

**ETH** zürich



IPA



# EFT interpretations (ATLAS/CMS) of single-Higgs and Higgs boson pair production

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on behalf of ATLAS and CMS Collaborations

Standard Model at the LHC - Rome, May 7-10 2024

- ➡ **No evidence of New Physics at the LHC - direct searches of BSM effects continue but focus is shifting to indirect exploration of Higgs sector**
  - ▶ increasing number of Higgs EFT measurements in CMS and ATLAS
- ➡ **EFT results focus in interpretation of unfolded spectrum in presence of EFT effects or extract coefficients with dedicated analyses using optimal observables**
- ➡ **This talk will focus on recent EFT interpretations results in ATLAS/CMS for Higgs and double Higgs analyses**
  - ▶ EFT parametrisation models
  - ▶ EFT interpretation using STXS scheme and full combination of Run 2 single Higgs analyses
  - ▶ highlights on optimal observable analyses targeting constraints on SMEFT EFT or anomalous coupling basis ( $H \rightarrow ZZ$ ,  $H \rightarrow WW$ ,  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ )
  - ▶ extending constraints on EFT coefficients using SMEFT or HEFT basis in double Higgs analyses
  - ▶ example of global EFT fit using Higgs and EWK constraints

- ➔ **Experimental profile of the Higgs boson with Run 1/ 2 data becoming very precise**
- ➔ **Precision measurement is key to look for deviations of SM couplings: achieved using low-energy approximation (EFT) to UV complete theory**

$$\mathcal{L}_{SMEFT} = \mathcal{L}_{SM}^4 + \sum_i \frac{c_i^{(5)}}{\Lambda} \mathcal{O}_i^{(5)} + \sum_i \frac{c_i^{(6)}}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i^{(6)} + \sum_i \frac{c_i^{(7)}}{\Lambda^3} \mathcal{O}_i^{(7)} + \mathcal{O}(8) + \dots = \mathcal{L}_{BSM}$$

- ➔ **Under the assumption that the theory cut-off is much larger than the energy, SMEFT series can be truncated at dimension 6**
  - ▶ dimension 5 operators violates L number conservation hence not relevant for LHC studies
- ➔ **Warsaw basis often used to derive set of operators which can be accessed and constrained by analyses**
- ➔ **Dimension 8 operators often neglected and contributing as  $1/\Lambda^4$**

# Wilson coefficients & EFT Lagrangian expansion

➔ **Expansion of SM lagrangian in  $1/\Lambda$ : observables EFT effects are parametrised**

▶ with linear term in WC's and a linear+quadratic term in WC's (both are dim-6 operators)

$$\sigma = |\mathcal{A}_{\text{SM}}|^2 + \sum_i \frac{c_i^{(6)}}{\Lambda^2} 2\text{Re}(\mathcal{A}_i^{(6)} \mathcal{A}_{\text{SM}}^*) + \sum_i \frac{(c_i^{(6)})^2}{\Lambda^4} |\mathcal{A}_i^{(6)}|^2 + \sum_{i<j} \frac{c_i^{(6)} c_j^{(6)}}{\Lambda^4} 2\text{Re}(\mathcal{A}_i^{(6)} \mathcal{A}_j^{(6)*})$$

SM

Interference of SM and NP

Pure NP

$$\sigma = \sigma_{\text{SM}} + \sum_i \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} p_i + \sum_i \frac{c_i^2}{\Lambda^4} p_{2,i} + \sum_{i<j} \frac{c_i c_j}{\Lambda^4} p_{ij}$$

➔ **SMEFT [[link](#)] is a popular model for EFT interpretation using dim-6 operators**

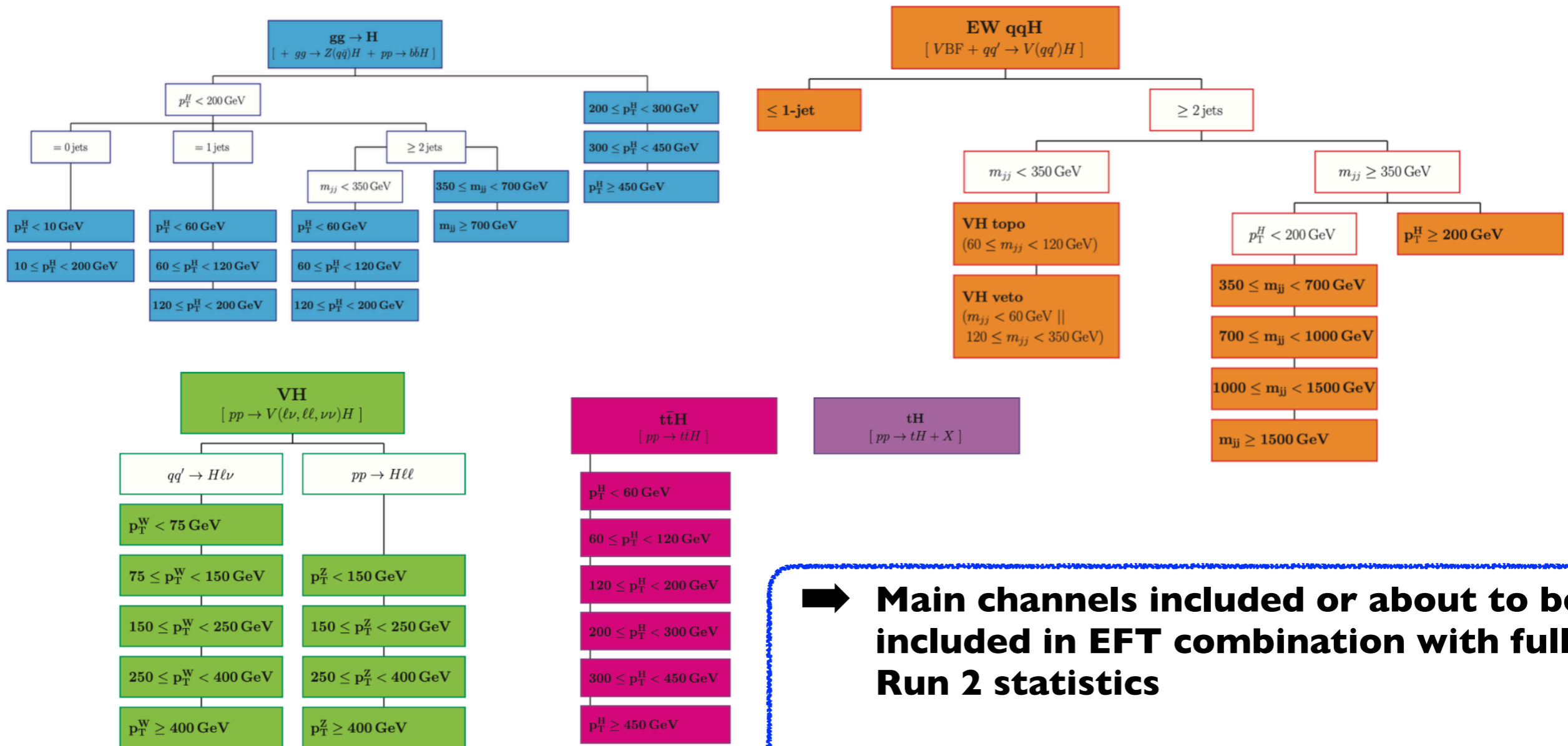
➔ **Some EFT contributions are CP-odd operators: access on those operators is relevant as non vanishing components indicate CP violation**

# EFT interpretation using STXS 1.2 categorisation

➔ Fundamental to keep all operators in interpretation due to correlation effects

➔ No single measurement constraints all operators - need for global approach

▶ EFT interpretation of STXS fit using STXS categorisation for Higgs production modes - no sensitivity to CP given lack of dedicated CP-sensitive observables



➔ Main channels included or about to be included in EFT combination with full Run 2 statistics

➔ All production modes in STXS bins

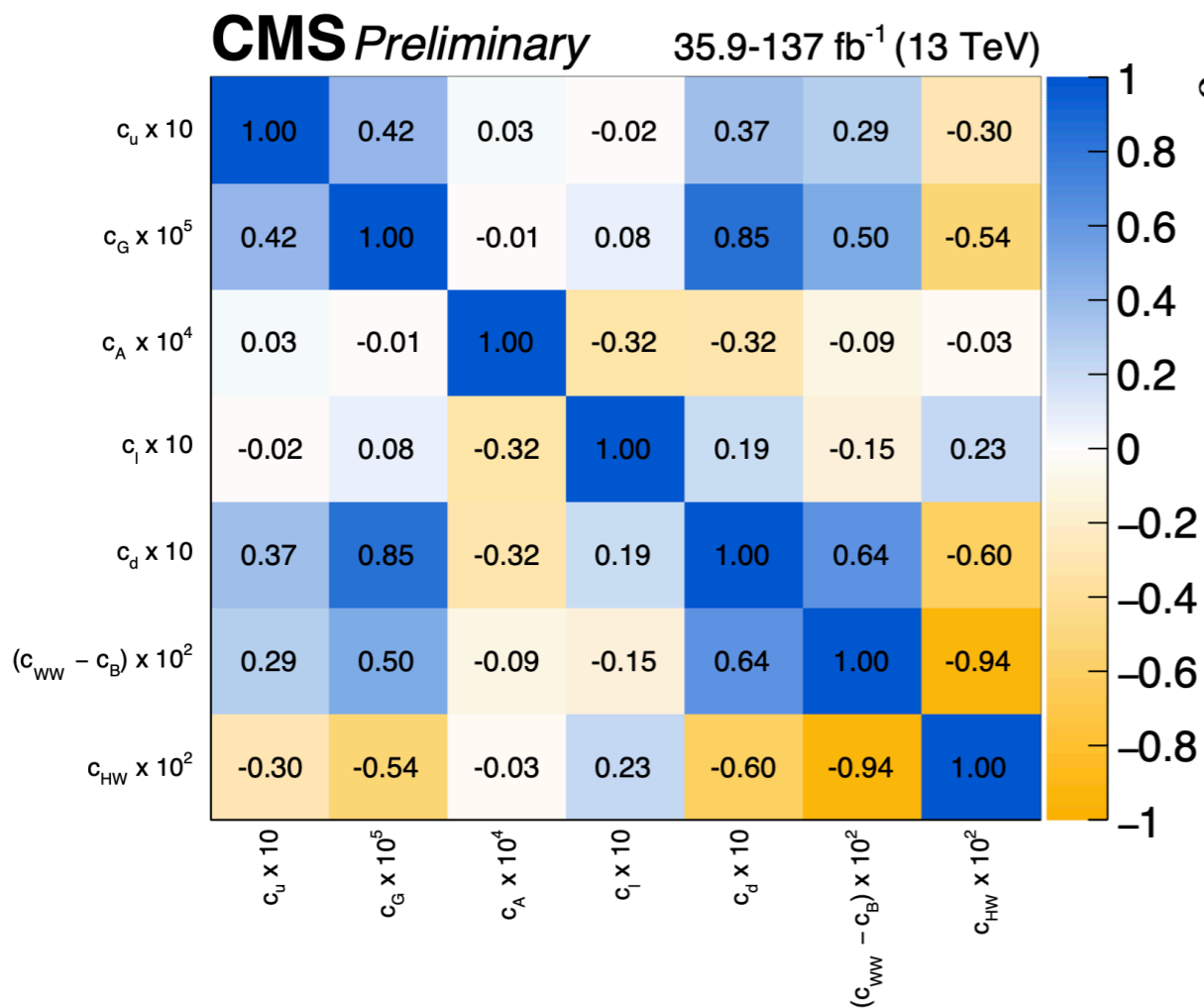
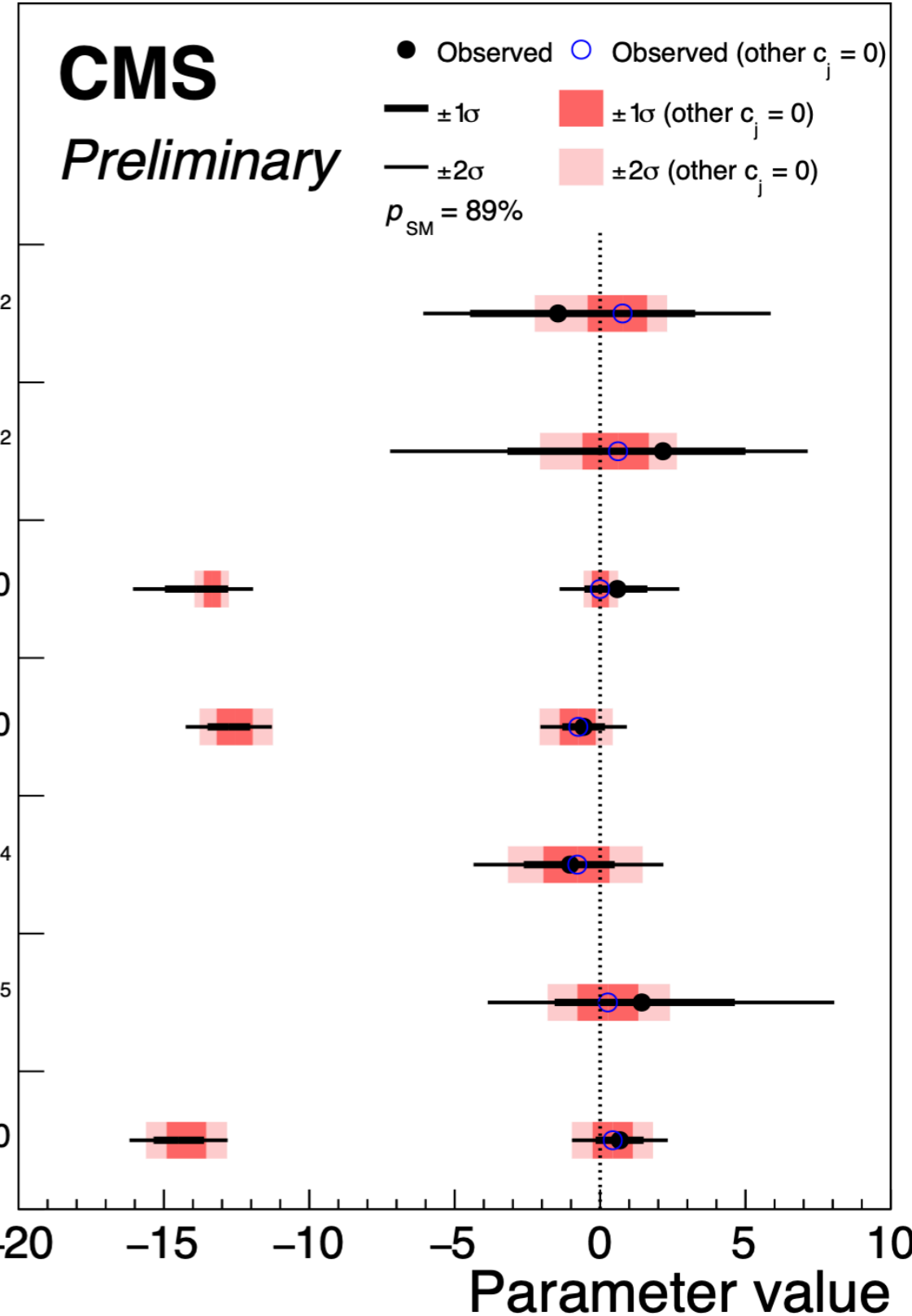
➔ **Assumption of EFT interpretation in STXS bins: 1) no EFT effects on background components, 2) acceptance corrections in STXS bins to account for EFT effects**

➔ EFT coupling constraints extracted in HEL model (definition in backup)

➔ No optimal observables (angles, kinematics) to enhance analysis sensitivity to EFT effects

➔ Results provided with all freely-floating Wilson coefficients and profiling one at a time

35.9-137 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV)

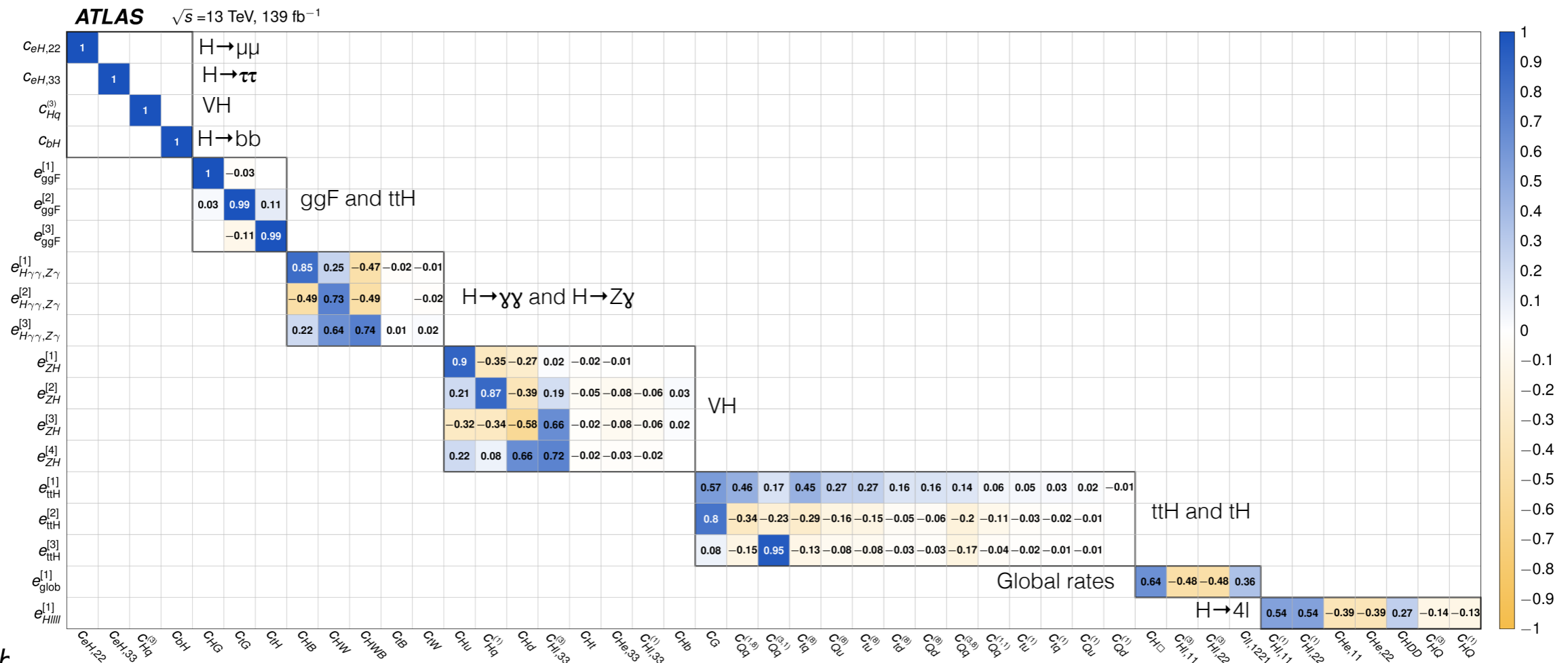


➔ **Combined all Higgs final states and performed principal component analysis on SMEFT Fisher information matrix in the limit of Gaussian STXS measurements**

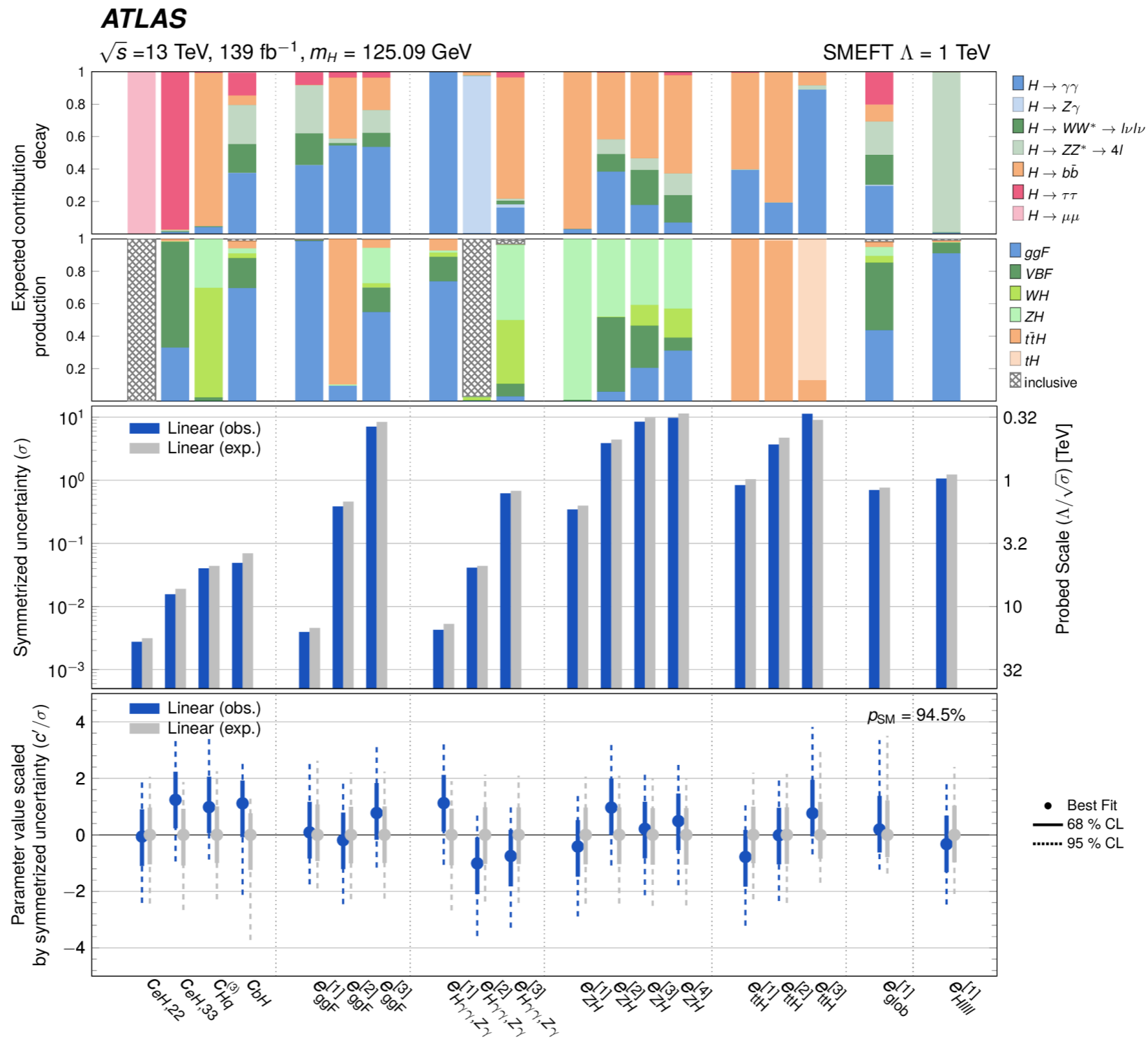
$$V_{\text{SMEFT}}^{-1} = P_{(i,k',X) \rightarrow (j)}^T V_{\text{STXS}}^{-1} P_{(i,k',X) \rightarrow (j)}$$

➔ **Eigenvalue decomposition of SMEFT Fisher information matrix leads to eigenvectors which are constrained in the measurement**

▶ sensitivity criteria observations defining a new rotated basis achieving fit stability, fit-parameter interpretability and no flat directions in the likelihood scans due to poor sensitivity



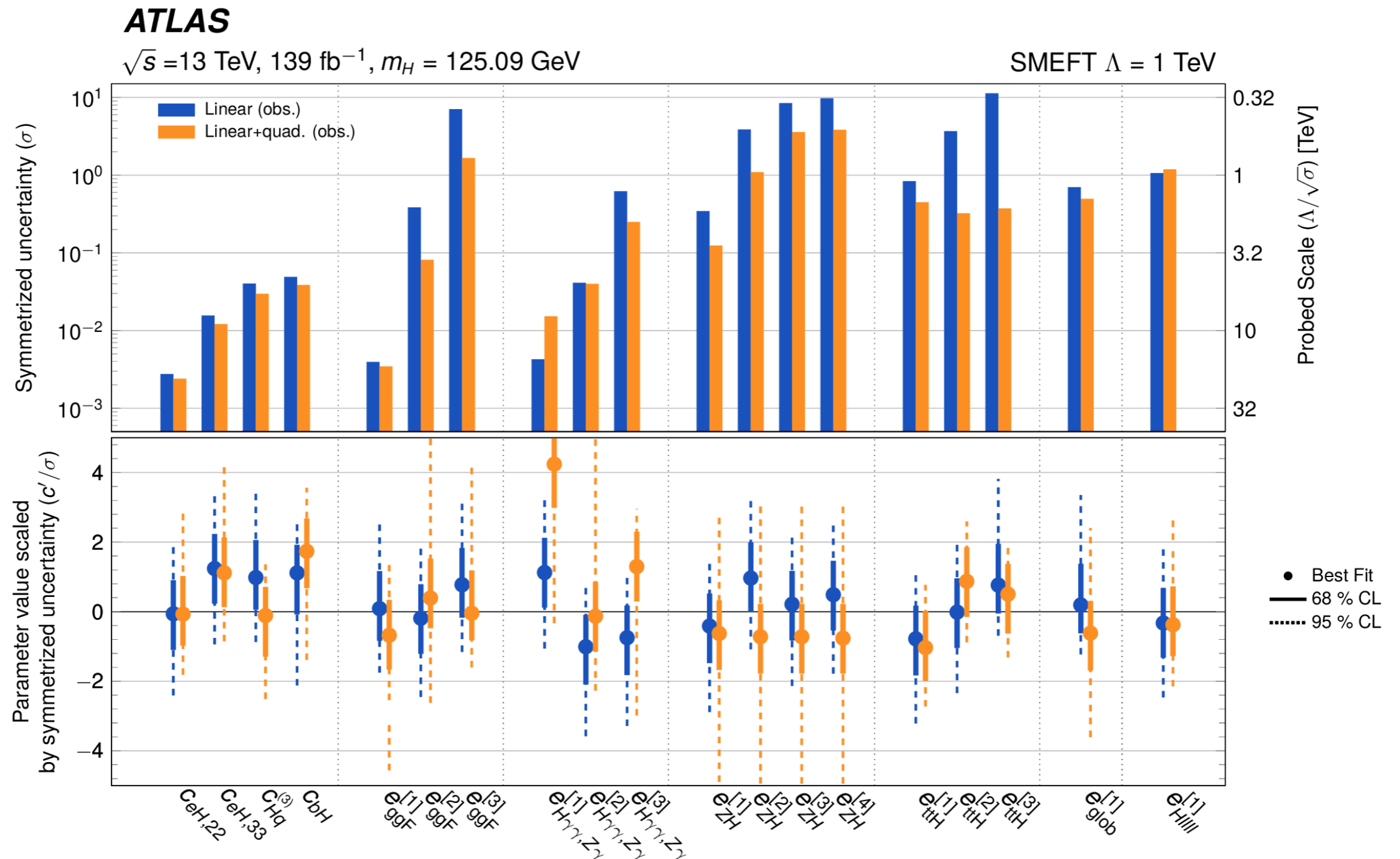
- ➔ **Linearised SMEFT model (SM p-value 94.5%): contribution of each measured production/decay extracted using Fisher information matrix**
- ➔ **Most of WC's are statistically dominated - some WC's entirely constrained by single channels**





➔ **Constraints on the model with quadratic terms in most cases stronger than linear-only model (mostly for weak impact of BSM/SM interference terms)**

- ▶ observed uncertainties smaller than expected for quadratic due to double minima structure
- ▶ difference between linear/quadratic magnitude as indicator of missing SM dim-8 interference term

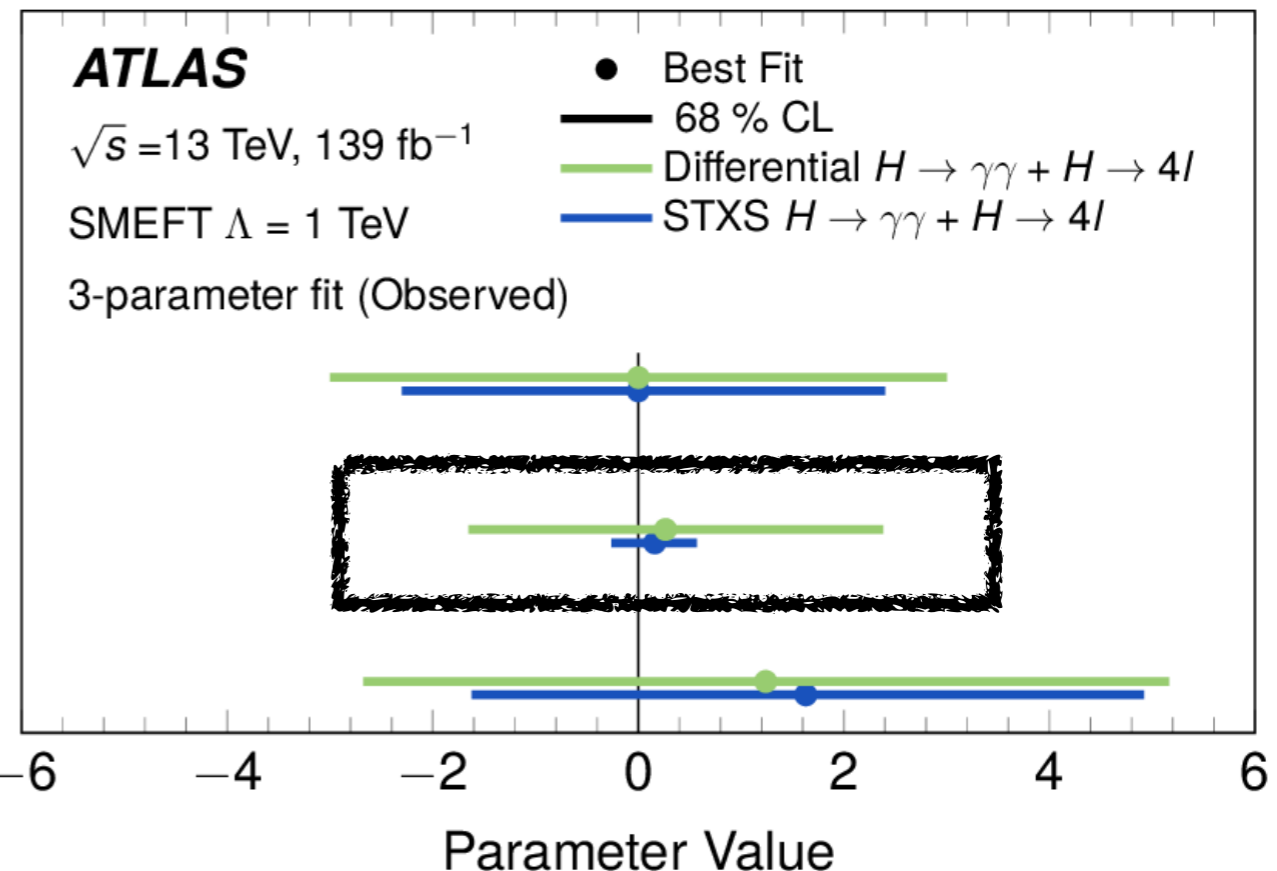


- ➔ **Along with STXS, SMEFT operators can also be constrained from fiducial cross-section measurements (unfolded to particle-level) using  $pt(H)$  in  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma/ZZ$** 
  - ▶ fine granularity of kinematic regions in differential observables + large sensitivity to EFT in high  $pt(H)$ , however inclusive treatment of Higgs production modes (unlike in STXS approach)
    - expected drop in sensitivity using differential approach compared to STXS interpretation
  - ▶ probing EFT contact term in production and decay: rotation defines a new set of eigenvectors which are decorrelated and extracted simultaneously

## ➔ Significantly large drop in EFT sensitivity using differential approach compared to STXS

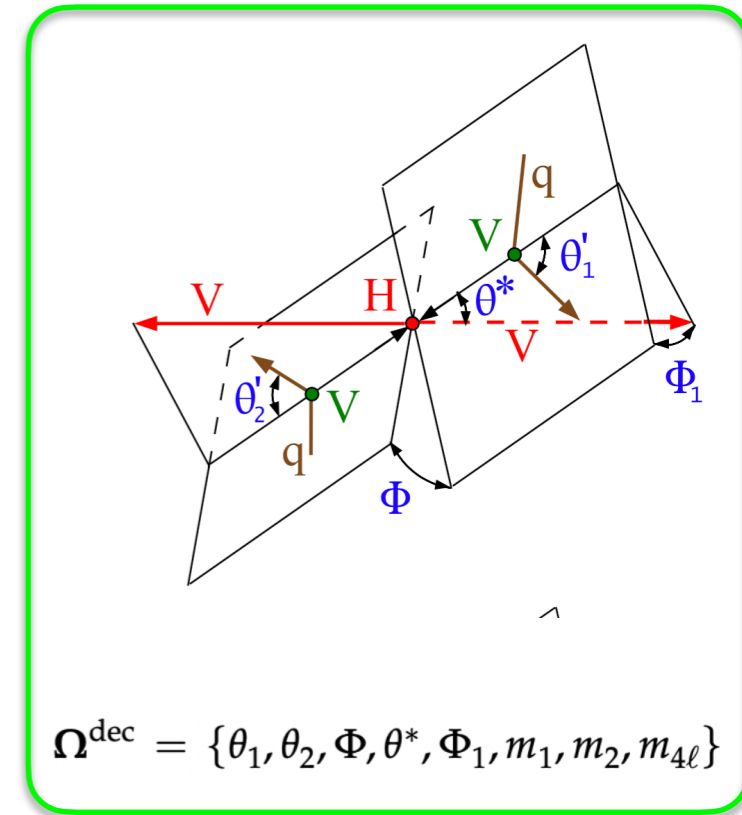
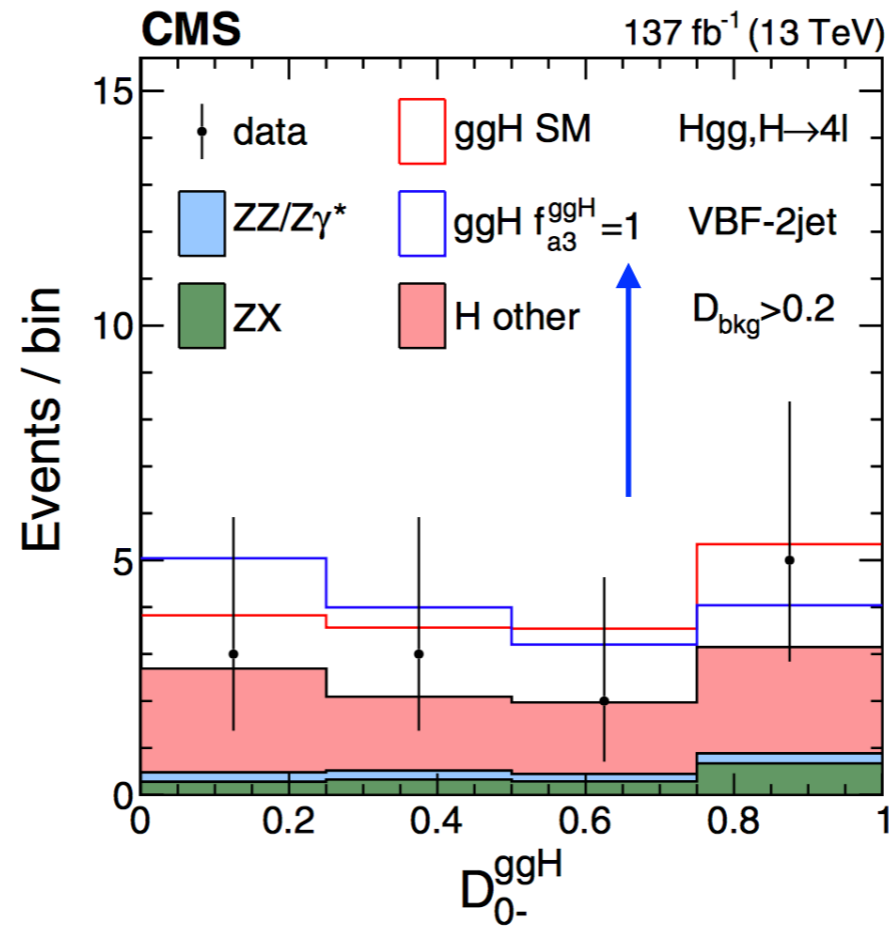
$$\begin{aligned}
 ev^{[1]} &= 0.999c_{HG} - 0.035c_{tG} - 0.003c_{tH}, \\
 ev^{[2]} &= 0.035c_{HG} + 0.978c_{tG} + 0.205c_{tH}, \\
 ev^{[3]} &= -0.005c_{HG} - 0.205c_{tG} + 0.979c_{tH}.
 \end{aligned}$$

- ▶ differential measurements probe distributions of single observable inclusively in production mode
- ▶ accessing separate measurement of ggF and ttH production in STXS makes difference for  $ev^{[2]}$

 $1000 \times ev^{[1]}$ 
 $ev^{[2]}$ 
 $ev^{[3]}$ 


## Full production and decay kinematic to constrain Wilson coefficients

- MEM (MELA) employed to separate production modes/discriminate signal vs backgrounds
- MELA to tackle EFT tensor structure

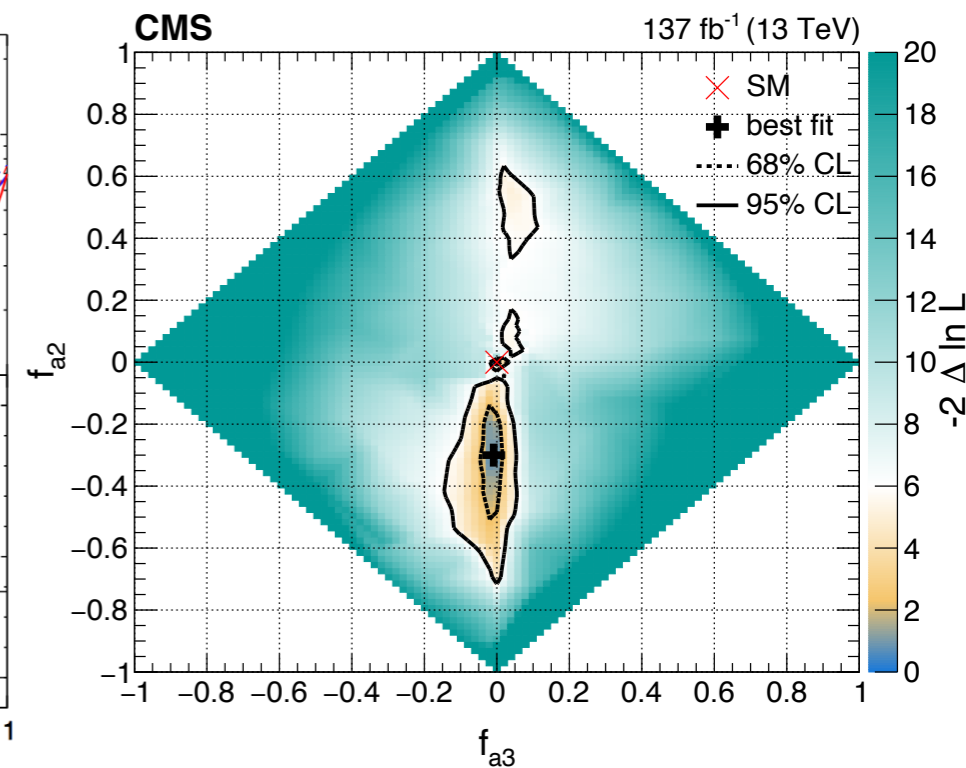
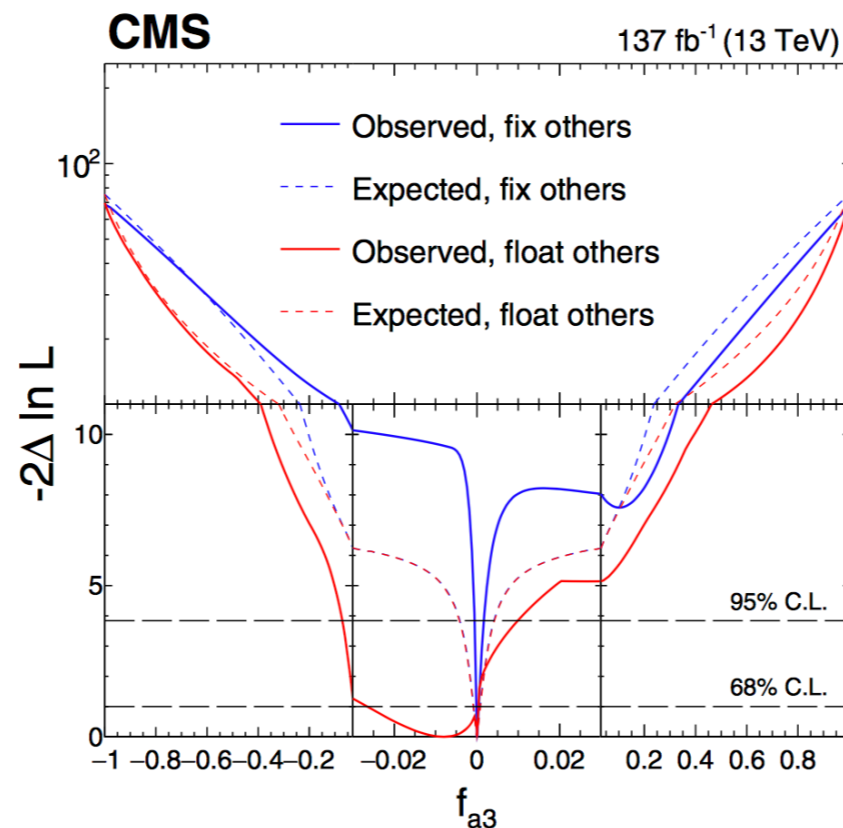


Phys. Rev. D 104 (2021) 052004

## Constraints HVV using Anomalous Coupling: extended to WC constraints (SMEFT)

### Various hypotheses on combined AC fit

- fixing all couplings but one to SM expectations or all couplings profiled
- access sensitivity to CP structure in HZZ decay



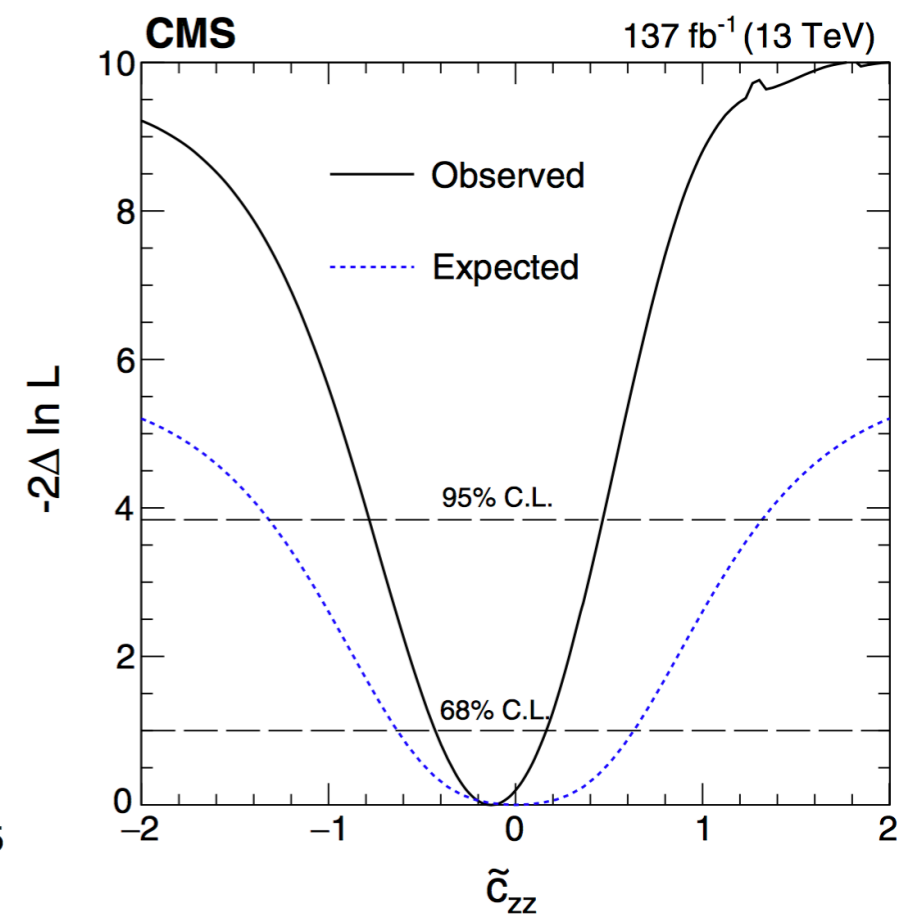
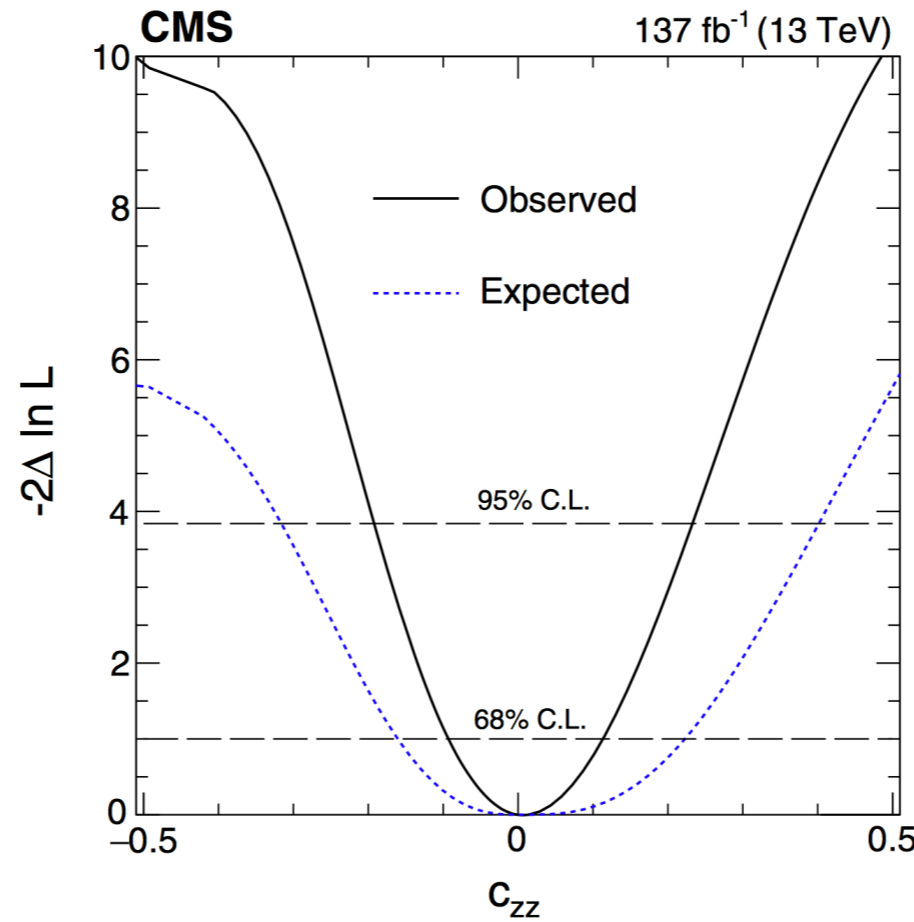
Phys. Rev. D 104 (2021) 052004

➔ **Performing fit to all Wilson coefficients: targeting HZZ couplings using VBF and VH modes**

- ▶ both linear and quadratic terms considered
- ▶ largest precision for  $c(HW)$ , also access with good precision on CP-odd EFT WC

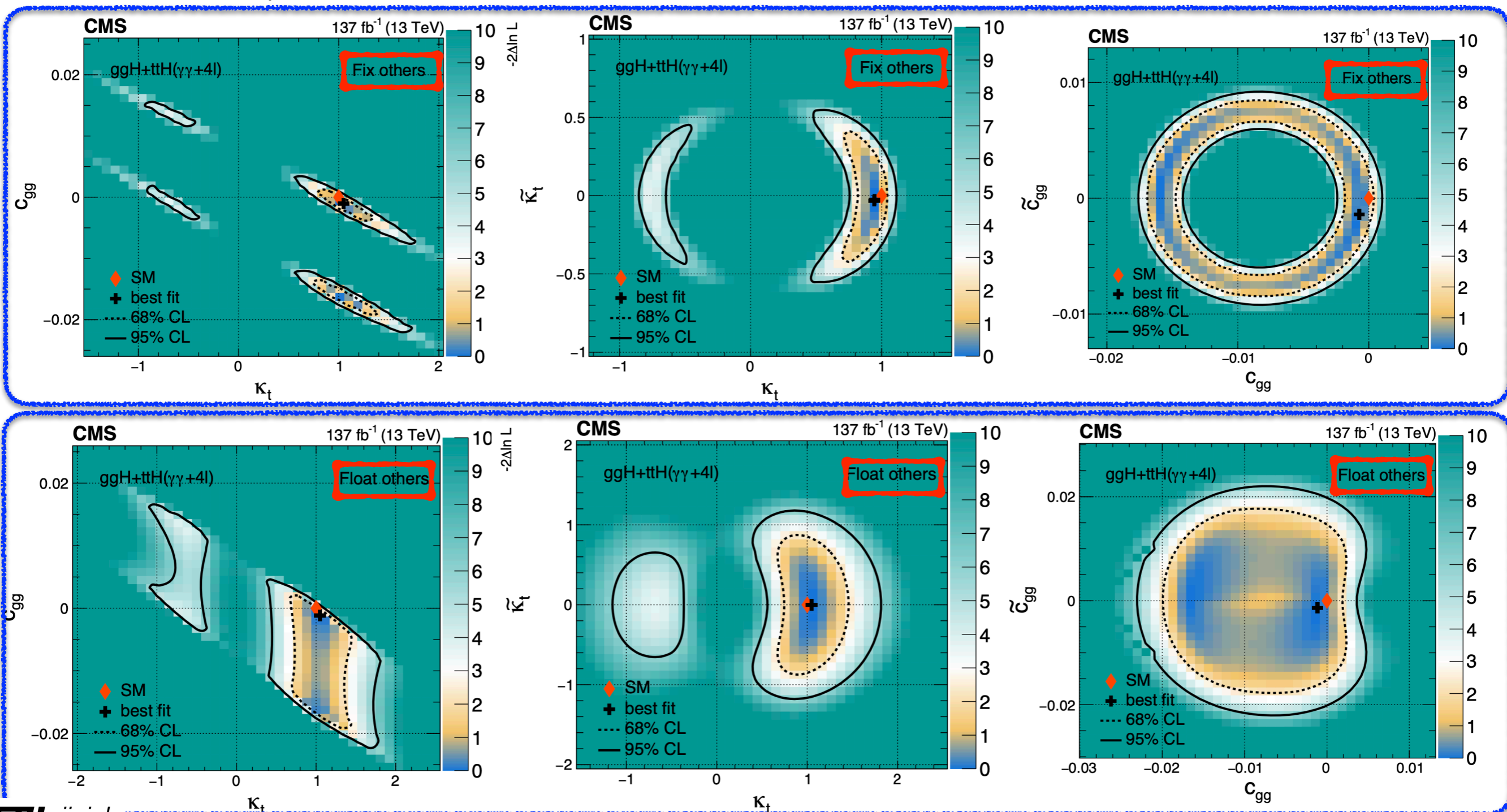
Coupling	Observed	Expected
$c_{H\Box}$	$0.04^{+0.43}_{-0.45}$	$0.00^{+0.75}_{-0.93}$
$c_{HD}$	$-0.73^{+0.97}_{-4.21}$	$0.00^{+1.06}_{-4.60}$
➔ $c_{HW}$	$0.01^{+0.18}_{-0.17}$	$0.00^{+0.39}_{-0.28}$
$c_{HWB}$	$0.01^{+0.20}_{-0.18}$	$0.00^{+0.42}_{-0.31}$
$c_{HB}$	$0.00^{+0.05}_{-0.05}$	$0.00^{+0.03}_{-0.08}$
CP-odd ➔ $c_{H\tilde{W}}$	$-0.23^{+0.51}_{-0.52}$	$0.00^{+1.11}_{-1.11}$
$c_{H\tilde{W}B}$	$-0.25^{+0.56}_{-0.57}$	$0.00^{+1.21}_{-1.21}$
$c_{H\tilde{B}}$	$-0.06^{+0.15}_{-0.16}$	$0.00^{+0.33}_{-0.33}$

➔ Also provided constraints for  $c(ZZ)$  and CP-odd  $c(ZZ)$  coupling components using results on Warsaw basis



➔ **Simultaneous measurement of EFT operators,  $c(gg), \tilde{c}(gg), k_t, \tilde{k}_t$  impacting gluon-fusion loop - common EFT approach for several channels with additional sensitivity to CP odd operators**

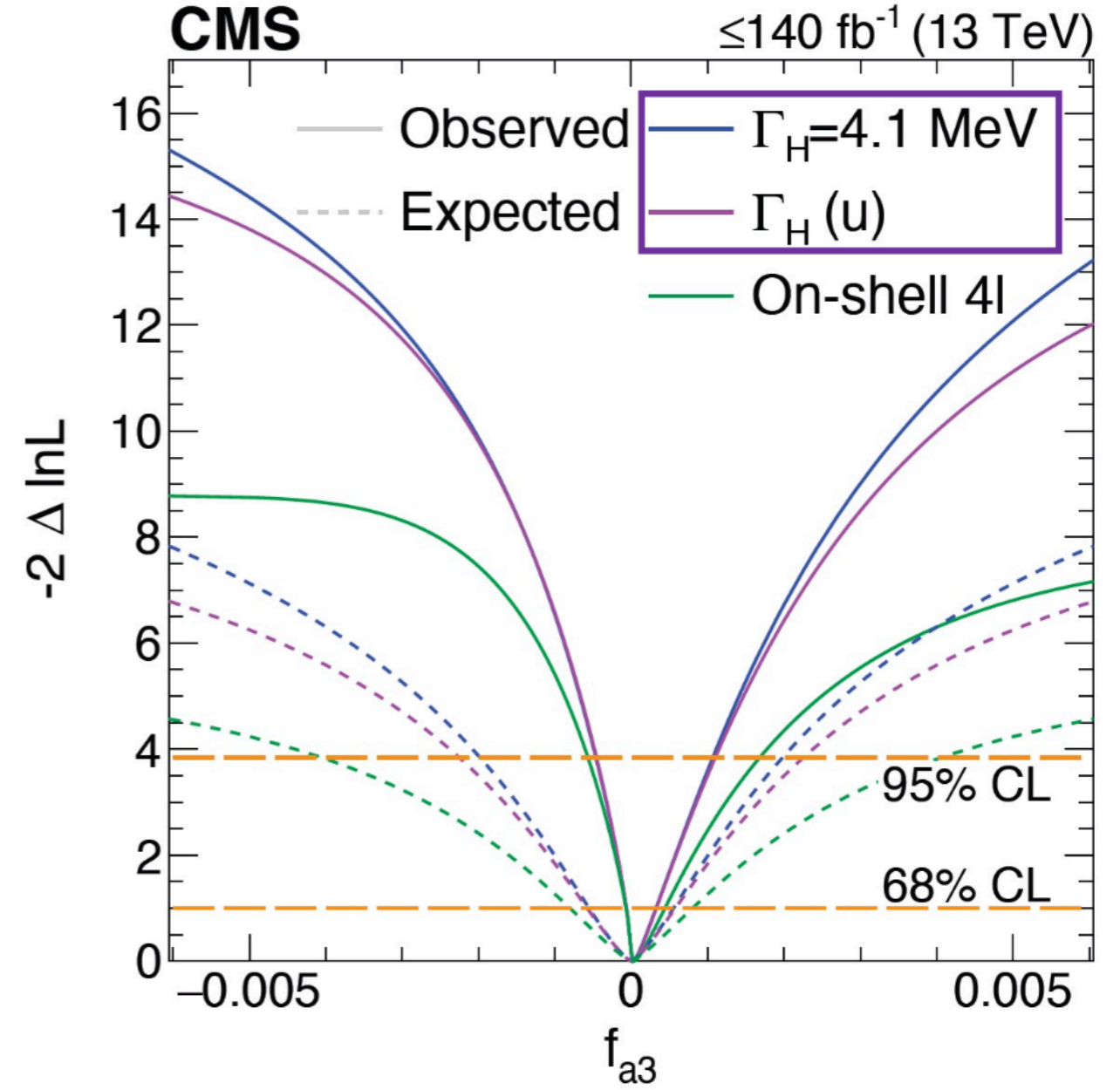
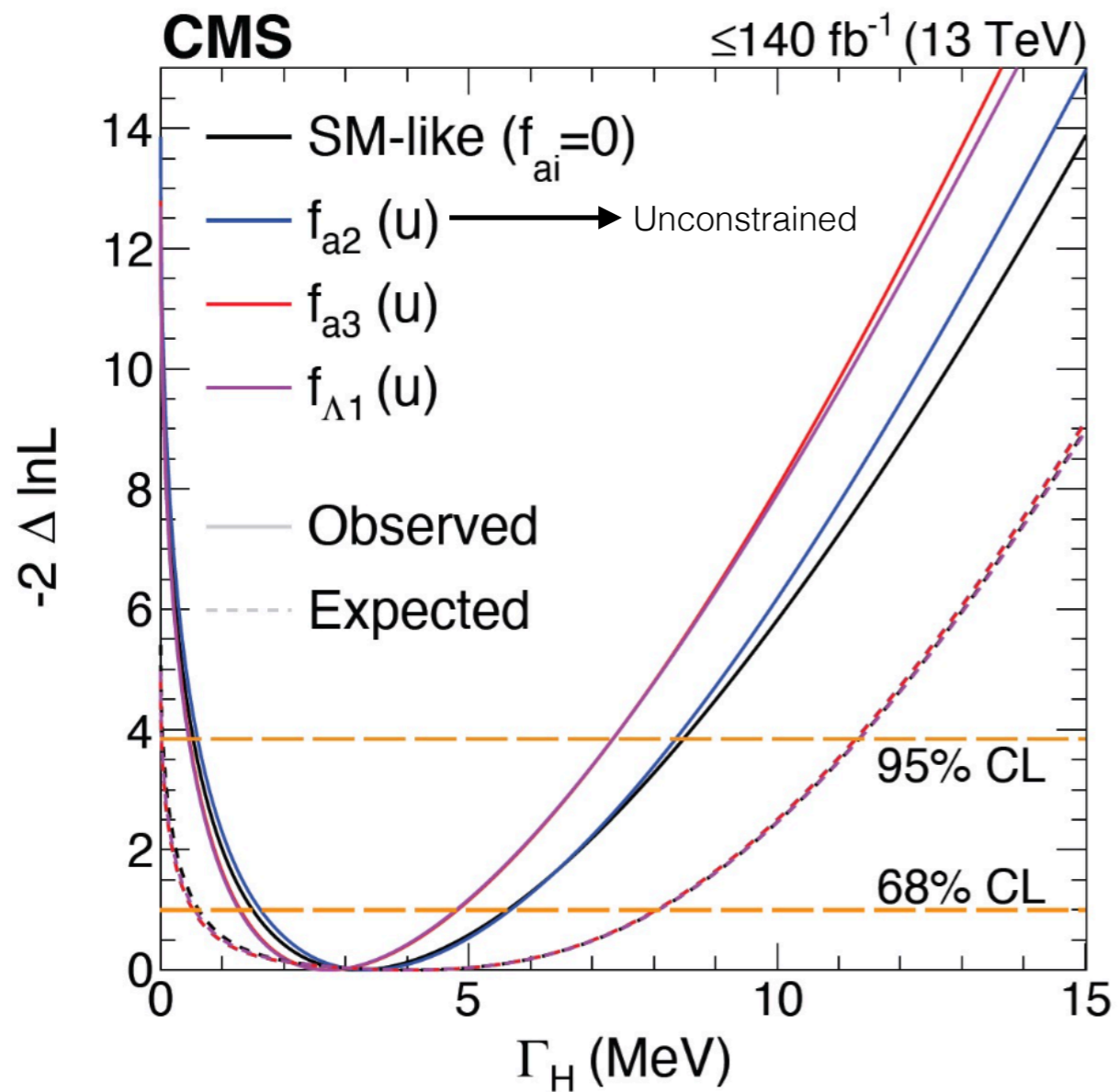
▶ gluon fusion in addition to  $ttH/tH (\rightarrow \gamma\gamma/ZZ)$  used to constrain EFT top couplings



- ➔ **Working assumption in off-shell coupling no BSM modifying running coupling in combination of on- and off-shell production → interpretation for Higgs width**
  - ▶ EFT analysis to test assumption for Higgs off-shell/width analysis - MELA sensitive to AC HVV
  - ▶ combination with HZZ off-shell analysis to reach sensitivity on  $\Gamma(H)$

$$\sigma^{\text{off-Shell}} \propto \sigma^{\text{on-Shell}} \Gamma_{\text{Higgs}}$$

➔ **No significant dependence on BSM effects in  $\Gamma(H)$  when AC included on HVV vertex**



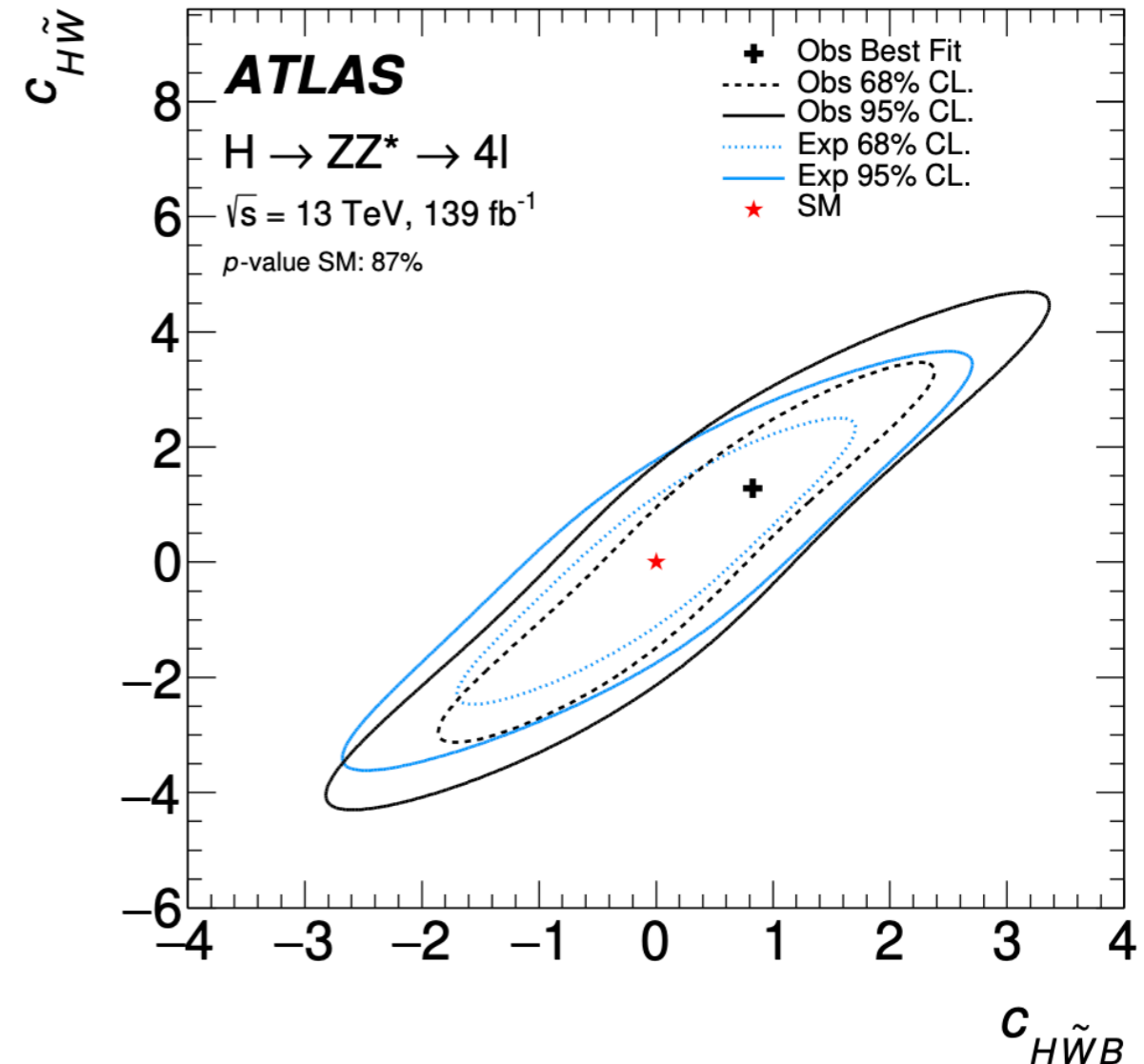
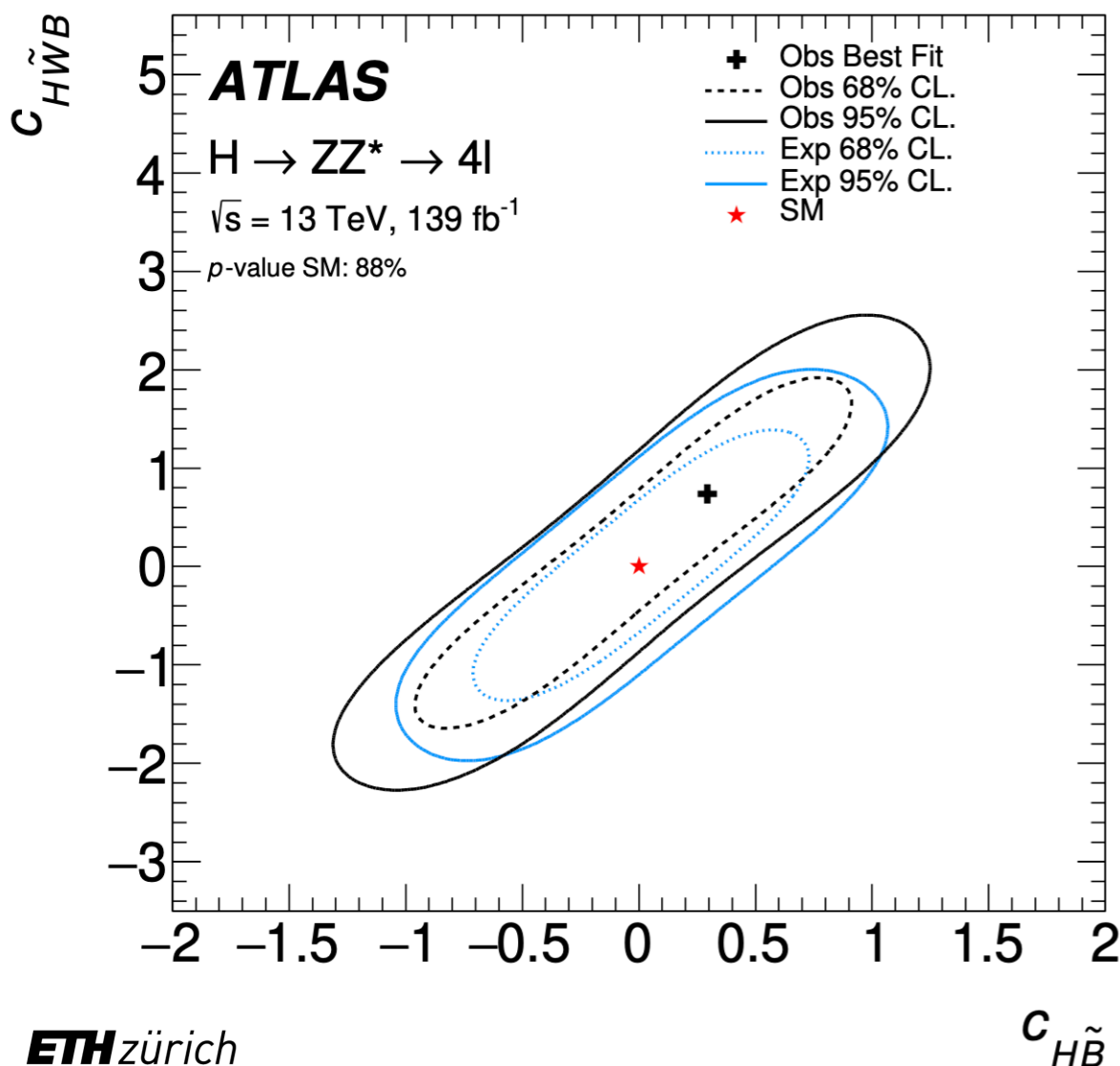
## ➔ Search for CP violation using SMEFT framework in $HZZ(4l)$ final state

- ▶ BSM CP-odd dim-6 couplings constrained using matrix element-based optimal observables
- ▶ VBF production mode sensitive to CP structure

## ➔ Results provided with freely-floating parameters to account for correlations

- ▶ measurements in agreement with SM CP-even prediction

arXiv:2304.0961 (submitted to JHEP)



➔ **Expanding investigation on AC constraints in HWW channel**

➔ **Constraints on anomalous effects at the HVV and Hgg vertices following AC and SMEFT interpretations**

- ▶ analysis split in categories targeting gluon fusion, VBF-like and VH-like topologies
- ▶ MELA kinematic discriminant: Higgs mode discriminator, SM couplings vs BSM, interference vs SM/BSM

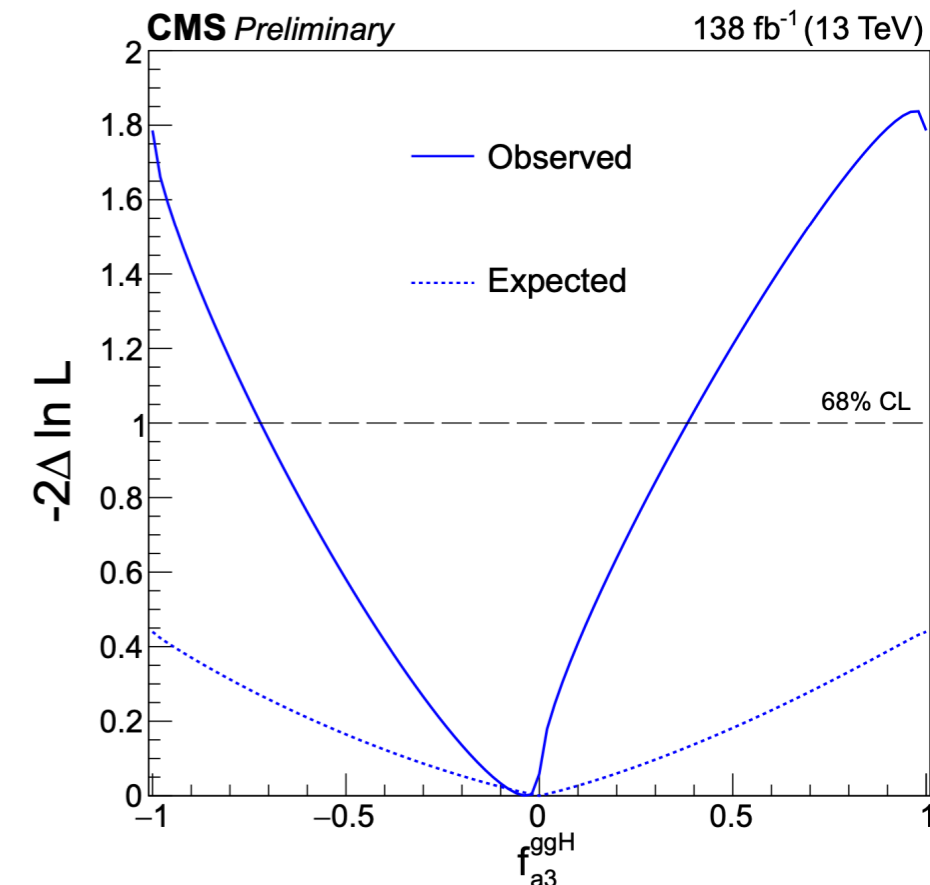
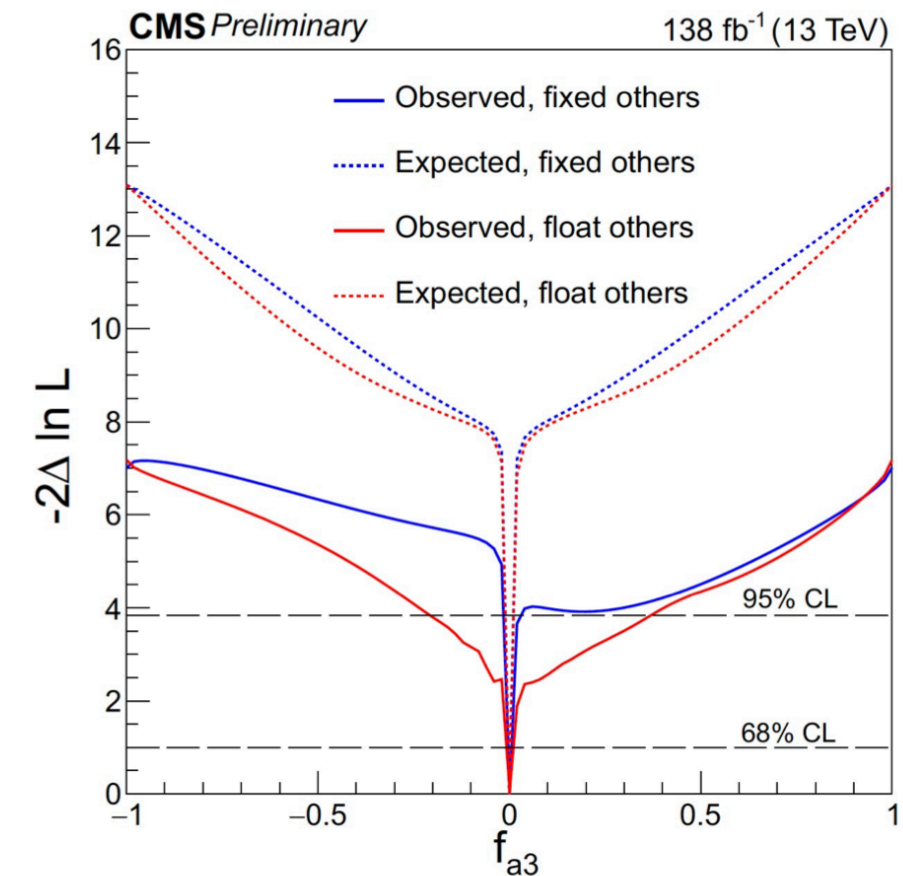
➔ **Results provided under two fitting hypotheses**

- ▶ POI's are fixed/floating

➔ **AC and Higgs SMEFT Warsaw basis**

➔ **Significant improvement in sensitivity/analysis coverage compared to full Run I analysis**

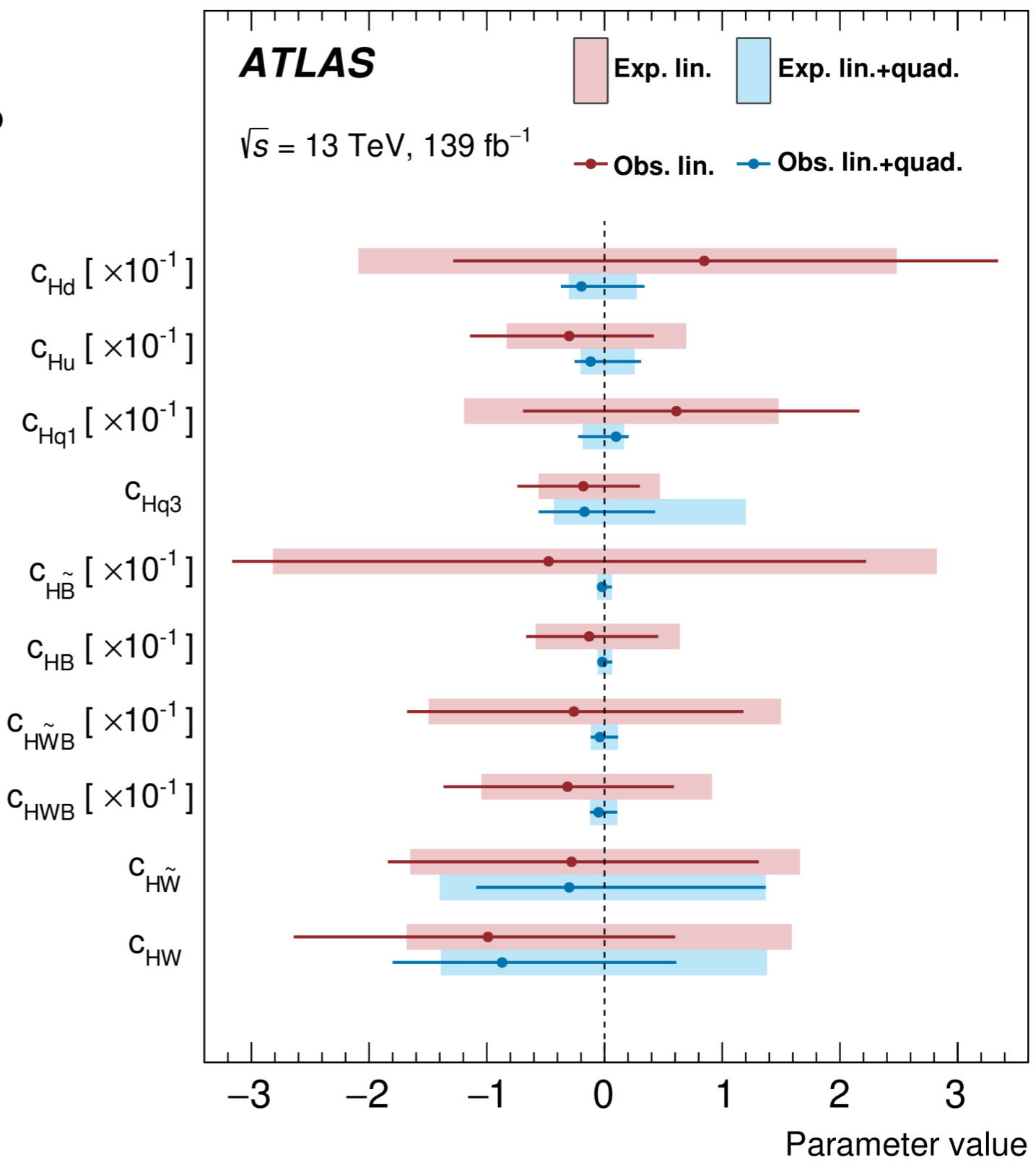
Coupling	Observed	Expected
$c_{H\Box}$	$-0.76^{+1.43}_{-3.43}$	$0.0^{+1.37}_{-1.84}$
$c_{HD}$	$-0.12^{+0.93}_{-0.32}$	$0.0^{+0.43}_{-0.30}$
$c_{HW}$	$0.08^{+0.43}_{-0.87}$	$0.0^{+0.37}_{-0.48}$
$c_{HWB}$	$0.17^{+0.88}_{-1.79}$	$0.0^{+0.77}_{-0.96}$
$c_{HB}$	$0.03^{+0.13}_{-0.26}$	$0.0^{+0.11}_{-0.14}$
$c_{H\tilde{W}}$	$-0.26^{+0.67}_{-0.50}$	$0.0^{+0.48}_{-0.52}$
$c_{H\tilde{W}B}$	$-0.54^{+1.37}_{-1.03}$	$0.0^{+0.99}_{-1.07}$
$c_{H\tilde{B}}$	$-0.08^{+0.20}_{-0.15}$	$0.0^{+0.15}_{-0.16}$





## Interpretation of differential fiducial cross-sections in terms of SMEFT constraints

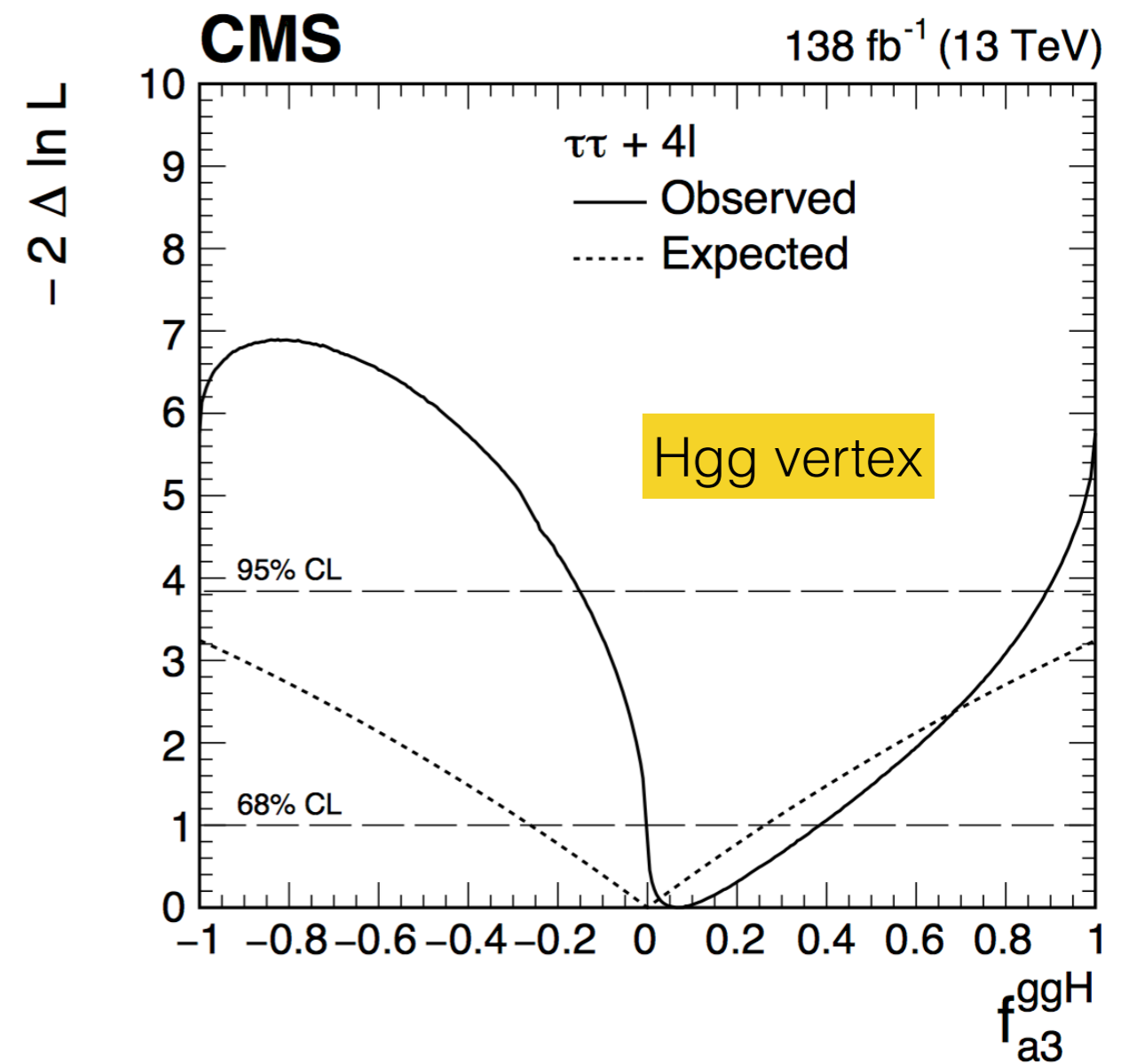
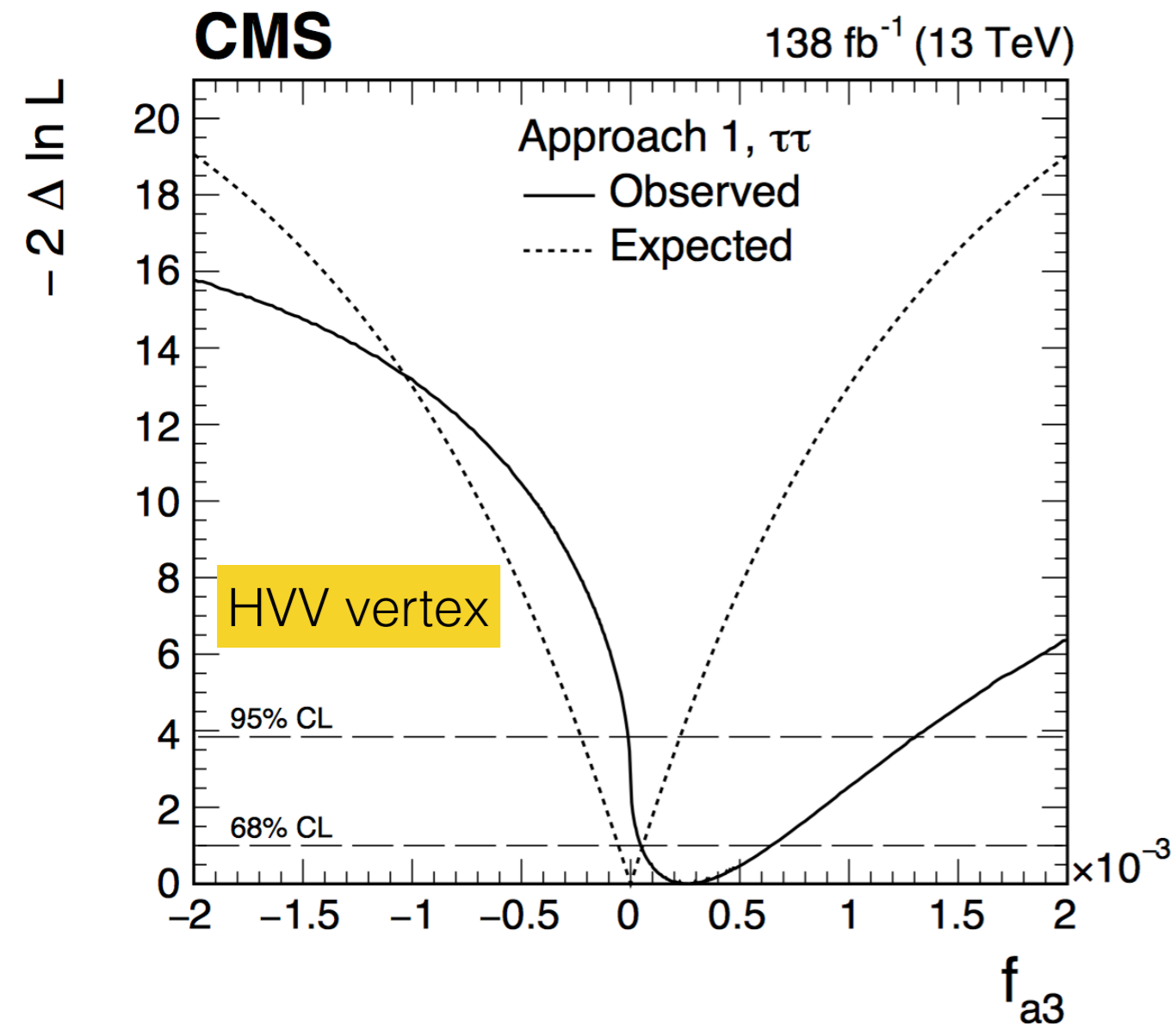
- ➔ **Analysis does not have sensitivity to all Wilson coefficients in HWW phase-space (VBF production)**
- ➔ **EFT coefficients constrained one at a time using most discriminating differential distributions**
  - ▶ results provided for CP-even and CP-odd Wilson coefficients (using CP-sensitive  $\Delta\phi_{jj}$  observable)
- ➔ **Considered EFT expansion in linear and linear+quadratic**
- ➔ **Results in good agreement with SM prediction**



## ➔ Targeting measurement of EFT vertices using SMEFT and anomalous couplings

- ▶ VBF production: HVV EFT vertex, ggH production: Hgg EFT vertex
- ▶ HVV vertex constrained using  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  decay in VBF production while Hgg vertex uses combination of  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  and  $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$

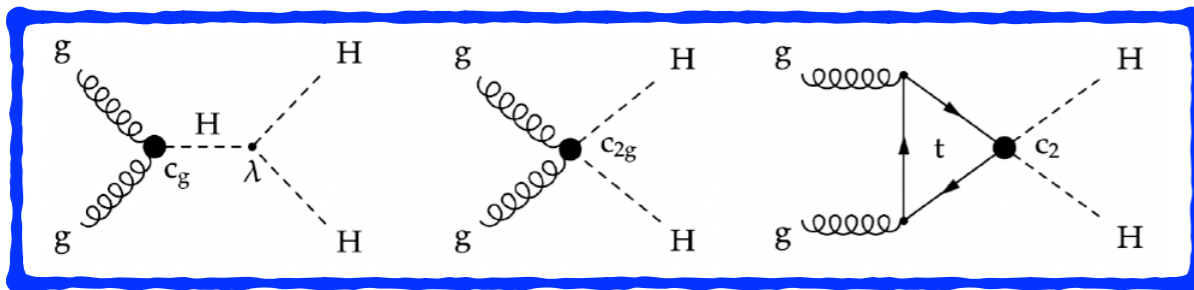
## ➔ Pure CP-odd hypothesis for Higgs couplings to gluons excluded at $2.4\sigma$



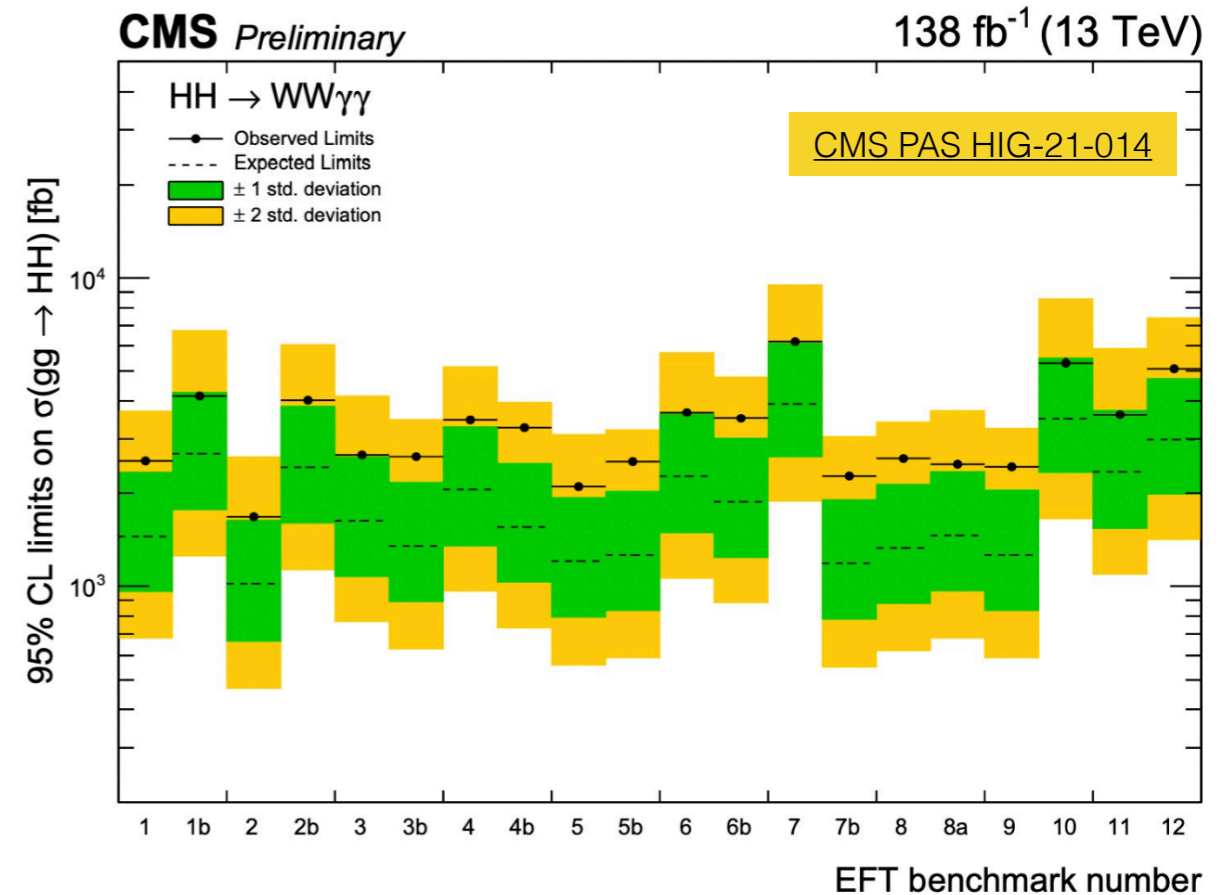
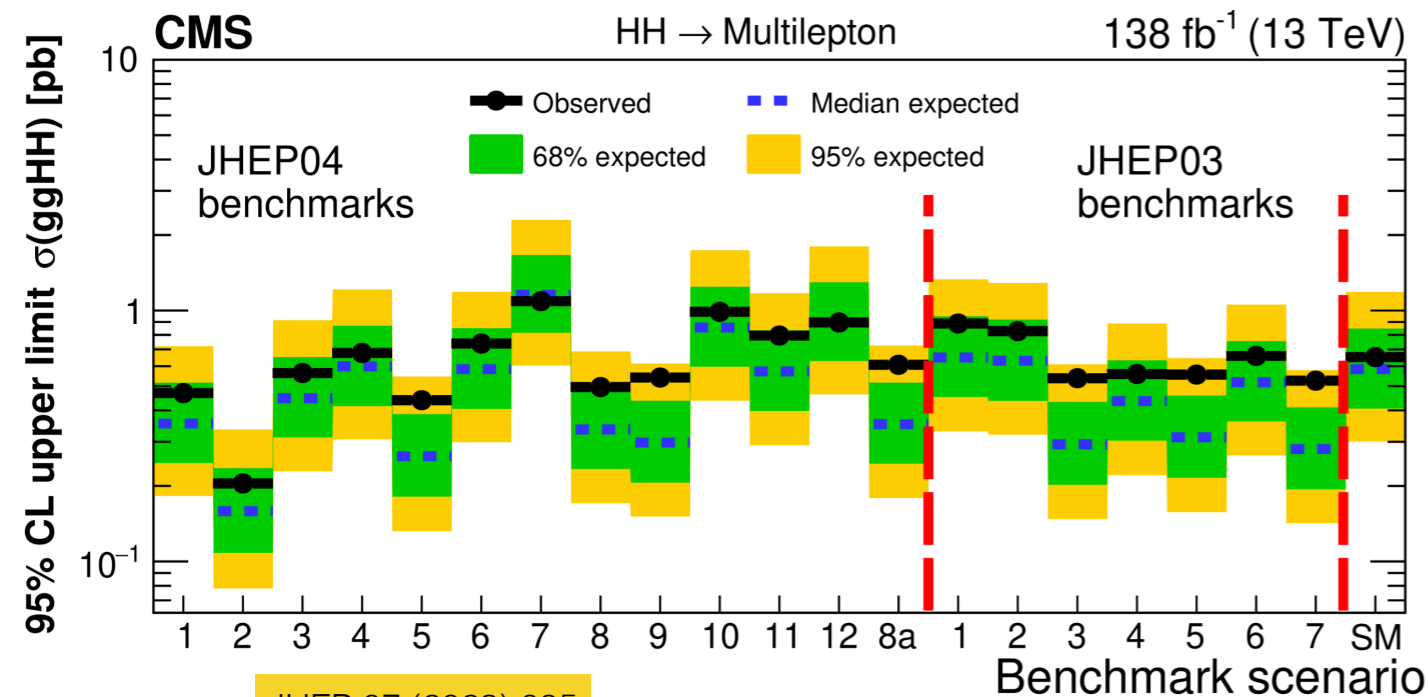
➔ **Benchmark models varying coupling strengths and parameter values spanning dim-6 EFT (HEFT model)**

- ▶ performed analysis by reweighting signal samples to each EFT benchmark model
- ▶ extract limit for each benchmark:  $HH \rightarrow WW\gamma\gamma$ ,  $HH \rightarrow bbbb$ ,  $HH \rightarrow$  multilepton ( $WWWW, WW\tau\tau, \tau\tau\tau$ )

$HH \rightarrow WW\gamma\gamma$

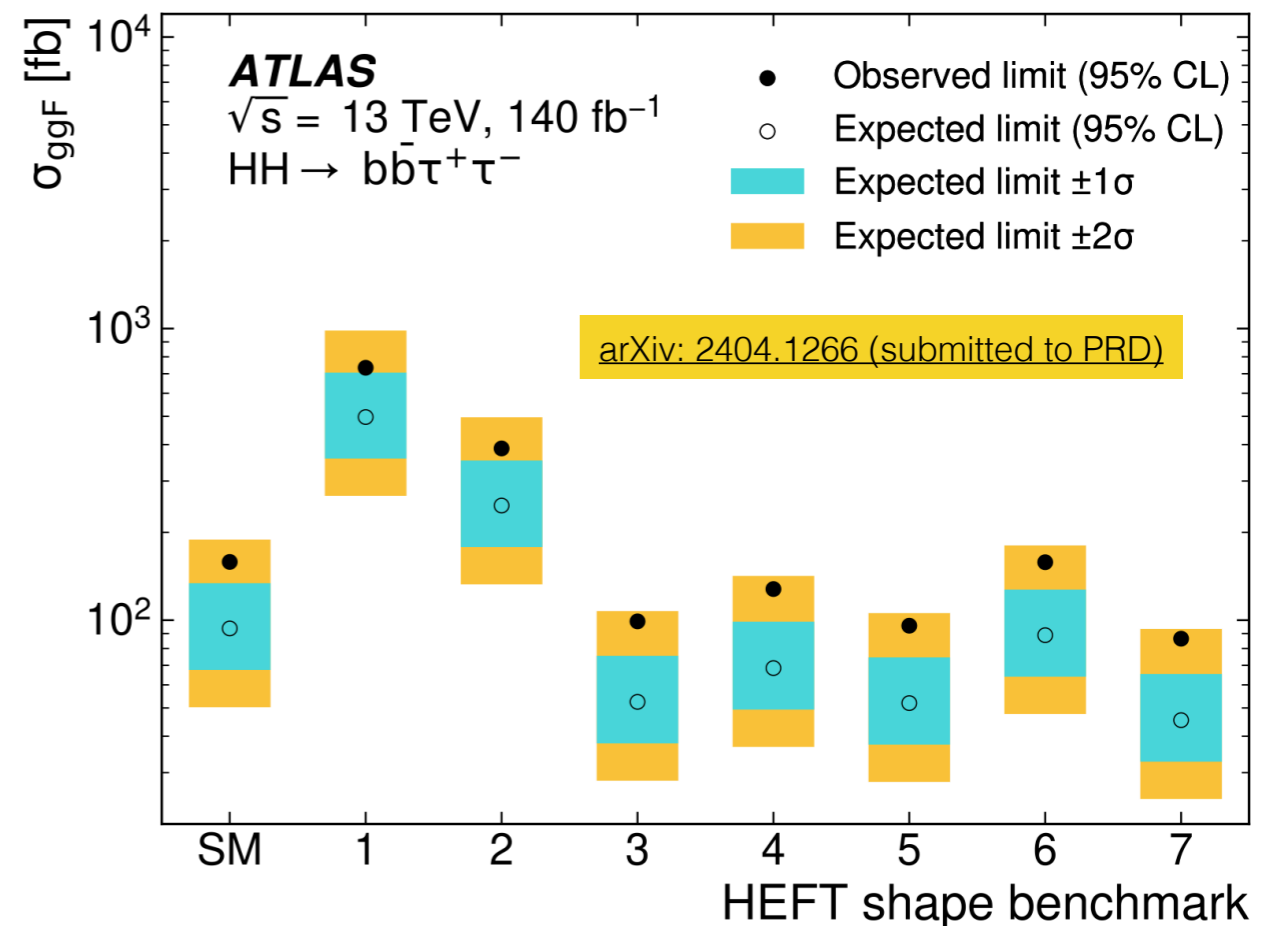
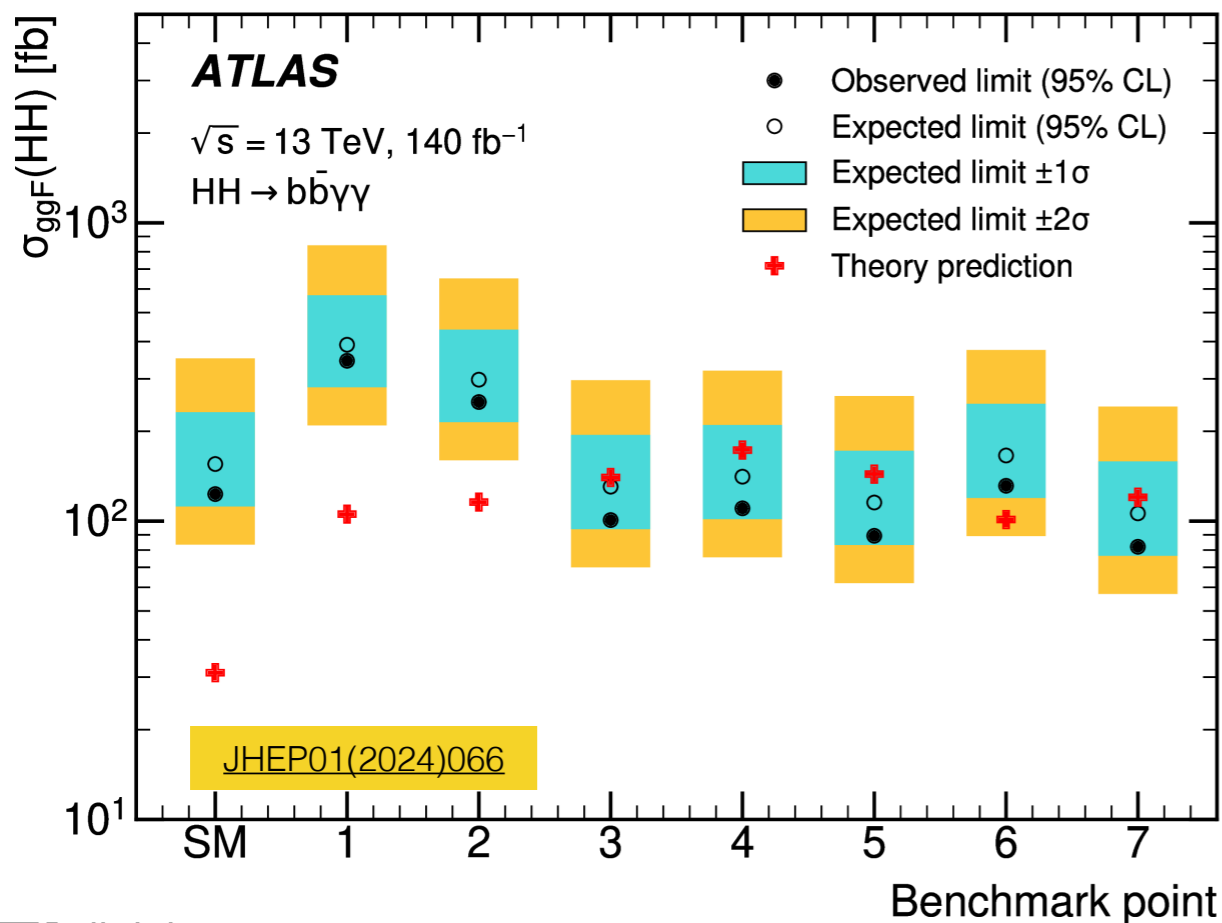
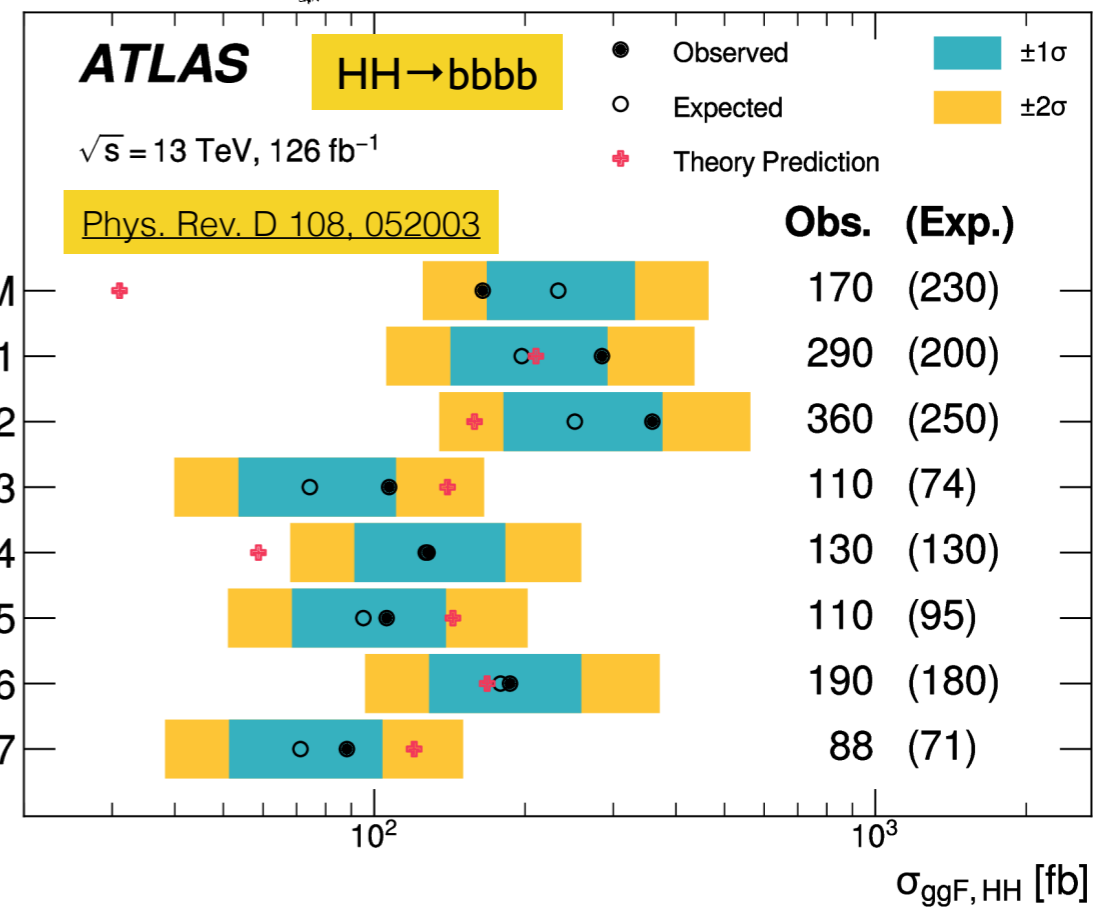


Benchmark	$\kappa_\lambda$	$\kappa_t$	$c_2$	$c_g$	$c_{2g}$
SM	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1	7.5	1.0	-1.0	0.0	0.0
2	1.0	1.0	0.5	-0.8	0.6
3	1.0	1.0	-1.5	0.0	-0.8
4	-3.5	1.5	-3.0	0.0	0.0
5	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.8	-1
6	2.4	1.0	0.0	0.2	-0.2
7	5.0	1.0	0.0	0.2	-0.2
8	15.0	1.0	0.0	-1	1
9	1.0	1.0	1.0	-0.6	0.6
10	10.0	1.5	-1.0	0.0	0.0
11	2.4	1.0	0.0	1	-1
12	15.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0



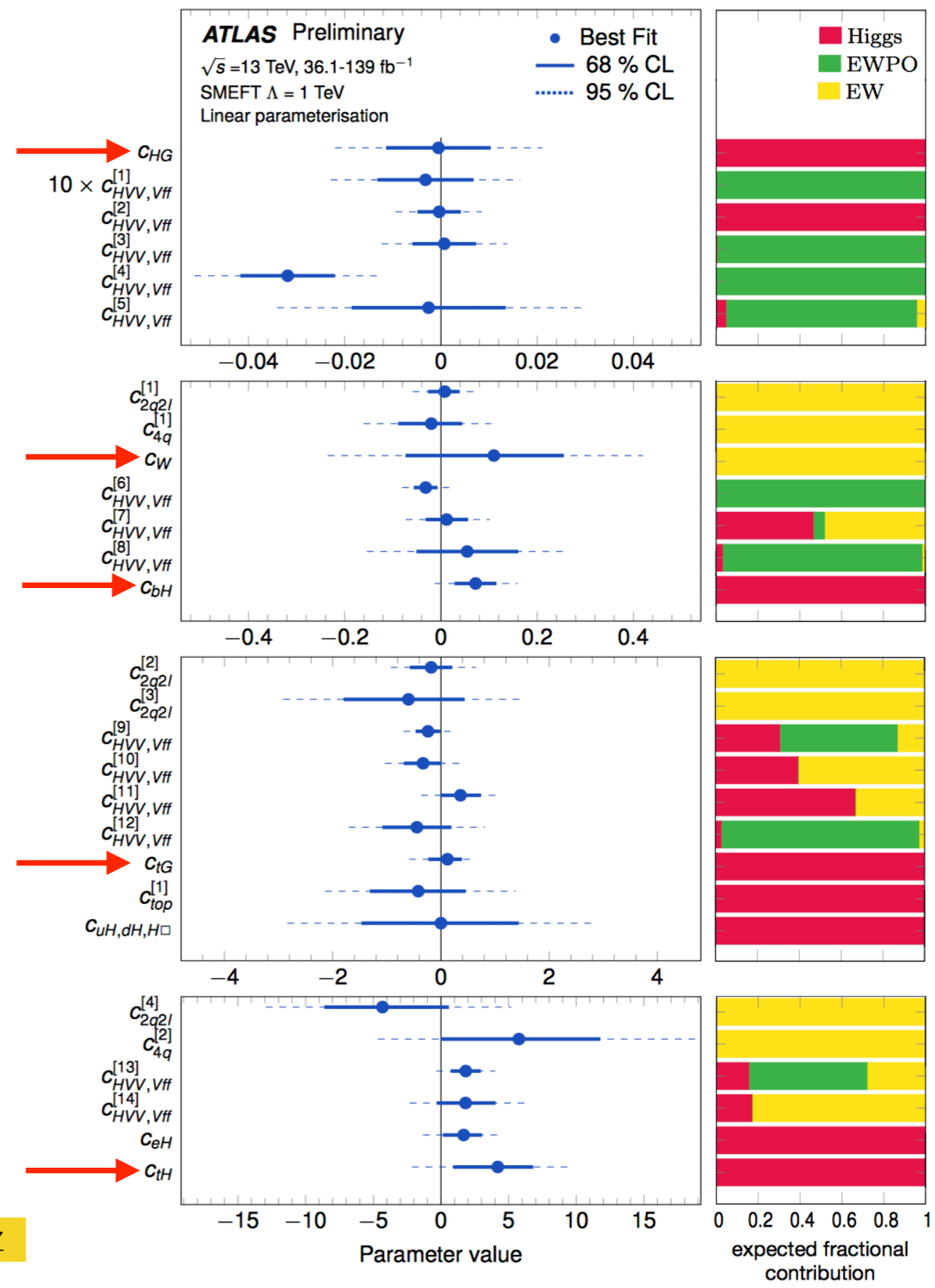
## ➔ HH analyses interpreted in HEFT/SMEFT basis

- ▶ HH → bbγγ: excluded 4 of the considered 7 HEFT benchmark points
- ▶ HH → bbττ: one dimensional constraints on SMEFT/HEFT coefficients
- ▶ similar approach for HH → bbbb analysis



- ➔ **Aim for global fits of many operators using several input physics measurements**
- ➔ **Constraining 22 linear combination and 6 WC's associated to:**
  - ▶ **Higgs STXS measurements, EW differential distributions (WW, WZ, 4l, VBF momenta) and LEP/SLD information**
  - ▶ EFT extraction using linear component
  - ▶ data overlap across datasets carefully considered and removed from the combination whenever relevant

- ➔ **Principal Component Analysis (PCA) to extract relevant WC's**
- ➔ **Tensions with SM: known discrepancies in EW precision measurements observables**



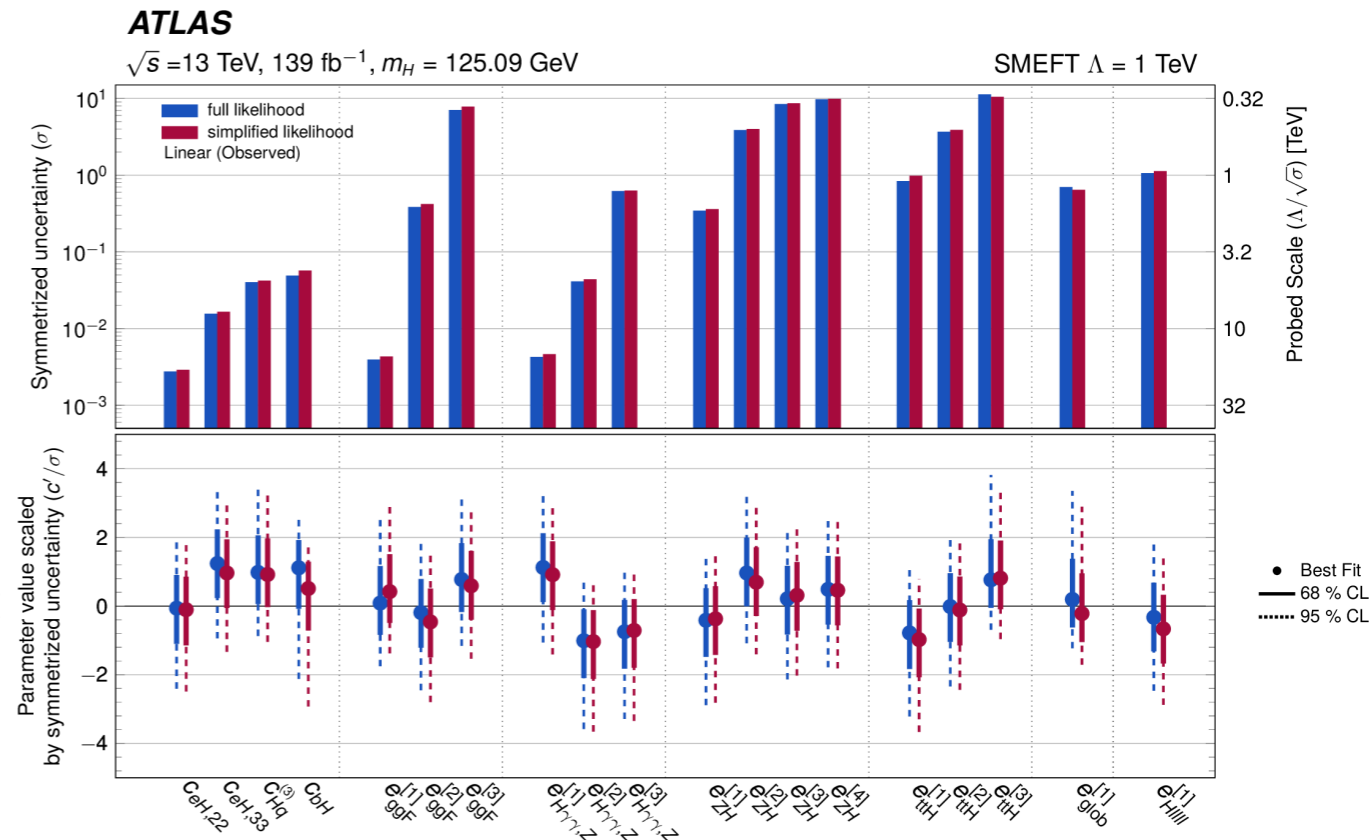
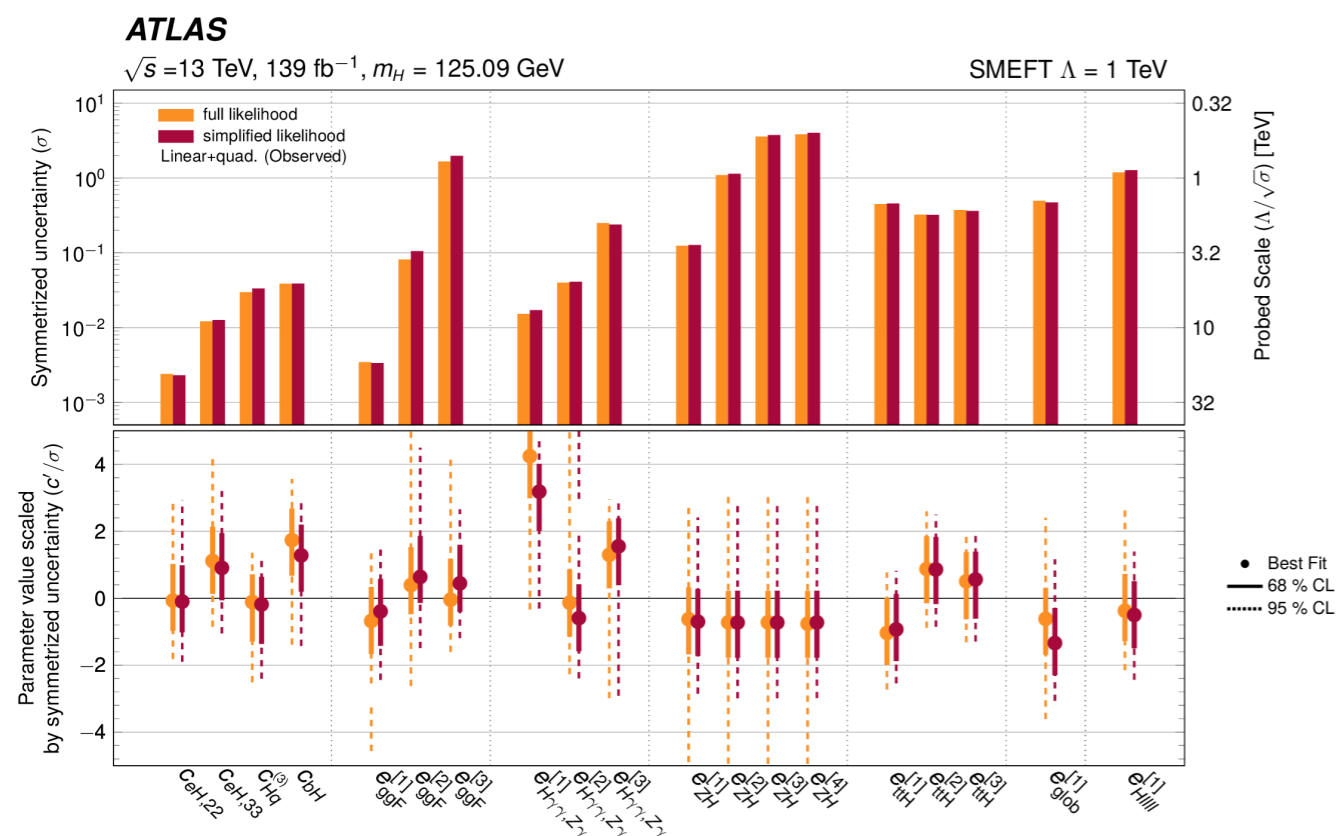
- ➡ **Precision measurements is key to look for deviations on SM couplings: several Effective Field Theory interpretations of Higgs measurements in CMS and ATLAS**
- ➡ **EFT interpretation of STXS/differential results allows to probe EFT parameters using various Higgs production modes**
  - ▶ EFT effects parametrised in STXS bins and dedicated acceptance corrections in analysis phase-space
- ➡ **Several dedicated measurements of EFT effects in ATLAS/CMS single and double Higgs analyses using optimal observables to enhance EFT effects**
- ➡ **Developing Principal Component Analyses to tackle large combinations and simultaneous constraints on Wilson coefficients**
  - ▶ very relevant for global EW+Higgs EFT combination and to select non flat directions in EFT space
  - ▶ Important to assess interpretability and compatibility of EFT results using PCA analyses
- ➡ **Ongoing effort in CMS+ATLAS to provide common STXS+SMEFT parameterisation in the context of the LHC EFT WG [[LHC EFT WG prediction note](#)]**
- ➡ **Several more EFT interpretation using Run 2 results will be released soon - stay tuned!**

# Additional slides

➡ **Tested difference in central values and uncertainty employing full likelihoods and multivariate Gaussian approximations for EFT combinations**

- ▶ STXS interpretation model - combined likelihood functions based on the STXS results
  - all non-Gaussian effects accounted for (experimental/theory uncertainty models)
  - complexity of the full likelihood combination
- ▶ combined likelihoods based on simplified approach straightforward to implement

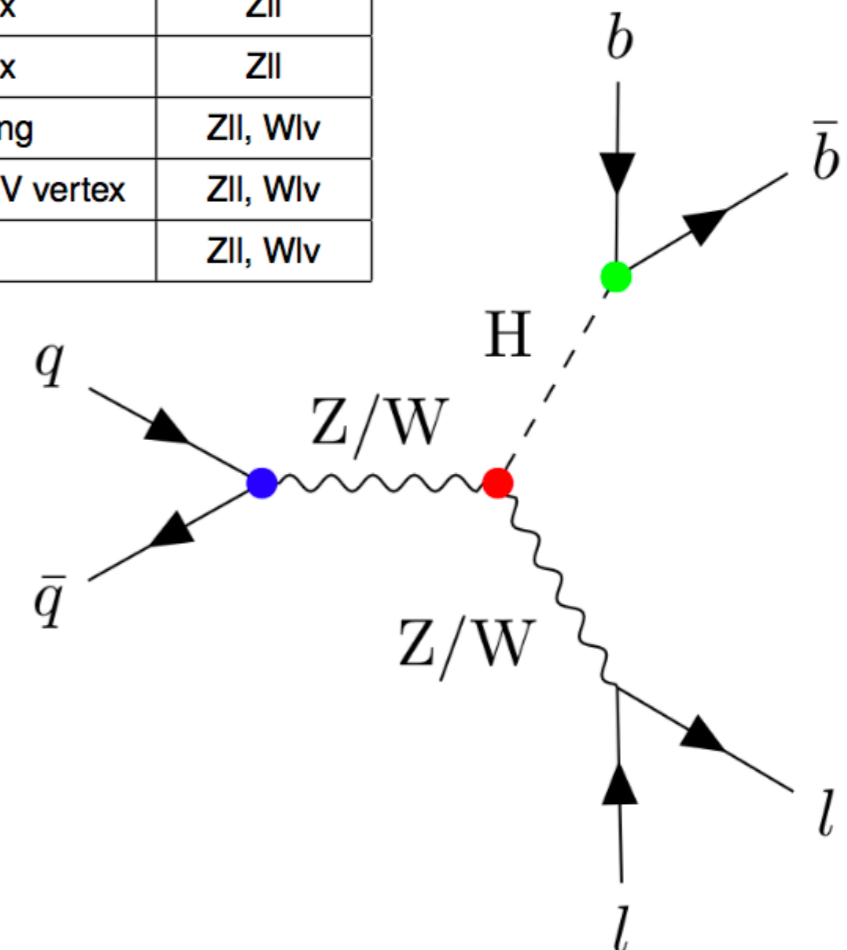
➡ **Generally good agreement in expected/observed parameter estimation for linear-only and linear+quadratic EFT extraction**



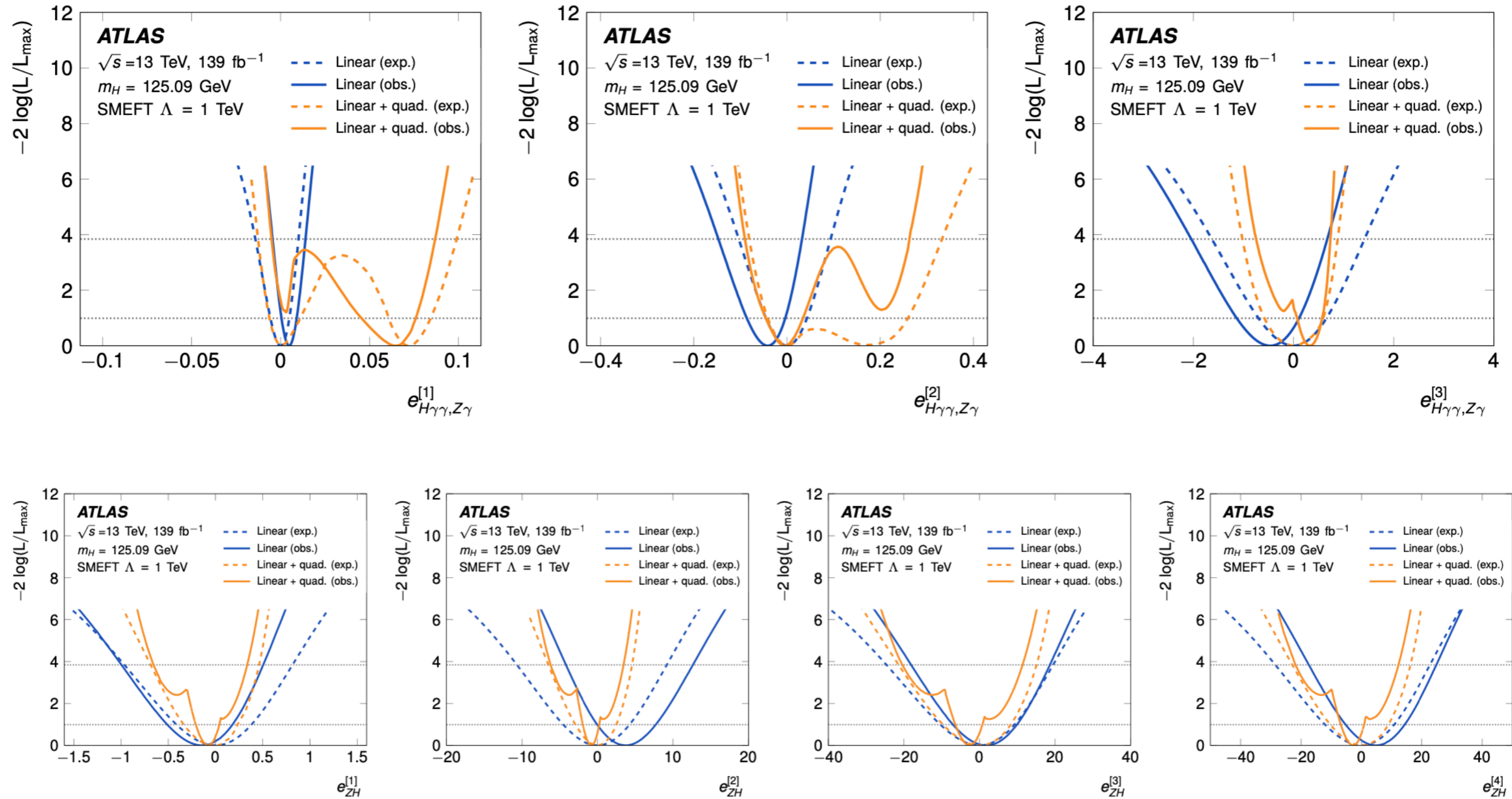


## Example of $VH \rightarrow bb$ channel

Operator	Wilson coefficient	Lagrangian modification	Channels
$\mathcal{O}_{Hq}^{(1)} = iH^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H \bar{q} \gamma^\mu q$	cHj1	qqV vertex, HVqq contact term	Zll
$\mathcal{O}_{Hq}^{(3)} = iH^\dagger \sigma^i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H \bar{q} \sigma^i \gamma^\mu q$	cHj3	qqV vertex, HVqq contact term	Zll, Wlv
$\mathcal{O}_{Hu} = iH^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H \bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu u_R$	cHu	qqV vertex, HVqq contact term	Zll
$\mathcal{O}_{Hd} = iH^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H \bar{d}_R \gamma^\mu d_R$	cHd	qqV vertex, HVqq contact term	Zll
$\mathcal{O}_{HW} = H^\dagger H W_{\mu\nu}^i W^{i\mu\nu}$	cHW	HVV vertex	Zll, Wlv
$\mathcal{O}_{H\tilde{W}} = H^\dagger H \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^i W^{i\mu\nu}$	cHWtil	HVV vertex	Zll, Wlv
$\mathcal{O}_{HB} = H^\dagger H B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	cHB	HVV vertex	Zll
$\mathcal{O}_{H\tilde{B}} = H^\dagger H \tilde{B}_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	cHBtil	HVV vertex	Zll
$\mathcal{O}_{HWB} = H^\dagger \sigma^i H W_{\mu\nu}^i B^{\mu\nu}$	cHWB	HVV vertex, Wlv vertex	Zll
$\mathcal{O}_{H\tilde{W}B} = H^\dagger \sigma^i H \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^i B^{\mu\nu}$	cHWBtil	HVV vertex, Wlv vertex	Zll
$\mathcal{O}_{H\Box} = (H^\dagger H) \Box (H^\dagger H)$	cHbox	HVV vertex, hbb coupling	Zll, Wlv
$\mathcal{O}_{HD} = (D^\mu H^\dagger H)(H^\dagger D_\mu H)$	cHDD	HVV vertex, hbb coupling, qqV vertex	Zll, Wlv
$\mathcal{O}_{bH} = (H^\dagger H)(\bar{q} b H)$	cbHRe + cbHIm	hbb coupling	Zll, Wlv



arXiv:2402.05742 (submitted to JHEP)



## ➡ Constraints on main WC's in STXS bins affecting following vertices

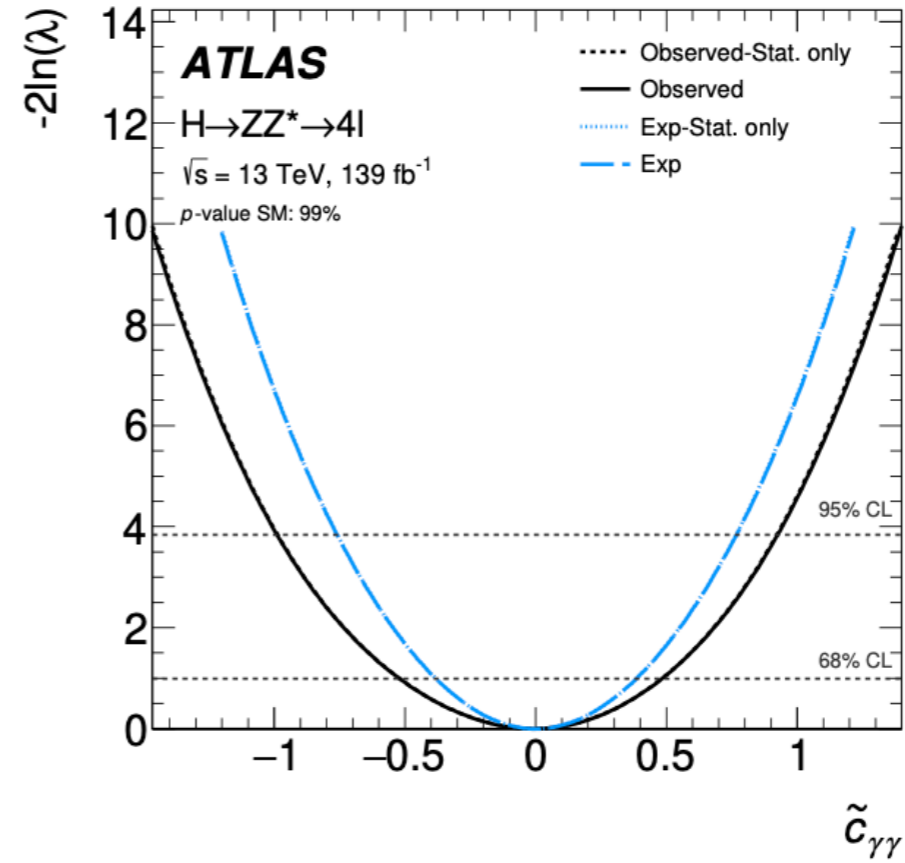
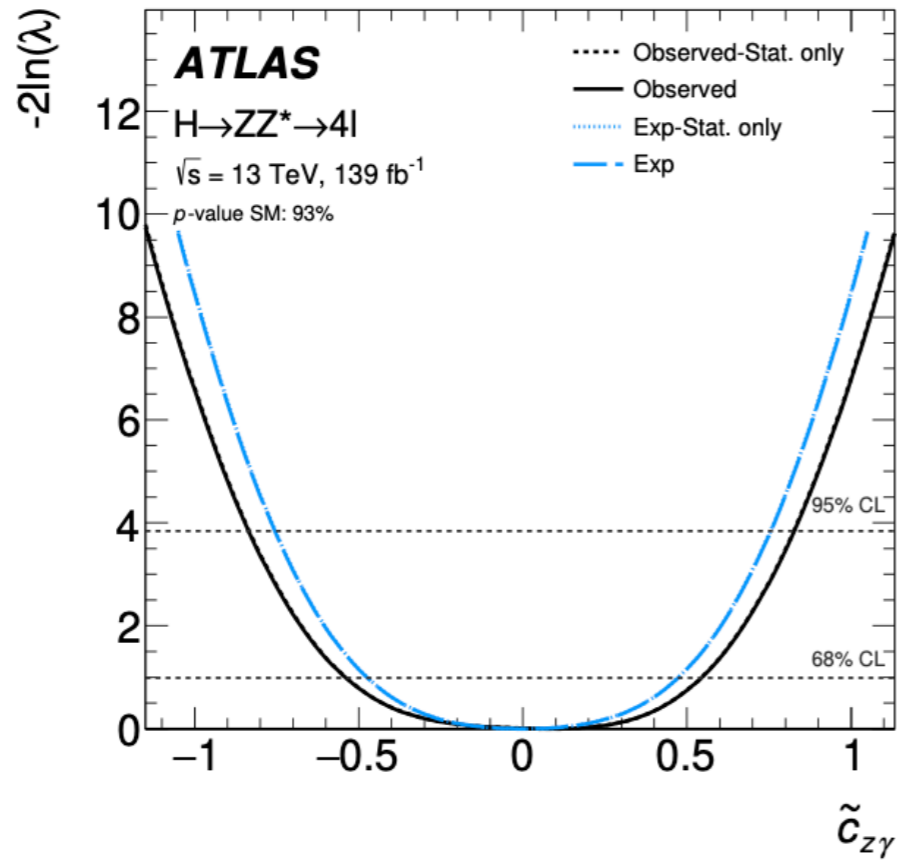
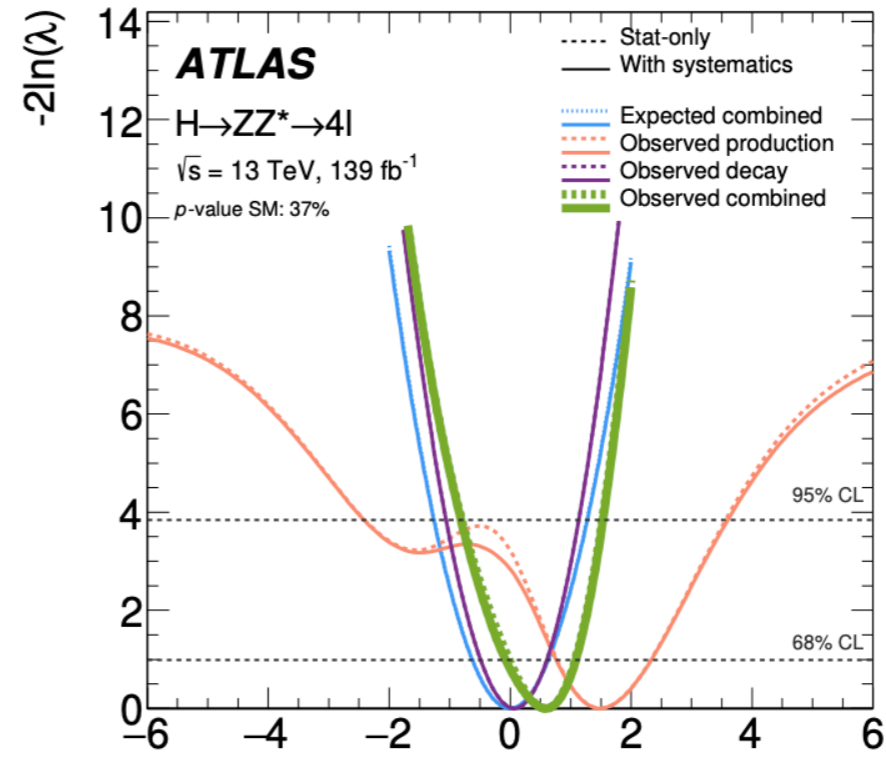
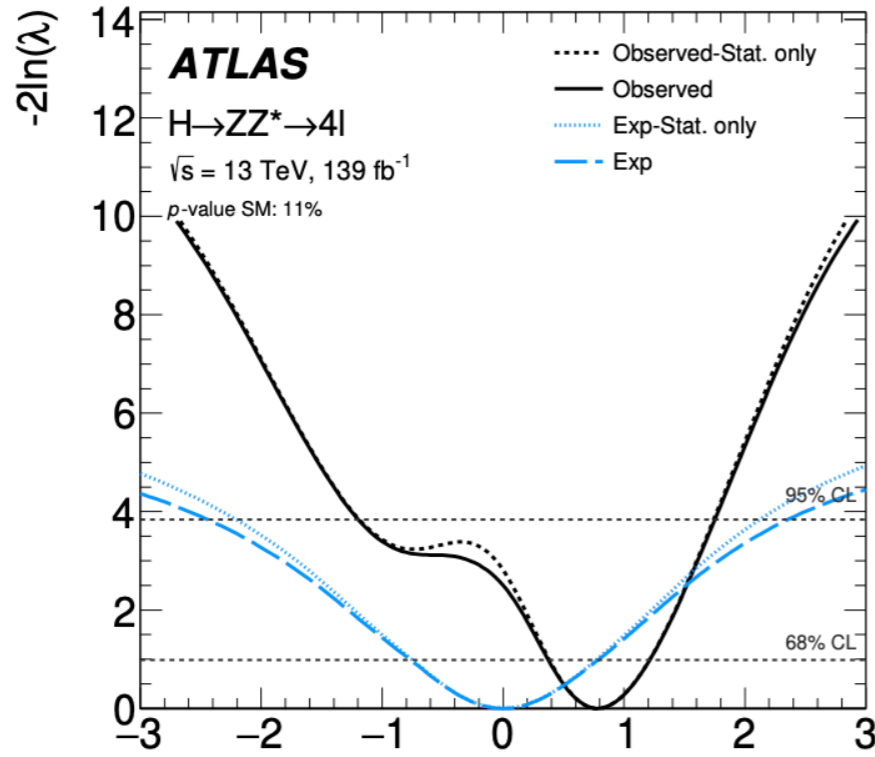
- ▶ EW+Higgs boson interactions, boson couplings to fermions and 4-fermion interactions

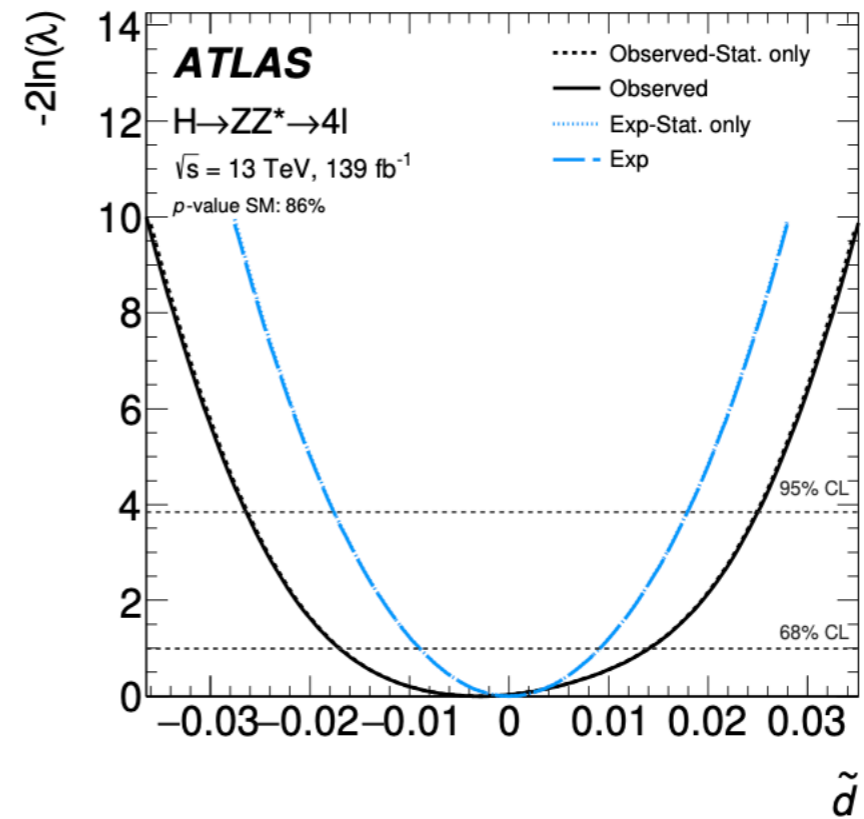
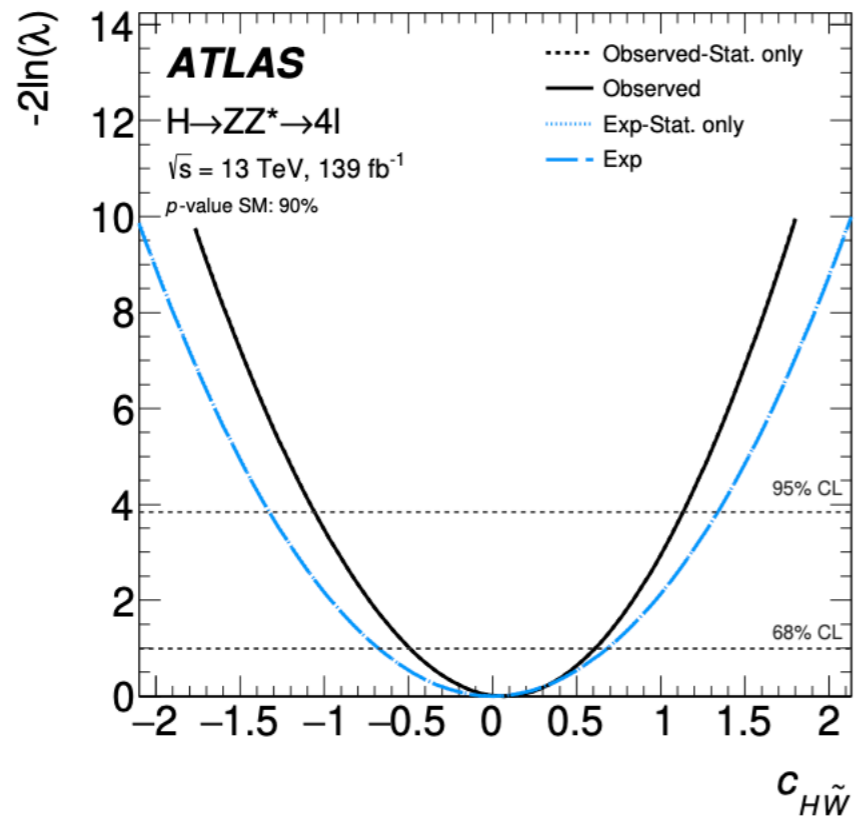
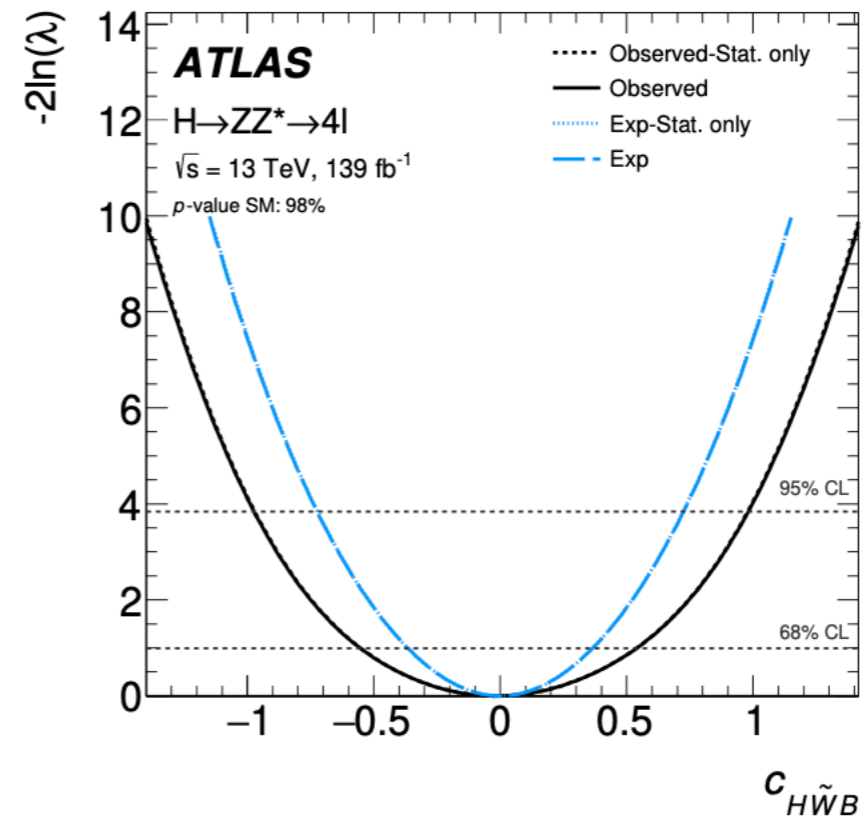
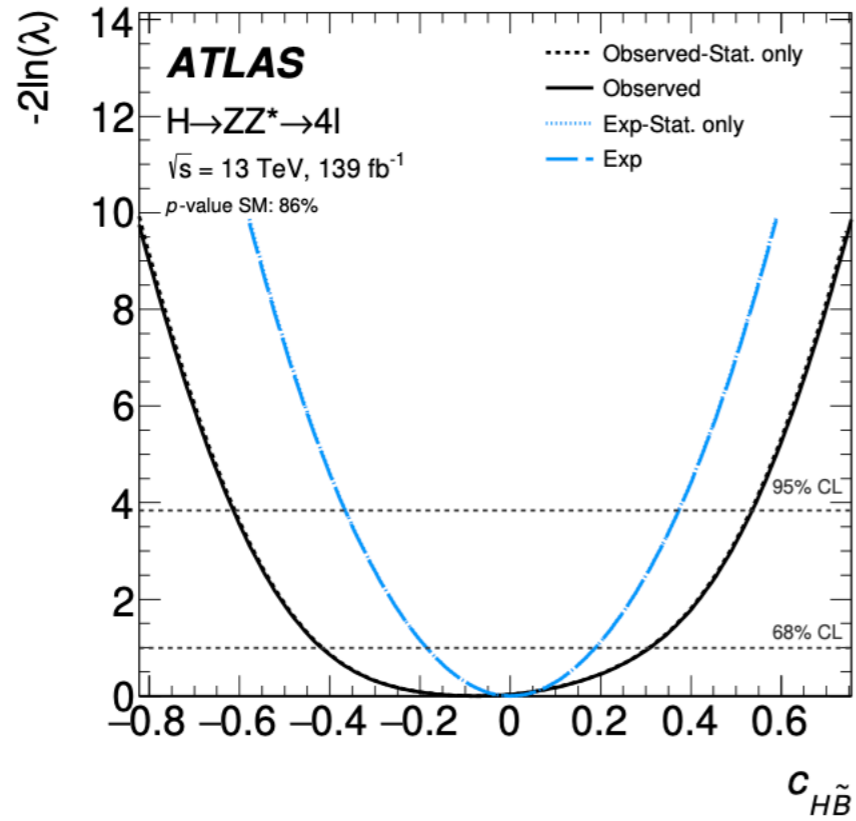
EW+Higgs  
interactions

Boson couplings to  
fermions

4-fermion  
interactions

Wilson coefficient	Operator	Wilson coefficient	Operator
$c_{H\Box}$	$(H^\dagger H)\Box(H^\dagger H)$	$c_{uG}$	$(\bar{q}_p\sigma^{\mu\nu}T^A u_r)\tilde{H}G_{\mu\nu}^A$
$c_{HDD}$	$(H^\dagger D^\mu H)^*(H^\dagger D_\mu H)$	$c_{uW}$	$(\bar{q}_p\sigma^{\mu\nu}u_r)\tau^I\tilde{H}W_{\mu\nu}^I$
$c_{HG}$	$H^\dagger H G_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu}$	$c_{uB}$	$(\bar{q}_p\sigma^{\mu\nu}u_r)\tilde{H}B_{\mu\nu}$
$c_{HB}$	$H^\dagger H B_{\mu\nu}B^{\mu\nu}$	$c'_{ll}$	$(l_p\gamma_\mu l_t)(l_r\gamma^\mu l_s)$
$c_{HW}$	$H^\dagger H W_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu}$	$c_{qq}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p\gamma_\mu q_t)(\bar{q}_r\gamma^\mu q_s)$
$c_{HWB}$	$H^\dagger\tau^I H W_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}$	$c_{qq}^{(3)}$	$(\bar{q}_p\gamma_\mu\tau^I q_r)(\bar{q}_s\gamma^\mu\tau^I q_t)$
$c_{eH}$	$(H^\dagger H)(l_p e_r H)$	$c_{qq}$	$(\bar{q}_p\gamma_\mu q_t)(\bar{q}_r\gamma^\mu q_s)$
$c_{uH}$	$(H^\dagger H)(\bar{q}_p u_r \tilde{H})$	$c_{qq}^{(31)}$	$(\bar{q}_p\gamma_\mu\tau^I q_t)(\bar{q}_r\gamma^\mu\tau^I q_s)$
$c_{dH}$	$(H^\dagger H)(\bar{q}_p d_r \tilde{H})$	$c_{uu}$	$(\bar{u}_p\gamma_\mu u_r)(\bar{u}_s\gamma^\mu u_t)$
$c_{Hl}^{(1)}$	$(H^\dagger i\overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H)(\bar{l}_p\gamma^\mu l_r)$	$c_{uu}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{u}_p\gamma_\mu u_t)(\bar{u}_r\gamma^\mu u_s)$
$c_{Hl}^{(3)}$	$(H^\dagger i\overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I H)(\bar{l}_p\tau^I\gamma^\mu l_r)$	$c_{qu}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p\gamma_\mu q_t)(\bar{u}_r\gamma^\mu u_s)$
$c_{He}$	$(H^\dagger i\overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H)(\bar{e}_p\gamma^\mu e_r)$	$c_{ud}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{u}_p\gamma_\mu T^A u_r)(\bar{d}_s\gamma^\mu T^A d_t)$
$c_{Hq}^{(1)}$	$(H^\dagger i\overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H)(\bar{q}_p\gamma^\mu q_r)$	$c_{qu}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{q}_p\gamma_\mu T^A q_r)(\bar{u}_s\gamma^\mu T^A u_t)$
$c_{Hq}^{(3)}$	$(H^\dagger i\overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I H)(\bar{q}_p\tau^I\gamma^\mu q_r)$	$c_{qd}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{q}_p\gamma_\mu T^A q_r)(\bar{d}_s\gamma^\mu T^A d_t)$
$c_{Hu}$	$(H^\dagger i\overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H)(\bar{u}_p\gamma^\mu u_r)$	$c_W$	$\epsilon^{IJK}W_\mu^{I\nu}W_\nu^{J\rho}W_\rho^{K\mu}$
$c_{Hd}$	$(H^\dagger i\overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H)(\bar{d}_p\gamma^\mu d_r)$	$c_G$	$f^{ABC}G_\mu^{A\nu}G_\nu^{B\rho}G_\rho^{C\mu}$





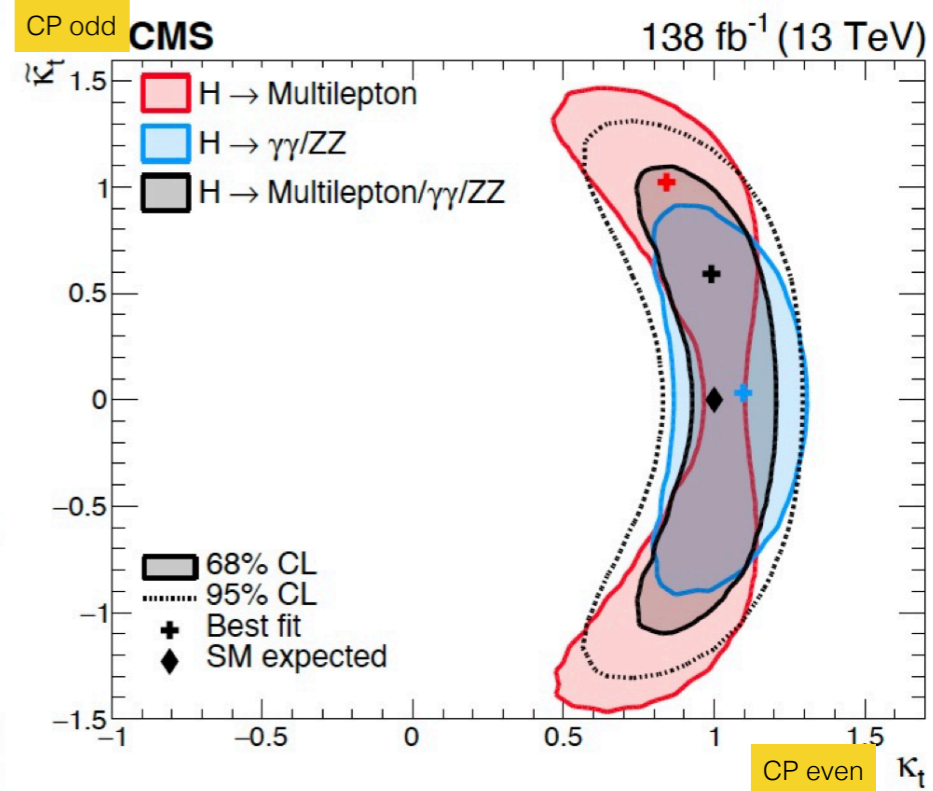
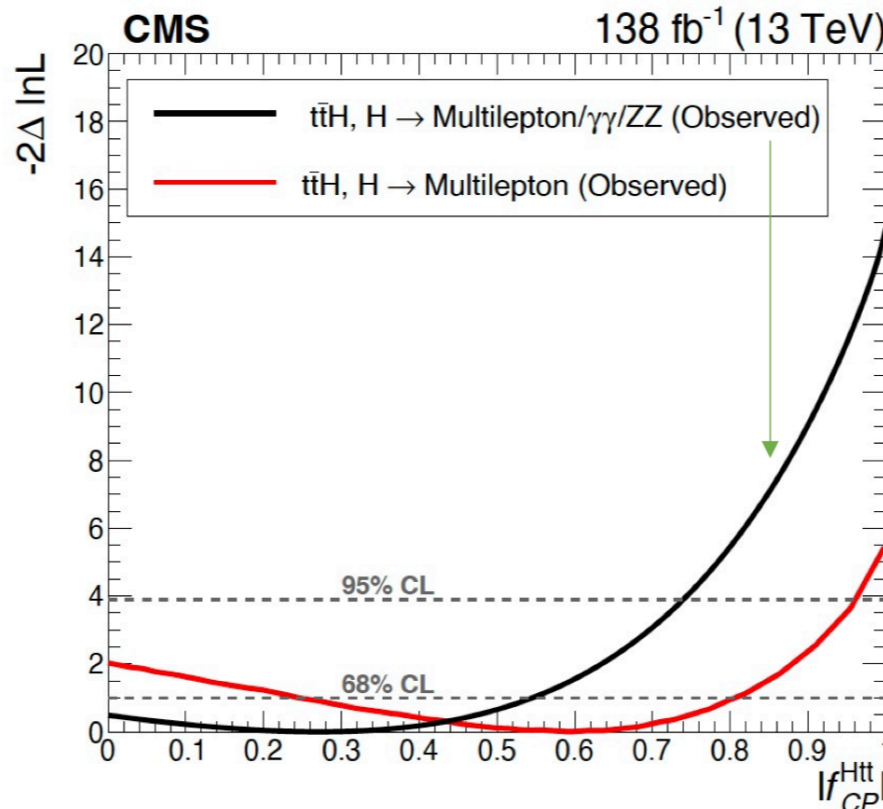
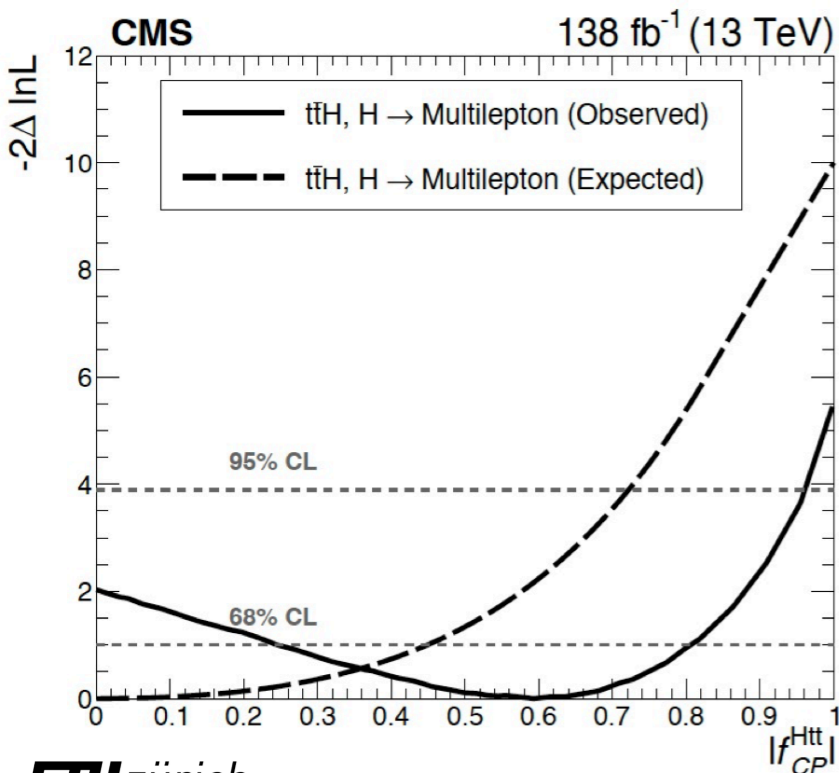
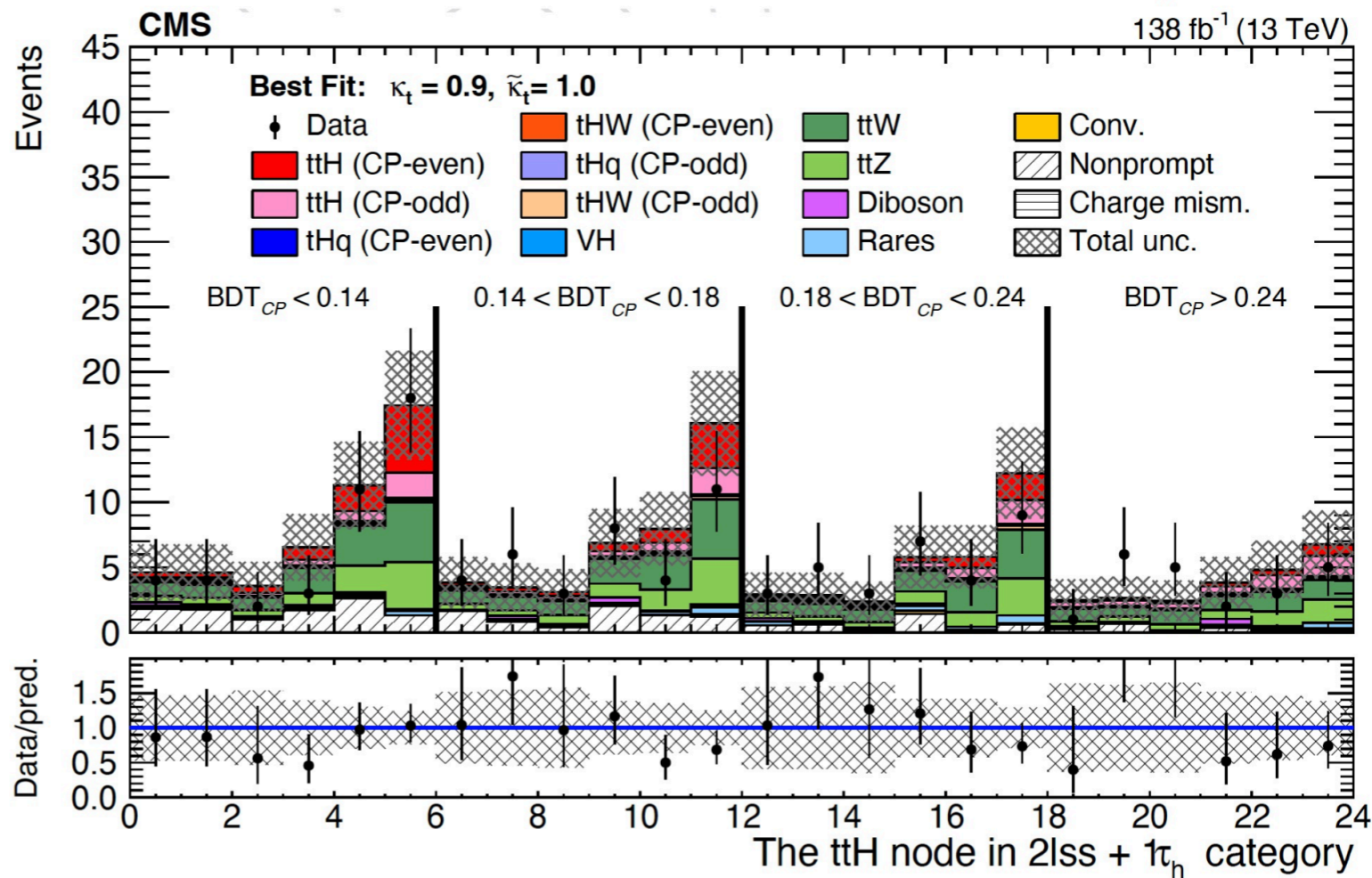
## ➔ Targeting $HWW$ and $H\tau\tau$ final states - CP even/odd operators

▶ BDT sensitive to CP observables ( $\Delta R_{jj}$ ,  $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ , ...)

## ➔ Results including combination of multi-lepton and $\gamma\gamma/ZZ$

▶  $f(\text{CP})=0$  SM expectation;  $f(\text{CP})=0.28$ ;  $<0.55$  at 68% CL interval

▶ results compatible to CP even scenario: CP odd contribution not favoured at  $3.7\sigma$



# EFT basis definition

$$f_{a3}^{ggH} = \frac{|a_3^{gg}|^2}{|a_2^{gg}|^2 + |a_3^{gg}|^2} \text{sign} \left( \frac{a_3^{gg}}{a_2^{gg}} \right)$$

Hff couplings - CP-even

$$|f_{CP}^{Hff}| = \left( 1 + 2.38 \left[ \frac{1}{|f_{a3}^{ggH}|} \right] \right)^{-1} = \sin^2 \alpha^{Hff}$$

Hff couplings - CP-odd

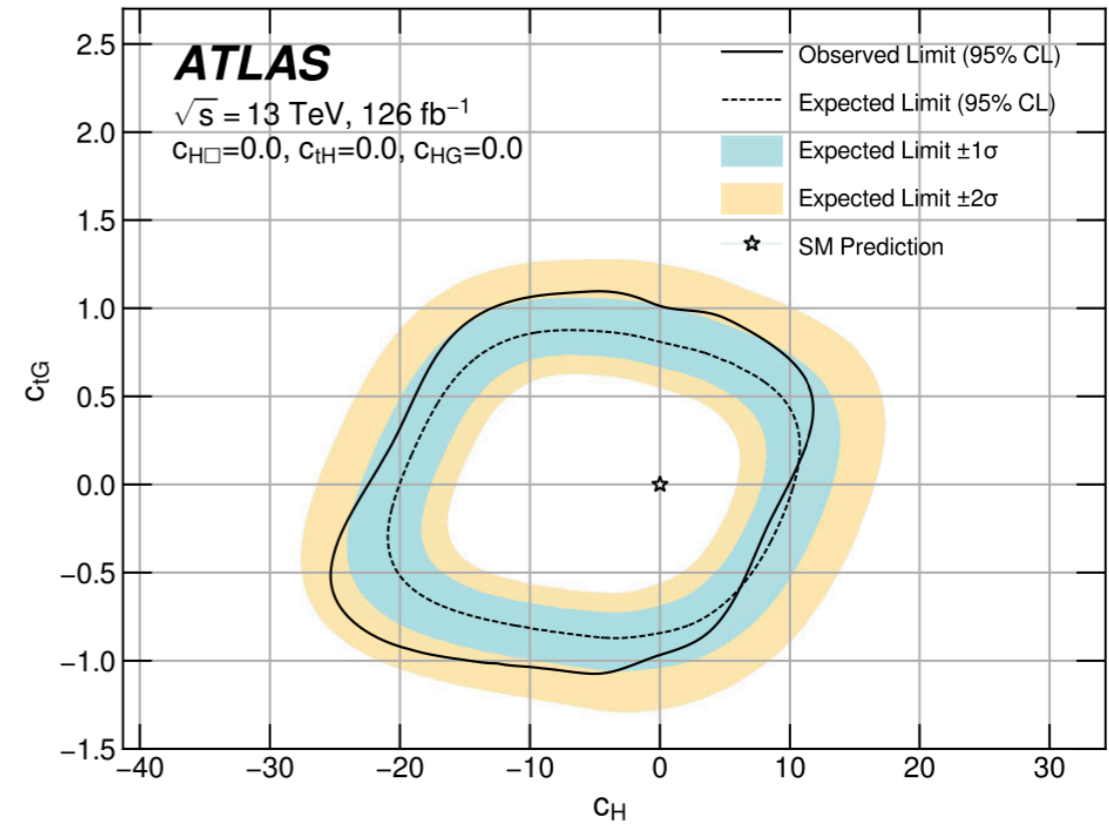
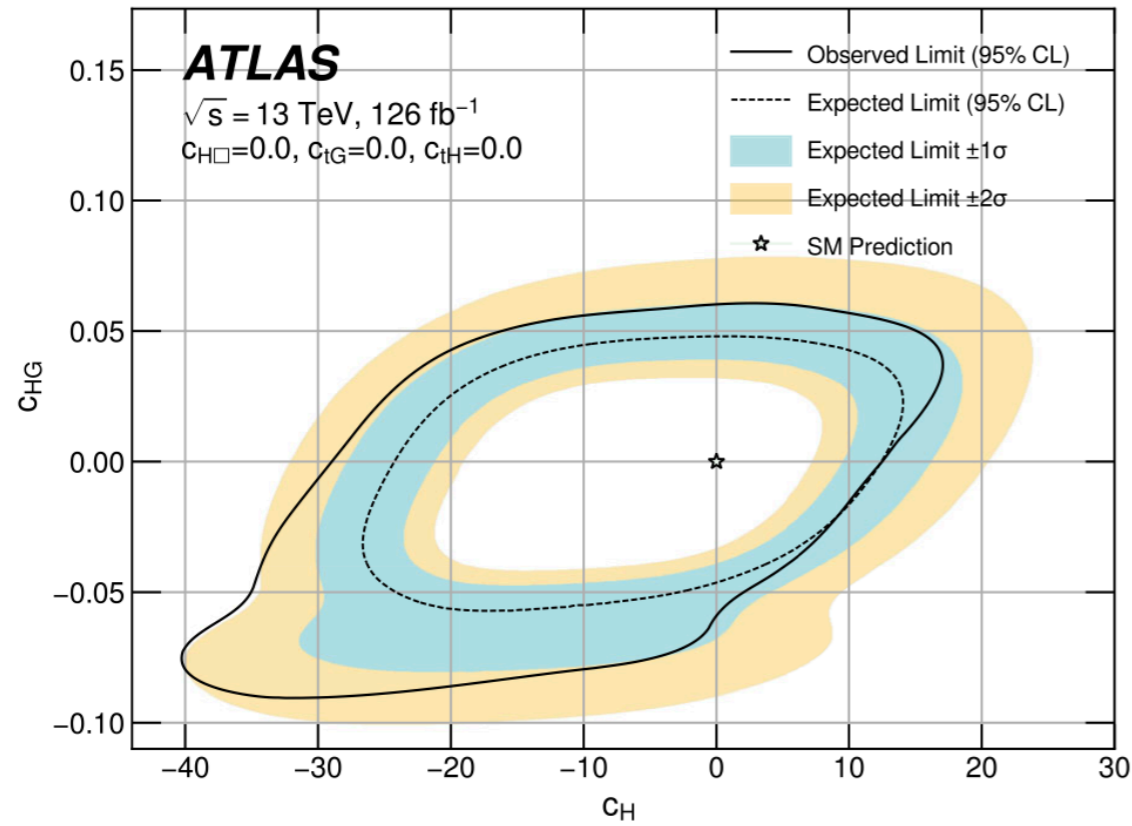
$$f_{a3} = \frac{|a_3^{gg}|^2}{|a_2^{gg}|^2 + |a_3^{gg}|^2} \text{sign} \left( \frac{a_3^{gg}}{a_2^{gg}} \right)$$

HVV couplings - gg couplings (only non zero contributions are a2 and a3)

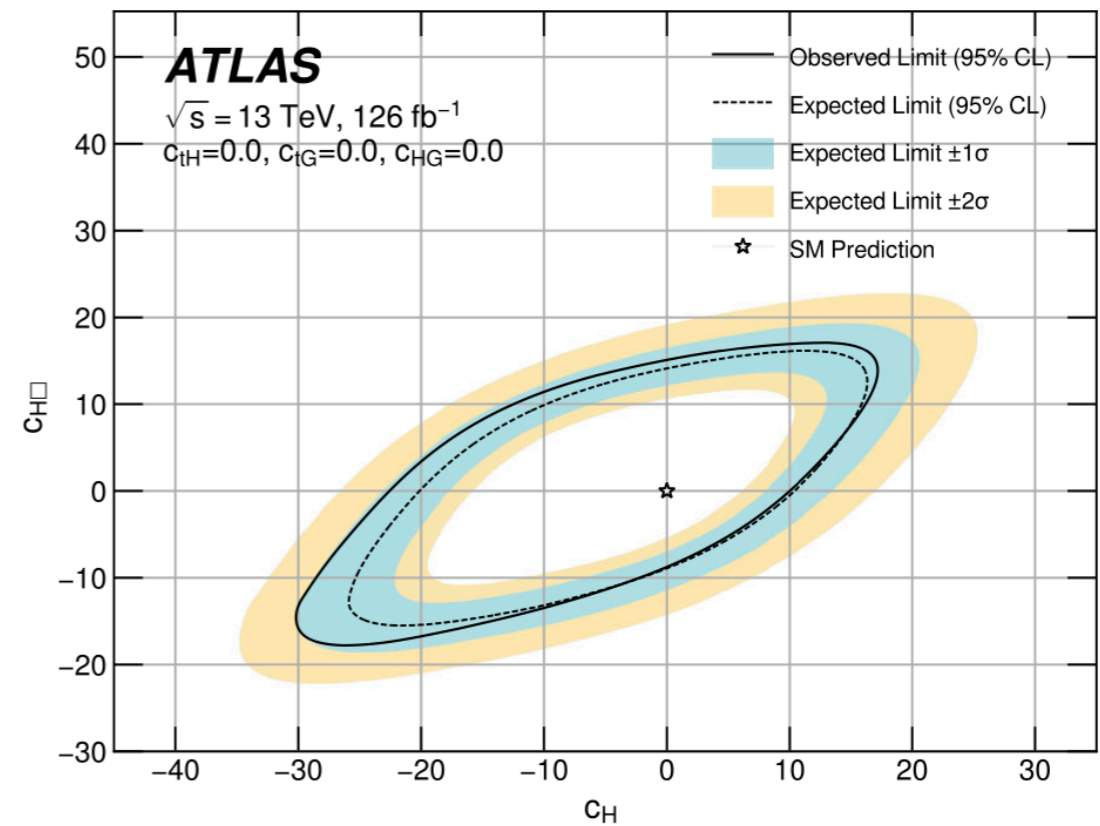
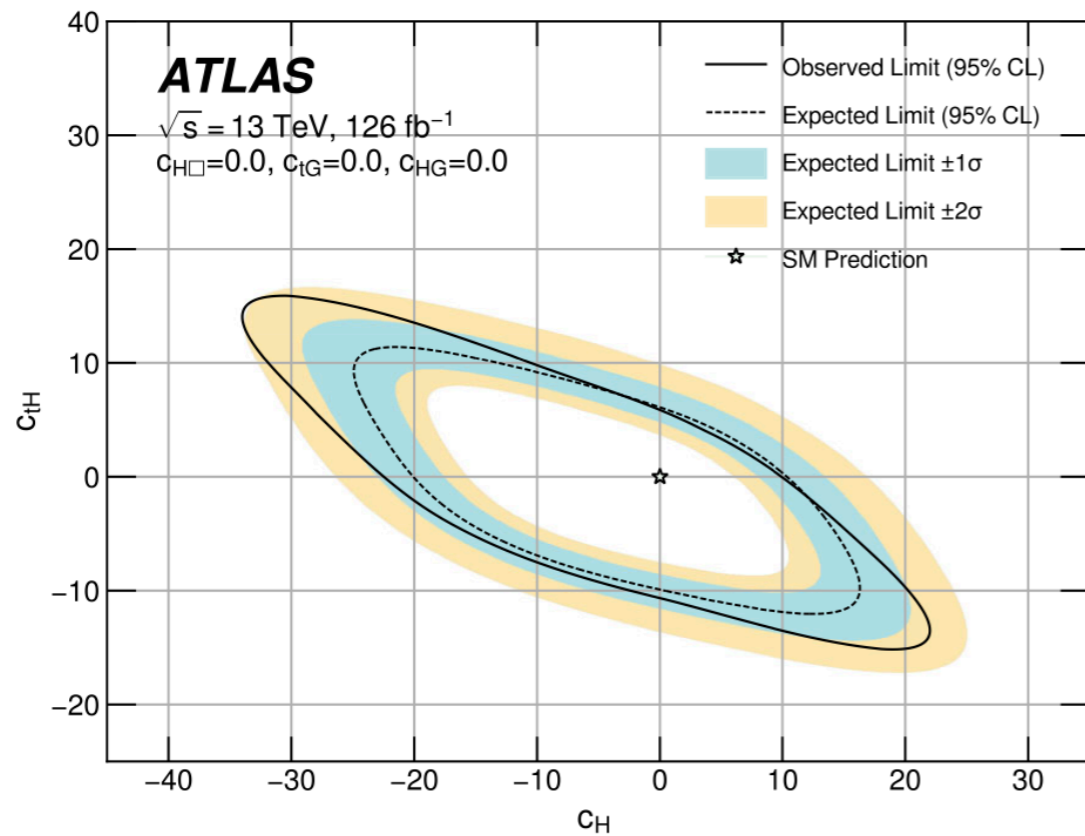
$$c_{zz} = -\frac{s_w^2 c_w^2}{2\pi\alpha} a_2,$$
$$\tilde{c}_{zz} = -\frac{s_w^2 c_w^2}{2\pi\alpha} a_3.$$

$$c_{gg} = -\frac{1}{2\pi\alpha_s} a_2^{gg},$$
$$\tilde{c}_{gg} = -\frac{1}{2\pi\alpha_s} a_3^{gg},$$

EFT interpretation



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HEL Parameters	Definition	Others profiled	Fix others to SM
$c_A \times 10^4$	$c_A = \frac{m_W^2}{g'^2} \frac{f_A}{\Lambda^2}$	$-1.03^{+1.53}_{-1.59}$ (+1.59) (-1.56)	$-0.78^{+1.11}_{-1.16}$ (+1.10) (-1.11)
$c_G \times 10^5$	$c_G = \frac{m_W^2}{g_s^2} \frac{f_G}{\Lambda^2}$	$1.43^{+3.20}_{-3.00}$ (+3.13) (-2.74)	$0.27^{+1.05}_{-1.05}$ (+1.03) (-1.01)
$c_u \times 10$	$c_u = -v^2 \frac{f_u}{\Lambda^2}$	$0.68^{+0.82}_{-0.83}$ (+0.83) (-0.79)	$0.43^{+0.69}_{-0.69}$ (+0.68) (-0.67)
$c_d \times 10$	$c_d = -v^2 \frac{f_d}{\Lambda^2}$	$0.59^{+1.03}_{-1.13}$ (+1.08) (-1.05)	$-0.01^{+0.31}_{-0.28}$ (+0.30) (-0.28)
$c_\ell \times 10$	$c_\ell = -v^2 \frac{f_\ell}{\Lambda^2}$	$-0.57^{+0.74}_{-0.73}$ (+0.72) (-0.77)	$-0.75^{+0.60}_{-0.64}$ (+0.58) (-0.60)
$c_{HW} \times 10^2$	$c_{HW} = \frac{m_W^2}{2g} \frac{f_{HW}}{\Lambda^2}$	$-1.45^{+4.72}_{-3.03}$ (+3.93) (-3.27)	$0.77^{+0.84}_{-1.20}$ (+1.04) (-1.38)
$(c_{WW} - c_B) \times 10^2$	$c_{WW} = \frac{m_W^2}{g} \frac{f_{WW}}{\Lambda^2}, c_B = \frac{2m_W^2}{g'} \frac{f_B}{\Lambda^2}$	$2.16^{+2.84}_{-5.35}$ (+3.46) (-5.00)	$0.62^{+1.06}_{-1.22}$ (+1.09) (-1.23)

**CMS Preliminary** 138 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV)

$HH \rightarrow WW\gamma\gamma$       —●— Observed      - - - - Median expected  
 $\kappa_\lambda = \kappa_t = 1$        68% expected  
 $\kappa_V = \kappa_{2V} = 1$        95% expected

**Fully-Leptonic**

Expected: 189  
Observed: 278

**Fully-Hadronic**

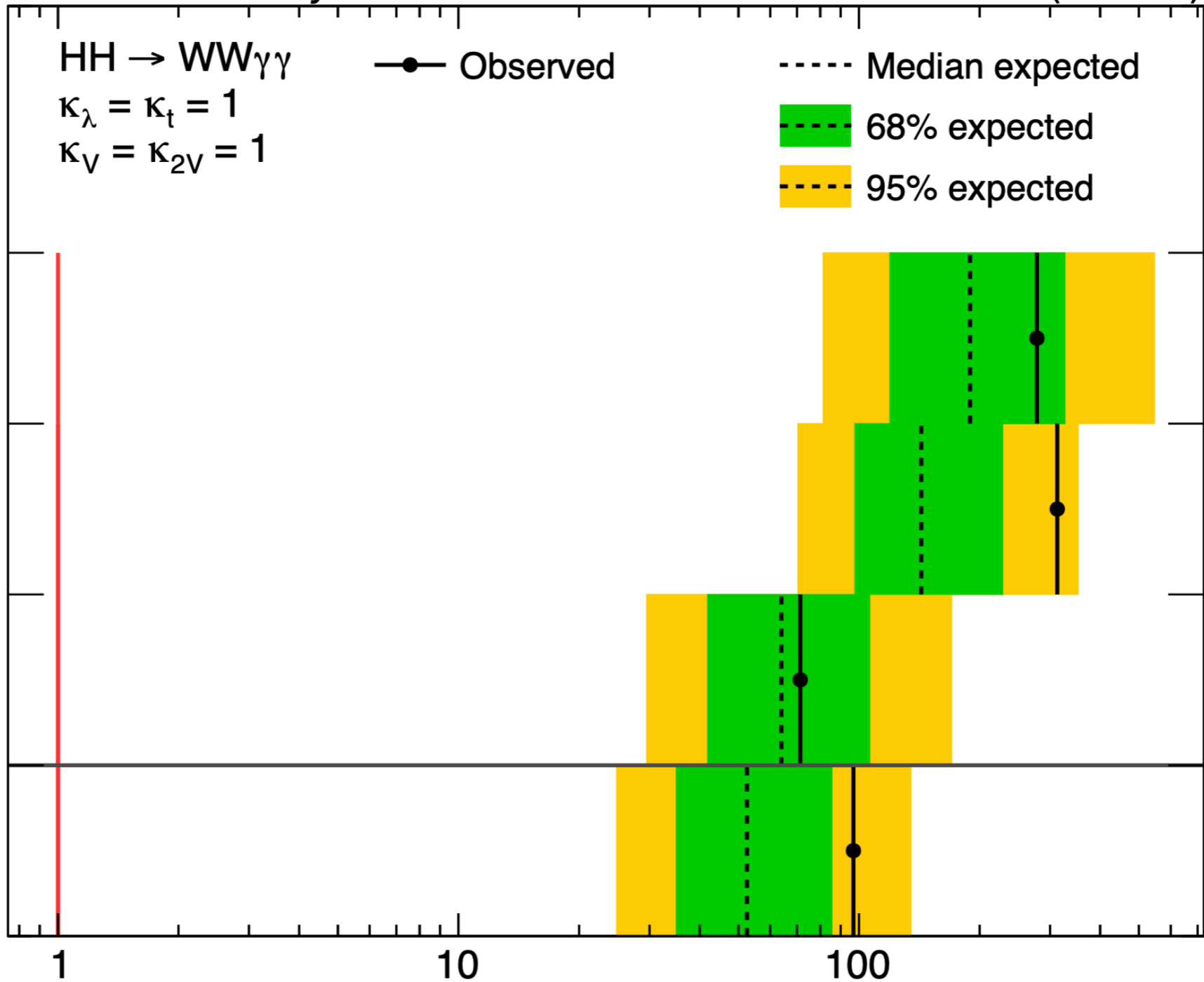
Expected: 143  
Observed: 313

**Semi-Leptonic**

Expected: 64  
Observed: 71

**Combined**

Expected: 52  
Observed: 97



95% CL limit on  $\sigma(pp \rightarrow HH) / \sigma_{\text{Theory}}$