Gas systems for gaseous detectors

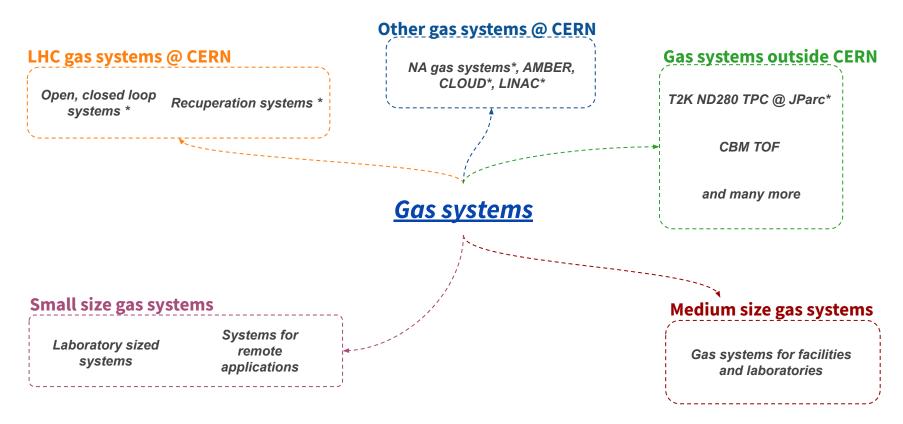
Gianluca Rigoletti

1st DRD1 Collaboration Meeting, 31/01/2024



EP-DT Detector Technologies

Outline



* Developed by CERN EP-DT



LHC Gas systems - overview

Gaseous detectors at CERN LHC experiments covers large surface areas (up to 5000-10000 m² and extensive volumes (from few m³ up to ~150 m³)

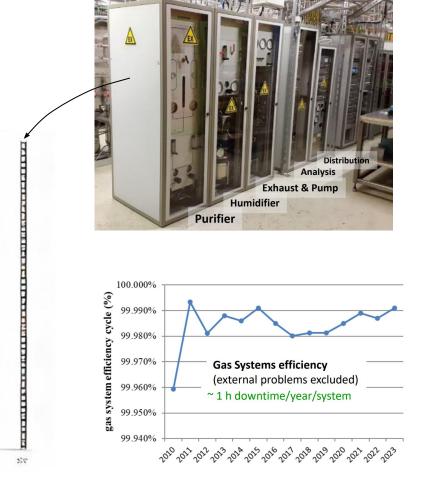
Gas systems for LHC

- 30+ installations
- More than 300 racks
- O(100 km) of pipes
- O(10⁴) sensors and actuators
- Running with CERN unified control system framework (UNICOS)

Gas systems provide

Detector Technologies

- Reliability \rightarrow 24/7 availability
- Automation \rightarrow industrial operation
- Stability \rightarrow ensure best detector performance

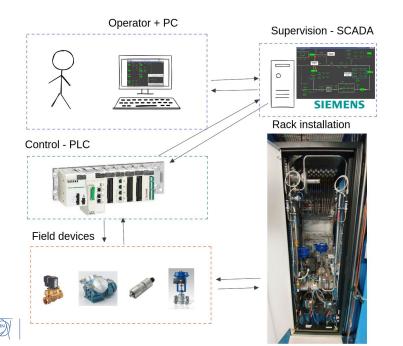


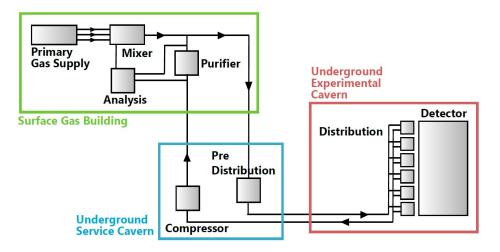
LHC Gas systems - modular design

Gas systems are organized in modules

Each module has a precise purpose

Standardization ⇒ reduces costs and person power, allows easier design, operation and maintenance





Gas Control Systems

Industrial **PLCs** and fieldbuses used for process reliability **SCADA** application used to both control and monitor Applications designed and generated from templates

Applications designed and generated from templates following the modular design

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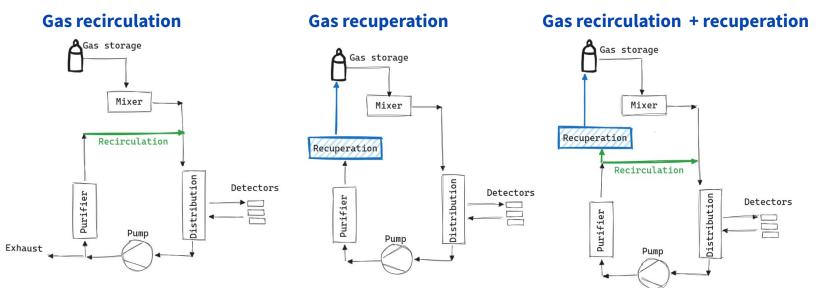
Recirculating and recuperating gas systems

Gas recirculation

- **Gas mixture** at the output of the detector is **reinjected** at the **input**
- Needed for both **small** and **large** installations, for expensive gases and GHGs

Gas recuperation

- "Separate" a gas components from a gas mixture
- Mainly targeting large installations with GHGs and/or expensive gases





Gas recuperation systems

Gas recuperation fundamental for expensive and GHG gases

- Suitable for large installations
- Different gases required different recuperation techniques
- Dedicated R&D needed

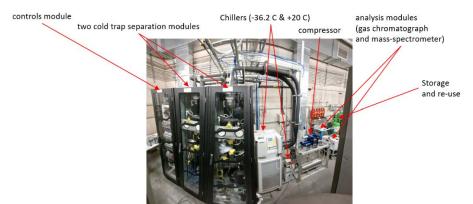
GHG Recuperation systems

- CMS RPC \Rightarrow R-134a (R&D ongoing for SF6)
- CMS CSC \Rightarrow CF4
- LHCb RICH1 \Rightarrow C4F10
- LHCb RICH2 \Rightarrow CF4

Other gas recuperation systems

- ALICE TRD \Rightarrow Xenon
- ATLAS TGC \Rightarrow N-Pentane
- ATLAS TRT \Rightarrow Xenon

CMS RPC R-134a recuperation



CMS CSC CF4 recuperation



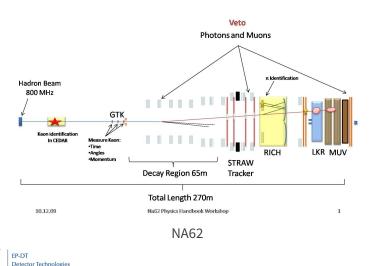
LHCb RICH1 C4F10 recuperation



Non LHC gas systems at CERN

Several gas systems for gaseous detectors present in other facilities and experiments

- NA61/SHINE \Rightarrow for timing RPCs
- NA62 ⇒ CEDAR, Straw tubes, RICH
- AMBER \Rightarrow MPGDs, Straws, RICH
- Test facilities (e.g. 904 for CMS, GIF++)





AMBER

Gas systems smaller than LHC

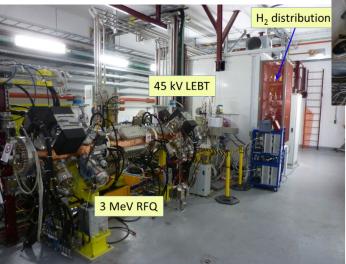
- Industrial components and controllers
- Modularization where possible
- Custom modules when required

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Gas systems for non gaseous detectors

Gas systems sometimes required for non gaseous detectors

- CLOUD ⇒ one of the biggest gas systems
- LINAC4 \Rightarrow one of the most critical gas systems
- Flushing ⇒ required for correct operation of pixels, trackers, calorimeters, etc.





CLOUD chamber

Gas Systems outside CERN

Small to large gas systems used also in other experiments and facilities. Few examples:

CBM TOF FAIR @ GSI

- Design done @ GSI for timing RPCs
- Includes gas recuperation for R-134a

I. Deppner, 66th INFN ELOISATRON WORKSHOP

T2K ND280 TPC

TPC gas system



T2K ND280 TPC @ JParc

- System designed and built at CERN
- Commissioned and tested at @JParc

Single modules often built for laboratories as well

- Mixer, humidifier modules for RPCs, MPGDs, etc.

Smaller gas systems for testing facilities

Several detector installations spread across testing facilities

- Few to tens detectors, few liters of volume
- Use of industrial components for reliability
- Need to validate detector operation under gas recirculation:
 - Extensive R&D studies on detector performance
 - Muon systems for future upgrades

Gas systems @ The Gamma Irradiation facility (GIF++)

- Small replicas of LHC gas systems
- More than 20 gas panels
- 7 Mixing units
- 4 recirculating systems
- 2 Infrared analyzer + 10 analyzers for O2 and H2O





Mini recirculating gas systems

Mini to micro recirculating gas systems

- Required for specific applications (harsh environment, safety rules)
- Could be used to save expensive or **greenhouse gases** also for **small** laboratories

Differences from medium-to-large gas systems

- Size of the gas systems: as small as possible
- Price of the components: should be reduced as much as possible for accessibility
- Alternatives to industrial controllers and components might be needed to reduce costs
- **Components** should be **validated** for their use with gaseous detectors

Ongoing design and development from different groups

- Targeting **different detectors** types and different applications
- Ongoing collaboration between CEA Saclay and CERN EP-DT to develop new systems ⇒ knowledge sharing

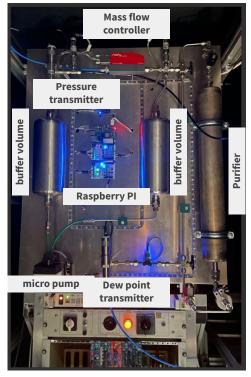


Muon system for pyramids by CEA, D. Attié

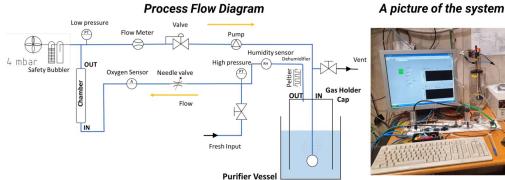


EEE telescope installation, D. De Gruttola

Examples of small recirculating gas systems

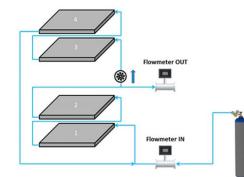


uloop for spark chamber at the **CERN** Science gateway Ne/He 70/30





Rome Tor Vergata recirculation system for RPCs (B. Liberti, E. Pastori) \Rightarrow RPCs (R-134a/SF6/iso + H2O)





CEA Recirculation system \Rightarrow MPGDs (Ar/CO2/iso)

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Conclusions

Gas systems are fundamental for detector operations

- Every gaseous detector installation requires a gas system
- LHC Modules designed and built with **industrial components** for robustness and reliability
- Modules allows **standardization**
- Recirculation and recuperation allow sparing GHG and expensive gases
- Recuperation systems require dedicated development

Gas systems are also needed for medium sized experiments and facilities

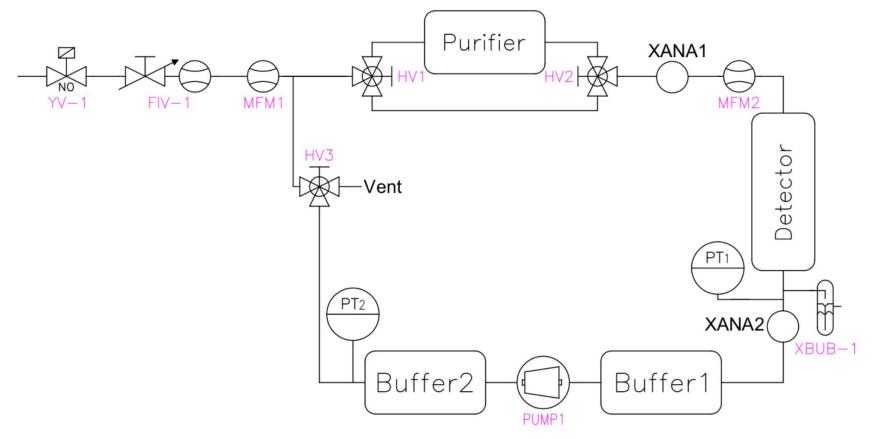
- Few to tens of chamber volumes
- Gas recirculation used to spare GHG and to emulate LHC-like conditions

Several applications for small recirculating systems

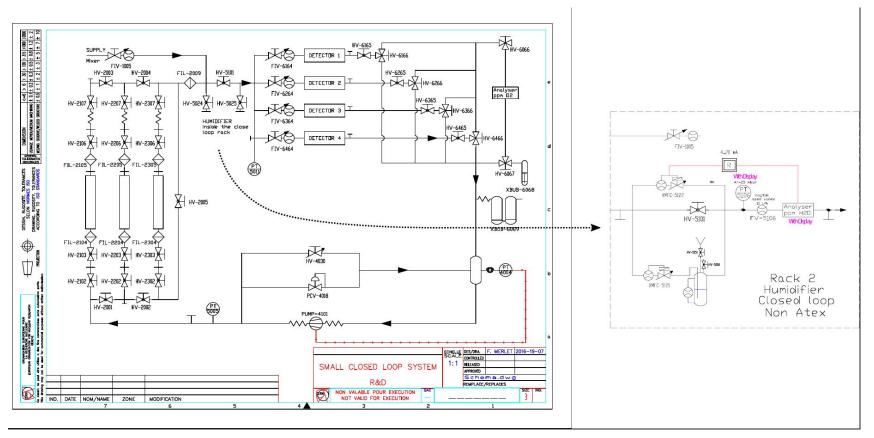
- Useful in **special** applications (e.g. remote/nuclear sites) as well as **laboratories**, **institutes**, **small facilities**
- Can be adopted where gas prices are less accessible (e.g. small labs, schools)
- Lot of effort from different communities ⇒ synergy between institutes, collaboration opportunities



CERN general micro loop system

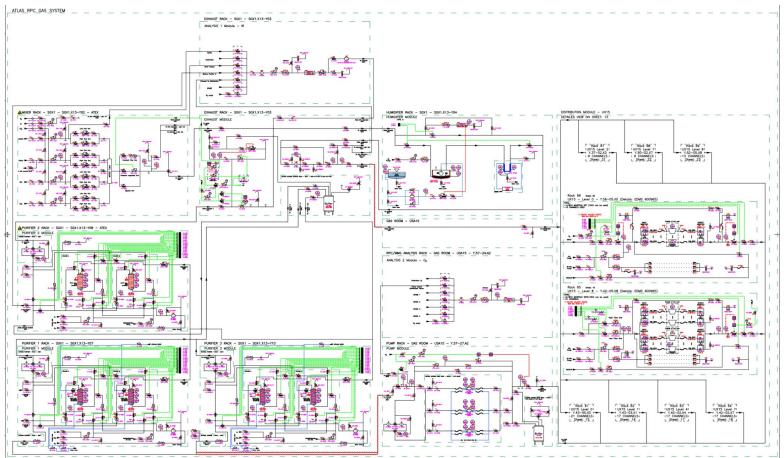


CERN schema for RPC R&D gas system @ GIF++

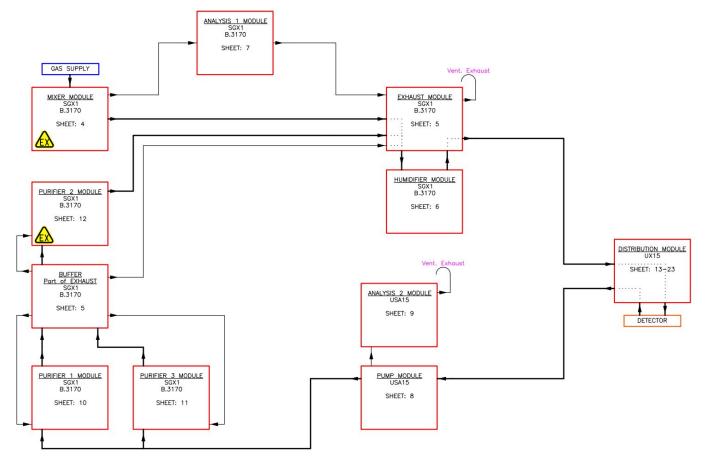


CERN)

Modules of a large CERN LHC gas system (ATLAS RPC)



Modules of a large CERN LHC gas system (ATLAS RPC)



CERN EP-DT Detector Technologies