

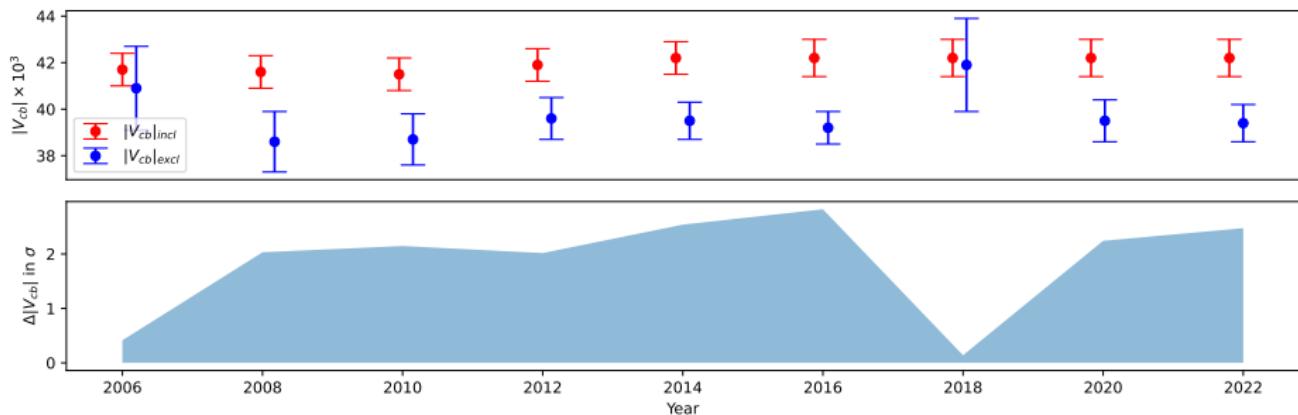
# Heavy to heavy semileptonic decays in LQCD: current status

Alejandro Vaquero

23<sup>rd</sup> September 2024

# Motivation: Tensions in $|V_{cb}|$ inclusive vs exclusive

## The CKM matrix



- Current values (PDG 2024):

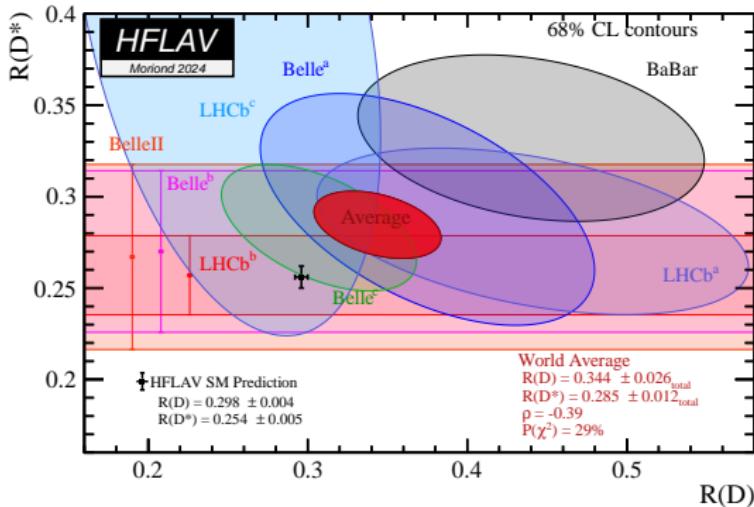
$$|V_{cb}|_{\text{excl}} \times 10^{-3} = 39.8(6)$$

$$|V_{cb}|_{\text{incl}} \times 10^{-3} = 42.2(5)$$

- The  $3\sigma$  difference between these two values shows that we have not improved much

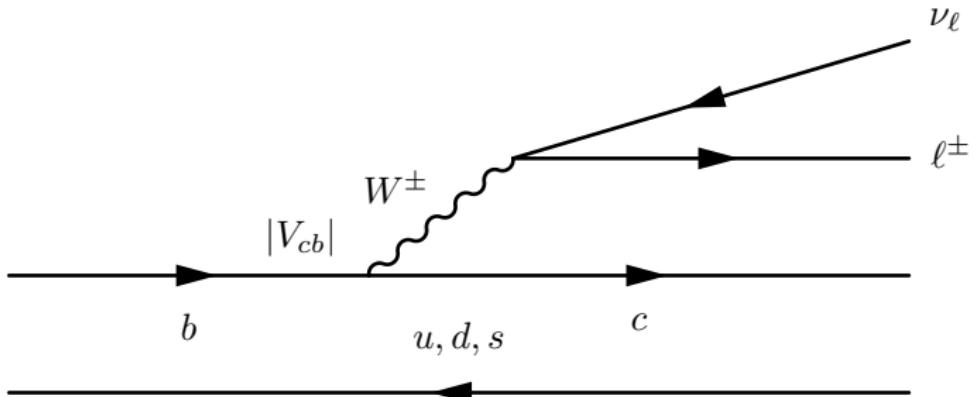
# Motivation: Tensions in LFU ratios

$$R\left(D_{(s)}^{(*)}\right) = \frac{\mathcal{B}\left(B_{(s)} \rightarrow D_{(s)}^{(*)} \tau \bar{\nu}_\tau\right)}{\mathcal{B}\left(B_{(s)} \rightarrow D_{(s)}^{(*)} \ell \bar{\nu}_\ell\right)}$$



- Current  $\approx 2.8\sigma$  combined tension with the SM (HFLAV)
  - Tension in  $R(D) \approx 1.5\sigma$       Tension in  $R(D^*) \approx 2.8\sigma$

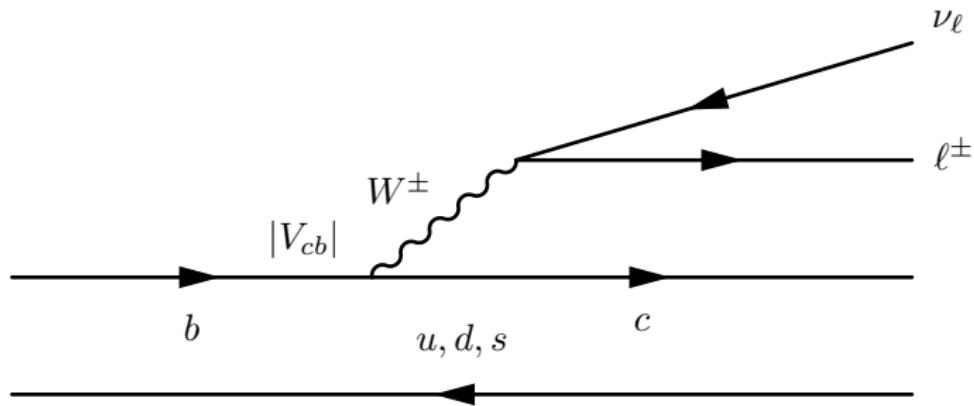
# Semileptonic $B$ decays on the lattice: Exclusive $|V_{cb}|$



$$\underbrace{\frac{d\Gamma}{dw} \left( B_{(s)} \rightarrow D_{(s)}^{(*)} \ell \bar{\nu}_\ell \right)}_{\text{Experiment}} = \underbrace{K_{B_{(s)} \rightarrow D_{(s)}^{(*)}}(w, m_\ell)}_{\text{Known factors}} \underbrace{|\mathcal{F}(w)|^2}_{\text{Theory}} \times |V_{cb}|^2, \quad w = v_{D_{(s)}^{(*)}} \cdot v_{B_{(s)}}$$

- The amplitude  $\mathcal{F}$  must be calculated in LQCD
  - Data more precise at  $w$  close to 1
- $K_{B_{(s)} \rightarrow D_{(s)}^{(*)}}(w, m_\ell) \propto (w^2 - 1)^{\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}}$  requires extrapolation of experimental data

# Semileptonic $B$ decays on the lattice: Universality ratios



$$R(D_{(s)}^{(*)}) = \frac{\int_1^{w_{\text{Max}}, \tau} dw K_{B_{(s)} \rightarrow D_{(s)}^{(*)}}(w, m_\tau) |\mathcal{F}(w)|^2 \times \cancel{|V_{cb}|^2}}{\int_1^{w_{\text{Max}}} dw K_{B_{(s)} \rightarrow D_{(s)}^{(*)}}(w, 0) |\mathcal{F}(w)|^2 \times \cancel{|V_{cb}|^2}}$$

- The universality ratio depends only on the form factors
- It is possible to extract  $R(D_{(s)}^{(*)})$  without experimental data!

# Semileptonic $B$ decays on the lattice: Heavy quarks

- For heavy quarks ( $m_Q > \Lambda_{QCD}$ ), discretization errors grow as  $\sim \alpha_s^k (am_Q)^n$
- Mainly two ways to address this problem
  - Effective actions (FermiLab, NRQCD...)
  - Treat the bottom as a light quark
    - Use unphysical values for  $m_b$  and extrapolate

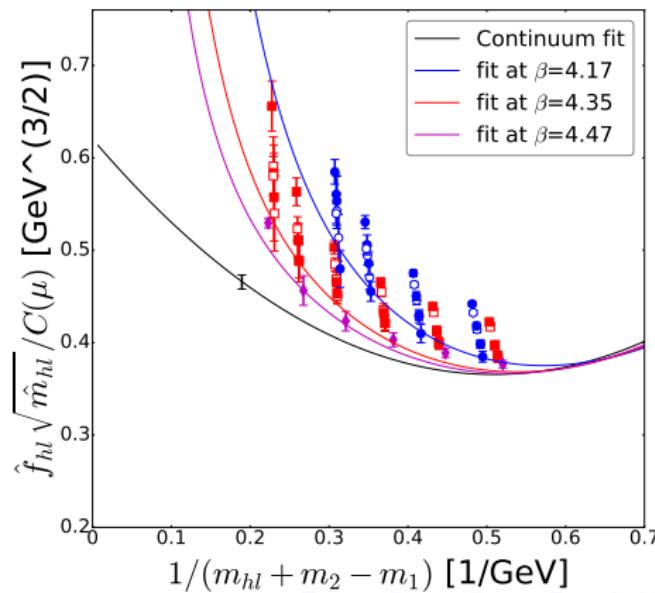
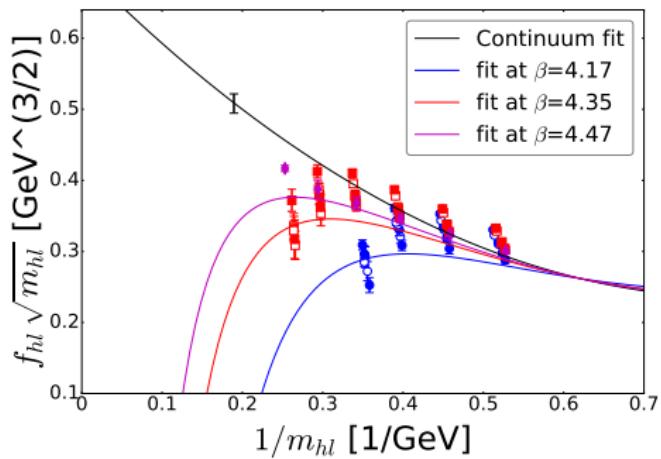
Different quark actions have  
different discretization errors  
when applied to heavy quarks

# Semileptonic $B$ decays on the lattice: Heavy quarks

- Domain-Wall fermions from JLQCD
- Errors **start** at  $O(a^2 m_Q^2)$
- Data beyond  $am_Q \approx 0.65$  features **large** discretization systematics
- Large correction in the extrapolation

PoS LATTICE2016 (2016) 118

$$a \approx 0.044 - 0.080 \text{ fm}, M_\pi \approx 230 - 500 \text{ MeV}, am_Q \lesssim 0.86, m_Q \lesssim 3.0 \text{ GeV}$$



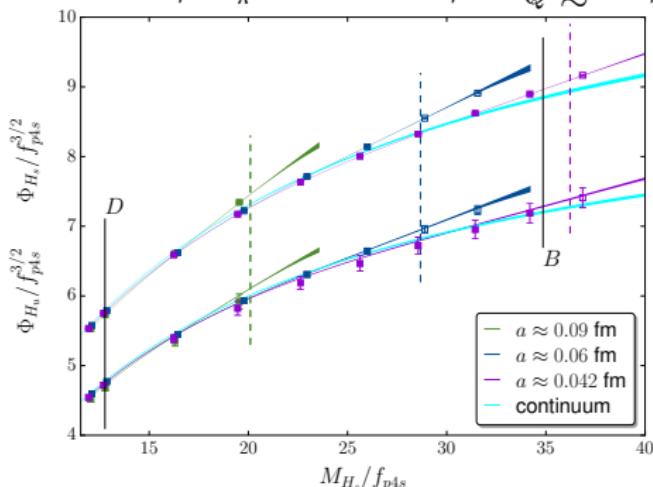
# Semileptonic $B$ decays on the lattice: Heavy quarks

- HISQ fermions from Fermilab/MILC
- From HPQCD
- Errors **start** at  $O(\alpha_s v a^2 m_Q^2)$ , one order of magnitude smaller than  $O(a^2 m_Q^2)$
- Reasonable correction, even at large  $a m_Q$ , without *ap* issues
- HISQ corrects at all orders, theoretical limit with fine tuning  $a m_Q = \pi/2$

Phys.Rev.D 98 (2018) 7, 074512; Phys.Rev.D 107 (2023) 9, 094516

Phys.Rev.D 75 (2007) 054502; Phys.Rev.D 87 (2013) 3, 034017

$$a \approx 0.042 - 0.088 \text{ fm}, M_\pi \approx 135 \text{ MeV}, a m_Q \lesssim 1.3, m_Q \sim m_b$$



Some statistical errors are missing

# Review of lattice results

- Latest calculations and tensions (mainly  $B \rightarrow D^* \ell \nu$ )
- Calculations in progress
  - HPQCD  $B_c \rightarrow J/\psi \ell \nu$
  - RBQCD/UKQCD  $B_s \rightarrow D_s^* \ell \nu$
  - Fermilab/MILC  $B_{(s)} \rightarrow D_{(s)}^* \ell \nu$
  - JLQCD  $B \rightarrow D \ell \nu$
- Not covered → Inclusive determinations from LQCD

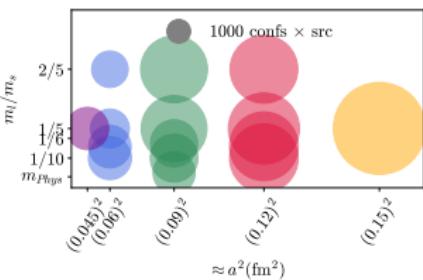
# Review of lattice results

$$B \rightarrow D^* \ell \nu$$

# Review of lattice results: $B \rightarrow D^* \ell \nu$

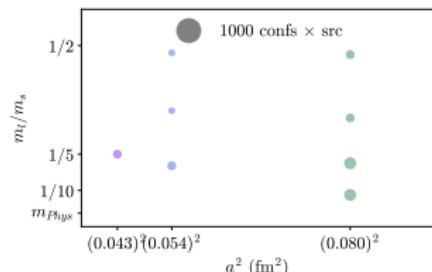
## Fermilab/MILC

- ASQTAD + Fermilab



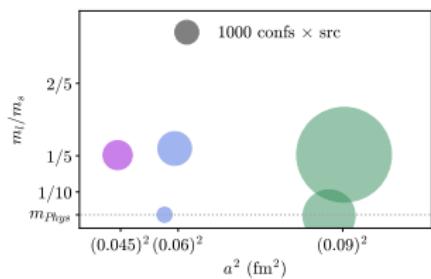
## JLQCD

- DW + DW

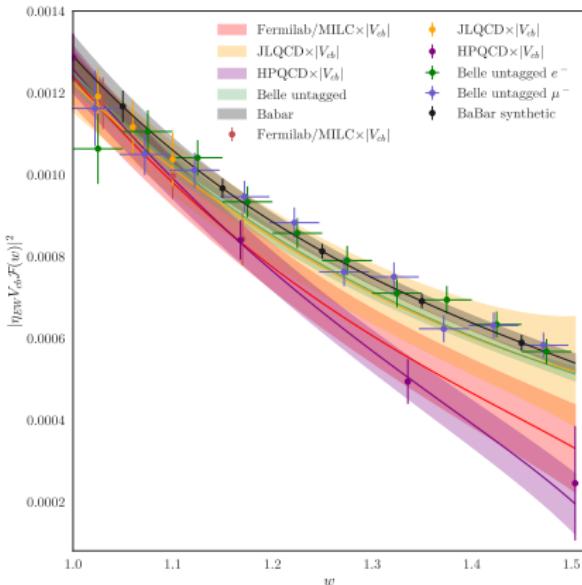


## HPQCD

- HISQ + HISQ



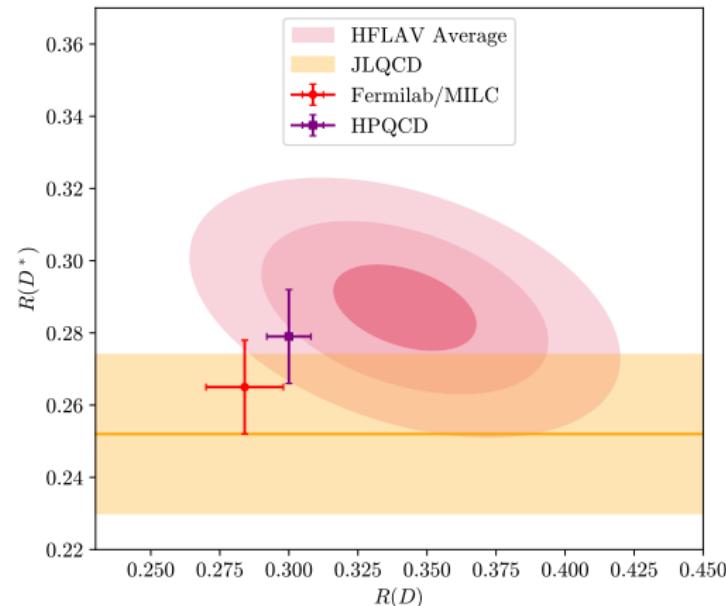
# Review of lattice results: $B \rightarrow D^* \ell \nu$



$$|V_{cb}|^{\text{FM}} = 38.40(78) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$|V_{cb}|^{\text{JLQCD}} = 39.19(90) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$|V_{cb}|^{\text{HPQCD}} = 39.31(74) \times 10^{-3}$$



$$R(D^*)^{\text{FM}} = 0.265(13)$$

$$R(D^*)^{\text{JLQCD}} = 0.252(22)$$

$$R(D^*)^{\text{HPQCD}} = 0.279(13)$$

# Review of lattice results: D'Agostini bias

- $V_{cb}$  value well below the latest inclusive one (everything  $\times 10^3$ )

$$|V_{cb}|_{\text{excl}}^{\text{FM}} = 38.40(78) < |V_{cb}|_{\text{incl}}^{\text{BCG}} = 42.16(51)$$

Eur.Phys.J.C82 (2022), 1141; Phys.Lett.B822 (2021), 136679; JHEP10(2022)068

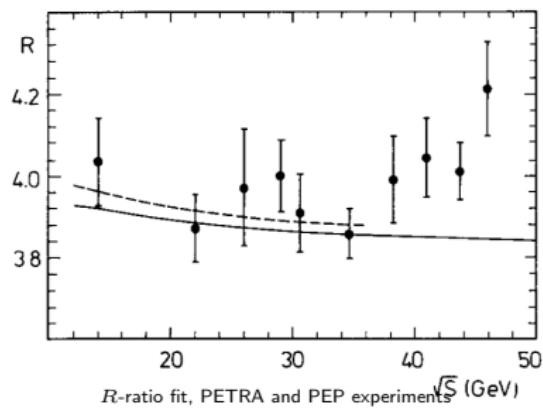
- Could this be a consequence of D'Agostini effect?

Nucl.Instrum.Meth.A346 (1994), 306

- Correlated data
- Overall normalization factor ( $|V_{cb}|$ )

$$\hat{V}_{cb} = \frac{\bar{V}_{cb}}{1 + \chi_{\text{Exp}}^2 \sigma_{V_{cb}}^2},$$

$$\chi^2 = \chi_{\text{LQCD}}^2 + \chi_{\text{Exp}}^2$$

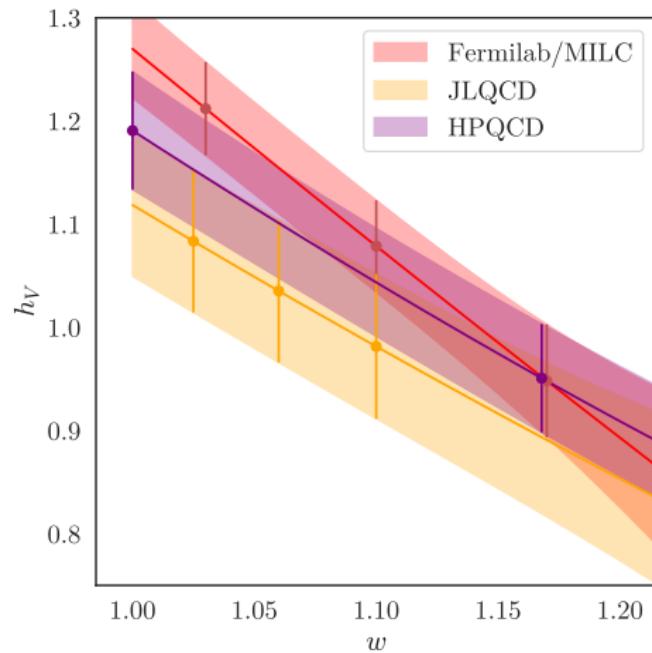
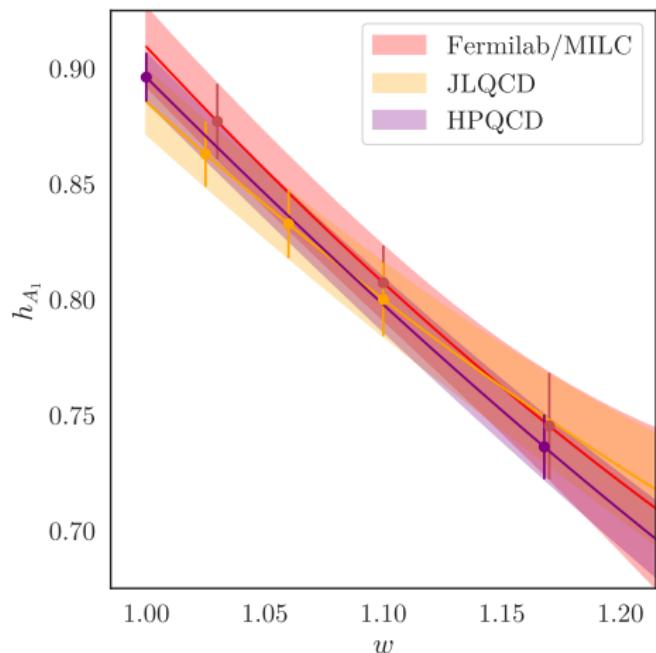


- Compare fits **Belle + all LQCD** with **Belle fits + LQCD  $\mathcal{F}(w=1)$**

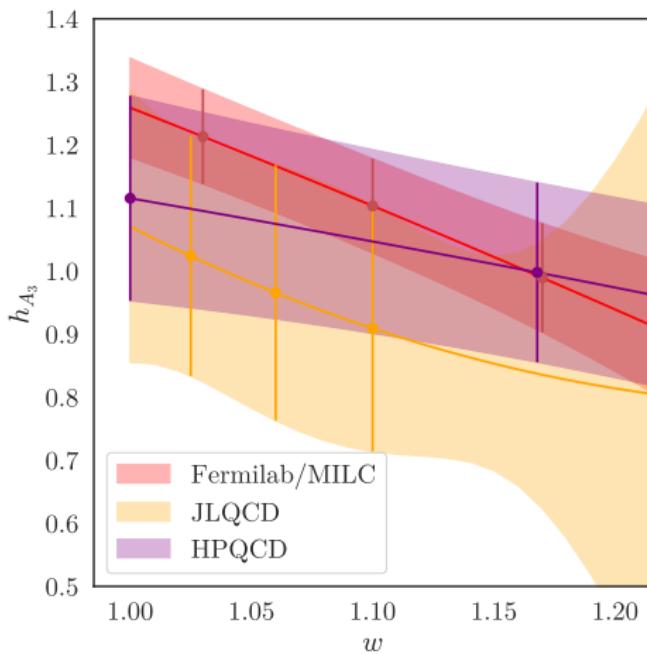
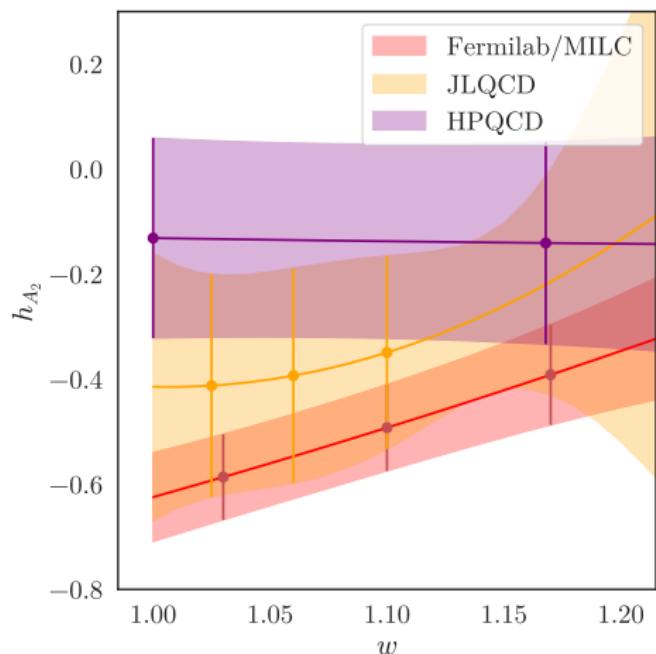
$$|V_{cb}|_{\text{All}}^{\text{FM}} = 38.60(86), \quad |V_{cb}|_{\mathcal{F}(1)}^{\text{FM}} = 38.17(78)$$

We do not see any **D'Agostini bias** in our calculation

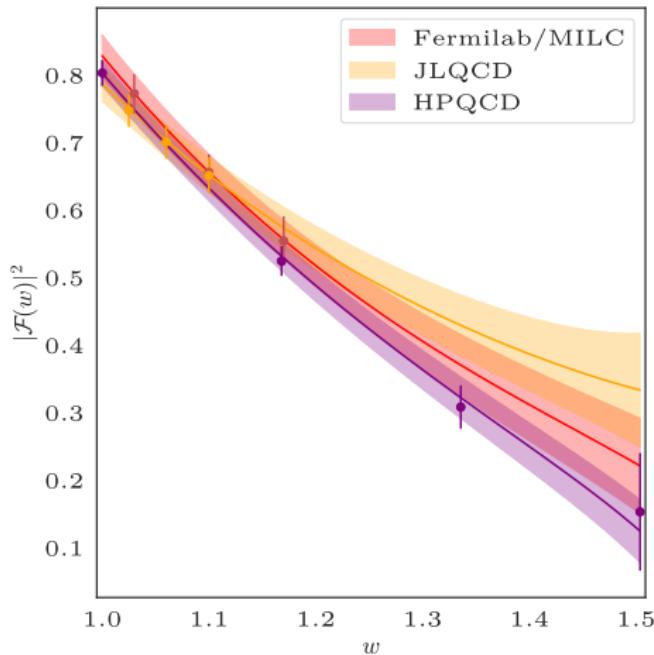
# Review of lattice results: Comparison of HQET form factors



# Review of lattice results: Comparison of HQET form factors



# Review of lattice results: Comparison of decay amplitudes



- Maximum difference  $\begin{cases} \text{Fermilab/MILC - JLQCD} & 1.02\sigma \\ \text{Fermilab/MILC - HPQCD} & 1.14\sigma \\ \text{JLQCD - HPQCD} & 2.20\sigma \end{cases}$

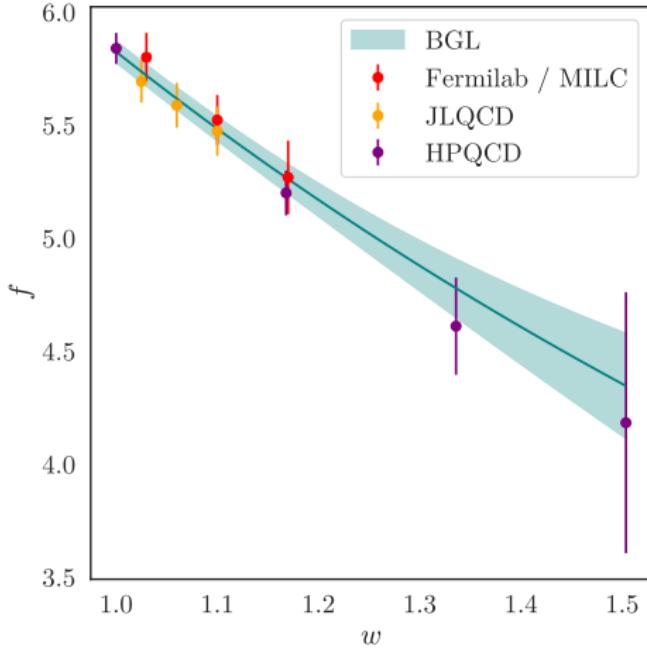
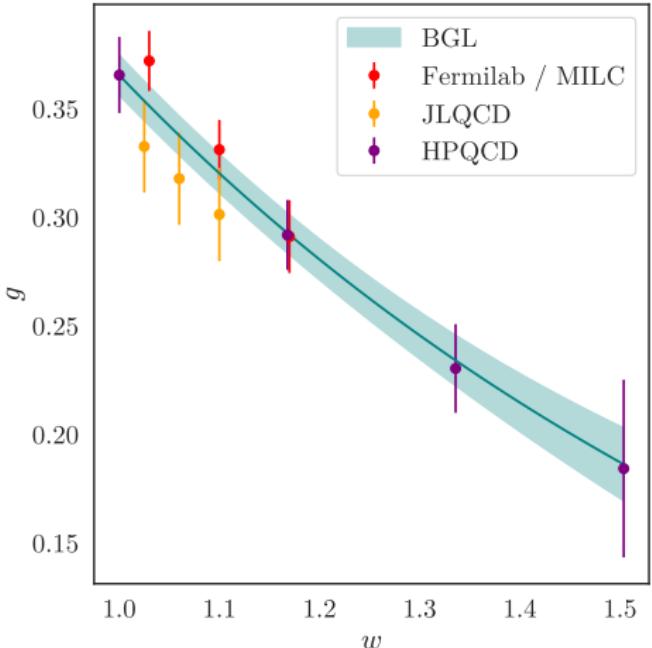
# Review of lattice results: Combined fits

- Combined fits with priors 0(1)
- Kinematic constraint imposed with priors
- BGL fit 2222

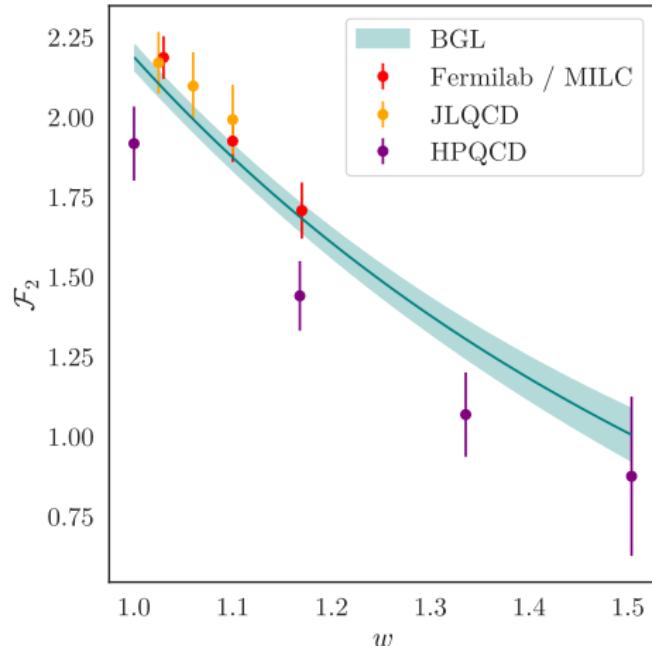
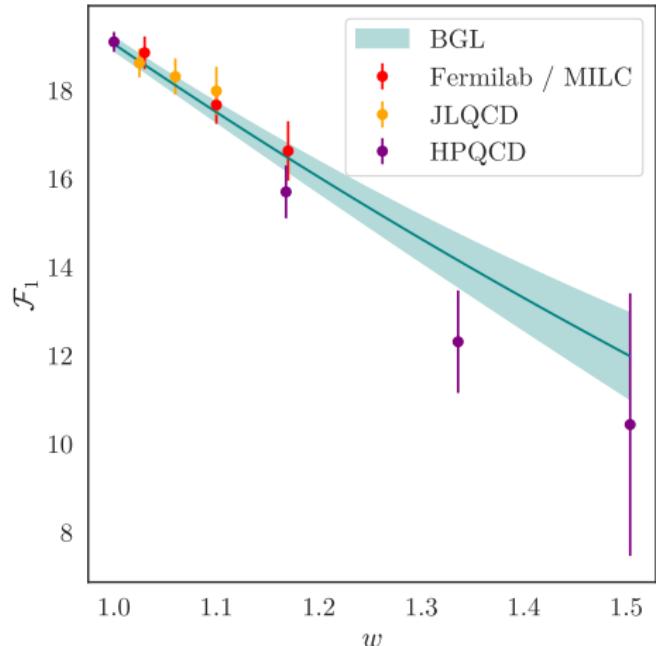
	w Constraint		w/o Constraint	
	$p$	$R_2(1)$	$p$	$R_2(1)$
MILC	0.51	1.20(12)	0.43	1.27(13)
JLQCD	0.52	0.98(19)	0.25	0.97(19)
HPQCD	0.77	1.39(16)	0.65	1.39(16)
MILC+JLQCD	0.40	1.118(97)	0.36	1.16(11)
MILC+HPQCD	0.44	1.262(93)	0.37	1.262(93)
JLQCD+HPQCD	0.73	1.18(12)	0.67	1.18(12)
All	0.56	1.193(83)	0.50	1.193(83)

- $p$ -value of Belle untagged + BaBar BGL fit 223 is  $\approx 0.04$
- Combined  $R(D^*) = 0.2667(57)$

# Review of lattice results: Combined fits



# Review of lattice results: Combined fits

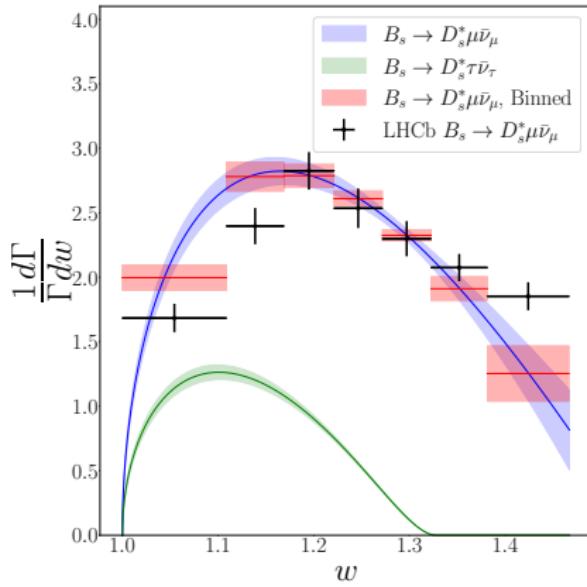
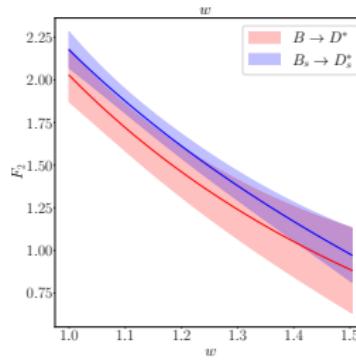
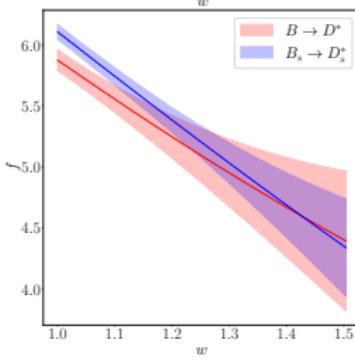
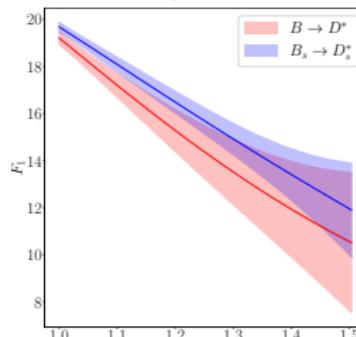
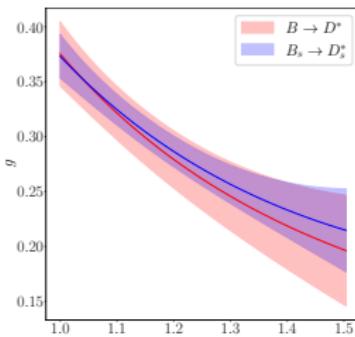


# Review of lattice results

$$B_s \rightarrow D_s^* \ell \nu$$

# Review of lattice results: $B_s \rightarrow D_s^* \ell \nu$

- HPQCD with the same setup as  $B \rightarrow D^* \ell \nu$

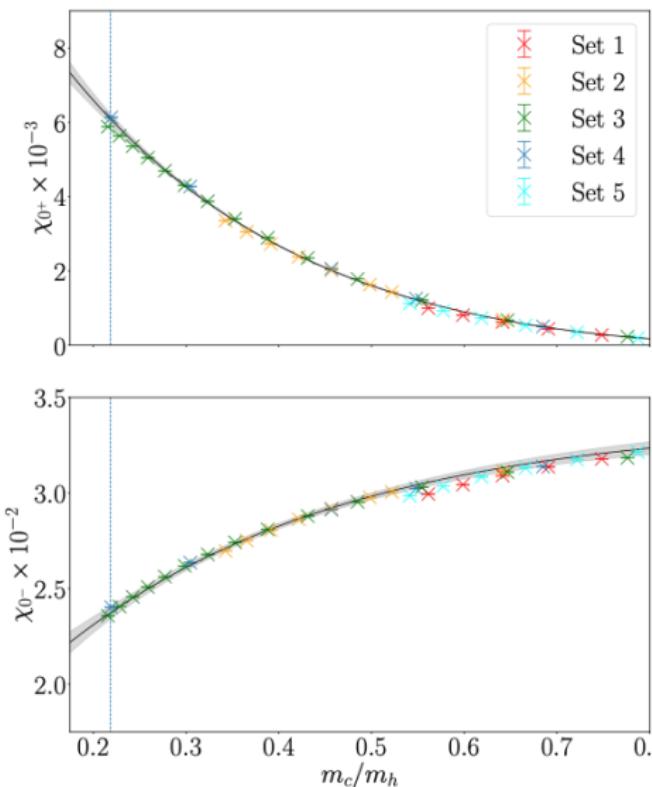


$$R(D_s^*) = 0.266(9)$$

# Review of lattice projects

$$B_c \rightarrow J/\psi \ell \nu$$

# Review of lattice projects: $B_c \rightarrow J/\psi \ell \nu$



- HPQCD with similar setup to  $B_{(s)} \rightarrow D_{(s)}^* \ell \nu$
- Update of the 2020 calculation  
[Phys.Rev.D102 \(2020\), 094518](#)
- Plan to include an extra 0.03 fm ensemble
- Chiral-continuum extrapolation includes a  $z$  expansion
- Susceptibilities computed using LQCD  
[Phys.Rev.D104 \(2021\), 094512; Phys.Rev.D110 \(2024\), 054506](#)

- Large reduction in errors
- Large shifts wrt the previous calculation (!!)

$$R(J/\psi) = 0.2582(38) \rightarrow 0.2674(31)$$

$$F_L = 0.4416(92) \rightarrow 0.4510(88)$$

# Review of lattice projects

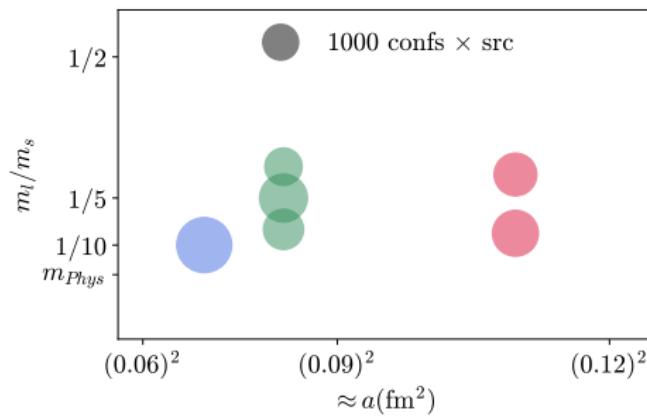
$$B_s \rightarrow D_s^* \ell \nu$$

# Review of lattice projects: $B_{(s)} \rightarrow D_{(s)}^* \ell \nu$

- Different group RBC/UKQCD
- Using 6  $N_f = 2 + 1$  ensembles of sea DW quarks
- The bottom quark use an effective action
  - Good crosscheck against JLQCD
  - Potentially large systematics due to a mismatch between  $b$  and  $c$  actions

[Phys.Rev.D87 \(2018\), 054502](#)

- $m_\pi$  in the range 270 – 433 MeV

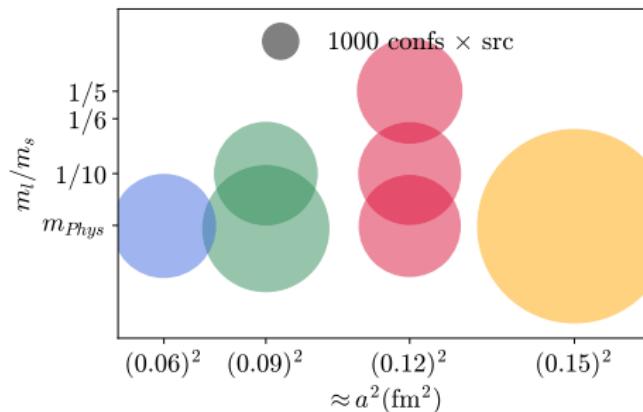


# Review of lattice projects

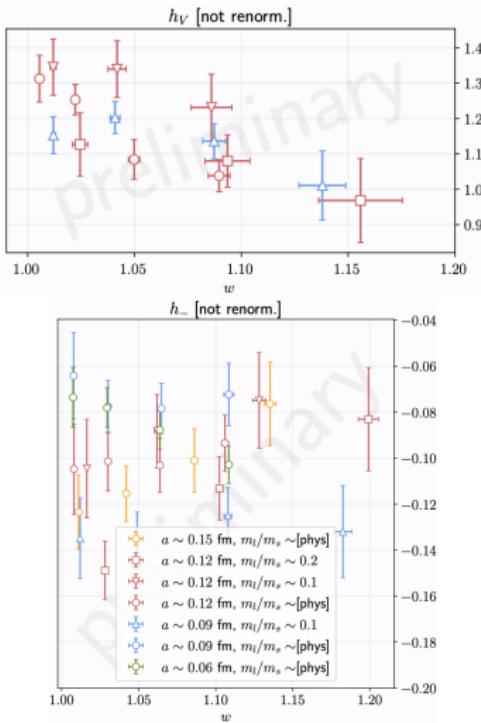
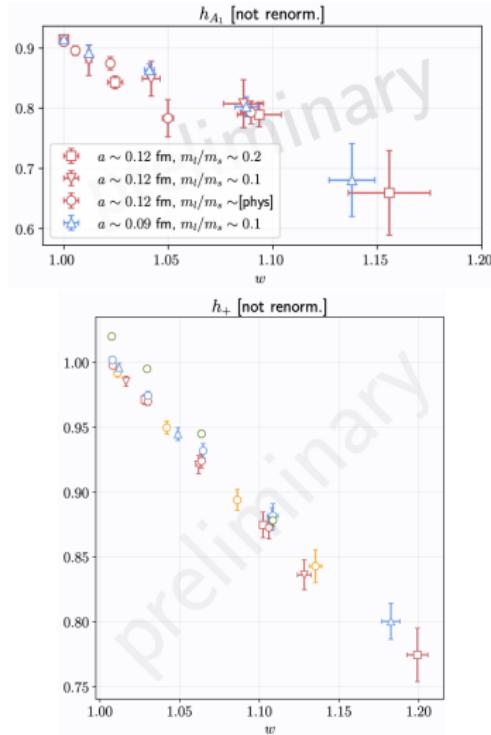
$$B_{(s)} \rightarrow D_{(s)}^{(*)} \ell \nu$$

# Review of lattice projects: $B_{(s)} \rightarrow D_{(s)}^{(*)} \ell \nu$

- Fermilab/MILC calculation
- Using  $7 N_f = 2 + 1 + 1$  ensembles of sea HISQ quarks
- The heavy quarks use the Fermilab effective action
  - Correlated with a  $B \rightarrow L \ell \nu$  analysis using the same data
  - Four channels in a single correlated analysis

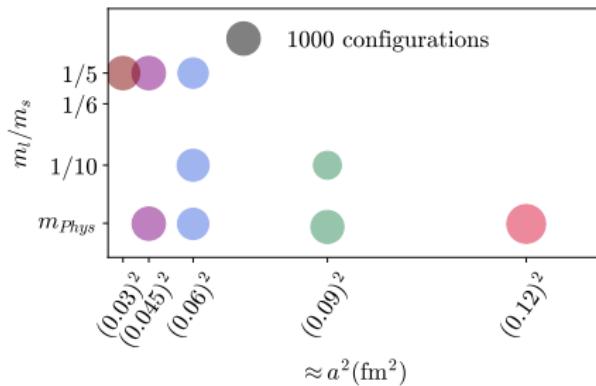


# Review of lattice projects: $B_{(s)} \rightarrow D_{(s)}^{(*)} \ell \nu$

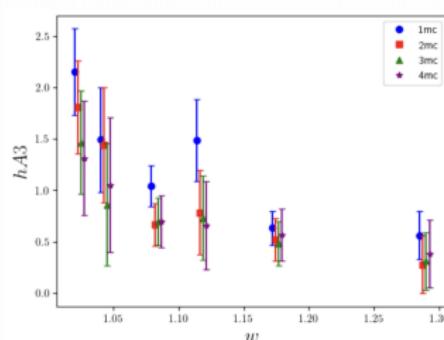
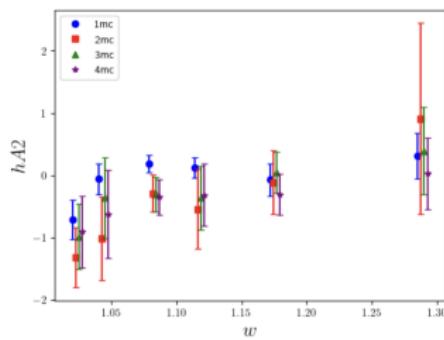
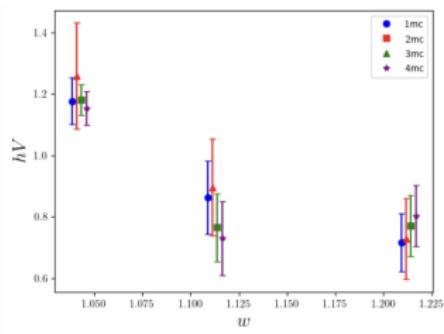
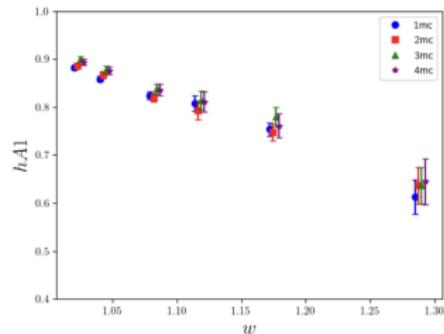


# Review of lattice projects: $B_{(s)} \rightarrow D_{(s)}^{(*)} \ell \nu$

- Fermilab/MILC calculation
- Planning to use 9  $N_f = 2 + 1 + 1$  ensembles of sea HISQ quarks
- The heavy quarks use the HISQ action
  - Physical bottom mass reachable with the finest ensembles
- $m_\pi$  physical in several ensembles



# Review of lattice projects: $B_{(s)} \rightarrow D_{(s)}^{(*)} \ell \nu$



Preliminary results  $B_s \rightarrow D_s^* \ell \nu$ , statistics  $24 \times 426$   
 Single ensemble  $a = 0.06$  fm and  $m_l/m_s = \frac{1}{5}$  at different values of  $am_b$

**Thank you for your time**