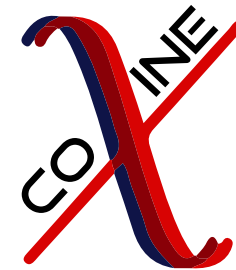


Dark Sector Particle Searches with NaI(Tl) crystals



Hyunsu Lee

Institute for Basic Science
Center for Underground Physics



CAU-PNU BSM Workshop @ Chung-Ang Univ., February 19, 2024

Nal crystals for particle detection

Pro

- High light output
 - ❖ 40,000 photons/MeV
 - ❖ >60,000 photons/MeV?
- Easy to grow
 - ❖ Cheap
 - ❖ Large size
- **The most widely used scintillator**
- Mixture of low and high atomic numbers



The first 32 inch diameter NaI(Tl) crystal. Pictured from left to right are Dr. Swinehart, Ed Jablon, Joe Knaus and Marko Silgoh.




Con


- Huge hygroscopic materials
- Contamination of **natural Potassium**
 - ❖ ~ 3keV X-ray from ^{40}K
- **No good identification of nuclear recoil**

Properties	From Saint-Gobain
Density [g/cm ³]	3.67
Melting point [K]	924
Thermal expansion coefficient [C ⁻¹]	47.4 x 10 ⁻⁶
Cleavage plane	<100>
Hardness (Mho)	2
Hygroscopic	yes
Wavelength of emission max [nm]	415
Refractive index @ emission max.	1.85
Primary decay time [ns]	250
Light yield [photons/keV γ]	38
Temperature coefficient of light yield	-0.3%C ⁻¹

NaI(Tl) for rare event searches : Dark Matter



Physics Letters B
Volume 295, Issues 3–4, 3 December 1992, Pages 330-336



1992

Search for neutralino dark matter with NaI detectors

LNGS

A. Bottino, V. de Alfaro, N. Fornengo, G. Mignola, S. Scopel, Beijing - Roma - Saclay (BRS) Collaboration, C. Bacci ^a, P. Belli ^b, R. Bernabei ^b, Dai Changjiang ^c, Ding Linkai ^c, E. Gaillard ^d, G. Gerbier ^d, Kuang Haohuai ^c, A. Incicchitti ^a, J. Mallet ^d, R. Marcovaldi ^a, L. Mosca ^d ... Xie Yigang ^c

[Show more](#)

PHYSICAL REVIEW C

VOLUME 47, NUMBER 2


1993

RAPID COMMUNICATIONS
FEBRUARY 1993


Application of a large-volume NaI scintillator to search for dark matter

K. Fushimi, H. Ejiri, H. Kinoshita,^{*} N. Kudomi, K. Kume, K. Nagata, H. Ohsumi, K. Okada,[†] H. Sano, and J. Tanaka
Department of Physics, Osaka University, Toyonaka, Osaka 560, Japan
(Received 30 September 1992)

Kamioka



Nuclear Physics B - Proceedings Supplements
Volume 48, Issues 1–3, May 1996, Pages 73-76




1996

A Search for annual and daily modulations of dark matter with NaI scintillators at Canfranc


Canfranc

M.L. Sarsa, A. Morales, J. Morales, E. García, A. Ortiz de Solórzano, J. Puimedón, C. Sáenz, A. Salinas, J.A. Villar



Physics Letters B

Volume 433, Issues 1–2, 6 August 1998, Pages 150-155




1998

Measurement of scintillation efficiencies and pulse-shapes for nuclear recoils in NaI(Tl) and CaF₂(Eu) at low energies for dark matter experiments

Boulby Mine

D.R. Tovey a, V. Kudryavtsev a, M. Lehner a, J.E. McMillan a, C.D. Peak a, J.W. Roberts a, N.J.C. Spooner a, J.D. Lewin b

NaI(Tl) for rare event searches : Dark Matter



Physics Letters B
Volume 295, Issues 3–4, 3 December 1992, Pages 330-336

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Search for neutralino dark matter with NaI detectors

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[Show more](#)

DAMA/LIBRA

PHYSICAL REVIEW C

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PICO-LON



Nuclear Physics B - Proceedings Supplements
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ANAIS



Physics Letters B
Volume 433, Issues 1–2, 6 August 1998, Pages 150-155

1998

Measurement of scintillation efficiencies and pulse-shapes for nuclear recoils in NaI(Tl) and CaF₂(Eu) at low energies for dark matter experiments

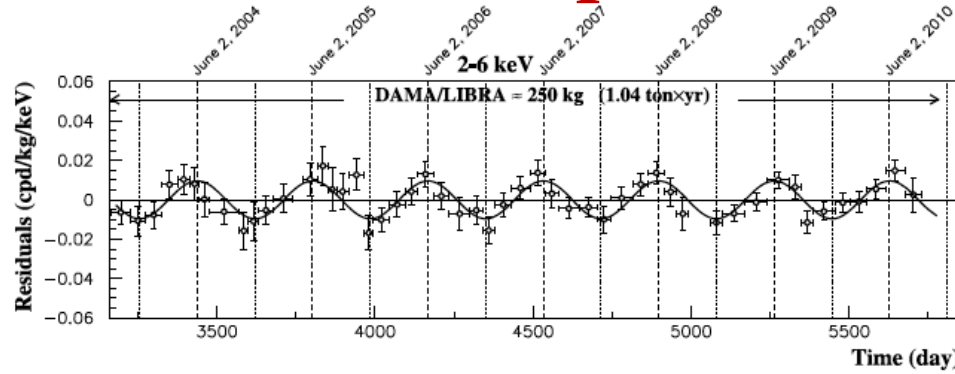
Boulby Mine

D.R. Tovey^a, V. Kudryavtsev^a, M. Lehner^a, J.E. McMillan^a, C.D. Peak^a, J.W. Roberts^a, N.J.C. Spooner^a, J.D. Lewin^b

COSINE

Annual modulation signal from DAMA/LIBRA

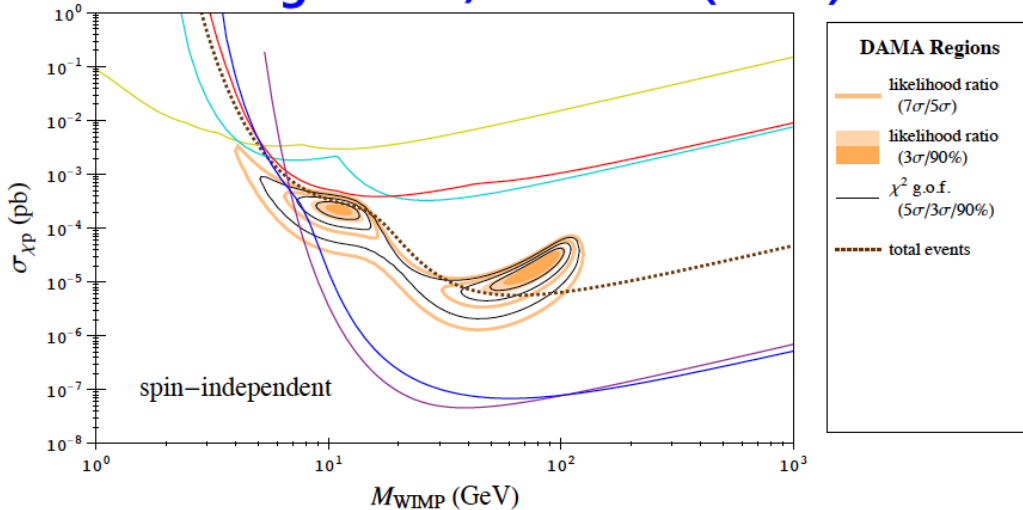
Phase1 experiment



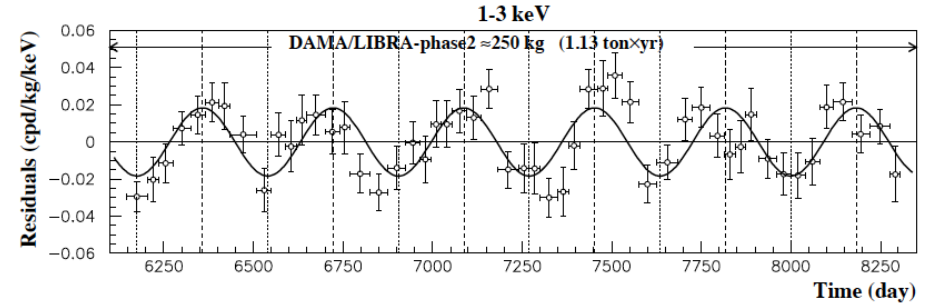
Eur. Phys. J. C 73:2648 (2013)

2keV threshold

C. Savage *et al.*, JCAP 04 (2009) 010

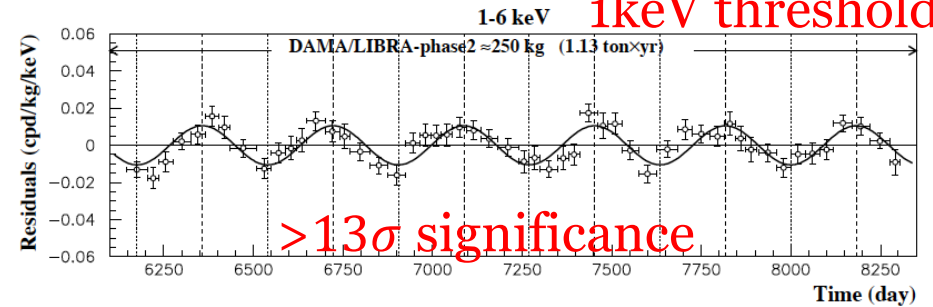


Phase2 experiment



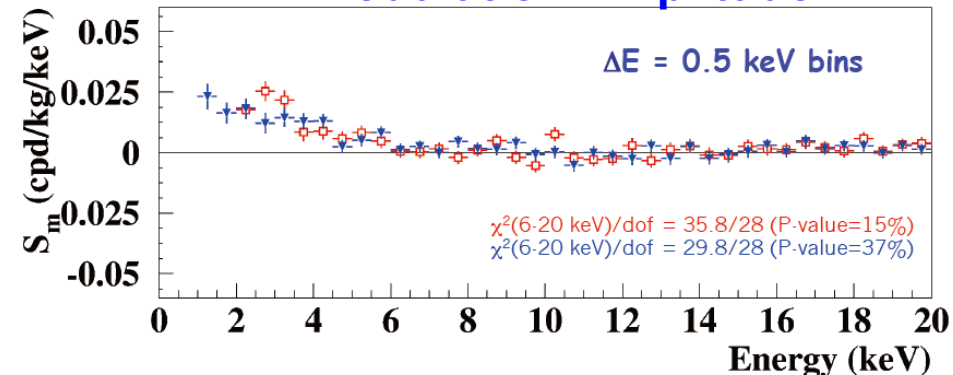
Nucl. Phys. At. Energy 19, 307 (2018)

1keV threshold



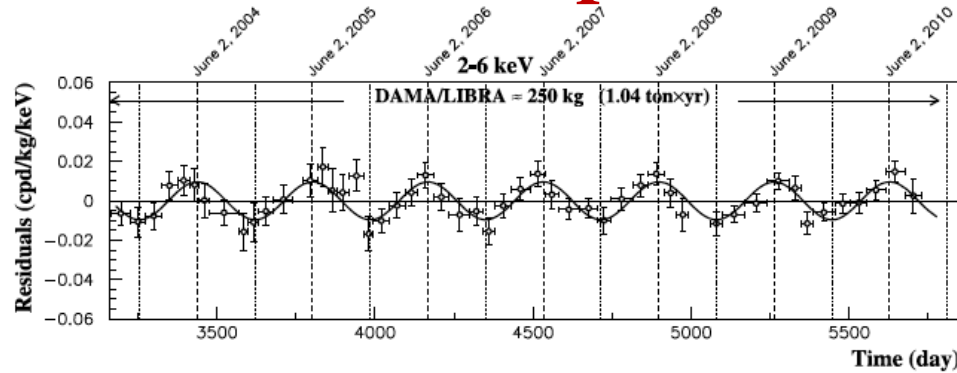
>13 σ significance

Modulation Amplitude



Annual modulation signal from DAMA/LIBRA

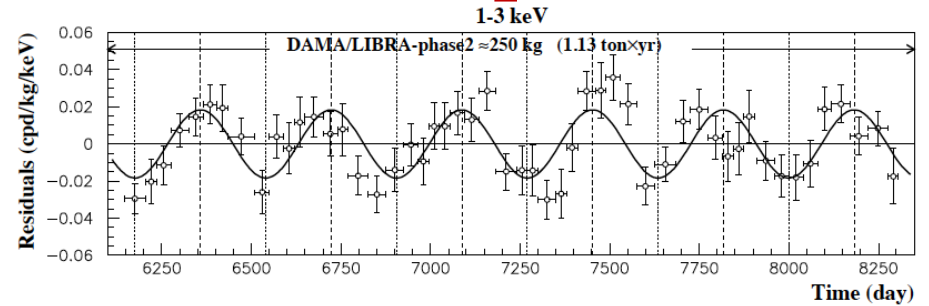
Phase1 experiment



Eur. Phys. J. C 73:2648 (2013)

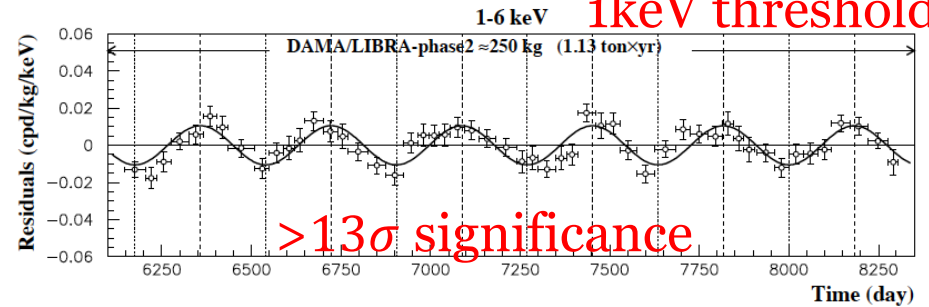
2keV threshold

Phase2 experiment

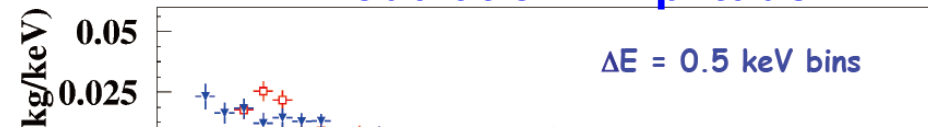


Nucl. Phys. At. Energy 19, 307 (2018)

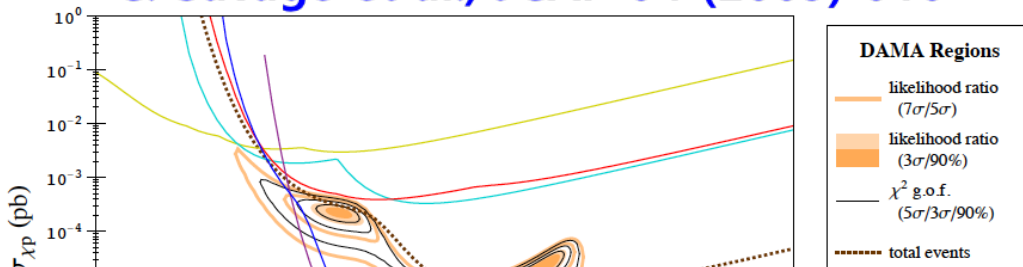
1keV threshold



Modulation Amplitude



C. Savage *et al.*, JCAP 04 (2009) 010



Although proving DAMA/LIBRA is main purpose of NaI(Tl)-based dark matter search experiments, **this talk** will focus on the **general dark sector particle searches** with NaI(Tl) crystals

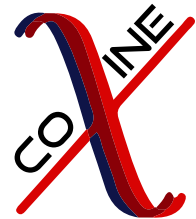
COSINE collaboration



15 institutes
~60 members



+ DM-ICE =



Hyun Su Lee,

Center for Underground Physics (CUP),

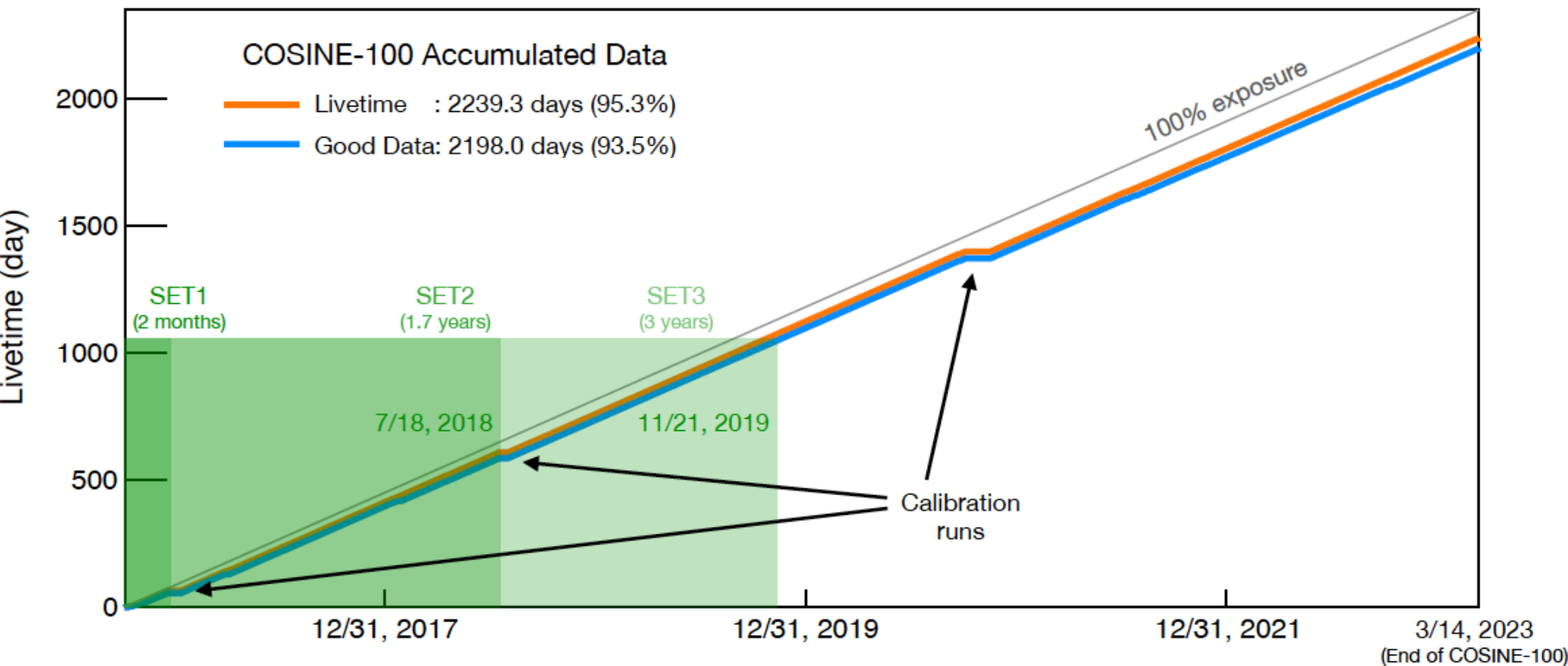
Institute for Basic Science (IBS)

COSINE-100 experiment (2016~2023)



- YangYang underground laboratory (Y2L)
- **Started** physics operation since **September/2016**
- **Ended** physics run **March/2023**
- Decommissioning for upgrade and moving to **Yemilab**
 - ❖ **Plan to restart COSINE-100 upgrade by early 2024** at Yemilab

COSINE-100 data exposure

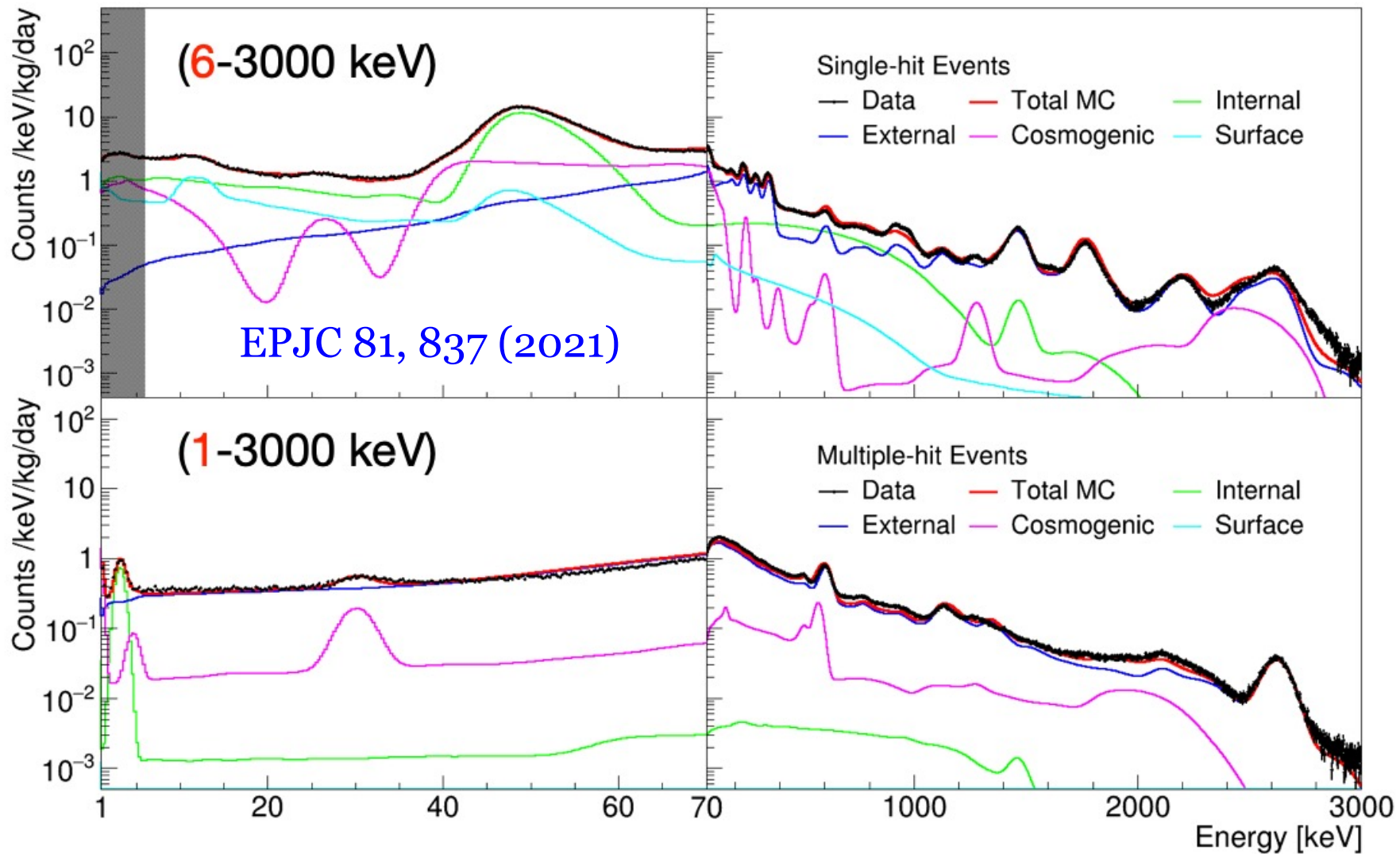


- **Stable operation Since Sep. 2016 for about 6.4 years**
 - ~95 % physics data
 - ~94 % good quality data (6.0 years data)

Detector background understanding

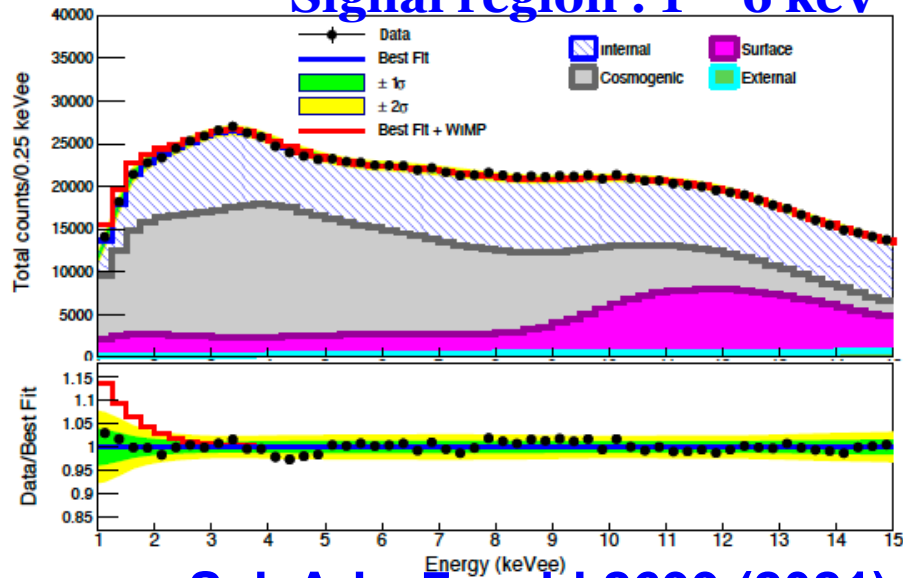
Background modeling

1.7 years data

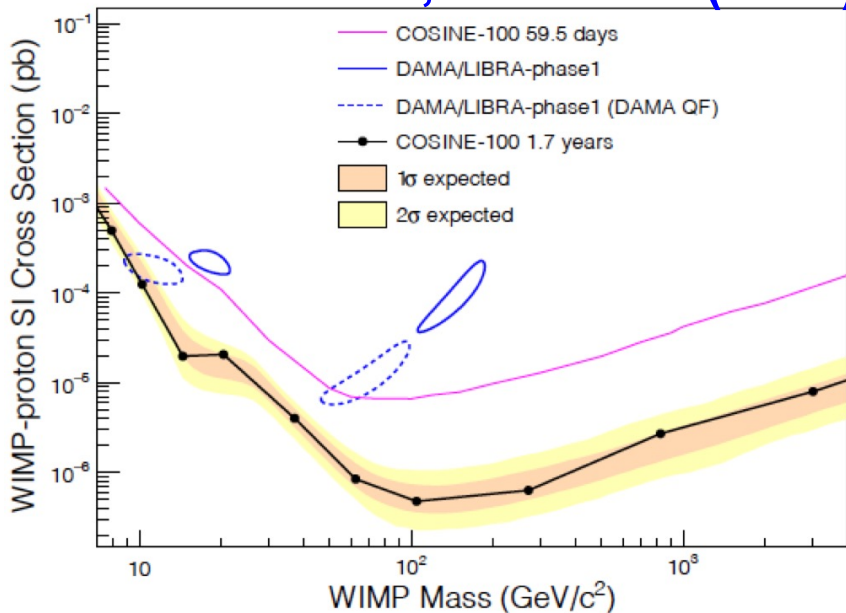


Dark matter search with spectral shape fit

Signal region : 1 – 6 keV

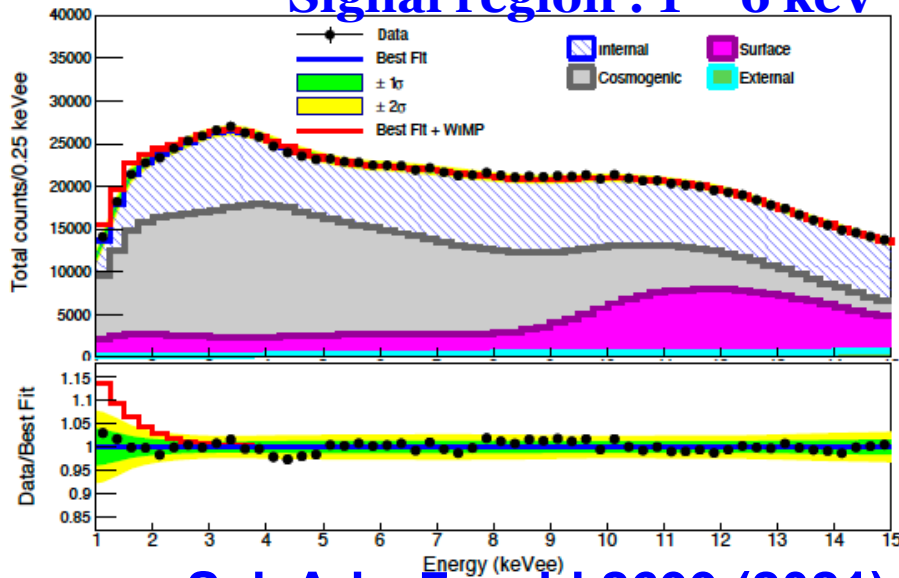


Sci. Adv. 7, eabk2699 (2021)

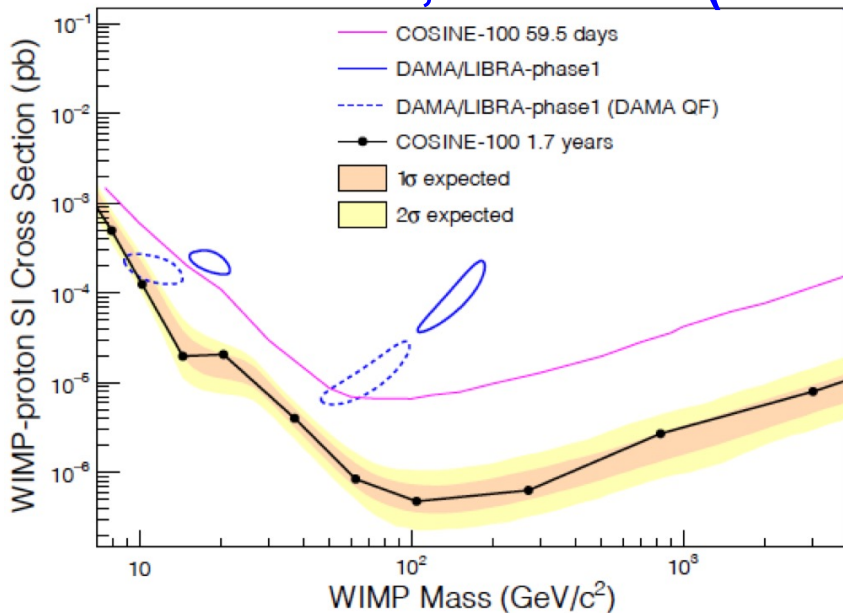


Dark matter search with spectral shape fit

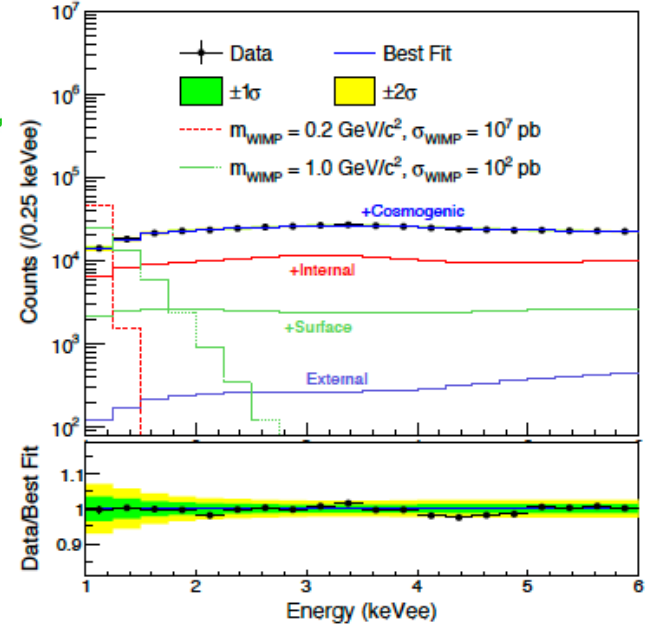
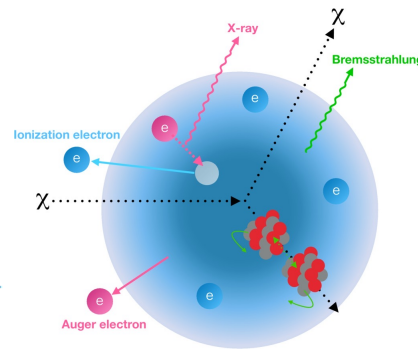
Signal region : 1 – 6 keV



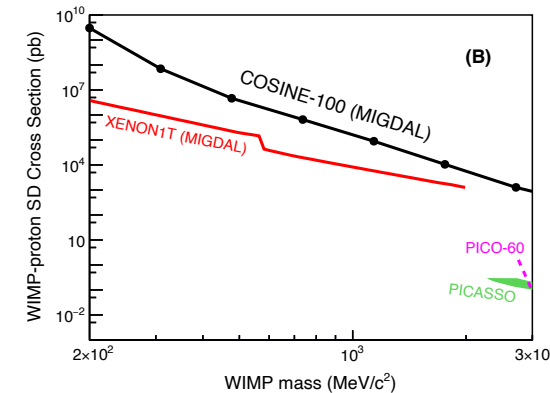
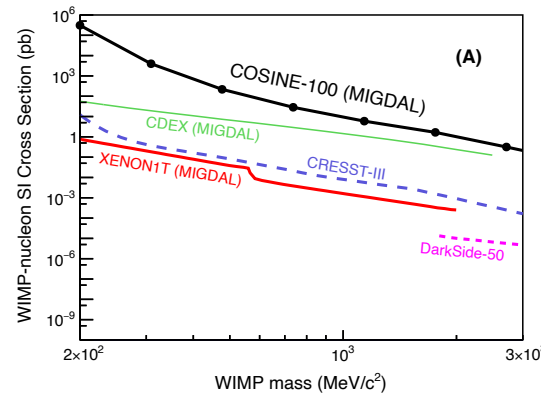
Sci. Adv. 7, eabk2699 (2021)



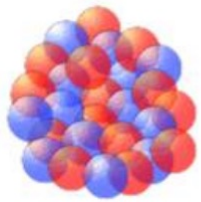
Migdal effect



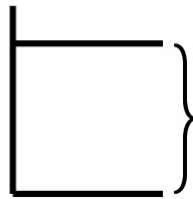
PRD 105, 042006 (2022)



WIMP- ^{127}I inelastic interaction

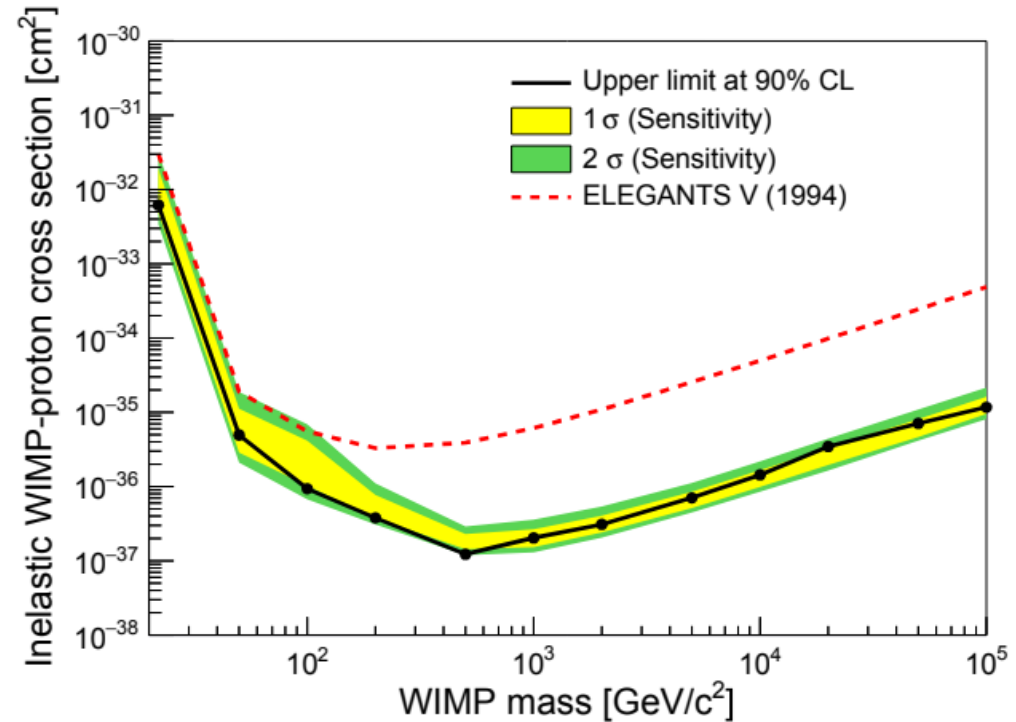
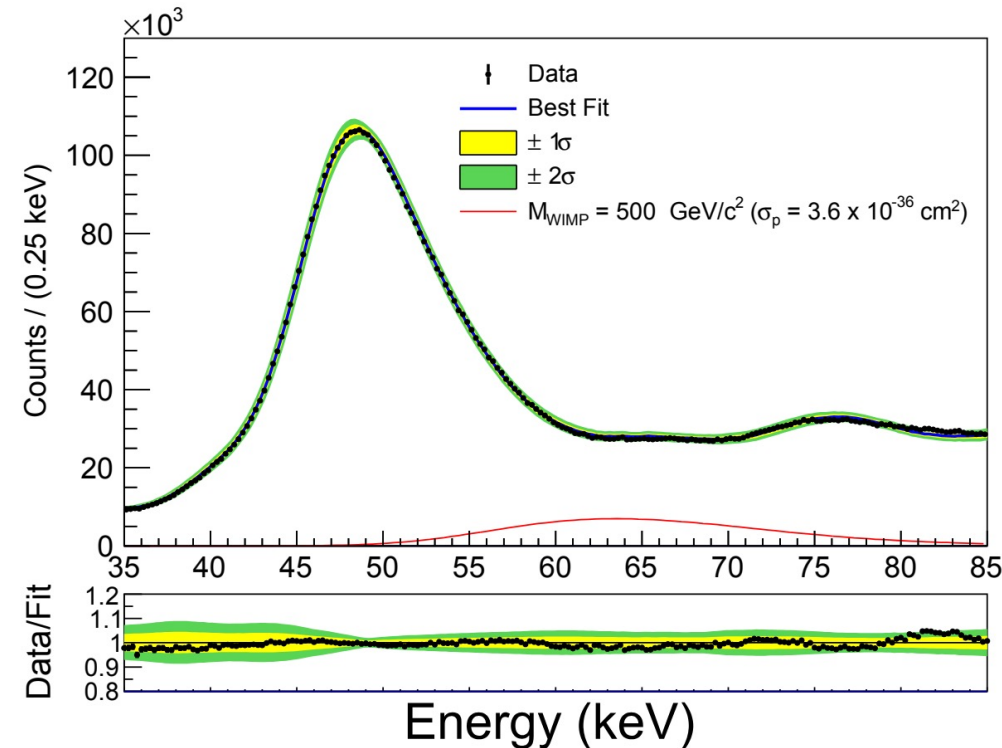


^{127}I



57.6 keV

- Signal : 57.6 keV gamma + nuclear recoil
- 1.7 years data
- Search for energy 35 keV – 85 keV

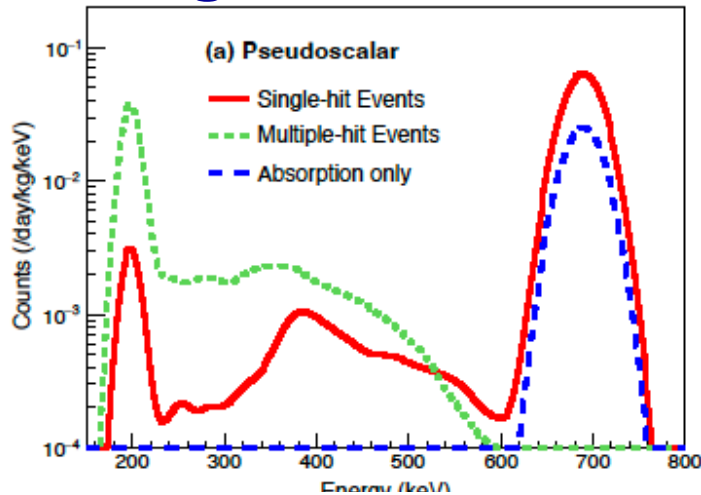


Phys. Rev. D 108, 092006 (2023)

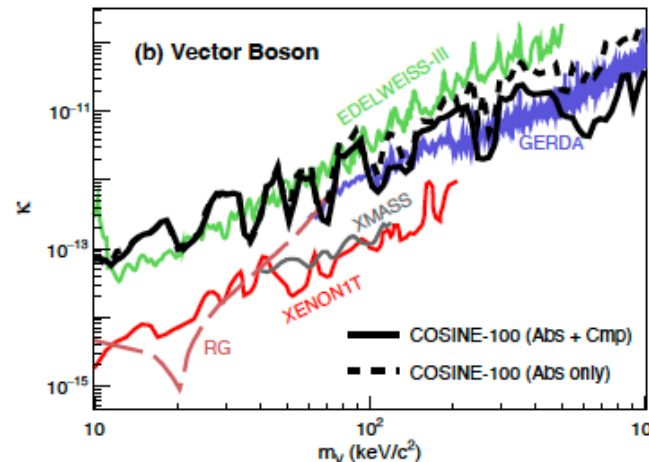
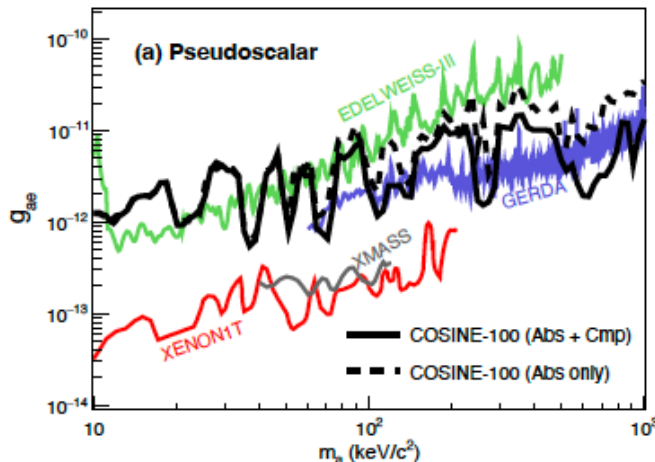
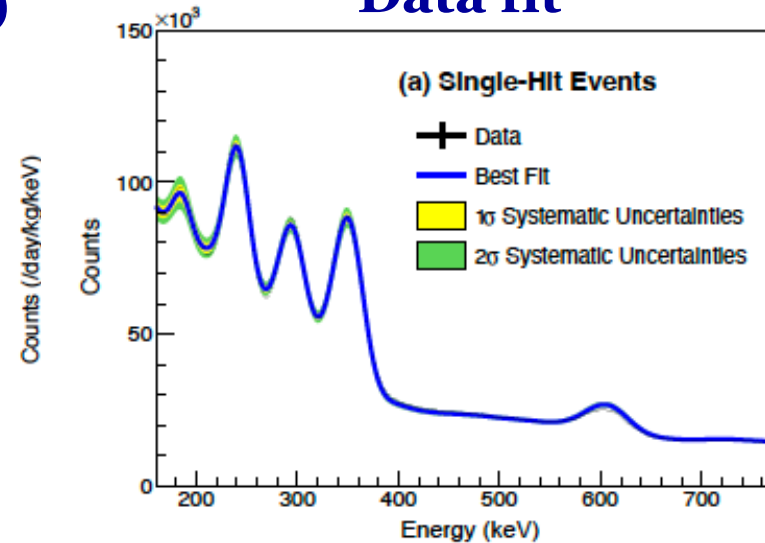
Bosonic super-WIMP (BSW)

- Bosonic dark matter with mass $10 \text{ keV} - 1 \text{ MeV}$

Expected Signal (690 keV BSW)

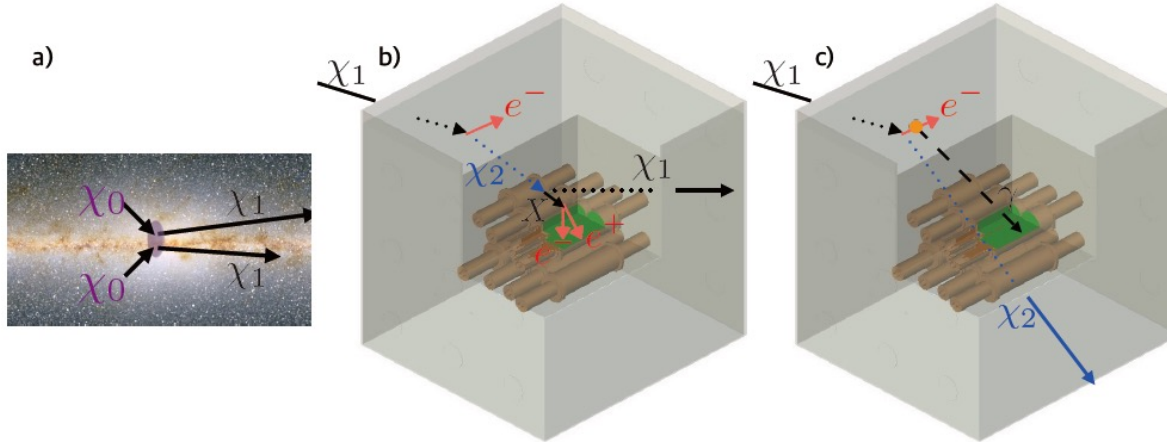


Data fit

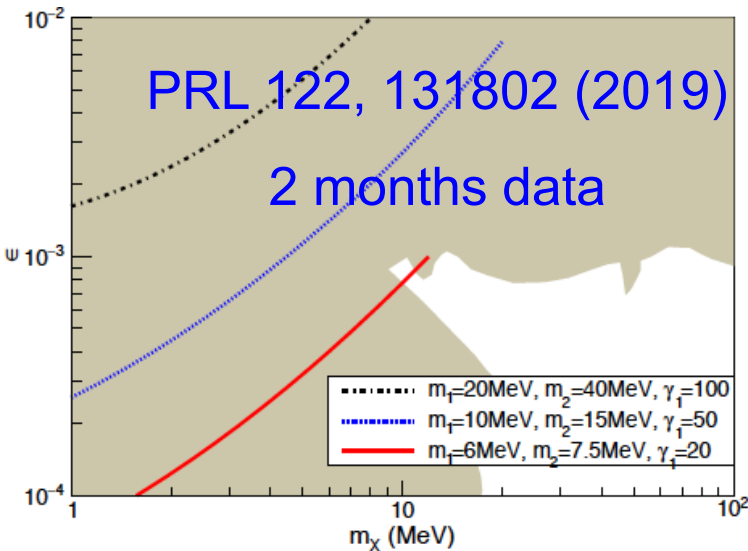


Phys. Rev. D 108,L041301 (2023)

Boosted dark matter with extended energy (~ 10 MeV)

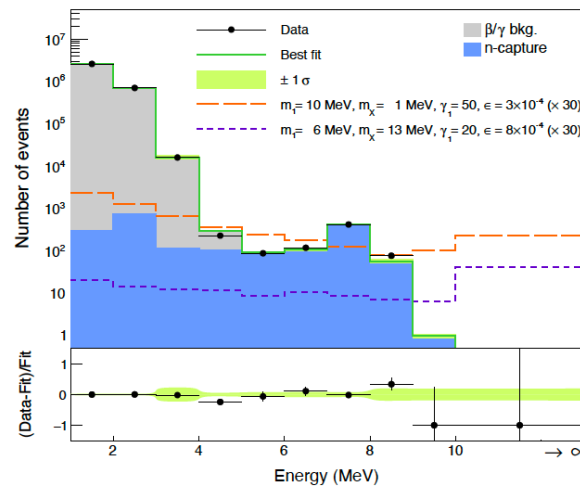


Inelastic interaction

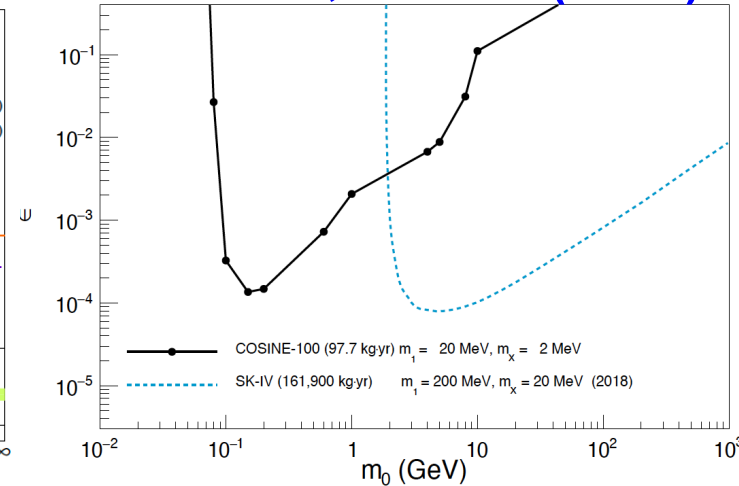


Elastic interaction

1.7 years data



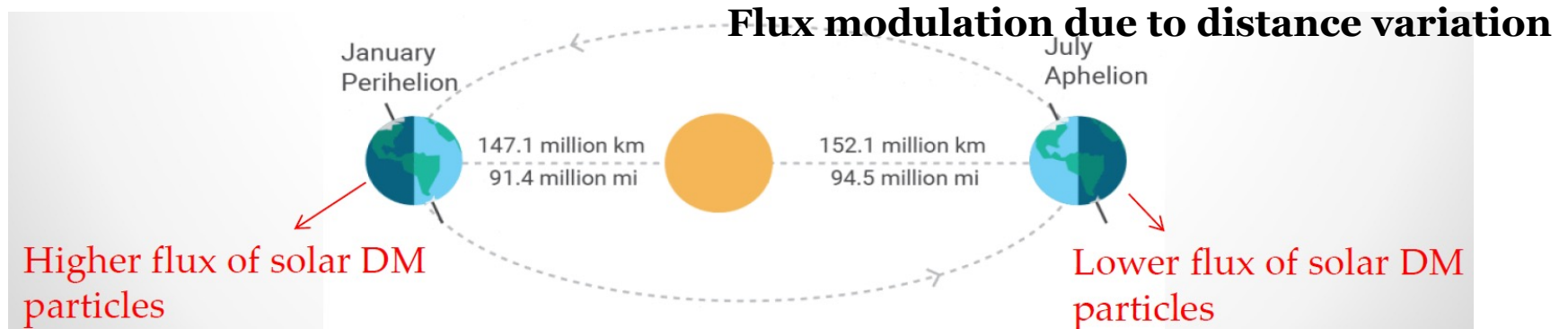
PRL 131, 201802 (2023)



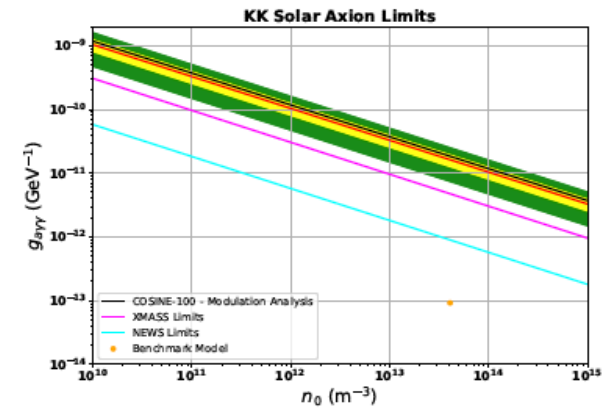
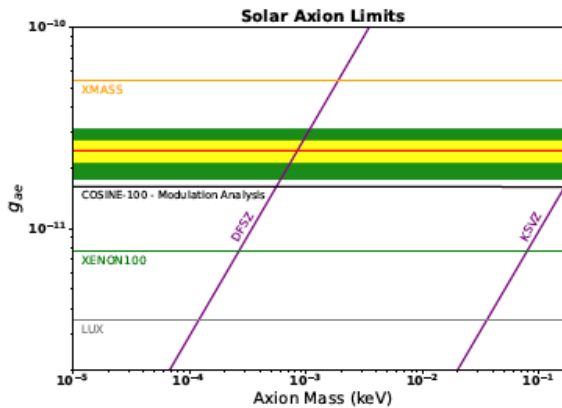
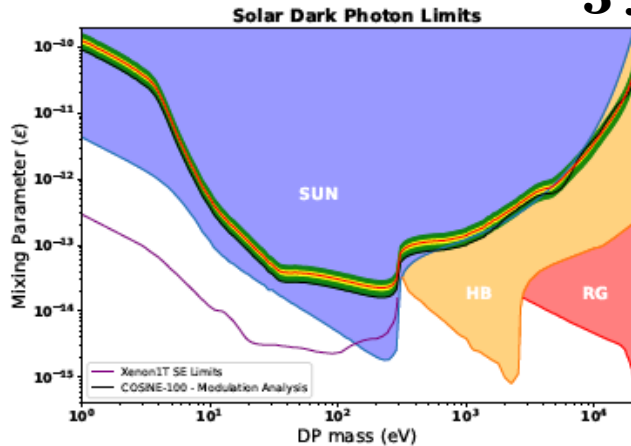
- Search for energy 1 MeV – 10 MeV

Solar bosonic dark matter annual modulation

- Sun is the strong source of gamma
 - ❖ Conversion to dark sector bosonic particle is possible



3 years data for the modulation search

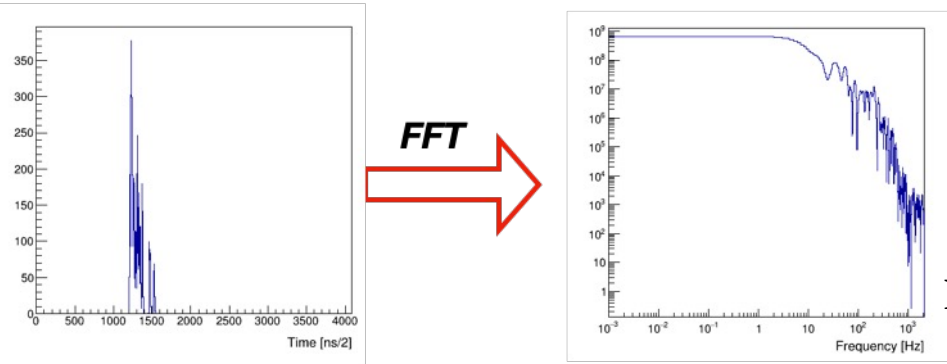


Phys. Rev. D 107, 122004 (2023)

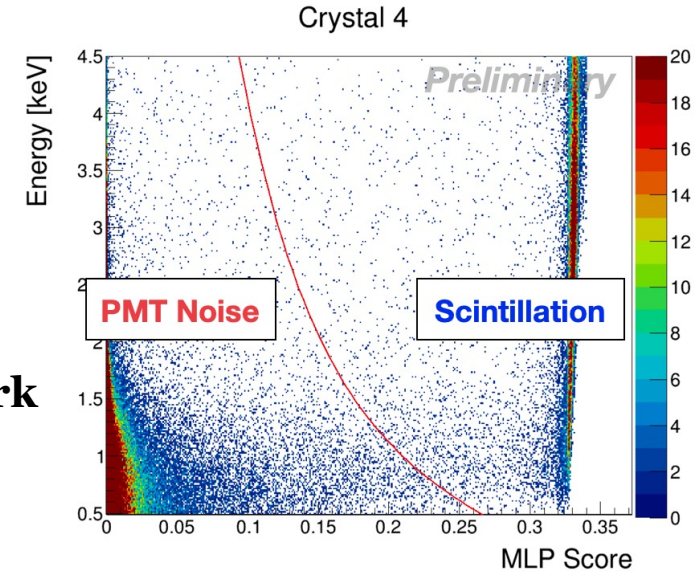
Ongoing works : Event selection update

- Multivariable machine learning training

New parameter development example

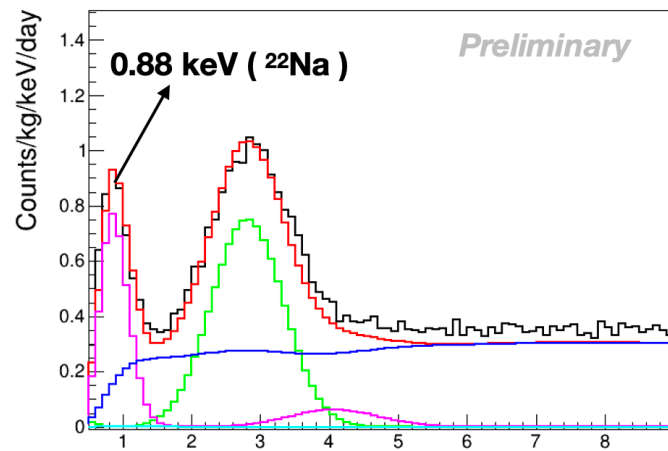
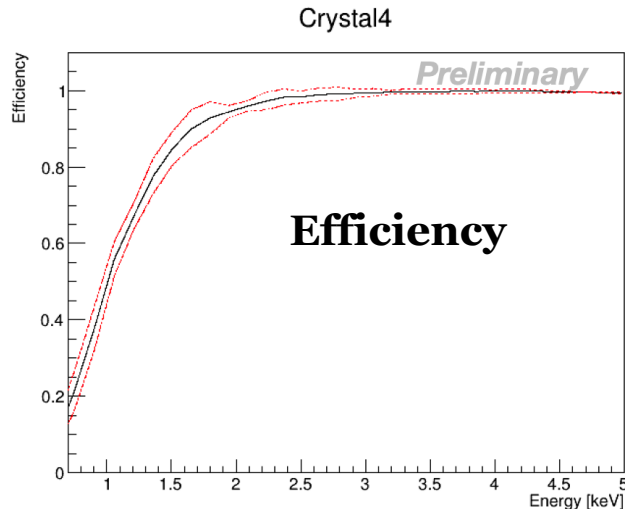


Neutral network training



Waveform example of COSINE-100 data

Fourier transformed waveform



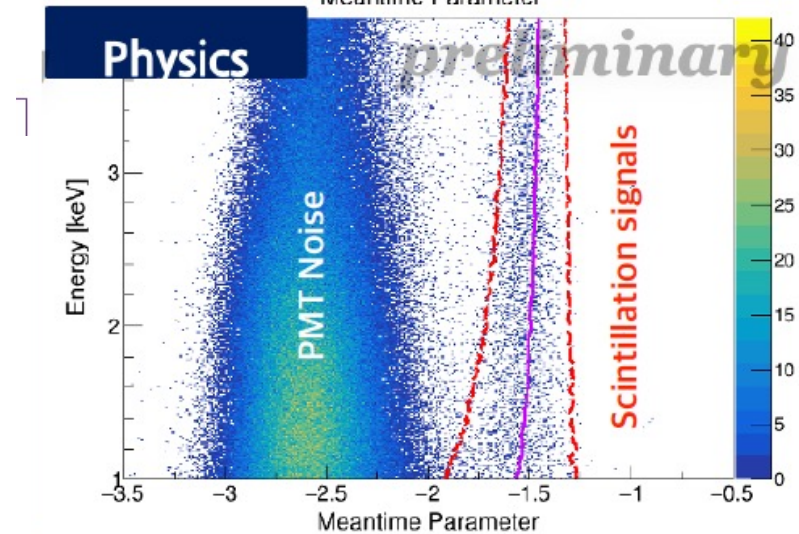
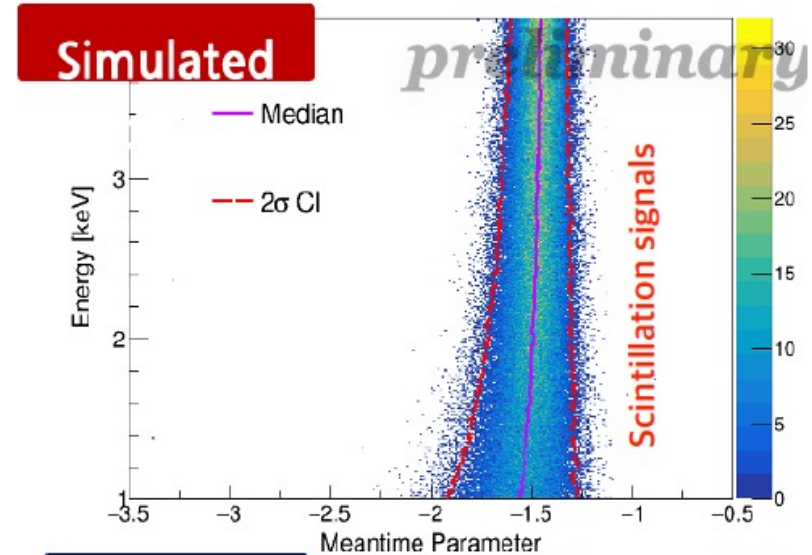
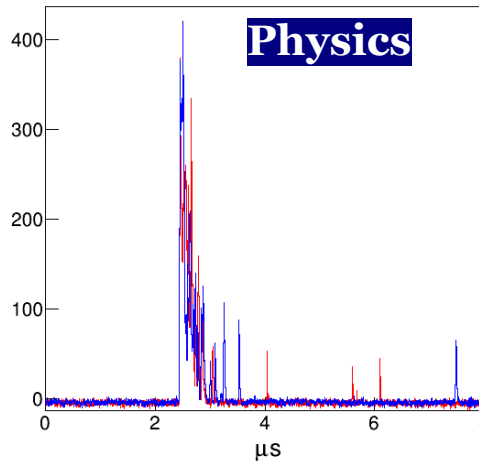
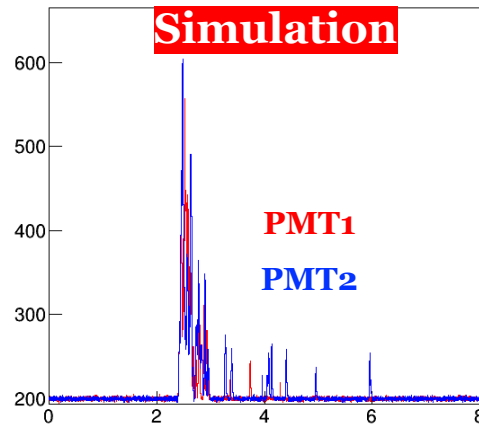
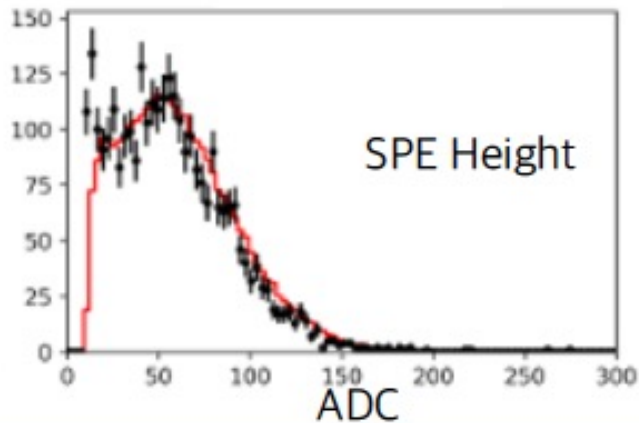
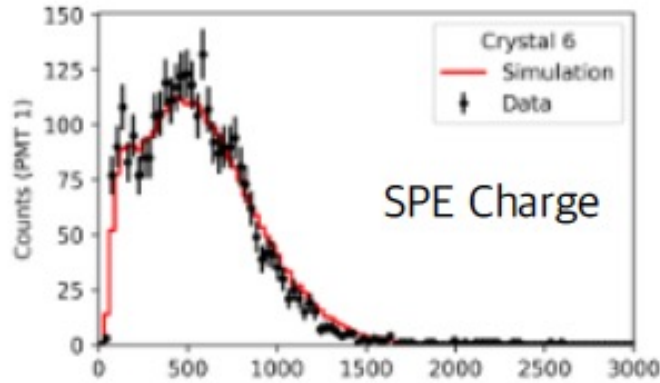
8 NPE threshold

NPE (number of photoelectrons)

~ 15 NPE/keV light yield @ 59.54 keV

Ongoing works : Waveform simulation

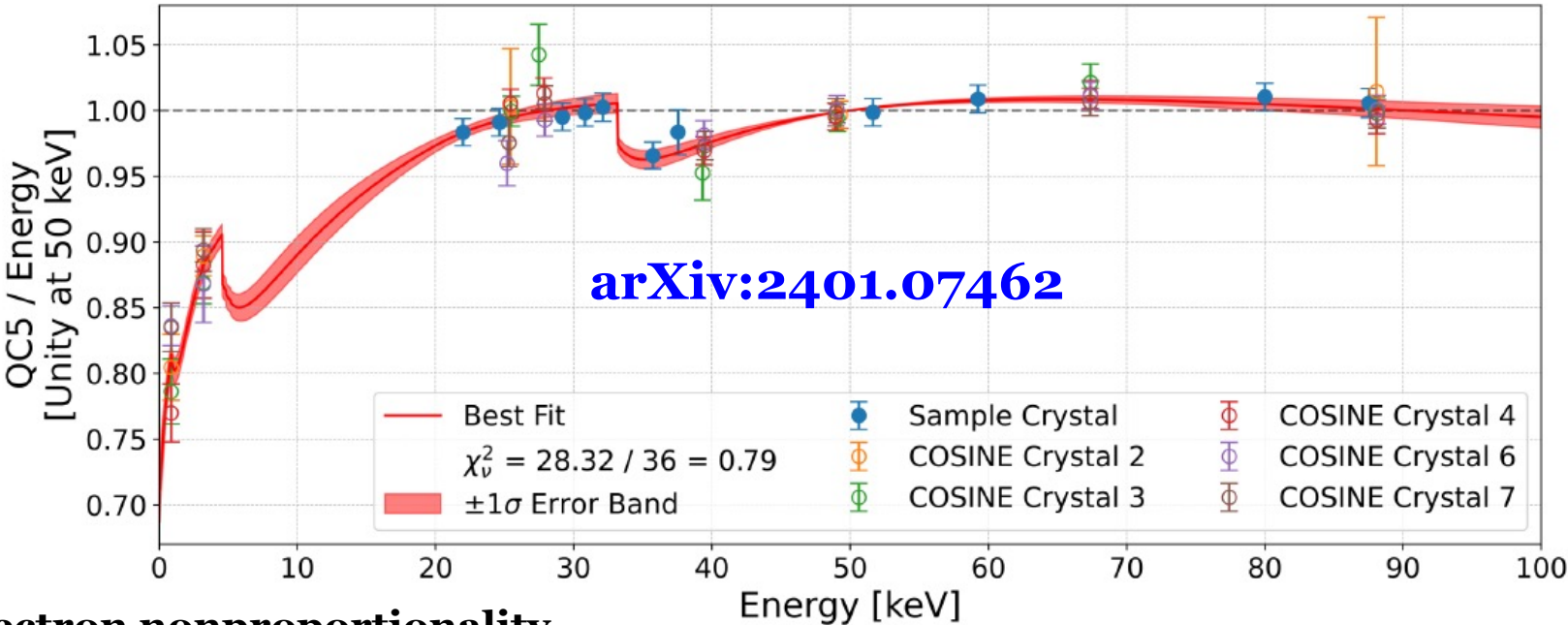
Single photoelectron tuning



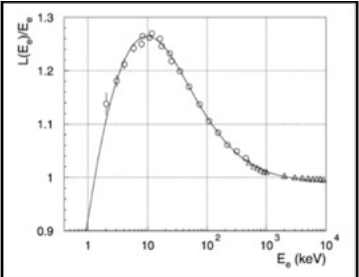
- **Waveform simulation** is developed to **describe** low-energy events (**sub-keV**)
- Simulation describe the data reasonably well
- Currently, the waveform simulation cross checked **the trigger/selection efficiencies**
- The waveform simulation will be used as **signal sample of the multivariable analysis**

Ongoing works : Nonproportionality of NaI(Tl) crystals

- Internal background of COSINE-100 + external sources
Nonproportionality of gamma & x-rays



Electron nonproportionality

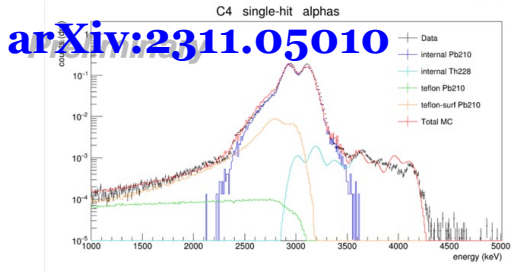


Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section A, 430, 2–3, (1999)

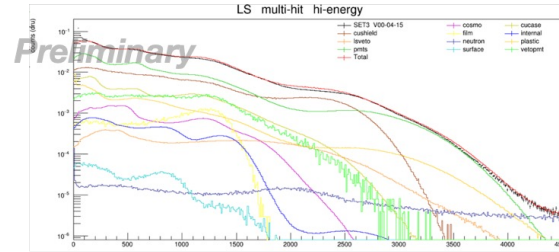
- **Gamma & x-rays calibration** updated
- Electron can have different nonproportionality in low energy
- High energy nonproportionality

Ongoing works : Background modeling update

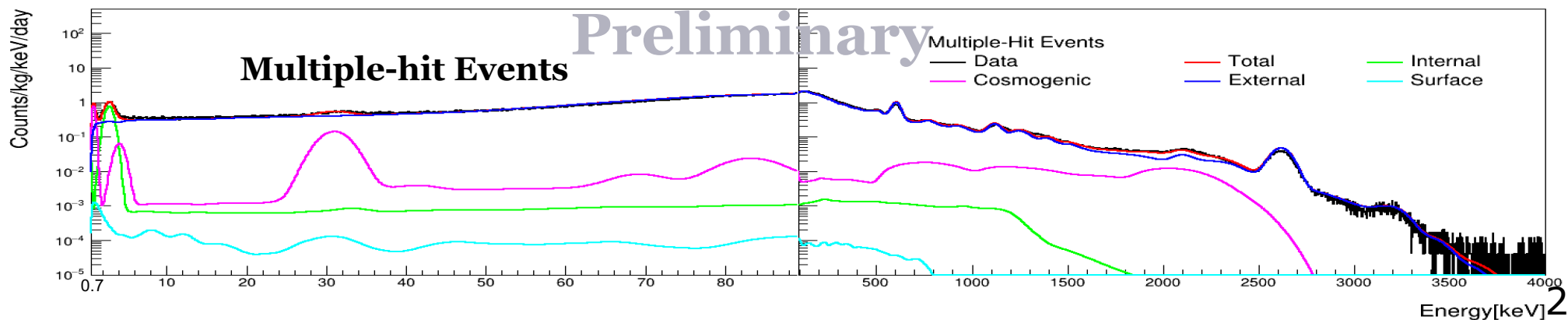
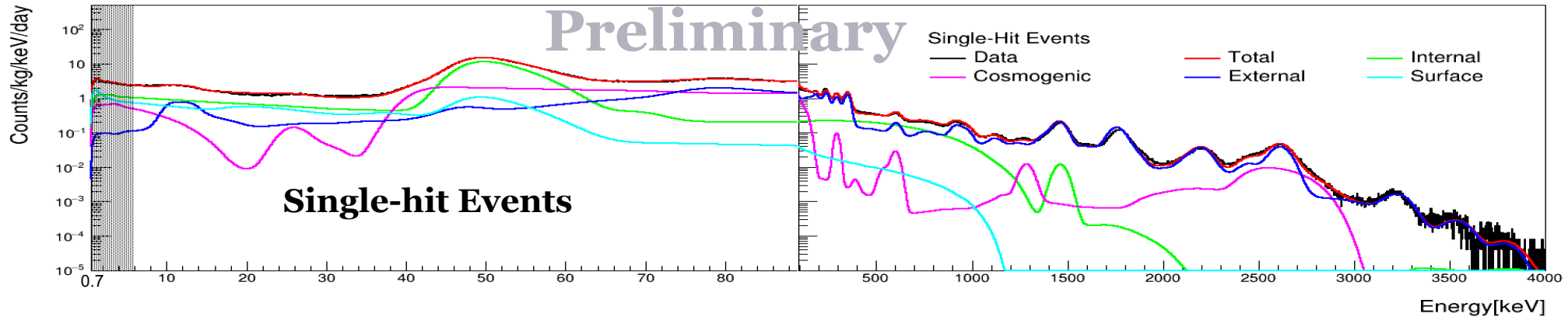
Alpha spectrum modeling



LS spectrum modeling



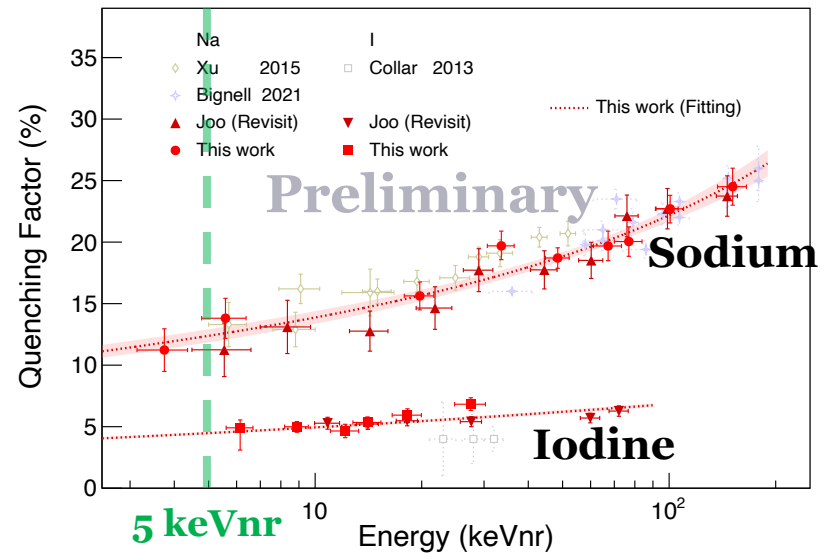
- **Detector calibration** (nonproportionality)
- Better understanding of internal (alpha) & external (LS) backgrounds
- **Extended energy** modeling between **0.7 – 4000 keVee** (considering nonproportionality)



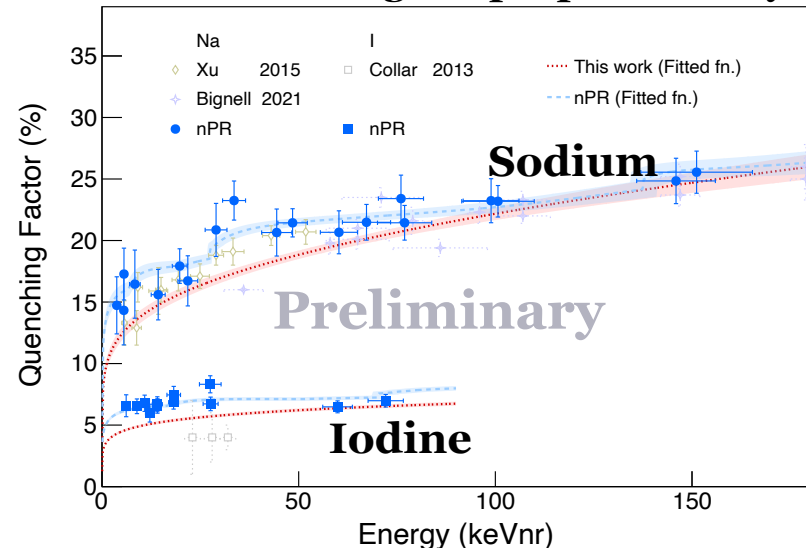
Ongoing works : Calibration of the nuclear recoils

- Update previous measurement with improved understanding of incident neutron energy and low-energy event selection
 - ❖ Consistent with other group's measurements
- New measurement including the **lowest energy point (3.8 keVnr)**
 - ❖ Modified Lindhard model describe the measured data well
- **Complete feature** including detector's **nonproportionality**

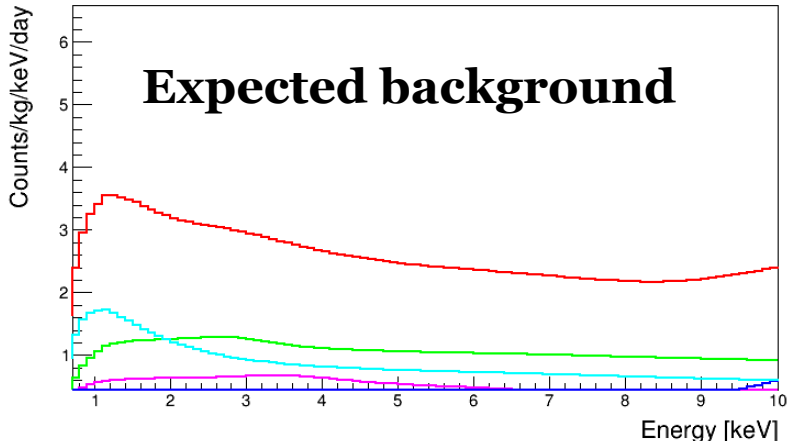
Linear calibration with 59.54 keV



Considering nonproportionality



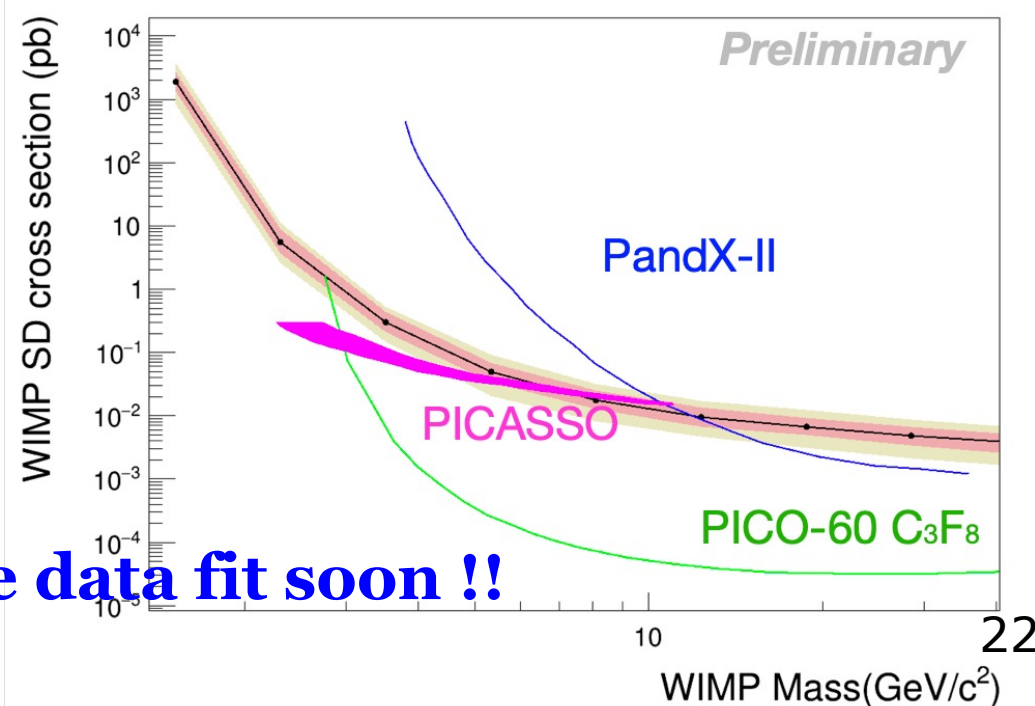
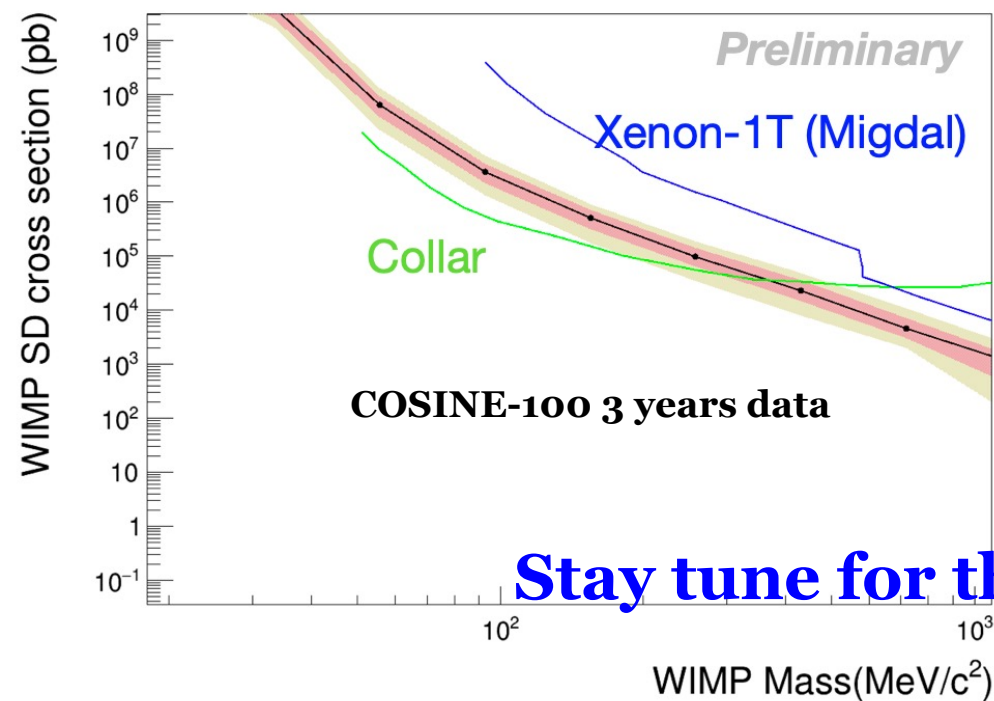
Ongoing works : Dark matter sensitivities



- With reduced energy threshold about 0.7 keV, we can do the **world best search** for the **low-mass** dark matter in the **spin-dependent WIMP-proton** interaction

W/ Migdal Effect (No systematics)

W/O Migdal Effect (No systematics)

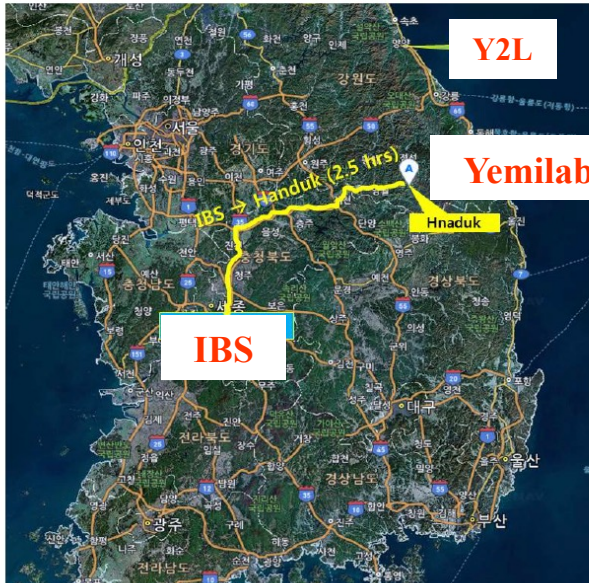


Stay tune for the data fit soon !!

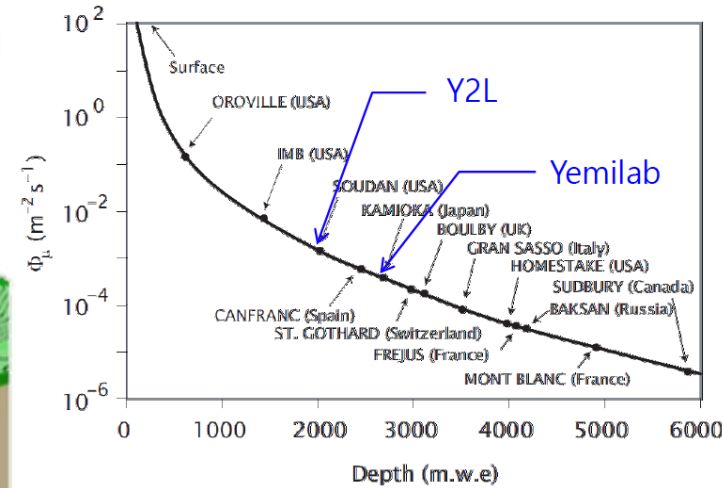
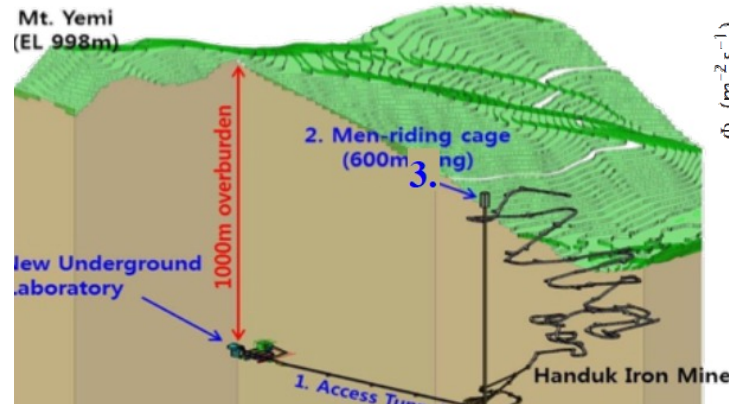
Yemilab for new discoveries

- **New underground laboratory** in Korea is one of the most **important milestone** of the **CUP/IBS** – 10 years journey

Handeok iron mine, Jeongseon, Gangwon, Korea

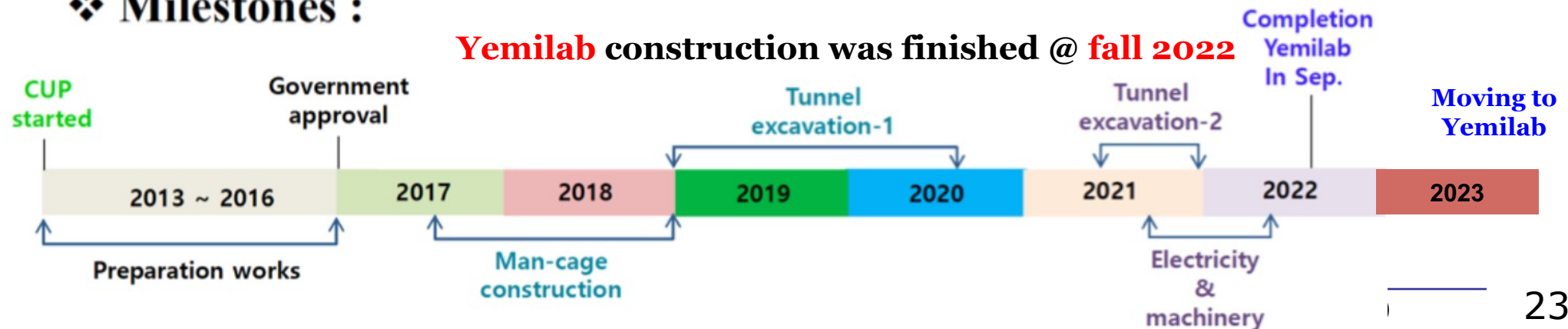


- **1000 meter underground.**
- **Construction cost ~30 M\$**
- **2018-2022**



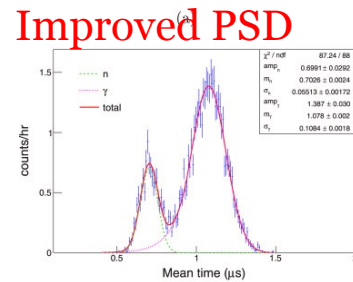
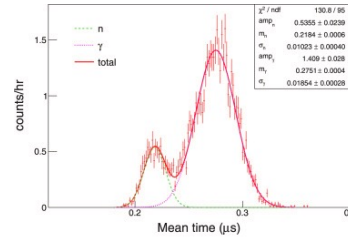
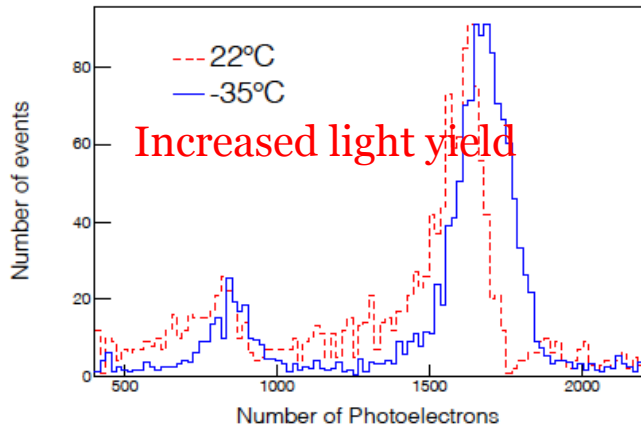
❖ Milestones :

Yemilab construction was finished @ **fall 2022**



COSINE-100U @ Yemilab

-35°C operation



Improved PSD

(b)

Astropart. Phys. 141, 102709 (2022)

- 5% gamma light yield increase
- 10% alpha quenching increase
 - ❖ Will measure nuclear recoil quenching
- Pulse shape discrimination is significantly improved

Warehouse freezer at Yemilab



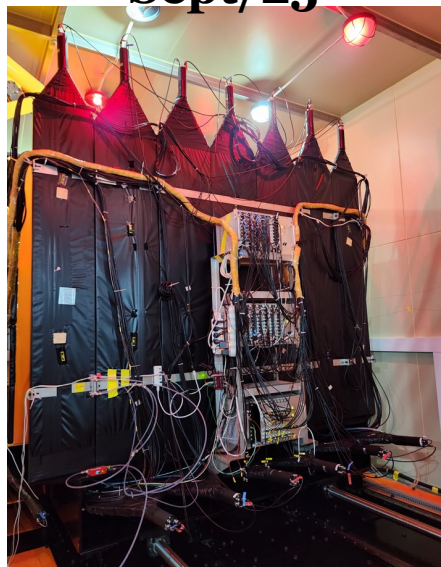
Shielding base for muon detector



To start COSINE-100U at Yemilab May/2024

Decommissioning of the COSINE-100 detector @ Y2L

Sept/25



Sept/27



Oct/5



Oct/6



Oct/10



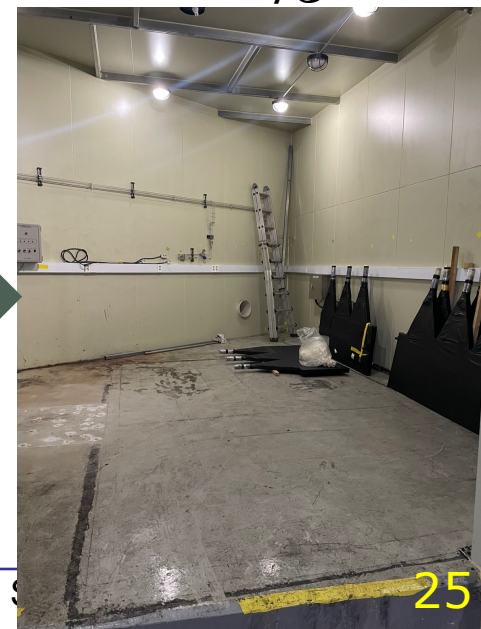
Oct/12



Oct/16



Oct/30



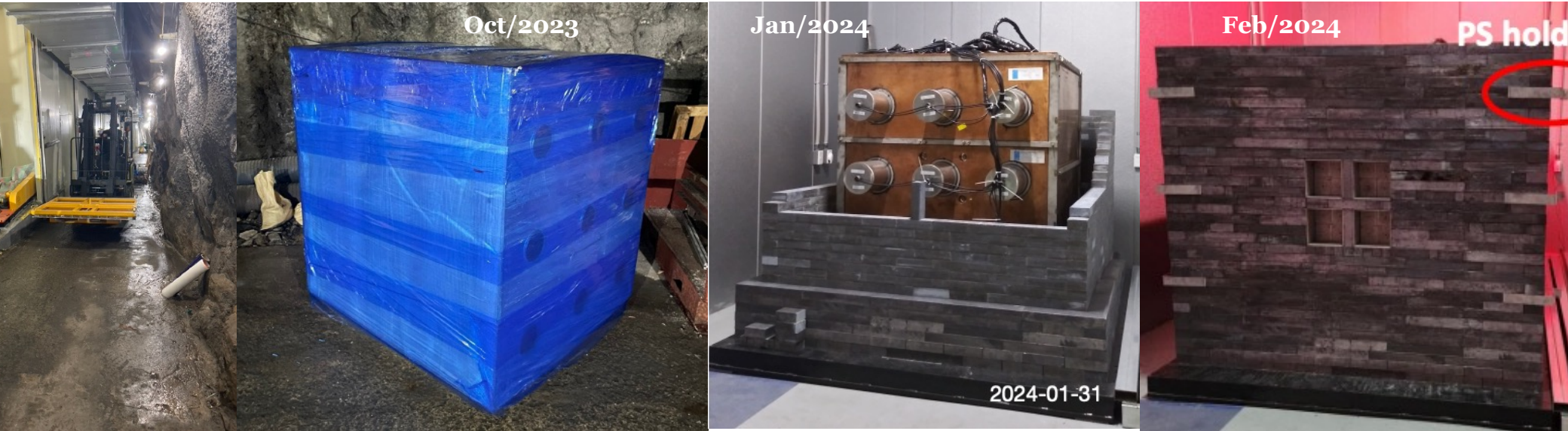
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Physic

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Installation @ Yemilab

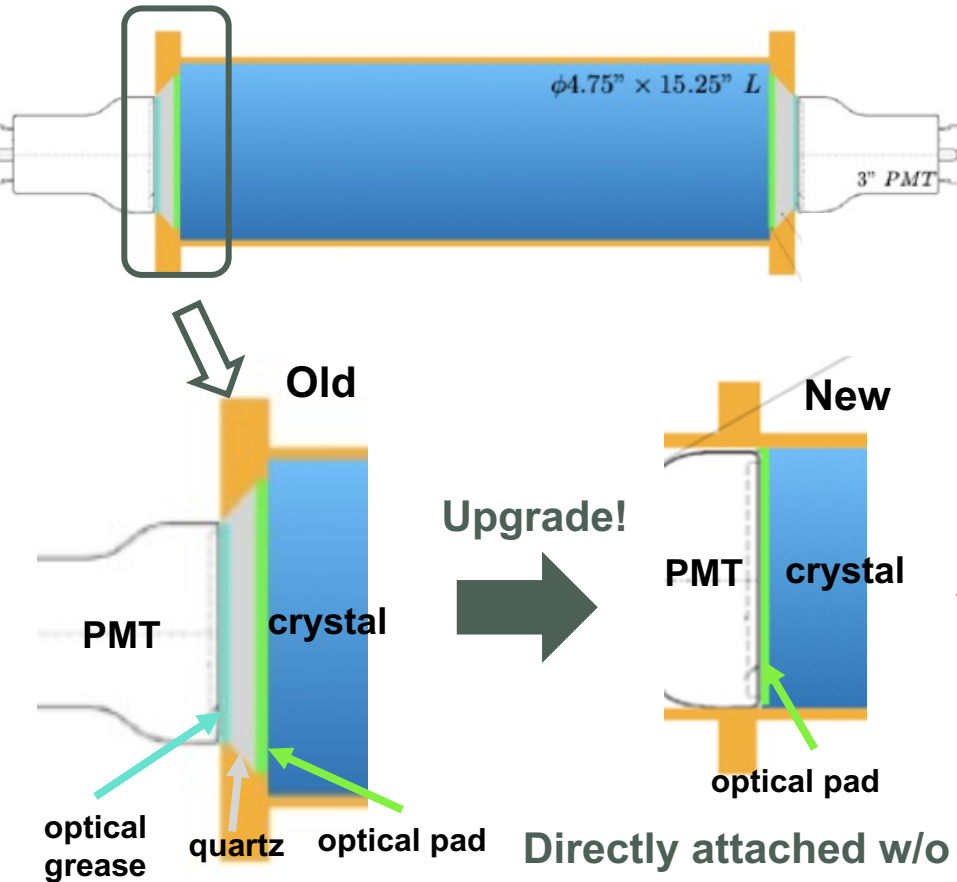
Y2L to Yemilab



- All COSINE-100 materials were delivered to Yemilab
- Shield installation is ongoing
- Preparing upgrade of NaI(Tl) crystals

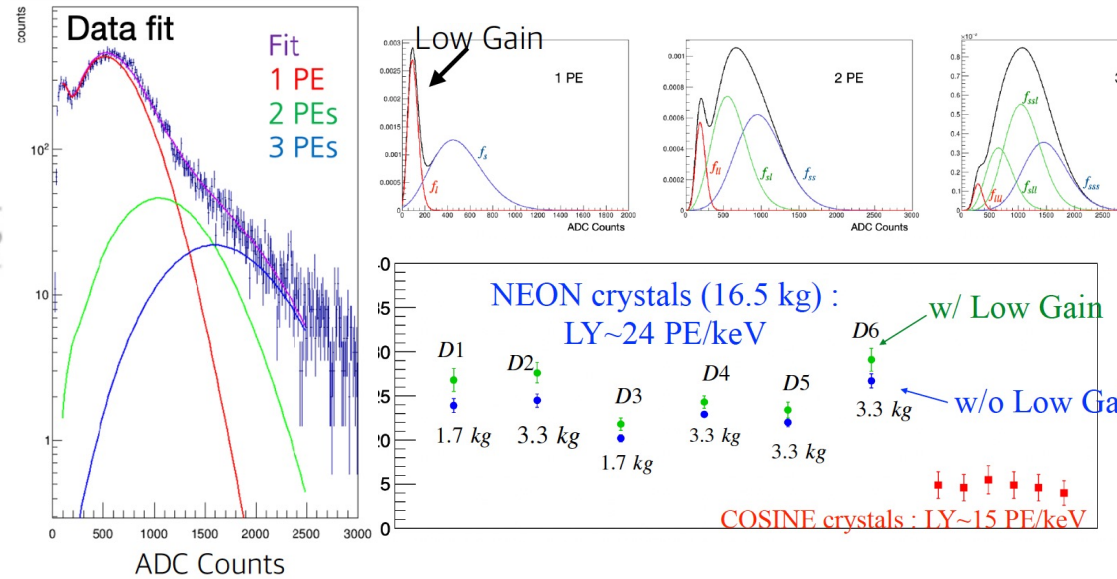
COSINE-100 Upgrade : New encapsulation

COSINE -100



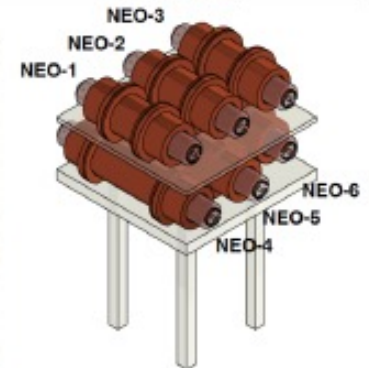
We achieved **~ 50% increased light yield**

Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A 981 (2020) 164556



High light yield (24 NPE/keV) and long-term stability has been proved by NEON experiment

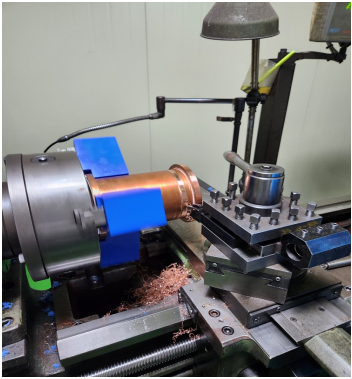
Eur. Phys. J. C 83, 226 (2023)



COSINE-100U : Detector upgrade

COSINE-100U for **high light yield**

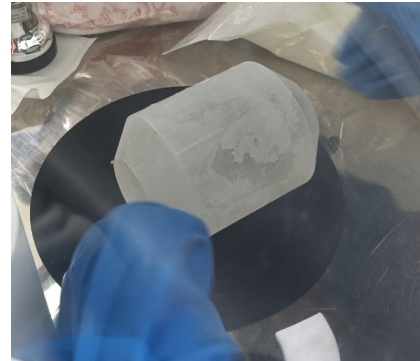
Remove the copper case



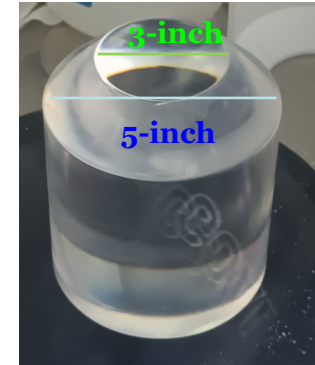
Crystal machine



Deliver to glove box

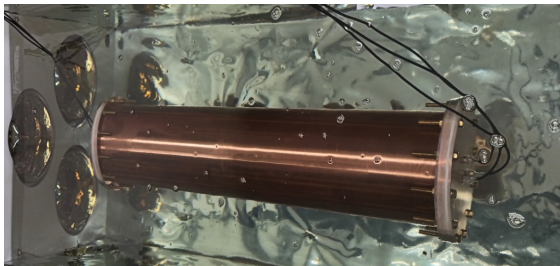


Polishing

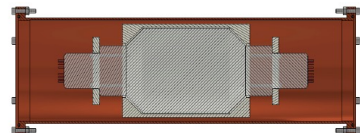
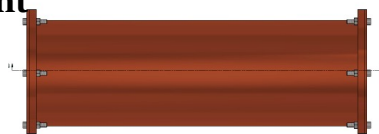


Mass : **8.26 kg** → **7.19 kg**

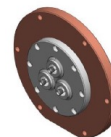
COSINE crystal-1



Above ground measurement

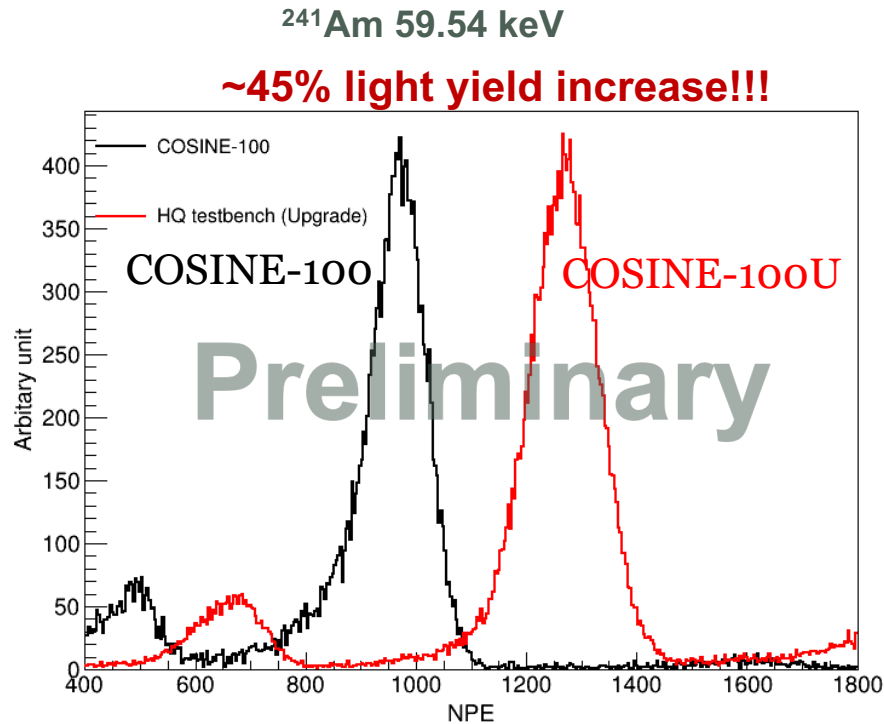


Cover design



COSINE-100U : Detector upgrade

- Light yield @ 59.54 keV



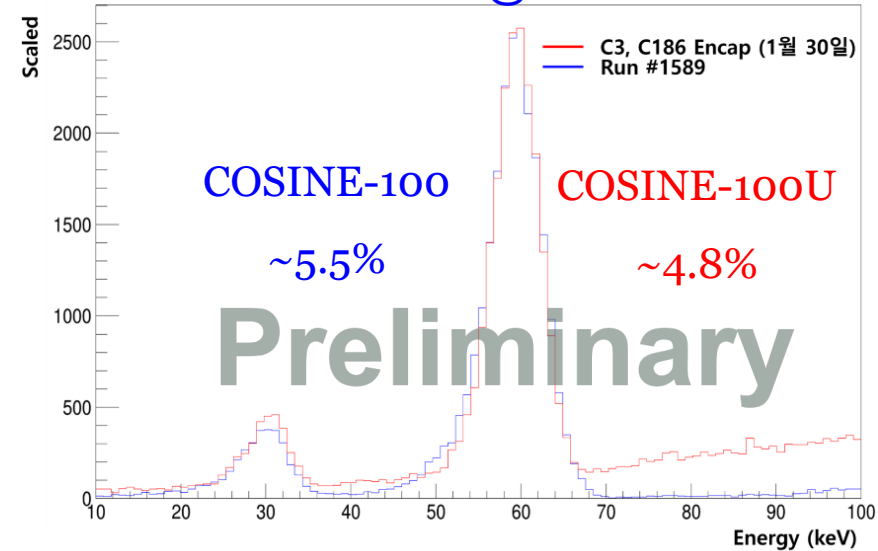
NPE = Number of photoelectrons

$14.9 \pm 1.5 \rightarrow 21.5 \pm 0.6$ NPE/keV

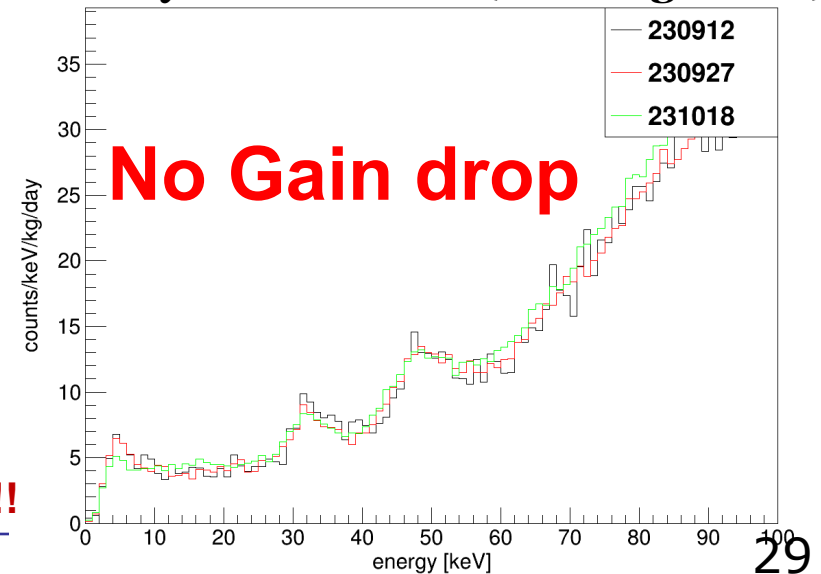
COSINE-100 C1 COSINE-100U C1

C2 and C3 were assembled with similar improvement!!

RMS resolution @ 59.54 keV for C3




Stability of ~ 1 month (Above-ground)



COSINE-100U schedule

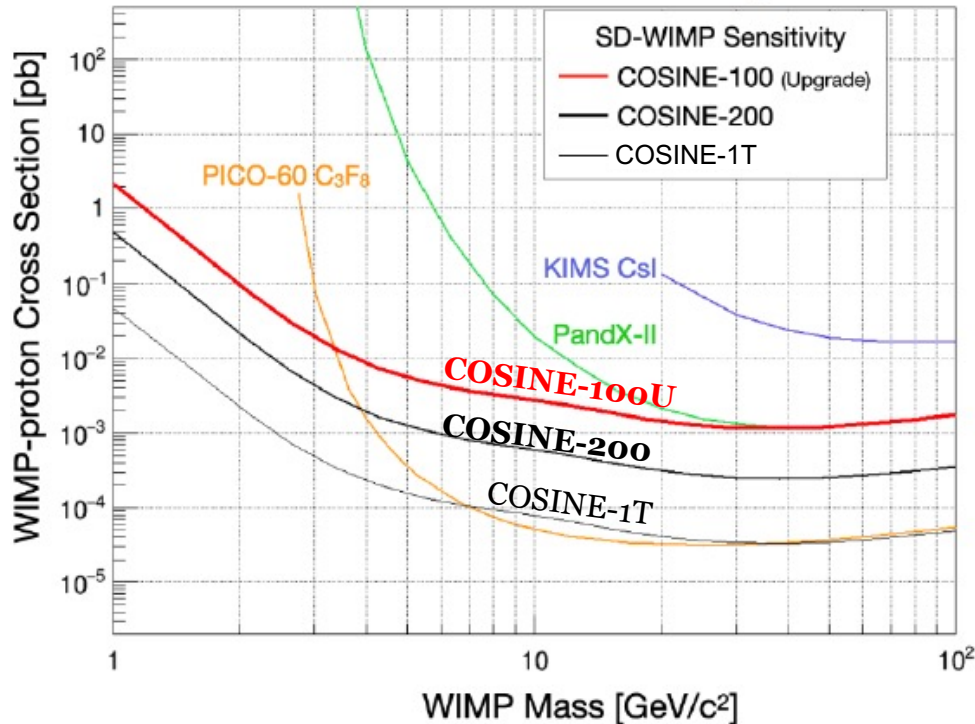
	2024-01	2024-02	2024-03	2024-04	2024-05	2024-06
Crystals		Assembling & Installation			T E S T	
Liquid Scintillator		PMT Install LS Production		Pouring LS		
Lead Shield	Bottom	Side			Top	
Electronics			Server, HVS, Monitoring			
Muon detector		holder		PS install		


Physics operation!!

- We already prove the **high light yield crystal** (C1,C2,C3 assembled)
- Production for other crystals are on the way
- Moving from Y2L to Yemilab was done and shielding was prepared
- We plan to start **COSINE-100U** in **May/2024**

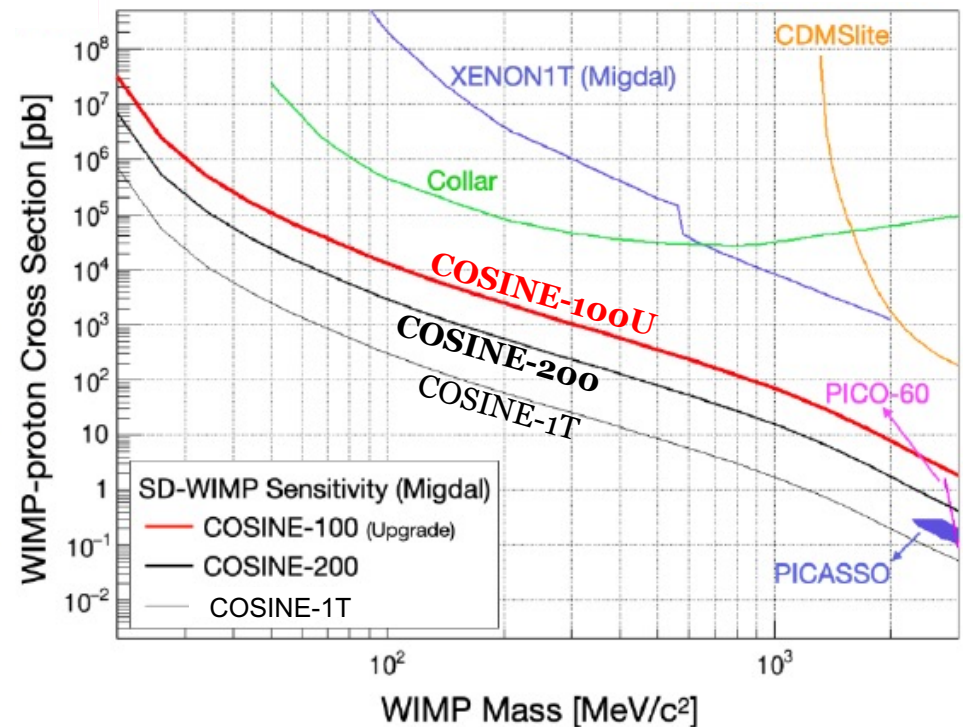
Low-mass sensitivities for spin-dependent limit

WIMP-proton spin-dependent



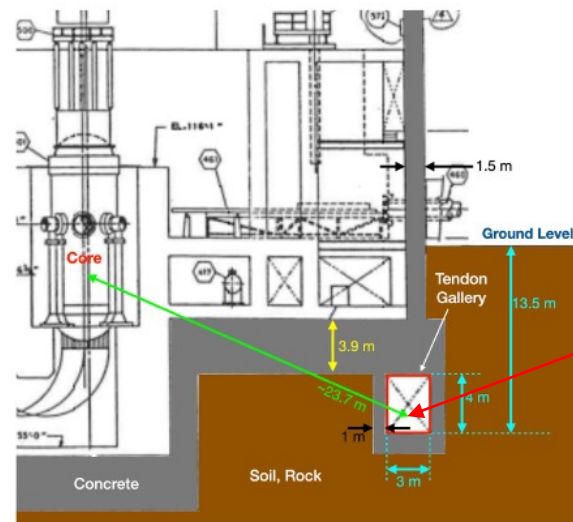
22 NPE/keV, 1 year operation (100% efficiency), 5 NPE threshold

Low mass search with Migdal



- A world best sensitive detector for low-mass WIMP-proton spin-dependent interaction
- Feasibility test for the COSINE-200 & 1T experiments

Neutrino Elastic scattering Observation with NaI

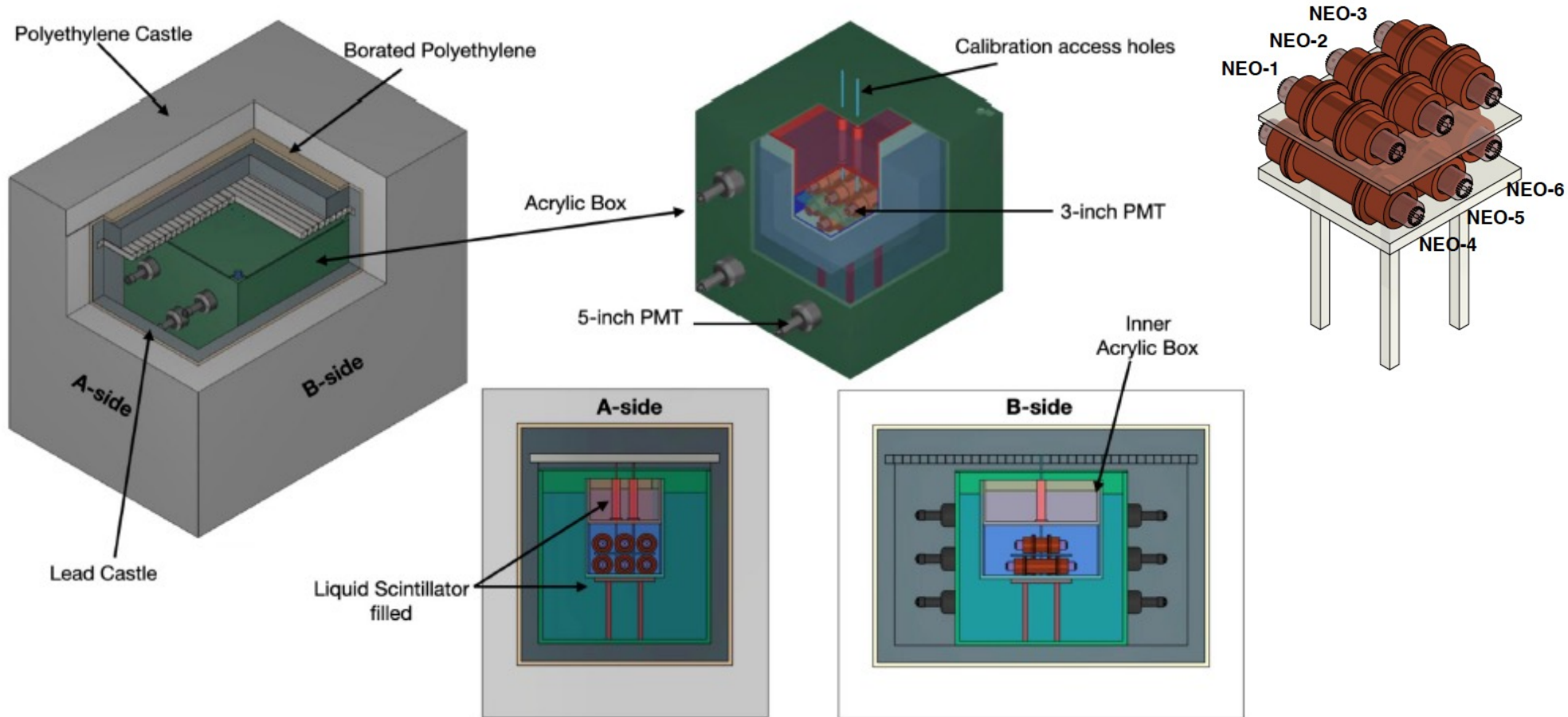


~20 members, 5 institutes, since 2019

IBS, SNU, CAU, KAERI, Sejong

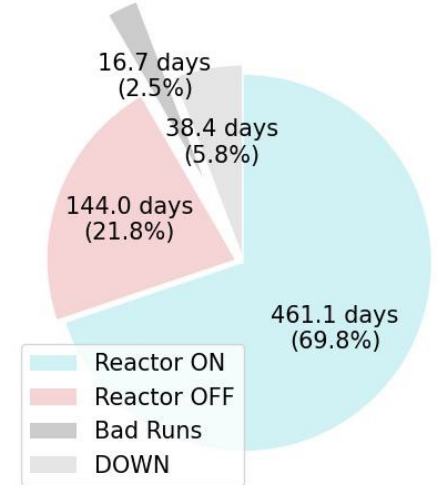
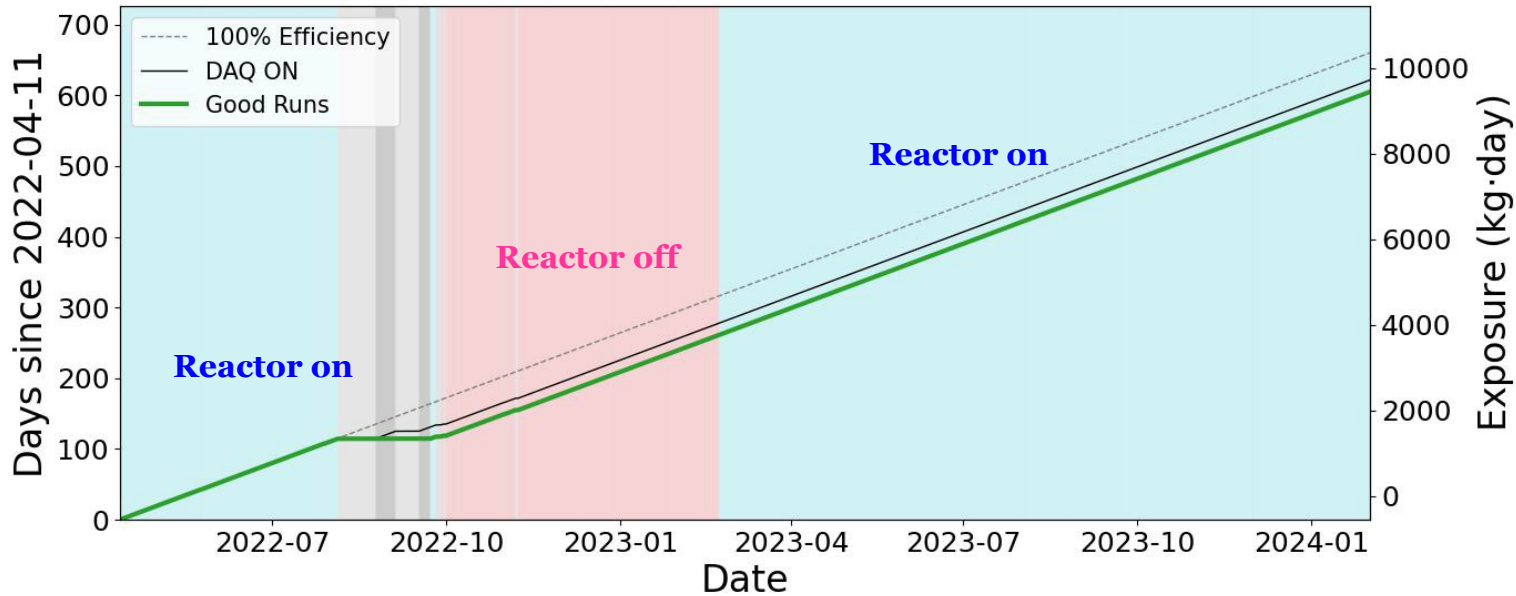
- **NEON** aim to **observe** coherent elastic neutrino-nucleus scattering (**CEvNS**) using reactor antielectron neutrino
- **16.6 kg** high light yield (**~24 photoelectrons/keV**) **NaI(Tl) crystals** were deployed at tendon gallery (**~24 m** from reactor **core**) of Hanbit nuclear power plant
- Stable physics data acquisition **since April/2022**

NEON detector



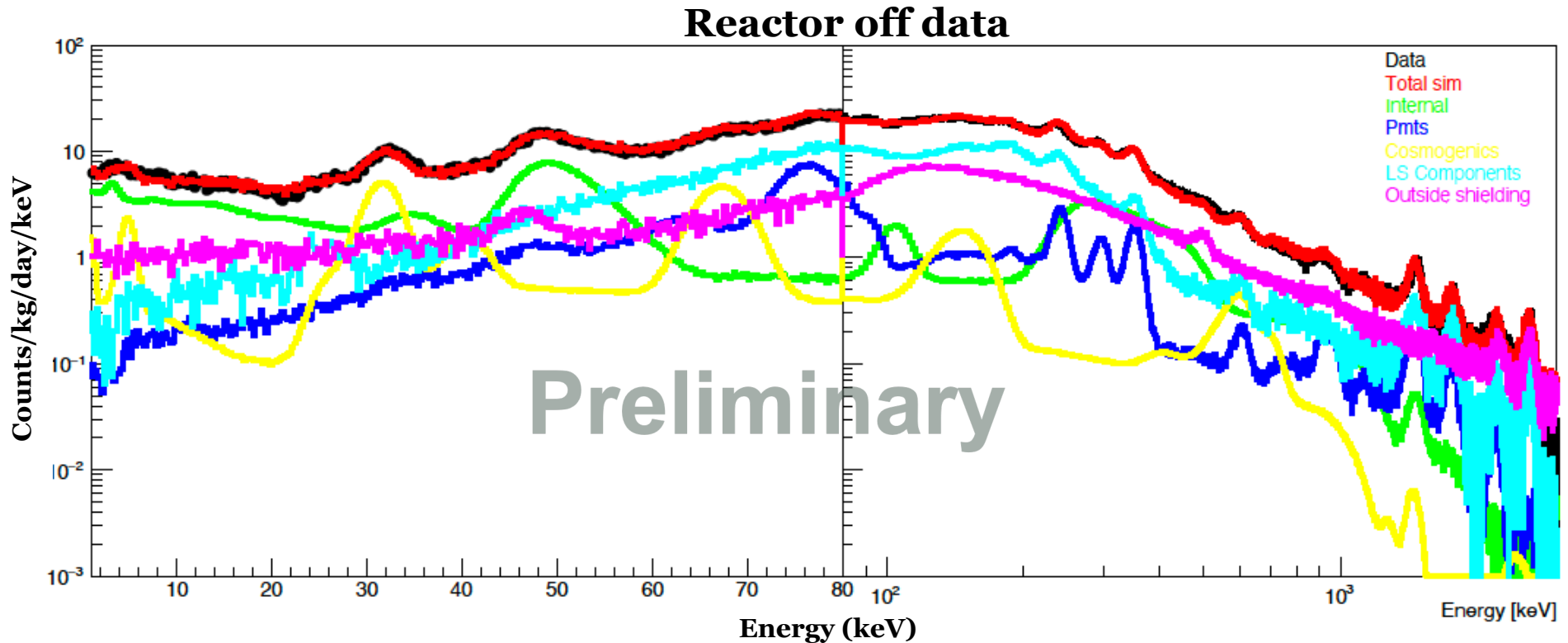
- **16.6 kg NaI(Tl) crystals** immersed in **800 L liquid scintillator**

NEON operation



- Reactor on data : 461 days
- Reactor off data : 144 days
- Total exposure ~ 10,000 kg days
 - ❖ The largest exposure between reactor CEvNS experiments

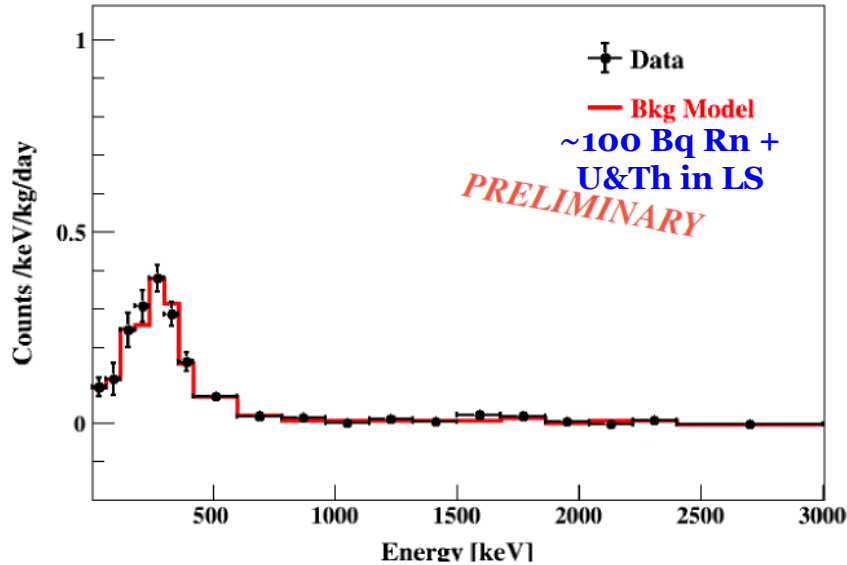
Background understanding



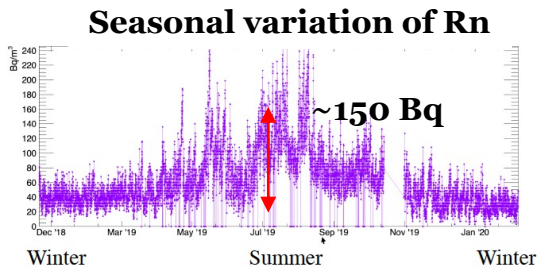
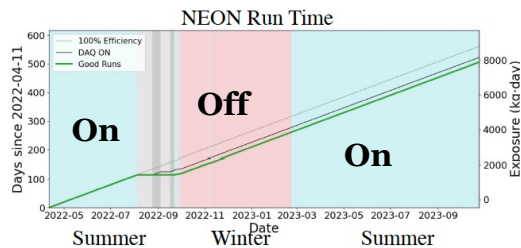
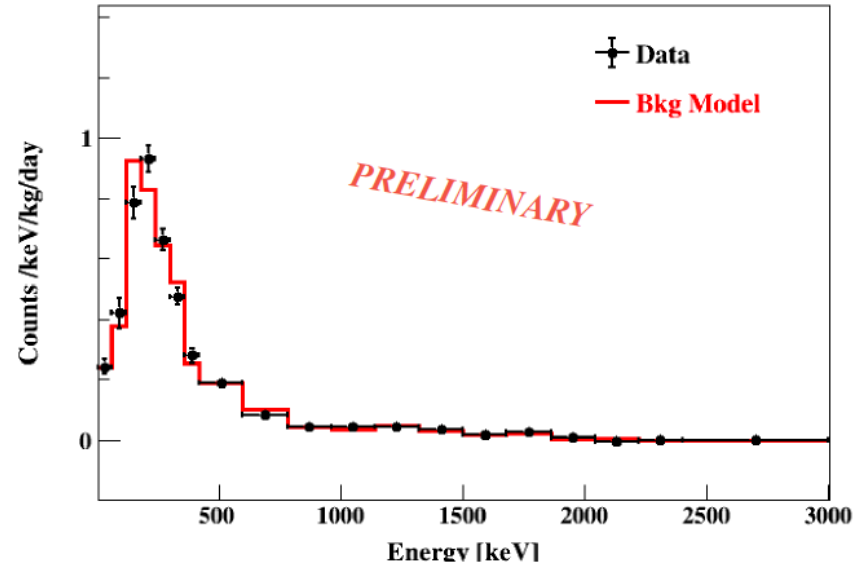
- Reasonable understanding of background contributions
- ~ 7 counts/kg/day/keV background level **below 10 keV**
 - ❖ Comparable with CONUS experiment

Reactor on minus off modeling

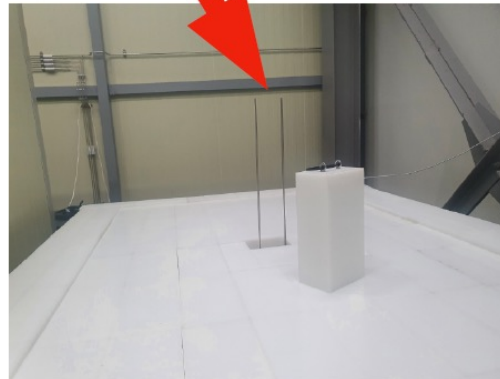
Single Hit



Multiple Hit

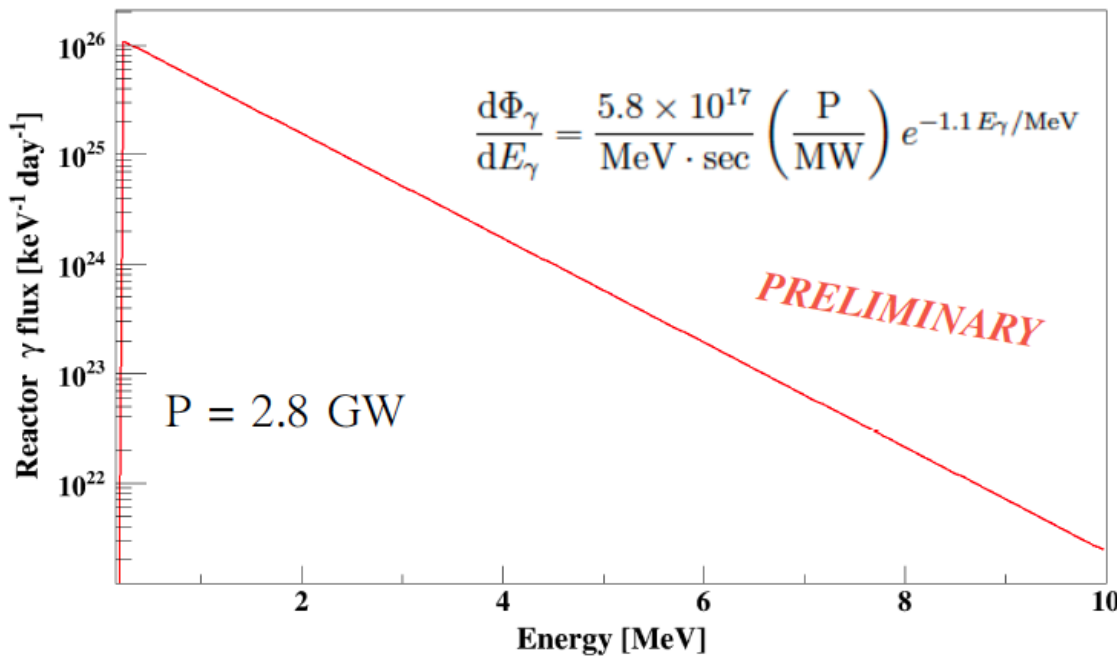


²²²Rn

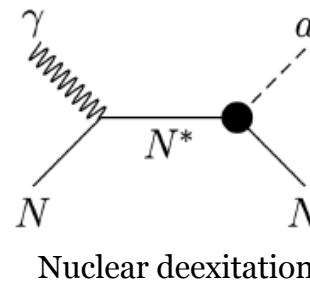
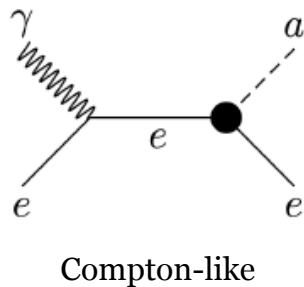
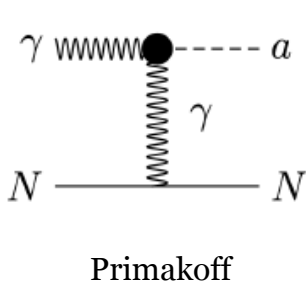


- Time-dependent background from Rn and dust describes on minus off background properly

Reactor is the most intense source of MeV energy γ



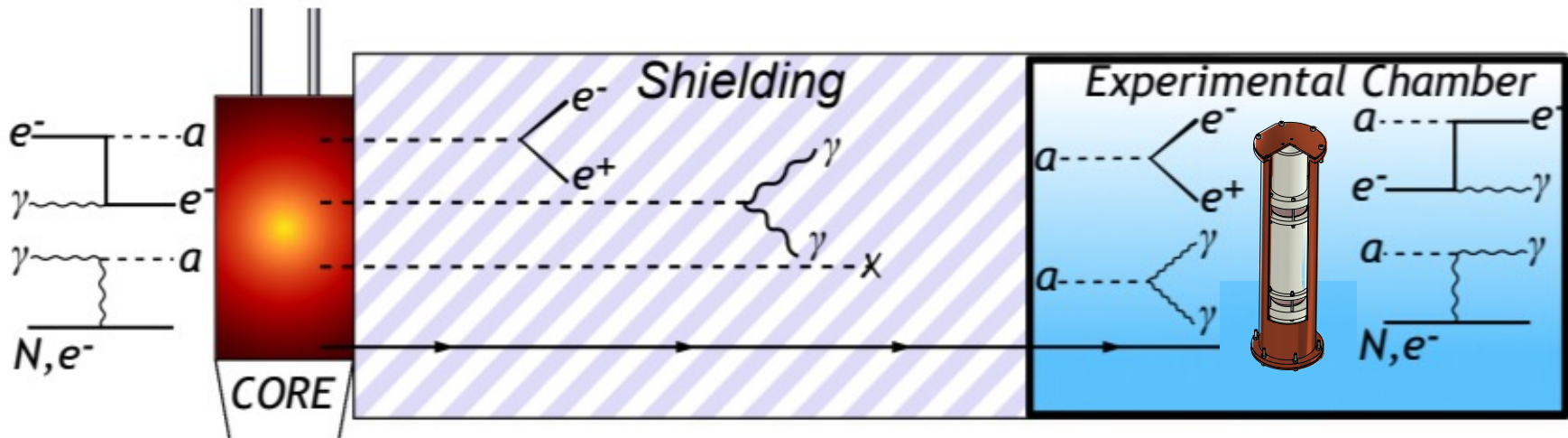
- Dark sector bosonic particle such as dark photon or axion-like particle (ALP) may be produced with the SM photon interaction
- Reactor is the **stringent source** of **MeV mass dark photon or ALP**



**ALP production
@ reactor**

Compton-like process can produce dark photon

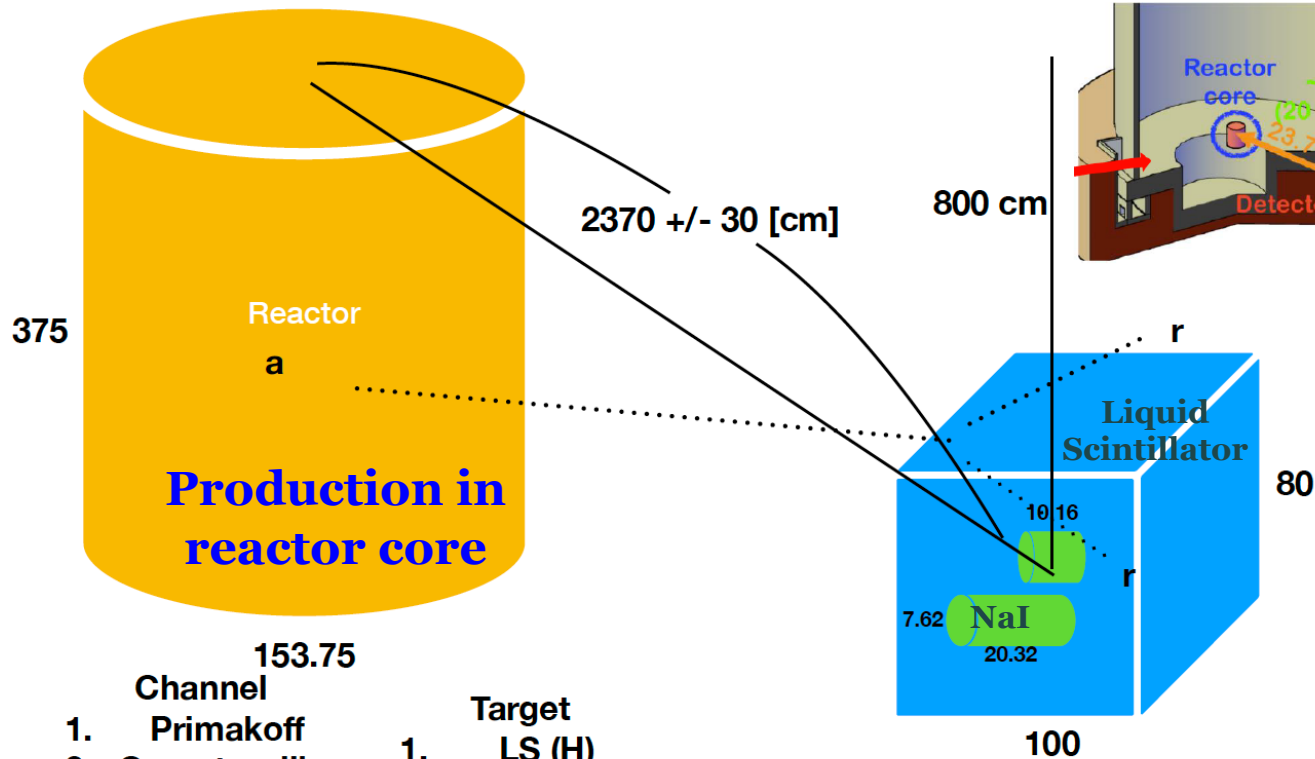
ALP production & detection



PRL 124, 211804 (2020) & JHEP 03, 294 (2021)

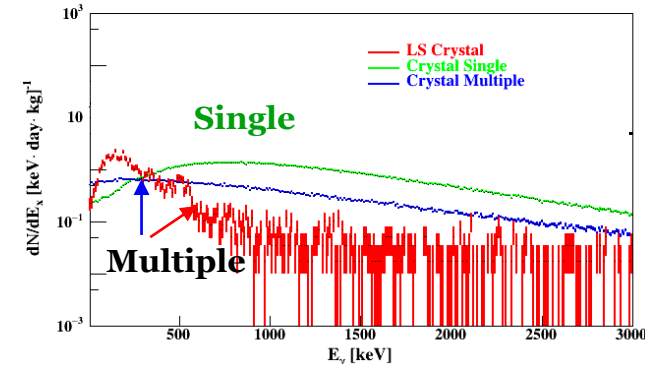
Production	Detection	Coupling
Primakoff Process	Inverse Primakoff Decays to two photons	$g_{a\gamma\gamma}$
Compton-like scattering	Inverse Compton-like Decays to e^+e^- pair Axio-electric process	g_{aee}
Nuclear de-excitation	Nuclear absorption	g_{ann}

ALP simulation

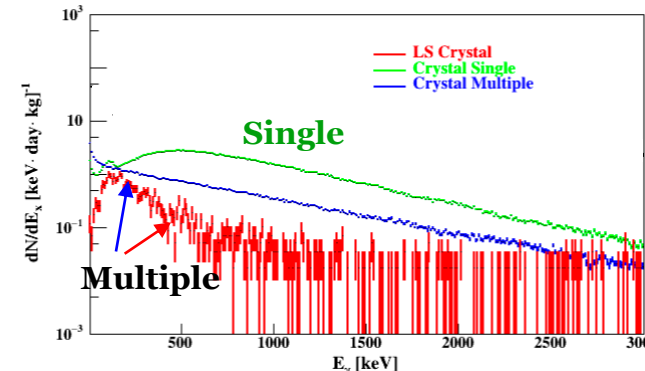


Fast simulation of axion production, flight, and detection + Geant4 simulation for detector responses

Primakoff



$a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

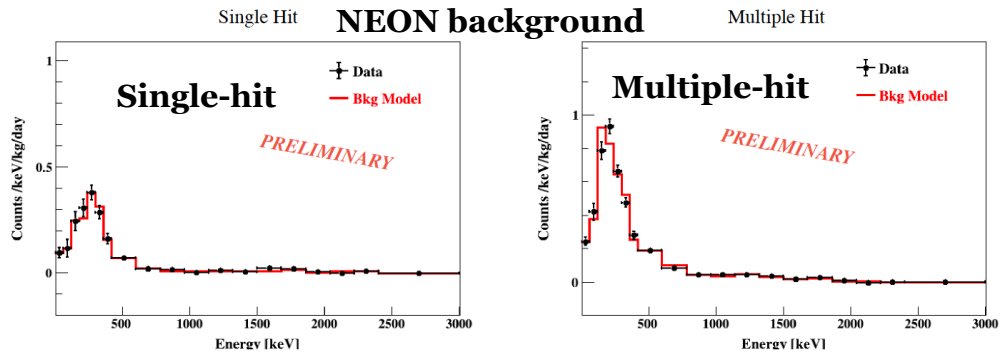
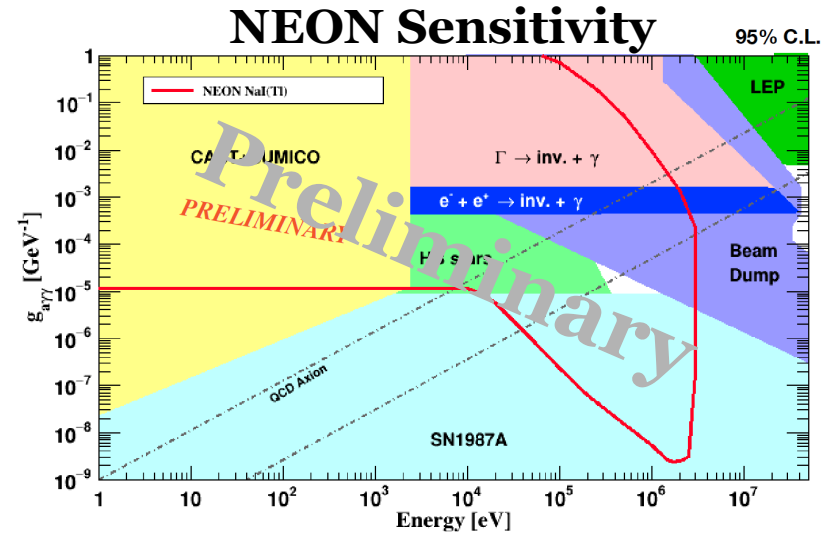
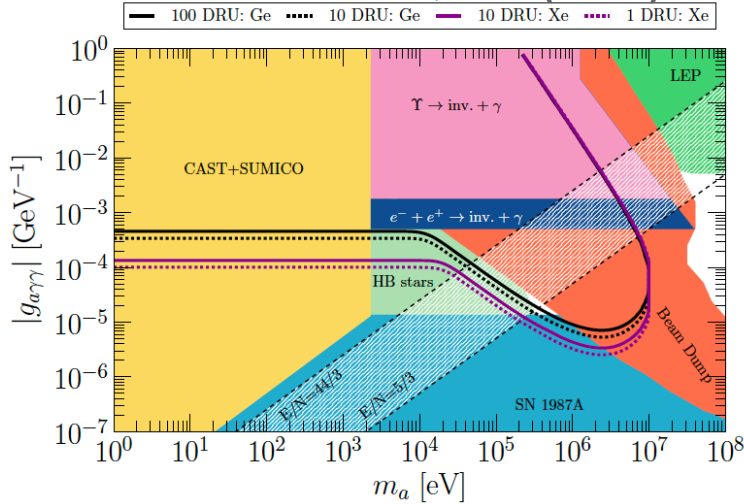


- | | | |
|-----------------------|--------|-----------------|
| | 153.75 | |
| Channel | | Target |
| 1. Primakoff | | 1. LS (H) |
| 2. Compton-like | | 2. LS (C) |
| 3. Axioelectric | | 3. Crystal (Na) |
| 4. $A \rightarrow rr$ | | 4. Crystal (I) |
| 5. $A \rightarrow ee$ | | |

Calculated momentum
Using generated signal
(Energy, position)
**Scattering or decay
in detector**
(NaI and LS)

Sensitivity

4 GW & 10 m distance JHEP 03, 294 (2021)



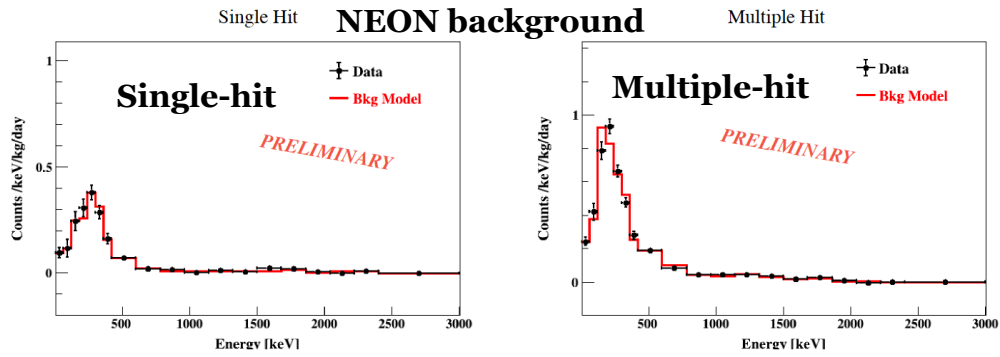
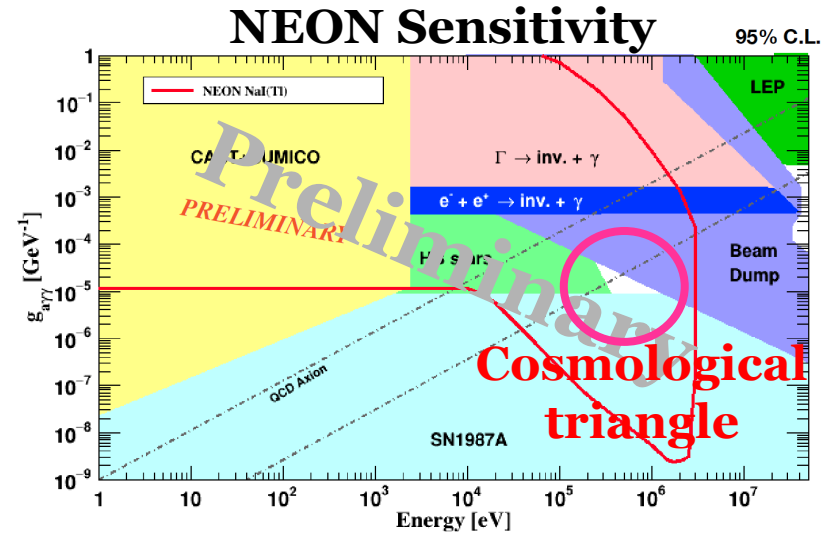
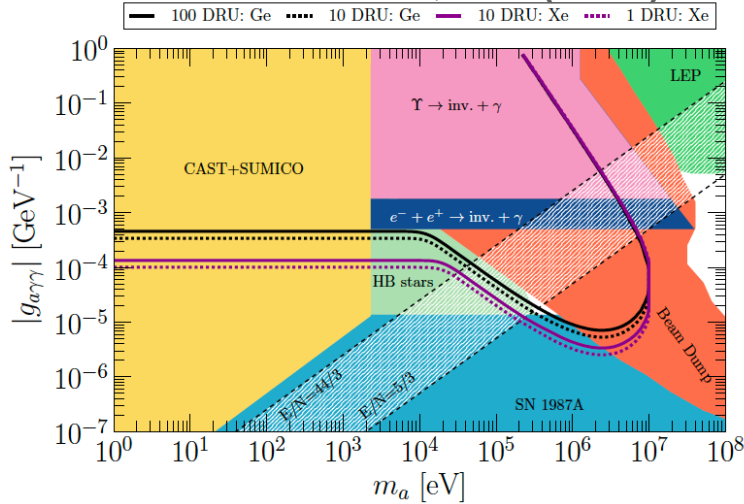
Background levels were much smaller than 1 dru especially for energy above 1 MeV

Multiple hit events enhance sensitivities for photon coupling (can use LS as active target)

- NEON data will provide best direct search results for MeV mass ALP (both photon coupling and electron coupling)

Sensitivity

4 GW & 10 m distance JHEP 03, 294 (2021)

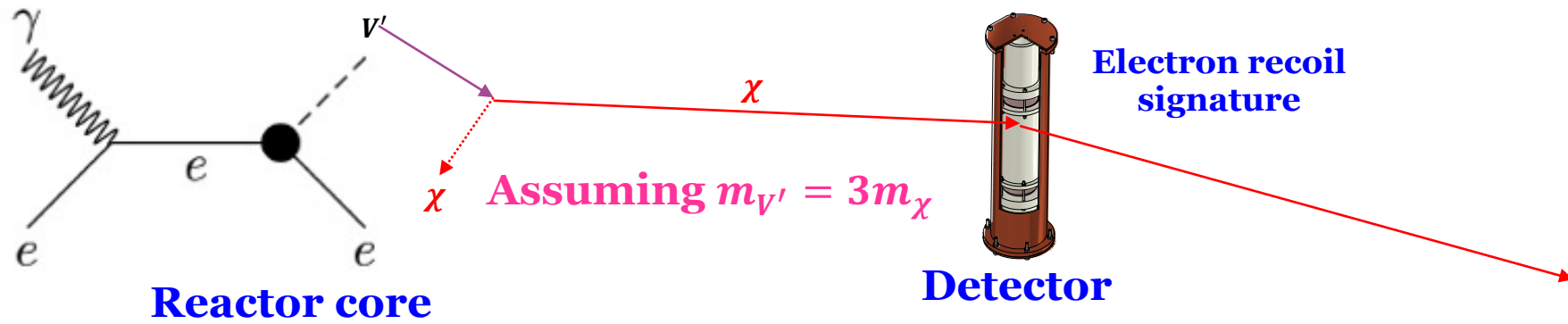


Background levels were much smaller than 1 dru especially for energy above 1 MeV

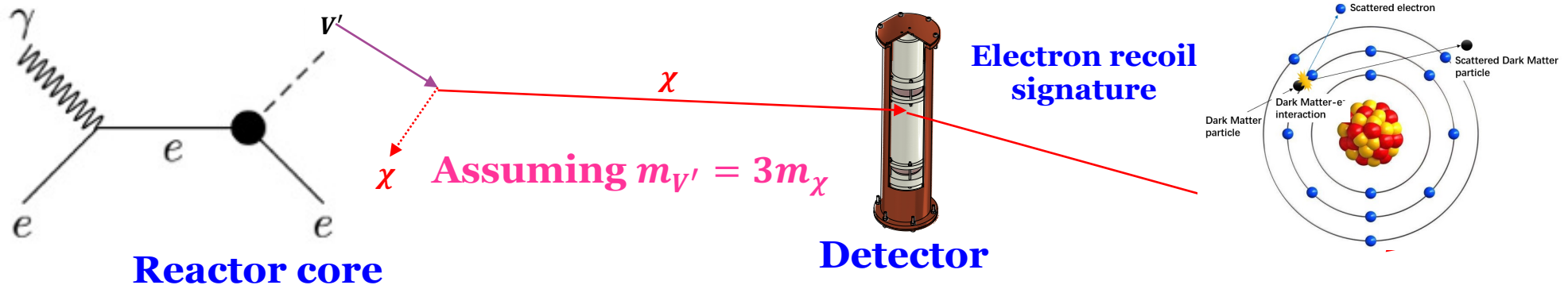
Multiple hit events enhance sensitivities for photon coupling (can use LS as active target)

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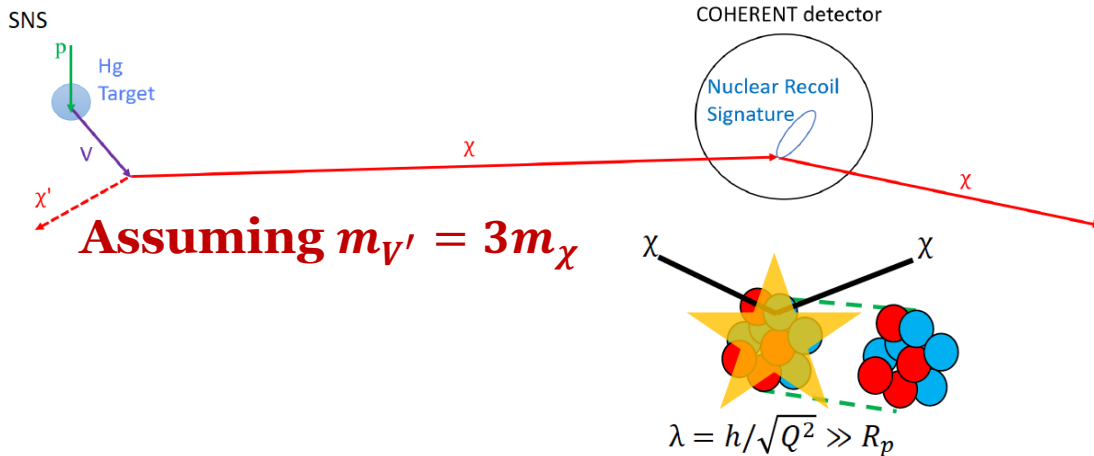
Dark photon production & decay to dark matters



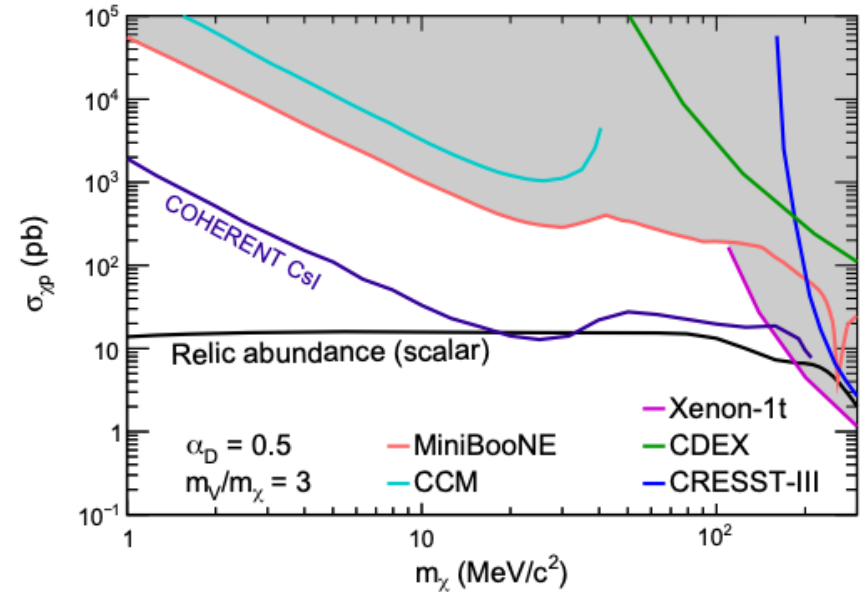
Dark photon production & decay to dark matters



COHERENT reported similar search results in nuclear recoils

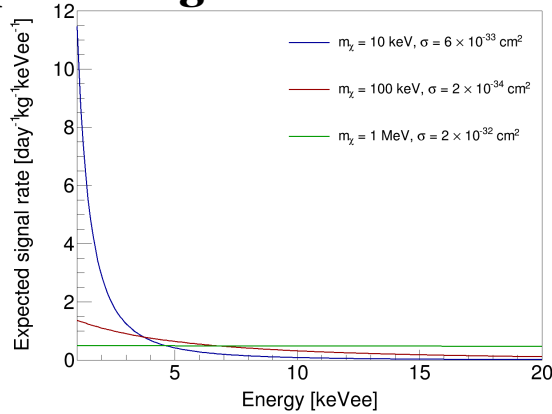


PRL 130, 051803 (2023)

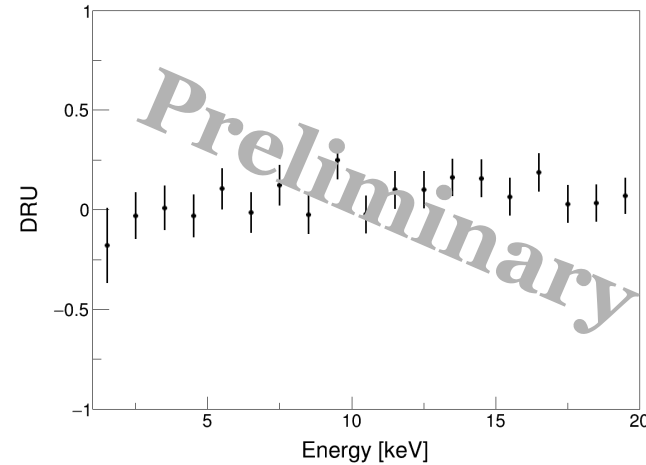


NEON sensitivity

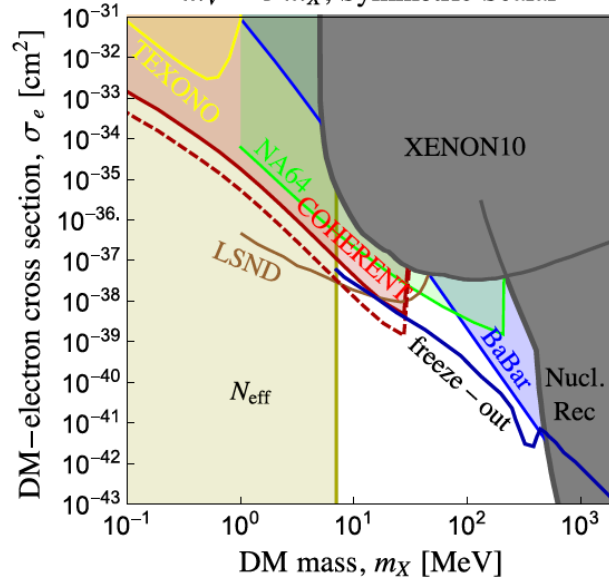
JHEP 11, 066 (2018) Expected signals in NEON detector



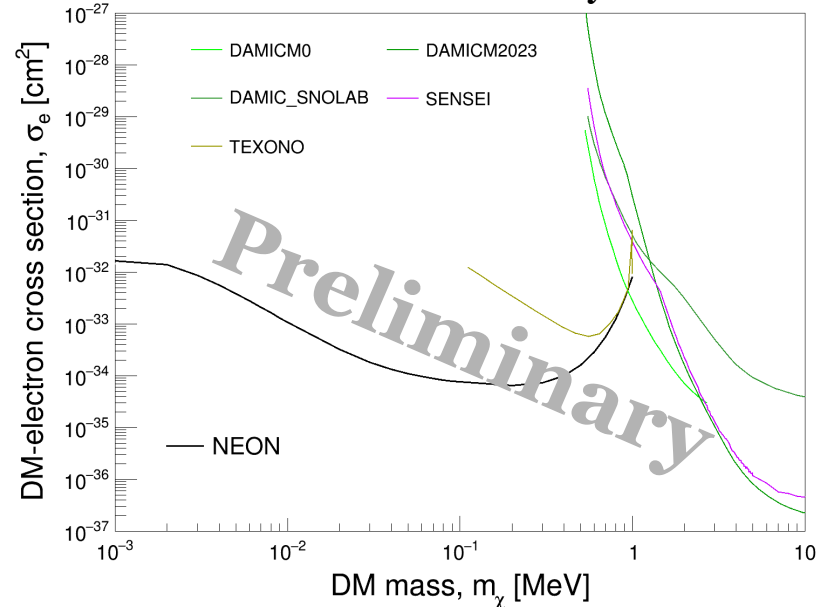
NEON data (on - off)



JHEP 11, 066 (2018) $m_V = 3 m_\chi$, Symmetric Scalar



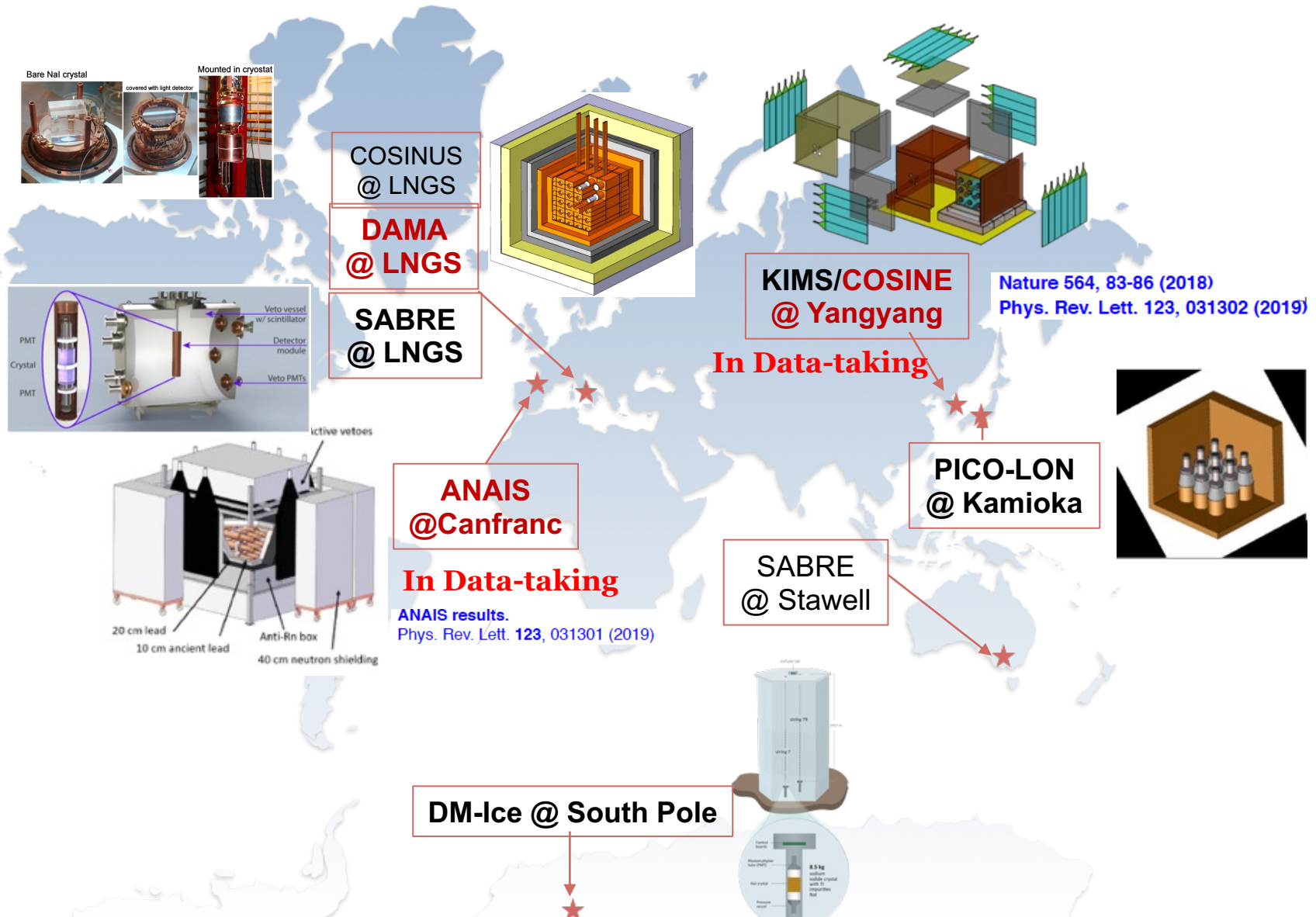
NEON sensitivity



Summary

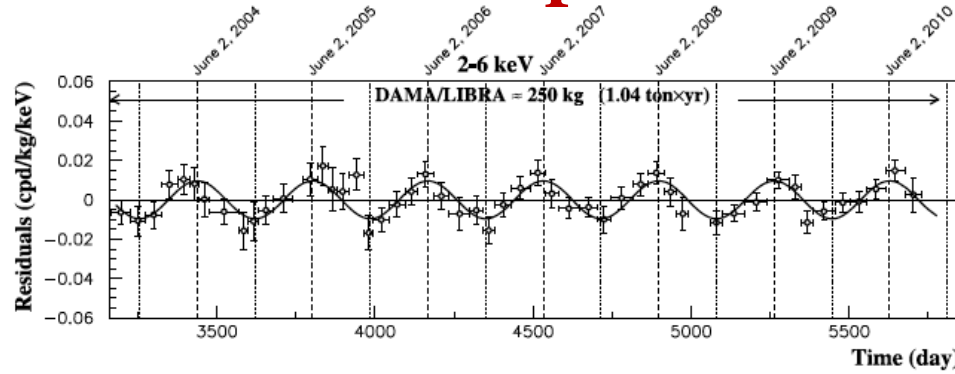
- COSINE-100 searched various dark matter candidates in wide energy ranges
- COSINE-100U and COSINE-200 have world competitive sensitivities for low-mass dark matter searches
- Reactor is the most intense MeV gamma source, therefore, the stringent source of MeV dark photon and ALP
- NEON can unveil unexplored parameter spaces for ALP and low-mass dark matter (dark photon)

Global NaI(Tl) efforts



Annual modulation signal from DAMA/LIBRA

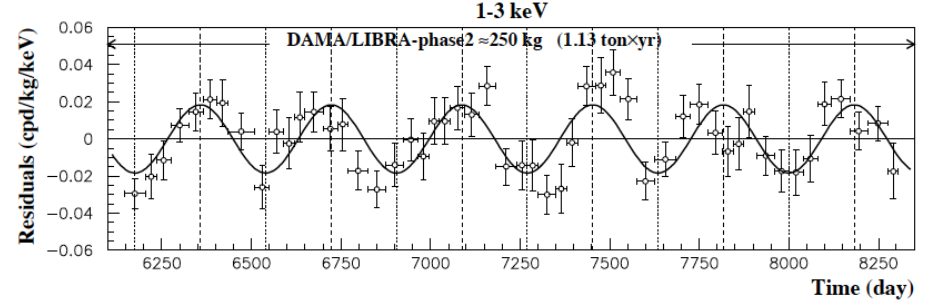
Phase1 experiment



Eur. Phys. J. C 73:2648 (2013)

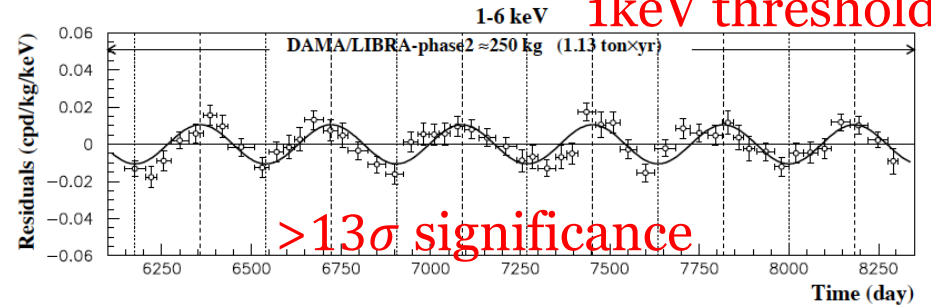
2keV threshold

Phase2 experiment



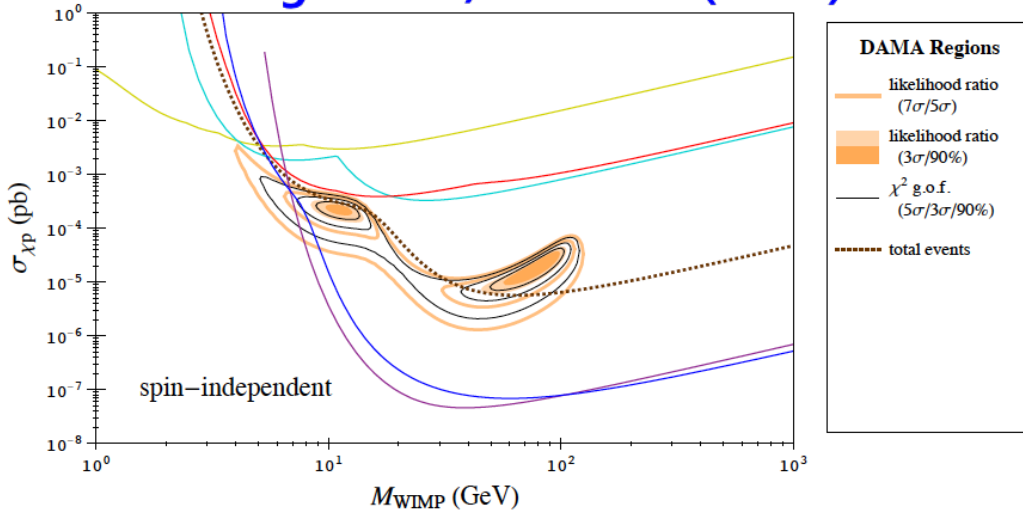
Nucl. Phys. At. Energy 19, 307 (2018)

1keV threshold

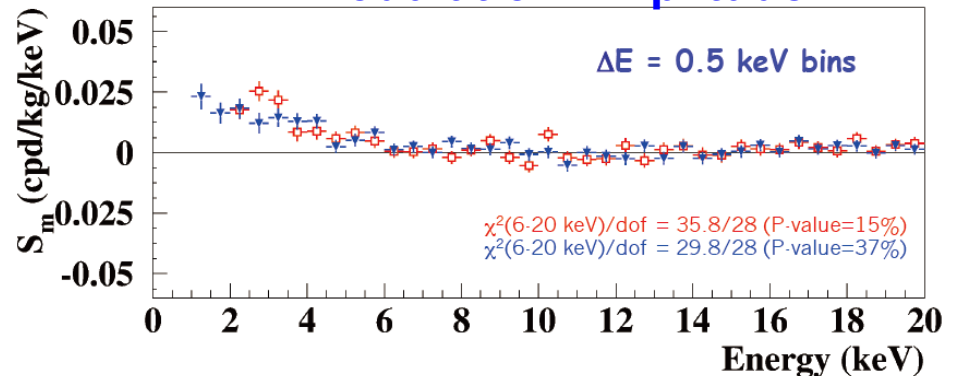


>13σ significance

C. Savage *et al.*, JCAP 04 (2009) 010

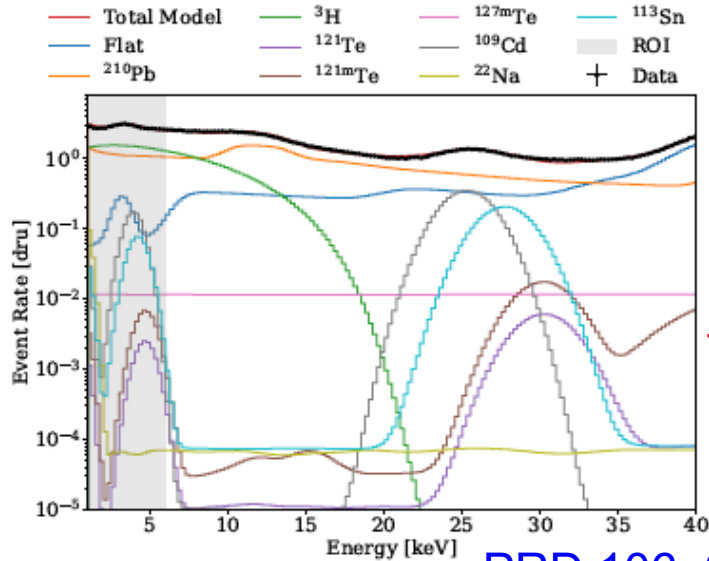


Modulation Amplitude



Model-independent annual modulation search

Time dependent background modeling



PRD 106, 052005 (2022)

Component	Half life	Average activity (dru)
Total		$(2.74 \pm 0.23) \times 10^0$
^3H	12.3 year	$(1.41 \pm 0.18) \times 10^0$
^{210}Pb	22.3 year	$(1.12 \pm 0.15) \times 10^0$
Flat		$(1.35 \pm 0.08) \times 10^{-1}$
^{109}Cd	461.4 days	$(4.13 \pm 0.39) \times 10^{-2}$
^{113}Sn	115.1 days	$(1.55 \pm 0.16) \times 10^{-2}$
^{127}Te	109 day	$(6.59 \pm 0.52) \times 10^{-3}$
^{22}Na	2.6 year	$(5.88 \pm 1.34) \times 10^{-3}$
$^{121\text{m}}\text{Te}$	154 day	$(1.50 \pm 0.16) \times 10^{-3}$
^{121}Te	16.8 day	$(5.07 \pm 1.23) \times 10^{-4}$

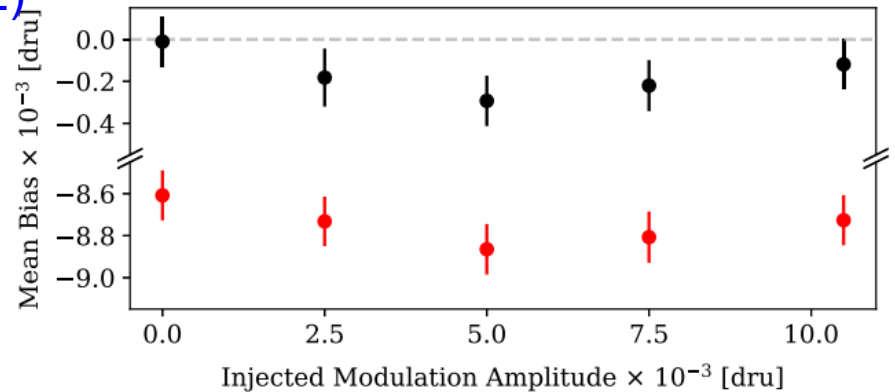
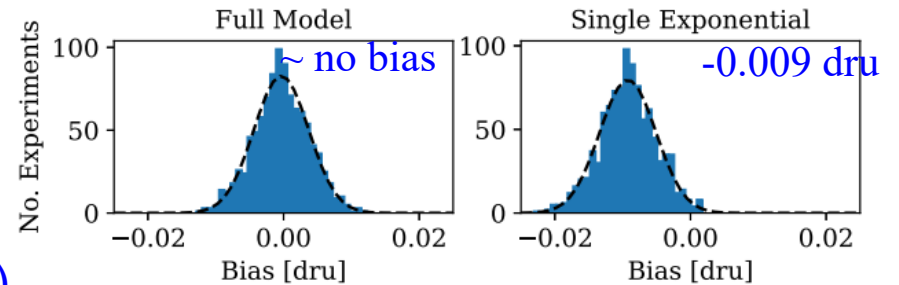
Single exponential

$$R(t) = P_0 + P_1 e^{-t/P_2} + S \cos\left(\frac{2\pi(t - t_0)}{T}\right)$$

Full model (8 exponential)

$$R(t) = P_0 + \sum_{i=1}^8 P_i e^{-t/\tau_i} + S \cos\left(\frac{2\pi(t - t_0)}{T}\right)$$

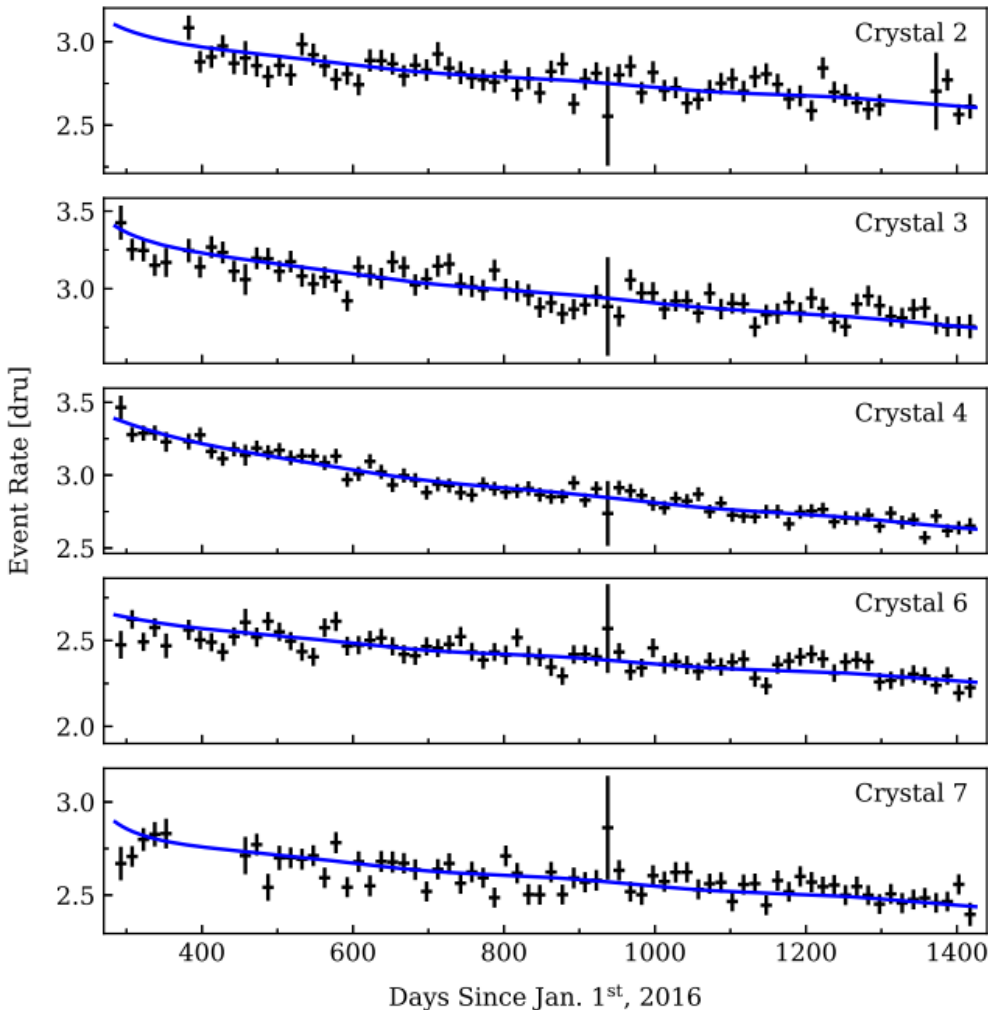
Bias test (1-6 keV)



Understanding time-dependent background is crucial for the annual modulation search

Model-independent annual modulation search

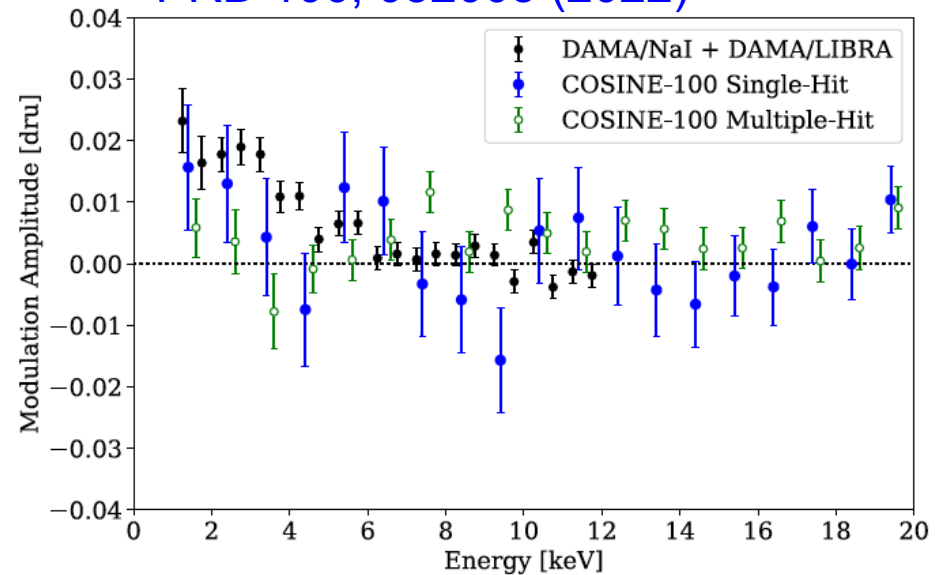
Data Fit (1-6 keV)



1-6 keV modulation amplitude

COSINE-100	0.0067 ± 0.0042
DAMA/LIBRA	0.0105 ± 0.0011
ANAIS-112	-0.0034 ± 0.0042

PRD 106, 052005 (2022)

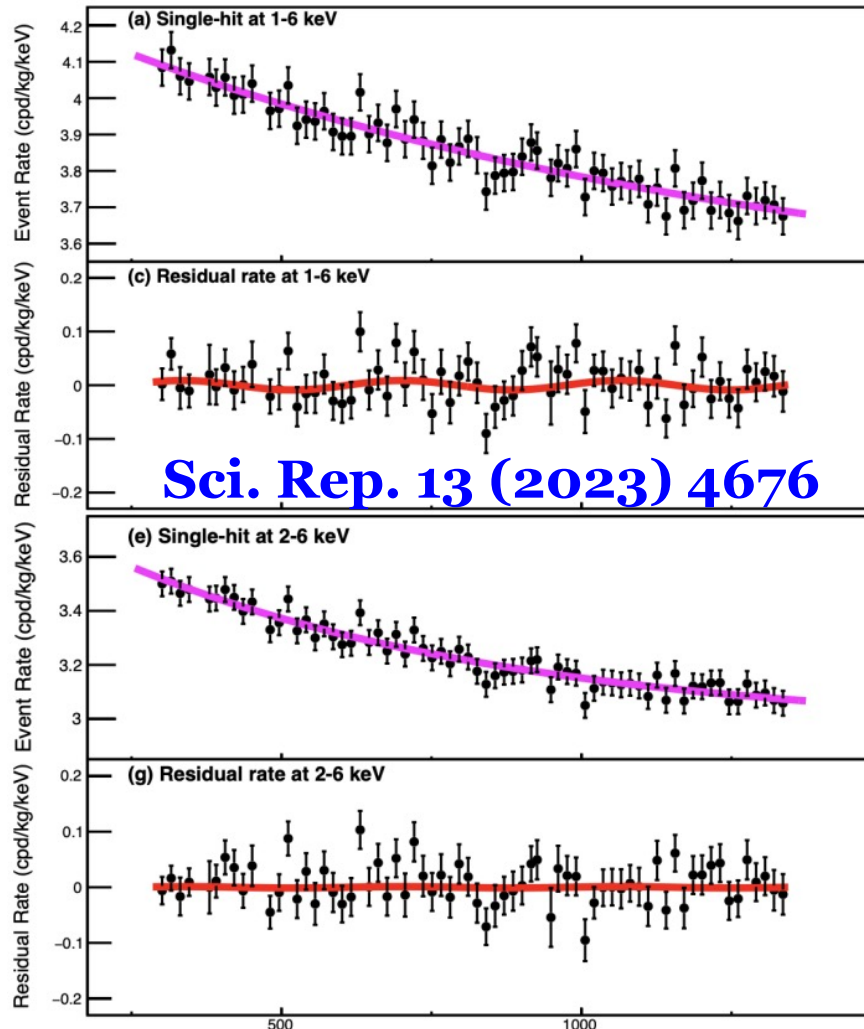


We need more data and/or better quality detector

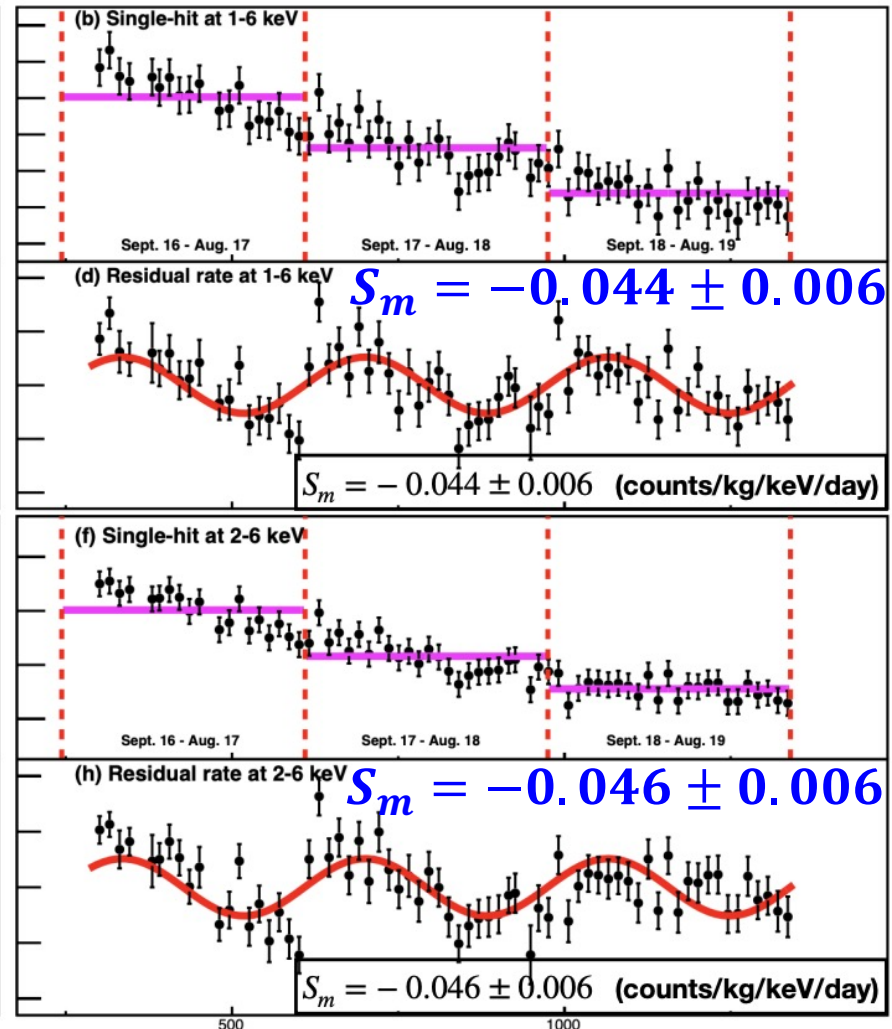
- Full data (~2.5 times larger dataset) open soon
- COSINE-200

DAMA/LIBRA's method (induced modulation)

Single exponential model (reference)

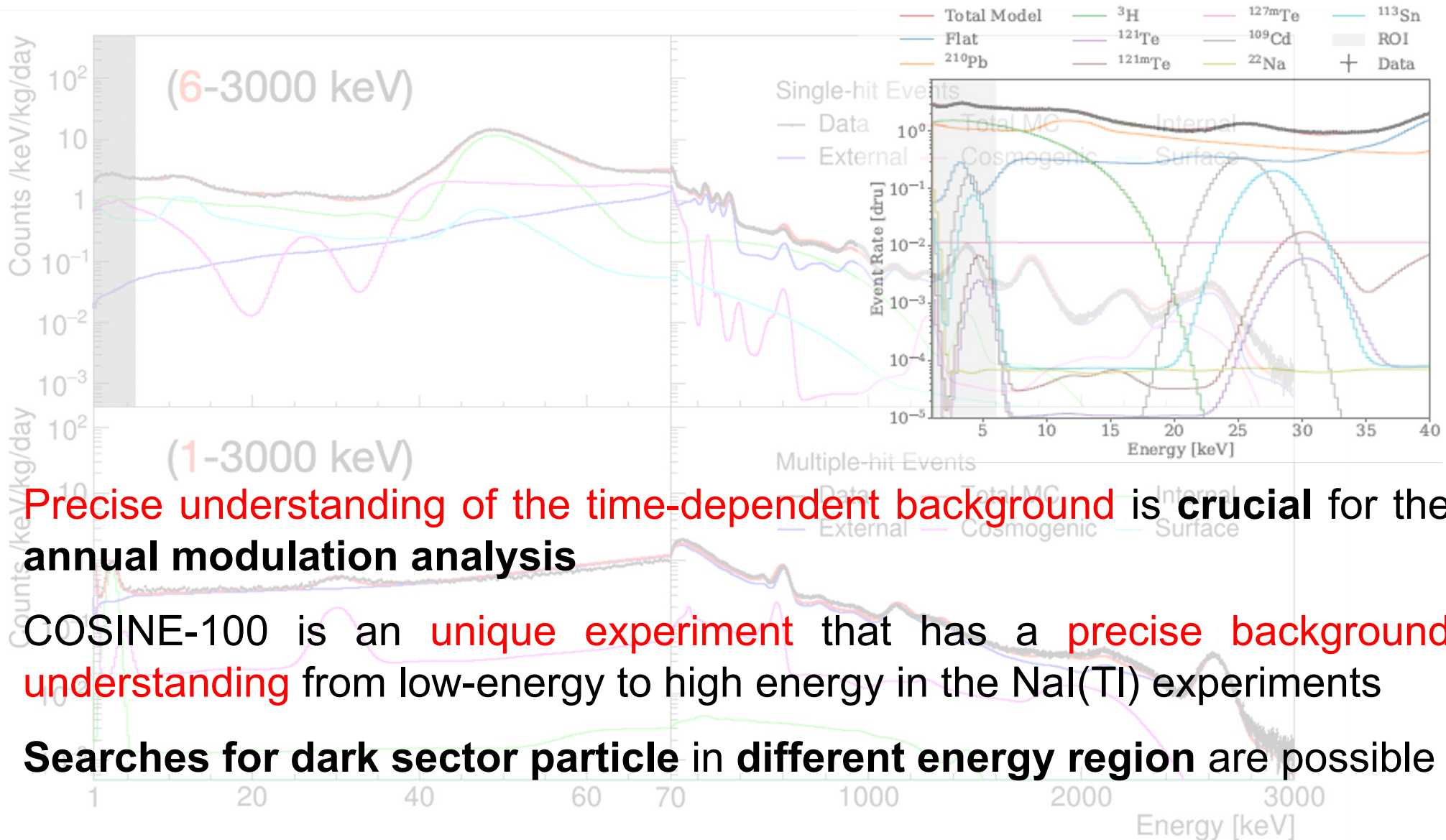


DAMA/LIBRA's method



Very strong ($\sim 7\sigma$) negative modulation (opposite phase) from the COSINE-100 data using DAMA/LIBRA's method

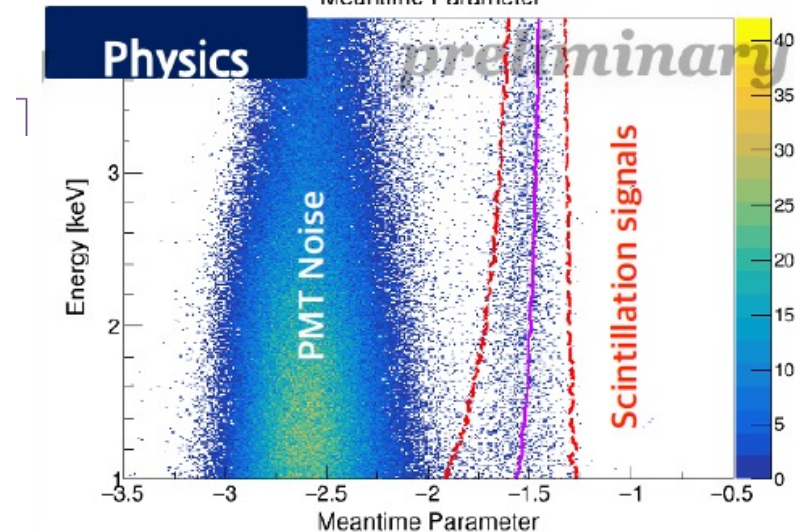
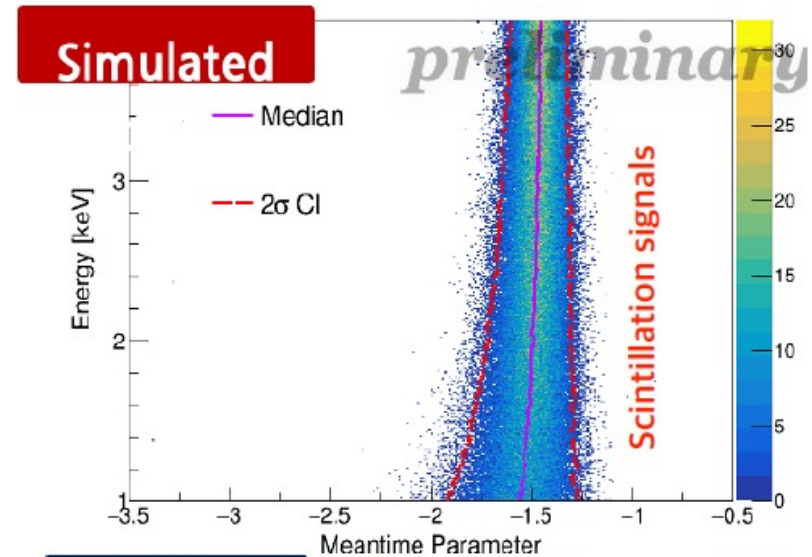
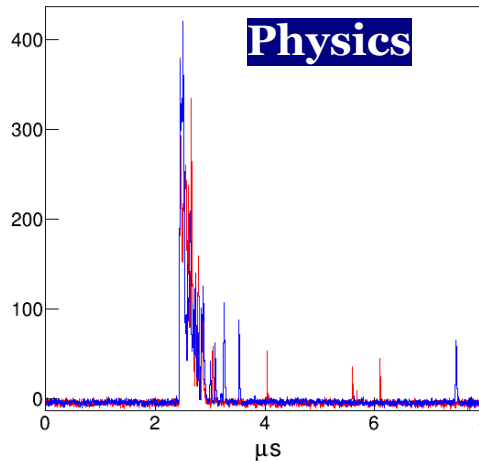
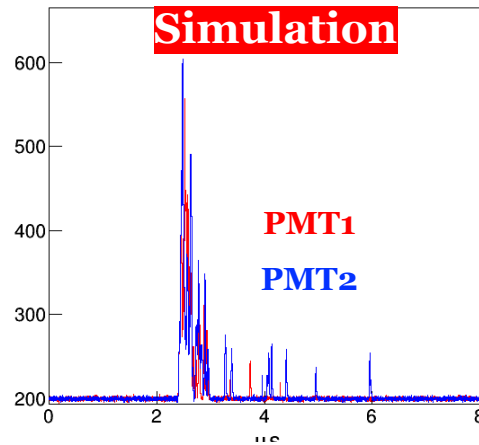
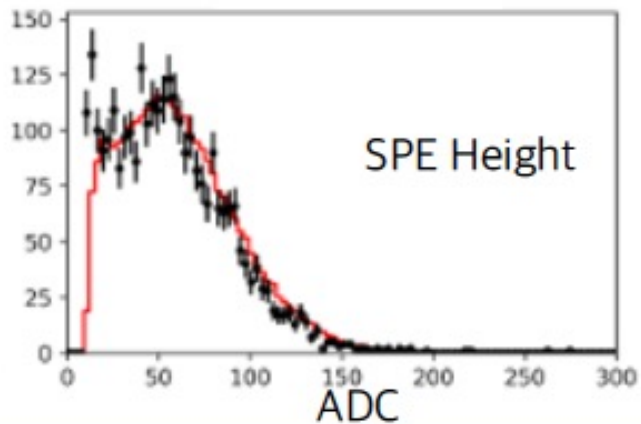
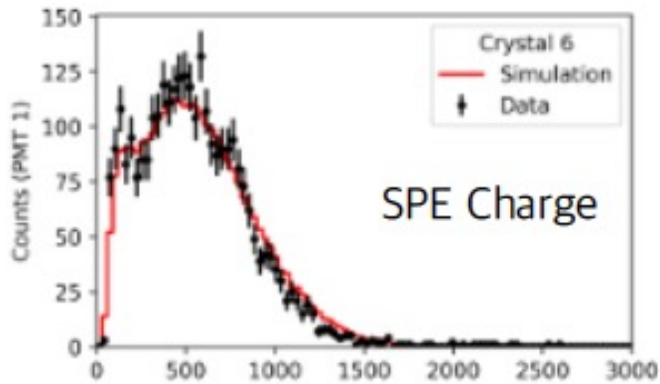
Importance of background understanding



- Precise understanding of the time-dependent background is crucial for the annual modulation analysis
- COSINE-100 is an unique experiment that has a precise background understanding from low-energy to high energy in the NaI(Tl) experiments
- Searches for dark sector particle in different energy region are possible

Ongoing works : Waveform simulation

Single photoelectron tuning



- **Waveform simulation** is developed to **describe** low-energy events (**sub-keV**)
- Simulation describe the data reasonably well
- Currently, the waveform simulation cross **checked the trigger/selection efficiencies**
- The waveform simulation will be used as **signal sample of the multivariable analysis**

COSINE-200 crystal development



**Purification
factory ~ 70 kg
powder load**

Powder purification performance

K.A. Shin et al., J. Rad. Nucl. Chem. 317, 1329 (2018)

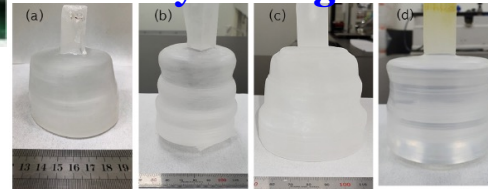
K.A. Shin et al., JINST 15, C07031 (2020)

K.A. Shin et al., Front. Phys. 11, 1142849 (2023)

	K (ppb)	Pb (ppb)	U (ppb)	Th (ppb)
Initial NaI	248	19.0	<0.01	<0.01
Purified NaI	<16	0.4	<0.01	<0.01

**We produced ~ 400 kg low-background NaI powder
(Maximum production rate ~ 100 kg/month)**

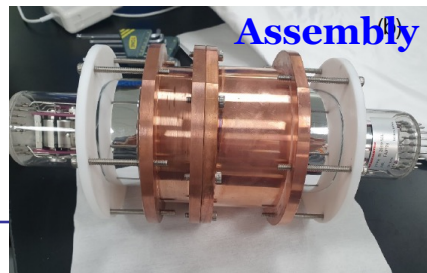
Crystal ingots



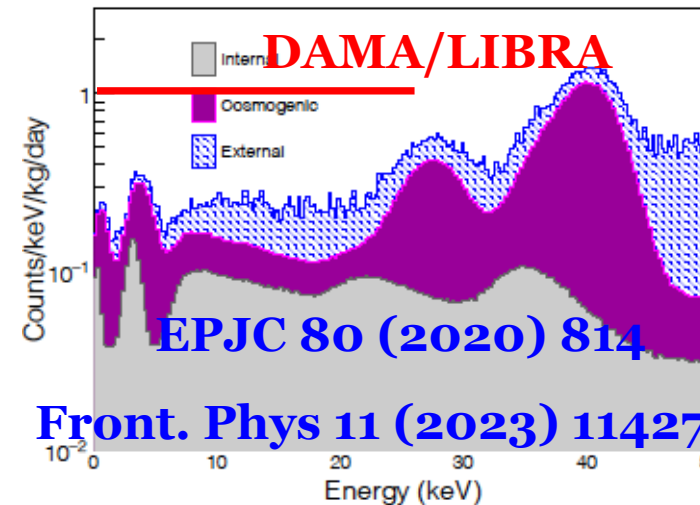
Machining



Assembly



**Test grower
~ 1kg ingot**

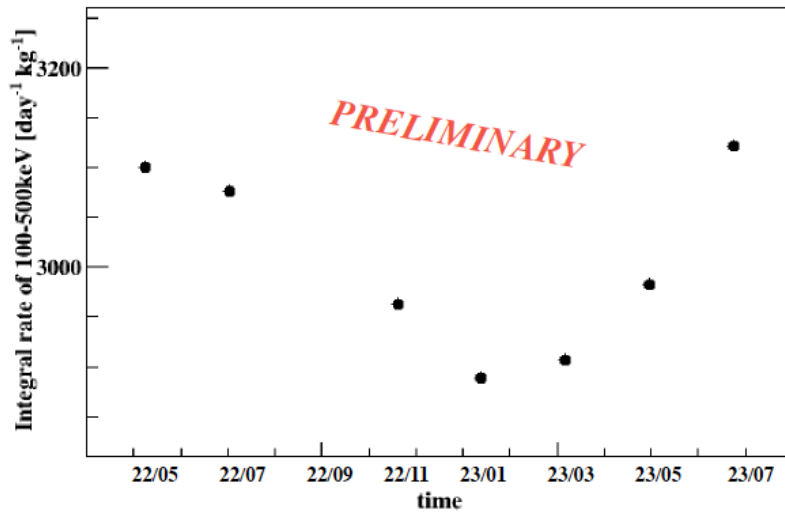


A proof of principle for low background NaI

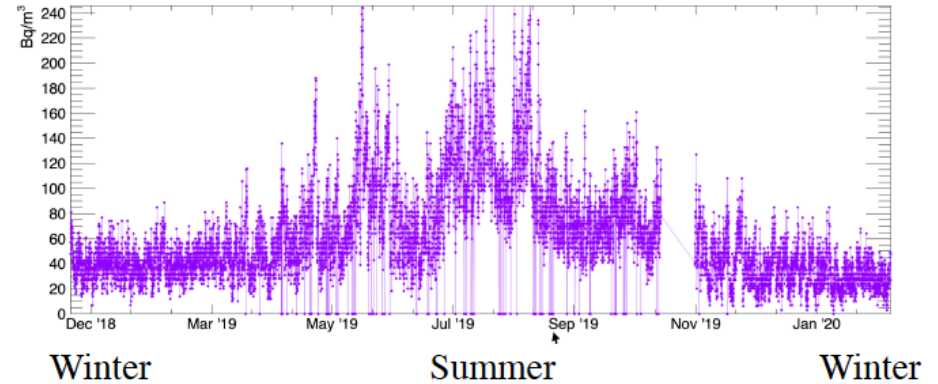
Large crystal growing is going on 54

NEON Event rate (100-500keV) over time

Single Hit



NEOS Rn measurement over time



Multiple Hit

