

SUSY 2024:

A minimal solution to the axion isocurvature problem from a non-minimal coupling

based on **2404.06441**
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14.06.2024



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Plan de Recuperación,
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Peccei-Quinn mechanism & QCD Axion

Neutron EDM: $\bar{\theta} \equiv \theta_{\text{QCD}} + \text{Arg}[\det(m_q)] < 10^{-10}$

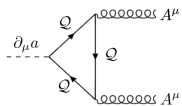
Promote $\bar{\theta}$ to field, relax strong CP violation
[Peccei, Quinn 1977]

$$\frac{g_3^2}{32\pi^2} \frac{a}{f_a} \text{Tr} \left(G_{\mu\nu} \tilde{G}^{\mu\nu} \right) \quad \text{with} \quad \left\langle \frac{a}{f_a} \right\rangle \simeq 0$$

Global $U(1)_{\text{PQ}}$ w. $U(1)_{\text{PQ}} \otimes SU(3)_c^2$ anomaly

$$\sigma = \frac{\rho + f_a}{\sqrt{2}} e^{i \frac{a}{f_a}}$$

a QCD Axion [Weinberg, Wilczek 1977]



source: [2105.01406]



source: Amazon

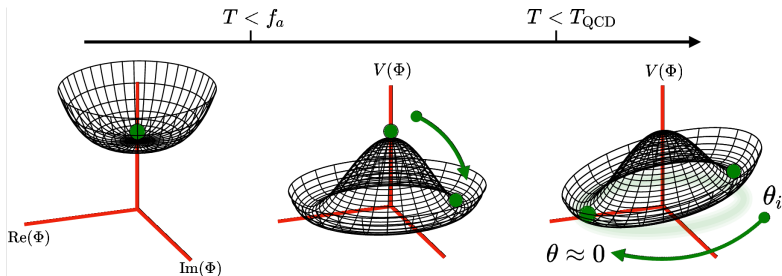
Peccei-Quinn mechanism & QCD Axion

QCD instantons induce potential for PNGB

$$m_a = 5.7 \mu\text{eV} \left(\frac{10^{12} \text{ GeV}}{f_a} \right)$$

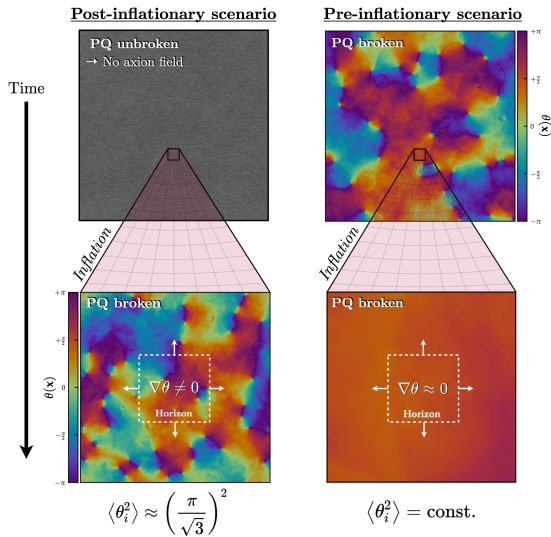
Vacuum realignment of $\theta \equiv a/f_a$ when $m_a = 3H$: CDM

[Abbott, Sikivie; Dine, Fischler; Preskill, Wise, Wilczek 1983]



source: [2403.17697]

Axion Cosmology: Impact of Inflation



source: [2403.17697]

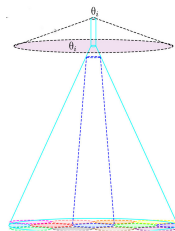
Post-Inflationary PQ breaking

Breaking **after** (visible) Inflation & Reheating

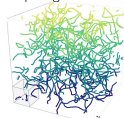
$$f_a < \text{Max} \left[\frac{H_I}{2\pi}, T_{\text{RH}}, T_{\text{max}} \right]$$

- different θ_i in each patch ($\sqrt{\langle \theta_i^2 \rangle} \simeq \pi/\sqrt{3}$)
 \Rightarrow DWs at $T < \mathcal{O}(100 \text{ MeV})$
- Defects: string-wall-network (unstable for $N_{\text{DW}} = 1$)
- $h^2 \Omega_a$: misalignment **and** defects

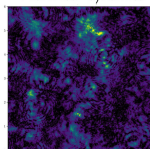
$$3 \times 10^{10} \text{ GeV} \lesssim f_a \lesssim 4.8 \times 10^{11} \text{ GeV}$$
$$(14 \mu\text{eV} \lesssim m_a \lesssim 200 \mu\text{eV})$$



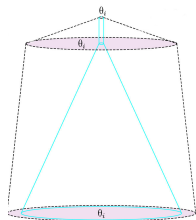
Topological defects



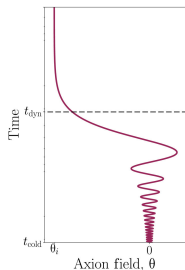
Nonlinear dynamics



Pre-Inflationary PQ breaking



Harmonic motion



Breaking **before** (visible) Inflation & Reheating

$$f_a > \text{Max} \left[\frac{H_I}{2\pi}, T_{\text{RH}}, T_{\text{max}} \right]$$

- θ_i smoothed out \Rightarrow no DWs!!!!
- cosmic strings diluted by inflation
- $h^2 \Omega_a$ from misalignment **only**

$$\Omega_a h^2 \simeq 0.12 \left(\frac{\theta_i}{1} \right)^2 \left(\frac{f_a}{8.7 \times 10^{11} \text{ GeV}} \right)^{\frac{7}{6}}$$

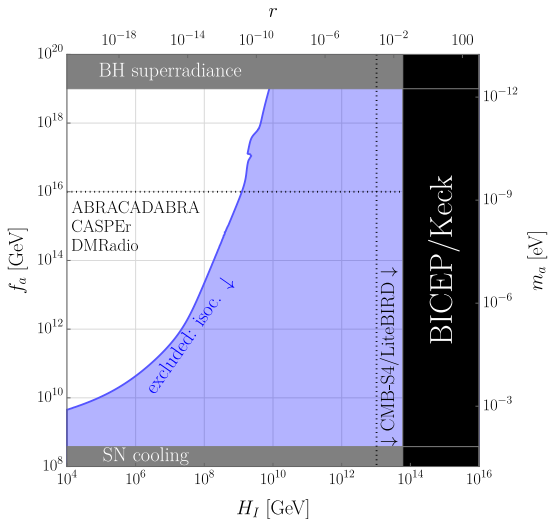
Axion isocurvature problem

Breaking before (visible) Inflation

- axion: **massless** during inflation ($H_I \gg T_{\text{QCD}} \simeq \mathcal{O}(100 \text{ MeV})$)
- quantum fluct. $\delta\theta = \frac{H_I}{2\pi f_a} \Rightarrow$ **scale-invariant** CDM isocurv.
- CMB: **only curvature** perturbations observed [Planck 2018]

$$\Delta_a^2(k_*) \simeq \left(\frac{H_I}{f_a \pi \theta_i} \right)^2 < \frac{\beta_{\text{iso}}}{1 - \beta_{\text{iso}}} \Delta_\zeta^2(k_*) \simeq 8.7 \times 10^{-11}$$

Axion isocurvature problem



$f_a > \frac{H_I}{2\pi}$ incompatible w. observable inflationary GWs ($H_I \simeq 10^{13}$ GeV)

Quality problem

$U(1)_{PQ}$: global symmetry violated by quantum gravity (wormholes)

$$V_{PQ} = c_d e^{-S_E} \sigma^d M_{\text{Pl.}}^{4-d} + \text{h.c.}$$

This shifts the minimum of the axion from $\theta_0 \simeq 0$ to

$$\theta_0 > 10^{-10}$$

With $S_E \ll 1, |c_d|$, $\text{Arg}(c_d) \simeq \mathcal{O}(1)$ this is avoided for

$$d > 8 \quad (10) \quad \text{for} \quad f_a = 10^8 \text{ GeV} \quad (10^{10} \text{ GeV})$$

Needs mechanism to select large enough d or S_E (or tiny c_d)!

Proceed with caution



WARNING

I have no idea
where this operator
comes from!



The mechanism

Assume PQ symmetry is **softly** broken by gravity ($R = -12H_I^2$)

$$V(\sigma) \supset \xi_\sigma R \sigma^2 + \text{h.c.} = |\xi_\sigma| R \rho^2 \cos(2\theta - \theta_R)$$

Hubble dependent mass during inflation

$$M_a^2 = 48 |\xi_\sigma| \cos(\theta_R) H_I^2$$

The mechanism

Assume PQ symmetry is **softly** broken by gravity

$$V(\sigma) \supset \xi_\sigma R \sigma^2 + \text{h.c.} = |\xi_\sigma| R \rho^2 \cos(2\theta - \theta_R)$$

Hubble dependent mass during inflation

$$\underbrace{m_\rho^2}_{\text{for well-defined PNGB}} > 48 |\xi_\sigma| \cos(\theta_R) H_I^2 > \underbrace{\left(\frac{3}{2} H_I\right)^2}_{\text{no quant. fluctuations}}$$

The mechanism

Assume PQ symmetry is **softly** broken by gravity

$$V(\sigma) \supset \xi_\sigma R \sigma^2 + \text{h.c.} = |\xi_\sigma| R \rho^2 \cos(2\theta - \theta_R)$$

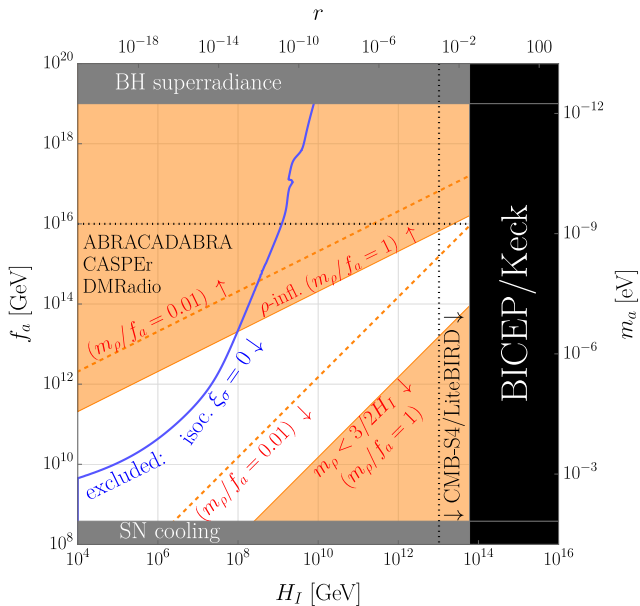
Hubble dependent mass during inflation ($R = -12H_I^2$)

$$m_\rho^2 > 48 |\xi_\sigma| \cos(\theta_R) H_I^2 > \left(\frac{3}{2} H_I\right)^2$$

Power spectrum **suppressed** on CMB scales ($k_* = 0.05 \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$)

$$\Delta_a^2(k_*) \simeq \left(\frac{H_I}{f_a \pi \theta_i}\right)^2 \frac{H_I}{M_a} \underbrace{\left(\frac{k_*}{a_{\text{end}} H_I}\right)^3}_{e^{-3N_*} = 7 \times 10^{-66}}$$

Enlarged Parameter space



Quality problem?

How much is the axion minimum $\theta_0 \simeq 0$ shifted?

$$V(a) = m_a^2 f_a^2 (1 - \cos(\theta)) + 12 |\xi_\sigma| H_0^2 f_a^2 \cos(2\theta - \theta_R)$$

Correction to the axion potential suppressed due to **tiny** Hubble rate today

$$H_0 \simeq 10^{-33} \text{ eV}$$

Does **not** lead to relevant constraints

$$\theta_0 \simeq 10^{-46} |\xi_\sigma| \sin(\theta_R) \left(\frac{f_a}{10^{16} \text{ GeV}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{H_0}{70 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}} \text{ Mpc}^{-1}} \right)^2$$

Quality problem?

How much is the axion minimum $\theta_0 \simeq 0$ shifted?

$$V(a) = m_a^2 f_a^2 (1 - \cos(\theta)) + |\xi_\sigma| R f_a^2 \cos(2\theta - \theta_R)$$

In solar system $R = 8\pi\rho/M_{\text{Pl}}$.

$$R \simeq 10^{-36} \text{ eV}^2 \quad \text{for density of earth/sun}$$

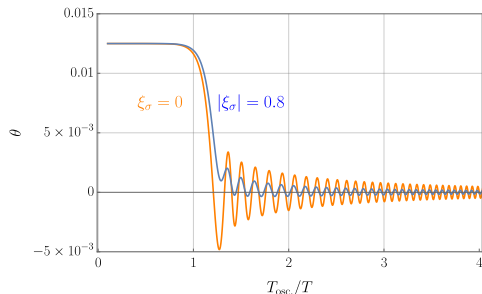
Does **not** lead to relevant constraints

$$\theta_0 \simeq 10^{-16} |\xi_\sigma| \sin(\theta_R) \left(\frac{f_a}{10^{16} \text{ GeV}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{R}{10^{-36} \text{ eV}^2} \right)$$

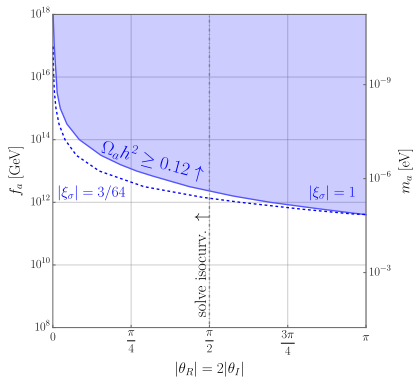
Impact on Misalignment

Adiabatic Relaxation:

[Linde 1996, Takahashi et al. 2015-20]



- RD: $R \neq 0$ because of QCD
- $M_a/H(T) \sim \alpha_S(T)$



- starts from $\theta_I = \theta_R/2 < \pi/4$
- θ_I larger by $\mathcal{O}(1)$ factor

Summary

- grav. PQ breaking $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{suppressed isoc. fluct. on CMB scales} \\ \text{negligible correction to } \theta_0 \end{array} \right.$
- IC θ_i replaced by parameter $\theta_R/2$
- $h^2\Omega_a$ slightly reduced
- **Smoking Gun:** $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{GUT scale axion at ABRA.../CASPER/DMRadio} \\ \text{GWs at LiteBIRD} \end{array} \right.$

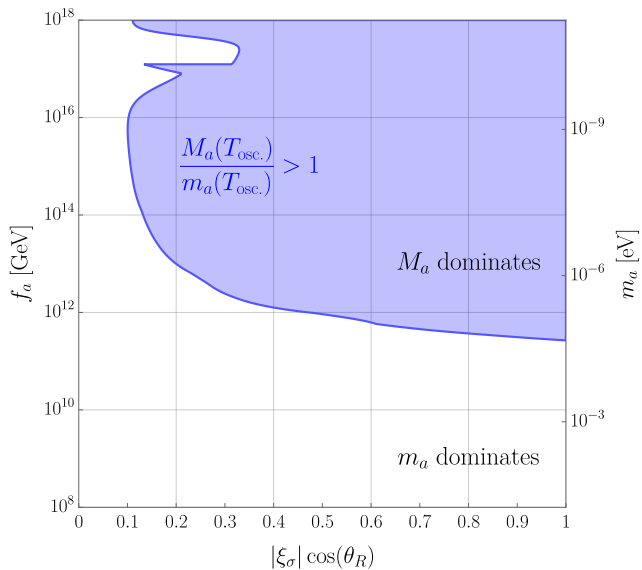
Outro

Thank you for your time and attention!

Appendix

Here be dragons

Impact on Misalignment (2)



DM from fluctuations

- during **inflation**: [1807.09785, 1905.09836]

$|\xi_\sigma| < 1$ and $H_I \simeq 10^{13}$ GeV needs $m_a \simeq 1$ keV

($m_a \uparrow$ for $|\xi_\sigma| \uparrow$ or $H_I \downarrow$)

- during **reheating**: [hep-ph/0602144, 1512.07288]

oscillating inflaton \leftrightarrow oscillating R a la geometric preheating

needs $m_a \gtrsim 10$ GeV or $|\xi_\sigma| > 1$

- oscillating R (or epoch of kination) could destabilize $\theta_I = \theta_R/2$

- non-adiabat. **transition** inflation to reheating: [1506.04065]

$$\delta\theta \simeq \frac{2.2 \times 10^{-4}}{(|\xi_\sigma| \cos(\theta_R))^{1/4}} \left(\frac{H_e}{10^{13} \text{ GeV}} \right) \left(\frac{10^{16} \text{ GeV}}{f_a} \right) \ll \theta_I \simeq 1.7 \times 10^{-2} \text{ for } \Omega_a h^2$$

(produced 50-60 e-folds after CMB modes left horizon)

Established solutions to axion isocurvature problem

1 Larger decay constant [Linde 1991]

- quant. fluct. or couplings like $R|\sigma|^2$, $\frac{V(\varphi)}{M_{\text{Pl}}^2}|\sigma|^2$
- field displacement $S_i \gg f_a$
- bound on H_I relaxed by S_i/f_a

2 Restore PQ symmetry

- couplings like $-R|\sigma|^2$, $\frac{V(\varphi)}{M_{\text{Pl}}^2}|\sigma|^2$, $\frac{\partial_\mu \varphi \partial^\mu \varphi}{M_{\text{Pl}}^2}|\sigma|^2$ or **PR**
- $\mu_\sigma^2 > 0$ during inflation
- breaking **during** visible inflation [Redi, Tesi 2023]
⇒ fluctuations at larger scales e.g. Lyman- α

3 Heavy QCD axion [Dvali 1995]

- early QCD confinement, add. gauge groups, magnetic monopoles,
- OR kinetic term modified by gravity