



# INSIGHTS FROM IFAST 2023

**Presenter name: Thuy Do – PhD Candidate**

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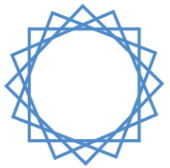
**NTNU**

Norwegian University of  
Science and Technology

# 1- About myself



- ❖ Thuy is a Ph.D. student in entrepreneurship education and innovation management.
- ❖ Her thesis is about deep technologies (i.e., HEP) and the commercialization of deep technologies.
- ❖ Her work has been associated with the European Commission for Nuclear Research (CERN), the Norwegian University of Science and Technology (NTNU), ESADE Business School, and TU Dublin.
- ❖ I have also written some studies on the diffusion of digital and medical technologies to society, responsible innovation, and the transfer of deep technologies to innovative student entrepreneurs.
- ❖ Originally from Hanoi, Vietnam –I moved to Norway in 2019 for my Master's study.
- ❖ I enjoy working with people, and education is one of my key interests.
- ❖ In this study, my interest lies in understanding the learning process and outcomes among student teams



**engage**

Centre for Engaged Education  
through Entrepreneurship

NTNU SCHOOL *of*  
**ENTREPRENEURSHIP**



Knowledge Transfer

# 2- Introduction



## TAKING A BREAK OR LASER FOCUS? Creative thinking during team learning innovation

25 July → 3 August 2023



**Laury  
Batista**  
Acc Expert  
(France)



**Jeanne  
Longlune**  
Acc Expert  
(Belgium)



**Felix  
Albrecht**  
Physicist  
(Austria)



**Stephen  
Byrne**  
Engineer  
(United Kingdom)



**Mehrab  
Ahmad**  
Env. Science  
(Germany)



**Jeremie  
Tshimanga**  
Marketing / Communication  
(Italy)



**Christian  
Staufenbiel**  
Acc Expert  
(Germany)



**Griseda  
Stafa**  
Engineer  
(France)



**Elise  
Smets**  
Physicist  
(Belgium)



**Kenneth Roy  
Rojo**  
Engineer  
(Spain)



**Albina  
Gerguri**  
Env. Science  
(Kosova)



**Nicolò  
Codogno**  
Marketing / Communication  
(Italy)



**Bhushan  
Thakur**  
Acc Expert  
(France)



**Yasmine**  
Acc Expert  
(Spain)



**Giulia  
Penné**  
Physicist  
(Italy)



**Abhishek  
Ganesh**  
Engineer  
(Germany)



**Lorenzo  
Peerani**  
Env. Science  
(Ireland)



**Annabella Laura  
Zamora**  
Sociologist  
(Switzerland)



**Pierre  
Boistier**  
Acc Expert  
(France)



**Nicolas  
Strangmann**  
Acc Expert  
(Germany)



**Fatemeh  
Hoseinkhani**  
Physicist  
(Spain)



**Georgios  
Kouris**  
Engineer  
(Greece)

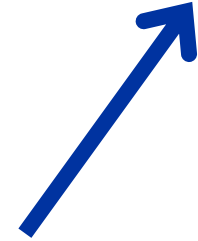


**Emily  
Sheil**  
Env. Science  
(Ireland)

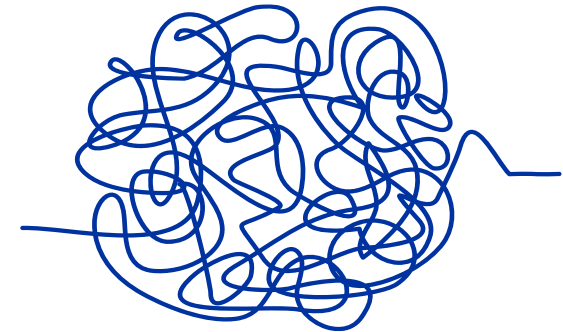


**Assunta Gloria  
Moheb**  
Communication  
(Italy)

Country in which participant's University is located



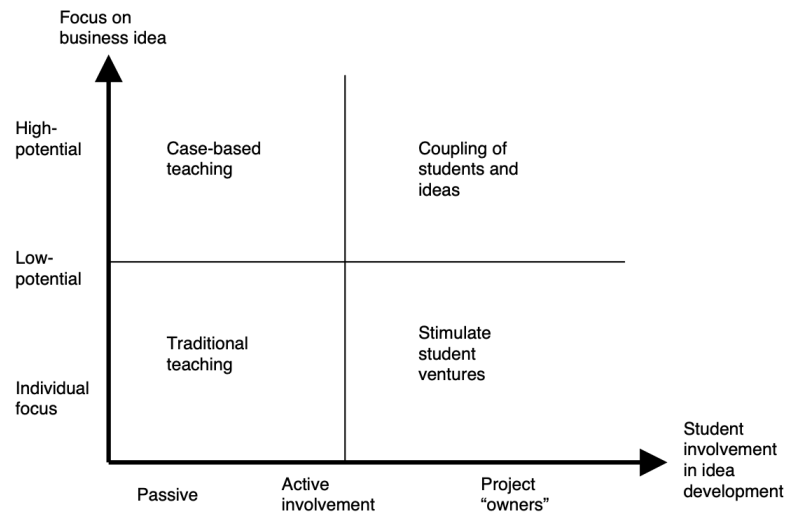
What we think learning is



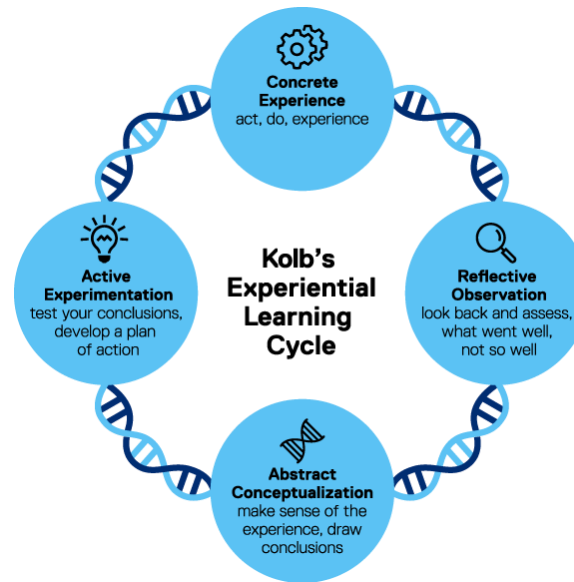
What learning really is

# 3- RQ: How do they learn, and what are the learning outcomes?

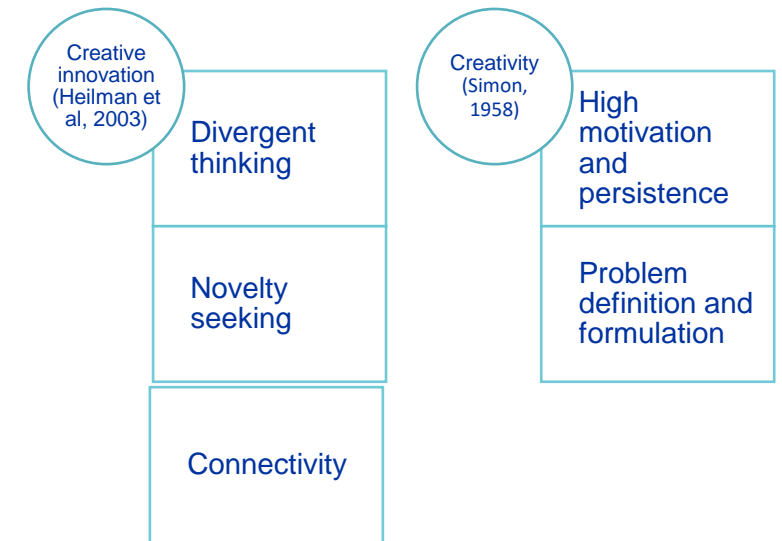
- How do student teams develop innovative ideas?
- What triggers, influences, supports, or hinders the ideation process?



(Rasmussen & Sørheim, 2006)



(Kolb, 1984)



# 4 – Research design

- Research context: 4 teams during IFAST 2023
- In-depth interviews with focus groups on the team process throughout the program (pre/ post in total of 8 interviews)

Teams	Transcripts of empirical data	Ideas summary
Team 1	44 pages	Application for wind turbines
Team 2	50 pages	Solar panel recycle
Team 3	62 pages	Separation of fabric textiles
Team 4	42 pages	Pollen sterilization

- Thematic analysis following Goia process (qualitative study)

# 5- Data structure

*“to be innovative because there are so many stuff that is actually not always communicated but that already exists”*

- ∨  ideation
  - >  brainstorm from one of three project
  - >  check whether the idea is feasible
    - defining the team direction
  - >  Developing idea overtime
  - >  expressing all ideas together and changes of motivation
  - >  feasibility of innovation project
  - >  Fomulating problem
  - >  overcome the challenges when things do not work out
    - presenting ideas to others
  - >  Research and brainstorming
  - >  Shortlisting
  - >  Starting a new idea
- ∨  learning
  - >  being open minded and innovative
  - >  change perspective on the environment
  - >  communicating with large audience
    - learn a small innovation process
    - learn how product development works and elements o...
  - >  learn the scientific and technical of accelerators
    - learn to see bigger picture
  - >  learn to work and communicate with others
    - working beyond comfort zone
- ∨  overcome uncertainty and pressure
  - >  deal with uncertainty
  - >  dealing with time pressure
    - feeling satisfied with the completion
    - feeling stress anf pressure
    - intense but insight experience
    - stress before the presentation
  - >  tireness of deadline
- ∨  working in multidisciplinary team
  - take time to recharge then make decisions
  - take time to rest and recharge team energy
  - talk about the problems and resolve conflict
  - team bonding
  - team moments of cheering one another
  - >  team strategy
  - >  the work get stuck then team conflict

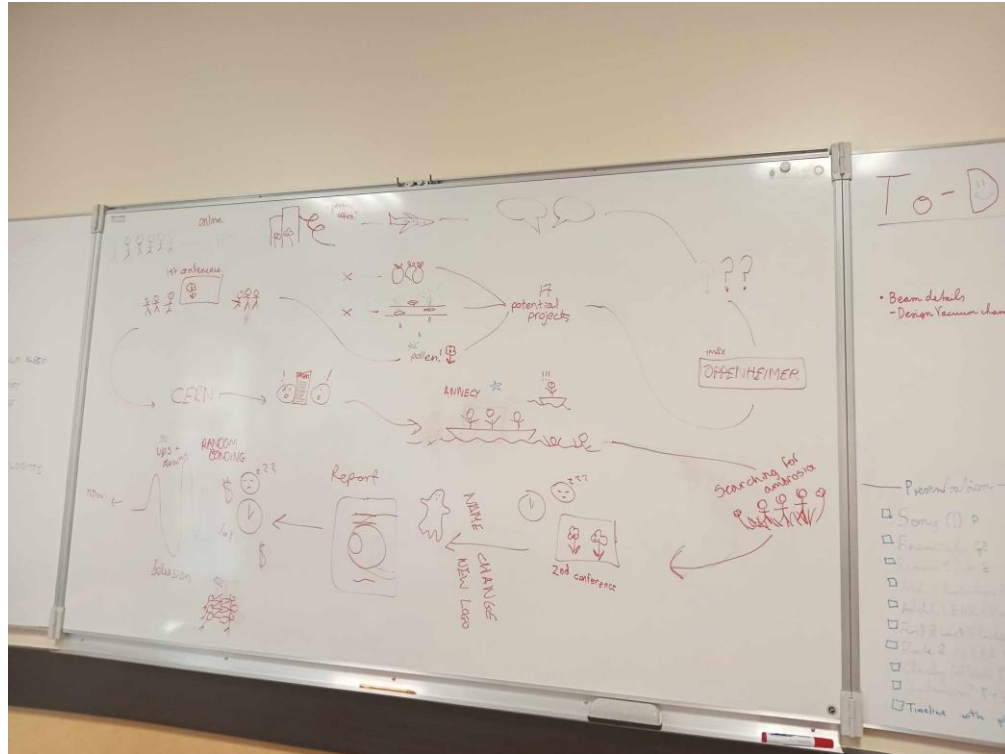
- >  ideation
- >  learning
- >  overcome uncertainty and pressure
- >  working in multidisciplinary team

# 6- Findings

- **6.1 - How do student teams learn to develop innovative ideas?**
- **6.2- What are their learning outcomes?**

# 6.1 - Team description of their learning process

Can you describe your team process and specify the important learning events during the process?



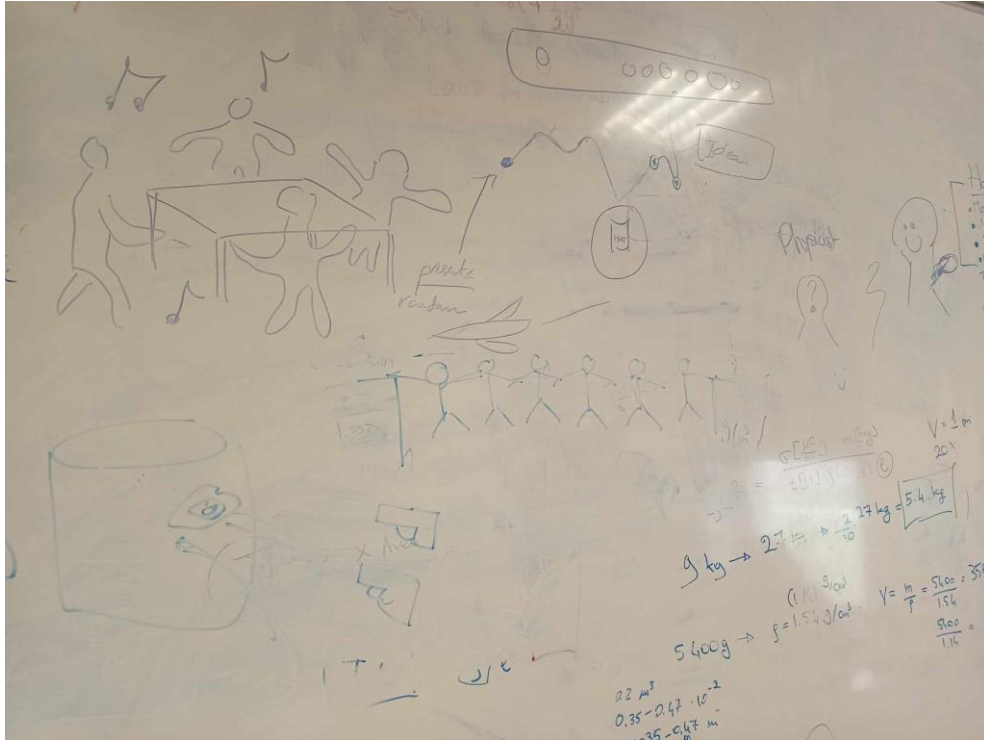
*“I think this was part of the ups and downs. When we were all just mentally empty like we didn't have any brain juice left, But we motivate each other and we were all on the same wavelength on the report”*

Team 4

Starting with applications of accelerators-> -> inspired by the use of sterilization using photon beams and energies -> thinking about pollen sterilization -> use external experts for advice -> narrowing from 16 different ideas-> three ideas-> find a company that looks different approach-> feeling demotivated by this but still pursuit the idea after encouragement from study advisor



## 6.2 - Team description of their learning process

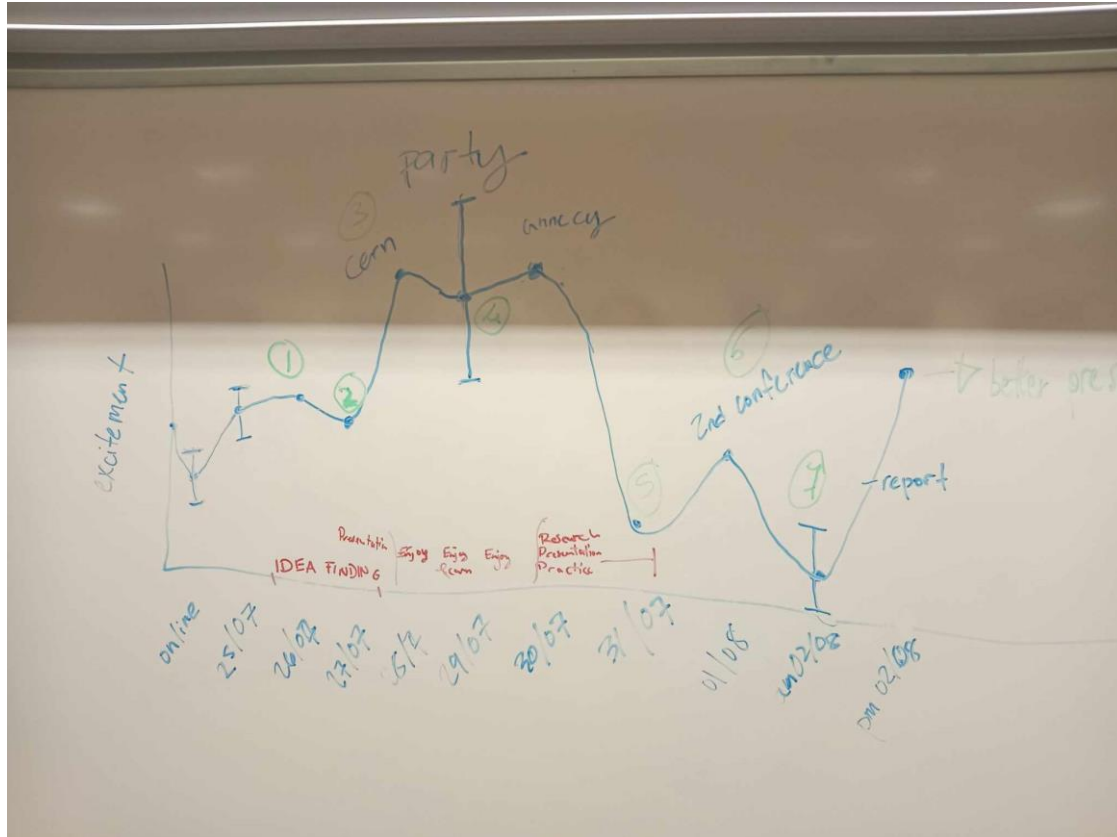


*“It was super nice with the dancing after dealing with the pressure because of the first conference”*

*“We had a hot chocolate all together and sometimes we felt it was okay to take a break”*

Thinking of separating plastic material -> link to fast fashion industry -> want to address a critical problem in everyday lives -> instead of recycling, focus on segregating -> voting + lectures support the decision-making process -> choose based on the novelty of idea -> some members want to change the directions -> trying to stay in the course of the idea and keeping each other motivated -> working for final report

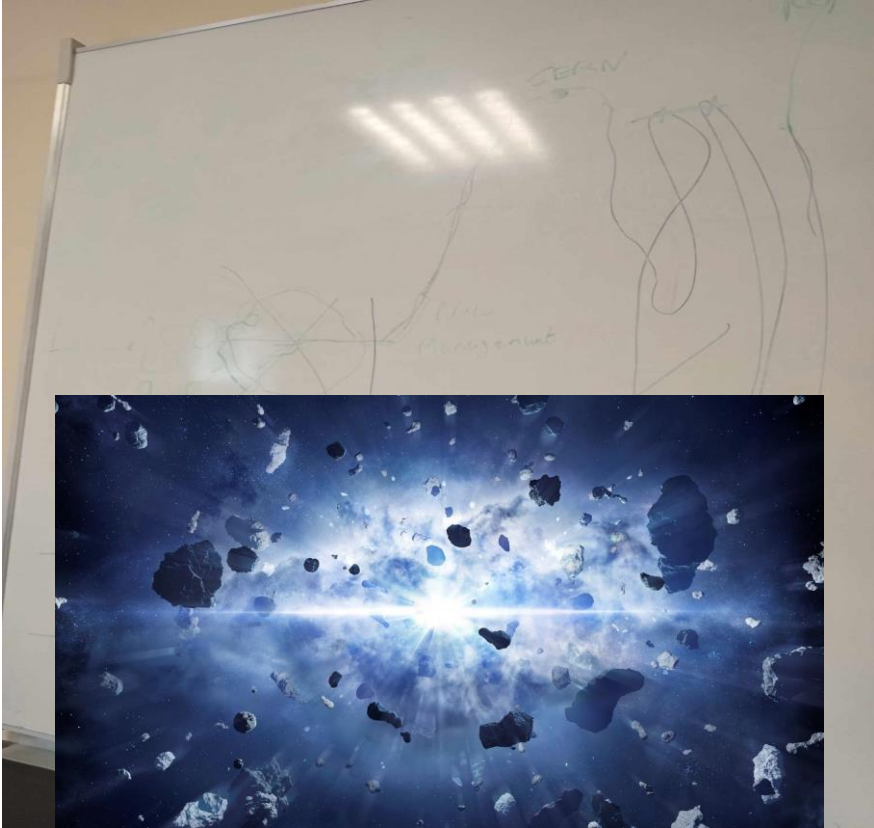
## 6.3 - Team description of their learning process



*“We were a bit discouraged by the data that is not supportive of our idea and when somebody already did this, then we voted and it was pretty obvious, also this lecture of microplastics”*

Team 2      Research papers -> Investigating different environmental problems -> Brainstorming from five different ideas -> Voting and making decisions on the lecture on microplastics -> Not very sure and confident about the ideas -> Move further with the feasibility of idea

## 6.4 -Team description of their learning process



*“Kind of before the kind of clash happened or when the clash happened, it was like we were kind of dragging it a little bit. So we were not really working as a team, and so we didn't know what would come, at least I. And then somehow we tried to communicate with each other and it gets better after that”*

Brainstorming -> choose among three projects on the board-> idea from PhD project with ion implantation in nuclear steel -> time pressure to choose one idea -> conflict -> resume communication

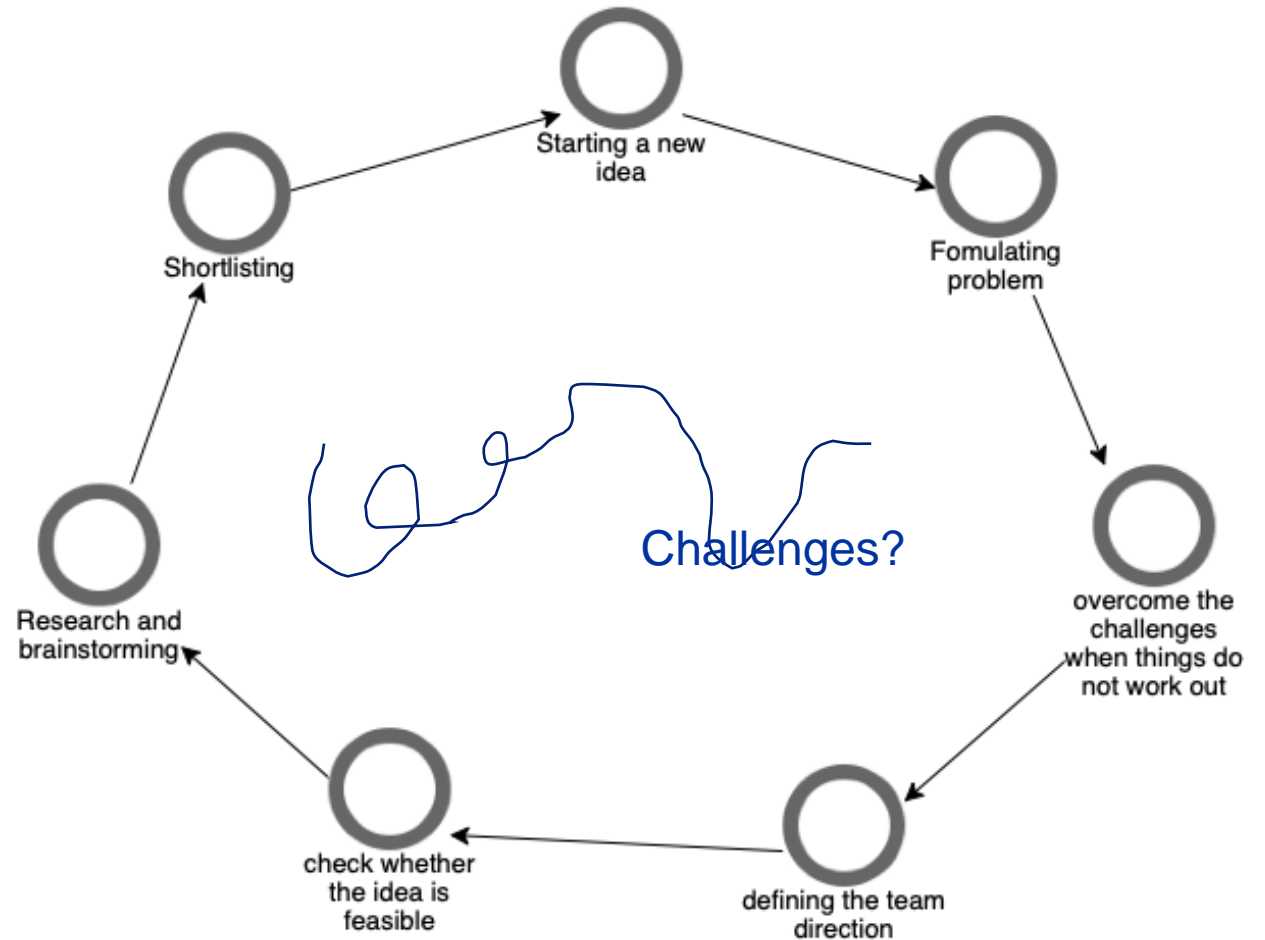
# 7 - Learning process

1

Taking a break from the group work helps facilitate the dynamics and bonding among the team members; having more creative ideas

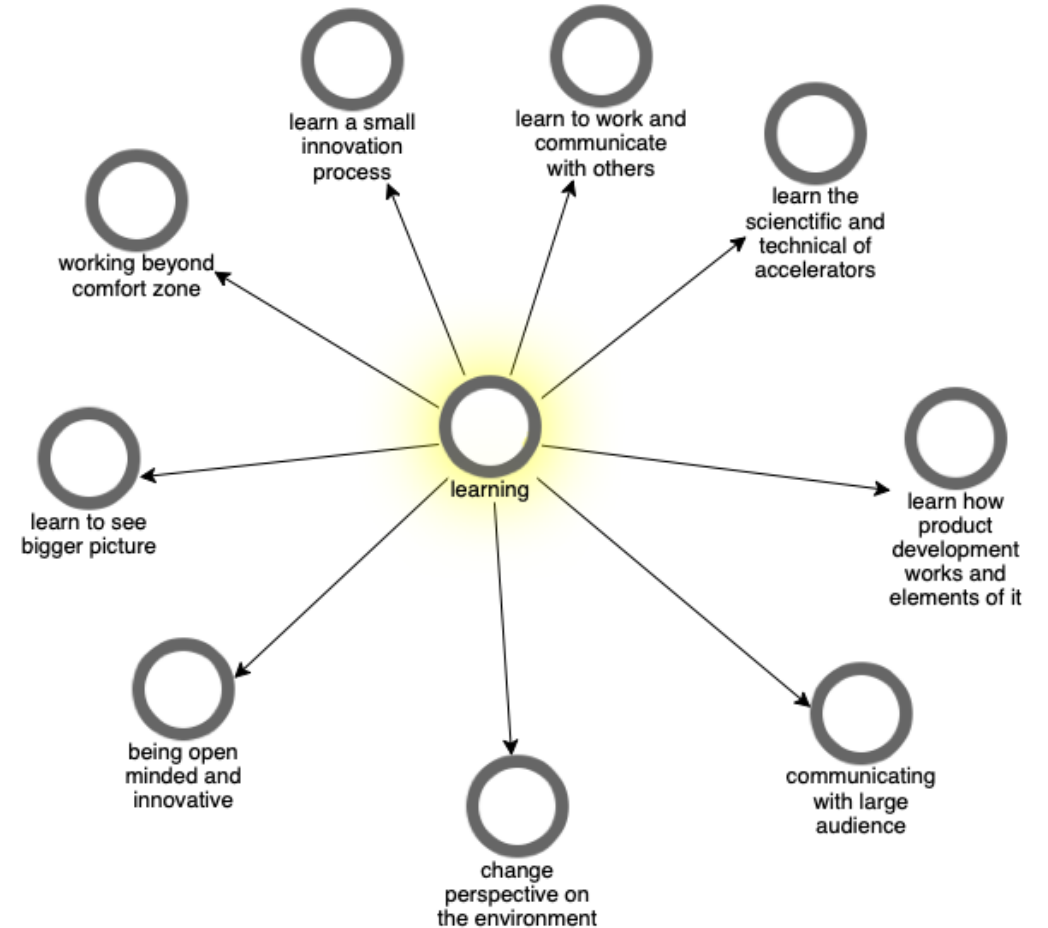
2

The pressure due to uncertainty help the team to stay focused and consistent on their goals and ideas



# 8- Learning outcomes

- *I learned so much about accelerators.*
- *There's necessary knowledge involved in different aspects of how to build a product. That's which is one of the important parts and also how to sell the product, how to market the product and the economics of the.*
- *I learned about sustainability and so yes, I learned how to open my mind. I learned how to I've grown also personally*
- *I think a bit of an impact on me as well as an individual. I think next time I buy clothes I will look into all the materials*
- *it's good to be around a multidisciplinary team because in my everyday life I go to my office with my research group. We're all nuclear chemists – that is all we talk about*



# 9- Conclusion

- The ability to be innovative during the learning process among student teams relies on the “time break” from work and the perseverance in dealing with high pressure throughout study.
- Educators should facilitate a balance of two elements in the engineering education program.
- Encouragement of students in learning about sustainability challenges has an impact on their awareness on sustainable issues while integration with business cases in the lecture

# 10-Implications

- This study has an implication for the understanding of innovative thinking among multidisciplinary teams in an innovation process.
- It has implications for the design of engineering education and integration of sustainability challenges into the study programme

# Thank you and Question?



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