



LE CERN

ACTUALITÉS

SCIENCE

RES

Welcome,  
French teachers!

- Notions du “noyau”
- L’installation ISOLDE
- Les manips (résultats)



YEARS / ANS CERN



# Il y a 100 ans... la naissance de la spectrométrie de masse

F.W.Aston (~1920's): 212 isotopes discovered  
Packing fraction

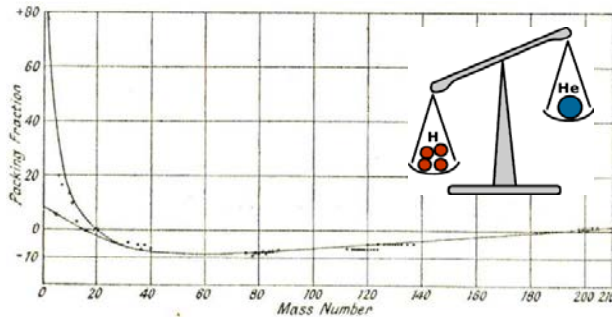
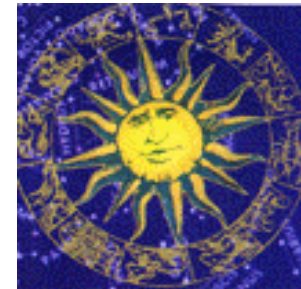
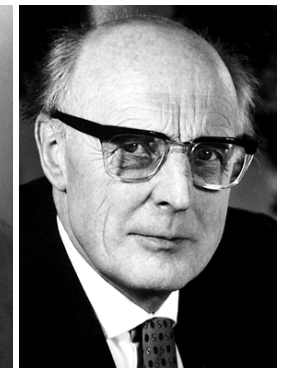
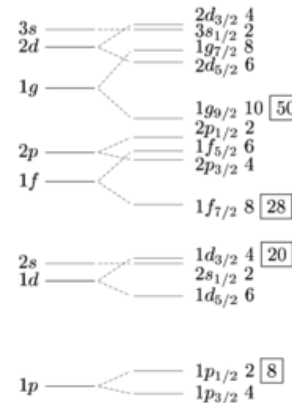
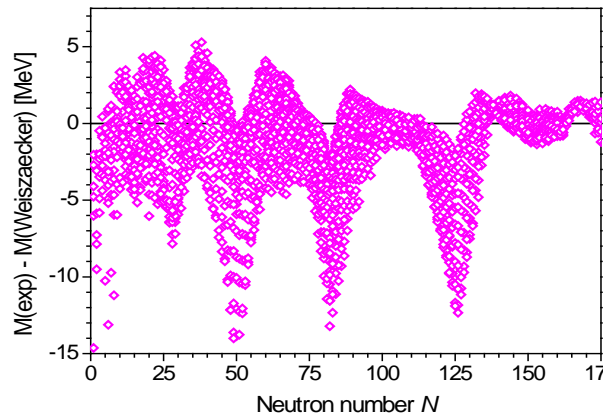


Fig. 20.—Aston's Original Packing Fraction Curve (1927).

A. Eddington (~1920)  
Stellar combustion



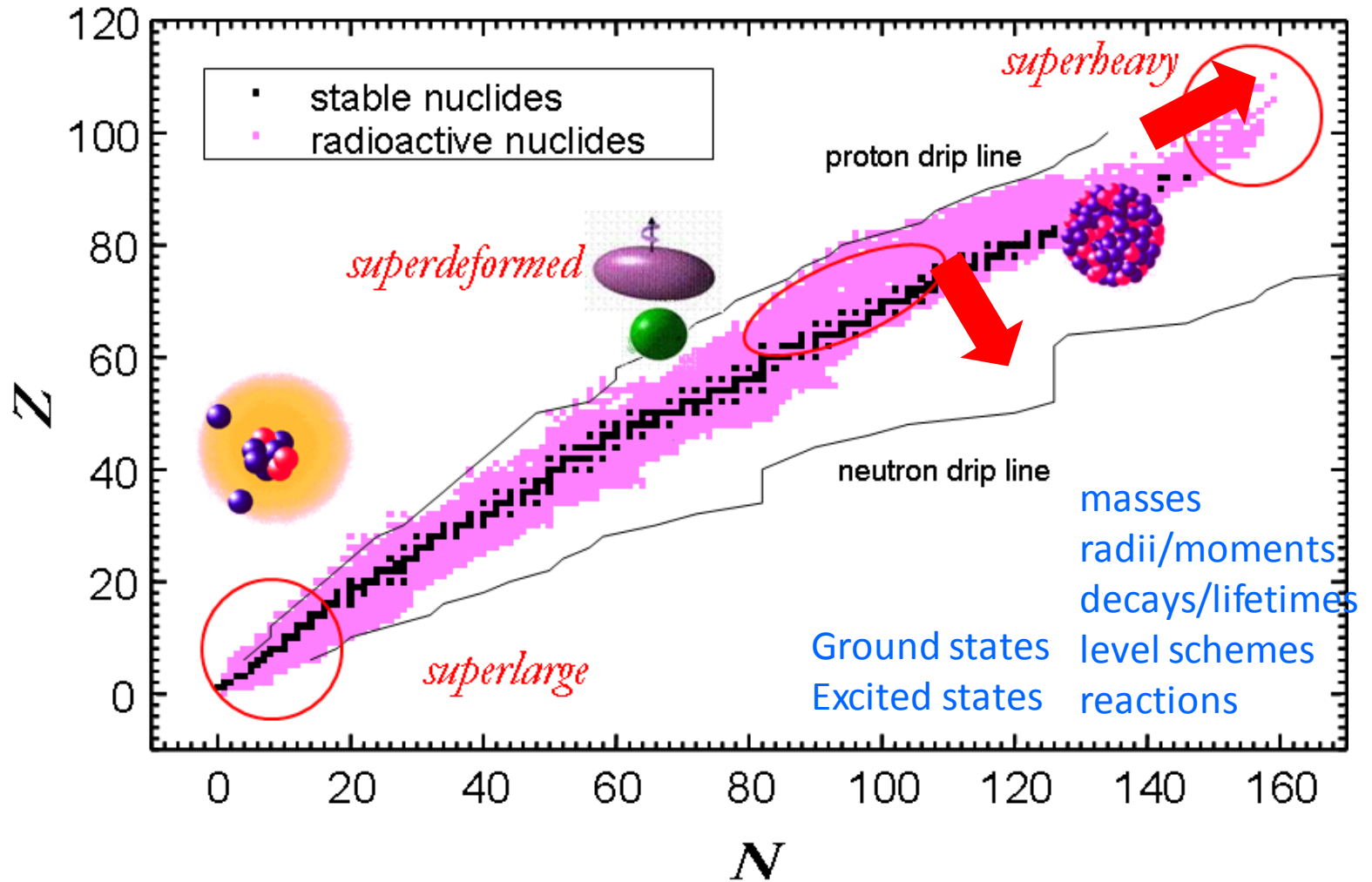
$$E = mc^2$$



C.F. von Weizsäcker (~1935)  
Liquid-drop mass formula

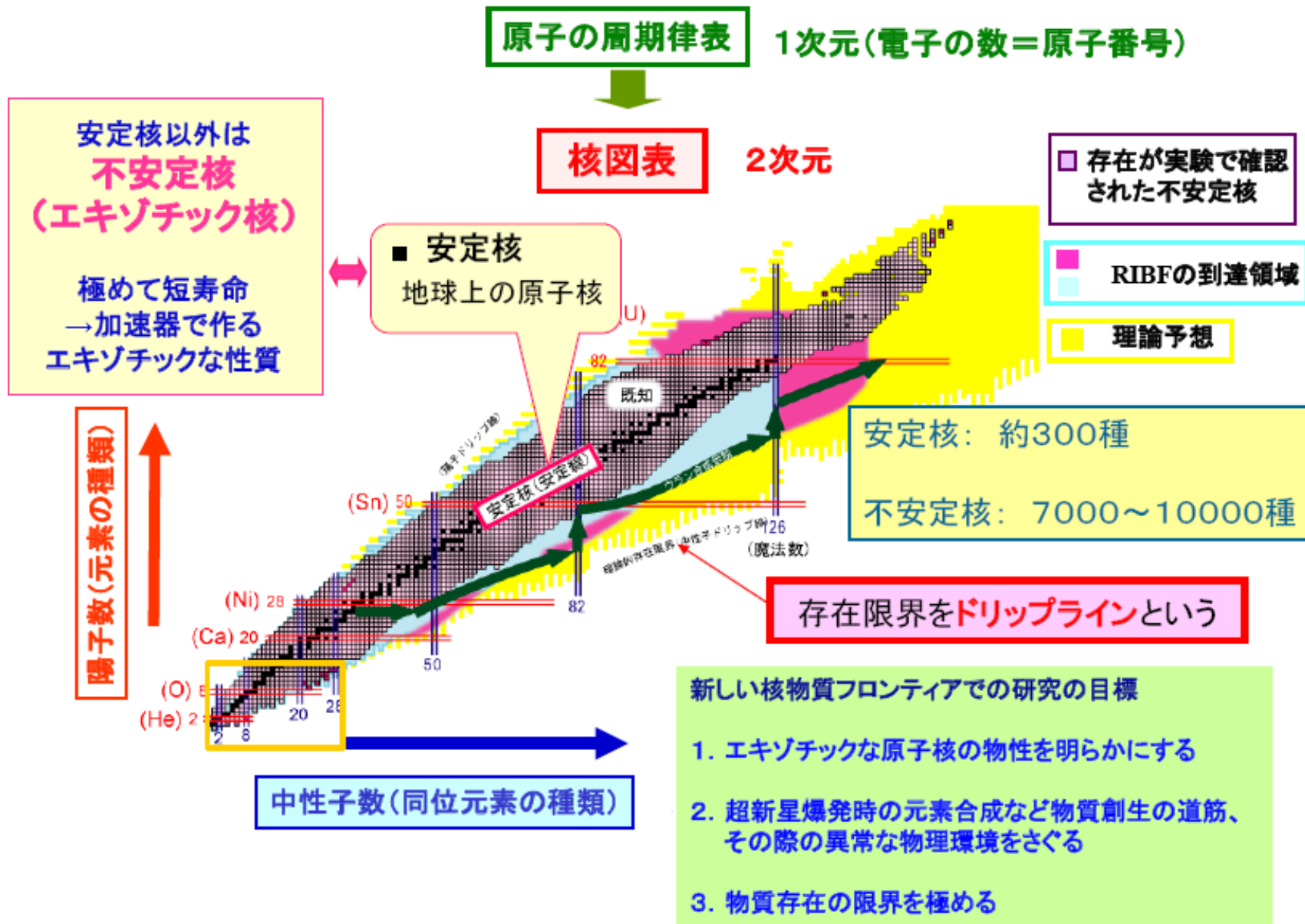
M. Goeppert/H. Jensen (~1963)  
Nuclear shell model

# Nuclear chart



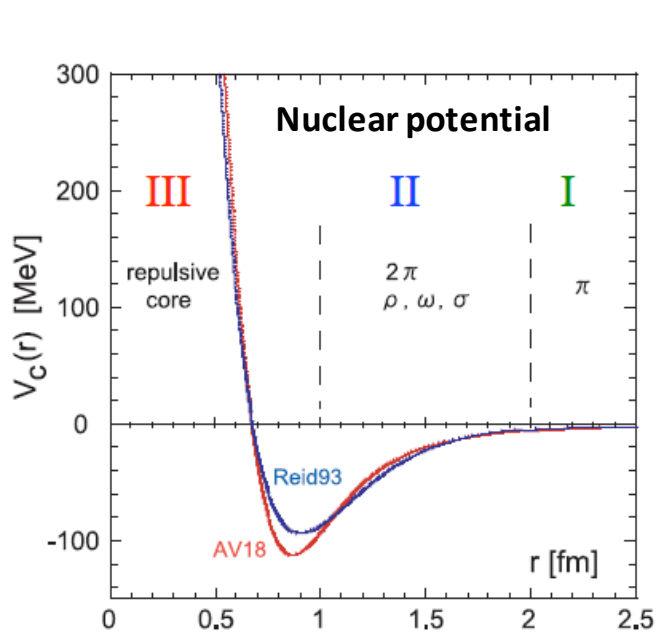
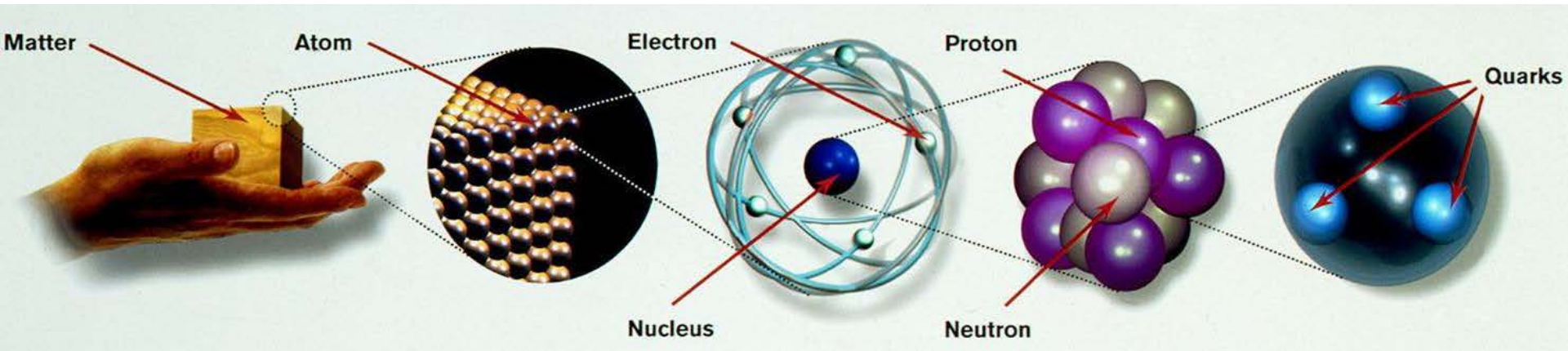
# Nuclear chart

(as seen by a particle physicist!)

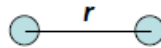




# La matière : l'atome – le noyau – les quarks...



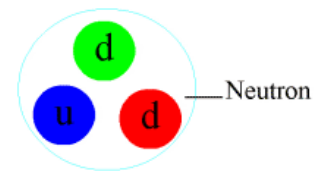
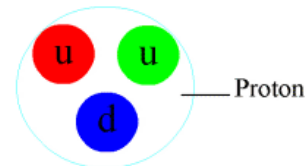
I Long range part  
one pion exchange potential



II Medium range part  
 $\sigma, \rho, \omega$  exchange  
 $2\pi$  exchange



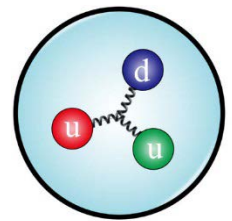
III Short range part  
repulsive core (RC)  
quark ?



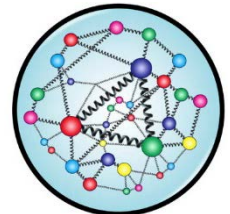
Animation: Wikipedia

**gluons : 99% de la masse du nucléon !**

Internal structure of proton from (a) traditional quark model and (b) quantum chromodynamics.

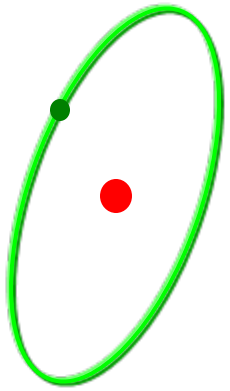


(a)

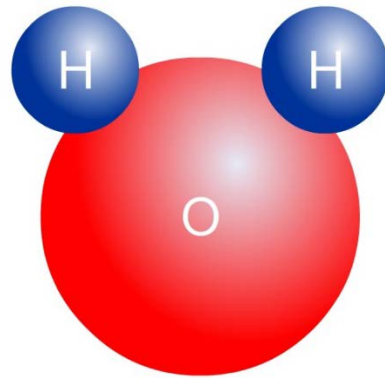


(b)

# Emergent (versus resultant) phenomena



hydrogen atom



water molecule

Media Portal  
for STEM teaching

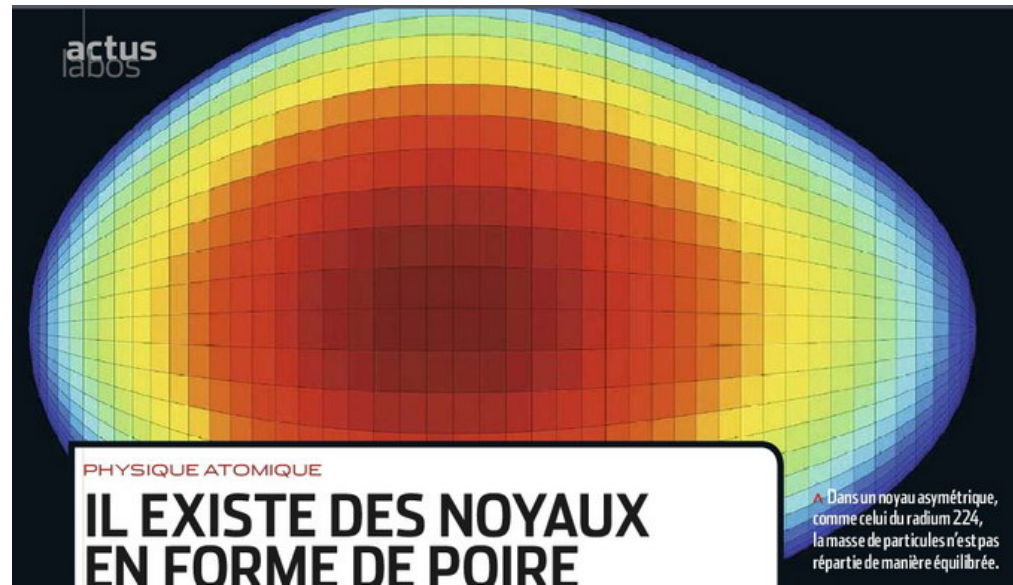
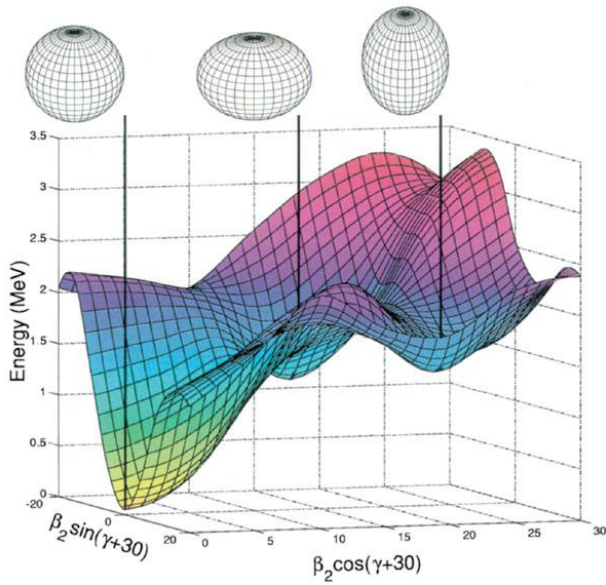
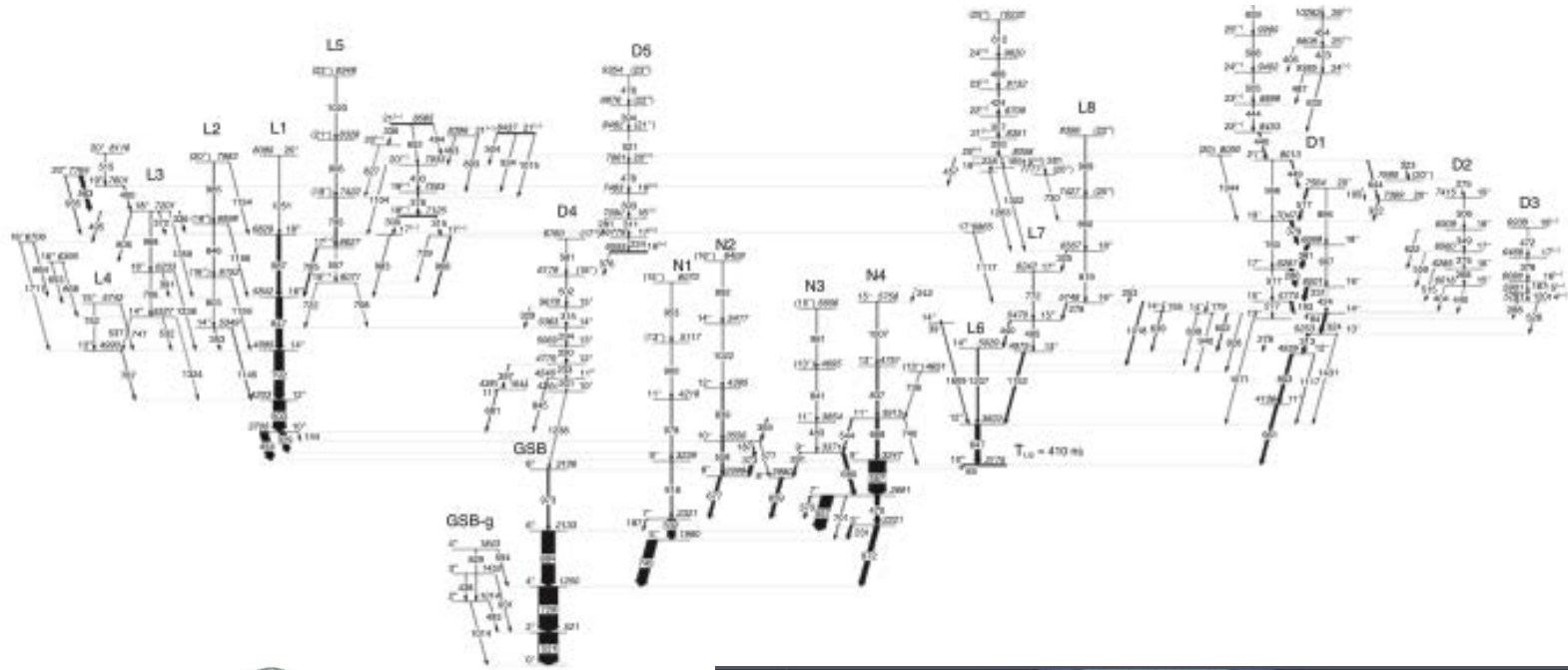
SIEMENS | Stiftung

O = oxygen particle  
H = hydrogen particle

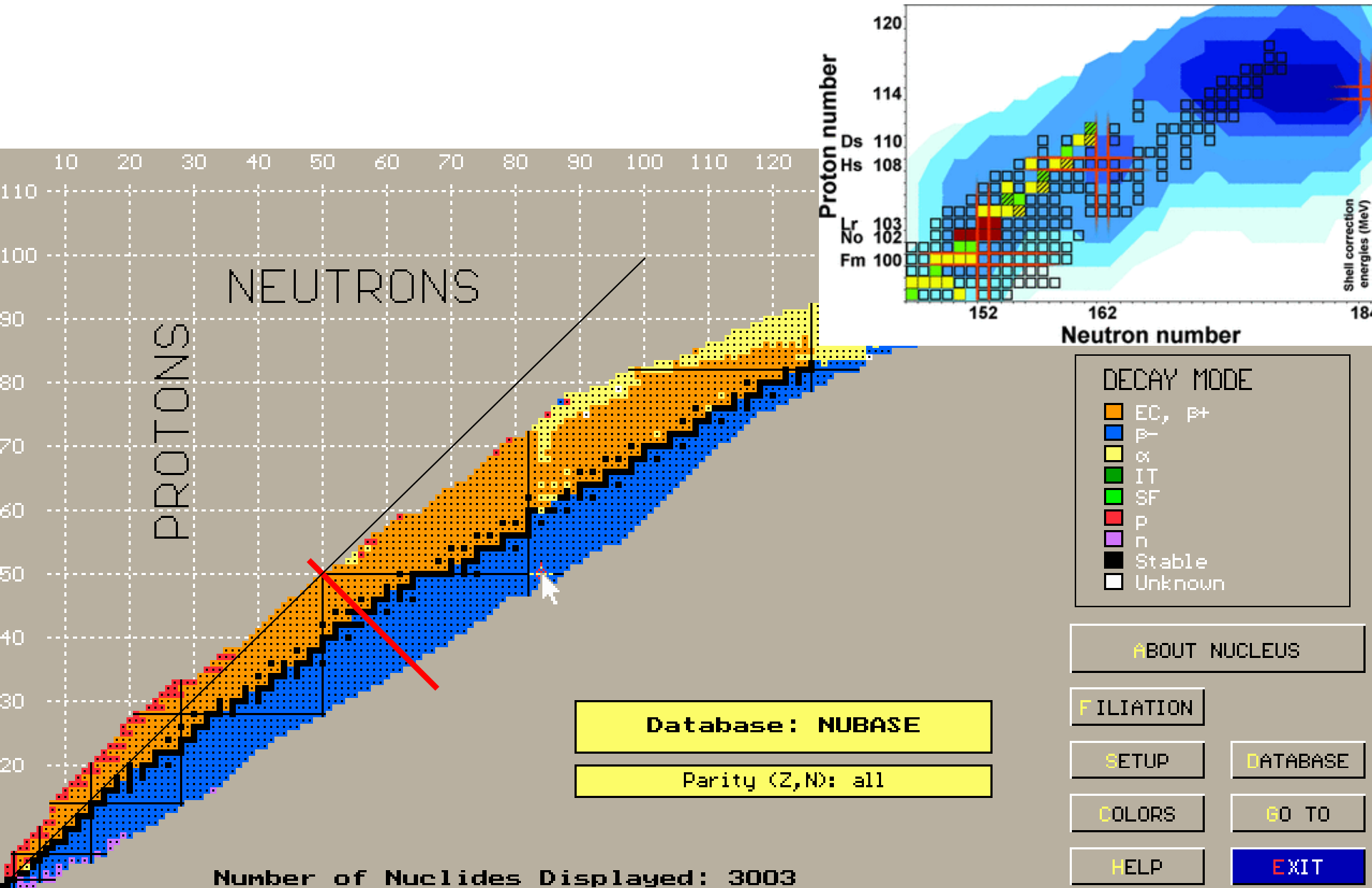


snowflake

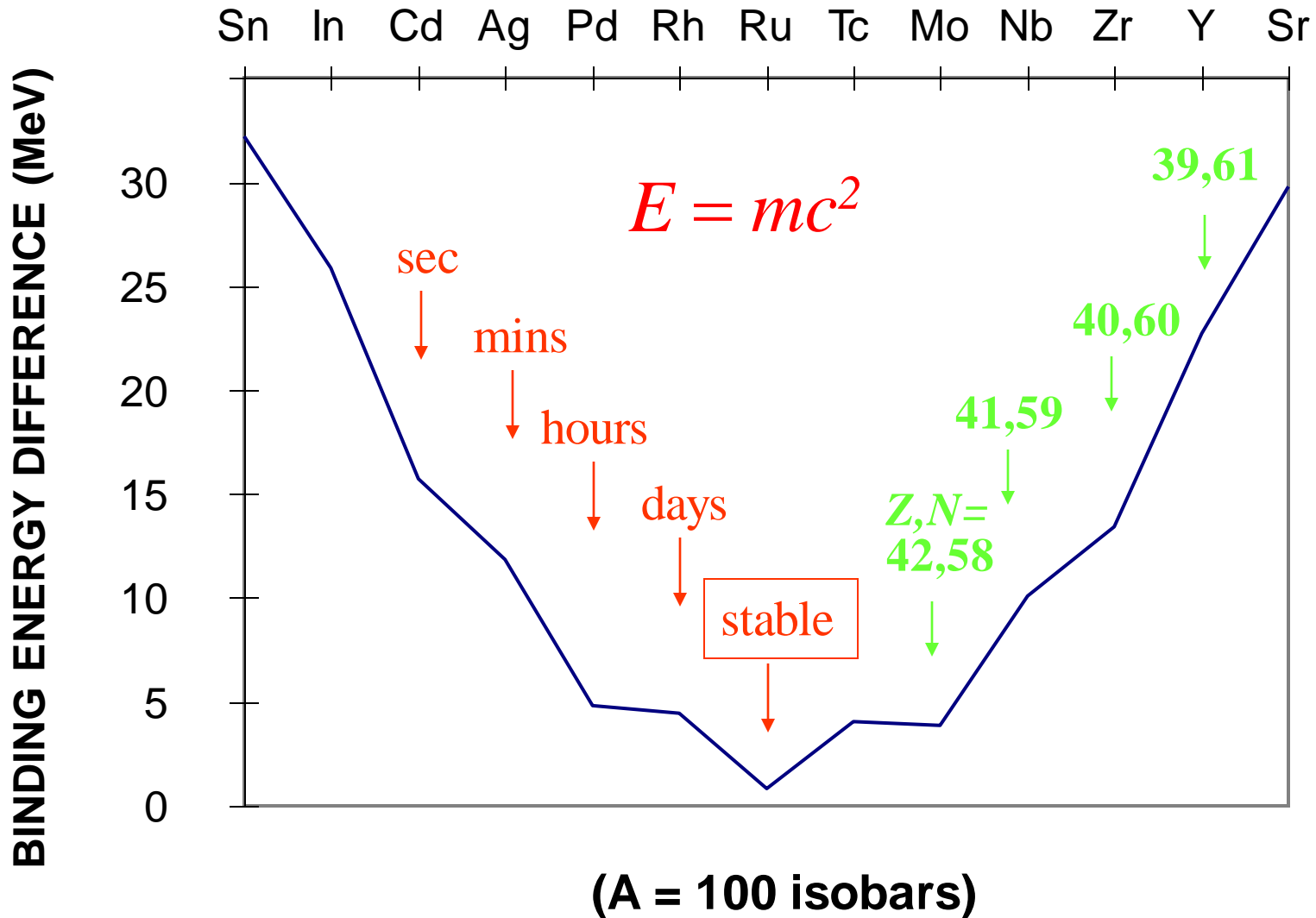
# Que deux ingrédients pour le noyau, mais...



# La carte nucléaire





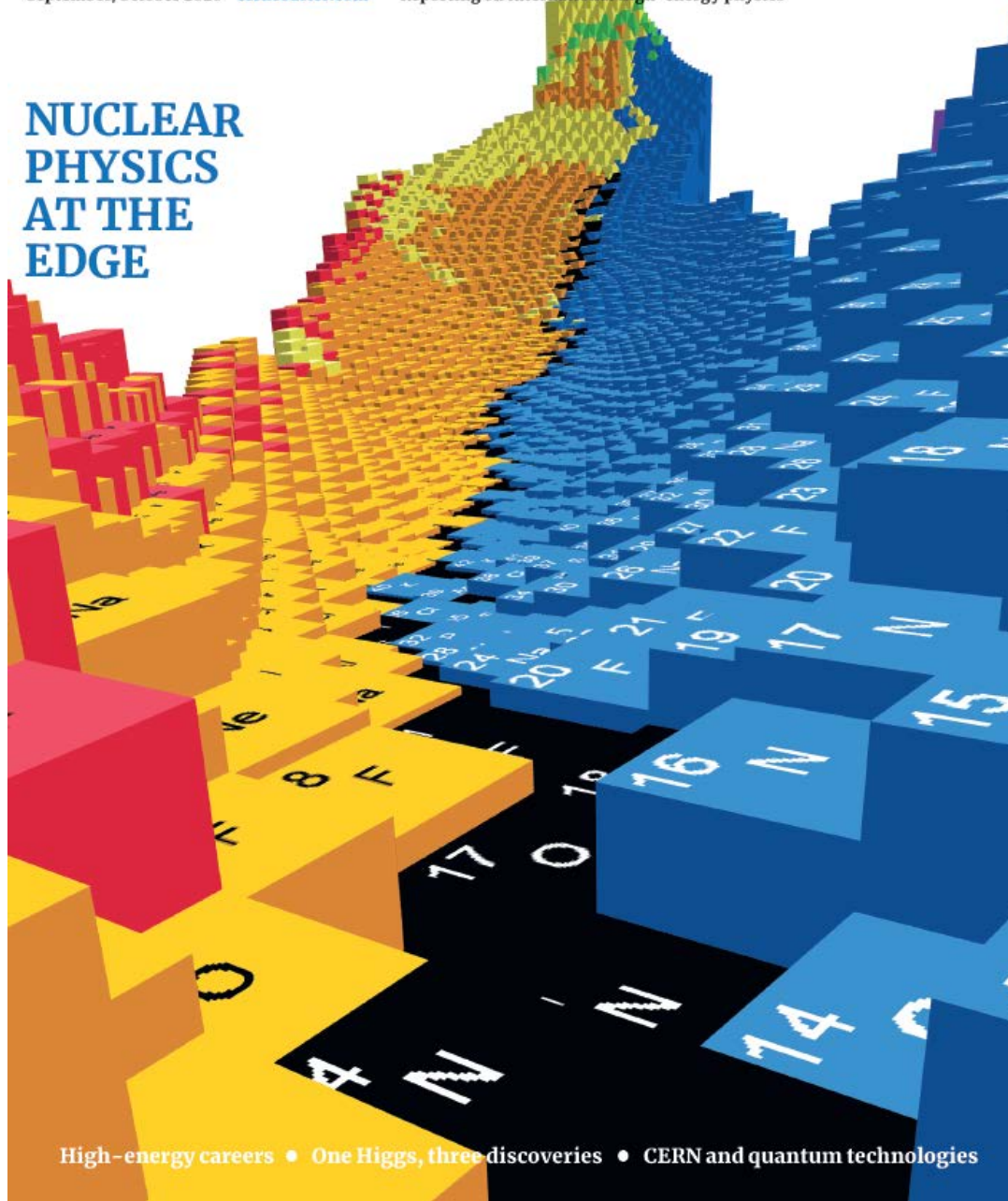


$Z \cdot m_p + N \cdot m_n - BE$       Binding Energy : (énergie de liaison)

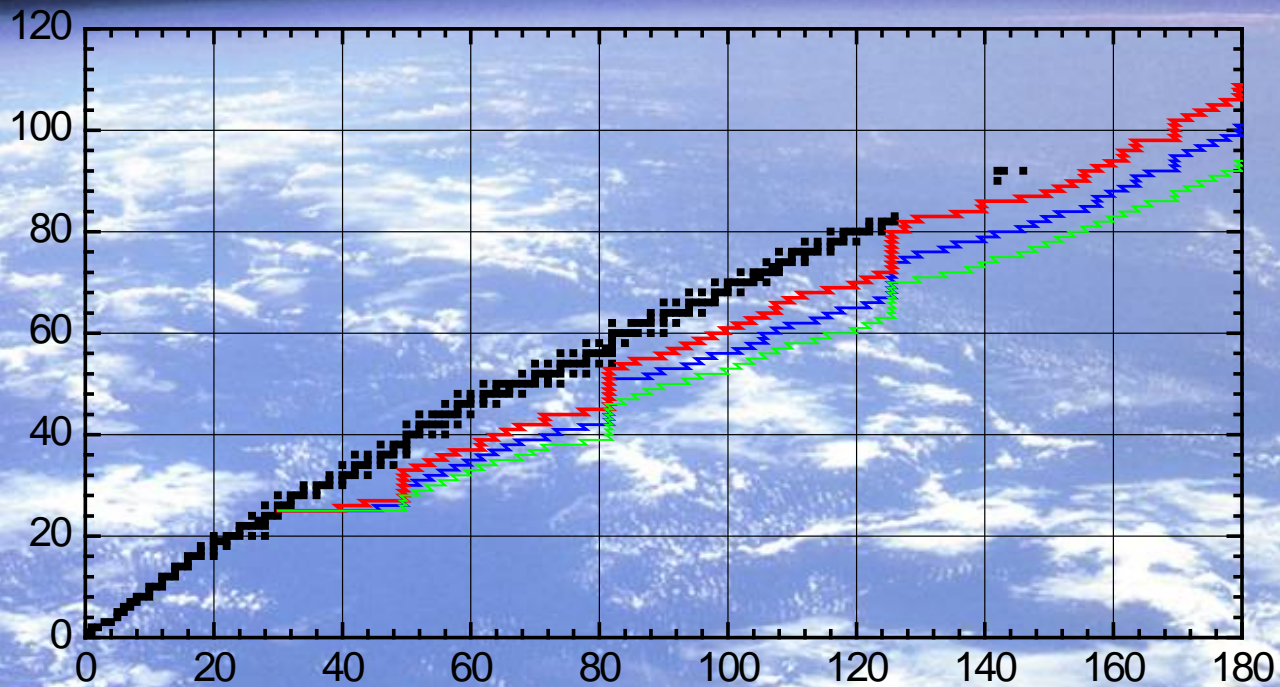
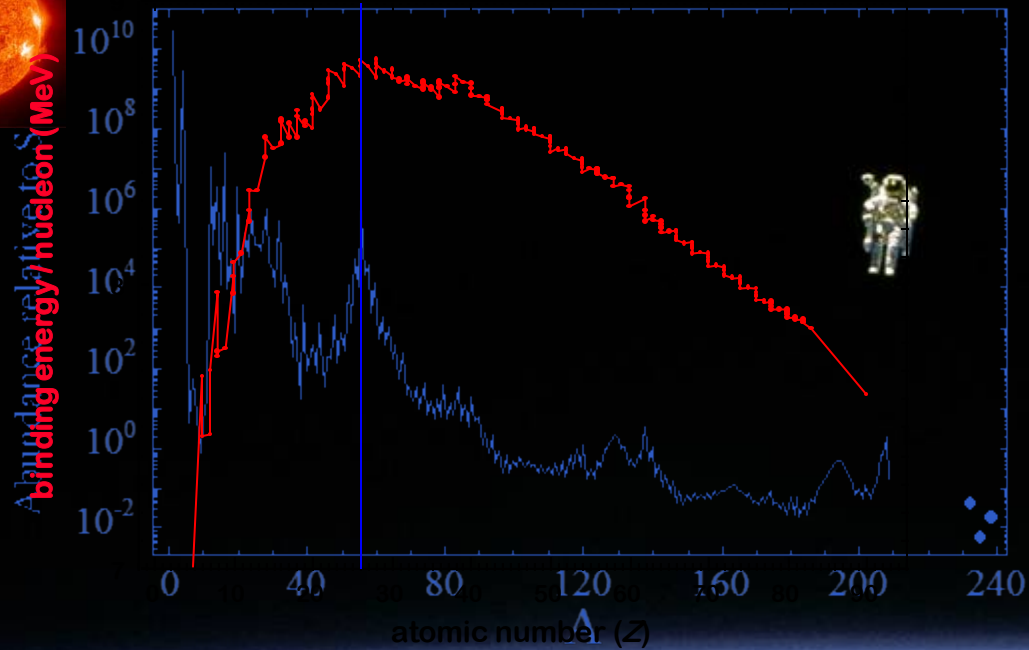
# CERN COURIER

September/October 2020 [cerncourier.com](http://cerncourier.com) Reporting on international high-energy physics

## NUCLEAR PHYSICS AT THE EDGE



High-energy careers • One Higgs, three discoveries • CERN and quantum technologies









# Spectral pattern of different elements

Hydrogen

Helium

Carbon

Nitrogen

Oxygen

Neon

Sodium

Magnesium

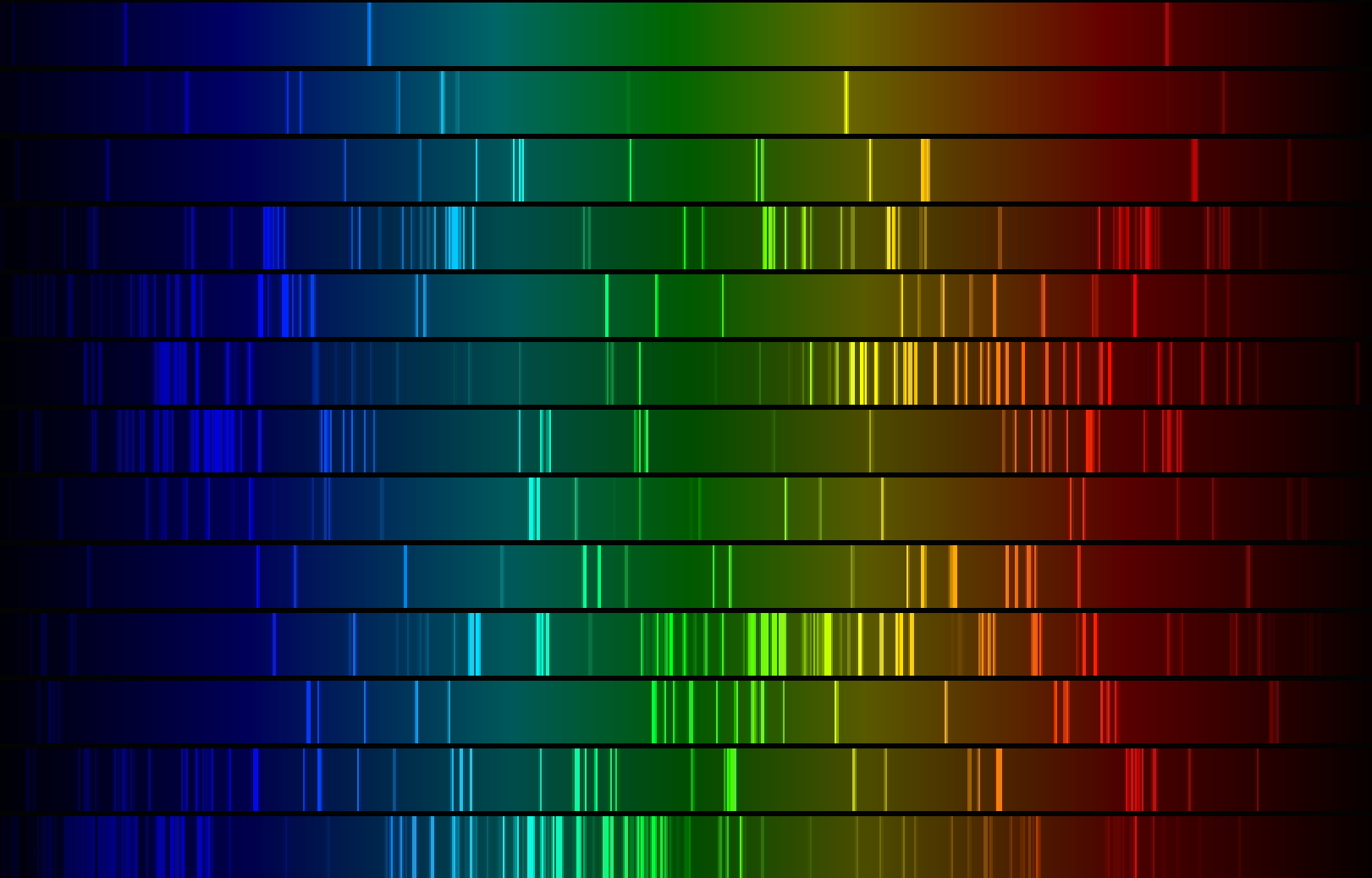
Aluminum

Silicon

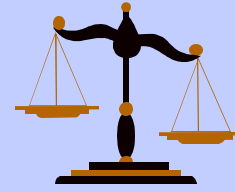
Sulphur

Calcium

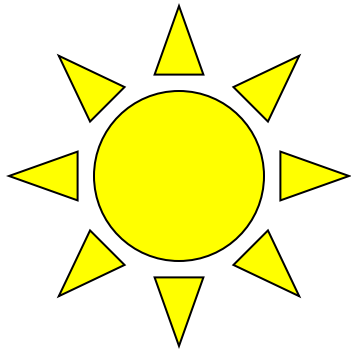
Iron



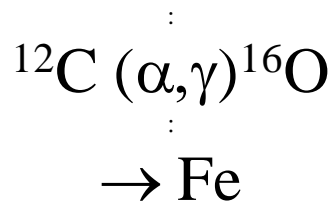
# *nucléosynthèse stellaire*



## *hydrostatique*



fusion:  $p + p \rightarrow \text{He}$   
(milliards d'années)



capture  
neutronique  
processus-*s*  
(pulsation):  
1000 ans

## *explosive*



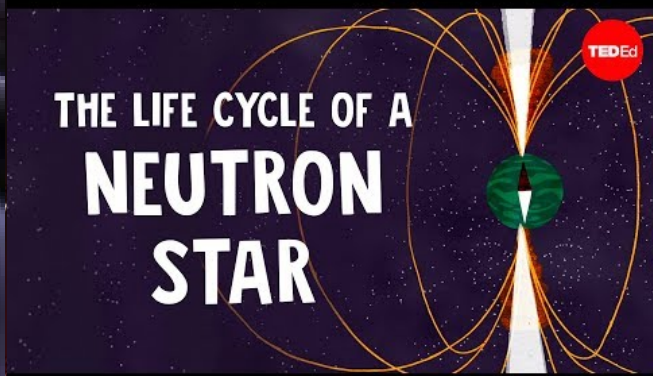
processus-*r*: secondes  
processus-*p*:  $(\gamma, p)$   $(\gamma, n)$



The  
**ORIGINS**  
of  
**GOLD**

A cartoon character with a pointed hat and a dark robe stands on a large, glowing yellow pile of gold. The character is holding a small golden object in its right hand. The background is white.

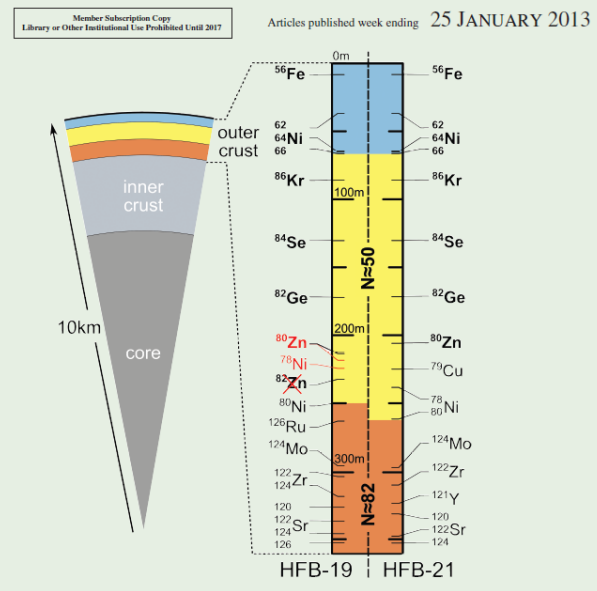
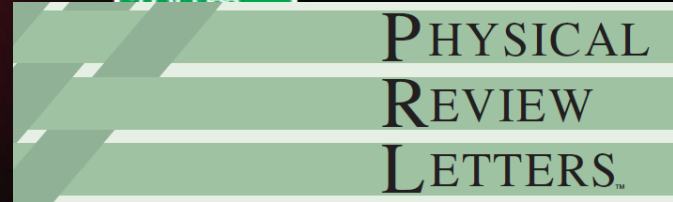




GW170817: dawn of multimessenger astronomy (image: ESA)

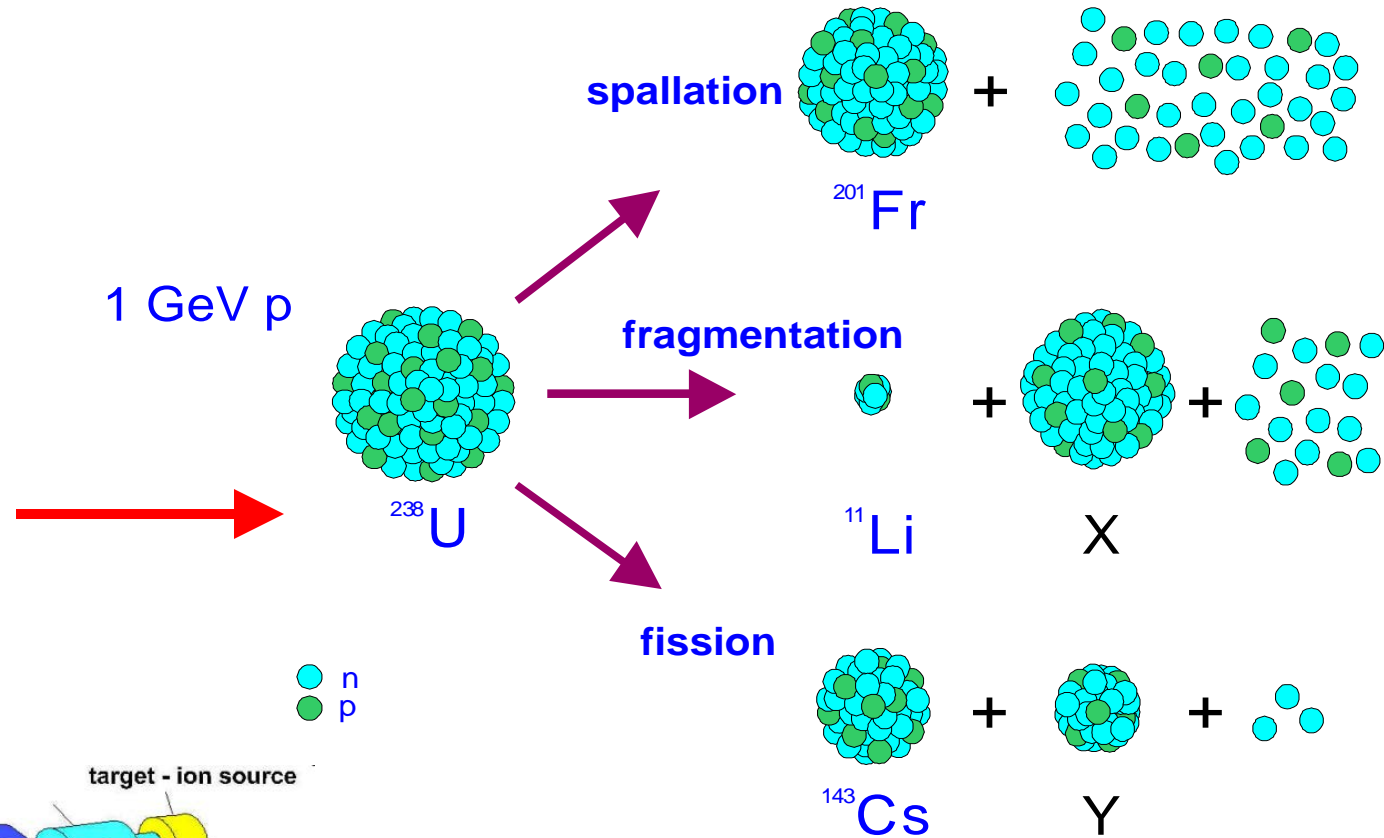


**ISOLTRAP casts light on neutron stars**

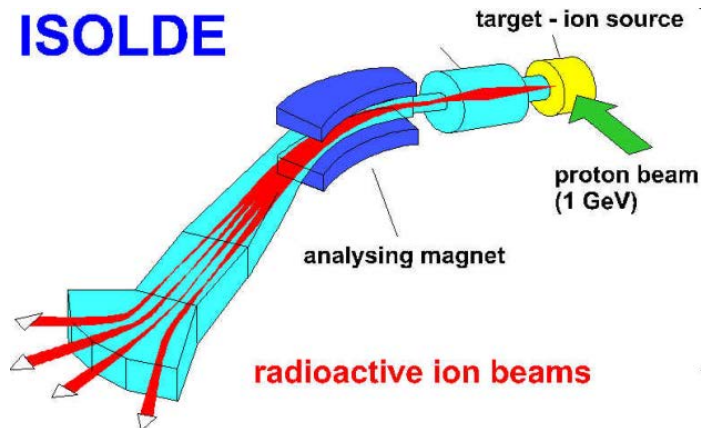




# ISOTOPE production

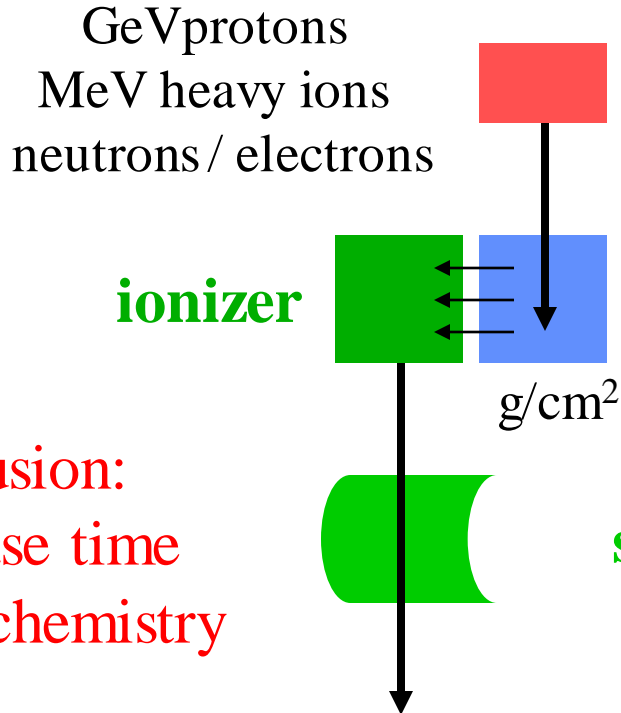


**ISOLDE**



# Production (and separation) techniques for exotic nuclides

## Isotope Separation On-Line (ISOL)



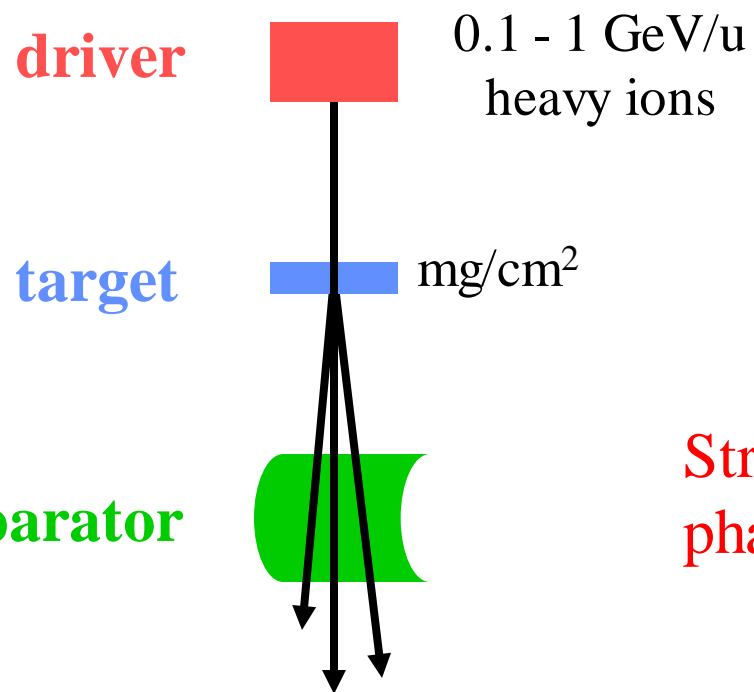
10-100 keV

good beam quality

(charge-breeding)

post-acceleration

## Fragmentation In-Flight Separation (FIFS)



0.1-1 GeV

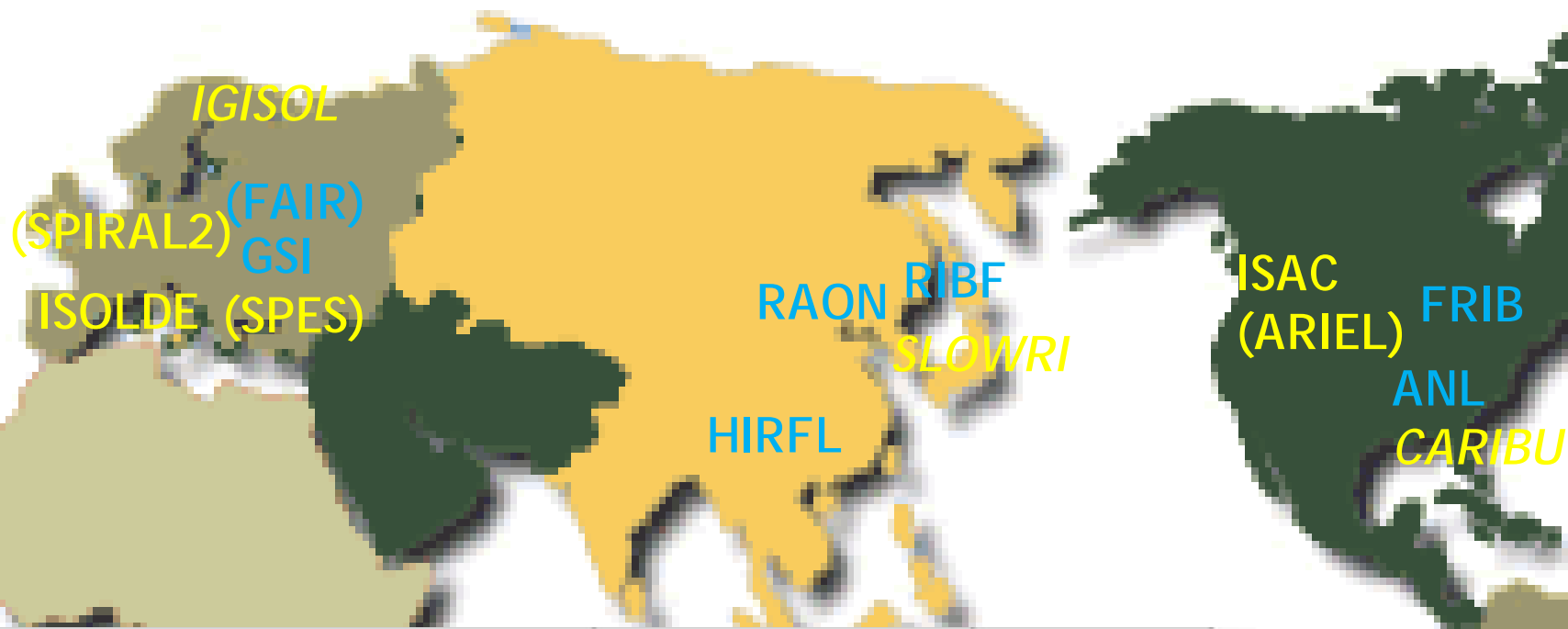
short lived / unbound

deceleration

or stopping

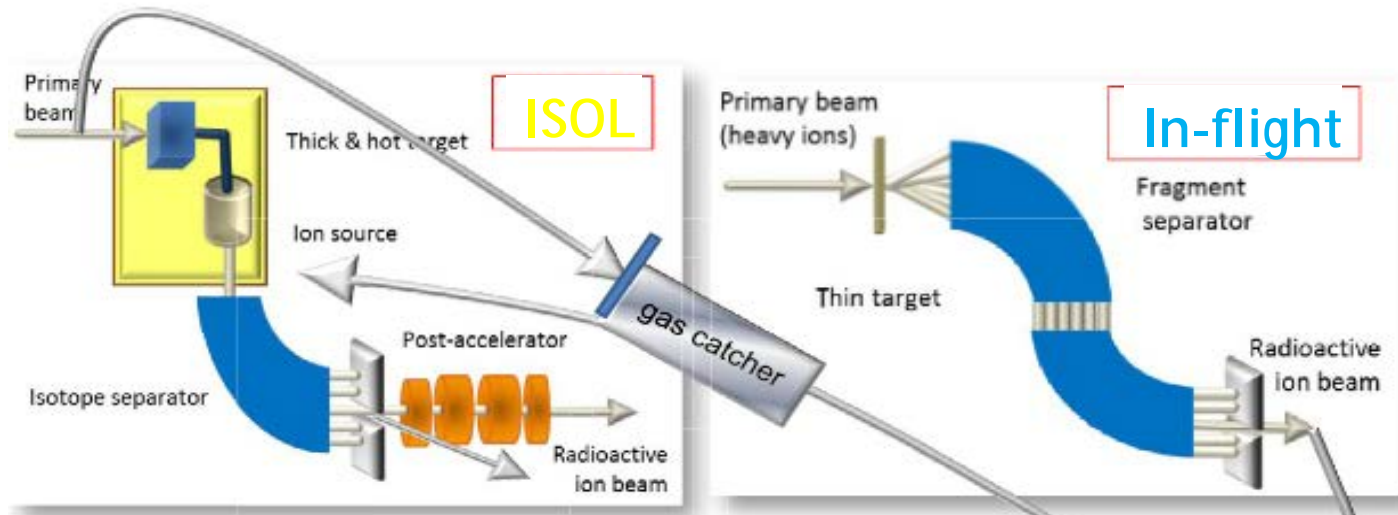
# Major Radioactive Beam Facilities Worldwide

## In-flight ISOL/gaswerks (future)

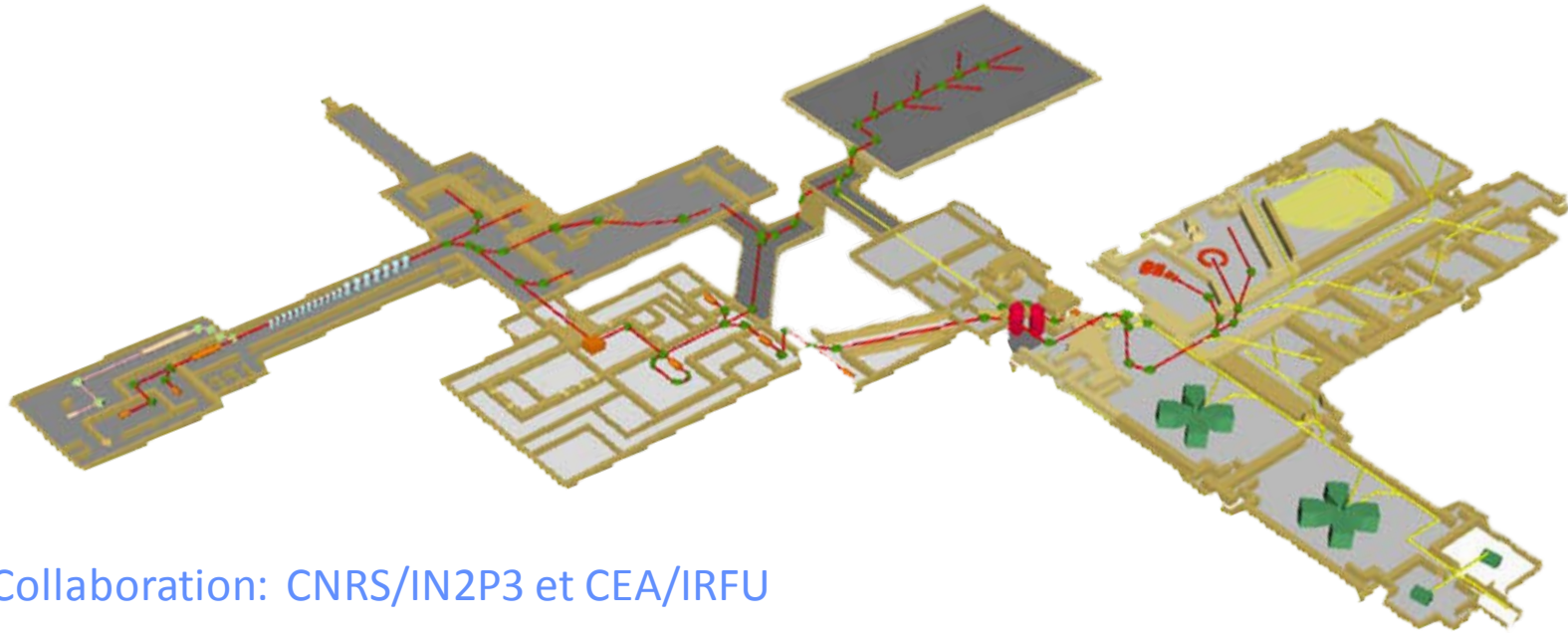


Phys. Scr. T152 (2013) 014023

Y Blumenfeld *et al*



# SPIRAL 2 : nouvelle installation pour les noyaux exotiques actuellement en construction auprès du GANIL à Caen

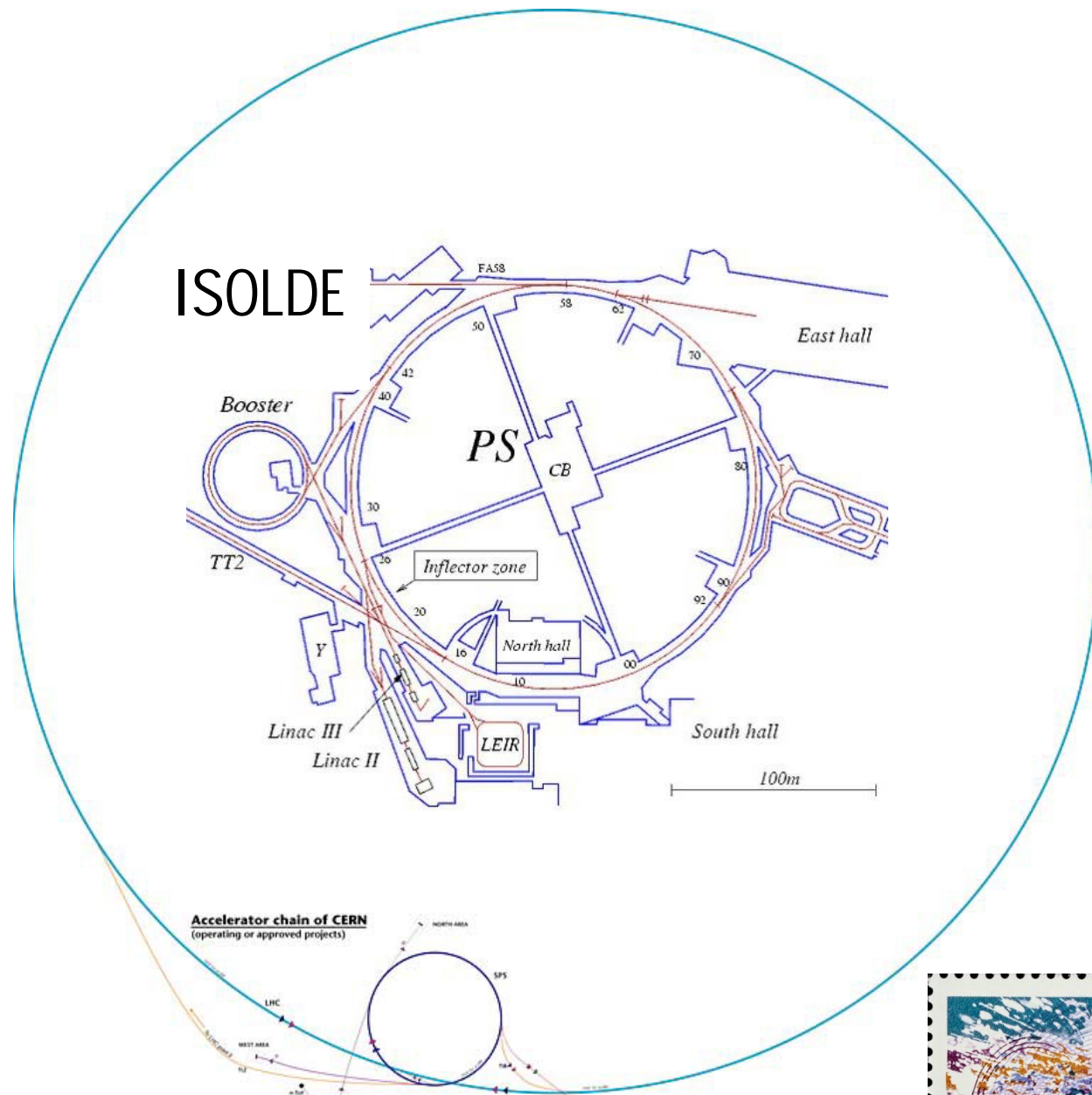


Collaboration: CNRS/IN2P3 et CEA/IRFU









ISOLDE

East hall

PS

CB

Booster

TT2

Inflector zone

North hall

Linac III

Linac II

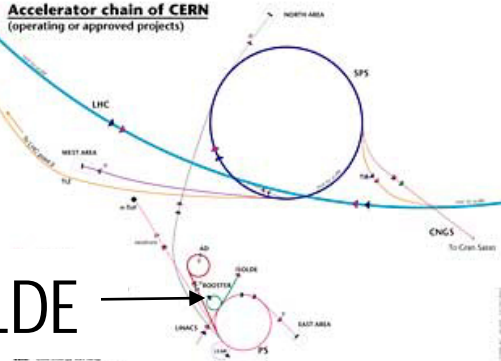
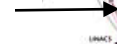
LEIR

South hall

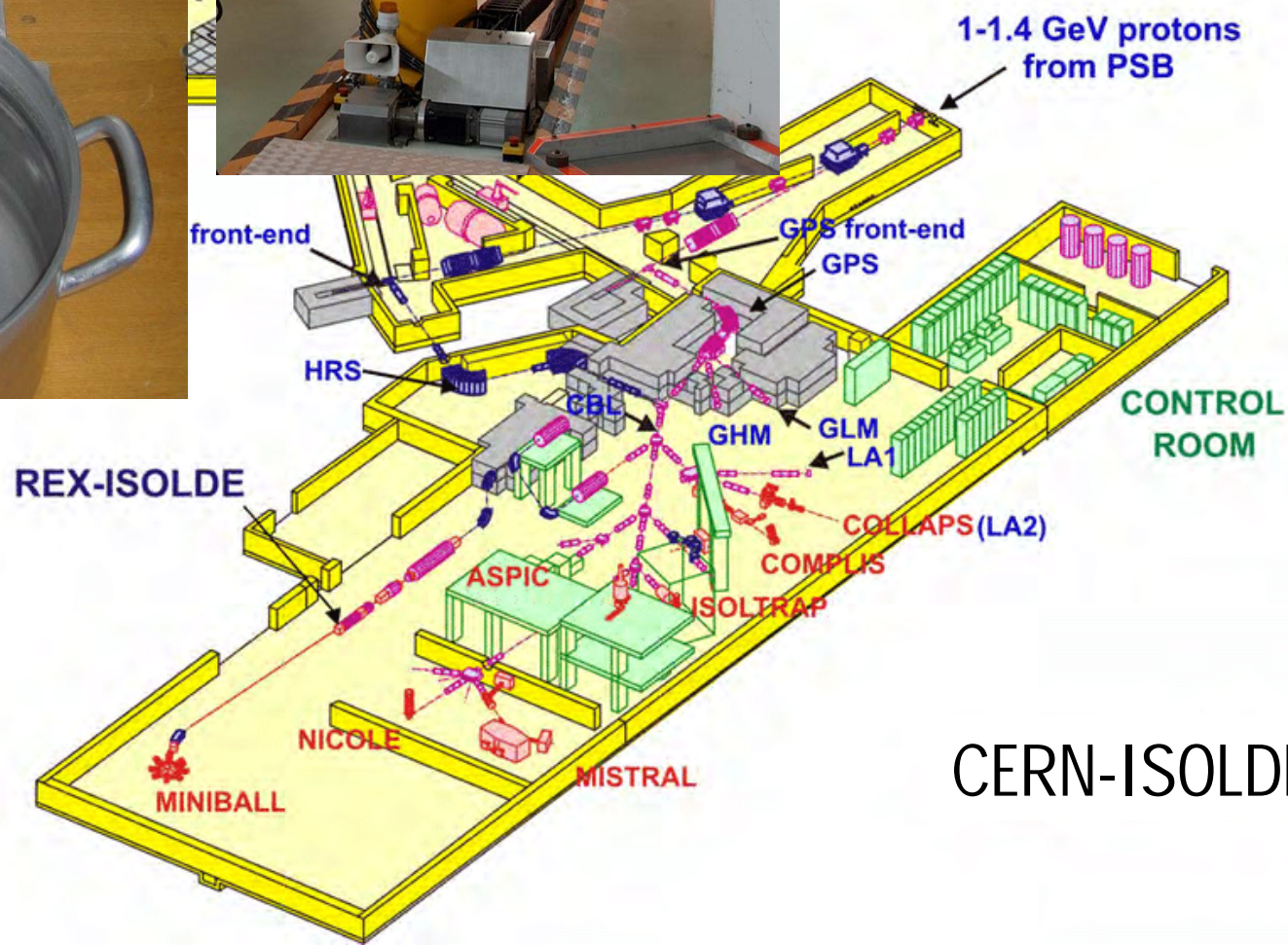
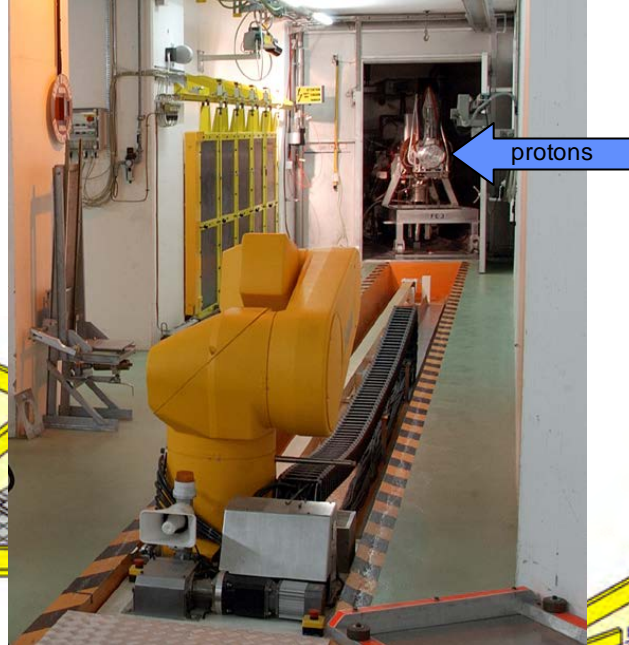
100m

**Accelerator chain of CERN**  
(operating or approved projects)

ISOLDE



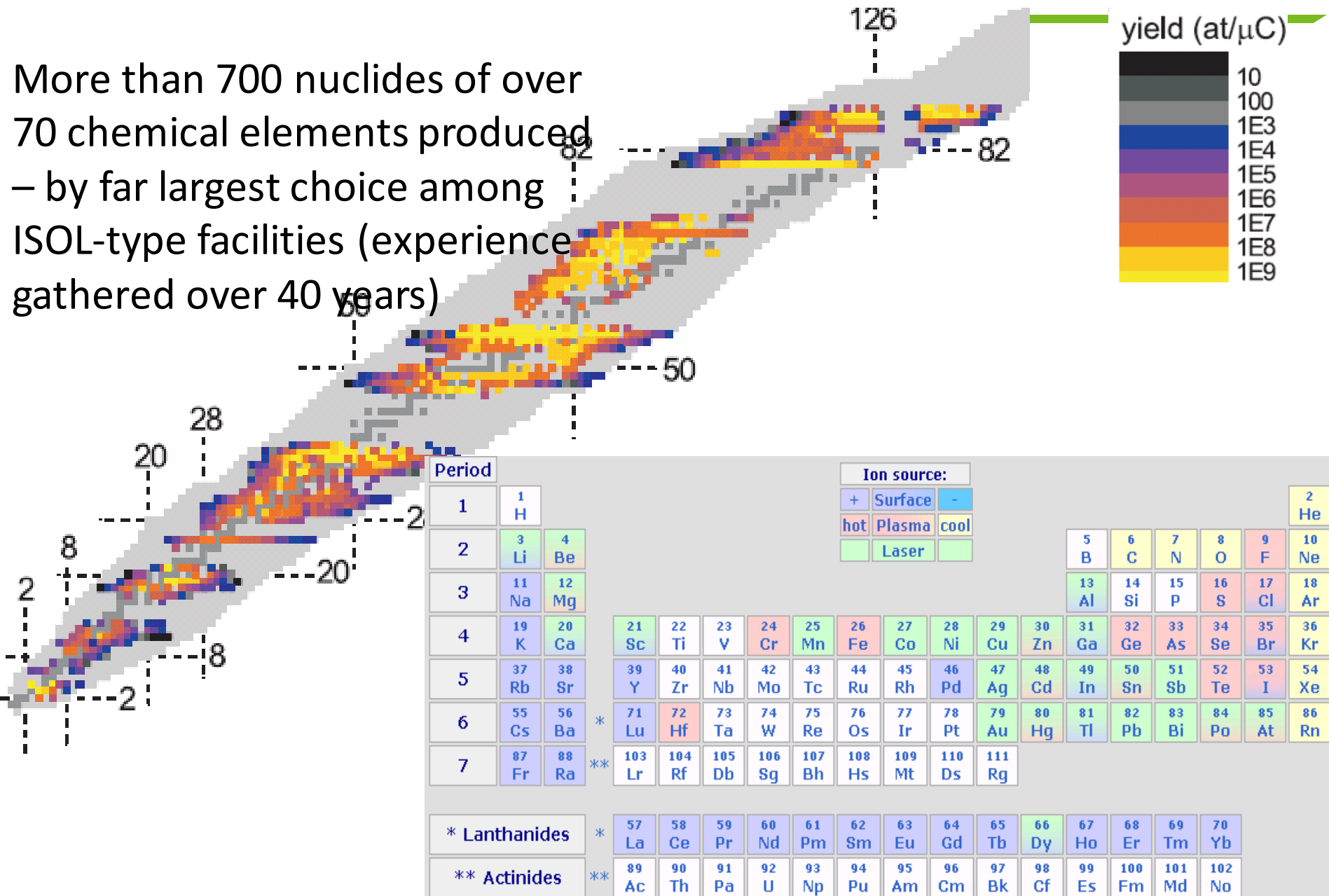




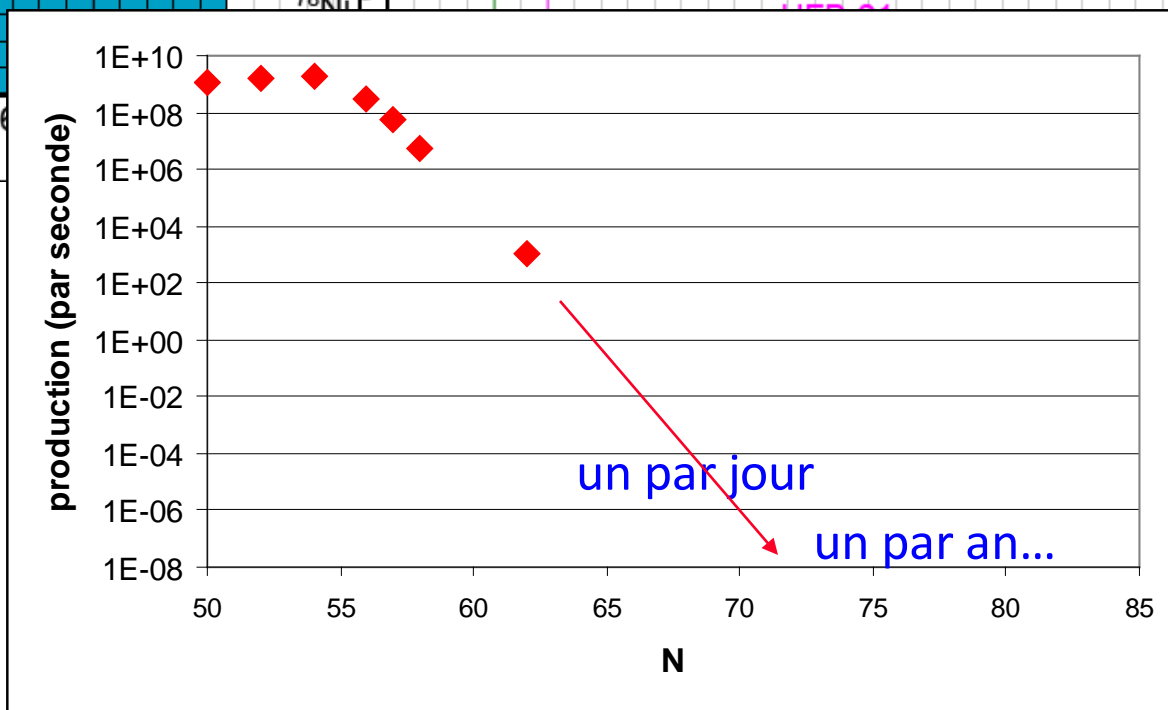
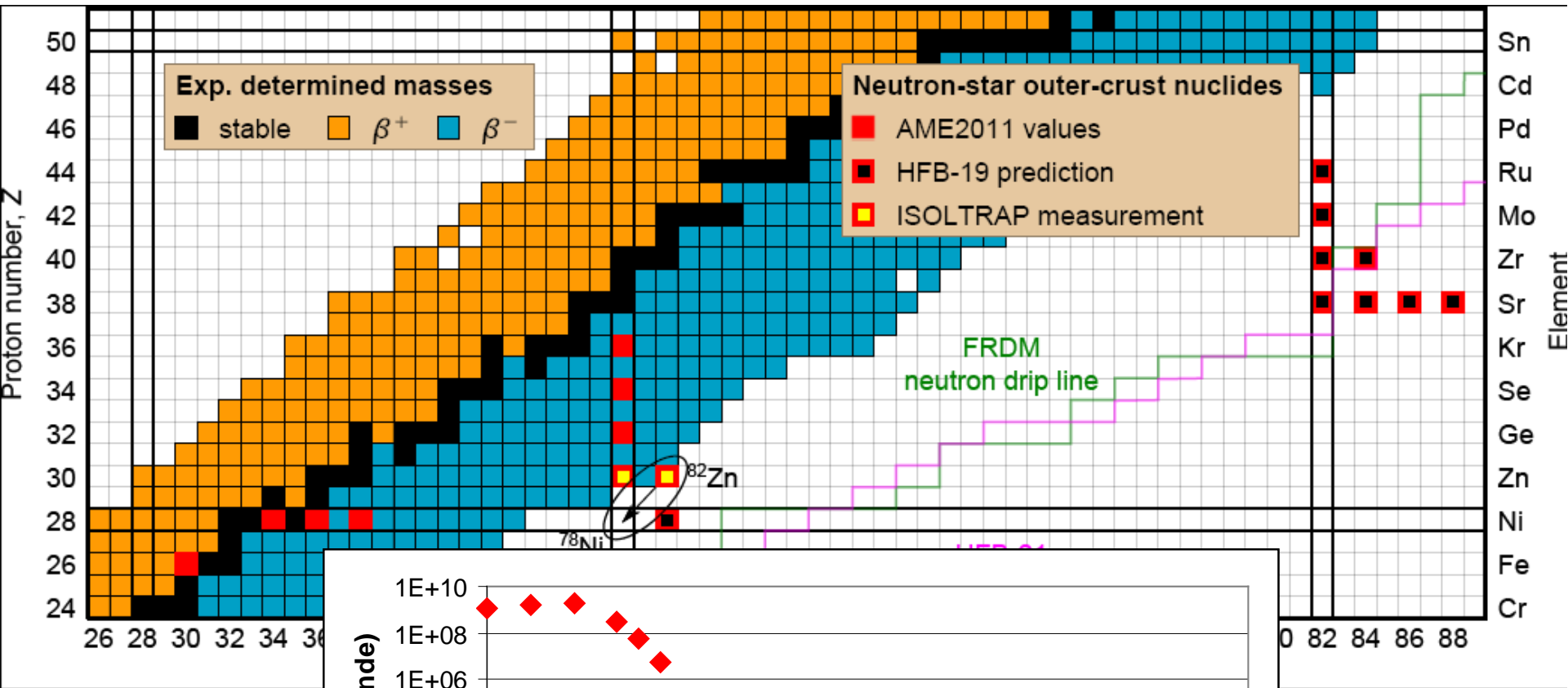
CERN-ISOLDE

# Produced nuclides

More than 700 nuclides of over 70 chemical elements produced – by far largest choice among ISOL-type facilities (experience gathered over 40 years)

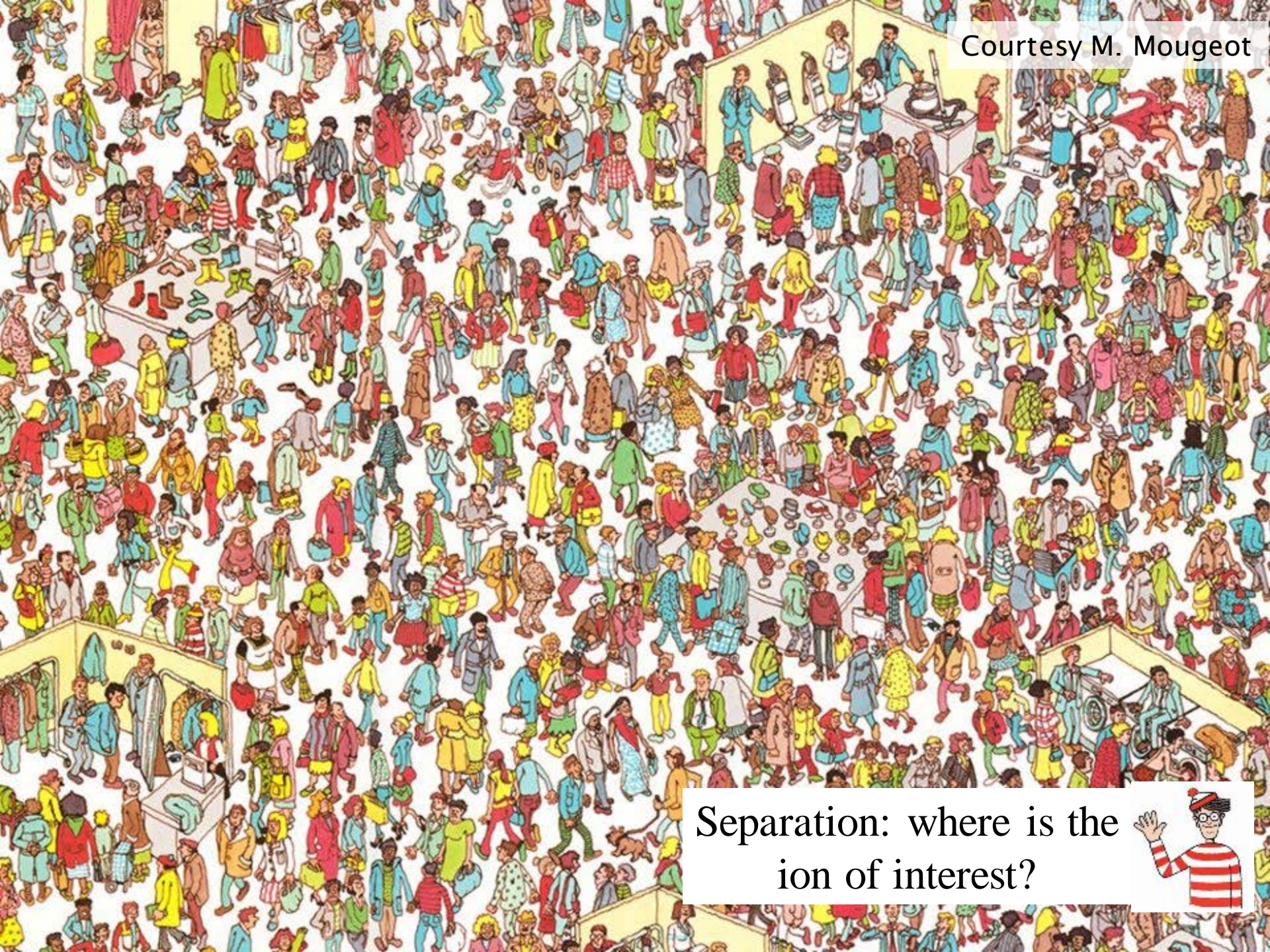








Courtesy M. Mougeot

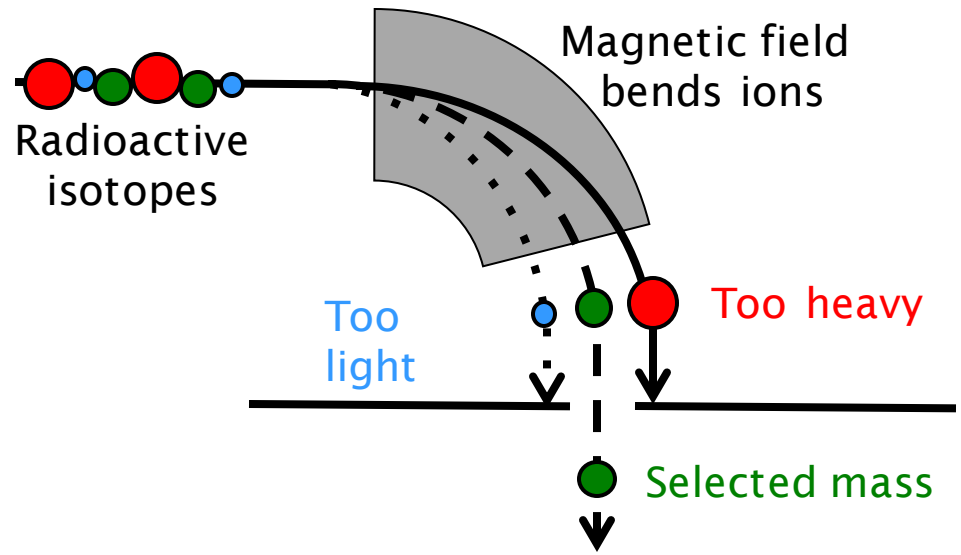
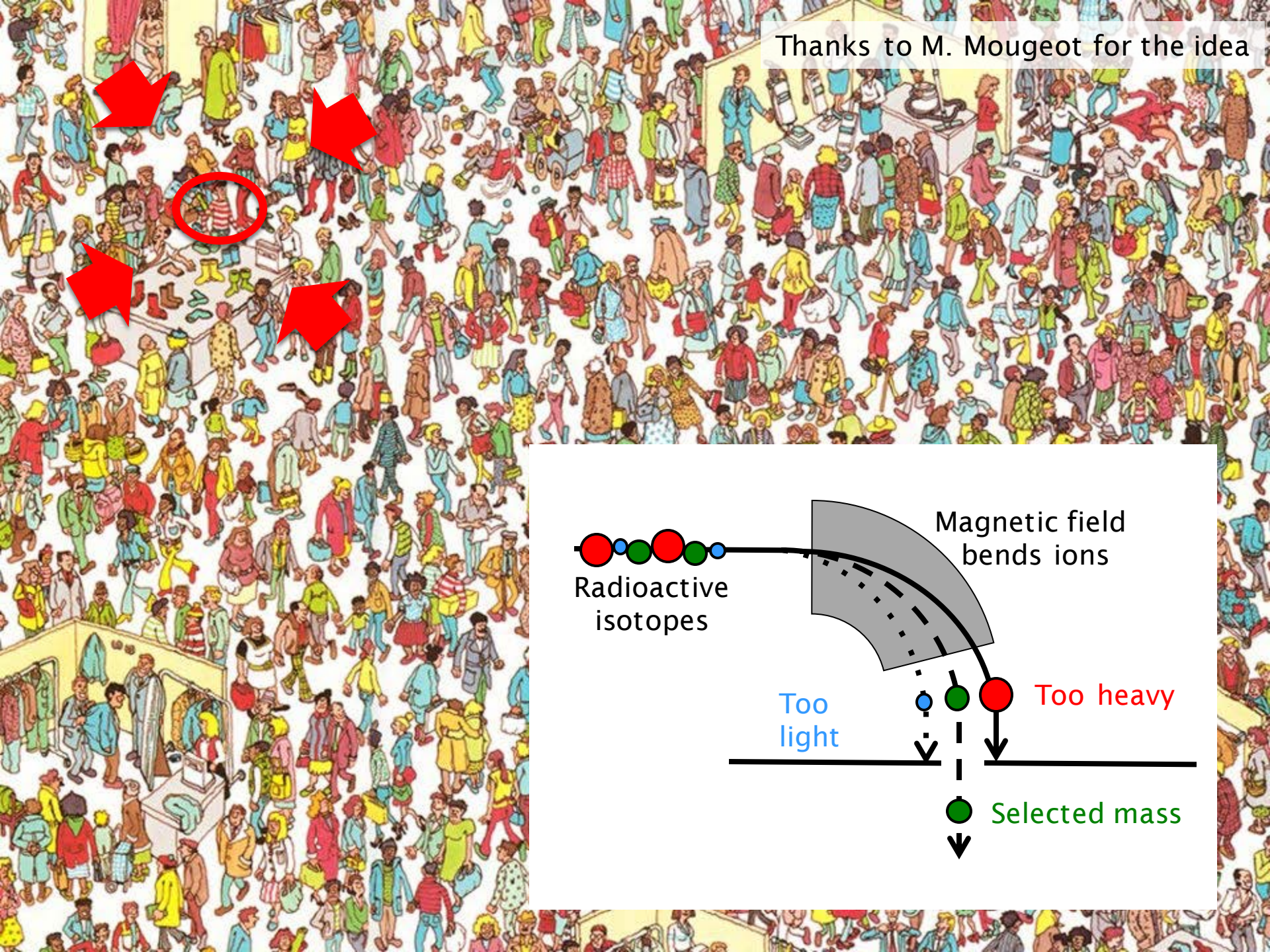


Separation: where is the  
ion of interest?



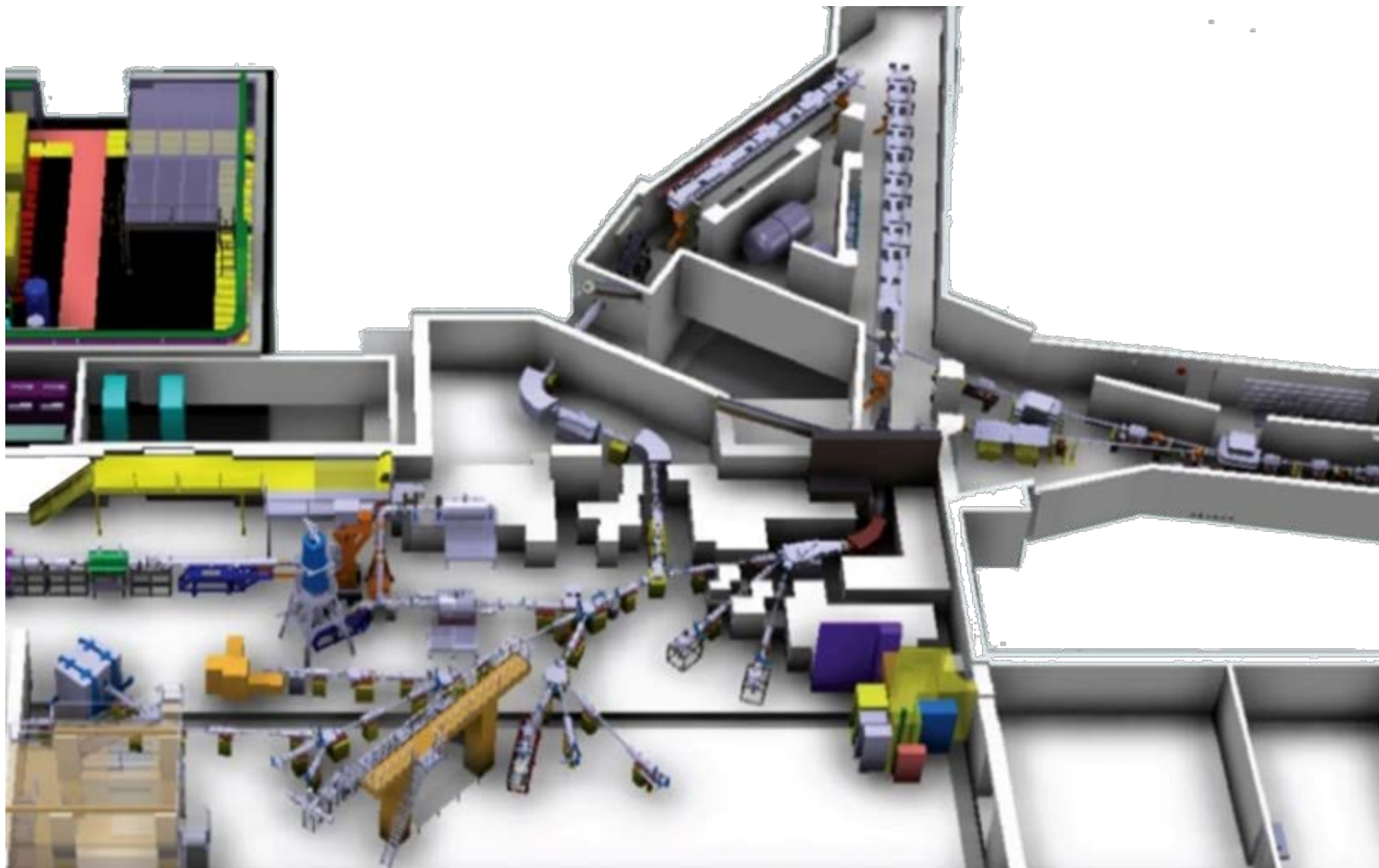


Thanks to M. Mougeot for the idea



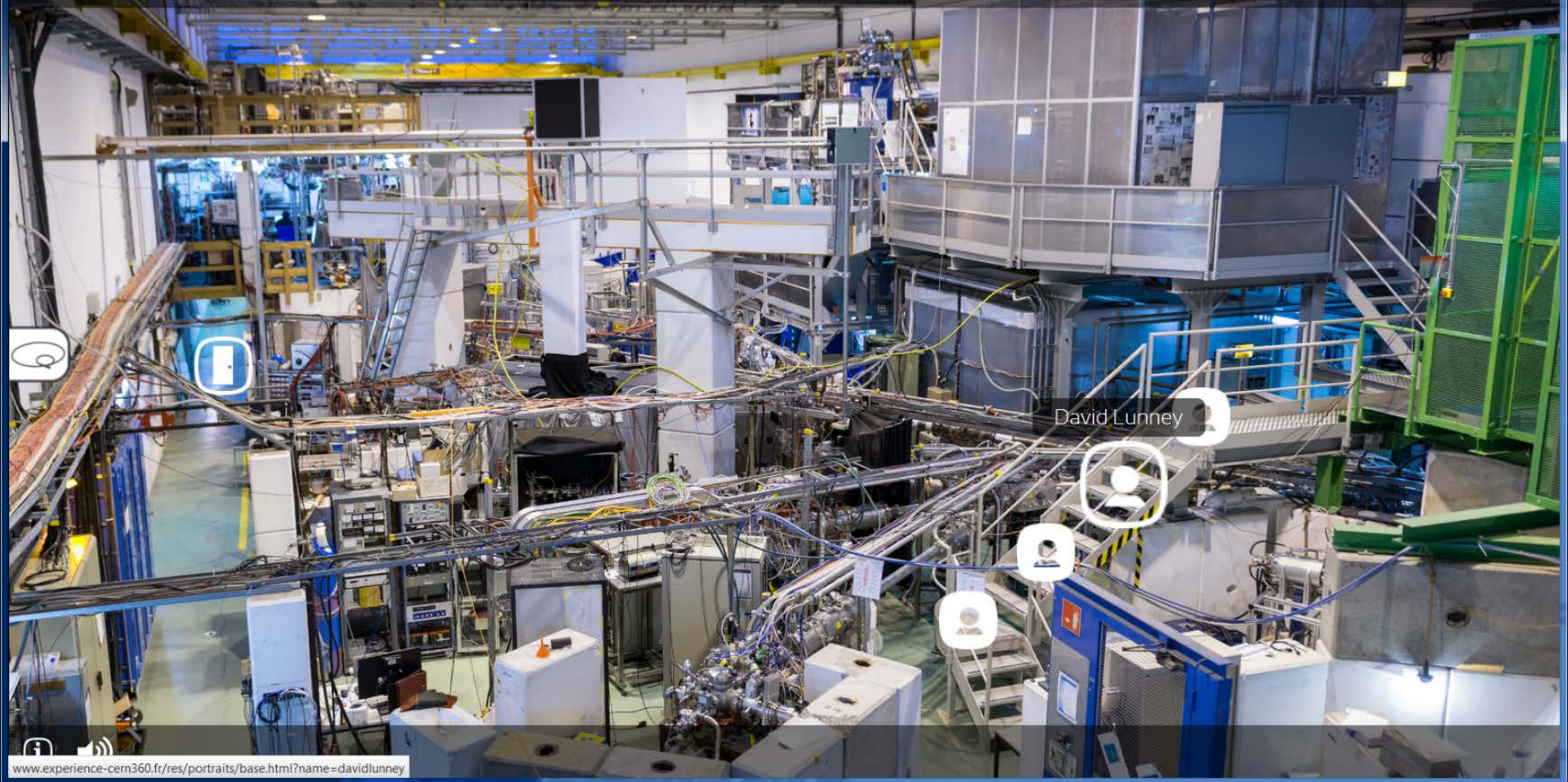


# ISOLDE layout



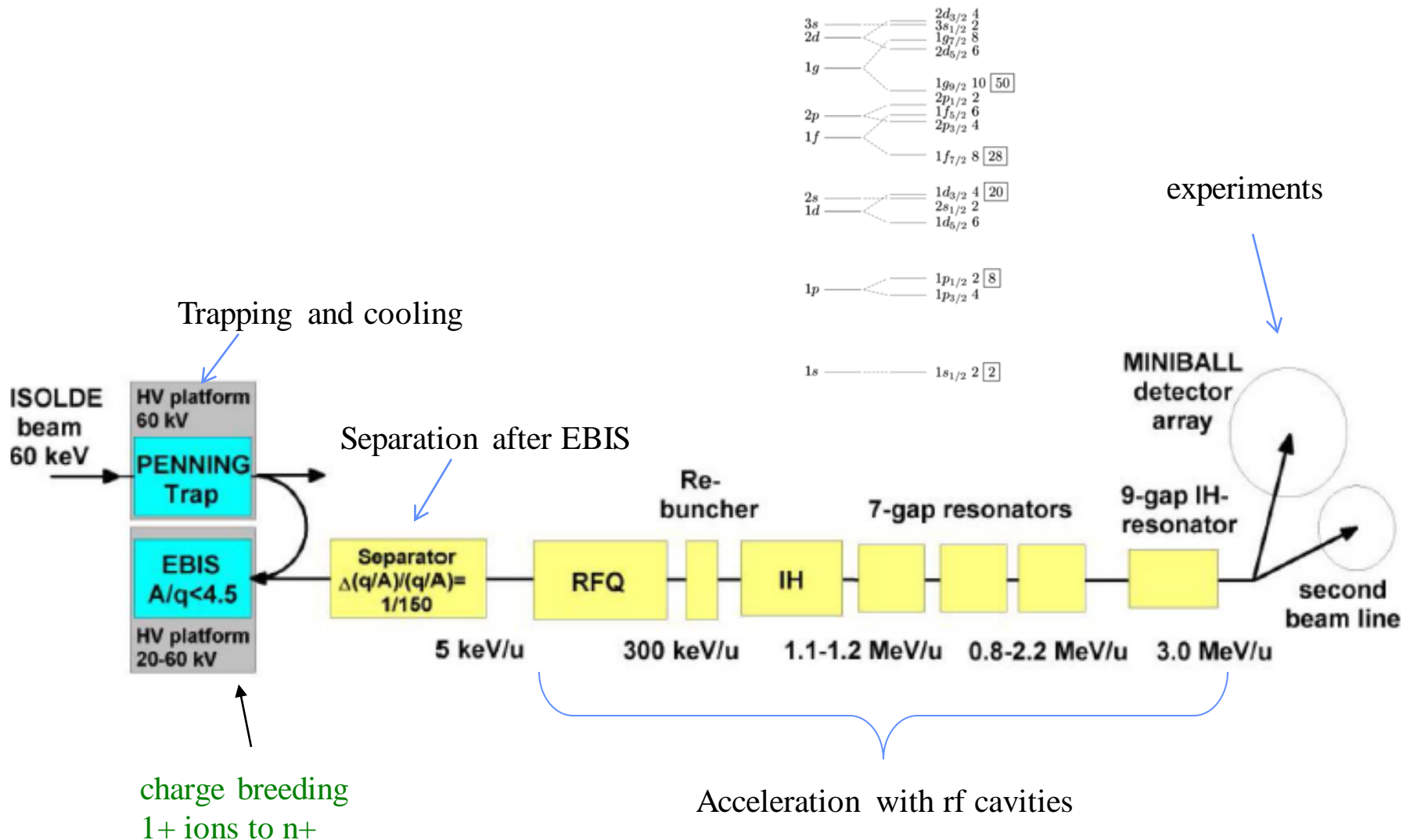


# Au cœur de l'atome

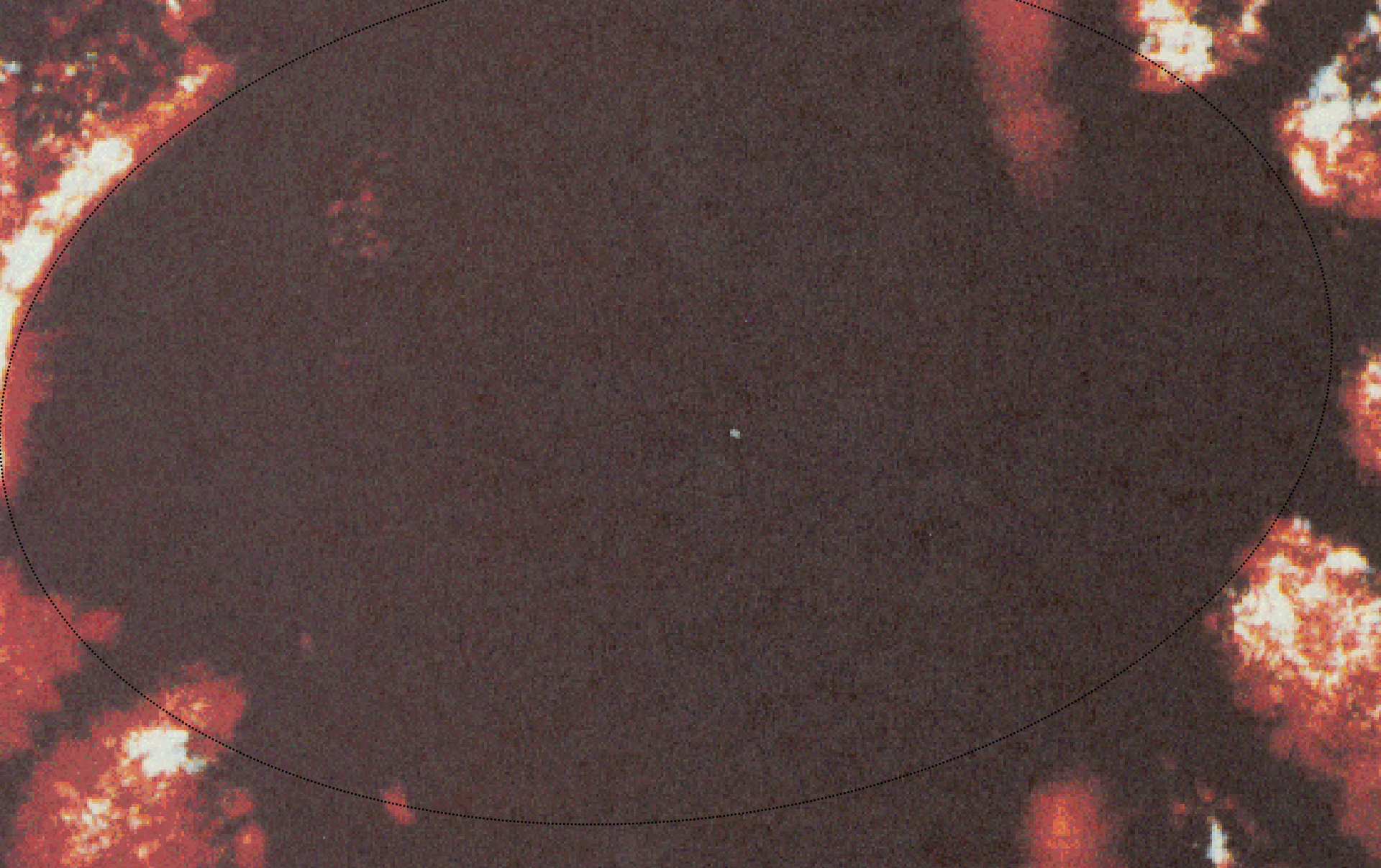




# Beam post-acceleration: REX-ISOLDE



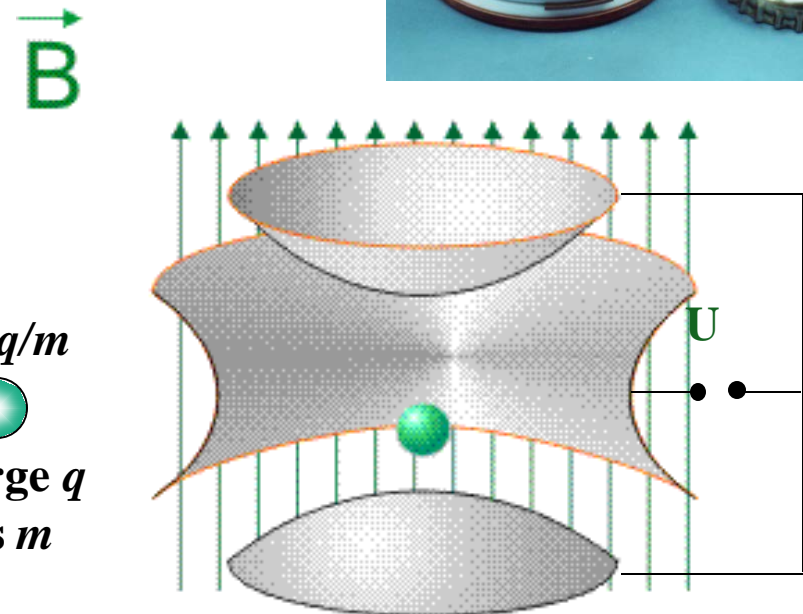
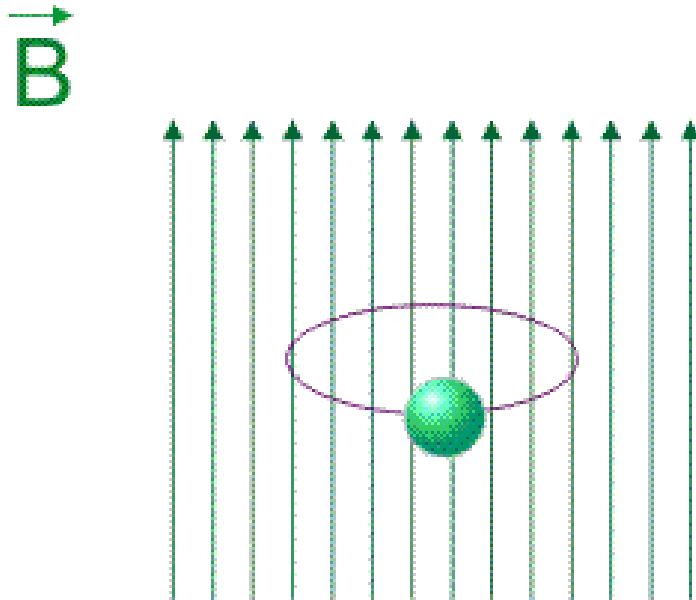




*Astrid* - H. Dehmelt (prix Nobel, 1989)

# Penning trap mass spectrometry

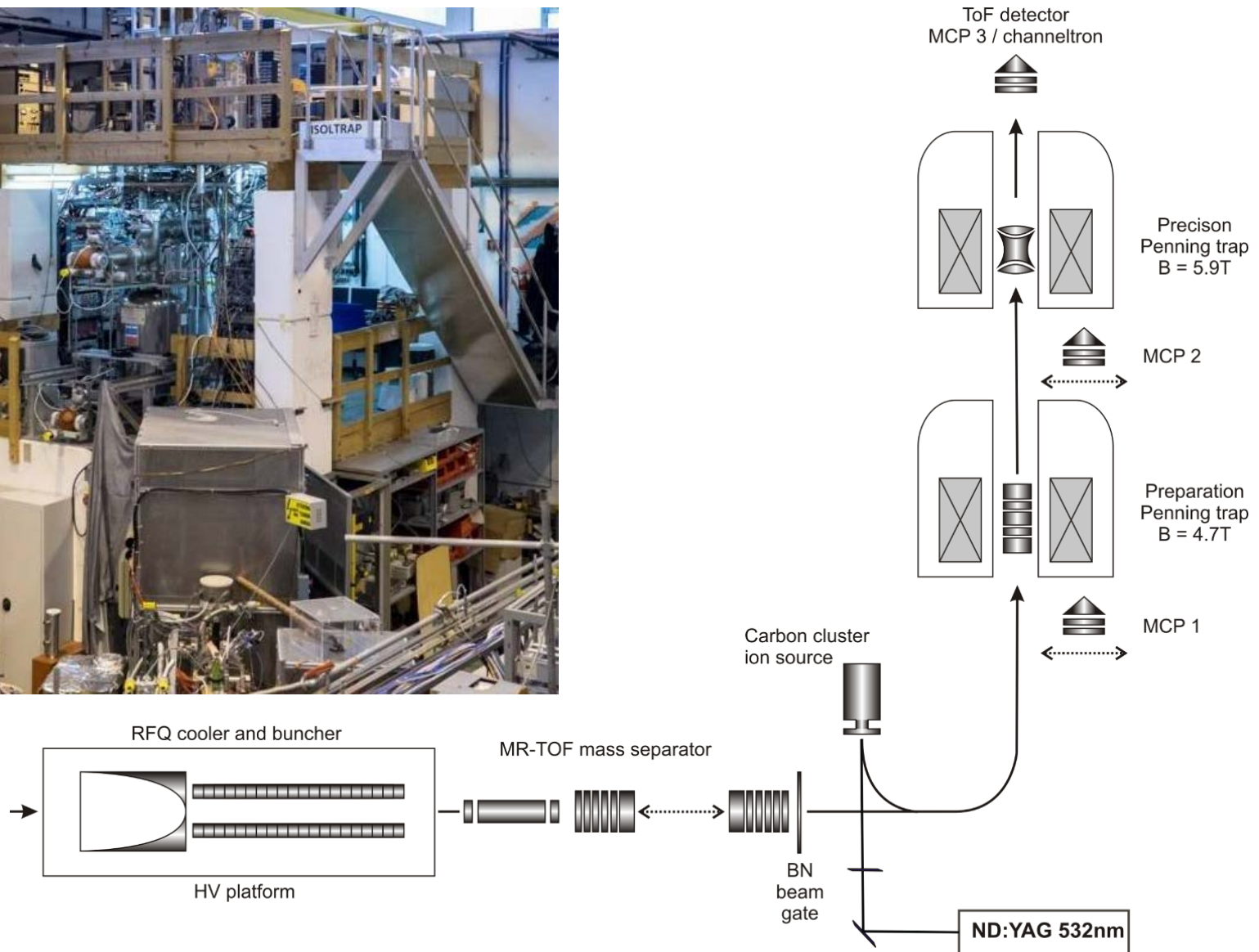
- Penning trap
  - superposition of static magnetic and electric field
  - Ion manipulation with radiofrequencies



Free cyclotron frequency is inversely proportional to the mass of the ions!

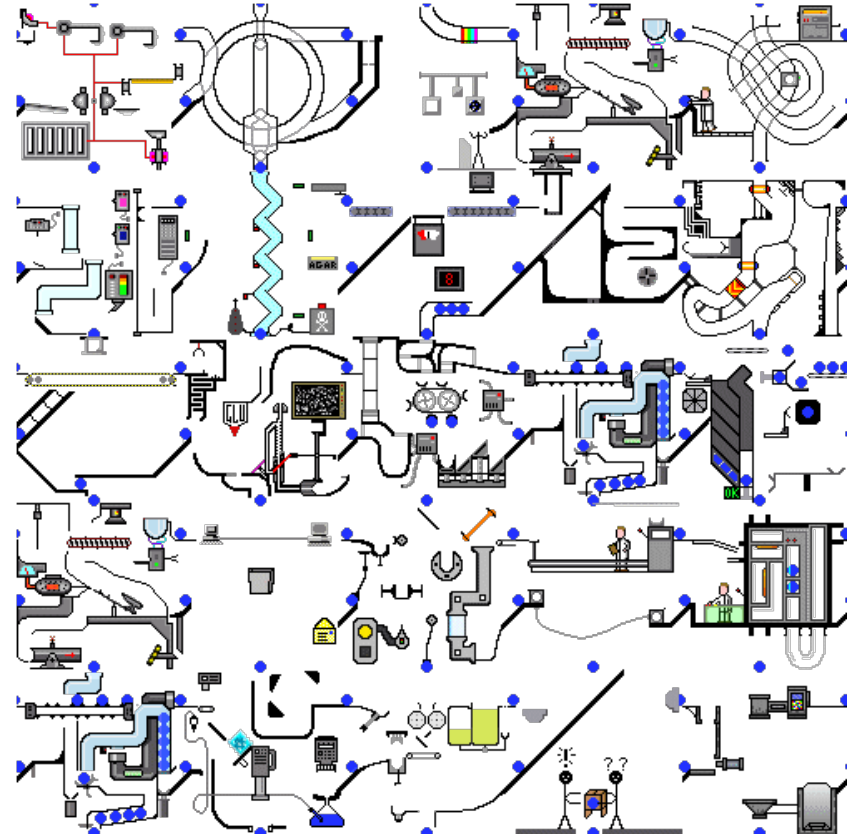
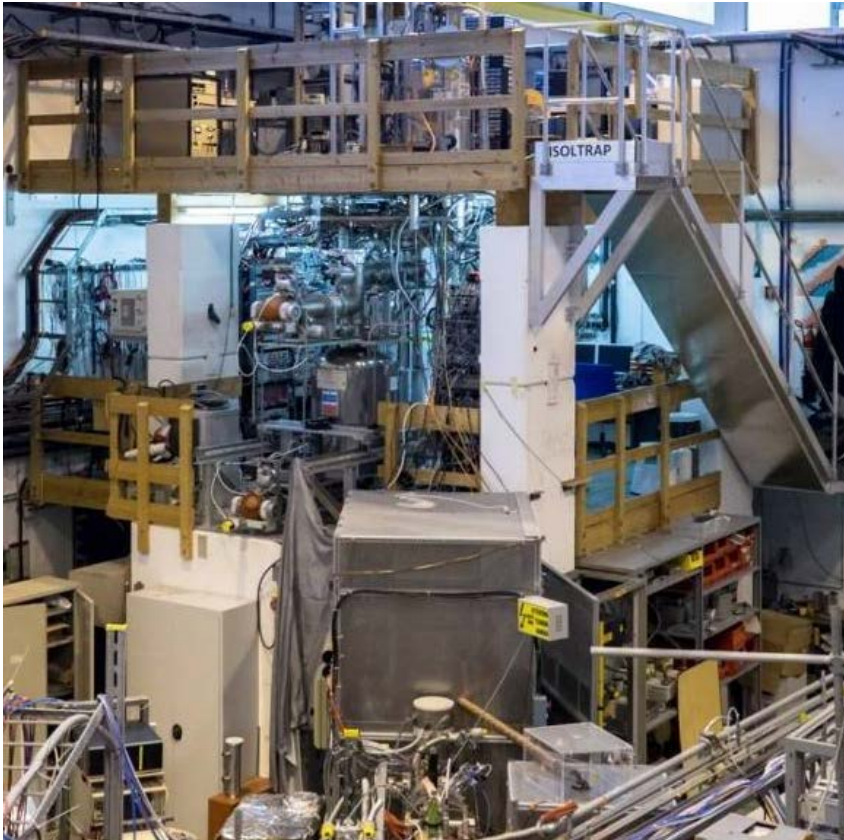
$$\omega_c = qB / m$$

# The ISOLTRAP spectrometer @ ISOLDE

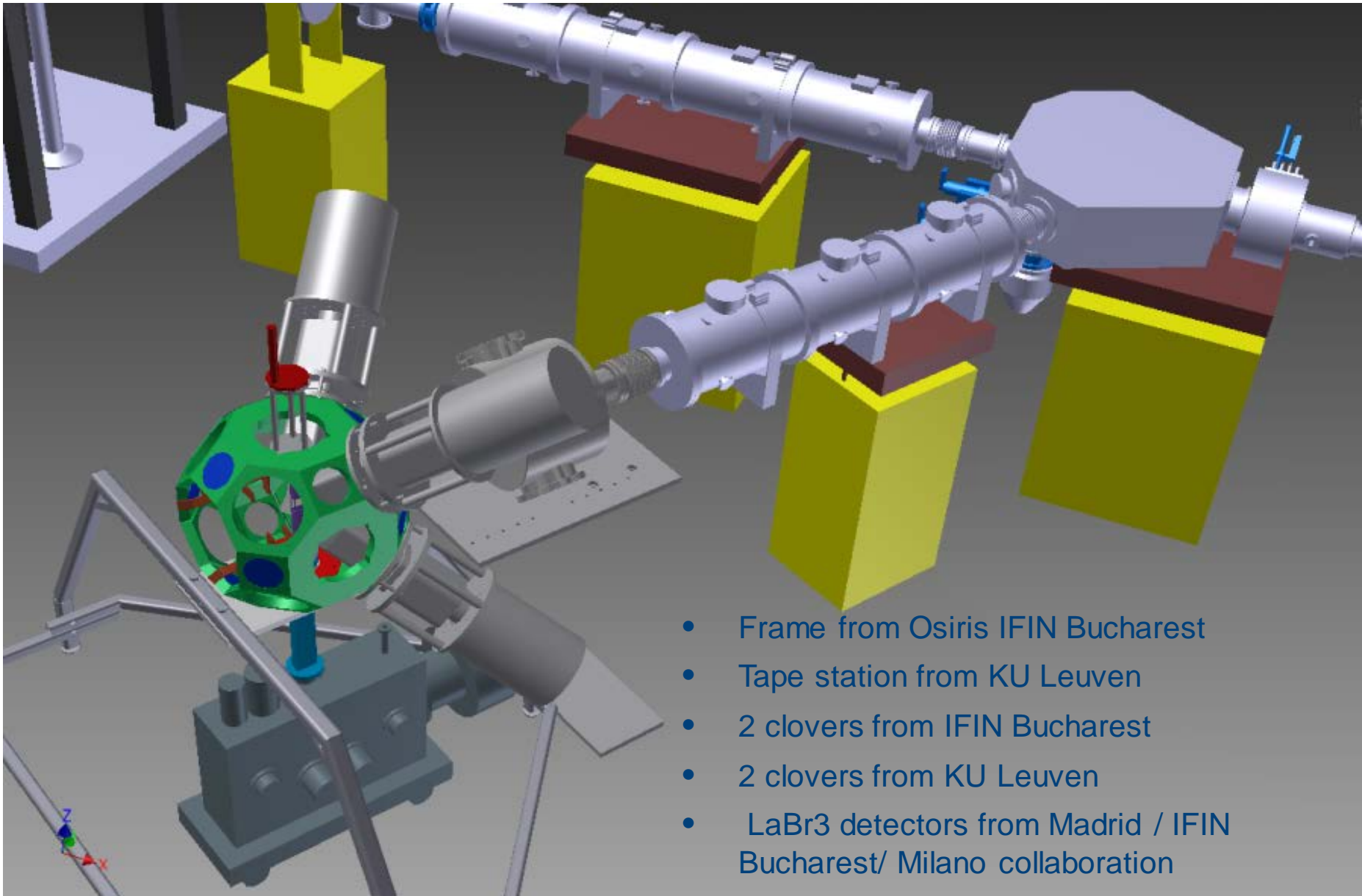




# The ISOLTRAP spectrometer @ ISOLDE

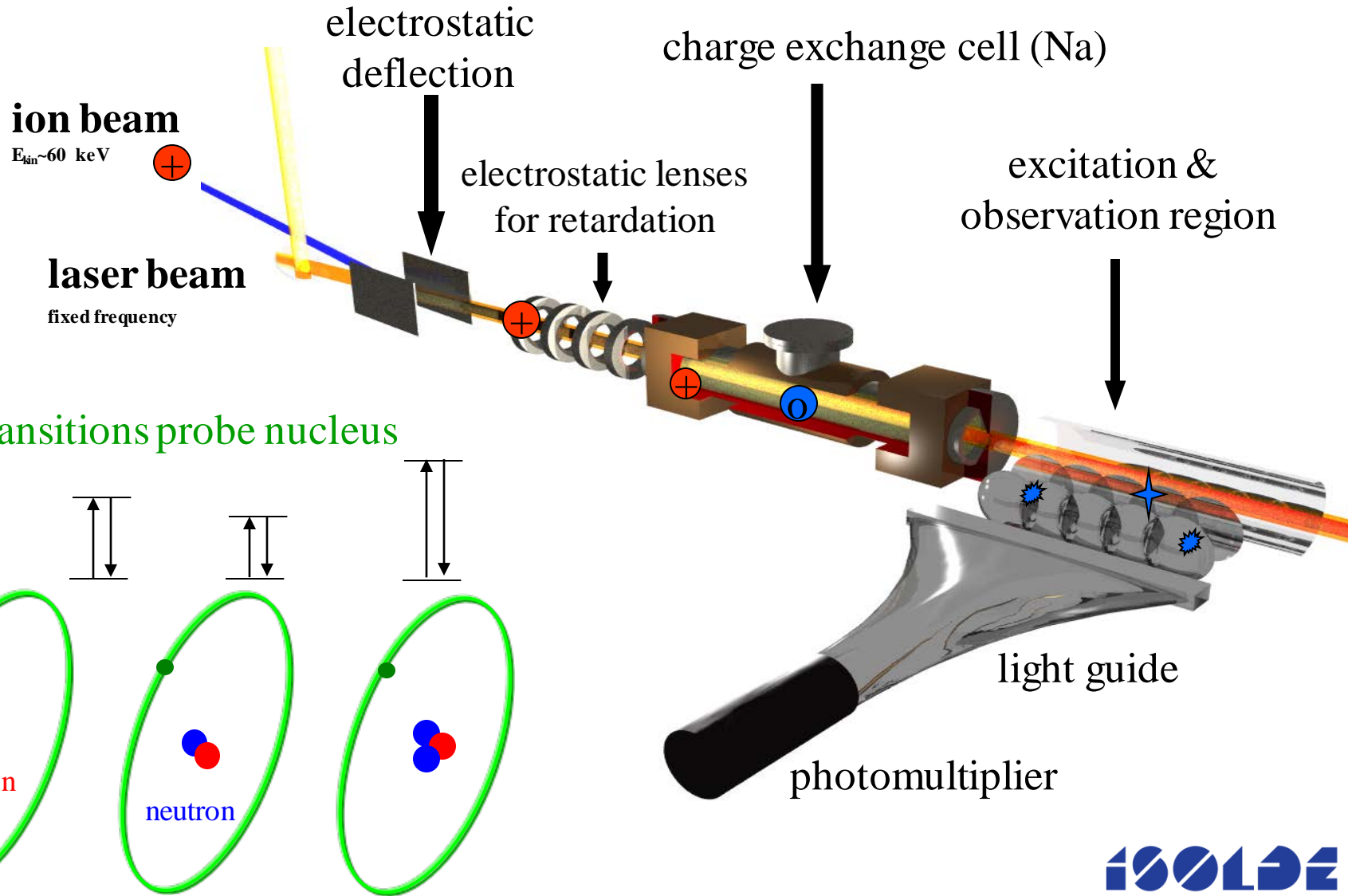


# IDS in the ISOLDE hall



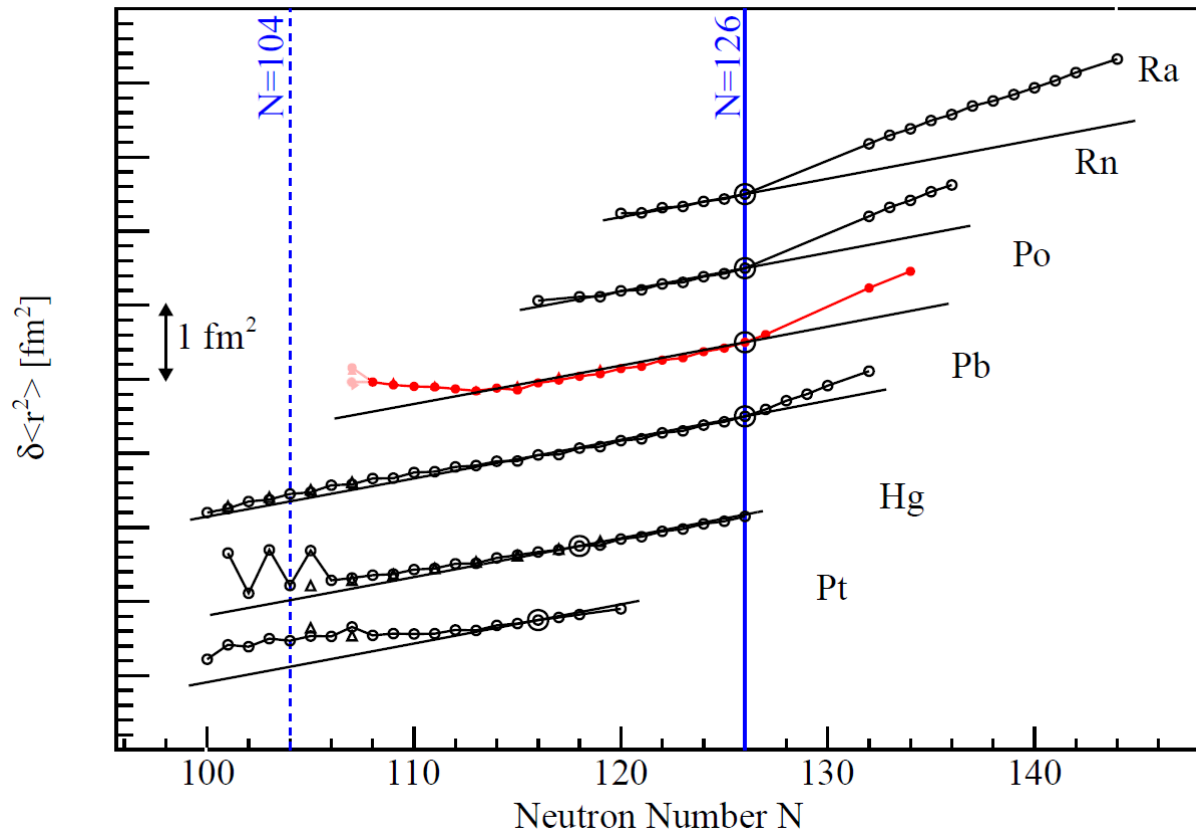
- Frame from Osiris IFIN Bucharest
- Tape station from KU Leuven
- 2 clovers from IFIN Bucharest
- 2 clovers from KU Leuven
- LaBr3 detectors from Madrid / IFIN Bucharest/ Milano collaboration

# Collinear laser spectroscopy





# Charge radii around lead



**Isotope shifts** measured with RILIS setup (part of data shown):

Regions of deformation visible

T.E. Cocolios et al., PRL 106 (2011) 052503

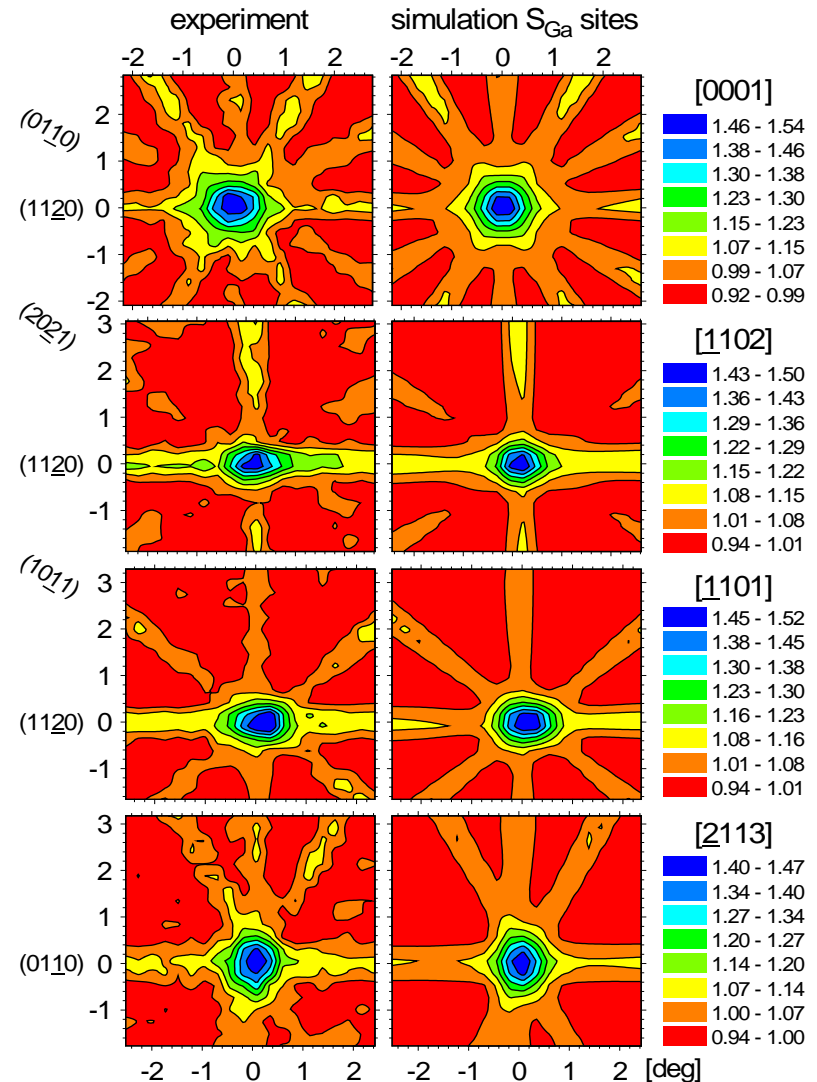
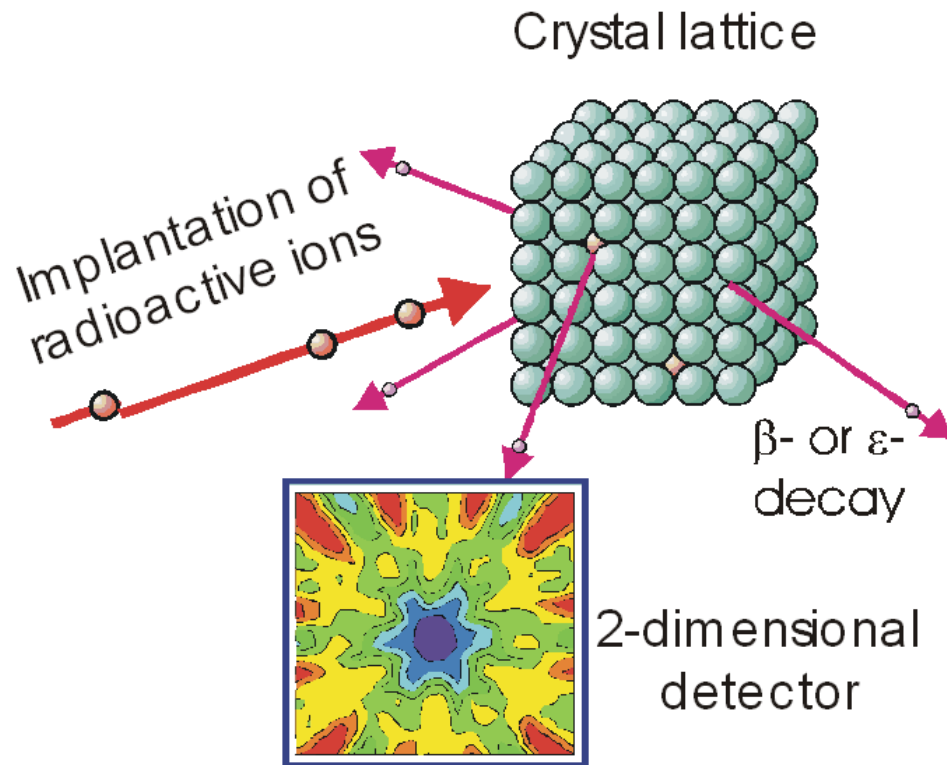
M. Seliverstov et al., EPJ A41(2009) 315

H. De Witte et al., PRL 98 (2007) 112502

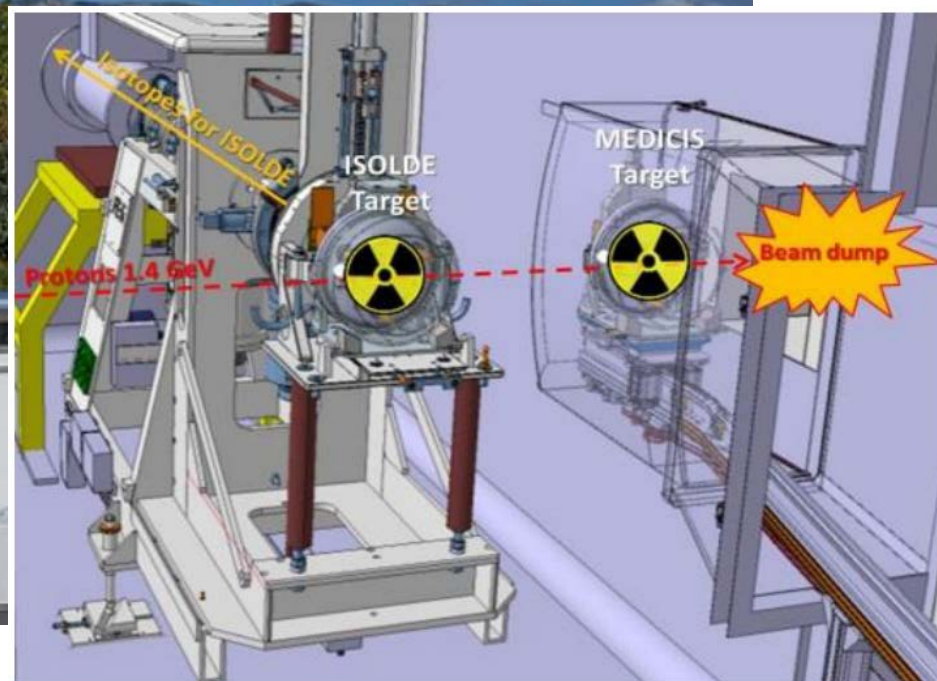
# Material science

## ● Emission channeling

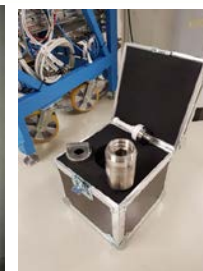
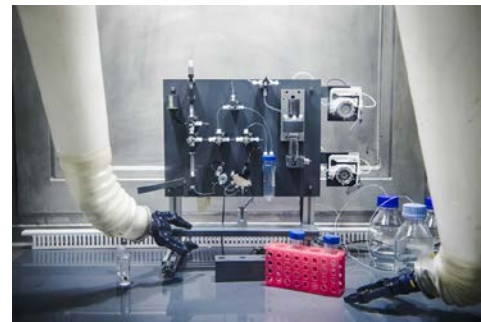
- Position of implanted ions



# MEDICIS: recycling protons for society



- ◆ Production of non-conventional radioisotopes for medical research
  - ◆ 80-90% of the proton beam goes through the ISOLDE target unaffected
  - ◆ Use these (free!) protons to create more radioisotopes



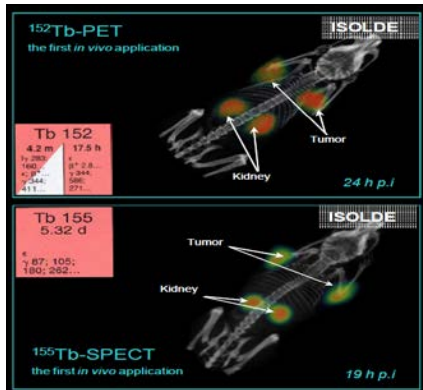


# Theranostics

DiagNOSTICS



THERAPy



**$\beta^+$ -(positron) emissions**

PET  $E(\gamma) = 511 \text{ keV}$

**$\gamma$ -emissions**

SPECT  $100\text{keV} < E(\gamma) < 200\text{keV}$

**$\alpha$ -emitter**

High LET, short distance in human tissue

**$\beta$ -emitter**

Low LET, long distance in human tissue



Tb 149	Tb 152	Tb 155	Tb 161
4.2 m	4.2 m	5.32 d	6.90 d
4.1 h	17.5 h		
$e^-$	$e^-$	$e^-$	$\beta^-$ : 0.5, 0.6...
$\beta^+$	$\beta^+$ : 2.8...	$\beta^+$ : 2.8...	$\gamma$ : 26, 49, 75...
$\alpha$ : 3.99	$\alpha$ : 3.99	$\alpha$ : 3.99	$e^+$
$\gamma$ : 796...	$\gamma$ : 344, 586, 271...	$\gamma$ : 344, 586, 271...	
165...	165...	180, 262	

# ISOLDE at CERN

- ◆ Isotope Separator On Line
- ◆ Approved by CERN council 1964, first beam 1967
  - ◆ Initially used 600 MeV protons from SC
  - ◆ Now 1.4 GeV protons from PSB (soon 2 GeV ☺)
- ◆ A small facility with a big impact!
  - ◆ ~0.1% of the CERN budget
  - ◆ ~7% of the CERN scientists
  - ◆ ~50% of the CERN protons
- ◆ Run by international collaboration
  - ◆ CERN, BE, DE, DK, FI, FR, GR, IT, NO, PL, RO, SK, ZA, ES, SE, UK
  - ◆ ~50 staff/students/fellows
  - ◆ ~1500 users
- ◆ PAC → beamtime; typically one week 24/7



# Safety rules in the ISOLDE hall

---

- ◆ Don't touch anything!
- ◆ No food & drinks allowed, leave your bag here!
- ◆ Always follow the guide, don't wander off!
- ◆ Everyone must wear flat, closed or block-heeled shoes!
- ◆ It is allowed to take pictures!
- ◆ No entry for people:
  - ◆ Younger than 16
  - ◆ Who are pregnant
  - ◆ Who have devices sensitive to magnetic fields