

# Electroweak multi-boson production and scattering

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**QCD@LHC 2024**

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- 1 Introduction
- 2 Electroweak vector-boson scattering at the LHC
- 3 Triple-vector-boson production
- 4 Polarised vector bosons
- 5 Conclusion
- 6 Backup

Focus of talk on recent results in

- Vector-boson scattering (VBS)
- triple vector boson ( $VVV$ ) production
- polarised vector-boson production  $\Rightarrow$  see also talk by Giovanni Pelliccioli

Experiments use general purpose codes, like SHERPA, MADGRAPH5\_AMC@NLO or dedicated codes like VBF@NLO.

For complicated processes, these typically include

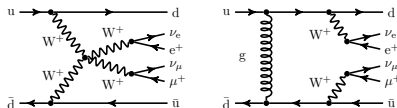
- NLO QCD corrections including parton-shower matching etc.
- no NLO EW corrections

Multi-boson and VBS processes

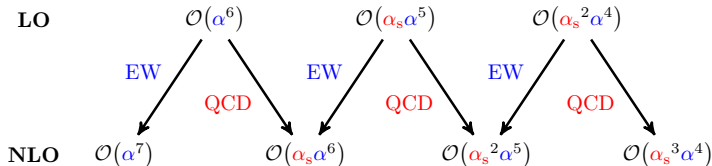
- receive large EW corrections
- require dedicated calculations

Example:  $pp \rightarrow 4\ell jj$  (vector-boson scattering:  $pp \rightarrow VVjj$ )

LO: pure EW diagrams  $\mathcal{O}(e^6)$  and  
diagrams with gluons  $\mathcal{O}(e^4 g_s^2)$



NLO: EW and QCD corrections to both types of diagrams  
at level of cross section:



consequences:

- QCD and EW corrections cannot be separated in general
- QCD corr. to EW LO overlap with EW corrections to LO interference
- consider complete (well-defined) orders  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^n \alpha^m)$

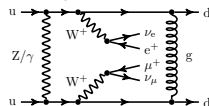
Virtual diagrams mix QCD and EW corrections:

- EW correction to LO QCD amplitude
- QCD correction to LO EW amplitude
- QED and QCD IR singularities

⇒ separation into QCD and EW is not well-defined at NLO

both real gluon and real photon bremsstrahlung needed!

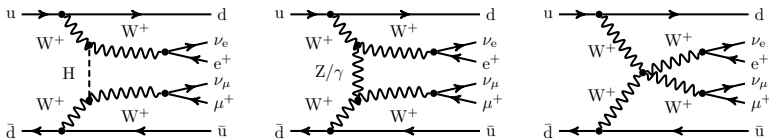
example from VBS



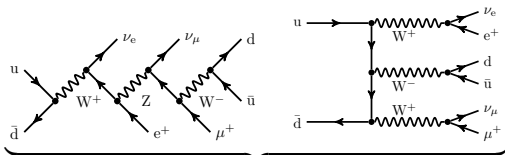
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Example process:  $pp \rightarrow W^+W^+ + 2j \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu e^+ \nu_e + 2j$

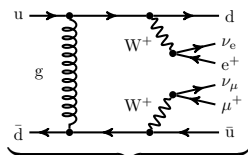
Vector-boson scattering (VBS) topologies:  $\mathcal{O}(g^6)$  all  $t$  channel ( $u$  channel)



irreducible background to VBS:



EW background  $\mathcal{O}(g^6)$ ,  $s$  channel (also  $t$  channel)



QCD background  $\mathcal{O}(g_s^2 g^4)$   
 $t$  channel (also  $s$  channel)

$t$  channel: incoming quarks/antiquarks connected to outgoing quarks/antiquarks

$u$  channel: exchange identical quarks/antiquarks in final state

$s$  channel: incoming quark and anti-quark connected, all boson propagators time like

## VBS approximation

Figy, Oleari, Zeppenfeld '03, Jäger, Oleari, Zeppenfeld '09

- Neglect interferences between  $t$ - and  $u$ -channel contributions and all  $s$ -channel contributions  
 ⇒ keep only squares of  $t$ - and  $u$ -channel contributions
  - calculation simplifies considerably  
 ( $\sim 1000$  loop diagrams per channel at  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s \alpha^6)$  instead of  $\sim 40000$  at  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^7)$ )
  - only applicable to order  $\alpha^6$  and corresponding corrections for VBS cuts (tailored to VBS processes, not applicable to  $\alpha_s^2 \alpha^4$  irreducible background)
  - EW and QCD corrections to VBS uniquely defined (interferences neglected by definition!)
  - VBS approximation works within  $\lesssim 1\%$  at LO for  $M_{jj} > 500$  GeV  
 Denner, Hošeková, Kallweit 1209.2389, Ballestrero et al. 1803.07943
  - VBS approximation fails for NLO QCD corrections for small  $M_{jj}$ 
    - $\sim 6\%$  for  $pp \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu e^+ \nu_e jj$  and  $M_{jj} \sim 500$  GeV 1803.07943
    - $s$  channel contributes  $\sim 20\%$  for  $pp \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- e^+ e^- jj$  and  $M_{jj} \gtrsim 100$  GeV
- ⇒ contribution to theoretical error 2009.00411



## Calculations for massive VBS within the SM (for references see backup)

- all processes known at NLO QCD accuracy matched to QCD PS
  - for both QCD-/EW-induced process
  - all available in VBFNLO
  - all available in POWHEG-BOX  $\Rightarrow$  parton-shower (PS) matching
  - often in VBS approximation (no int.,  $s$  channel sometimes included)
  - possible to generate in MG5\_AMC@NLO or SHERPA
- NLO EW corrections known for  $W^\pm W^\pm$ , WZ, ZZ, and  $W^+W^-$  with leptonic decays  
 NLO EW matched to QED PS and interfaced to QCD PS for  $W^\pm W^\pm$  in POWHEG-BOX-RES
- full NLO computation only for  $W^+W^+$  and ZZ with leptonic decays
- NLO results for polarised  $W^+W^+$  with leptonic decays
- no NLO results for hadronically decaying vector bosons
- no NNLO results known

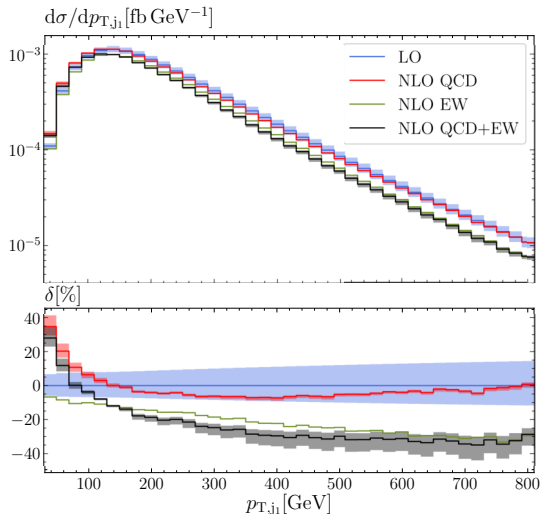
## Large NLO EW corrections to VBS processes

process	$\sigma_{\text{LO}}^{\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)}$ [fb]	$\Delta\sigma_{\text{NLO,EW}}^{\mathcal{O}(\alpha^7)}$ [fb]	$\delta_{\text{EW}}$ [%]
Biedermann et al. 1708.00268 pp $\rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu e^+ \nu_e jj$ ( $W^+W^+$ )	(Dittmaier et al. 2308.16716) 1.4178(2)	-0.2169(3)	-15.3
Denner et al. 1904.0088 pp $\rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- e^+ \nu_e jj$ ( $ZW^+$ )	0.25511(1)	-0.04091(2)	-16.0
Denner et al. 2009.00411 pp $\rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- e^+ e^- jj$ ( $ZZ$ )	0.097681(2)	-0.015573(5)	-15.9
Denner et al. 2202.10844 pp $\rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- e^+ e^- jj$ ( $W^+W^-$ )	2.6988(3)	-0.307(1)	-11.4

- EW corrections similar for all processes and rather independent of cuts  
 $\Rightarrow$  intrinsic feature of VBS process
- smaller corrections to  $W^+W^-$  due to Higgs resonance in fiducial phase space  
 (Higgs contribution about 25%, corresponding EW corrections -6.5%)
- NLO EW corrections to fiducial cross section well described by simple logarithmic approximation (Sudakov approximation  $s, |t|, |u| \gg M_W^2$ )
- NLO EW corrections to distributions not well described by simple Sudakov approximation

## Distribution in transverse momentum of the leading jet

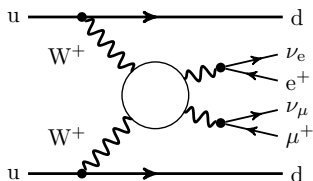
Denner et al. 1904.00882



- $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^7) \sim -30\%$   
at  $p_{T,j1} = 800$  GeV  
(Sudakov logarithms)  
dominant correction  
larger than QCD scale  
uncertainty
- $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s \alpha^6) \lesssim 10\%$   
for  $p_{T,j1} > 100$  GeV  
small QCD scale uncertainty  
owing to suitable dynamical  
scale  $\mu = \sqrt{p_{T,j1} p_{T,j2}}$
- large correction for small  
 $p_{T,j1}$  due to phase-space  
suppression at LO  
(all jets have small  $p_T$ )  
redistribution of events at  
NLO

Double-pole approximation (DPA) for outgoing W bosons  
 effective vector-boson approximation (EVBA) for incoming W bosons

- DPA and EVBA reduce discussion to  $V_1 V_2 \rightarrow V_3 V_4$
- DPA accurate for cross section within 1%
- EVBA crude approximation ( $\sim 50\%$ )  
 Kuss, Spiesberger '96, Dittmaier et al. '23  
 sufficient to understand dominant effects



high-energy, logarithmic approximation for  $V_1 V_2 \rightarrow V_3 V_4$  Denner, Pozzorini '00

$$d\sigma_{LL} = d\sigma_{LO} \left[ 1 - \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} 4C_W^{EW} \log^2 \left( \frac{Q^2}{M_W^2} \right) + \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} 2b_W^{EW} \log \left( \frac{Q^2}{M_W^2} \right) \right]$$

$$C_W^{EW} = \frac{2}{s_w^2}, \quad b_W^{EW} = \frac{19}{6s_w^2} \quad \text{for transverse W bosons,} \quad Q \rightarrow M_{4\ell}$$

(double EW logs, collinear single EW logs, and single logs from parameter renormalisation included) (angular-dependent logarithms omitted,  $\log \frac{t}{u} \log \frac{Q}{M_W}$ )

large NLO EW corrections intrinsic feature of VBS

## Simple formula for total cross section

$$d\sigma_{LL} = d\sigma_{LO} \left[ 1 - \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} 4C_W^{EW} \log^2 \left( \frac{Q^2}{M_W^2} \right) + \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} 2b_W^{EW} \log \left( \frac{Q^2}{M_W^2} \right) \right]$$

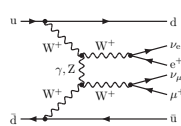
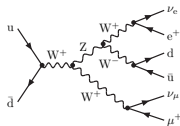
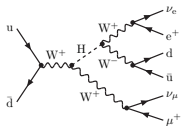
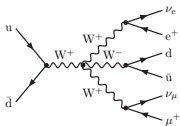
process	$\delta_{EW}$ [%]	$\delta_{EW}^{\log, \text{int}}$ [%]	$\delta_{EW}^{\log, \text{diff}}$ [%]	$\langle M_{4\ell} \rangle$ [GeV]
$pp \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu e^+ \nu_e jj$	<b>-16.0</b>	-16.1	-15.0	<b>390</b>
$pp \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- e^+ \nu_e jj$	<b>-16.0</b>	-17.5	-16.4	<b>413</b>
$pp \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- e^+ e^- jj$	<b>-15.9</b>	-15.8	-14.8	<b>385</b>

- **surprisingly good agreement with complete calculation** ( $E = 13 \text{ TeV}$ )
- large EW corrections are due to large gauge couplings of vector bosons ( $C^{EW}$ ) and large scale  $Q \sim \langle M_{4\ell} \rangle \sim 400 \text{ GeV}$
- **angular-dependent logarithms** different for different processes  
 $\sim 1\text{--}2\%$  owing to cancellations

large NLO EW corrections intrinsic feature of VBS

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- Sensitive to quartic (and triple) gauge couplings
- involves Higgs production decaying to 4 fermions  
 $\Rightarrow$  sensitive to EWSB
- purely leptonic final states:
  - only one coupling order at LO (no  $\alpha_s$ )
  - QCD corrections simple (only initial state)
  - very small cross section  $\sigma \sim 0.1 \text{ fb}$
- semileptonic final states: share final states with VBS processes
  - same calculational complexity and same matrix elements
  - different phase-space regions / cuts
  - VBS becomes irreducible background
  - small cross section  $\sigma \sim 1 \text{ fb}$



## Calculations for off-shell massive $VVV$ production in the SM:

- NLO QCD corrections to  $VVV$  matched to QCD PS:
  - available in VBFNLO [Baglio et al. 1404.3940](#) for leptonic and semileptonic decays (one hadronically decaying vector boson)
  - available within SHERPA [Höche et al. 1403.7516](#)
- NLO EW corrections for leptonic final states:
  - [Madgraph 1804.10017](#) (on-shell  $VVV$ )
  - [Schönherr 1806.00307](#), [Dittmaier, Knippen, Schwan 1912.04117](#) (WWW)
- NLO EW corrections for semi-leptonic final states:
  - [Denner et al. 2406.11516](#) [ $W^+W^+W^- \rightarrow e^+\nu_e\mu^+\nu_\mu jj$ ]
  - [Denner et al. 2407.21558](#) [ $W^+ZV \rightarrow e^+\nu_e\mu^+\mu^- jj$ ]
- no NLO results for polarised bosons
- no NNLO results

## Calculations for off-shell $VV\gamma$ production in the SM:

- NLO QCD and EW corrections for leptonic final states:
  - [Cheng, Wackerroth 2112.12052](#) [ $W^+Z\gamma \rightarrow e^+\nu_e\mu^+\mu^-\gamma$ ]



Denner, Pellen, Schönherr, Schumann 2406.11516

semi-leptonic final state:  $e^+\nu_e\mu^+\nu_\mu jj$

in triboson phase space

- full fixed-order off-shell NLO QCD+EW calculation  
using MOCANLO and RECOLA
- comparison between off-shell result and sum of relevant on-shell channels  
from SHERPA with LO decays
- calculation matched to QCD parton shower  
using SHERPA and RECOLA including
  - NLO QCD corrections to  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$  and  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2\alpha^4)$  matched to parton shower  
interference contribution of  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s\alpha^5)$  neglected  
interference between  $s$  and  $t/u$  channels at  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$  neglected (small)
  - approximate NLO virtual EW corrections in  $EW_{\text{virt}}$  approximation to LO EW  
no EW corrections to LO QCD (small)  
no corrections from photon-induced processes
  - QED corrections for final-state fermions via YFS formalism  
(standard QCD MC@NLO matching)

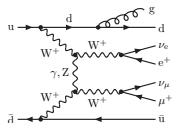
$$pp \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \mu^+ \nu_\mu jj$$

Denner, Pellen, Schönherr, Schumann 2406.11516

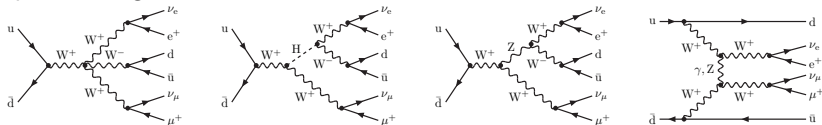
Contributing subprocesses at  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$

subprocess	LO fraction	NLO fraction
$W^+W^+W^-$	53%	48%
$W^+H$	41%	40%
$W^+Z$	$< 10^{-4}\%$	$< 10^{-5}\%$
$W^+W^+$ VBS	3%	8%
off-shell contr.	3%	4%

- large NLO contribution of VBS  
owing to events where radiated gluon plays role  
of leading jet evading  $M_{jj} < 160 \text{ GeV}$  cut
- no QCD corrections to decays included in on-shell calculations

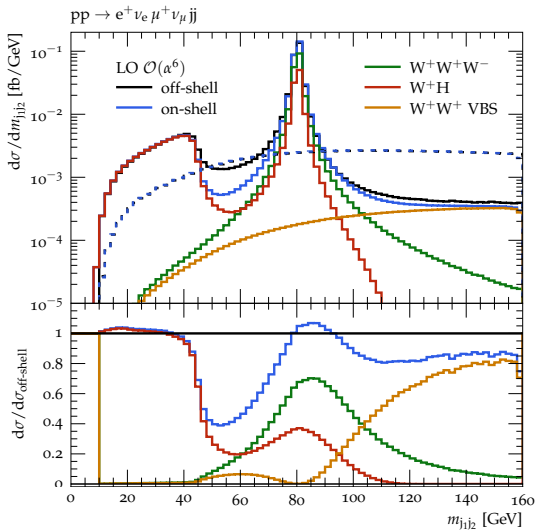


sample LO diagrams



$$pp \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \mu^+ \nu_\mu jj$$

Denner, Pellen, Schönherr, Schumann 2406.11516

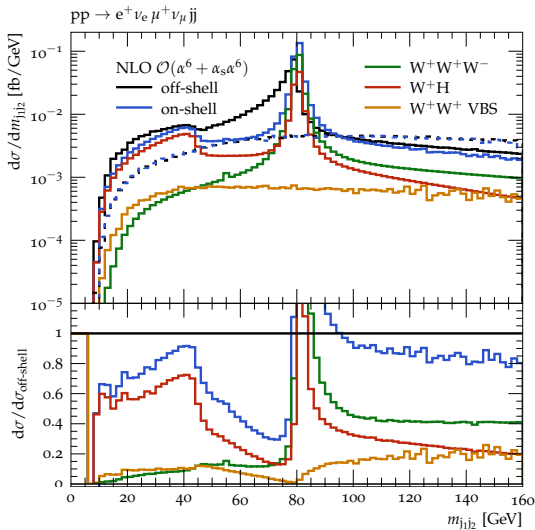


Distribution in  
invariant mass of jet pair  
on-shell approximation at LO

- misses up to 60%  
(for  $m_{jj} \approx 50$  GeV)  
(in addition to  $W \rightarrow jj$  one further W or Higgs boson off shell!)
- overestimates result close to  $M_W$  and below 40 GeV
- VBS becomes dominant for large  $m_{jj}$

$$pp \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \mu^+ \nu_\mu jj$$

Denner, Pellen, Schönherr, Schumann 2406.11516



Distribution in  
invariant mass of jet pair  
on-shell approximation at NLO  
QCD

- enhanced close to and above  $M_W$
- strongly suppressed for  $M_H - M_W \lesssim m_{j_1j_2} \lesssim M_W$ 
  - in addition to  $W \rightarrow j_1j_2$  one further W or Higgs boson off shell!
  - filled by final-state radiation in off-shell calculation
- VBS enhanced below  $M_W$

Differences increase at NLO!

## Full NLO for $pp \rightarrow e^+\nu_e\mu^+\nu_\mu jj$

Denner et al. 1708.00268, 2406.11516, Dittmaier et al. 2308.16716

### Result of full LO calculation

order	PS	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s\alpha^5)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2\alpha^4)$	sum
$\sigma_{\text{LO}}[\text{fb}]$	VVV	0.78549(9)	0.00732(1)	0.25925(3)	1.05206(9)
$\sigma/\sigma_{\text{LO}}^{\text{sum}}[\%]$	VVV	74.7	0.7	24.6	100
$\sigma_{\text{LO}}[\text{fb}]$	VBS	1.4178(2)(9)	0.04815(2)	0.17229(5)	1.6382(2)
$\sigma/\sigma_{\text{LO}}^{\text{sum}}[\%]$	VBS	86.5	2.9	10.5	100

irreducible QCD background larger for VVV production

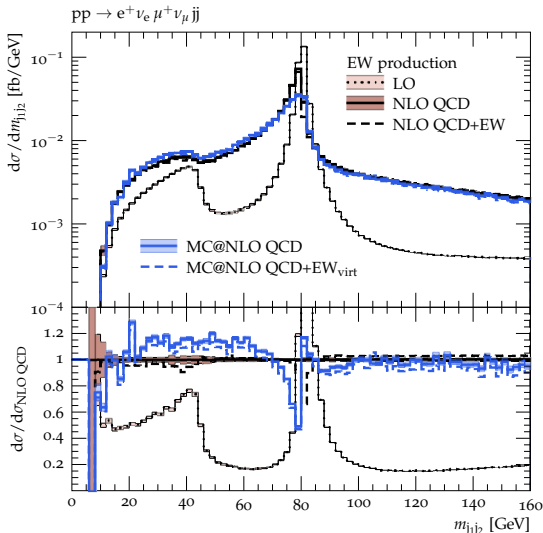
### Result of full NLO calculation

order	PS	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^7)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s\alpha^6)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2\alpha^5)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3\alpha^4)$	sum
$\delta\sigma[\text{fb}]$	VVV	-0.035(1)	0.305(1)	-0.0032(3)	0.2260(3)	0.493(2)
$\delta\sigma/\sigma_{\text{LO}}^{\text{sum}}[\%]$	VVV	-3.4	29.0	-0.30	21.5	46.9
$\delta\sigma[\text{fb}]$	VBS	-0.2169(3)	-0.0568(5)	0.0047(2)	-0.0063(4)	-0.2804(7)
$\delta\sigma/\sigma_{\text{LO}}^{\text{sum}}[\%]$	VBS	-13.2	-3.5	0.3	-0.4	-17.1

- NLO EW corrections much smaller for VVV production than for VBS
- NLO QCD corrections of  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s\alpha^6)$  and  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3\alpha^4)$  larger for VVV production

$$pp \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \mu^+ \nu_\mu jj$$

Denner, Pellen, Schönherr, Schumann 2406.11516



Effects of PS matching  
on EW production mode:

fiducial cross section

- reduced by 7%
- EW corrections change from  $-3.2\%$  to  $-4.3\%$  ( $+1.9\%$  of photon-induced contribution not included in EW<sub>virt</sub>)

distribution in  
invariant mass of jet pair

- reduction by 5% above  $M_W$
- increase by up to 15% below  $M_W$

multiple emissions migrate events  
from higher to lower invariant  
masses

Semi-leptonic final state:  $e^+ \nu_e \mu^+ \mu^- jj$   
 fixed-order off-shell NLO QCD+EW calculation

Denner et al. 2407.21558

Result of full LO calculation

order	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s \alpha^5)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2 \alpha^4)$	sum
$\sigma_{LO} [\text{ab}]$	50.230(2)	8.144(2)	847.7(5)	906.0(5)
$\sigma/\sigma_{LO}^{\text{sum}} [\%]$	5.54	0.90	93.56	100.00

very large irreducible QCD background

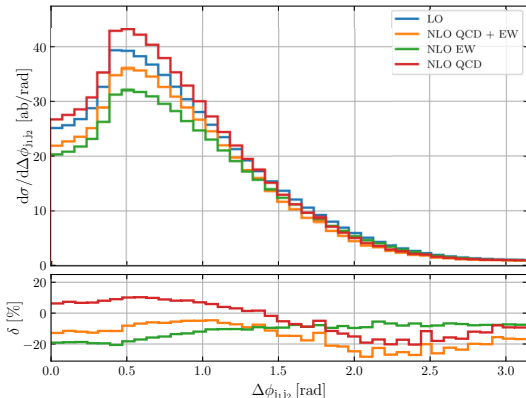
Result of NLO calculation

order	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^7)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s \alpha^6)$
$\delta\sigma [\text{ab}]$	-7.20(5)	2.17(6)
$\delta\sigma/\sigma_{LO}^{\alpha^6} [\%]$	-14.3	4.3

- NLO EW correction for  $VVV$  production almost as large as for VBS (-16.0%)  
 results from high average partonic COM energy, partially owing to cuts
- photon-induced processes contribute less than 2%
- small NLO QCD correction results from cancellations between  $q\bar{q}$ ,  $qq/\bar{q}\bar{q}$ , and  $qg$   
 channels (-14%, +8%, +11%)

# Azimuthal-angle difference of jets for $pp \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \mu^+ \mu^- jj$

Denner, Lombardi, Lopez, Pelliccioli 2407.21558



- cancellations between EW and QCD corrections
- corrections vary by 15% and 30%
- small  $\Delta\phi_{j_1j_2}$  correlated to large energy of jet pair



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## Motivation

- polarised vector bosons are important probes of EW symmetry breaking

**Method:** definition of polarisation at amplitude level

⇒ talk by Giovanni Pelliccioli

- applicable to arbitrary processes and multiple resonances  
at LO, NLO QCD and EW and beyond
- extract contributions of resonant vector bosons via pole expansion
- separate polarisation modes via projectors in numerators of propagators
- definition of polarisation depends on reference frame  
preferred choice: centre-of-mass system of vector bosons
- use of spin-correlated narrow-width approximation (NWA) also possible

Method allows to separate

- polarised cross sections in arbitrary frames
- interference contributions between polarisations
- irreducible background.

All contributions that are not small need to be taken into account!

## Massive diboson production with leptonic decays (for references see backup)

- NLO QCD corrections for all processes  $W^+W^-$ ,  $WZ$ ,  $ZZ$
- PS matching available via POWHEG-BOX-RES
- NLO EW corrections for all processes  $W^+W^-$ ,  $WZ$ ,  $ZZ$
- NNLO QCD results for  $W^+W^-$

## Massive diboson production with semi-leptonic decays within the SM

- NLO QCD results for  $ZW \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-jj$

## Massive VBS within the SM

- LO results exist within PHANTOM
- NLO QCD+EW results for  $W^+W^+$  scattering

## Implementation in Monte Carlo generators

- MADGRAPH5\_AMC@NLO: spin-correlated NWA at LO
- SHERPA: approximate NLO QCD in NWA

$pp \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \mu^+ \nu_\mu + jj$ 

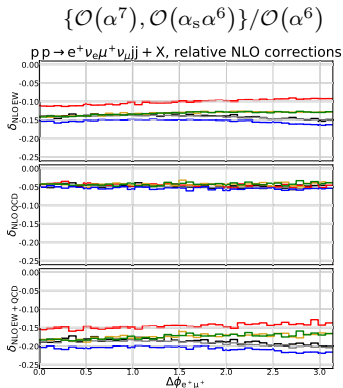
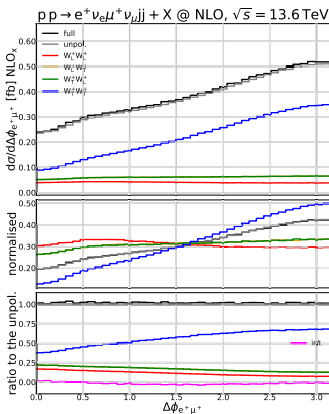
Denner, Haitz, Pelliccioli 2409.03620

state	$\sigma_{\text{LO}}$ [fb]	$\delta_{\text{EW}}$	$\delta_{\text{QCD}}$	$\delta_{\text{NLO}}$	$\sigma_{\text{NLO}}$ [fb]	$f_{\text{NLO}}$ [%]
	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$	$\mathcal{O}\left(\frac{\alpha^7}{\alpha^6}\right)$	$\mathcal{O}\left(\frac{\alpha_s \alpha^6}{\alpha^6}\right)$			
full	1.4863(1) $^{+9.2\%}_{-7.8\%}$	-0.140	-0.047	-0.188	1.208(1) $^{+1.6\%}_{-3.1\%}$	102.0
unp.	1.46455(9) $^{+9.2\%}_{-7.8\%}$	-0.142	-0.050	-0.192	1.1836(5) $^{+1.7\%}_{-3.3\%}$	100.0
LL	0.14879(1) $^{+8.3\%}_{-7.2\%}$	-0.101	-0.044	-0.145	0.12715(8) $^{+1.0\%}_{-2.1\%}$	10.7
LT	0.23209(2) $^{+9.1\%}_{-7.8\%}$	-0.131	-0.042	-0.173	0.1919(1) $^{+1.4\%}_{-2.8\%}$	16.2
TL	0.23208(2) $^{+9.1\%}_{-7.8\%}$	-0.131	-0.042	-0.173	0.1918(1) $^{+1.4\%}_{-2.8\%}$	16.2
TT	0.87702(7) $^{+9.4\%}_{-8.0\%}$	-0.154	-0.054	-0.208	0.6944(4) $^{+1.9\%}_{-3.7\%}$	58.7
int.	-0.0254(1) $^{+8.9\%}_{-10.6\%}$	-0.139	-0.007	-0.147	-0.0217(7) $^{+1.6\%}_{-0.7\%}$	-1.8

- irreducible background (2.0%) consistent with DPA accuracy
- small interferences (-1.8%)
- NLO EW corrections range from -15.4% for TT to -10.1% for LL  
different prefactors of Sudakov double and single logarithms!

## Azimuthal-angle difference of the charged leptons

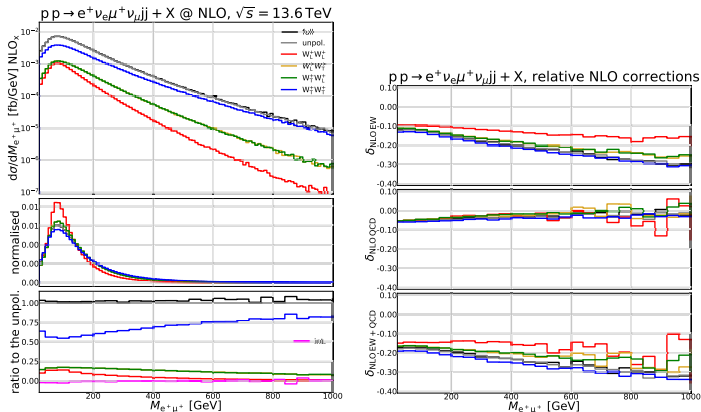
Denner et al. 2409.03620



- Observable well suited to distinguish between polarised signals
- LL polarisation fraction increases to 20% for small  $\Delta\phi_{e^+ \mu^+}$
- NLO corrections depend only weakly on  $\Delta\phi_{e^+ \mu^+}$

## Invariant mass of the charged lepton pair

Denner et al. 2409.03620



- Distribution drops faster for longitudinal W bosons
- normalised shapes depend on polarisation
- LL polarisation fraction decreases to 1% for large  $M_{e^+ \mu^+}$
- NLO corrections differ for different polarised modes

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## Theory status for multi-boson processes (including decays)

- NLO QCD matched to QCD PS available in Monte Carlo event generators include partially EW corrections
- NLO EW corrections calculable with dedicated tools
  - many results exist for leptonic final states
  - first results for semi-leptonic final states
- NLO EW corrections typically 5–16% for fiducial cross sections
- larger EW corrections
  - in radiative tails ( $> 100\%$ )
  - in high-energy tails of distributions [ $\mathcal{O}(40\%)$ ]
- EW corrections in logarithmic approximation (plus improvements) implemented in automated tools  $\Rightarrow$  approximative treatment of corrections should be checked with complete calculations if possible
- methods for EW corrections with polarised vector bosons established
  - many results for VV production available
  - first results for VBS obtained (like-sign WW scattering)

More results to come!



*Thank You!*

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## NLO EW matrix element providers

tool	collaboration	
GOSAM	Chiesa et al.	1407.0823
MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO	Frixione et al.	1804.10017
NLOX	Honeywell et al.	1812.11925, 2101.01305
OPENLOOPS	Pozzorini et al.	1907.13071
RECOLA	Actis et al.	1211.6316, 1605.01090

2 → 6 and simpler processes routinely available.

More complicated processes require dedicated calculations!

- Full LO predictions: Ballestrero, Franzosi, Maina '10 (PHANTOM)

## NLO QCD separately for EW ( $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$ ) and QCD-induced production ( $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2\alpha^4)$ )

- NLO QCD corrections to EW production in VBS approximation:
  - Jäger, Oleari, Zeppenfeld (+ Bozzi) '06, '07, '09 (VBFNLO);
  - Denner, Hošeková, Kallweit '12
  - PS matching: Jäger, Zanderighi '11, '13 + Karlberg '14 ( $W^+W^\pm, ZZ$ )  
Rauch, Plätzer '16 ( $W^+W^-$ ), Jäger, Karlberg, Scheller '18, '24 ( $WZ$ )
- NLO QCD corrections to QCD production:
  - Melia, Melnikov, Rötsch, Zanderighi '10, '11 ( $W^+W^+$ ); Greiner et al. '12 ( $W^+W^-$ );
  - Campanario, Kerner, Ninh, Zeppenfeld '13, '14 (VBFNLO) ( $W^+W^+, WZ, ZZ$ )
  - PS matching: Melia, Nason, Rötsch, Zanderighi '11 ( $W^+W^\pm, WZ, ZZ$ )
- EW corrections for complete processes  $pp \rightarrow 4f + 2j$ 
  - NLO EW and QCD corrections for VBS into  $W^+W^\pm, W^+Z, ZZ$   
Biedermann et al. '16; Denner et al. '19, '20, '22; Dittmaier et al. '23
  - full NLO corrections to VBS into  $W^+W^+$  and  $ZZ$   
Biedermann, Denner, Pellen '17; Denner, Franken, Pellen, Schmidt '21
  - NLO EW matched to QED PS and interfaced to QCD PS for  $W^\pm W^\pm$   
within POWHEG-BOX-RES Chiesa, Denner, Lang, Pellen '19

## Fixed-order results at (N)NLO

- results at LO for VBS for  $ss$ -WW, WZ, ZZ,  $os$ -WW  
 Ballestrero, Maina, Pelliccioli '17, '19, '20 [PHANTOM]
- results at NLO QCD for
  - $pp \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu e^+ \nu_e (W^+ W^-)$  Denner, Pelliccioli 2006.14867
  - $pp \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- e^+ \nu_e (W^+ Z)$  Denner, Pelliccioli 2010.07149
  - $pp \rightarrow jj \ell^+ \ell^- (W^+ Z)$  Denner, Haitz, Pelliccioli 2211.09040
- results at NLO EW for
  - $pp \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- e^+ e^- (ZZ)$  Denner, Pelliccioli 2107.06579
  - $pp \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- e^+ \nu_e (W^+ Z)$  Baglio, Dao, Le 2203.01470, 2208.09232
  - $pp \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu (WW)$  Denner, Pelliccioli 2311.16031, Dao, Le 2311.17027
  - $pp \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \mu^+ \nu_\mu jj (W^+ W^+ jj)$  Denner, Haitz, Pelliccioli 2409.03620
- results at NNLO QCD for
  - $pp \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu e^+ \nu_e (W^+ W^-)$  (DPA and NWA) Poncelet, Popescu 2102.13583

## Implementation in Monte Carlo generators

- MADGRAPH5\_AMC@NLO: spin-correlated narrow-width approximation (NWA), LO Franzosi, Mattelaer, Ruiz, Shil 1912.01725
- SHERPA: approximate NLO QCD (NWA) Hoppe, Schönherr, Siebert 2310.14803
- POWHEG-BOX-RES: diboson processes at NLO QCD  
 Pelliccioli, Zanderighi 2311.05220

Energy: 13 TeV

Biedermann, Denner, Pellen 1708.00268

## PDFs

NNPDF3.0QED [Ball et al. 1308.0598, 1410.8849](#)

factorisation and renormalisation scales:  $\mu_F = \mu_R = \sqrt{p_{T,j1} p_{T,j2}}$

## Recombination / jet clustering

Anti- $k_T$  algorithm for jets with  $R = 0.4$  [Cacciari, Salam, Soyez 0802.1189](#)

recombination of photons with charged partons with  $R = 0.1$

Cuts: based on [ATLAS 1405.6241, 1611.02428](#) and [CMS 1410.6315](#)

$$p_{T,j} > 30 \text{ GeV}, \quad |y_j| < 4.5, \quad \Delta R_{j\ell} > 0.3$$

$$p_{T,\ell} > 20 \text{ GeV}, \quad |y_\ell| < 2.5, \quad \Delta R_{\ell\ell} > 0.3, \quad \Delta R_{ij} = \sqrt{(\Delta y_{ij})^2 + (\Delta \phi_{ij})^2}$$

$$E_{T,\text{miss}} > 40 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_{jj} > 500 \text{ GeV}, \quad |\Delta y_{jj}| > 2.5 \quad (\text{VBF cuts})$$

require  $\geq 2$  jets, 2 same-sign leptons and missing energy

Energy: 13 TeV (14 TeV)

Denner et al. 1904.00882

## PDFs

NNPDF3.1QED [Ball et al. 1410.8849](#), [Bertone et al. 1712.07053](#)

factorisation and renormalisation scales:  $\mu_F = \mu_R = \sqrt{p_{T,j1} p_{T,j2}}$

## Recombination / jet clustering

Anti- $k_T$  algorithm for jets with  $R = 0.4$  [Cacciari, Salam, Soyez 0802.1189](#)

recombination of photons with charged partons with  $R = 0.4$

Cuts: loose fiducial region of [CMS 1901.04060](#)

$$p_{T,j} > 30 \text{ GeV}, \quad |y_j| < 4.7, \quad \Delta R_{j\ell} > 0.4 \quad \Delta R_{ij} = \sqrt{(\Delta y_{ij})^2 + (\Delta \phi_{ij})^2}$$

$$p_{T,\ell} > 20 \text{ GeV}, \quad |y_\ell| < 2.5, \quad M_{3\ell} > 100 \text{ GeV}, \quad M_{\ell\ell} > 4 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|M_{\mu^+\mu^-} - M_Z| < 15 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_{jj} > 500 \text{ GeV}, \quad |\Delta y_{jj}| > 2.5 \quad (\text{VBF cuts})$$

require  $\geq 2$  jets, 3 leptons

Energy: 13 TeV

Denner, Franken, Pellen, Schmidt 2009.00411

## PDFs

NNPDF3.1QED [Ball et al. 1410.8849](#), [Bertone et al. 1712.07053](#)

factorisation and renormalisation scales:  $\mu_F = \mu_R = \sqrt{p_{T,j_1} p_{T,j_2}}$

## Recombination / jet clustering

Anti- $k_T$  algorithm for jets with  $R = 0.4$  [Cacciari, Salam, Soyez 0802.1189](#)

recombination of photons with charged partons with  $R = 0.4$

Cuts: inspired by [CMS 1708.02812](#)

$$p_{T,j} > 30 \text{ GeV}, \quad |y_j| < 4.7, \quad \Delta R_{j\ell} > 0.4, \quad \Delta R_{ij} = \sqrt{(\Delta y_{ij})^2 + (\Delta \phi_{ij})^2}$$

$$p_{T,\ell} > 20 \text{ GeV}, \quad |y_\ell| < 2.5, \quad \Delta R_{\ell\ell'} > 0.05, \quad M_{\ell+\ell'} > 4 \text{ GeV}$$

$$60 \text{ GeV} < M_{\ell+\ell'} < 120 \text{ GeV}$$

inclusive setup:  $M_{jj} > 100 \text{ GeV}$ , VBS setup  $M_{jj} > 500 \text{ GeV}$

require  $\geq 2$  jets, 4 leptons



Energy: 13 TeV

Denner, Franken, Schmidt, Schwan 2202.10844

## PDFs

NNPDF3.1QED [Ball et al. 1410.8849](#), [Bertone et al. 1712.07053](#)

factorisation and renormalisation scales:  $\mu_F = \mu_R = \sqrt{p_{T,j_1} p_{T,j_2}}$

## Recombination / jet clustering

Anti- $k_T$  algorithm for jets with  $R = 0.4$  [Cacciari, Salam, Soyez 0802.1189](#)

recombination of photons with charged partons with  $R = 0.4$

Cuts: similar to [CMS 2205.05711](#)

$$p_{T,j} > 30 \text{ GeV}, \quad |y_j| < 4.5, \quad \Delta R_{j\ell} > 0.4 \quad \Delta R_{ij} = \sqrt{(\Delta y_{ij})^2 + (\Delta \phi_{ij})^2}$$

$$p_{T,\ell} > 25 \text{ GeV}, \quad |y_\ell| < 2.4, \quad p_{T,\ell+\ell^-} > 30 \text{ GeV}, \quad M_{\ell+\ell^-} > 20 \text{ GeV}$$

$$p_{T,\text{miss}} > 20 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_{jj} > 500 \text{ GeV}, \quad \Delta y_{jj} > 2.5$$

require  $\geq 2$  jets, 2 leptons

Energy: 13 TeV

Denner, Franken, Schmidt, Schwan 2202.10844

## PDFs

NNPDF3.1QED [Ball et al. 1410.8849](#), [Bertone et al. 1712.07053](#)

factorisation and renormalisation scales:  $\mu_F = \mu_R = \sqrt{p_{T,j_1} p_{T,j_2}}$

## Recombination / jet clustering

Anti- $k_T$  algorithm for jets with  $R = 0.4$  [Cacciari, Salam, Soyez 0802.1189](#)

recombination of photons with charged partons with  $R = 0.4$

Cuts: following [CMS 1806.05246](#) (Higgs search)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & p_{T,j} > 30 \text{ GeV}, \quad |y_j| < 4.7, \quad \Delta R_{j\ell} > 0.4 \quad \Delta R_{ij} = \sqrt{(\Delta y_{ij})^2 + (\Delta \phi_{ij})^2} \\
 & p_{T,\ell}^{\text{lead}} > 25 \text{ GeV}, \quad p_{T,\ell}^{\text{trail}} > 10 \text{ GeV}, \quad |y_\ell| < 2.4, \\
 & p_{T,\ell+\ell^-} > 30 \text{ GeV}, \quad M_{\ell+\ell^-} > 12 \text{ GeV}, \quad \Delta R_{\ell+\ell^-} > 0.4 \\
 & p_{T,\text{miss}} > 20 \text{ GeV}, \quad 60 \text{ GeV} < M_{T,\ell+\ell^-, \text{miss}} < 125 \text{ GeV} \\
 & M_{j_1 j_2} > 400 \text{ GeV}, \quad \Delta y_{j_1 j_2} > 3.5, \quad p_{T,j_3} < 30 \text{ GeV} \text{ (jet veto on 3rd jet)} \\
 & |z_{\ell j_1 j_2}| < 0.5, \quad z_{\ell j_1 j_2} = \frac{2y_\ell - y_{j_1} - y_{j_2}}{2|y_{j_1} - y_{j_2}|}, \quad \text{require 2 jets, 2 leptons}
 \end{aligned}$$

Energy: 13.6 TeV

Denner, Haitz, Pelliccioli 2409.03620

## PDFs

NNPDF40\_nnlo\_as\_01180\_qed Ball et al. 2401.08749

factorisation and renormalisation scales:  $\mu_F = \mu_R = \sqrt{p_{T,j_1} p_{T,j_2}}$

## Recombination / jet clustering

Anti- $k_T$  algorithm for jets with  $R = 0.4$  Cacciari, Salam, Soyez 0802.1189

recombination of photons with charged partons with  $R = 0.1$

Cuts: based on CMS 2009.09429

$$p_{T,j} > 50 \text{ GeV}, \quad |y_j| < 4.7, \quad \Delta R_{j\ell} > 0.4$$

$$p_{T,\ell_1} > 25 \text{ GeV}, \quad p_{T,\ell_2} > 20 \text{ GeV}, \quad |y_\ell| < 2.5, \quad M_{e^+\mu^+} > 20 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Delta R_{ij} = \sqrt{(\Delta y_{ij})^2 + (\Delta \phi_{ij})^2}$$

$$p_{T,\text{miss}} > 30 \text{ GeV}, \quad \max_\ell \left| y_\ell - \frac{y_{j_1} + y_{j_2}}{2} \right| < 0.75 |\Delta y_{j_1 j_2}|, \quad \ell = e^+, \mu^+$$

$$M_{jj} > 500 \text{ GeV}, \quad |\Delta y_{jj}| > 2.5 \quad (\text{VBF cuts})$$

require  $\geq 2$  jets, 2 same-sign leptons and missing energy

Energy: 13.6 TeV

Denner, Pellen, Schönherr, Schumann 2406.11516

## PDFs

NNPDF31\_nnlo\_as\_0118\_luxqed Bertone et al. 1712.07053

factorisation and renormalisation scales:  $\mu_F = \mu_R = m_{T,jj} + m_{T,\nu e^+} + m_{T,\nu\mu^+}$   

$$m_{T,ij} = \sqrt{m_{ij}^2 + p_{T,ij}^2}$$

## Recombination / jet clustering

Anti- $k_T$  algorithm for jets/photons with  $R = 0.4$  Cacciari, Salam, Soyez 0802.1189  
 recombination of remaining photons with charged leptons with  $R = 0.1$

Cuts: based on ATLAS 2201.13045

$p_{T,\ell^+} > 20 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $|y_{\ell^+}| < 2.5$ ,  $40 \text{ GeV} < M_{\ell^+\ell^+} < 400 \text{ GeV}$   
 $p_{T,j} > 20 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $|y_j| < 4.5$   
 $M_{jj} < 160 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $|\Delta y_{jj}| < 1.5$  for two hardest jets  
 require  $\geq 2$  jets, 2 same-sign leptons and missing energy

Energy: 13.6 TeV

Denner, Lombardi, Lopez, Pelliccioli 2407.21558

## PDFs

NNPDF40\_nnlo\_as\_0118\_qed [Ball et al. 2401.08749](#)

factorisation and renormalisation scales:  $\mu_F = \mu_R = M_Z$

## Recombination / jet clustering

Anti- $k_T$  algorithm for jets with  $R = 0.4$  [Cacciari, Salam, Soyez 0802.1189](#)  
 recombination of photons with charged partons and leptons with  $R = 0.1$   
 perfect bottom-jet veto

Cuts: inspired by [ATL-PHYS-PUB-2018-030](#)

$p_{T,j} > 40 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $|y_j| < 3$  for exactly 2 jets

$p_{T,\ell_1} > 50 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $p_{T,\ell_2} > 40 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $p_{T,\ell_3} > 20 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $|y_\ell| < 4$

$76 \text{ GeV} < M_{\mu^+\mu^-} < 106 \text{ GeV}$ ,

$M_{T,W^+} = \sqrt{2 p_{T,e^+} p_{T,\nu_e} (1 - \cos(\phi_{e^+} - \phi_{\nu_e}))} > 20 \text{ GeV}$

$50 \text{ GeV} < M_{jj} < 100 \text{ GeV}$

require exactly 2 jets, 3 charged leptons ( $\mu^+\mu^-e^+$ )