

John Harris (Yale)

Winter Workshop on Nuclear Dynamics





Photos courtesy Kong!

<u>QGP Signatures – Then and Now</u>

John W. Harris Yale University

Special thanks to Berndt Müller!

Reference: "QGP Signatures" Revisited J. W. Harris & B. Müller, European Physical Journal C (2024) in press, [arXiv:2308.05743 [hep-ph]]

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Signatures - Then

Note – common abscissa $dE_t/d\eta$ relative to transition ϵ_0

Original publication:

"The Search for the Quark – Gluon Plasma," J. W. Harris & B. Müller, Ann. Rev. Nucl. Part. Sci. 46, 71 (1996) [arXiv:hepph/9602235 [hep-ph]].

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Average Initial Energy Density



Energy Density:

$$\epsilon_{Bj} = \frac{1}{A_{\perp}\tau} \frac{dE_T}{dy}$$

J.D. Bjorken, Phys. Rev. D27, 140 (1983)

Data:

PHENIX, Phys.Rev. C 93, 024901 (2016)

CMS, Phys. Rev. Lett. 109, 152303 (2012)

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Signatures - Strangeness



 μ_s – strangeness chemical potential γ_s – strangeness fugacity

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Fig. 2.8. Evolution of relative s population per baryon number as function of time in the plasma. For $T \ge 160$ MeV chemical saturation is noticeable in about 2×10^{-23} sec, the anticipated minimal plasma livetime.

J. Rafelski, "Formation and Observables of the Quark-Gluon Plasma," Phys.Rep. 88,331 (1982).

J. Rafelski and B. Müller, "Strangeness Production in the Quark - GluonPlasma," Phys. Rev. Lett. 48, 1066 (1982) [erratum: Phys. Rev. Lett. 56, 2334 (1986)].

P. Koch, B. Müller and J. Rafelski, "Strangeness in Relativistic Heavy Ion Collisions," Phys. Rep. 142, 167 (1986). John Harris (Yale) Jackson Hole, Wyoming, Feb. 12 – 17, 2024

<u> Strangeness – Now –> Multi-strange Baryon Enhancement</u>



NA57, J. Phys.G 32, 427 (2006) John Harris (Yale)

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ALICE, Nature Phys. 13, 535 (2017) Jackson Hole, Wyoming, Feb. 12 – 17, 2024



<u>Strangeness – Then and Now</u>

Evolution of the strangeness fugacity γ_s in central Au+Au & Pb+Pb.

Chemical fit uses grand canonical ensemble:

$$\gamma_s(A, \sqrt{s_{\rm NN}}) = 1 - \zeta \exp\left(-\xi \sqrt{A\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}}}\right)$$

Data indicate $\gamma_s \rightarrow 1$ as collision energy increases. -> full saturation of strange quark density at hadronization.

This confirms the expectation depicted schematically for strangeness!



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<u>Strangeness – Then and Now</u>

- Ω / π ratio measured in p+p, p+Pb, Pb+Pb compared to fit.
- Evolution of the strangeness fugacity γ_s in central Au+Au & Pb+Pb.
- Chemical fit uses grand canonical ensemble:

$$\gamma_s(A, \sqrt{s_{\rm NN}}) = 1 - \zeta \exp\left(-\xi \sqrt{A\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}}}\right)$$

Data indicate $\gamma_s \rightarrow 1$ as collision energy increases. -> full saturation of strange quark density at hadronization.

This confirms the expectation depicted schematically for strangeness!



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<u>Signatures – Charmonium</u> (& Bottomonium)



T. Matsui and H. Satz, "J/ ψ Suppression by Quark-Gluon Plasma Formation," Phys.Lett. B 178, 416 (1986)

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<u>Charmonium – Then</u>

T. Matsui and H. Satz, "J/ψ Suppression by Quark-Gluon Plasma Formation," Phys.Lett. B 178, 416 (1986)



The quark-antiquark interaction in SU(N) gauge theory can be parameterized by the temperature and correlation length.





Color screening of $c\bar{c}$ pair results in J/ ψ (cc) suppression!

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<u>Charmonium – J/w is suppressed!</u>

NA38, NA50, NA60, PHENIX



The J/ ψ is suppressed!

Suppression stronger for central collisions at forward rapidities.

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Quarkonia – Sequential Suppression

Sequential suppression of J/ψ and Y at RHIC and LHC!

⊈ ⊈ 1.4 ALICE, 2.5<y<4 CMS, lyl<1.6 (EPJC78(2018)509) J/ψ (JHEP 2002 (2020) 041) J/ψ 1.2 ψ(2S) ψ(2S) 0.8 0.6 0.4 RHI 0.2 15 20 25 5 10 30 $p_{_{\rm T}}$ (GeV/c)



Y(1s) similar suppression at RHIC and LHC!

J/ψ observed to be less suppressed at LHC than at RHIC! John Harris (Yale) Winter Wor

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ALICE, CMS

Cold Nuclear Matter (CNM) Effects - Quarkonia



 J/ψ CNM suppression seen in p(d)+Au at low p_T at RHIC!



 J/ψ and Y CNM suppression in p+Pb at low p_T at LHC!

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Signatures - Temperature

Goal of measuring T versus ϵ -> determine the equation of state of QCD matter.



Change in number of degrees of freedom changes entropy density s(T) at a given T.

s(T) related to ε by s(T) = (ε + P)/T

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<u>Temperature T</u>

Thermal slopes of spectra of emitted particles "corrupted" by expansion of fireball.

Yields of particles with different masses -> T thermo-chemical freezeout



ALICE, "The ALICE experiment – A journey through QCD," arXiv:2211.04384 [nucl-ex]

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Temperature T

Invariant mass spectrum of lepton pairs - > time-averaged T of medium emitting pairs



QCD Phase Diagram

The dotted lines - lines of constant $T/\mu B$,

~ constant entropy per baryon in the QGP phase.

QCD phase diagram showing:

- chemical freezeout points (blue dots)
- average T_{ini} (red squares)
- T of intermediate and low mass dilepton invariant mass spectra (NA60, STAR).

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<u>Signatures – Radiation from QGP</u>



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Radiation from QGP - Measurements

Direct photons carry information about the T of the emitting QGP

T of QGP changes with time during collision ->

photon spectrum is blue-shifted by the expansion

- There also can be contributions from photons radiated by the final-stage hadron gas.
- Thus, any interpretation of measured photon spectra is therefore model dependent.



Radiation from QGP

Direct photon spectra after subtraction of N_{coll} scaled p+p

Teff



PHENIX, Phys. Rev. C 91, 064904



Teff = 297+/-12+/-41 MeV for 0-20% centrality and Teff = 410+/-84+/-140 MeV 20-40%

ALICE, Phys. Lett. B 754, 235 (2016)

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If the QGP makes a sudden transition from

A supercooled phase without chiral symmetry breaking, quark condensate q-qbar= 0,

➔ to a broken phase with a large q-qbar, with extended domains with random orientation of the chiral quark condensate q-qbar

→ could form -> Disoriented Chiral Condensates (DCC)

K. Rajagopal and F. Wilczek, "Emergence of coherent long wavelength oscillations after a quench: Application to QCD," Nucl.Phys. B 404, 577-589 (1993).

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<u>Signatures – DCCs So Far</u>

The formation and decay of domains of DCCs would reveal itself by non-Poissonian fluctuations of the neutral-to-charged pion ratio $N(\pi^0)/N(\pi^{+/-})$. Precondition for such a scenario is that the fireball evolves far out of equilibrium during the chiral transition.

None found so far!

B. Mohanty and J. Serreau, "Disoriented chiral condensate: theory and experiment," Phys. Rept. 414, 263 (2005).

L. Adamczyk et al. [STAR], "Charged-toneutral correlation at forward rapidity in Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ =200 GeV," Phys. Rev. C 91, 034905 (2015)

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Signatures – Chiral Restoration

A defining characteristic of the QGP is restoration of chiral symmetry

Lattice QCD identifies crossover transition at Tc between hadronic gas phase and a QGP phase.*

For T < Tc

the chiral condensate approaches its vacuum value

For T > Tc

the condensate rapidly approaches 0 -> restoration of spontaneously broken chiral symmetry

A direct consequence of chiral symmetry restoration above Tc is that excitation modes that differ only by parity must become degenerate!

* Tc is the inflection point in the T dependence of the renormalized chiral condensate $\langle \psi bar \psi \rangle$, i.e. by the location of the maximum of the chiral susceptibility.

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Chiral Restoration





[PHENIX], "Dielectron production in Au+Au collisions ...," Phys. Rev. C 93, 014904 (2016)

STAR, "Measurements of dielectron production in Au+Au collisions in ...," Phys. Rev. C 107, L061901 (2023)

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Chiral Restoration – Now



ALICE, "Dielectron production in **central** Pb–Pb collisions at 5.02 TeV," [arXiv:2308.16704 [nucl-ex]].

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<u>Signatures – Femtoscopy</u>



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Femtoscopy Then

Brown, R., Twiss, R. "Correlation between Photons in two Coherent Beams of Light," *Nature* **177**, 27–29 (1956).





Figure 1: The two indistinguishable processes leading to the detection of identical pions with momentum p_1 at r_1 and p_2 at r_2 .

W. A. Zajc, "A pedestrian's guide to interferometry," NATO Sci. Ser. B 303, 435 (1993).

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Femtoscopy Since



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Signatures – Parton Propagation



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occurs near

Parton Propagation – Jets Then

FERMILAB-Pub-82/59-THY August, 1982

Energy Loss of Energetic Partons in Quark-Gluon Plasma: Possible Extinction of High pr Jets in Hadron-Hadron Collisions.

> J. D. BJORKEN Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory P.O. Box 500, Batavia, Illinois 60510

An interesting signature may be events in which the hard this effect. the overlap region, with one jet of

edge escaping without absorption and the other fully absorbed.

the



Trigger particle

Away-side particles

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collision

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Parton Propagation (High p_T Particles) Then



FIG. 1. Results of HIJING on the dependence of the inclusive charged-hadron spectra in central Au+Au and p+Au collisions on minijet production (dash-dotted line), gluon shadowing (dashed line), and jet quenching (solid line) assuming that gluon shadowing is identical to that of quarks and dE/dl = 2 GeV/fm with $\lambda_s = 1$ fm. $R^{AB}(p_T)$ is the ratio of the inclusive p_T spectrum of charged hadrons in A + B collisions to that of p + p.

M. Gyulassy and M. Plumer, "Jet Quenching in Dense Matter," Phys. Lett. B 243 (1990), 432

X. N. Wang and M. Gyulassy, "Gluon shadowing and jet quenching in A + A collisions at 200 GeV," Phys. Rev. Lett. 68 (1992), 1480

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<u>Parton Propagation – High p_T Particles Suppressed</u>



Charged particles in Au+Au (Pb+Pb) are suppressed compared to scaled-pp at high p_T over large collision energy range

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Parton Propagation – EM Probes Not Suppressed



Charged particles in Au+Au (Pb+Pb) suppressed at high p_T Not suppressed in p+A

EM probes unaffected at RHIC & LHC Pattern differences when particles identified!

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Parton Propagation – Parton Energy Loss in QGP



Particle-specific effects at low p_T [R_{AA} affected by collective flow & recombination] \rightarrow Universal behavior of "light" hadrons at high p_T



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Flavor Dependence of Identified-Hadron Suppression



 \rightarrow Flavor dependence seen in inclusive CMS data for $p_T < 10$ GeV/c Enhanced suppression hierarchy (J/ ψ , D, π) observed in 0-10% central collisions

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Parton Propagation – High Momentum Correlations

FERMILAB-Pub-82/59-THY August, 1982

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> J. D. BJORKEN Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory P.O. Box 500, Batavia, Illinois 60510

this effect. An interesting signature may be events in which the hard

collision occurs near the edge of the overlap region, with one jet

escaping without absorption and the other fully absorbed.

STAR, Phys.Rev.Lett. 91 (2003) 072304



Trigger particle

Away-side particles



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Parton Propagation – High Momentum Correlations

FERMILAB-Pub-82/59-THY August, 1982

Energy Loss of Energetic Partons in Quark-Gluon Plasma: Possible Extinction of High p_T Jets in Hadron-Hadron Collisions.

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this effect. An interesting signature may be events in which the hard

collision occurs near the edge of the overlap region, with one jet

escaping without absorption and the other fully absorbed.

Quenching of Away-side "jet" is a final state effect

STAR, Phys.Rev.Lett. 91 (2003) 072304



I rigger particle

Away-side particles



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ALICE $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02 \text{ TeV}$

0-10%

10²

ALICE

O ATLAS

Charged particles

0-5%

ALICE

CMS

10

Parton Propagation – Particles and Jets





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 $R_{\rm AA}$

1.8

1.6

1.4

1.2

0.8

0.6

0.4

0.2

0

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Parton Propagation – Particles and Jets



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300

SIGNATURES



<u>Signatures –</u>

Unanticipated & New Developments

- Collective Flow
- Jet Substructure
- Energy Energy Correlations
- Small Systems (including pp)
- Equation of State & Other Subfields
- Baryon Junctions?
- DICs?
- Deadcone
- Others

"QGP Signatures" Revisited, J. W. Harris & B. Müller, European Journal of Physics, in press [arXiv:2308.05743 [hep-ph]].

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Unanticipated Impact -> A Nearly Perfect Strongly-coupled Fluid

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Collective Flow

v2(p_T) in 20–30% central Au+Au (Pb+Pb) $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$.039 - 2.76 TeV

<u>Hybrid model</u> – IP-Glasma initial state model, Music viscous fluid dynamics, UrQMD hadronic transport





Follow same curve – elliptic flow driven by hydrodynamic expansion of fireball with the initial geometric shape of the initial nuclear overlap

B. Schenke, C. Shen and P. Tribedy, Phys. Rev. C 102, 044905 (2020)

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<u>Collective Flow – Trends</u>



v2 as function of $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$



Constituent quark scaled elliptic flow coefficient v_2/n_q for five different hadron vs. scaling variable $(m_T - m_0)/n_q$



Mechanism driving v₂ changes for $\sqrt{s_{NN}} < 10$ GeV. Slow increase for above 10 GeV due to invariant behavior of v₂(p_T) and gradual increase in the mean p_T of particle spectrum with increasing $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$

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Collective Flow

Comparison of specific shear viscosity η/s values – QGP from heavy-ion collisions to measured values for He and H_2O



J. E. Bernhard, J. S. Moreland and S. A. Bass, "Bayesian estimation of the specific shear and bulk viscosity of quark–gluon plasma," Nature Phys. 15, 1113 (2019)

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Signatures –

Unanticipated & New Developments

- Collective Flow
- Jet Substructure
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- Small Systems (including pp)
- Equation of State & Other Subfields
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- Others

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WWND: Mooney, Majumder, Lebedev, Song , Salur



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Unanticipated & New Developments



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Unanticipated & New Developments

Does Size really matter on the overall scale of things?



Multiplicity matters!

WWND: Ma, Majumder

- Collective Flow
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- Others

What about pp and the QGP?

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Unanticipated & New Developments

EoS of QCD matter - a centerpiece of RHIC program.

EoS experiments shifted back to few-GeV range as explored in the second RHIC beam energy scan (μ_B above reliable LQCD calculations).

Does the smooth crossover from hadronic matter to QGP become a 1st-order phase transition with a threshold critical point? (TBD)

Transport properties? Connection to nuclear astro!

Collective Flow

- Jet Substructure
- Energy Energy Correlations
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•	DICs?	WWND:
•	Deadcone	Grefa – Holographic Black Hole, Transport Properties and EOS
•	Others	Li – Speed of sound in QGP Ratti – EoS (HIC, Neutron Star Binaries, (Dexheimer)

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"Probing neutron-star matter in the lab: connecting binary mergers to heavy-ion collisions," E.R. Most et al, Phys.Rev.D 107 (2023) 4, 043034

Signatures –

Unanticipated & New Developments

- **Collective Flow** \bullet
- Jet Substructure
- **Energy Energy Correlations**
- Small Systems (including pp)
- **Equation of State & Other Subfields**
- **Baryon Junctions?**
- DICs? \bullet
- Deadcone
- Others

WWND:

Grefa – Holographic Black Hole, Transport **Properties and EOS** Li – Speed of sound in QGP

Ratti – EoS (HIC, Neutron Star Binaries,... (Dexheimer)

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WWND: Frenklakh, Ma, Tribedy

<u>Signatures –</u>

Unanticipated & New Developments

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"Static and dynamic critical phenomena at a second order QCD phase transition," K. Rajagopal and, F. Wilczek Nuclear Physics B399 (1993) 395

"Kaon and pion fluctuations from small disoriented chiral condensates" S. Gavin and J. I. Kapusta, Phys. Rev. C 65, 054910 (2002)

"Modeling of charged kaon and neutral kaon fluctuations as a signature for the production of a disoriented chiral condensate in A–A collisions" R. Nayak, S. Dash, B. Nandi and C. Pruneau, Phys. Rev. C 101, 054904 (2020)

"Neutral to charged kaon yield fluctuations in Pb – Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ = 2.76 TeV," ALICE Collaboration, Phys. Lett. B 832, 137242 (2022)

"Disoriented isospin condensates may be the source • Others of anomalous kaon correlations measured in Pb-Pb collisions.." J.I. Kapusta, S. Pratt, and M. Singh, arXiv:2306.13280 [hep-ph].

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<u>Signatures –</u>

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WWND: Singh, Pruneau

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Ratio of D-jets to inclusive in pp



$$R(\theta) = \frac{1}{N^{D^0 \text{ jets}}} \frac{\mathrm{d}n^{D^0 \text{ jets}}}{\mathrm{d}\ln(1/\theta)} / \frac{1}{N^{\mathrm{inclusive jets}}} \frac{\mathrm{d}n^{\mathrm{inclusive jets}}}{\mathrm{d}\ln(1/\theta)} \bigg|_{k_{\mathrm{T}}, E_{\mathrm{Radiator}}}$$

<u>Signatures –</u>

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- Deadcone

in AA?

Y.L. Dokshitzer, V.A. Khoze, and S.I. Troian, "On specific QCD properties of heavy quark fragmentation ('dead cone')", J. Phys. G17 (1991) 1602–1604

ALICE, Nature 605 (2022) 440-446

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Unanticipated & New Developments

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- DICs?
- Deadcone
- Others Vortical flow, CME, Exotic nuclei, Multi-quark states.....



Many Topics & Results Not Presented (or not in detail)

- Vortical Flow
- Exotic Nuclei (hyper-triton, anti-alpha, exotic multi-quark states)
- Chiral Magnetic Effect
- Directed Flow and link of Net-proton BES data to EOS
- Ultra-Peripheral Collisions
- Cold Nuclear Matter studies
- Higher order flow harmonics
- Fluctuations, correlation lengths and susceptibilities
- Fragmentation Function studies
- Various new approaches (theoretical and experimental)
- and more...

In Lieu of a Summary





Tonight let's wish the 3 Renes a Happy 65th Birthday! 🛨 🌈 🕤

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Thanks for your Attention!

Apologies to those not mentioned



Let's Get "Back to the Future"!

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