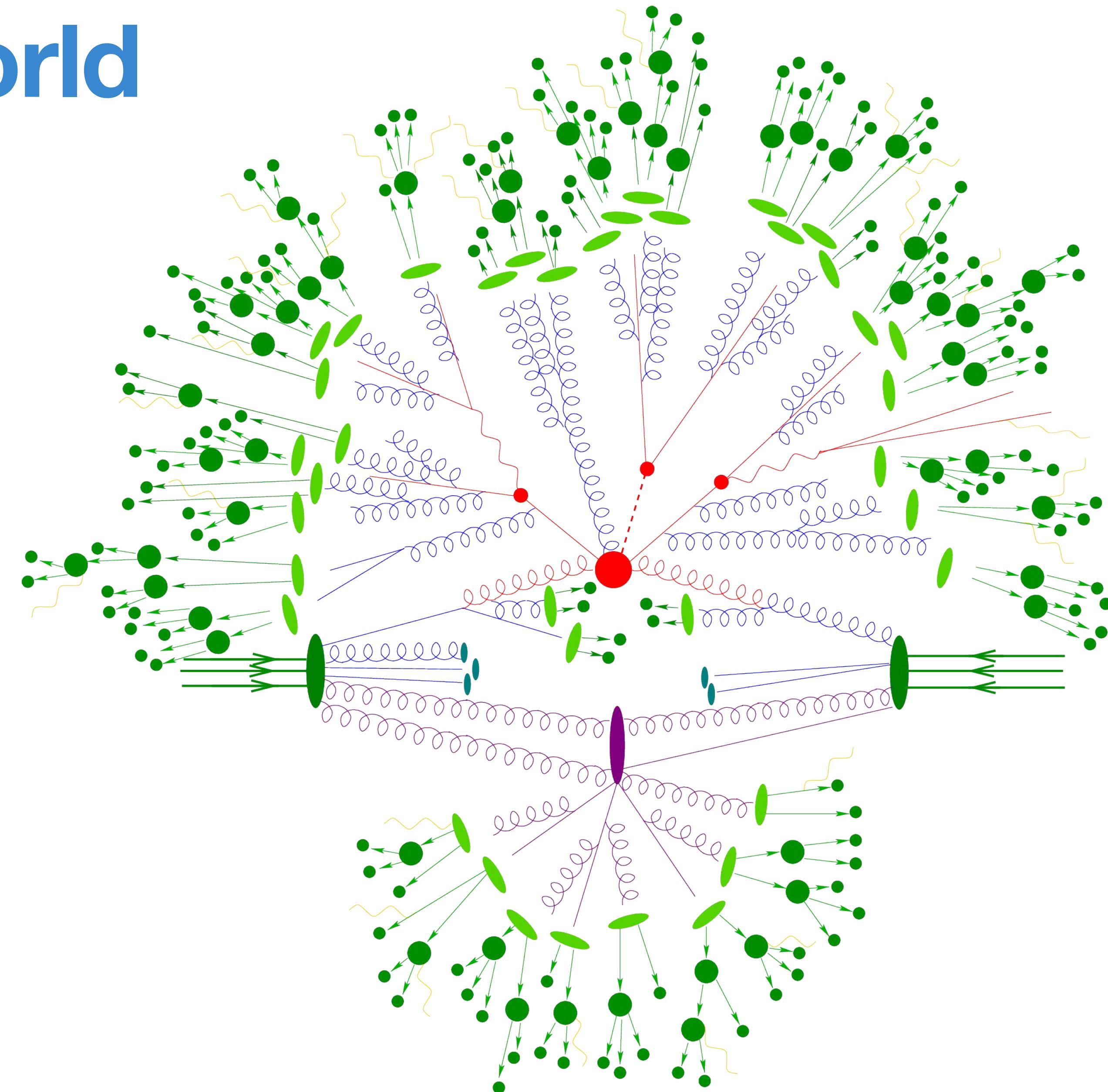
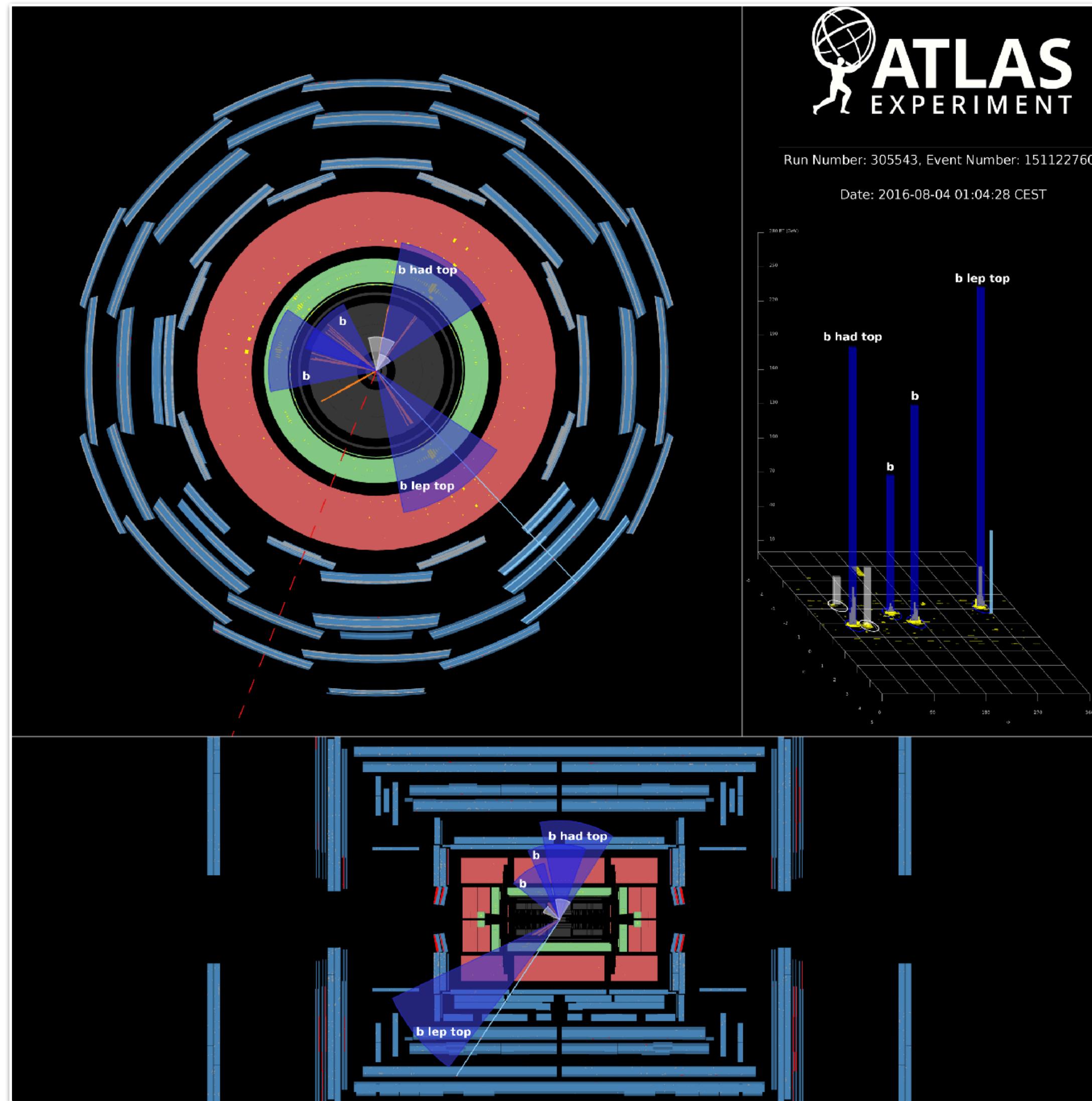


Perturbative Inputs to Event Generators

SM@LHC conference, 7 May 2024

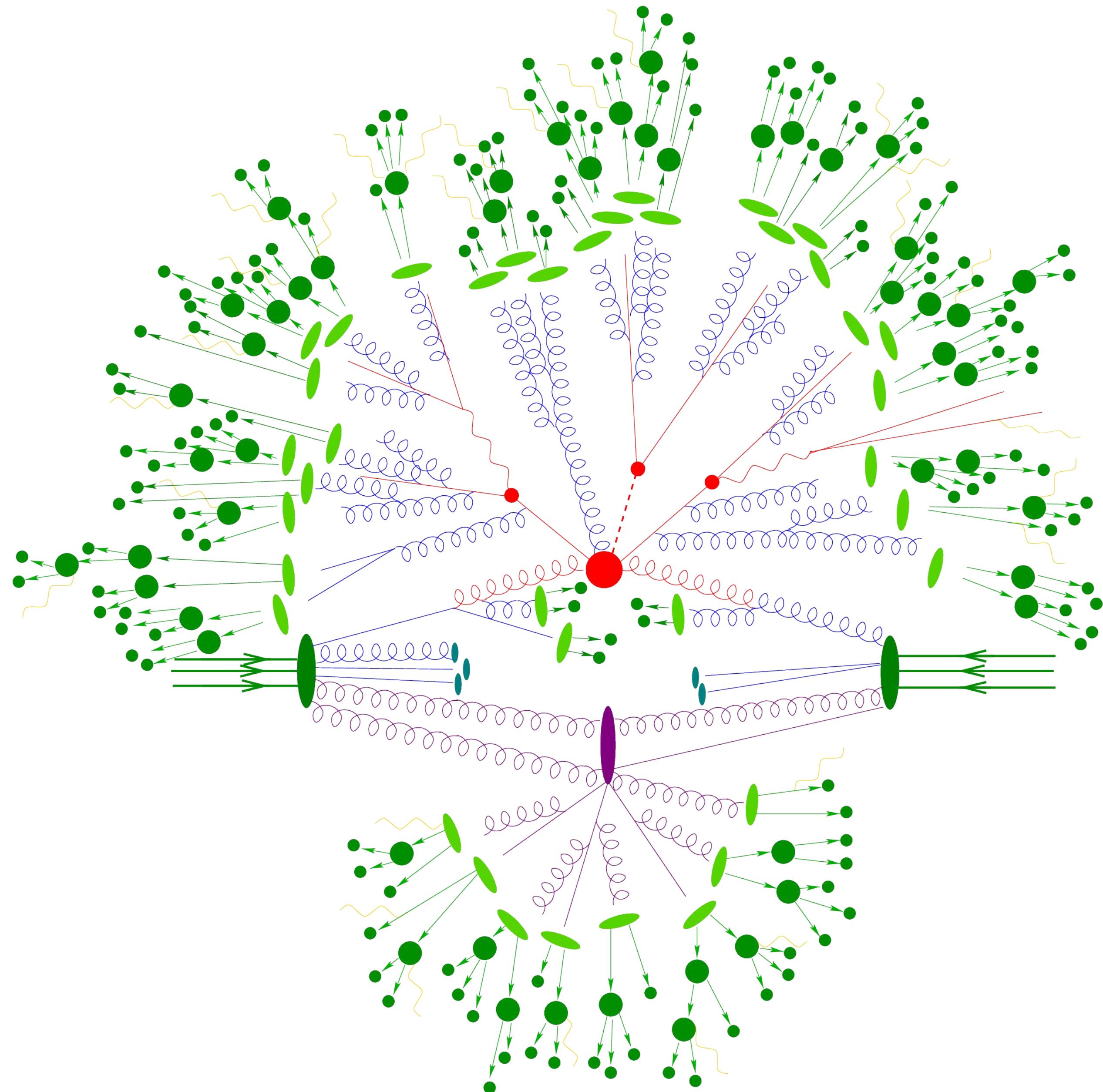
Daniel Reichelt (Durham University, IPPP)

Colliders in the real world



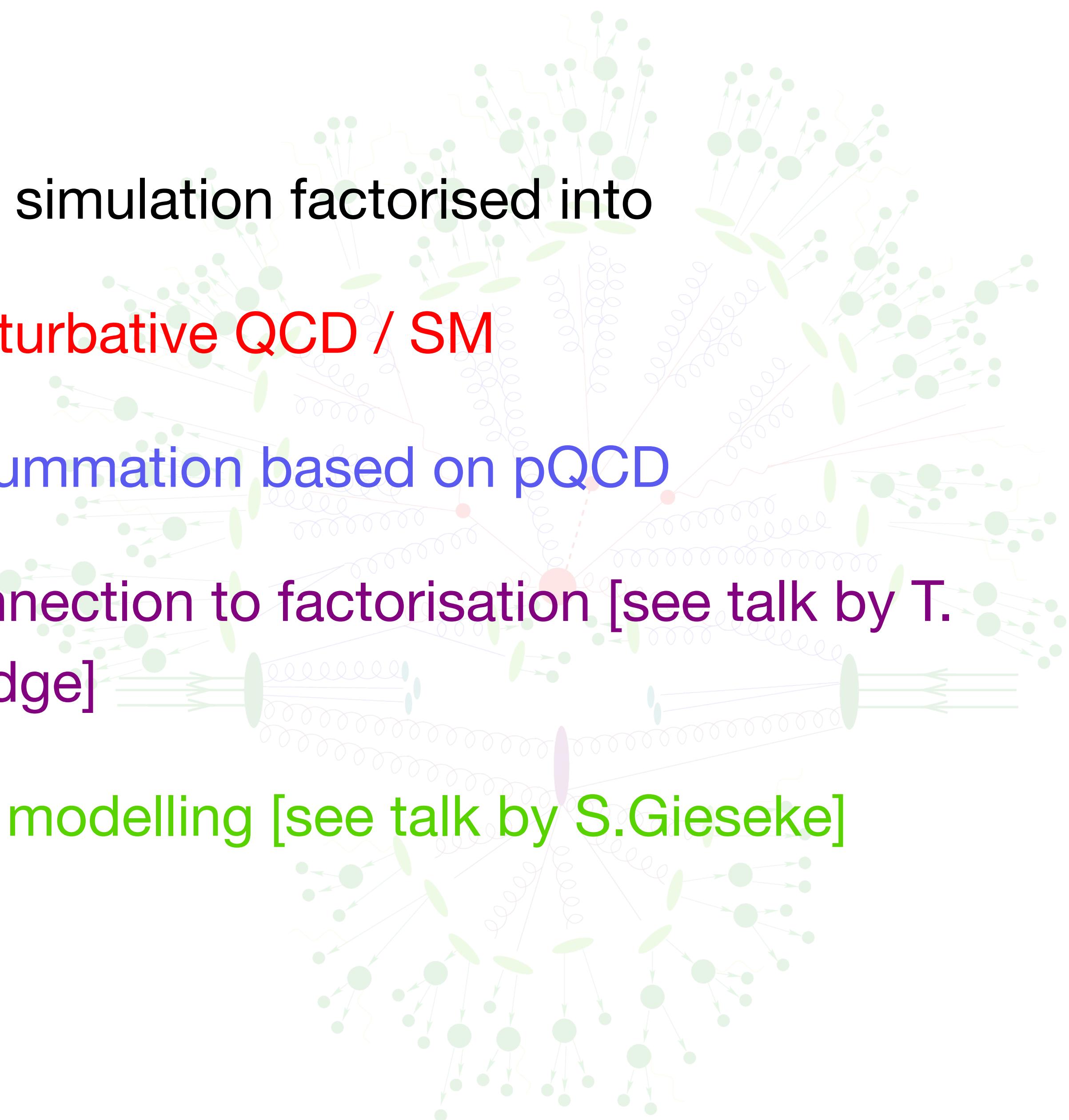
Colliders for theorists

- Event simulation factorised into
 - Hard Process
 - Parton Shower
 - PDF/Underlying event
 - Hadronisation
 - QED radiation
 - Hadron Decays



Colliders for theorists

- Event simulation factorised into
 - Hard Process
 - Parton Shower
 - PDF/Underlying event
 - Hadronisation
- Event simulation factorised into
 - perturbative QCD / SM
 - resummation based on pQCD
 - connection to factorisation [see talk by T. Cridge]
 - NP modelling [see talk by S.Gieseke]



Colliders for theorists

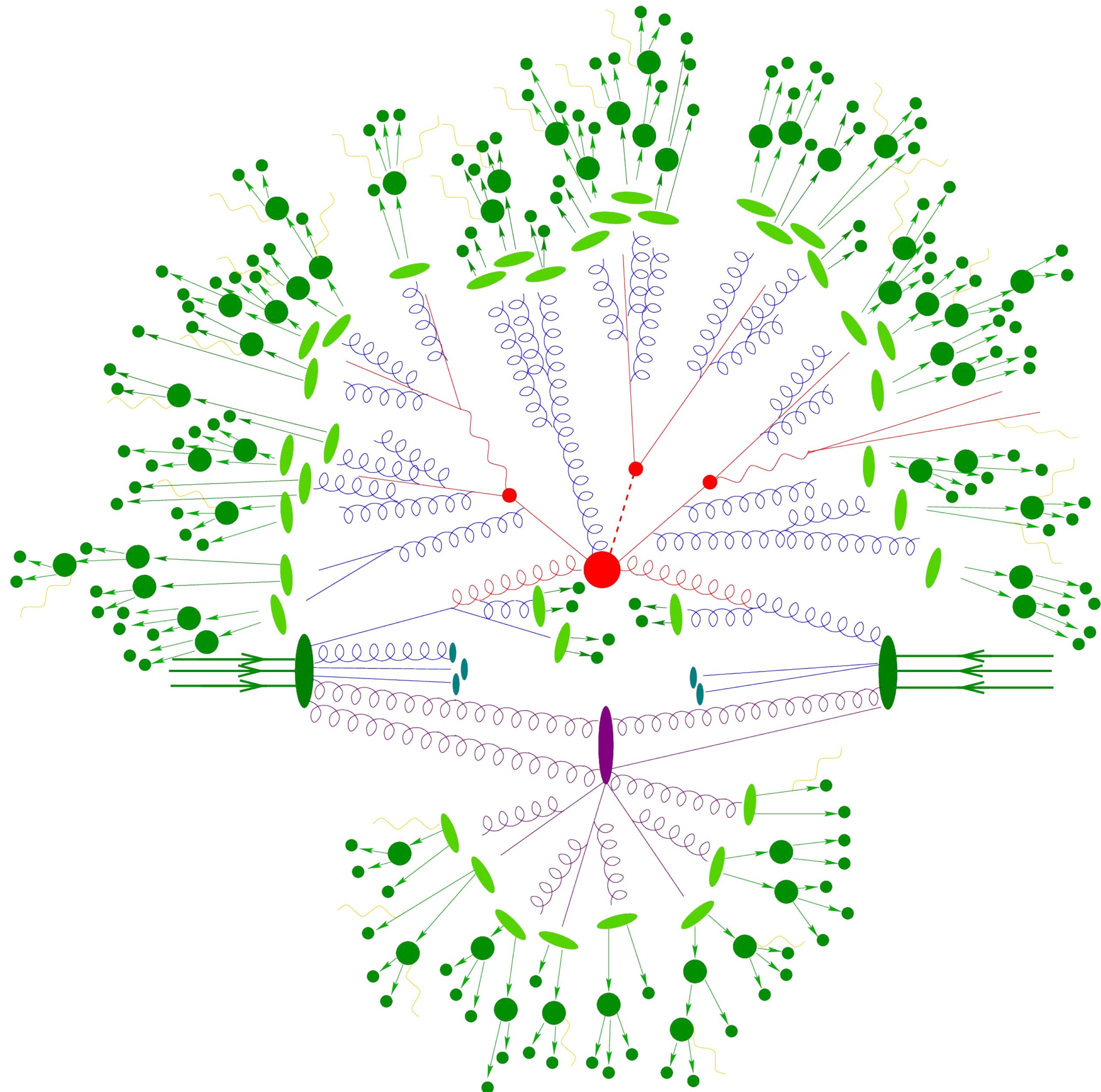
- Event simulation factorised into
 - Hard Process
 - Parton Shower
 - PDF/Underlying event
 - Hadronisation
- Event simulation factorised into
 - perturbative QCD / SM
 - resummation based on pQCD
 - non-perturbative, connection to factorisation
 - NP modelling

Matching

- Event simulation factorised into
 - Hard Process
 - Parton Shower
 - Underlying event

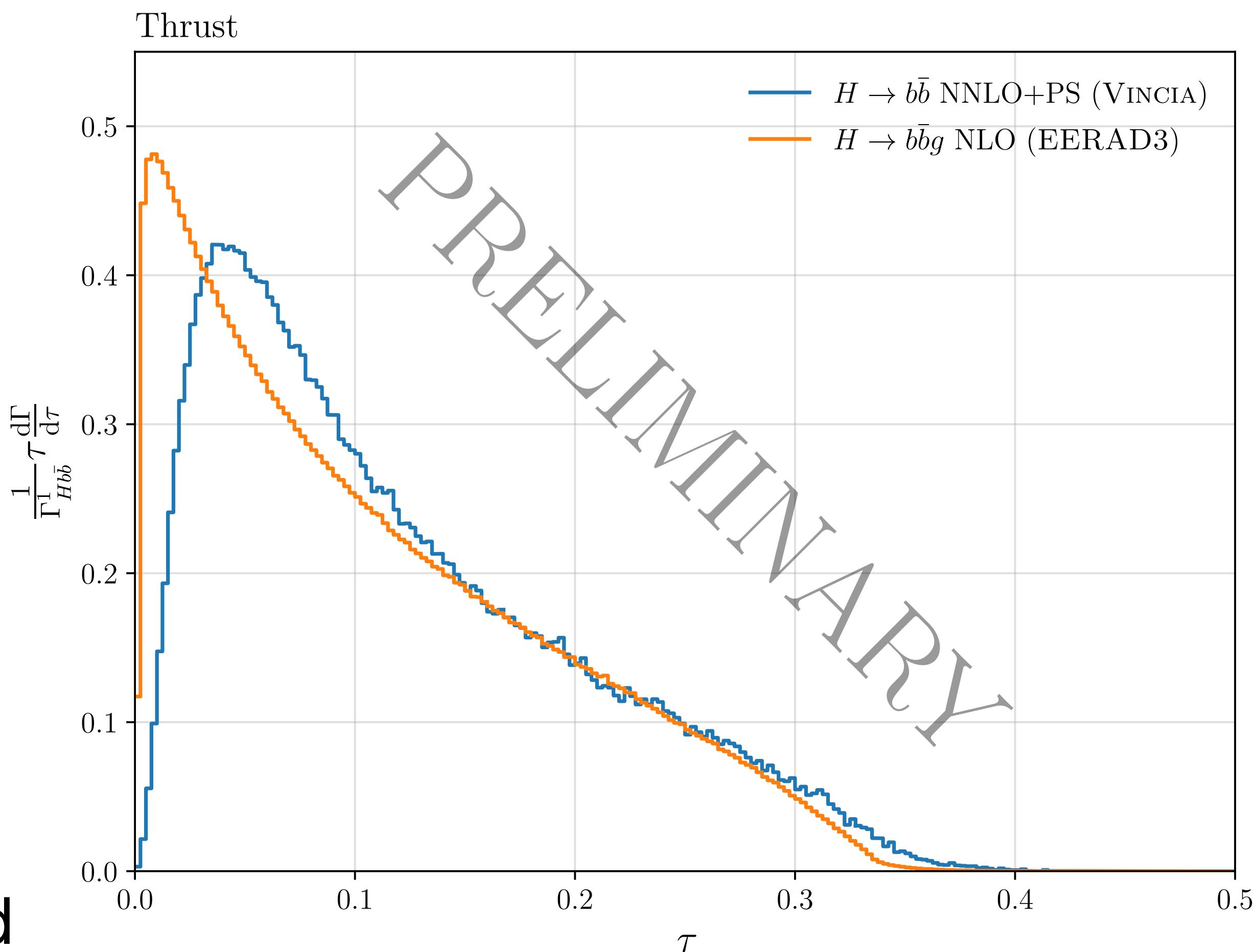
Standard for LHC SM pheno:

- Hadronisation
- matching to NLO QCD, 2 main schemes: Powheg [[Nason '04](#)] and MC@NLO [[Frixione, Webber '02](#)]
- Hadron Decays



Selected developments

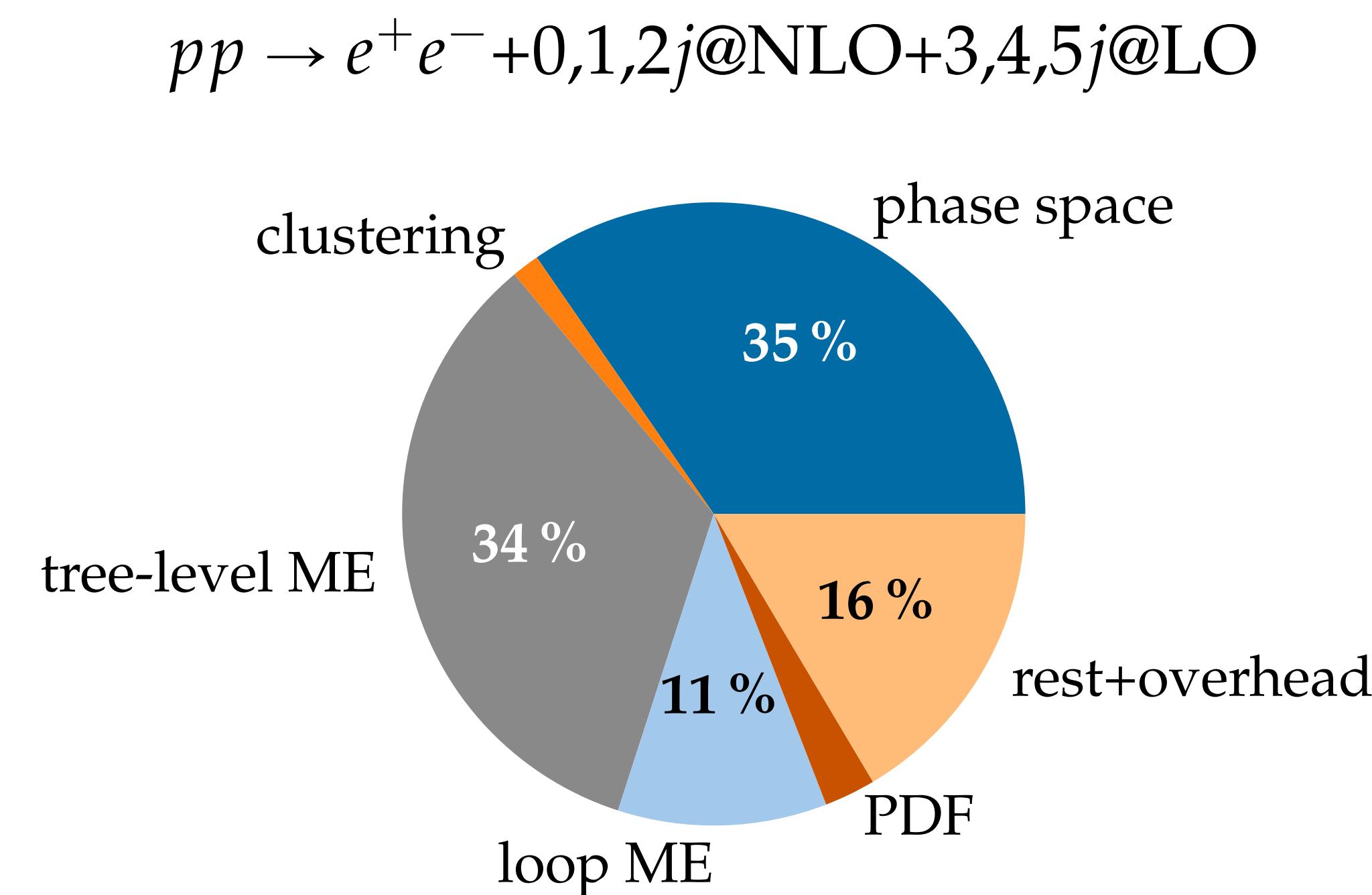
- matching to NNLO (inclusive for some processes) in principle available in several approaches:
 - Geneva [Alioli, Bauer, Berggen, Tackmann, Walsh, Zuberi '13] ...
 - MINNLO [Monni, Nason, Re, Wiesemann, Zanderighi '19] ...
 - UNLOPS [Höche, Li, Prestel '15] ...
- first steps towards differential NNLO in Vincia, “Powheg-style” matching based on matrix element corrections [Skands, Preuss '23]



[Talk by C. Preuss HP2 '22]

Selected developments

- including electroweak corrections, in various approximations [[see talk by S. Schumann](#)]
- advancements in available fixed order calculations [[see talk by M. Grazzini + specialised talks](#)]
- efficient implementation LO/NLO calculation,
 - see e.g. [[Bothmann et. al. '22](#)]
 - improvements by $\mathcal{O}(10)$ factors in Sherpa event generation



Parton Showers

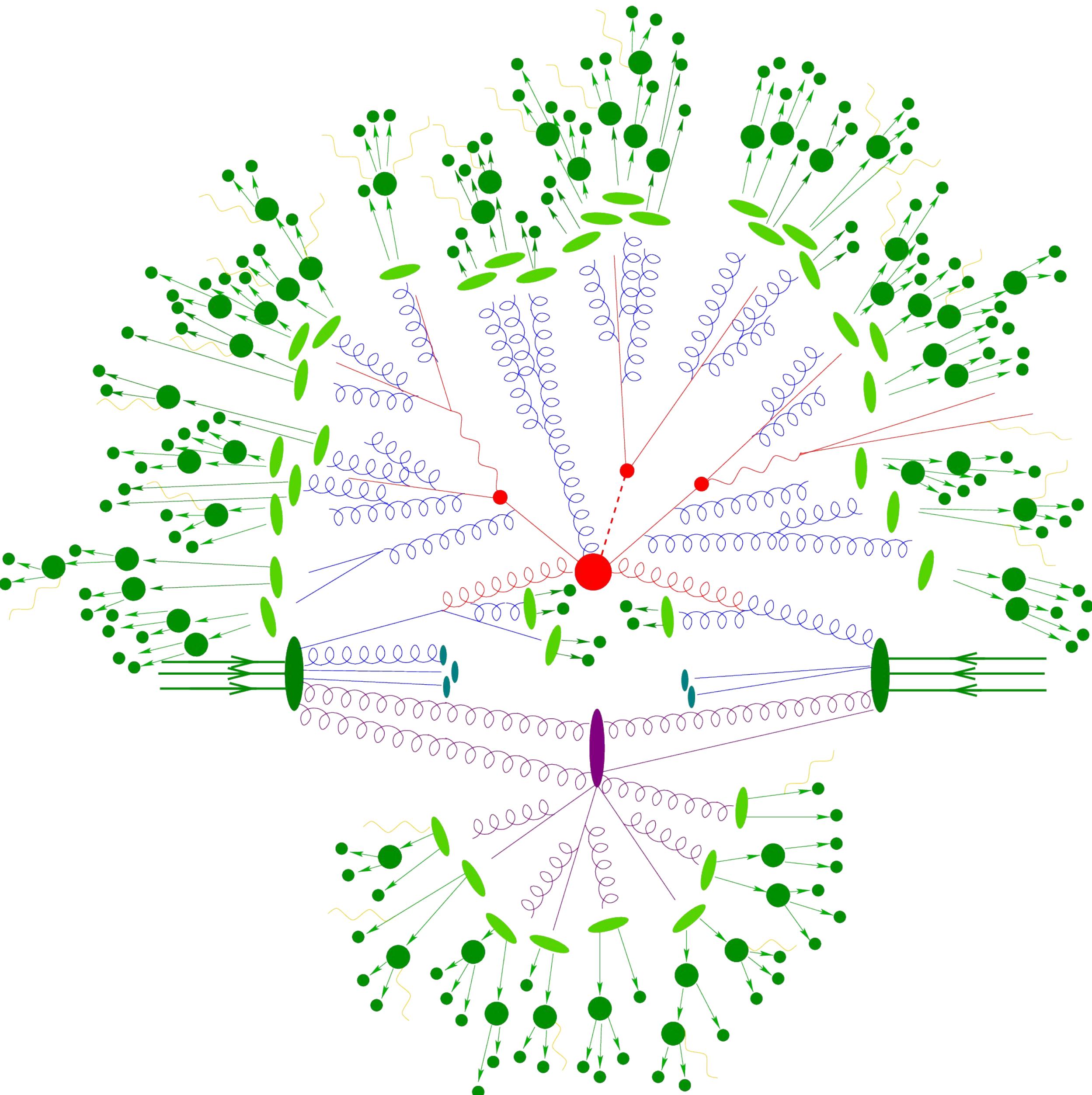
- Event simulation factorised into

- Hard Process

- Parton Shower

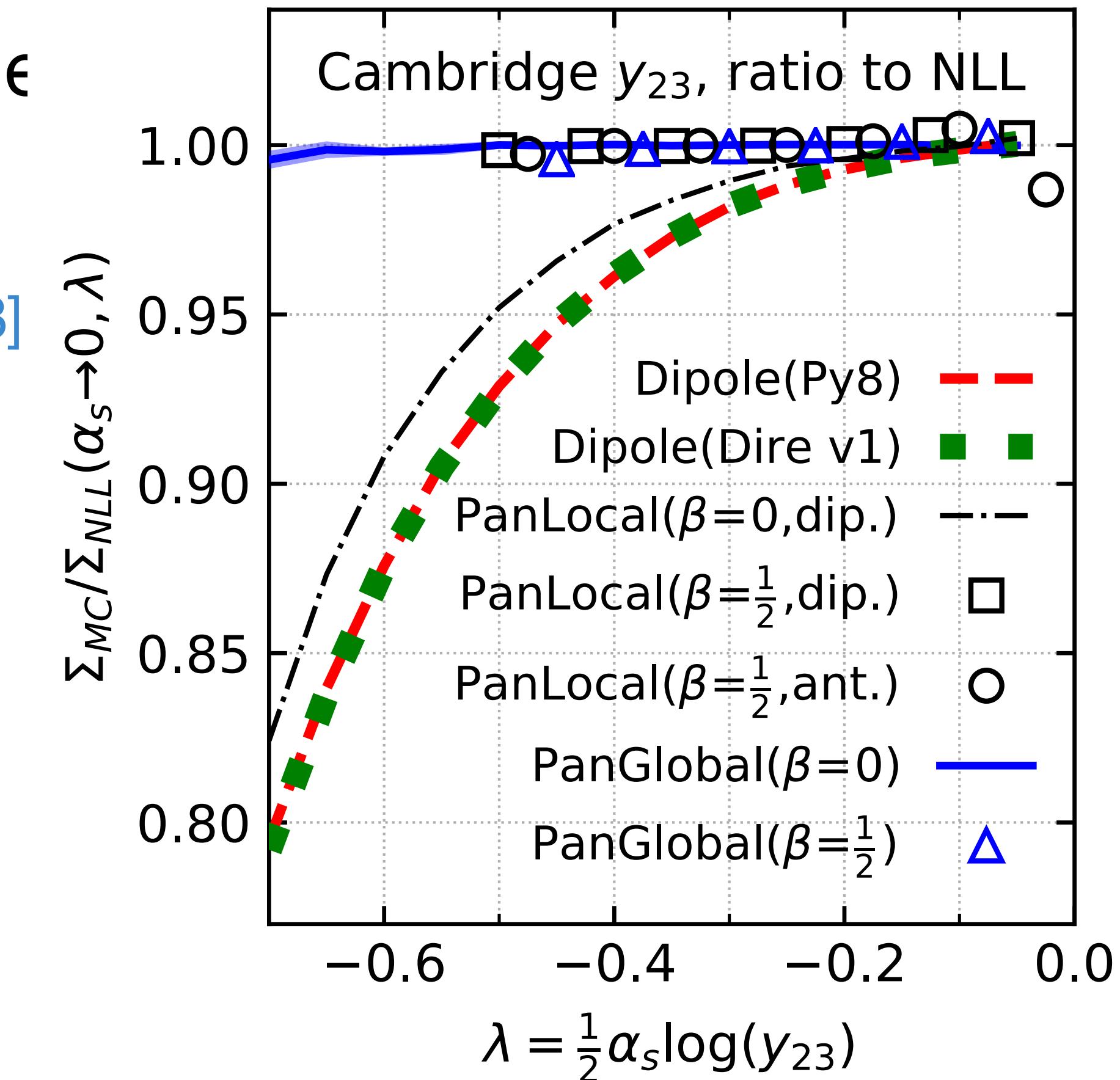
Standard for LHC SM pheno:

- angular ordered parton shower
in Herwig
- dipole/antenna showers in Pythia 8 (default showers, Dire, Vincia),
Herwig 7, Sherpa (default CS shower, Dire)



New Parton Showers - NLL accuracy

- typical claim based on accuracy of splitting functions etc.
 - parton showers \sim NLL accurate if CMW scheme for strong coupling is used
 - observation in [Dasgupta, Dreyer, Hamilton, Monni, Salam '18] (PanScales collaboration):
 - subtleties arise in distribution of recoil for subsequent emissions \Rightarrow phase space where accuracy is spoiled if soft gluon absorbs recoil
 - + in colour assignment
 - also: set of tests for shower accuracy [Dasgupta, Dreyer, Hamilton, Monni, Salam '20]



Compare: resummation e.g. in CAESAR

- factorisation of matrix elements in soft collinear limit well known
- how to extract NLL observable independent (i.e. without additional information)?
- method from [Banfi, Salam, Zanderighi '05]: need explicit implementation of soft-collinear limit*:

$$k_t^\rho = k_t \rho$$

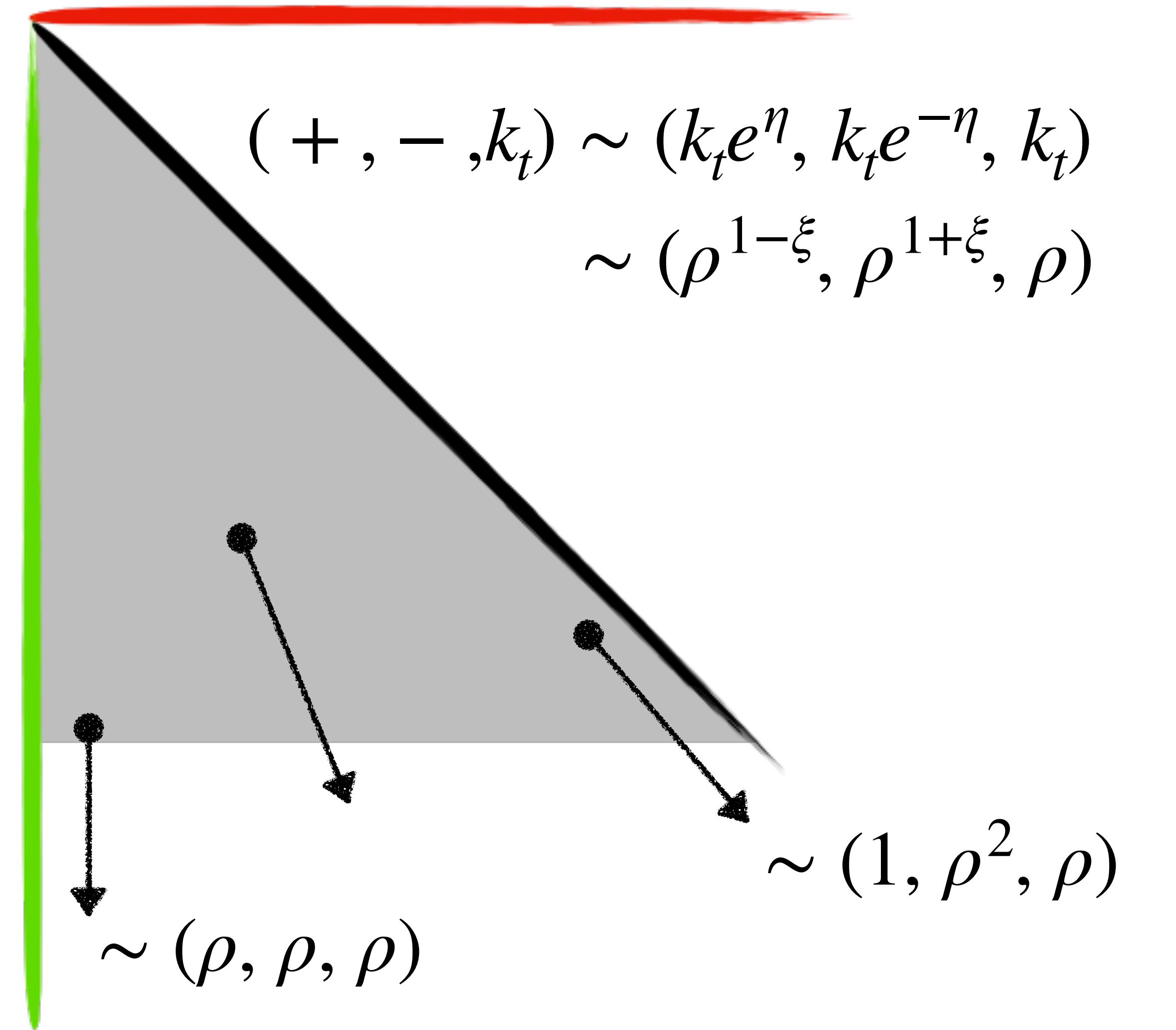
$$\eta^\rho = \eta - \xi \ln \rho$$

and assume

$$V(k_i^\rho) = \rho V(k_i)$$

$$\xi = \frac{\eta}{\eta_{\max}}$$

→ numerically evaluate phase space integrals in this limit



* example assuming $V(k_t, \eta) \sim k_t/Q$ for brevity 11

Effect of recoil on accuracy

- question: do recoil effects indeed vanish in soft limit (i.e. $\rho \rightarrow 0$)?*

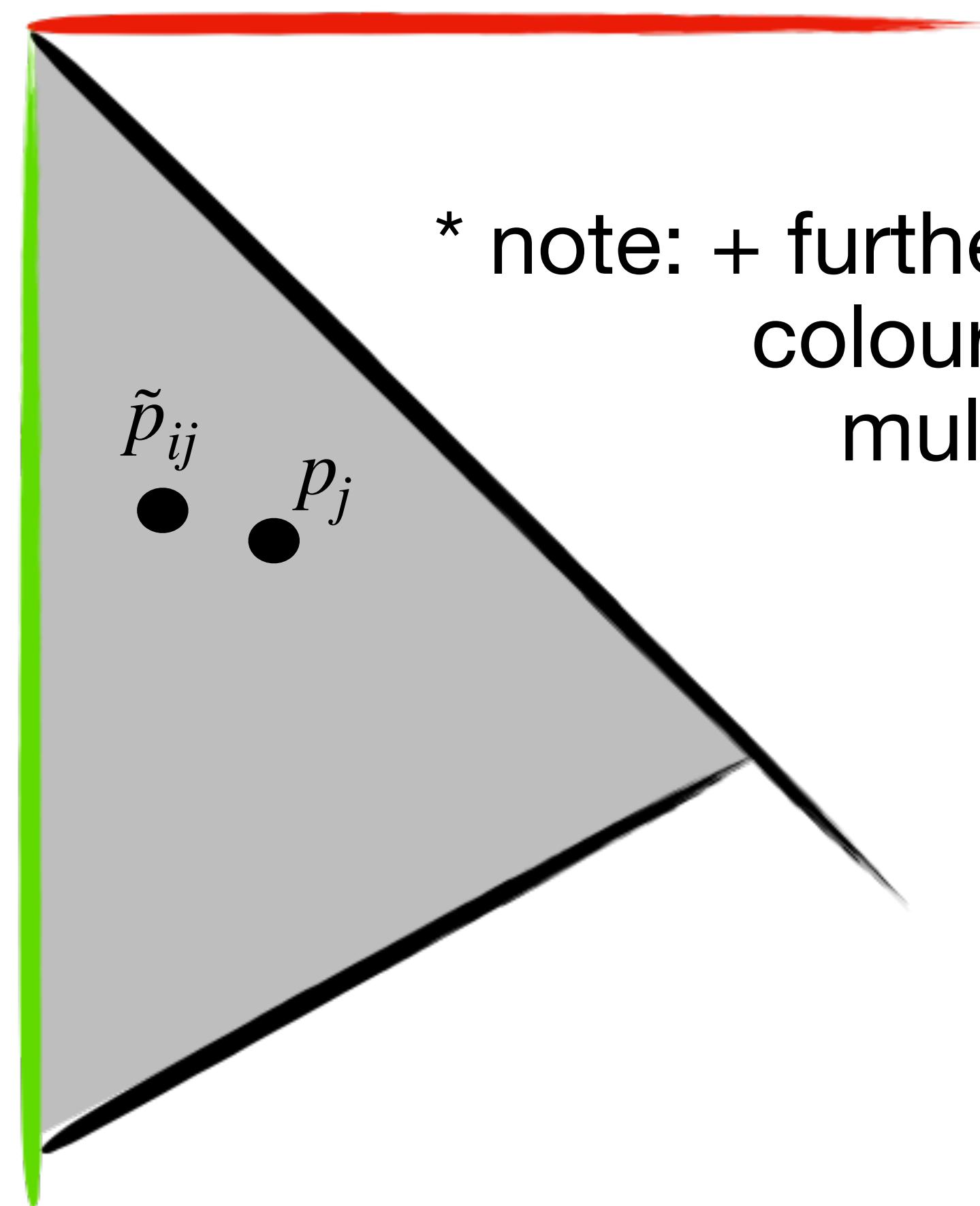
[Dasgupta,Dreyer,Hamilton,Monni,Salam '18]

- consider situation where we first emit \tilde{p}_{ij} from p_a, p_b , then emit p_j , $\tilde{p}_{ij} \rightarrow p_i, p_j$
- transverse momentum of p_i will be

$$k_t^i \sim k_t^{ij} + k_t^j \rightarrow k_t^{ij} \text{ as } \frac{k_t^j}{k_t^i} \rightarrow 0$$

- but, relevant limit is $\frac{\Delta k_t^i}{k_t^i} \rightarrow \frac{\rho k_t^j}{\rho k_t^i} = \mathcal{O}(1)$

$$\begin{aligned} p_i &= z\tilde{p}_{ij} + (1 - z)y\tilde{p}_k + k_\perp \\ p_j &= (1 - z)\tilde{p}_{ij} + zy\tilde{p}_k - k_\perp \\ p_k &= (1 - y)\tilde{p}_k . \end{aligned}$$



* note: + further problems for colour assignment in multiple emissions

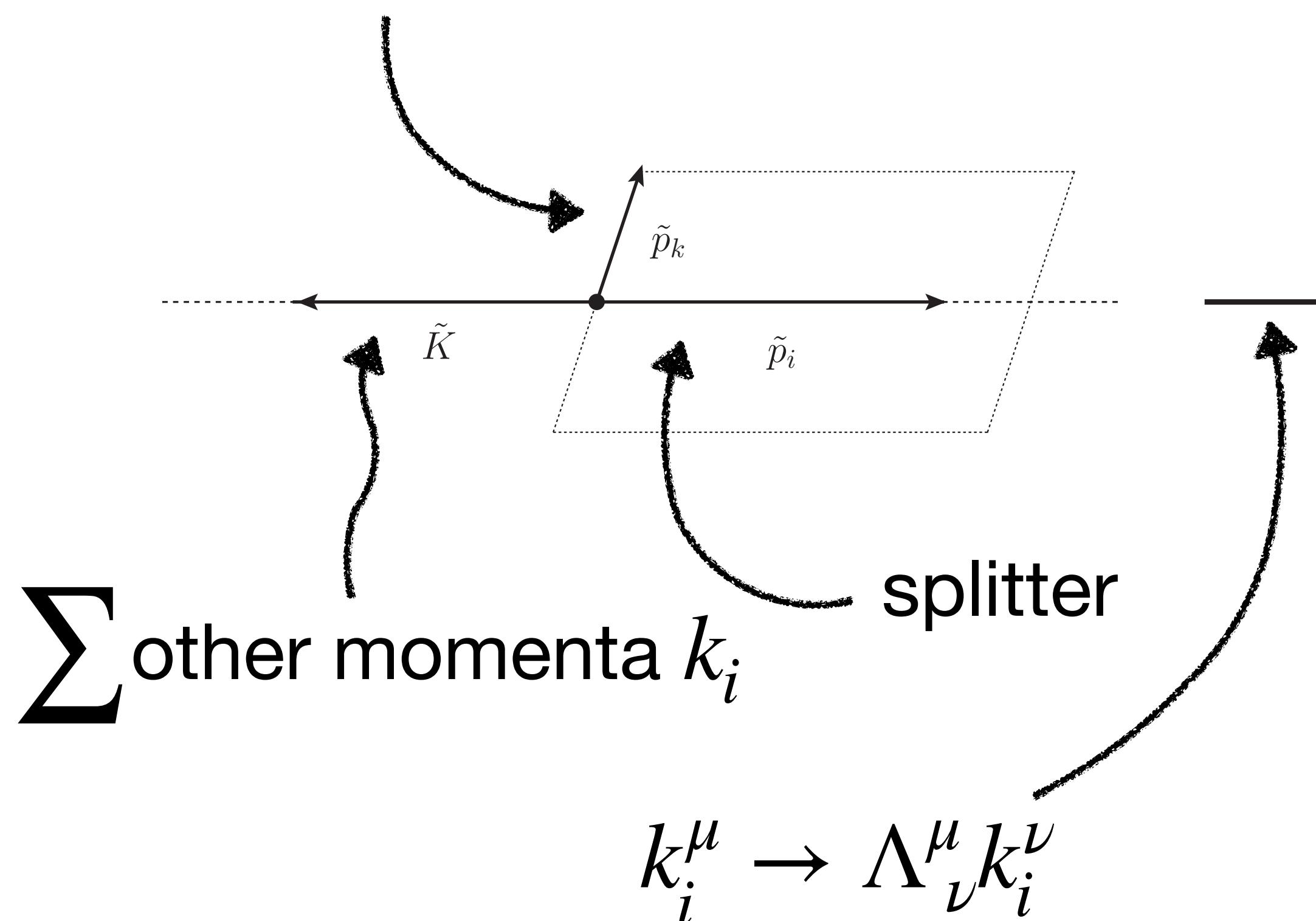
New Parton Showers - NLL accuracy

- Several solutions/re-evaluations of parton shower concepts:
- [Dasgupta, Dreyer, Hamilton, Monni, Salam, Soyez '20], [vanBeekveld, Ferrario Ravasio, Hamilton, Salam, Soto-Ontoso, Soyez '22]
 - partitioning of splitting functions and appropriate choice of evolution variable can lead to NLL accurate shower for local and global recoil strategies
- [Forshaw, Holguin, Plätzer '20]
 - Connections between angular ordered and dipole showers
- [Nagy, Soper '11]
 - local transverse, global longitudinal recoil
- [Herren, Krauss, DR, Schönherr, Höche '22]
 - global recoil, enables analytic comparison to resummation and proof of NLL accuracy
- [Preuss '24]
 - global recoil in antenna shower Vinca

Example Solution: Alaric

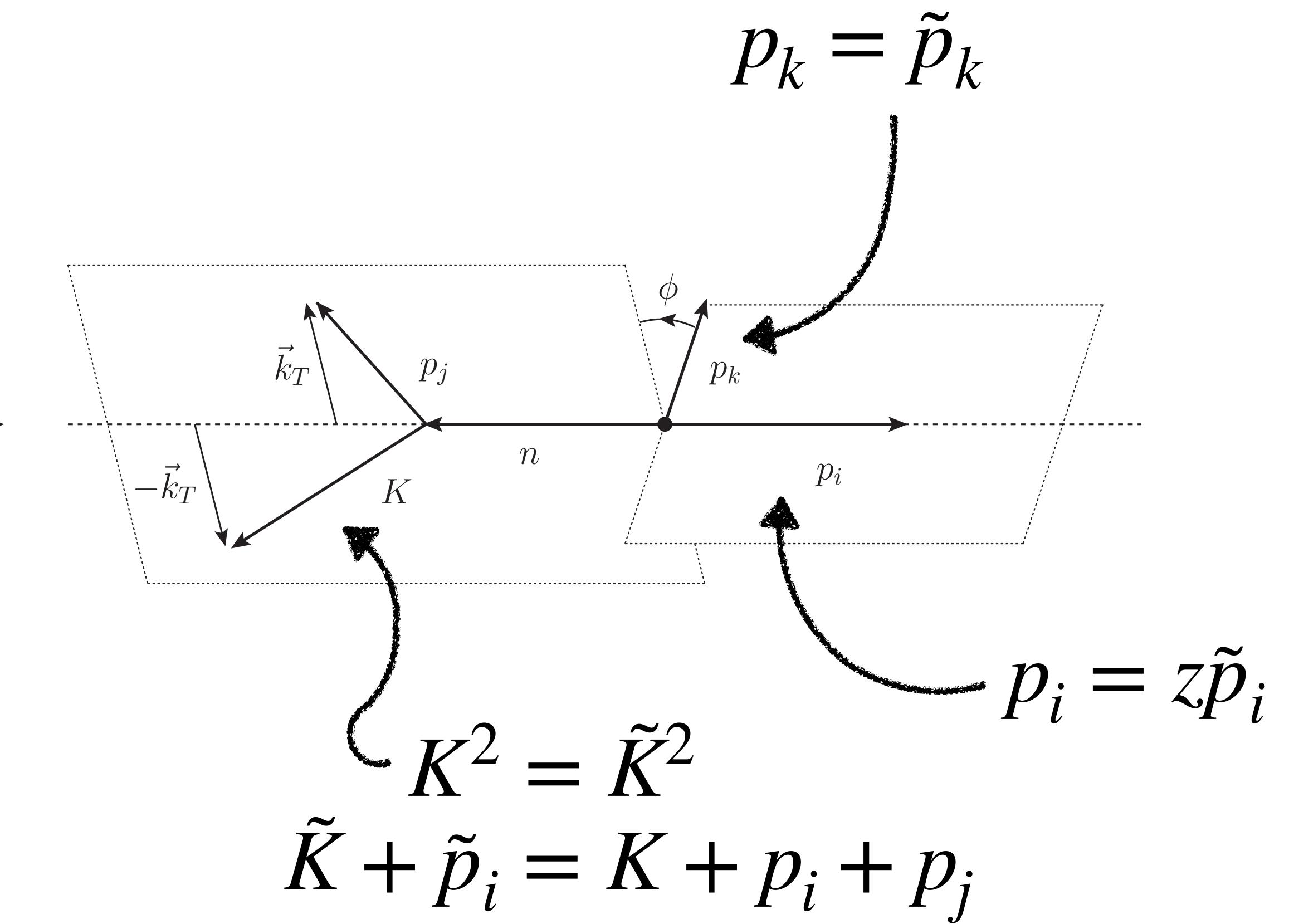
- Before splitting:
- After splitting:

colour spectator



[Catani, Seymour '97]

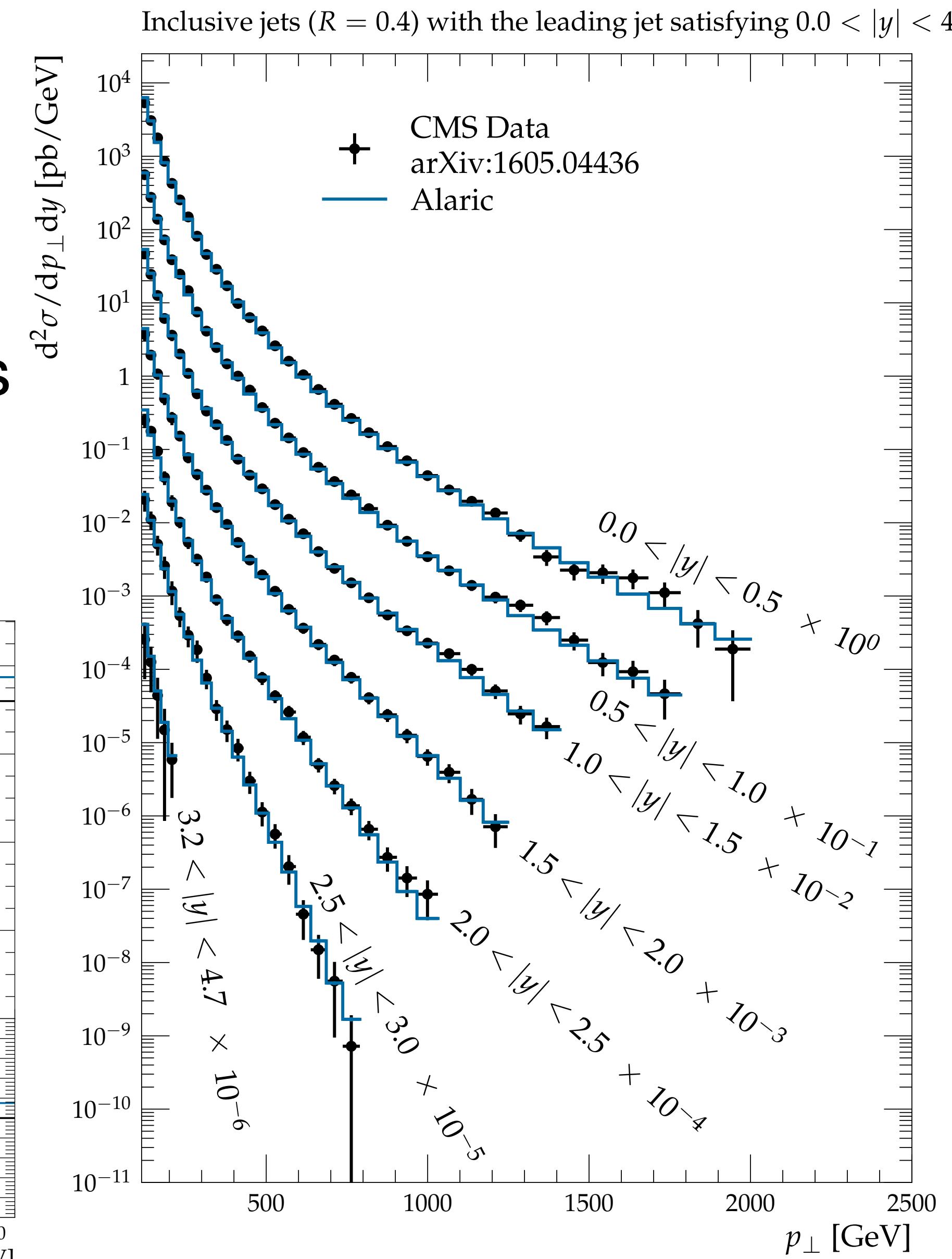
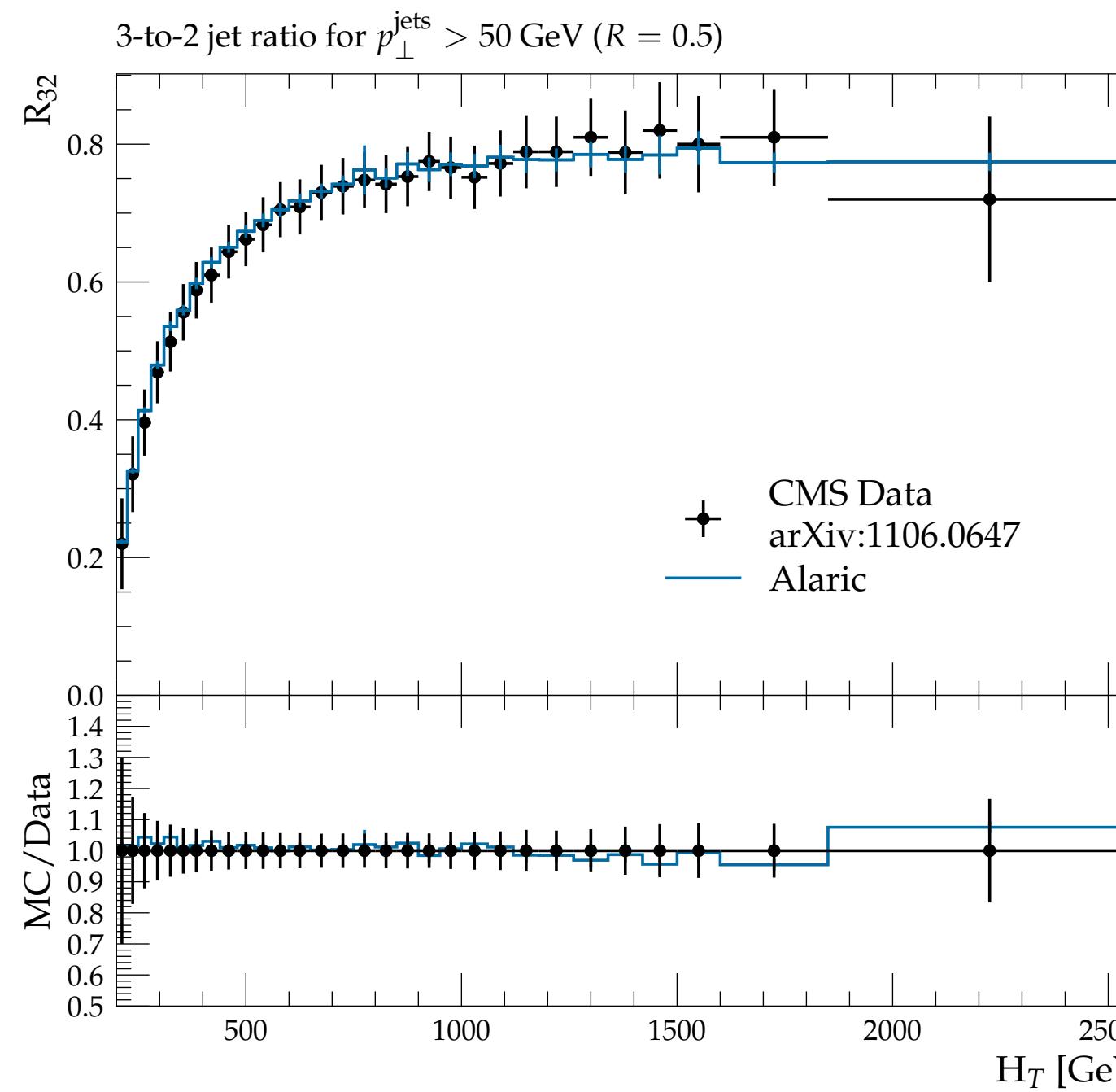
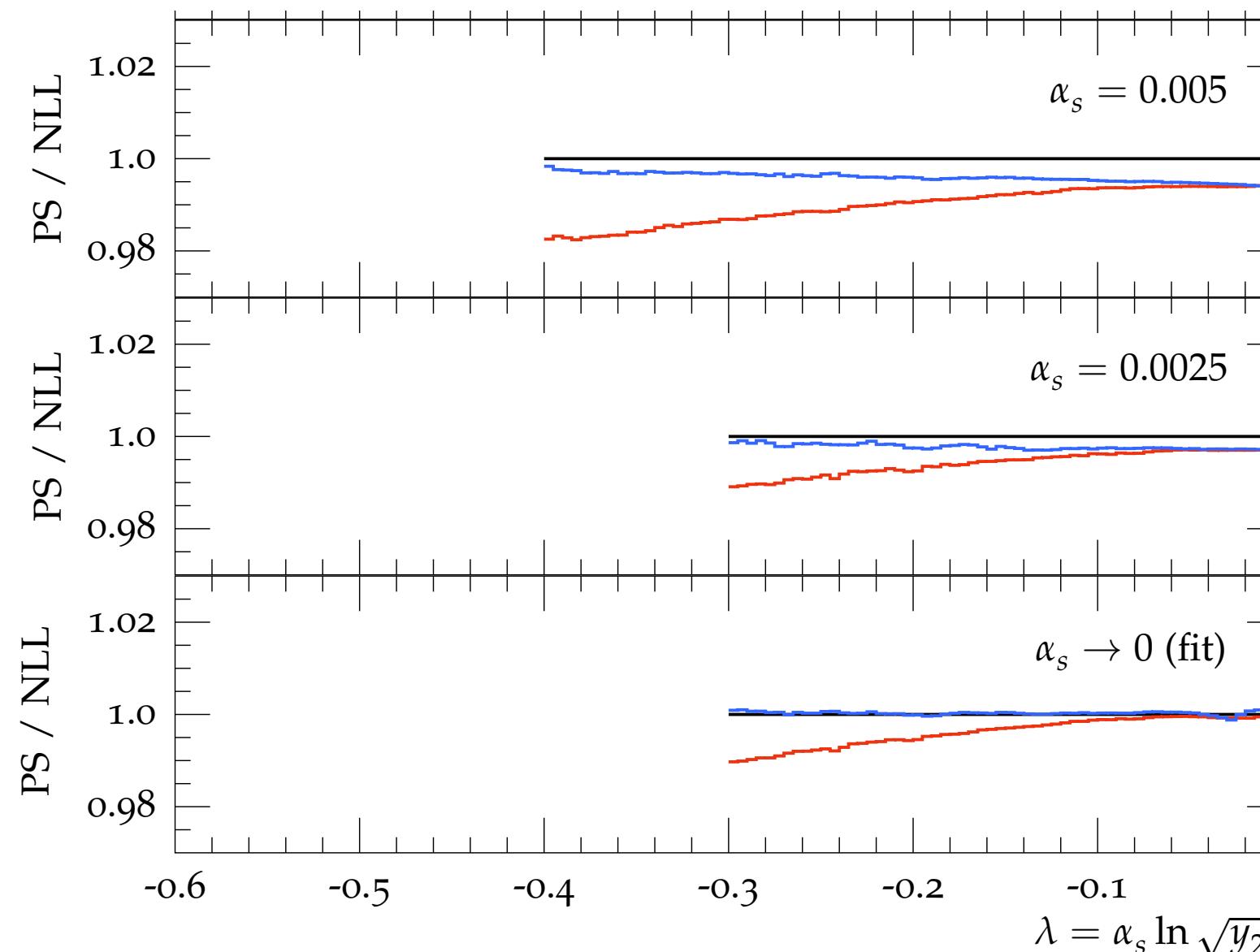
$$\Lambda^\mu_\nu = g^\mu_\nu - \frac{(K + \tilde{K})^\mu (K + \tilde{K})_\nu}{K \cdot \tilde{K} + \tilde{K}^2} + 2 \frac{K^\mu \tilde{K}_\nu}{\tilde{K}^2} \rightarrow \Lambda^\mu_\nu \tilde{K}^\nu = K^\mu$$



$$\tilde{K} + \tilde{p}_i = K + p_i + p_j$$

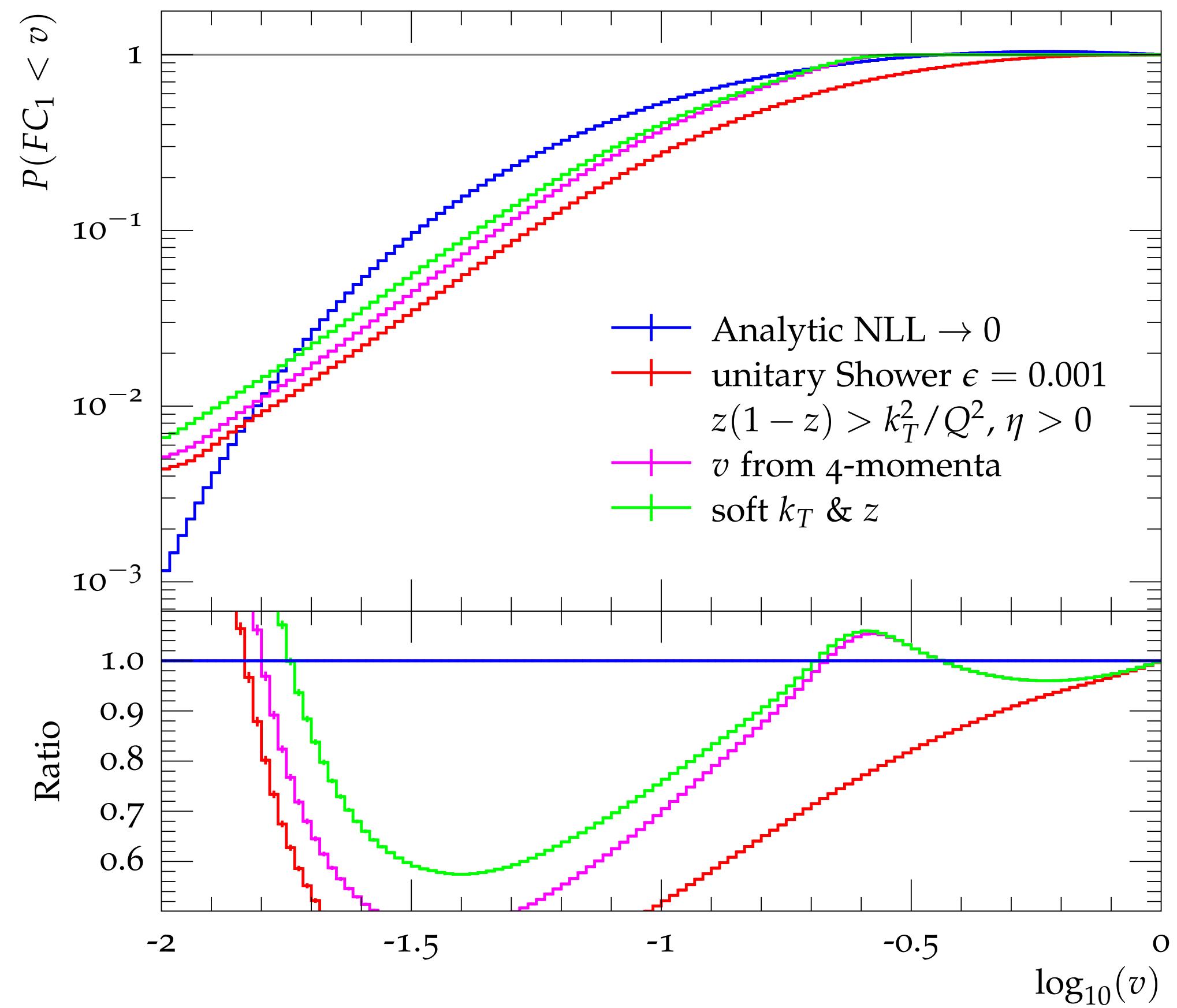
Alaric at the LHC – jets

- [Höche, Krauss, DR '24] extend Alaric method to IS evolution
- satisfactory description of inclusive and dijet events
- transverse momentum spectrum of leading jet and ratio 3-to-2 jet rate
- NLL accuracy shown numerically for FS, in addition to analytic proof



Beyond logarithmic accuracy

- Observations
 - LL and NLL accurate showers can be very similar (e.g. failing of NLL accuracy numerically undetectable for Dire in prominent observables like Thrust)
 - NLL accurate showers can differ significantly from NLL result away from strict limit
 - \Rightarrow subleading effect play a significant role in phenomenological successful parton showers, more systematic understanding desirable, see also [Höche, Siegert, DR '17]



Alaric beyond NLL - subleading effects

assume Sudakov decompose like

$$p_i^\mu = z_i \hat{p}_{ij}^\mu + \frac{-k_t^2}{z_i 2 p_{ij} \bar{n}} \bar{n}^\mu + k_t^\mu ,$$

$$p_j^\mu = z_j \hat{p}_{ij}^\mu + \frac{-k_t^2}{z_j 2 p_{ij} \bar{n}} \bar{n}^\mu - k_t^\mu$$

actual shower kinematics:

$$p_i = z \tilde{p}_i ,$$

$$p_j = (1-z) \tilde{p}_i + v(\tilde{K} - (1-z+2\kappa) \tilde{p}_i) - k_\perp ,$$

$$K = \tilde{K} - v(\tilde{K} - (1-z+2\kappa) \tilde{p}_i) + k_\perp ,$$

$$p_i = \frac{z}{1-v(1-z+\kappa)} \hat{p}_{ij} + \frac{z}{1-v(1-z+\kappa)} k_\perp + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{k_\perp^2}{2\tilde{p}_i \tilde{K}}\right) ,$$

$$p_j = \frac{(1-z)(1-v) - v\kappa}{1-v(1-z+\kappa)} \hat{p}_{ij} - \frac{z}{1-v(1-z+\kappa)} k_\perp + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{k_\perp^2}{2\tilde{p}_i \tilde{K}}\right)$$

derivation of splitting functions leads to:

$$P_{q q \parallel}^{(F)}(p_i, p_j, \bar{n}) = C_F (1-\varepsilon)(1-z_i)$$

$$P_{g g \parallel}^{(F)}(p_i, p_j, \bar{n}) = 2C_A z_i z_j ,$$

$$P_{g q \parallel}^{(F)}(p_i, p_j, \bar{n}) = T_R \left[1 - \frac{2 z_i z_j}{1-\varepsilon} \right] .$$

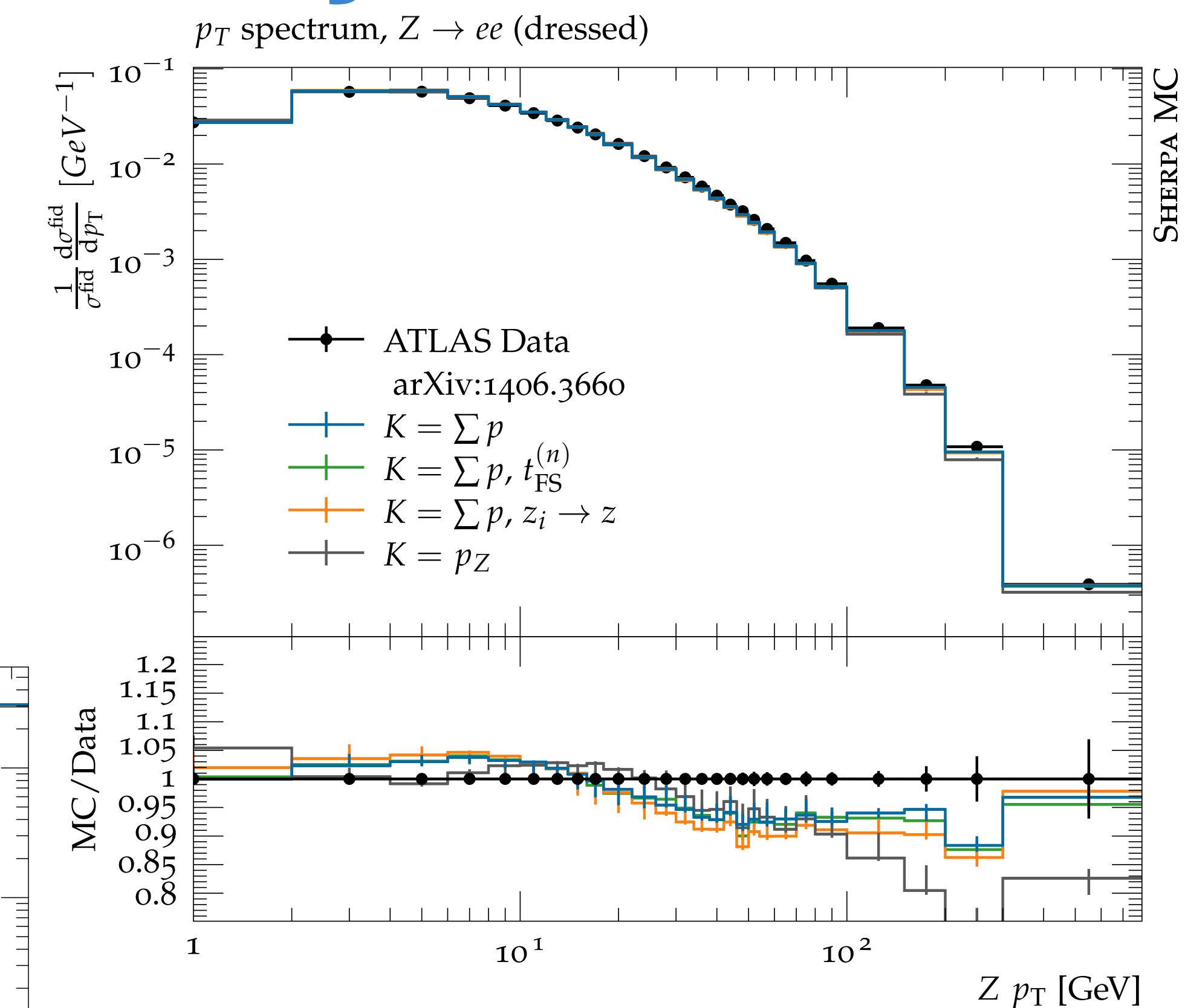
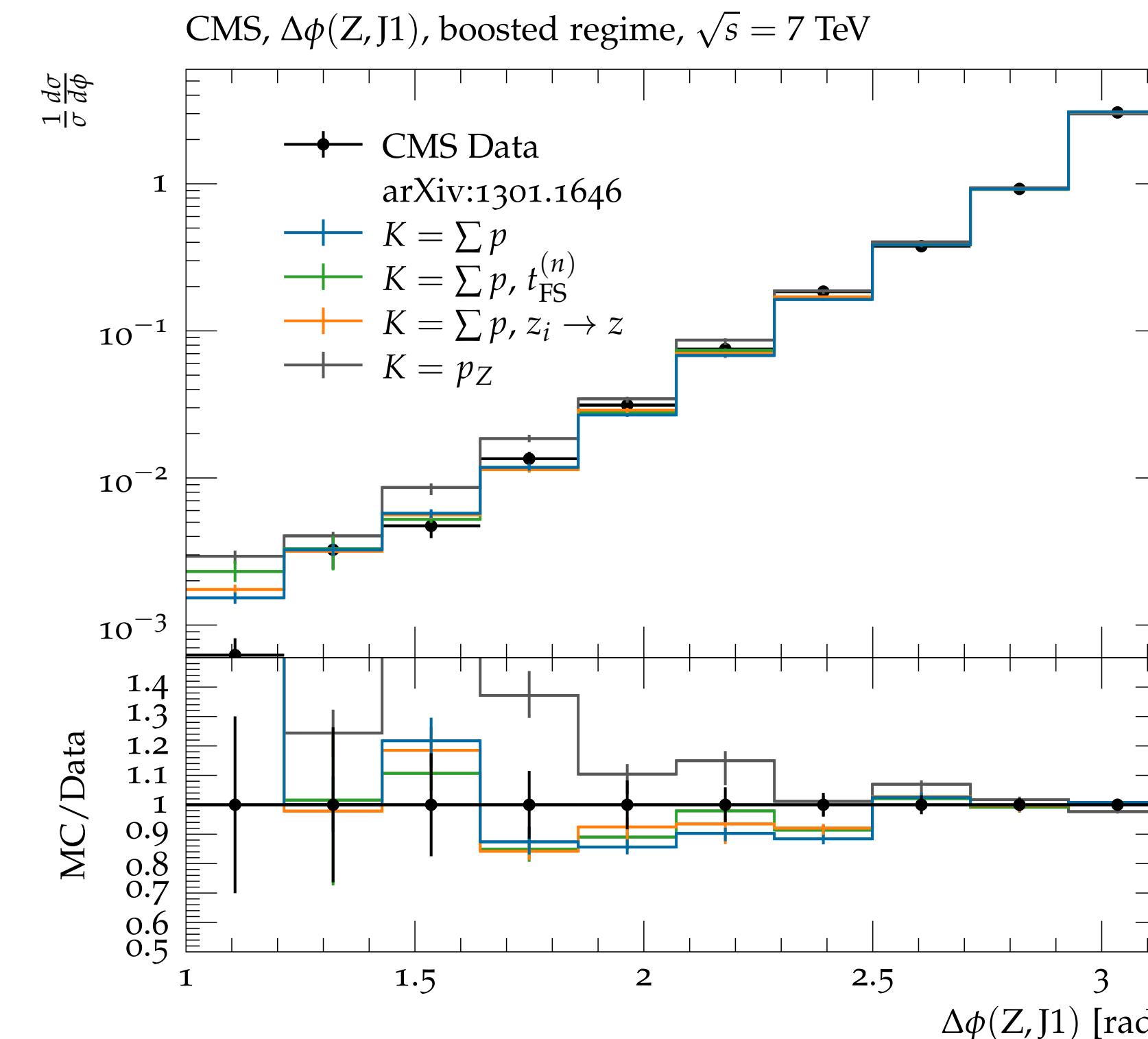
ultimately, “proper” splitting variables:

$$z_i = \frac{z}{1-v(1-z+\kappa)} ,$$

$$z_j = 1 - \frac{z}{1-v(1-z+\kappa)}$$

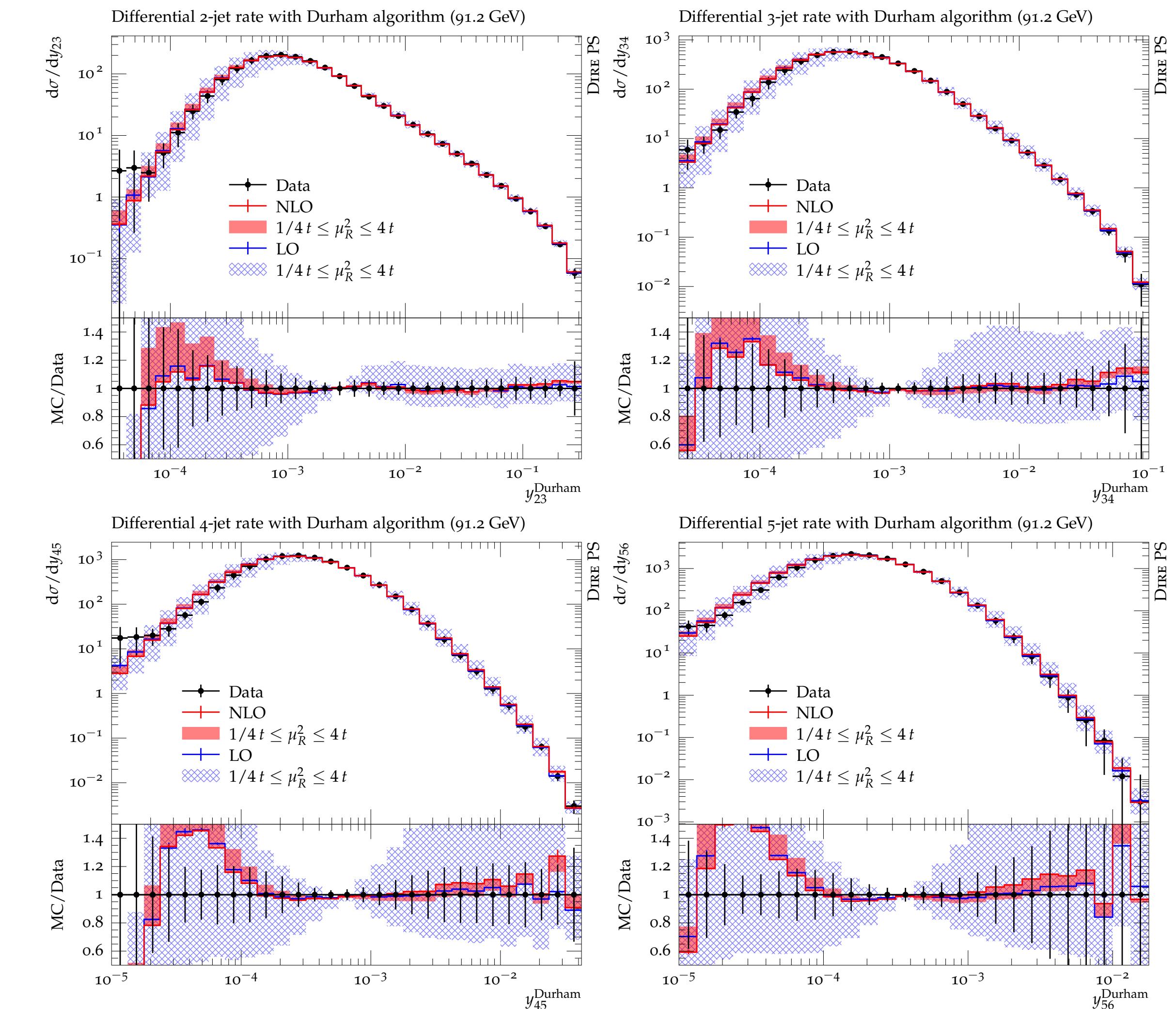
Alaric – subleading effects in Z+jets

- effects/choices beyond NLL accuracy:
 - choice of evolution variable (up to factors of $z \sim 1$)
 - identify PS parameter z with z_i, z_j
 - choice of recoil momentum K (NLL accuracy needs “hard” K)



Towards NNLL - Shower Evolution at NLO

- NLO splitting kernels implemented in a parton shower [[Höche, Prestel '17](#), [Dulat, Höche, Prestel '18](#)]
- not in a NLL safe framework, but conceptual problems are largely solved
- more recent work on the precise relation to NNLL resummation and in other showers [[Dasgupta, El-Menoufi '21](#) [\[Braun-White, Glover, Preuss '23\]](#) [\[Ferraro, Ravasio, Hamilton, Karlberg, Salam, Skybox '23\]](#), [\[van Beekveld, Dasgupta, El-Menoufi, Helliwell, Monni '23\]](#) ...]



[[Höche, Krauss, Prestel '17](#)]

Summary & other topics

- perturbative inputs to event generation, focus on parton showers and their log accuracy
- many additional topics not discussed:
 - improvements to color evolution
 - accurate matching already at NLO to achieve NLL' accuracy
 - QED precision physics / photon resummation
 - massive Quark effects
 - ...