SWT2, Google and ARM

Fernando Barreiro Megino on behalf of SWT2 Grid Deployment Board, 12 June 2024

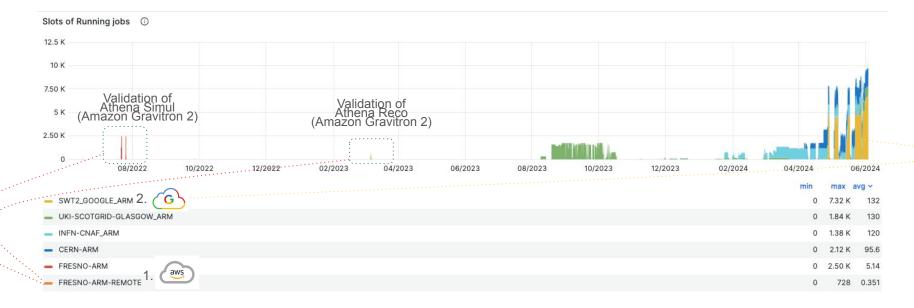


Recent (US) ATLAS Cloud projects

- US ATLAS led R&D projects on Cloud Computing (2019-2023)
 - Phase I (~2019-2020): US ATLAS funded project with Google Cloud
 - Development of PanDA and Rucio integration models
 - Phase II (~2021-2023): ATLAS funded project with Google Cloud
 - Extended viability of ATLAS T2 on Google during 15 months
 - Multiple R&D activities
 - Phase II' (~2020-2023): Cal State (Fresno) and US ATLAS funded project on Amazon
- SWT2 phase III (2024):
 - (South West T2 = University of Texas at Arlington + University of Oklahoma)
 - Fraction of 2024 budget spent on Google Cloud subscription agreement
 - Activities in T2 scope, where the cloud can offer added value (e.g. VHIMEM, ARM)

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Cloud contribution to ATLAS-ARM



- 1. Original collaboration to set up first ARM PanDA queue (FRESNO-ARM*) for physics validation
 - a. Considerable effort to build middleware packages and extend ALRB configuration
- 2. Now contributing to ARM adoption/experience (SWT2_GOOGLE_ARM)

SWT2_GOOGLE_ARM origin

Thread exploring areas of interest for the SWT2 Google project

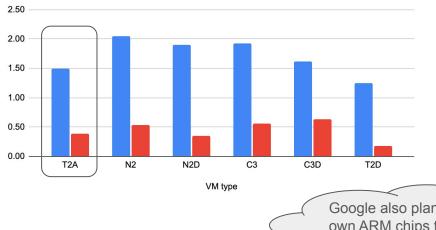
RW	Rodney Walker Random thought Can you get arm resources too? It could bolster the few we have to make it worthwhile assigning tasks. Another flexibility demo.	Wed 4/24/2024 19:33	
KD	Kaushik De ARM is a great idea. Fernando - how much work would it be to set up a new PanDA queue? Once the SE is available on Google, we can also try user analysis j	Wed 4/24/2024 19:50	1 day
F	Fernando Harald Barreiro Megino In principle we can get ARM resources. On Amazon it was not particularly complicated. I'm assuming on Google it will be similar, but I've never tried. I'll have a	Thu 4/25/2024 09:09	Tuay
F	Fernando Harald Barreiro Megino Hi, (+Johannes) I created the ARM queue and it just finished the first HC job right now: https://bigpanda.cern.ch/job?pandaid=6188933235×tamp=18:19	Thu 4/25/2024 18:22	V

Benchmarking VMs

- Possible to benchmark cloud VMs with HEPscore23
- GCP ARM VM families (T2A) offer good value for money

HEPscore: USD/month (Prices are time and zone dependent. In particular Spot prices might be specific to this analysis)

On demand Spot



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VM type	CPU type	Generation	í.
T2A	Neoverse-N1		
N2	Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU @ 2.60GHz	Ice Lake	
N2D	AMD EPYC 7B13	Milan	
C3	Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platinum 8481C CPU @ 2.70GHz		
C3D	AMD EPYC 9B14	Genoa	
T2D	AMD EPYC 7B13	Milan	(nc

Google also plans to release their own ARM chips this year (<u>Axion</u> announcement)

Overall experience with ARM

- Cost effective option on Google
- Operating 4k to 8k vCPU cluster since end of April
 - Some operational hiccups due to a variety of reasons (related to ARM, cloud and site)
 - Spot instances show lower preemption rate than Intel VMs, but sometimes also funny behaviour
 - My interpretation is that the demand is not as high and the service a bit less mature
- Task assignment in ATLAS is still manual
 - Limited to a subset of activities (simulation and reconstruction)
 - Additional labor
 - Risk to have no tasks available
 - Auto-scaling shields us from sitting on an empty cluster
- ARM being more and more integrated in ATLAS
 - As of today 8 different nightly flavours for ARM
 - e.g. full Athena, simulation, analysis, new ROOT versions
 - Architecture-based brokerage available in PanDA

Conclusions

- Integration of ATLAS and ARM is advanced, but not complete
- Setting up the queue is not so complicated
 - Most work was abstracted by ATLAS SW and MW team
- Early adopters may face initial challenges
- Flexibility in cloud: freedom to choose/change architecture

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