

The $L + C_{spin}$ project

Pasquale Di Nezza

Kick-off meeting



18 Dec 2023









The LHC beams cannot be polarized

The only possibility to have polarized collisions is through a polarized fixed-target

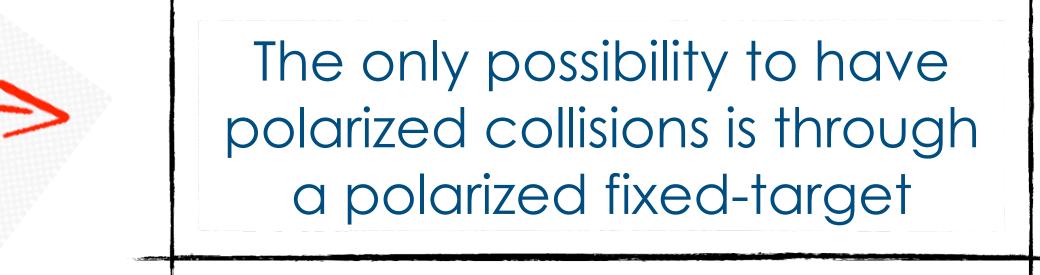






Collisions generated by a TeV-scale beam with a fixed target will explore a unique kinematic region that has been poorly probed before. Advanced detectors make available probes never accessed before

is an innovative and unique project conceived to bring polarized physics at the LHC



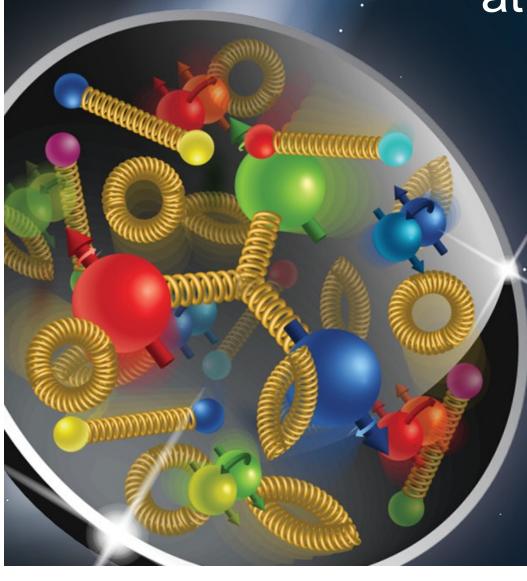




Several experiments dedicated to spin physics, but with many limitations: very low energy, no rare probes, no ion beam, ... LHCspin is unique in this respect

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The Electron Ion Collider at Brookhaven National Laboratory



Electron-Ion Collider



Jefferson Lab

LHCspin is not better nor worse it is complementary to EIC it costs orders of magnitude less it could take data a decade earlier



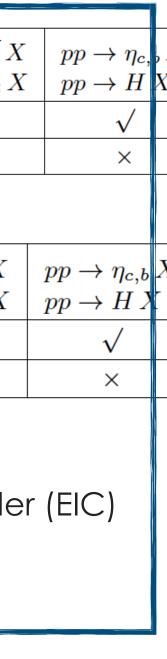
Several experiments dedicated to spin physics, but with many limitations: very low energy, no rare probes, no ion beam, ...

	LHCspin is	s complementar	ry to El		DIS D	Y SIDIS	$pA \to \gamma \operatorname{jet} X$	$ \begin{array}{c c} e \ p \to e' \ Q \ \overline{Q} \ X \\ e \ p \to e' \ j_1 \ j_2 \ X \end{array} $
				$f_1^{g[+,+]}$ (WW)	× :	× ×	×	\checkmark
[D. Boer: arXiv:1611.06089] unpolarized gluon TMD		TMDs (Sivers)	[D. Bc	$f_1^{g[+,-]}$ (DP)		\checkmark \checkmark	\checkmark	X
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		DY SIDIS $p^{\uparrow} A$	$A \to h X$ $p^{\uparrow} A$		$ \gamma \gamma X \gamma J/\psi \gamma X $	$e p^{\uparrow} \rightarrow e^{\downarrow}$ $e p^{\uparrow} \rightarrow e^{\downarrow}$	$Q\overline{Q}X$	
$f_1^{g[+,+]}$ (WW)××××✓ $f_1^{g[+,-]}$ (DP) \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark	$\begin{array}{c c} pp & r & r \\ \hline & \\ \hline & \\ \hline & \times \end{array}$	$f_{1T}^{\perp g [+,+]} (WW) \times \times$	×			$\gamma \gamma X \qquad p A$	$A \to \gamma^* \operatorname{jet} X$	$e \ p \to e' \ Q \ \overline{Q} \ X$ $e \ p \to e' \ j_1 \ j_2 \ X$
linearly polarized gluon TMD	$f_{1T}^{\perp g [+,-]} (\mathrm{DP}) \qquad \checkmark \qquad \checkmark$	\checkmark	$h_1^{\perp g [+,+]} (WW)$			×	\checkmark	
$ pp \to \gamma \gamma X pA \to \gamma^* \text{ jet } X e p \to e' Q \overline{Q} X pp \to \eta_{c,b} X \\ e p \to e' j_1 j_2 X pp \to H X $	$pp \to J/\psi \gamma X$ $pp \to \Upsilon \gamma X$	$f_{1T}^{\perp g[+,+]}$ (Weizsacker-Williams type or " $f_{1T}^{\perp g[+,-]}$ (Dipole s type or " d-type ") \rightarrow s				×	\checkmark	×
$h_1^{\perp g [+,+]} (WW) \qquad \checkmark \qquad \checkmark \qquad \checkmark$	\checkmark	J_{1T} (Dipole's type of d-type) \rightarrow s	symmetric colour	rstructures				
$h_1^{\perp g [+,-]} (\mathrm{DP}) \qquad \times \qquad \checkmark \qquad \times \qquad \qquad$	×			Can be	e meas	ured at [.]	the Electro	n Ion-Collide
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"Ambitious and long term LHC-Fixed Target research program. The efforts of the existing LHC experiments to implement such a programme, including specific R&D actions on the collider, deserve support" (European Strategy for Particle Physics)

because the asymmetries in question have a process dependence between pp and lp that is predicted by theory is certain Physics Beyond Collider) 8

LHCspin is unique in this respect





 $e p \to e' Q \overline{Q} X \mid pp \to \eta_{c,b} X$

 $e p \to e' j_1 j_2 X \mid pp \to H X$

 $e p \to e' j_1 j_2 X \mid pp \to H X$

 \times

 $pp \to \eta_{c,b} X$

X

X

 $e \, p \to e' \, Q \, \overline{Q} \, X$

 \times

Several experiments dedicated to spin physics, but with many limitations: very low energy, no rare probes, no ion beam, ...

unpolarized gluon TMD

linearly polarized gluon TMD

X

 $pA \to \gamma^* \operatorname{jet} X$

 \times

DIS | DY | SIDIS | $pA \rightarrow \gamma \text{ jet } X$ |

 \times

[D. Boer: arXiv:1611.06089]

 \times

 \times

 $\sqrt{}$

 $pp \to \gamma \, \gamma \, X$

 \times

 $f_1^{g[+,+]}$ (WW)

 $h_1^{\perp g [+,+]}$ (WW)

 $h_1^{\perp g [+,-]}$ (DP)

 $f_1^{g[+,-]}$ (DP)

LHCspin

 $pp \to J/\psi \gamma X$

 \times

 $pp \to J/\psi \gamma X$

 \times

 $pp \to \Upsilon \gamma X$

 $pp \to \Upsilon \gamma X$

								DIS	DY	SIDIS	$pA \rightarrow \gamma \text{jet} Z$	$X e p \to e' Q \overline{Q} \\ e p \to e' j_1 j_2$	$\bar{z}\lambda$
IS	is complementary to E											$e p \rightarrow e' j_1 j_2$	$_2 \lambda$
						$f_1^{g[+,+]}$ (V	VW)	×	×	×	×	\checkmark	
	TM	Ds (S	ivers)		[D. Bo	$f_1^{g[+,-]}$ (I	DP)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	×	
		DY	SIDIS				$p^{\uparrow}p ightarrow$	$\gamma \gamma X$		$ep^{\uparrow} \to e$	$Q\overline{Q}X$	_1	
							$p^{\uparrow}p \rightarrow$	$J/\psi \gamma$	X	$e p^{\uparrow} \rightarrow e$	$i_{1} i_{2} X$	1	
								pp	$\rightarrow \gamma \gamma$	$X \mid p_A$	$A \to \gamma^* \operatorname{jet} X$	$e p \rightarrow e' Q \overline{Q} Z$	X
	$f_{1T}^{\perp g [+,+]} (WW)$	×	×	×								$e p \rightarrow e' j_1 j_2$	X
	$f_{1T}^{\perp g [+,-]}$ (DP)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		$h_1^{\perp g [+,+]}$	(WW)		\checkmark		×	\checkmark	
	$f_{1T}^{\perp g[+,+]}$ (Weizsa	cker-W	illiams typ	oe or " f-type ") ·	\rightarrow anti:	$h_1^{\perp g [+,-]}$	(DP)		×		\checkmark	×	
	$f_{1T}^{\perp g[+,-]}$ (Dipole s type or "d-type") \rightarrow symmetric colour structures												
	$f_{1T}^{\perp g [+,-]}$ (DP) $f_{1T}^{\perp g [+,+]}$ (Weizsac	√ cker-W	√ illiams typ	√ be or " f-type ") →		$h_1^{\perp g [+,-]}$	()		\checkmark			$e p \to e' j_1 j_2$ \checkmark	

f_{1T}^{-3}
$f_{1T}^{\perp g}$

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"This would be unique and highly comple because the asymmetries in question hav Physics Beyond Collider)

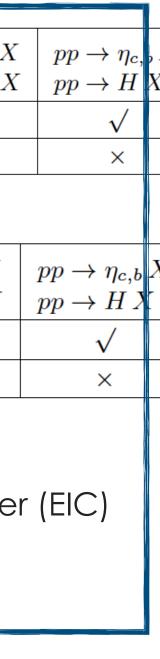
more in Marco Santimaria's talk

LHCspin is unique in this respect

Can be measured at the Electron Ion-Collider (EIC)

	DY	SIDIS	$p^{\uparrow} A \rightarrow h X$	$p^{\uparrow}A \to \gamma^{(*)} \operatorname{jet} X$	$ \begin{array}{c} $	$e p^{\uparrow} \to e' Q \overline{Q} X$ $e p^{\uparrow} \to e' j_1 j_2 X$	asured at LHCspin
$r^{(i,i)}(WW)$	×	×	×	×	\checkmark	\checkmark	
$\Gamma^{g[+,-]}_{\Gamma}$ (DP)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	×	×	

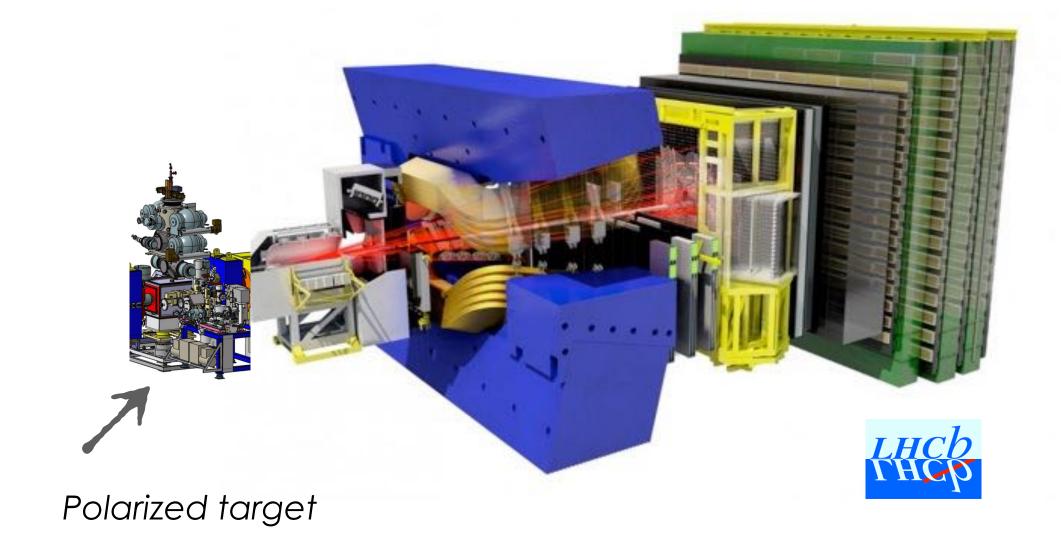
Ip that is predicted by theory CERN







Install the PGT in LHCb for the Run5 (~2033) and exploit all the enormous potentialities due to the LHCb (upgrade II) spectrometer: c-, b-quark reconstruction, rare probes, RTA, ...

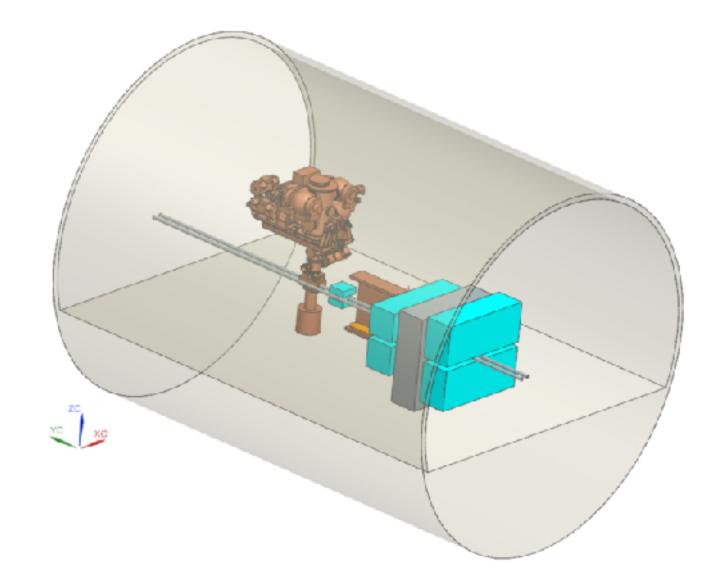


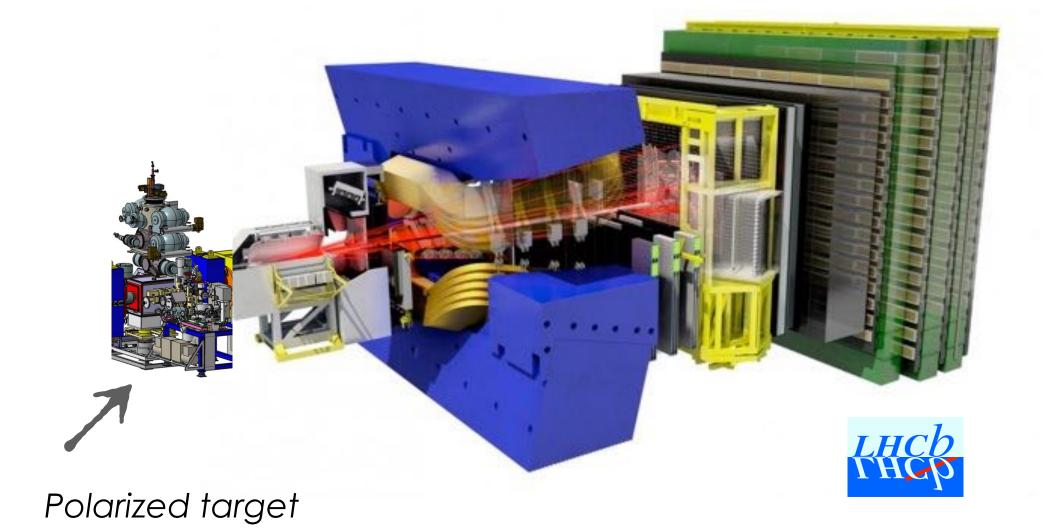
Develop a compact, LHCb independent, apparatus capable of:

- conducting R&D for a new generation PGT
- perform physics measurements never accessed before
- perform measurements connected to LHC
- etc...



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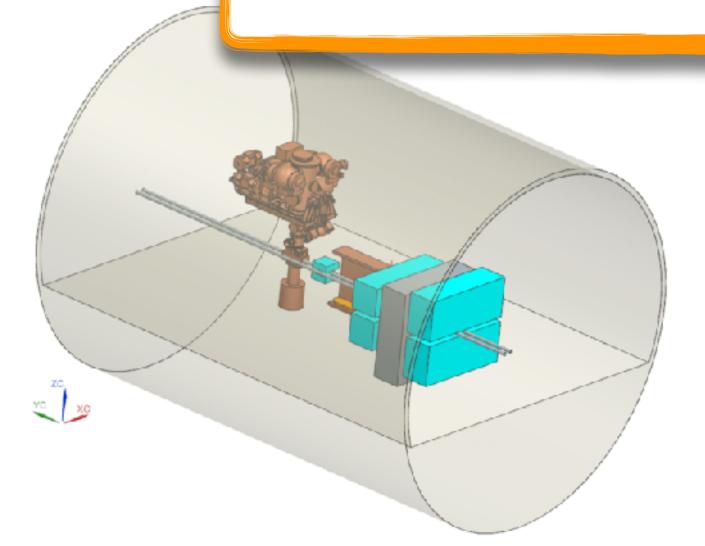
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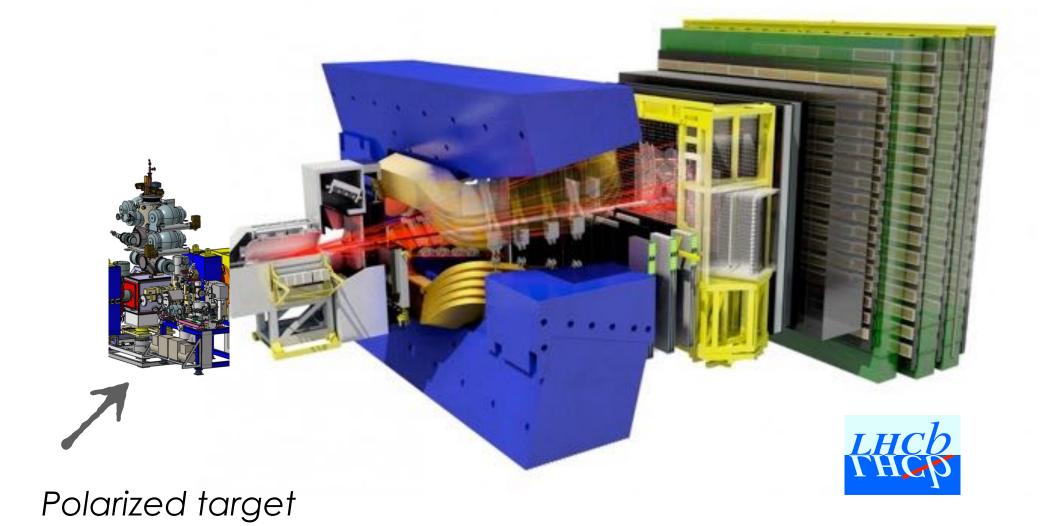
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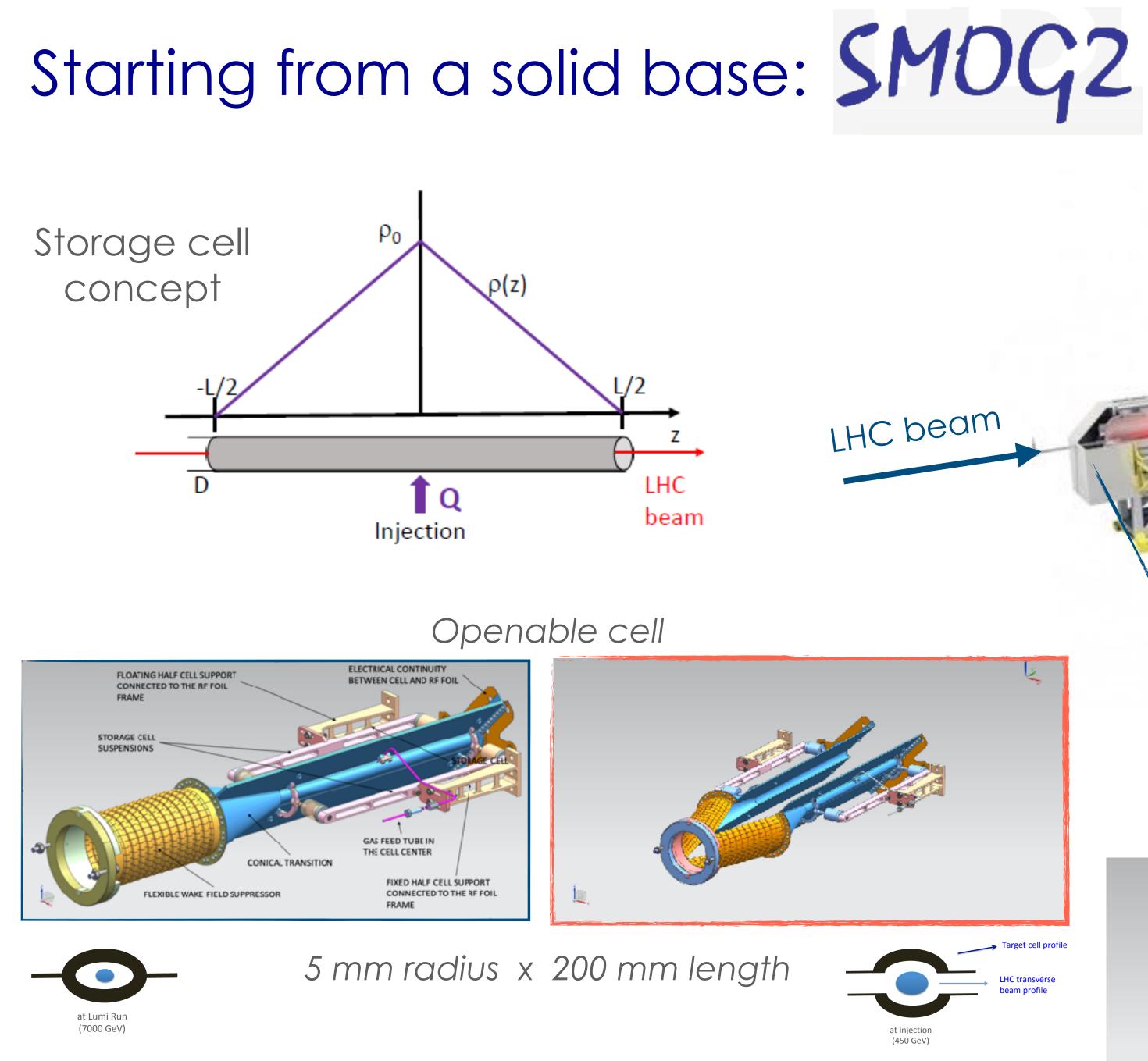
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more in Luciano Pappalardo's talk









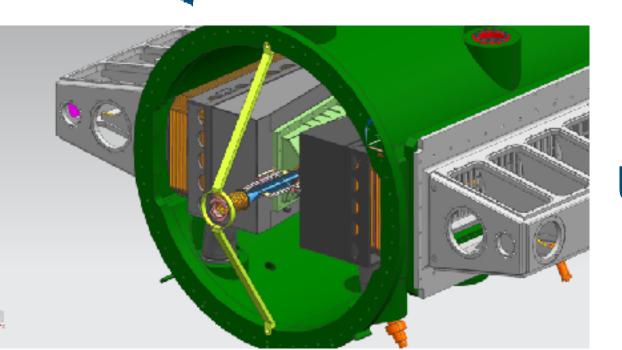
CERN-LHCC-2019-005; LHCB-TDR-020

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Forward acceptance:

Tracking system momen $\Delta p/p = 0.5\% - 1.0\% (5\%)$

beam-beam collisions



UNpolarized target (beam-gas)



JINST 3 (2008) S08005 IJMPA 30 (2015) 1530022

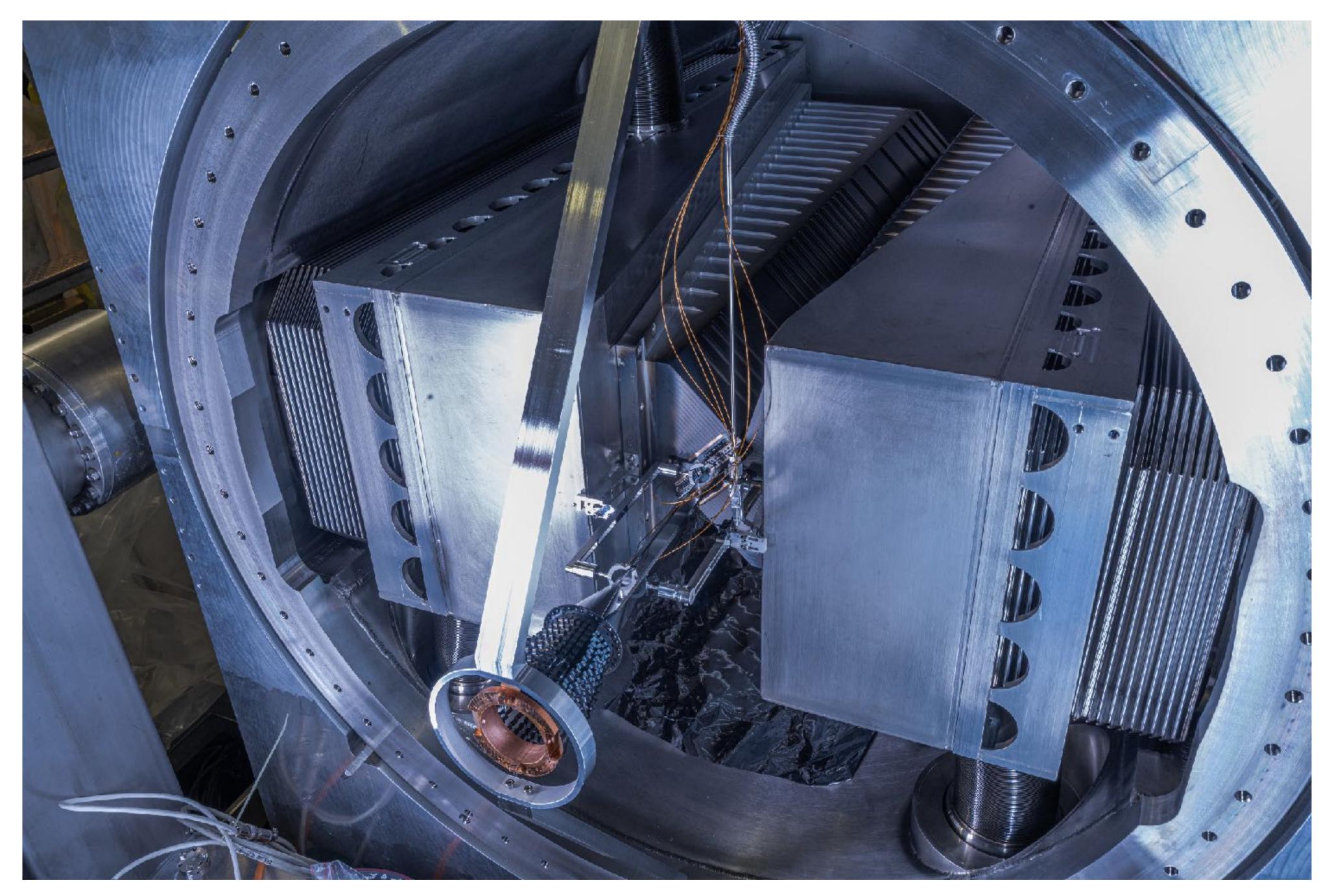


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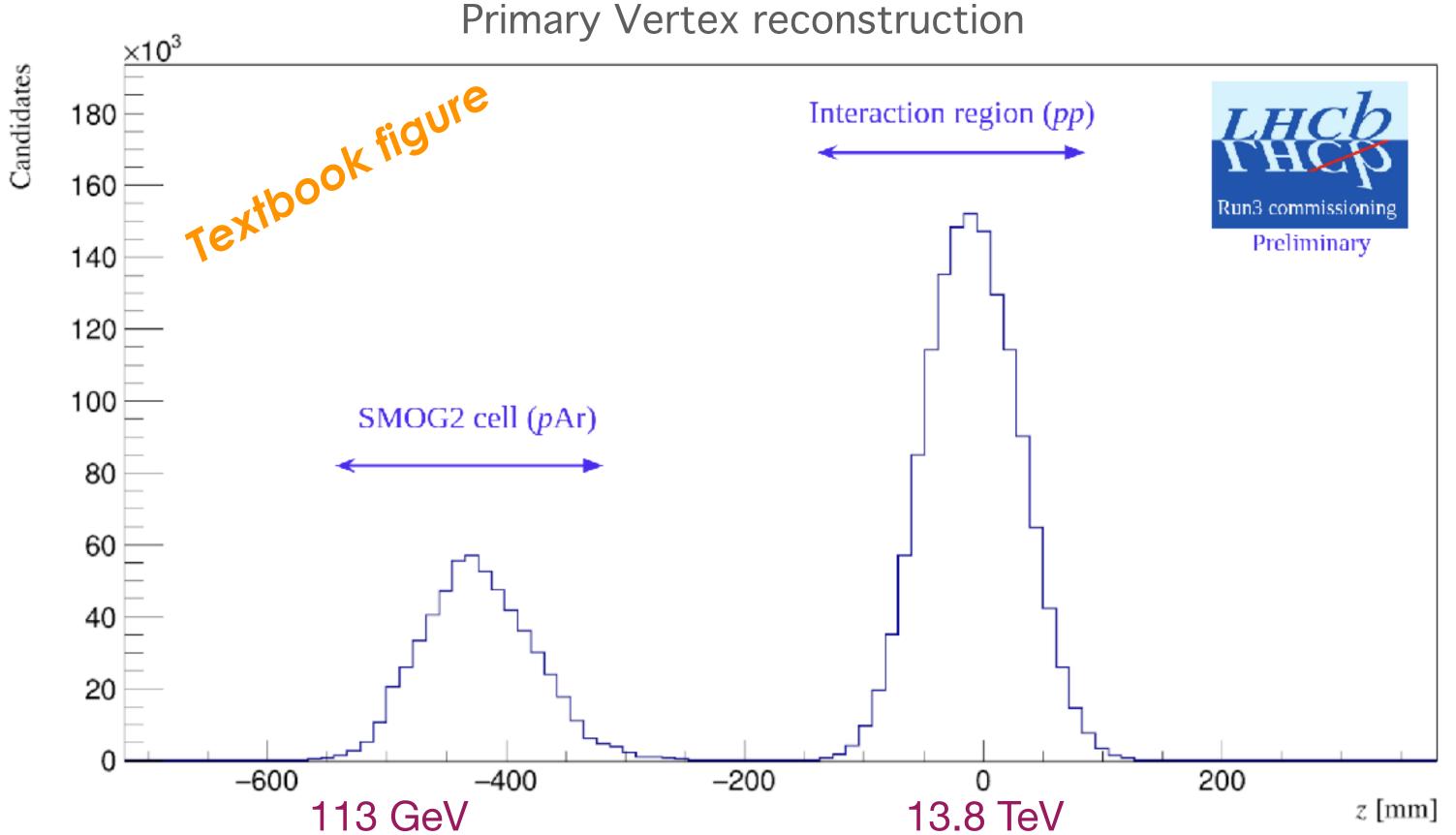




It is the only system present in the LHC primary vacuum







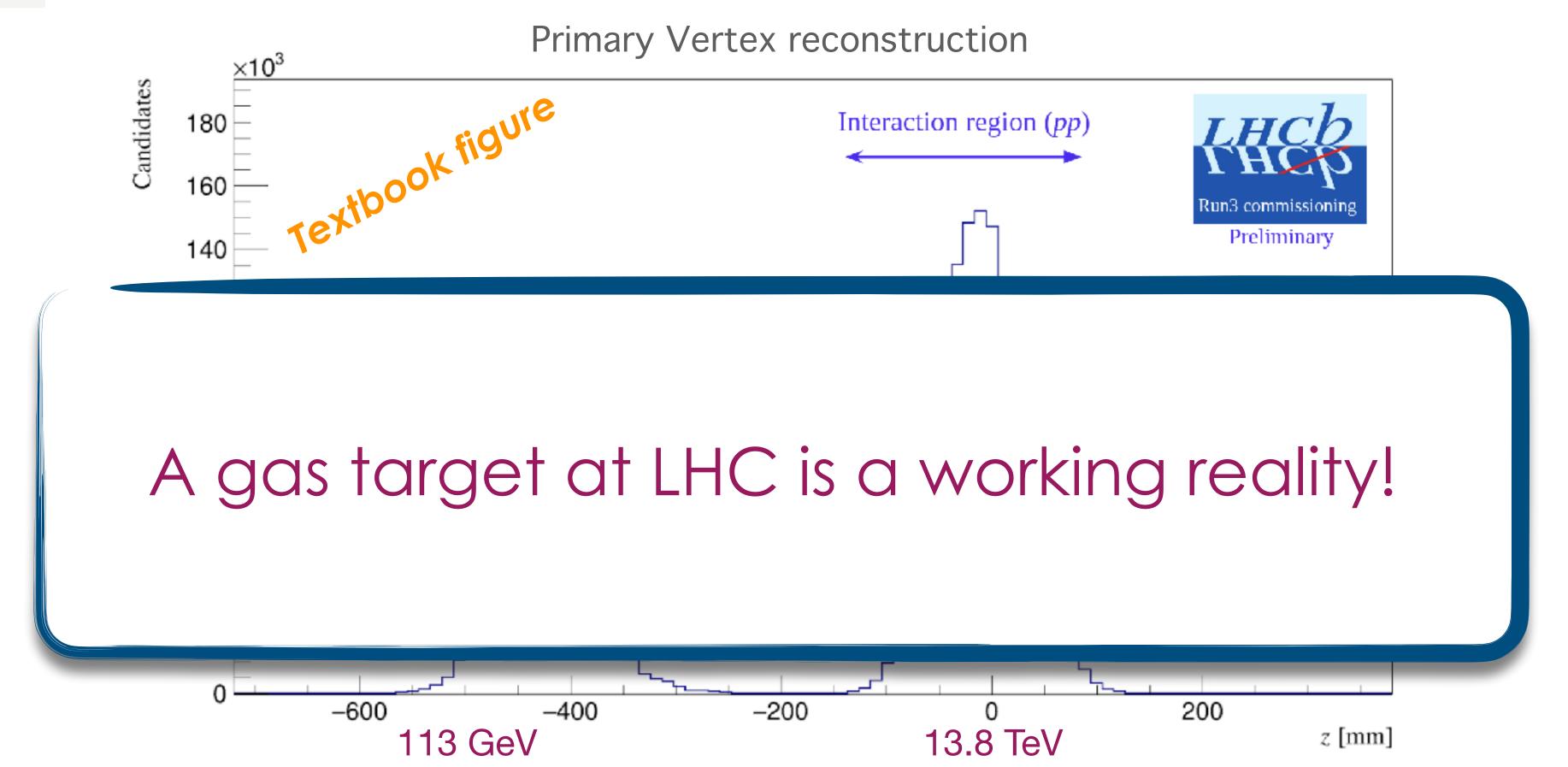
Two well separated and independent Interaction Points working simultaneously

Negligible impact on the beam lifetime ($\tau_{beam-gas}^{p-H_2} \sim 2000 \text{ days}$, $\tau_{beam-gas}^{Pb-Ar} \sim 500 \text{ h}$)



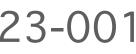






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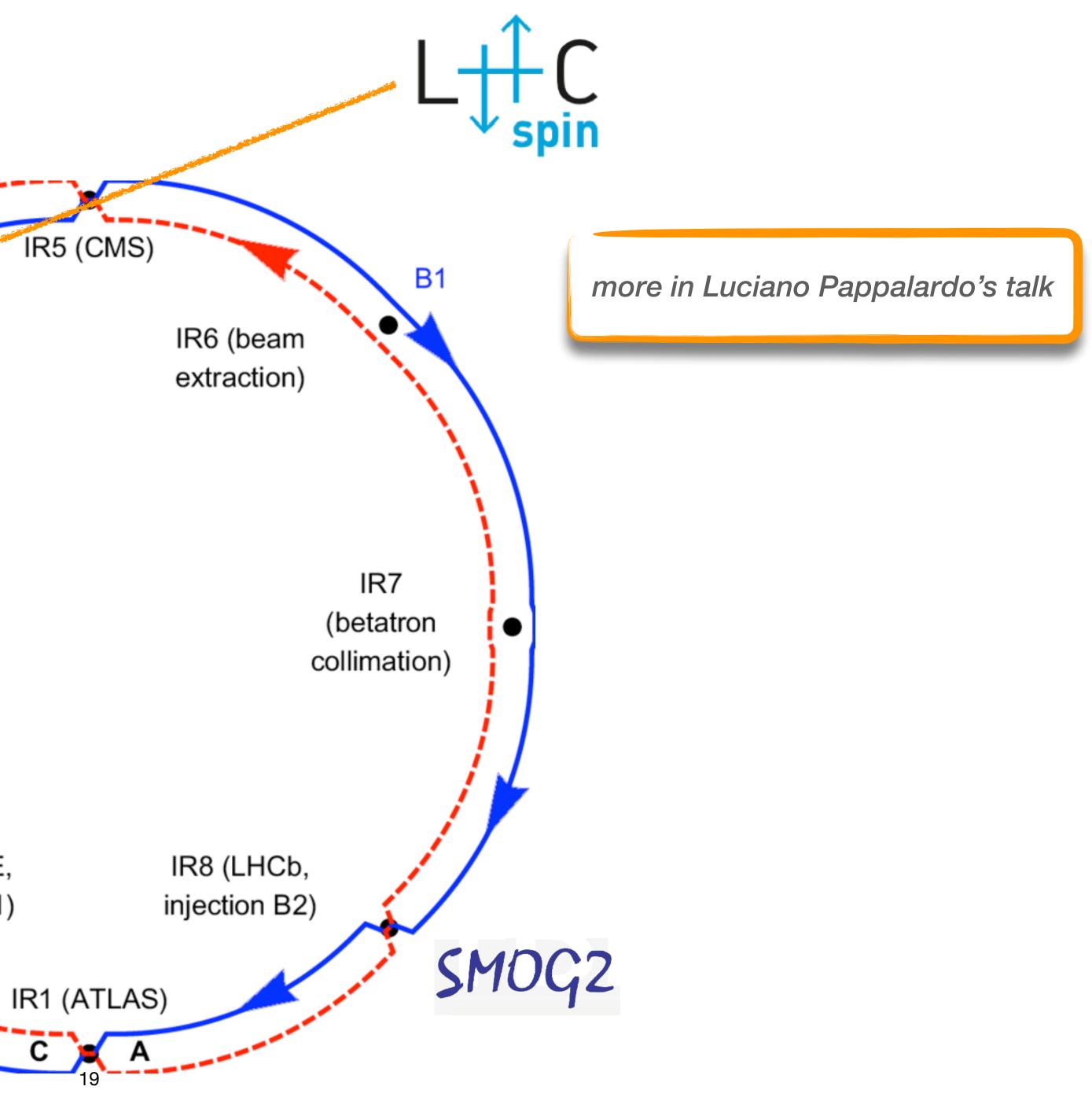
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The LHC Interaction Regions

B2 IR4 (RF) IR3 (momentum collimation) IR2 (ALICE, injection B1)

Other possibilities: -IR3 -IR8 just before or after LHCb (beyond the wall)

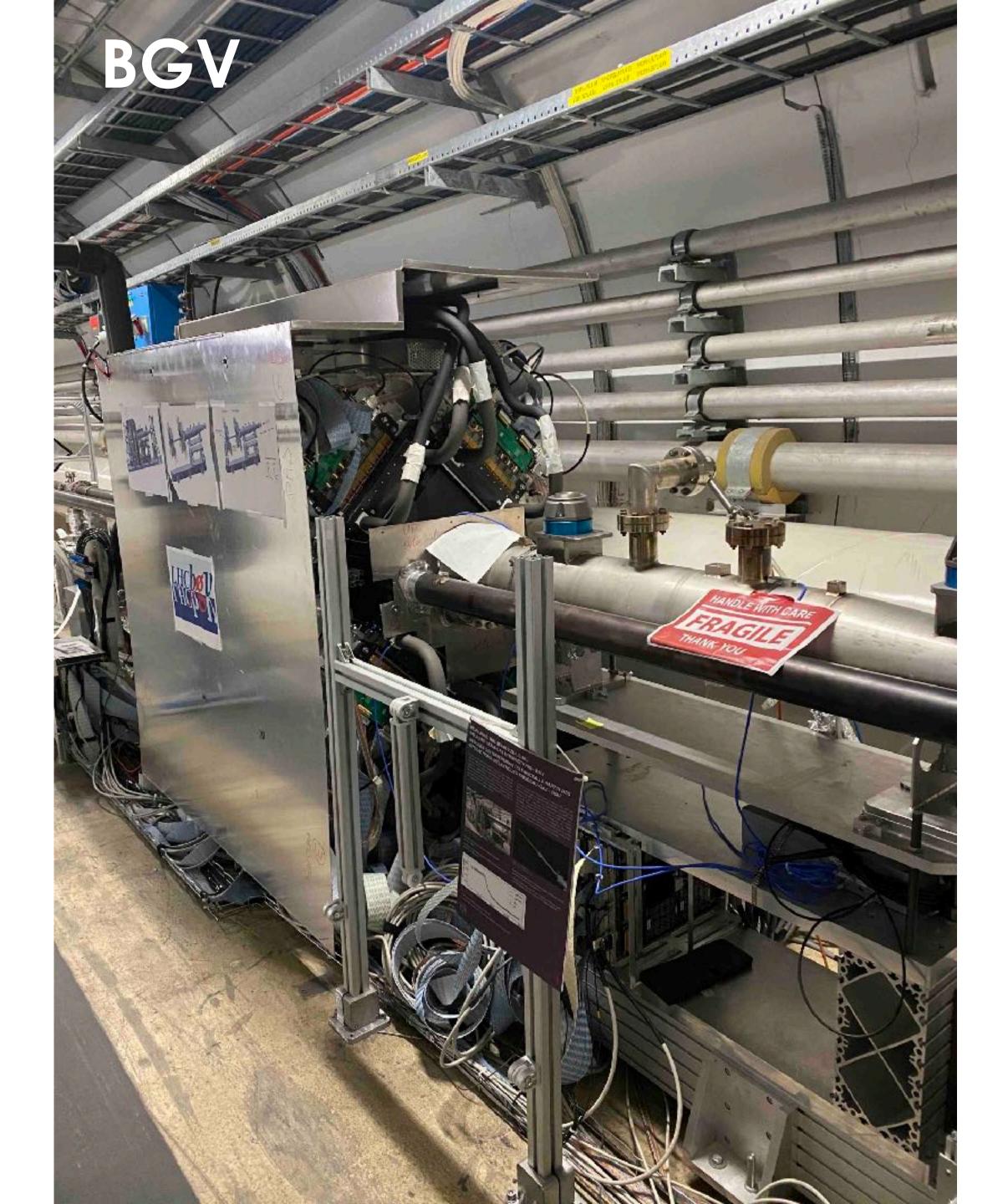


The LHC Interaction Region 3



The LHC Interaction Region 4 (larger tunnel)







https://indico.cern.ch/event/817655/contributions/3442649/attachments/ 1861615/3059737/2019_06_BGV_GasJetTarget.pdf

PHYSICAL REVIEW ACCELERATORS AND BEAMS 22, 042801 (2019)

Editors' Suggestion

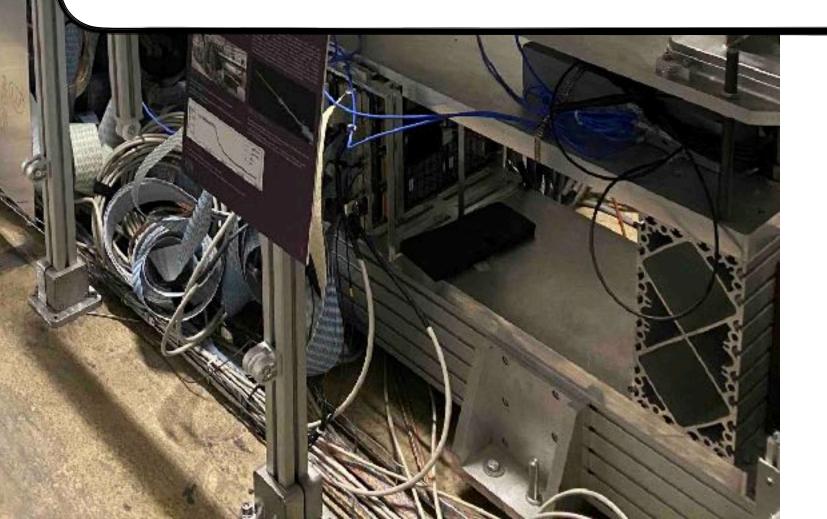
Noninvasive LHC transverse beam size measurement using inelastic beam-gas interactions

 A. Alexopoulos, ^{*}C. Barschel, E. Bravin, G. Bregliozzi, N. Chritin, B. Dehning, [†]M. Ferro-Luzzi,
 M. Giovannozzi, R. Jacobsson, L. Jensen, R. Jones, V. Kain, R. Kieffer, [‡]R. Matev, M. Rihl, V. Salustino Guimaraes, R. Veness, S. Vlachos,[§] and B. Würkner^{||} CERN, CH-1211 Geneva 23, Switzerland

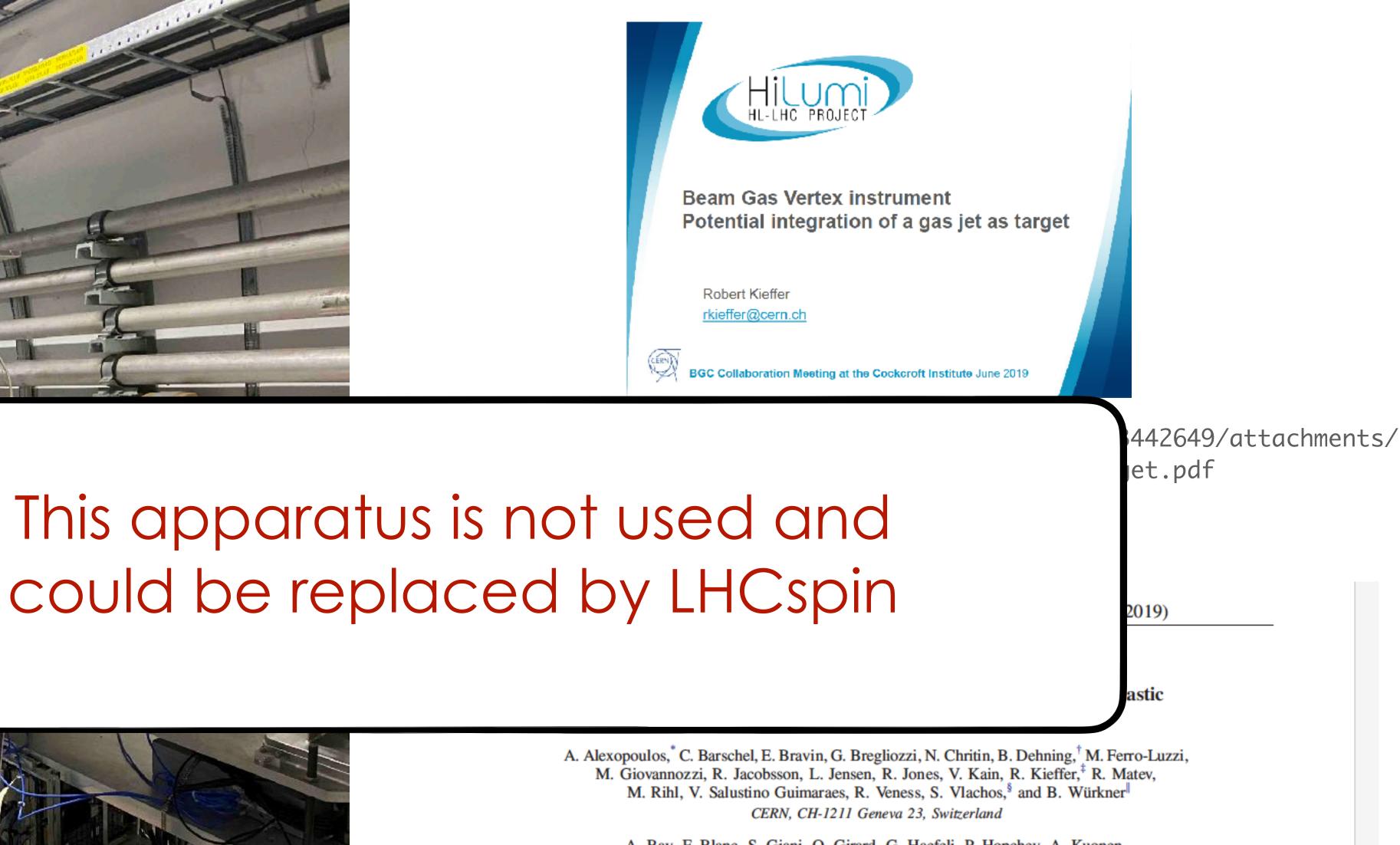
A. Bay, F. Blanc, S. Giani, O. Girard, G. Haefeli, P. Hopchev, A. Kuonen, T. Nakada, O. Schneider, M. Tobin, and Z. Xu EPFL Swiss Federal Institute of Technology, CH-1015 Lausanne, Switzerland

R. Greim, T. Kirn, S. Schael, and M. Wlochal RWTH Aachen University, I. Physikalisches Institut, Sommerfeldstrasse 14 D-52074 Aachen, Germany





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R. Greim, T. Kirn, S. Schael, and M. Wlochal RWTH Aachen University, I. Physikalisches Institut, Sommerfeldstrasse 14 D-52074 Aachen, Germany



-to develop a new generation target system

-to study the beam-polarized target mutual interactions (Beam Induced Depolarisation, Impedance, Coating, Recombination, SEY, ...)

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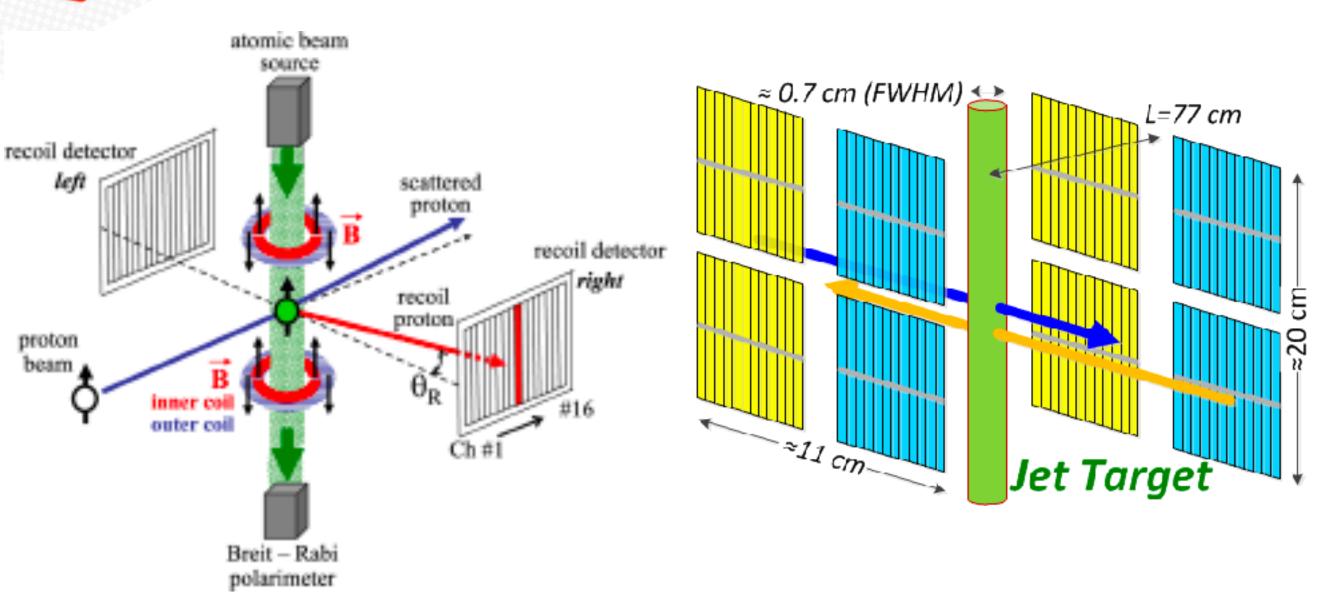
-to study the beam-polarized target mutual interactions (Beam Induced Depolarisation, Impedance, Coating, Recombination, SEY, ...)

-to develop a new polarimeter

more in Paolo Lenisa's talk

requires also R&D for silicon detectors in the LHC vacuum, interesting for many other projects

e.g. similar to the RHIC/EIC hadronic polarimeter



nstrum. Meth. A 976, 164261 (2020) APet al., Nucl.

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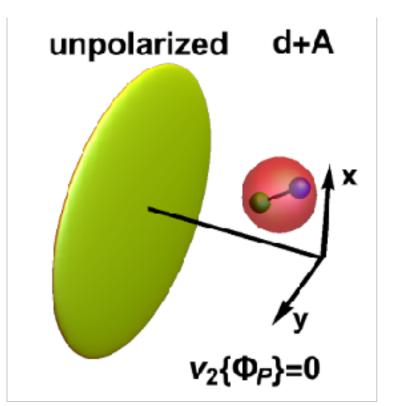
-to conduct interesting physics measurements, such as inclusive hadron production in pH¹, pD¹, PbH[†], PbD[†] collisions

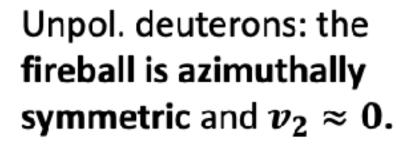


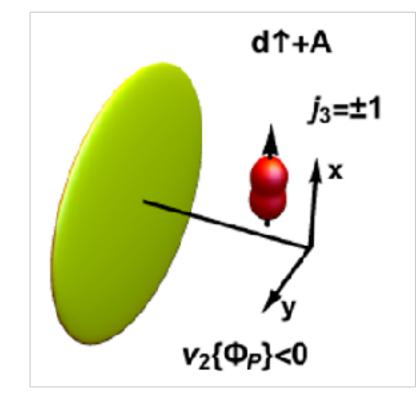
Spin physics in heavy-ion collisions

• probe collective phenomena in heavy-light systems through ultrarelativistic collisions of heavy nuclei with trasv. pol. deuterons

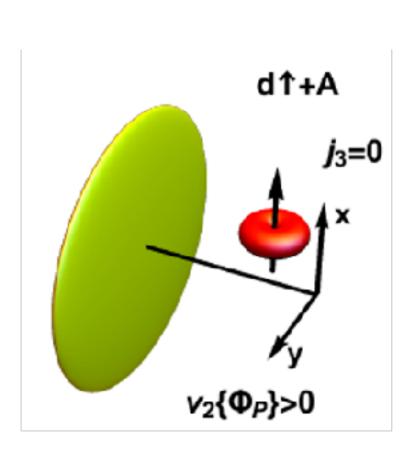
 polarized light target nuclei offer a unique opportunity to control the orientation of the formed fireball by measuring the elliptic flow relative to the polarization axis (ellipticity).





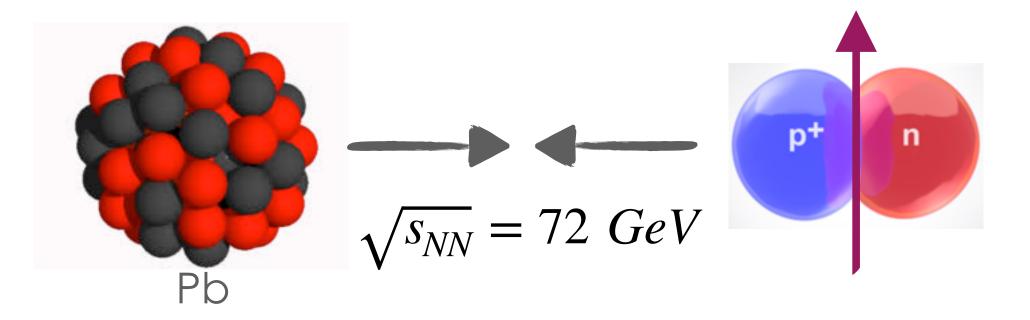


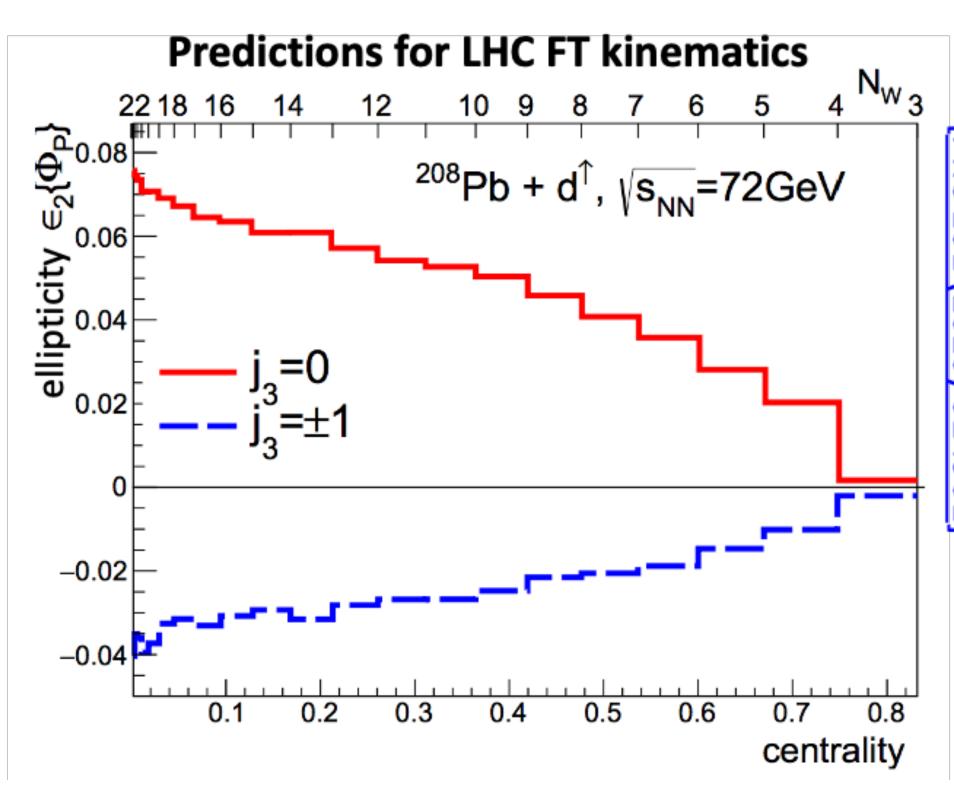
 $j_3 = \pm 1 \rightarrow \text{prolate fireball}$ stretched along the pol. axis, corresponds to $v_2 < 0$



 $j_3 = \mathbf{0} \rightarrow \mathbf{oblate fireball}$ corresponds to $v_2 > 0$







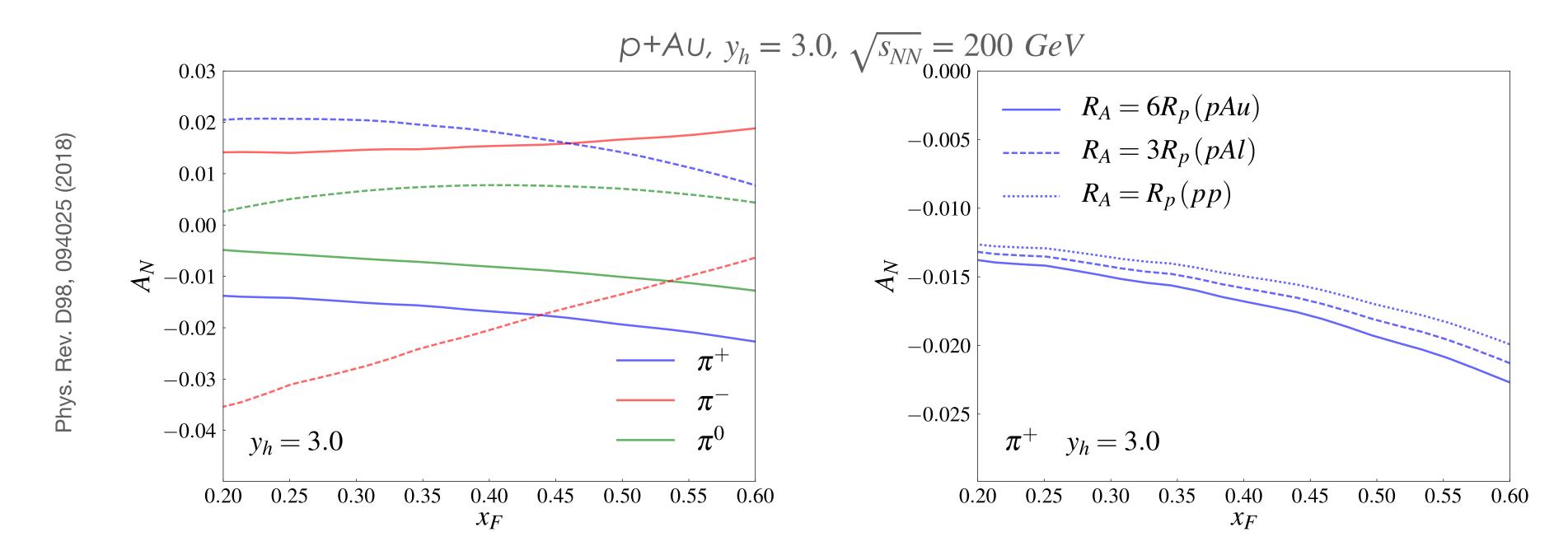




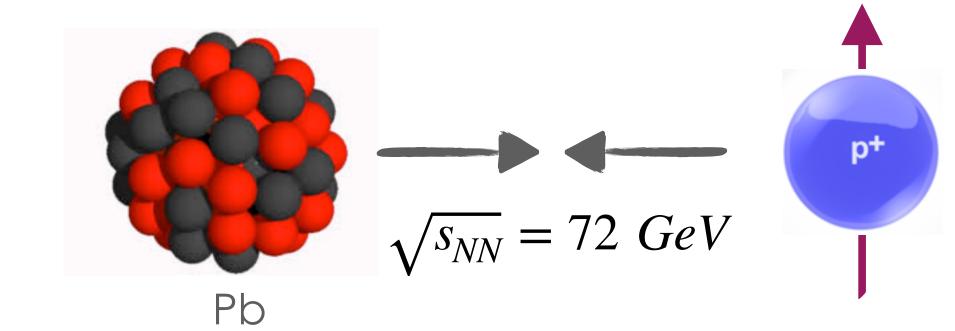
Spin physics in heavy-ion collisions

Single spin asymmetries in ultra-peripheral $p^{\uparrow}A \rightarrow hAX$ collisions

to test the assumed dominance of the contribution from twist-three fragmentation functions



kinematic region and required precision well fit the LHCspin potentialities



-to develop a new generation target system

-to study the beam-polarized target mutual interactions (Beam Induced Depolarisation, Impedance, Coating, Recombination, SEY, ...)

-to develop a new polarimeter

-to conduct interesting physics measurements, such as inclusive hadron production in pH¹, pD¹, PbH[†], PbD[†] collisions

-to develop a system, similar to the BGV, to measure the beam emittance



25-27, 2024)



Present a robust "idea" at the upcoming Physics Beyond Colliders meeting at CERN (March



- 0 25-27, 2024)
- Clarify that there is a collaborative effort from a dedicated group of individuals



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installation by the end of 2028 to enable the data taking during the LHC Run4 2029-2032



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All this developed at CERN, along LHC, in an international contest, by a small group of colleagues



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What we ask you ... if you are interested





What we ask you ... if you are interested

to be included in the general mailing list <u>lhcspin@lists.lnf.infn.it</u> sending the request to <u>dinezza@INFN.IT</u>

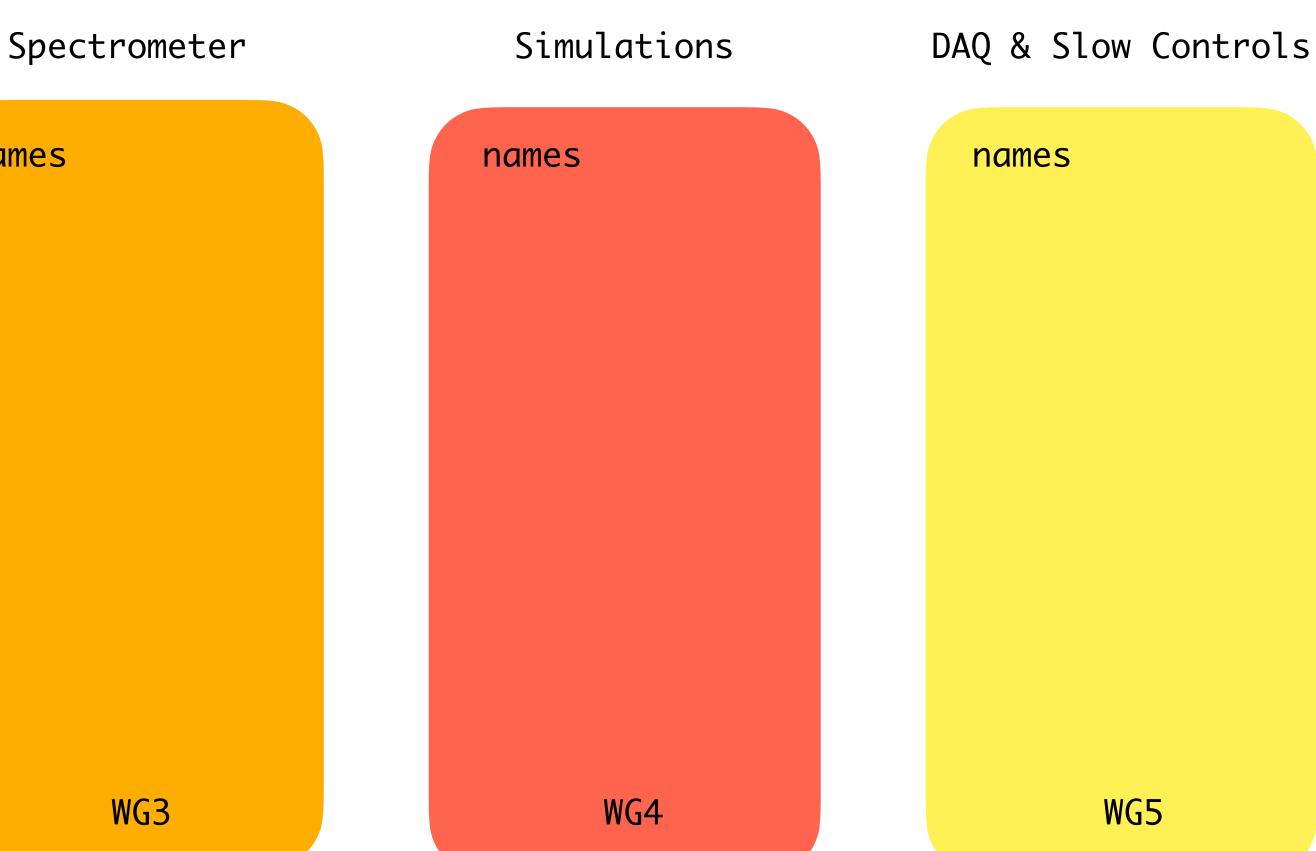




What we ask you ... if you are interested to be included in the general mailing list lhcspin@lists.lnf.infn.it to be part of one or more WGs Polarized Gas Target Implementation into LHC names names names WG1 WG2

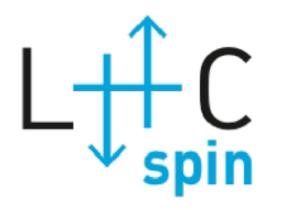


sending the request to dinezza@INFN.IT



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Conclusions

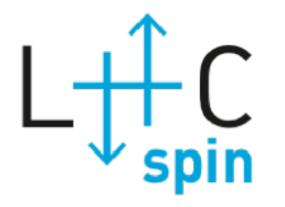


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Pasquale Di Nezza



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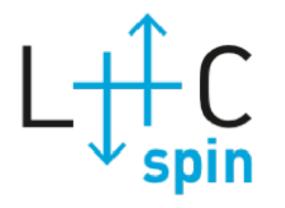
It could be implemented within a <u>realistic timeframe</u> (during LHC LS 3 for the LHC Run4 starting in 2029), and with a <u>limited budget</u>

Additional advantages include a small group of people, international contest, CERN, LHC, ...

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It is based on the feasibility of employing a gas target, as demonstrated by the SMOG2 project, and could use a location (IR4) along LHC that has already been tested by an apparatus

At the same time, LHCspin calls for a challenging R&D effort

Pasquale Di Nezza

