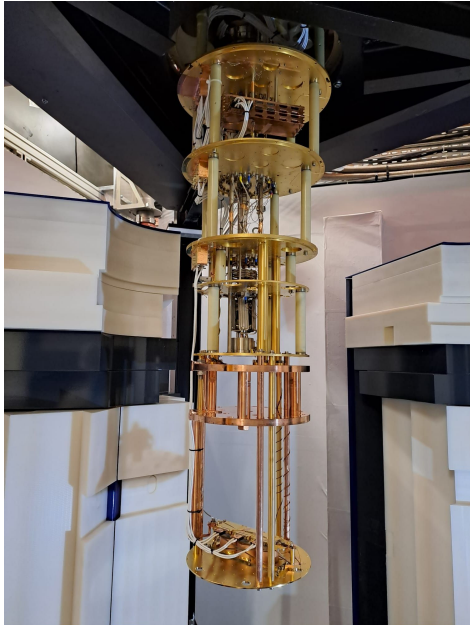
Cryostat installation:
Nov 2023 - Feb 2024



RUN012 (Feb 2024):
Cryogenic validation run
→ Minimum temperature
without payload: **8.6 mK**

Commissioning @ ILL

RUN013 (Feb-Apr 2024):
First detector data taking



More than 1000 hours of data:

- On two different detectors
- Simultaneous data taking
- Reactor ON/OFF comparison
- **No internal shielding**

Vibration mitigation:

- Double frames (UQT)
- Damping pads
- 3rd frame for rotary valve and ballasts (RUN014)

Commissioning @ ILL

First in-situ detector performance assessment

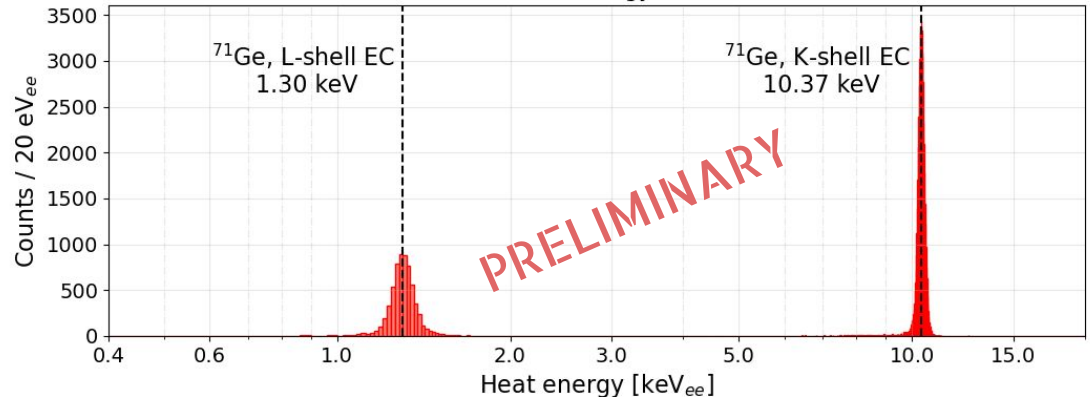
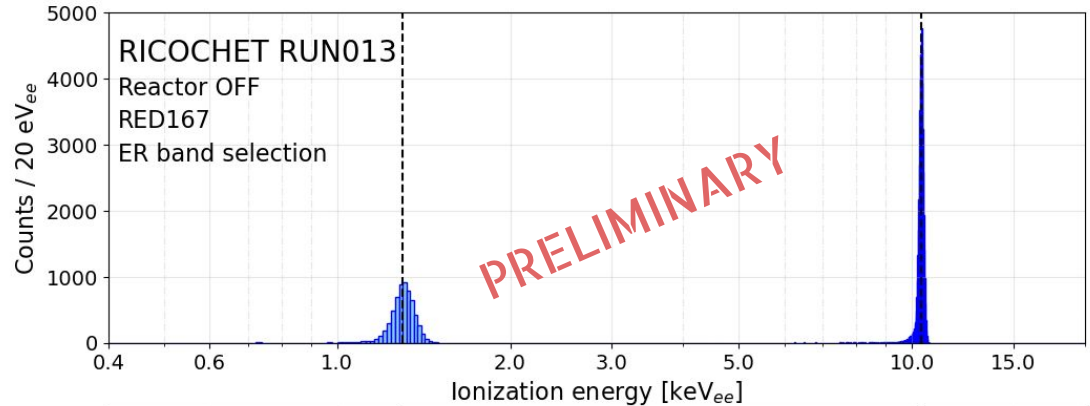
Reactor OFF data

Selection of ER events:

- Ionization energy:
 $E_{\text{ion}} > 400 \text{ eV}_{\text{ee}}$
- Ionization yield:
 $Q > 0.4$

Baseline resolutions (preliminary):

- Ionization: 40-45 eV_{ee}
- Heat: 35-40 eV_{ee}



Commissioning @ ILL

Similar ON/OFF performances

First in-situ detector performance assessment

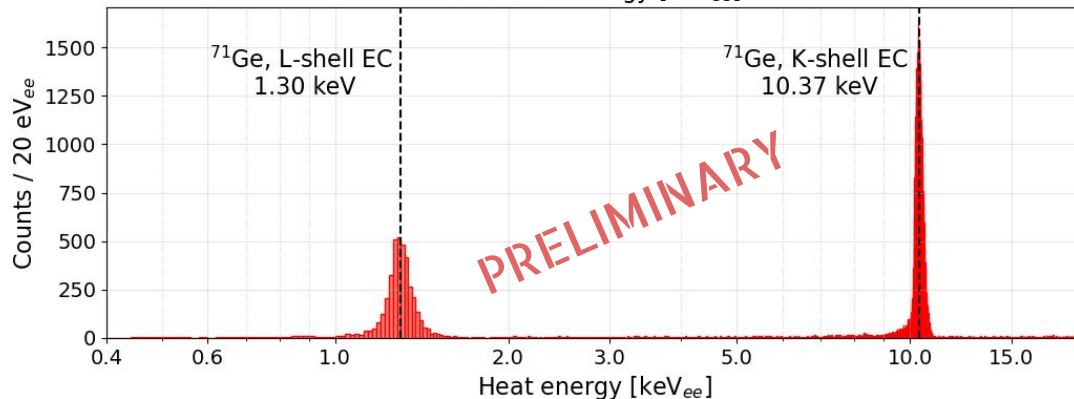
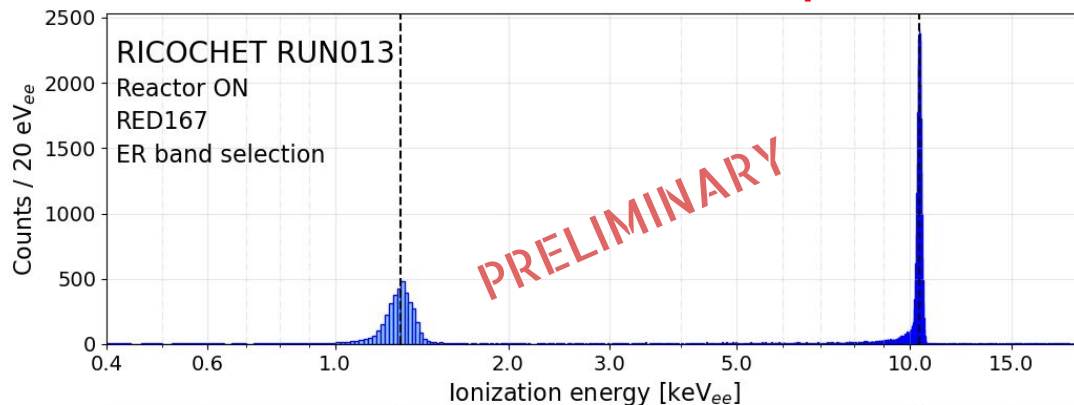
Reactor ON data

Selection of ER events:

- Ionization energy:
 $E_{\text{ion}} > 400 \text{ eV}_{\text{ee}}$
- Ionization yield:
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Baseline resolutions (preliminary):

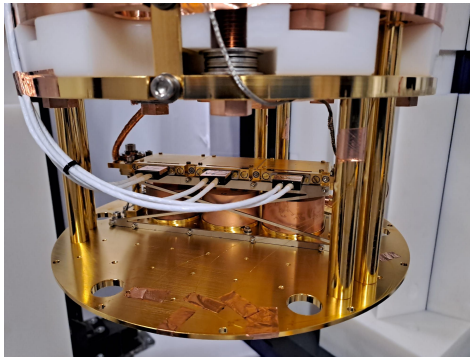
- Ionization: 45-47 eV_{ee}
- Heat: 25-27 eV_{ee}



Commissioning @ ILL

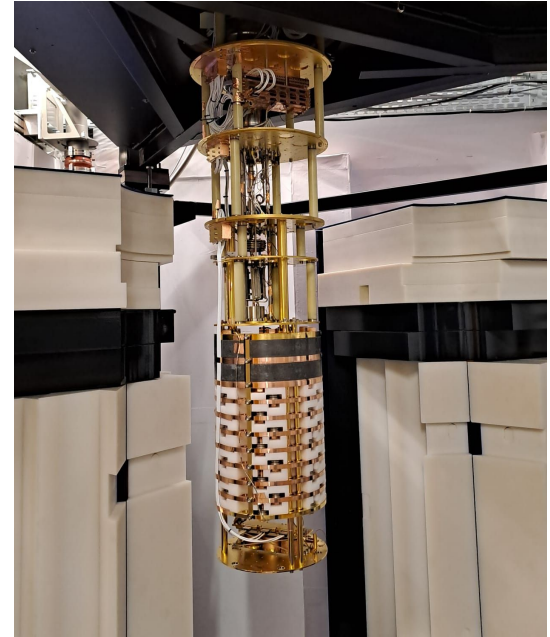
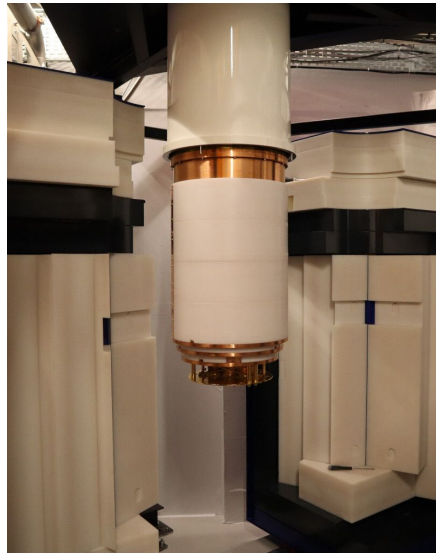
RUN014, Cold and taking data since May 2024:

Goal : Characterize backgrounds with
full shielding and **improved vibration levels**,
towards **first data-driven CEvNS sensitivity**



**Detector calibration and
charge trap neutralization:**

Optical fibers + LASER

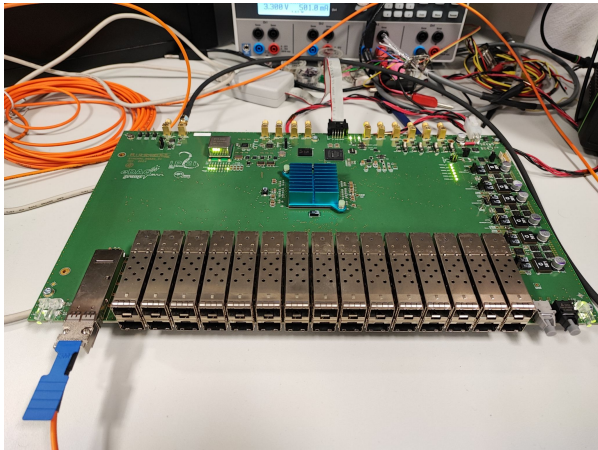


Inner shielding:

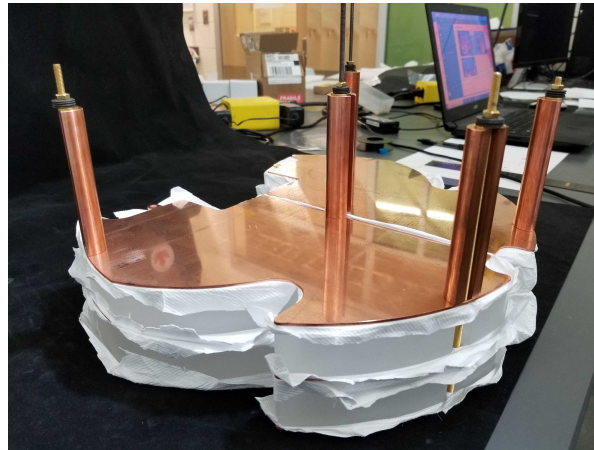
- PE/Screen: **3x8 mm, 50 cm**
 - Lead + Copper stack: **15 cm**
 - PE + Copper stack: **30 cm**
- 10.5 days to cool down @ 1K

Commissioning @ ILL

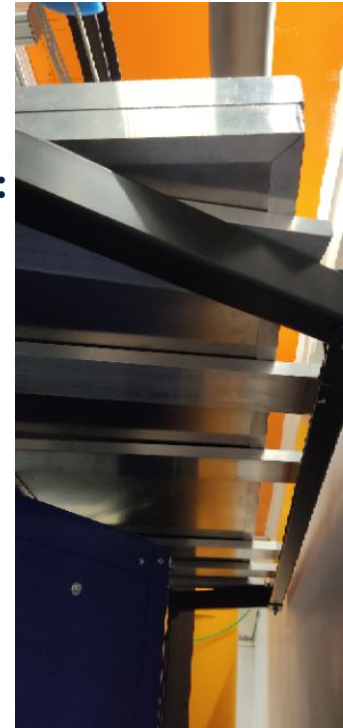
Next steps to complete the RICOCHET background mitigation strategy:
Muon veto and synchronization



Synchronization board:
Common clock for all
acquisition cards and muon
veto systems

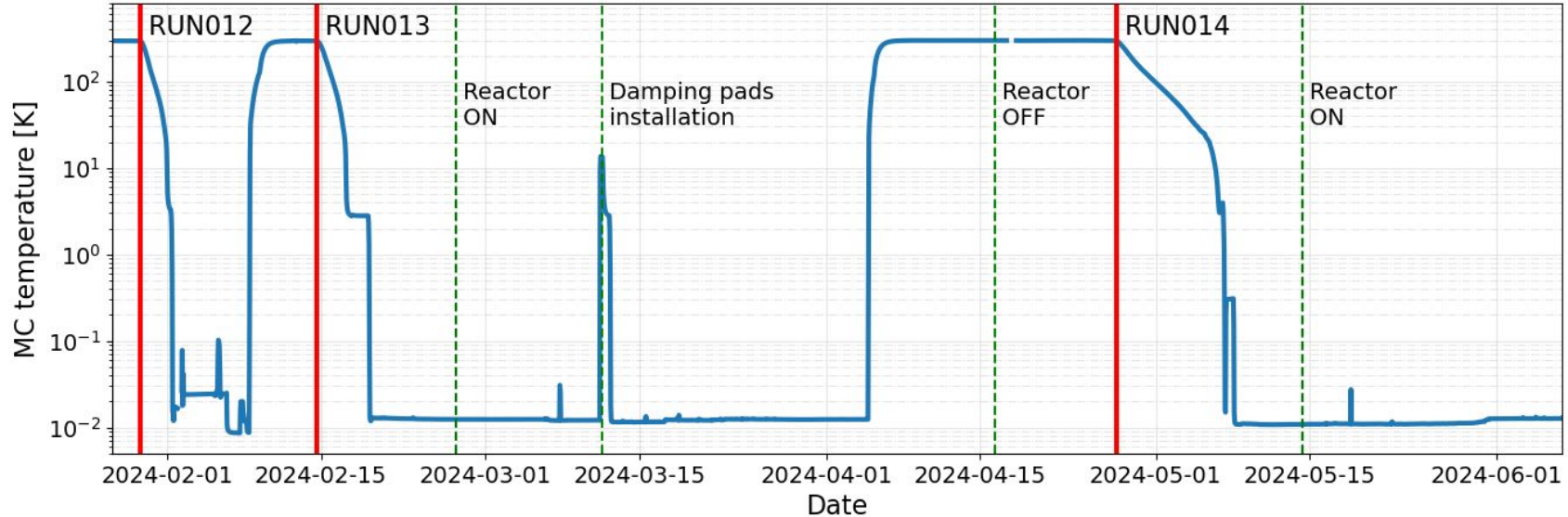


Cryogenic muon veto:
EJ-206 scintillator (6cm)
@ 4K cryogenic stage
Read with SiPM



Outer muon veto:
Two-layered scintillators
Top panels installed
Side panels to come

Summary of ongoing commissioning



RUN012:

Validation of cryogenics (8.6 mK)

RUN013:

Detector performance assessment (ON/OFF) and vibration mitigation

RUN014:

Background characterization with full shielding

Prospects

2024:

- Finalization of outer and cryogenic muon veto installation
- Commissioning of readout electronics and synchronization
- First data-driven CEvNS sensitivity estimation from commissioning phase

Spring 2025:

- Completion of the full CryoCube payload and dedicated electronics
- Beginning of the RICOCHET CryoCube neutrino science phase

2025-2026:

- Cumulate 7 ON/OFF reactor cycles to achieve nominal exposure

Thanks!



is taking data, stay tuned!