

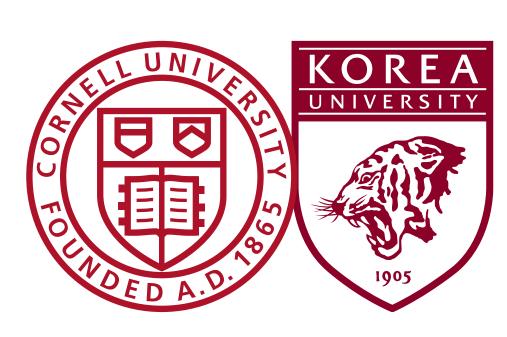
M. A. Buen-Abad, Z. Chacko, C. Kilic, G. Marques-Tavares, TY [arXiv:2208.05984, 2306.01844]



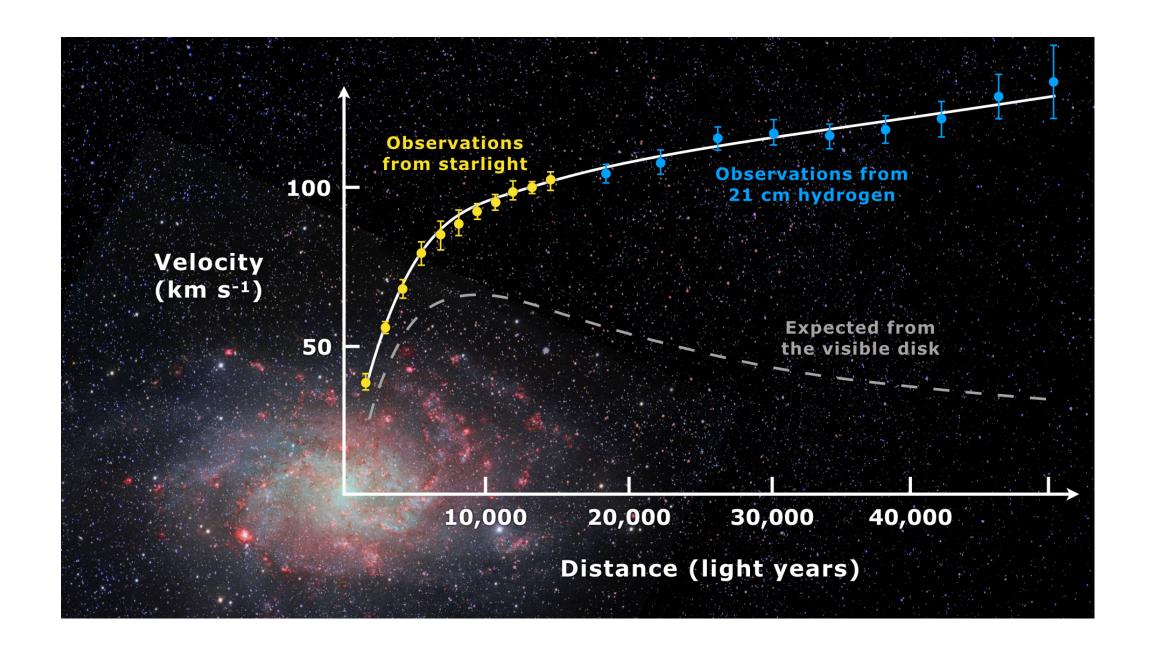
# Interactions in Dark Sector and Tensions in Cosmological data

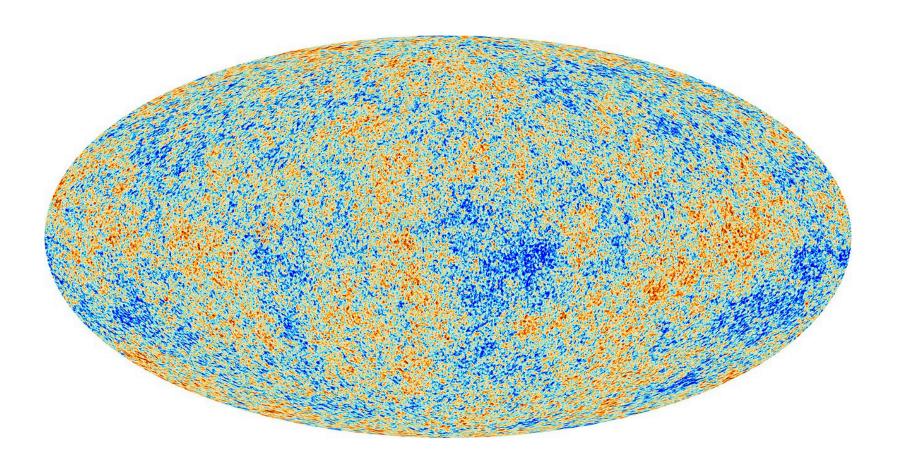
Taewook Youn
Cornell U, LEPP / Korea U

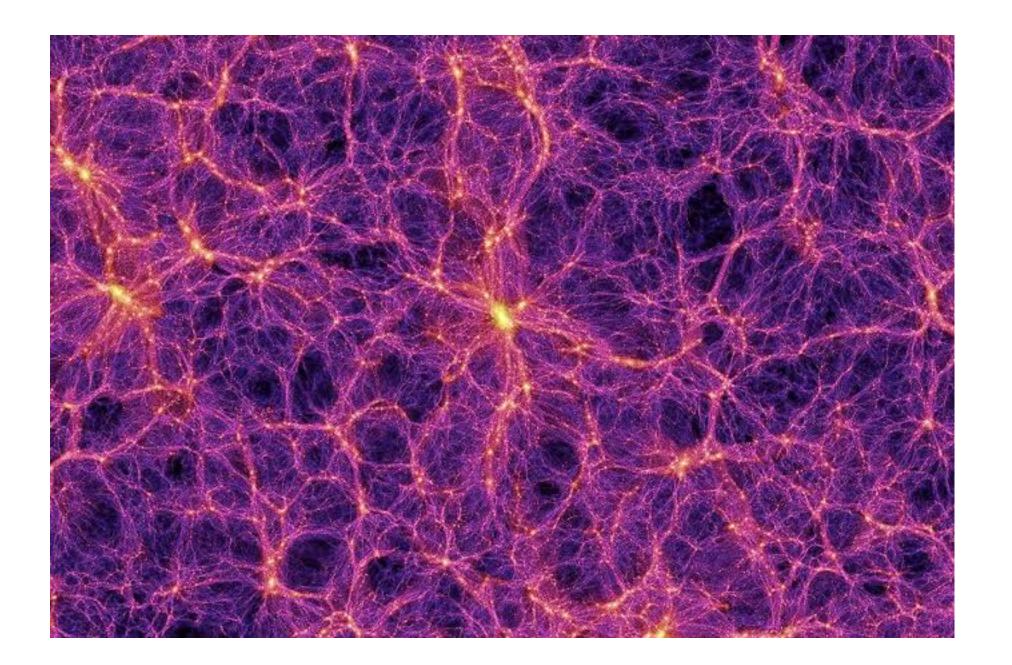
Jan 12th 2024

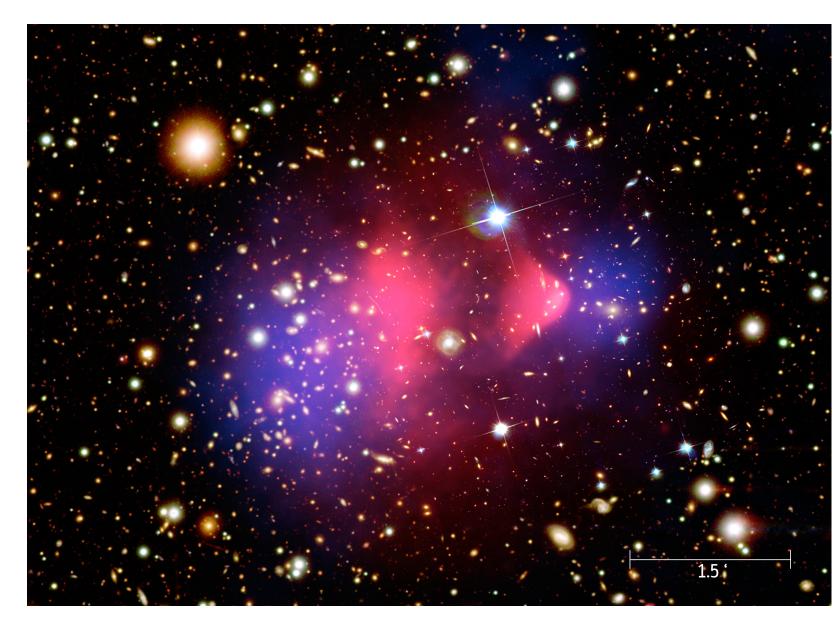


#### **Evidence**











#### What we know and don't know about DM

#### What we know

DM is singlet under the SM gauge groups

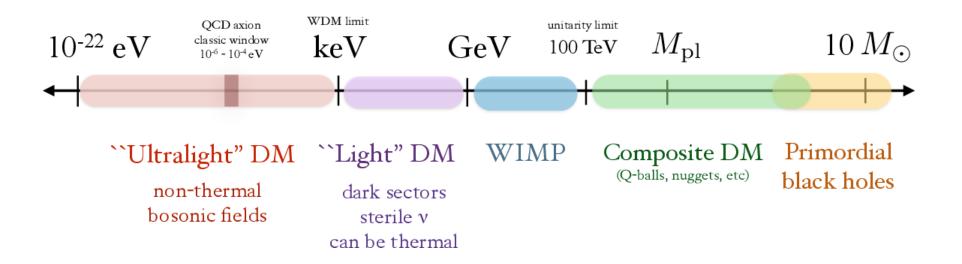
Energy density

~27% (total); ~0.4 GeV/cm<sup>3</sup> (local)

DM is cold ( $v/c \sim 10^{-3}$ ) and collisionless ( $\sigma_{\rm SI}/m_{\rm DM} \lesssim 1~{\rm cm}^2/{\rm g}$ )

#### What we don't know

Mass?



Production mechanism?

Origin?

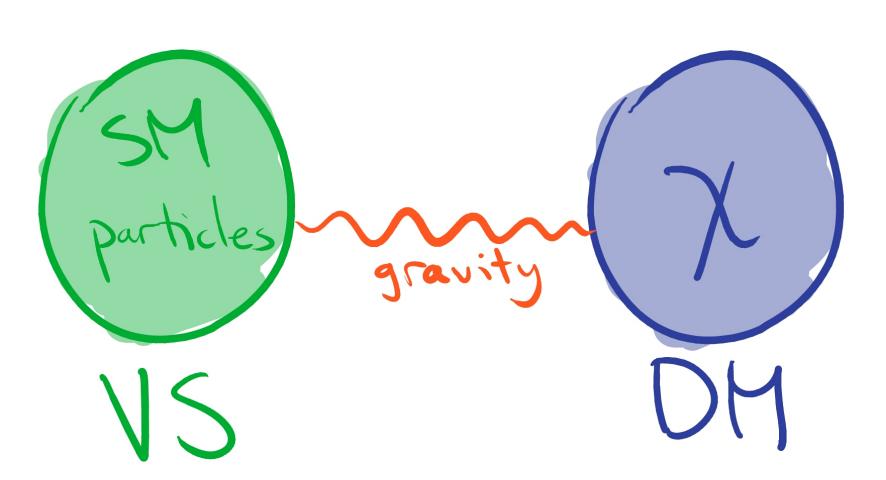
SUSY? Extra Dimension? Mirror Sector?

etc...



#### **Dark Sector**

DM could be just one particle, only interacting with SM via gravitation





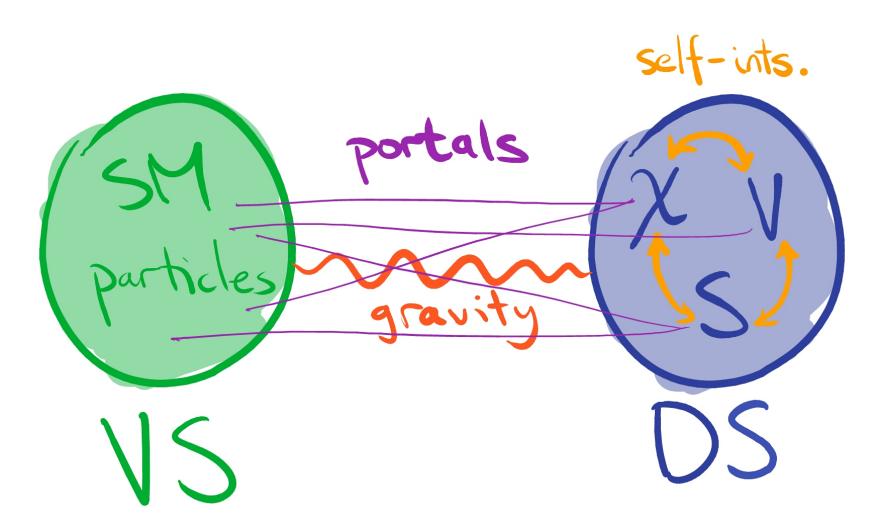
#### **Dark Sector**

DM could be just one particle, only interacting with SM via gravitation

Not necessarily!

Multiple States (eg. dark proton, dark photon, dark neutrino, etc.)

Various interactions within DS (self-interactions) and/or btw SM and DS (portals)





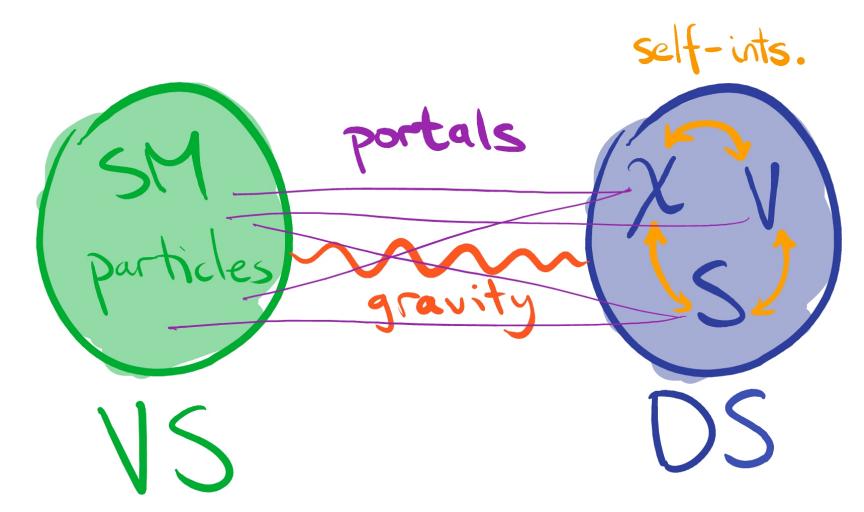
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#### **Dark Sector**

DM could be just one particle, only interacting with SM via gravitation

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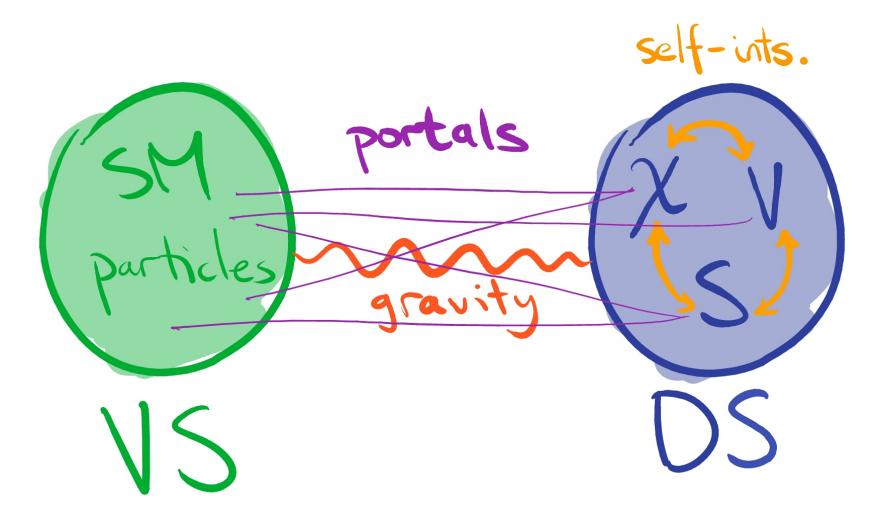
Multiple States (eg. dark proton, dark photon, dark neutrino, etc.)

Various interaction within DS (self-interactions) and/or btw SM and DS (portals)

Imprint on Cosmological Observations

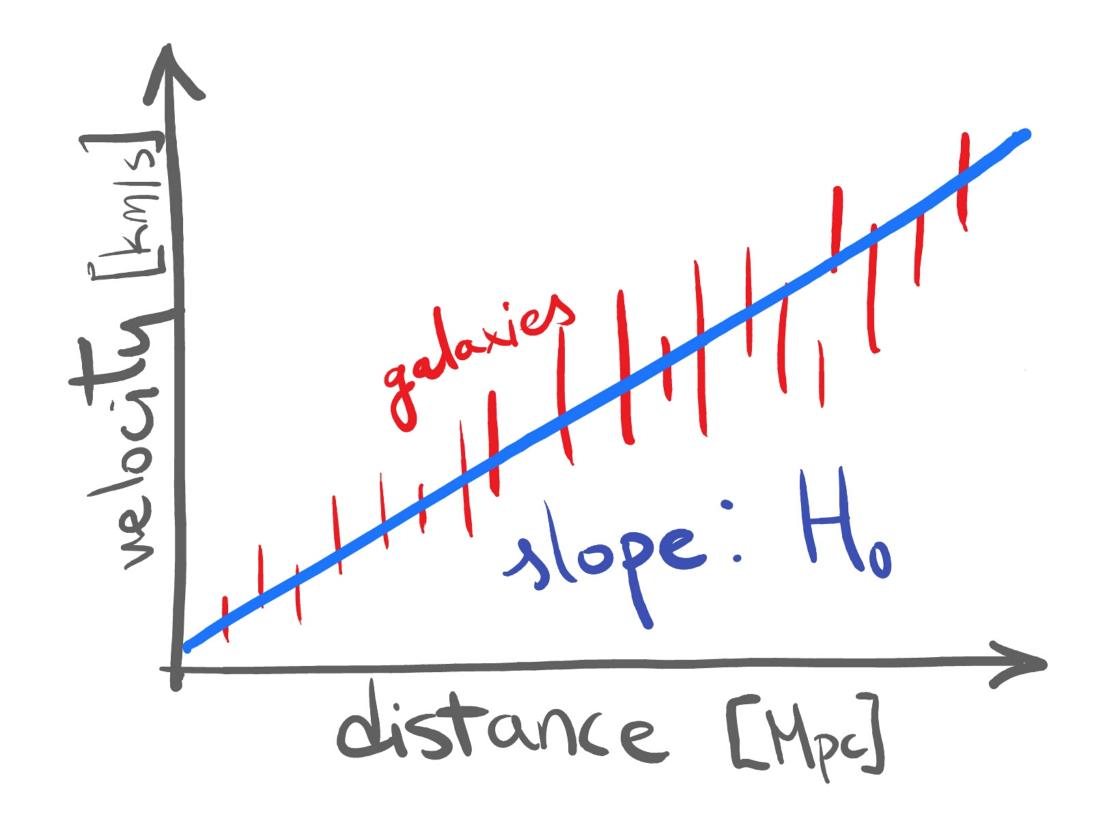
Possibly in  $H_0$  and  $S_8$  tensions

Even though gone, worth investigating





Hubble tension ( $\sim$ 4-6  $\sigma$ )



$$v = H_0 D$$

Estimate the size and age of universe



Hubble tension (~4-6  $\sigma$ )

Early Universe

CMB fit to  $\Lambda$ CDM

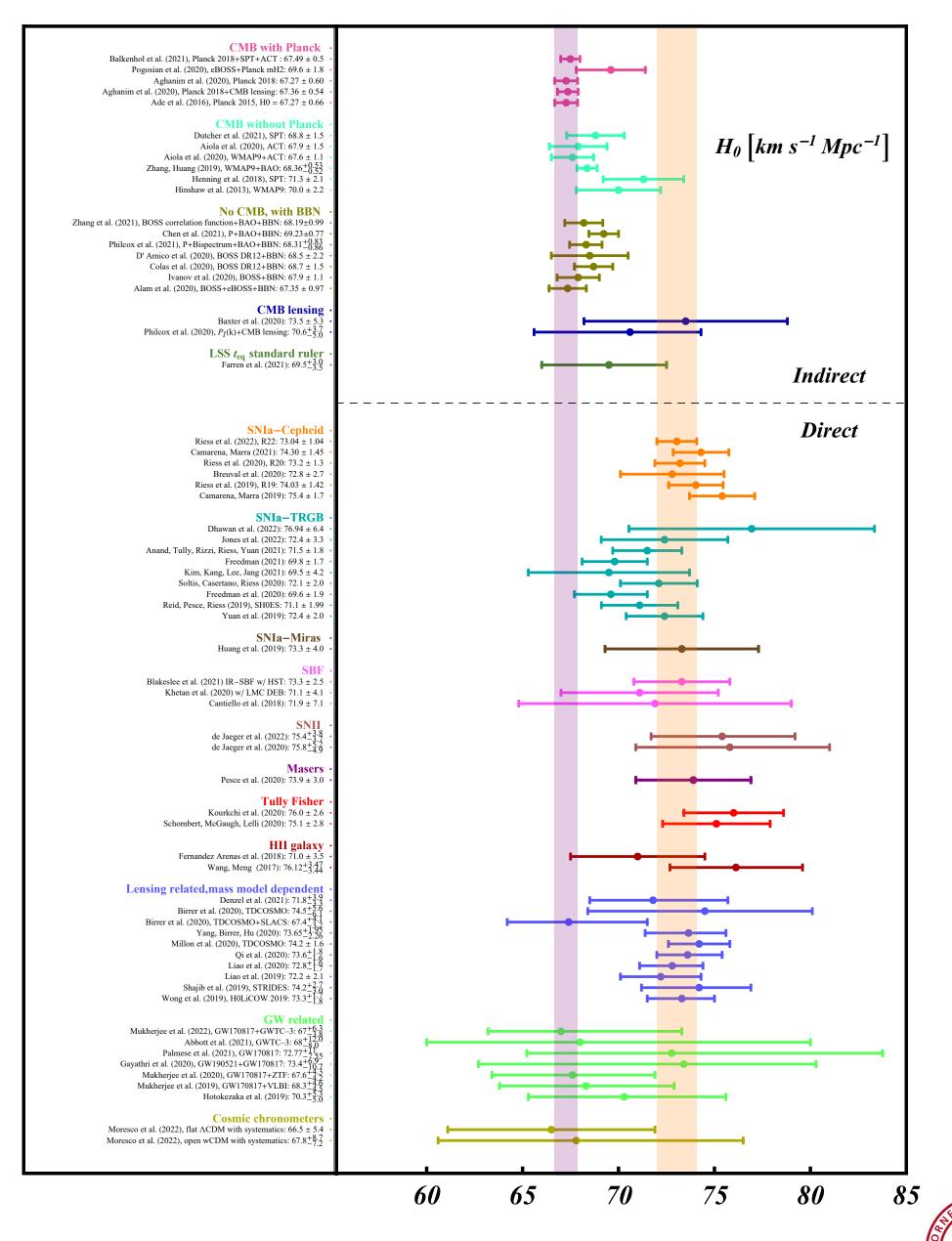
~68 km/s/Mpc Planck '18 [arXiv:1807.06209]

Late Universe

Cosmic Distance Ladder

~72 km/s/Mpc A. G. Riess et al. [arXiv:2112.04510]

#### **Snowmass [arXiv:2203.06142]**



Hubble tension (~4-6  $\sigma$ )

Early Universe

CMB fit to  $\Lambda$ CDM

~68 km/s/Mpc Planck '18 [arXiv:1807.06209]

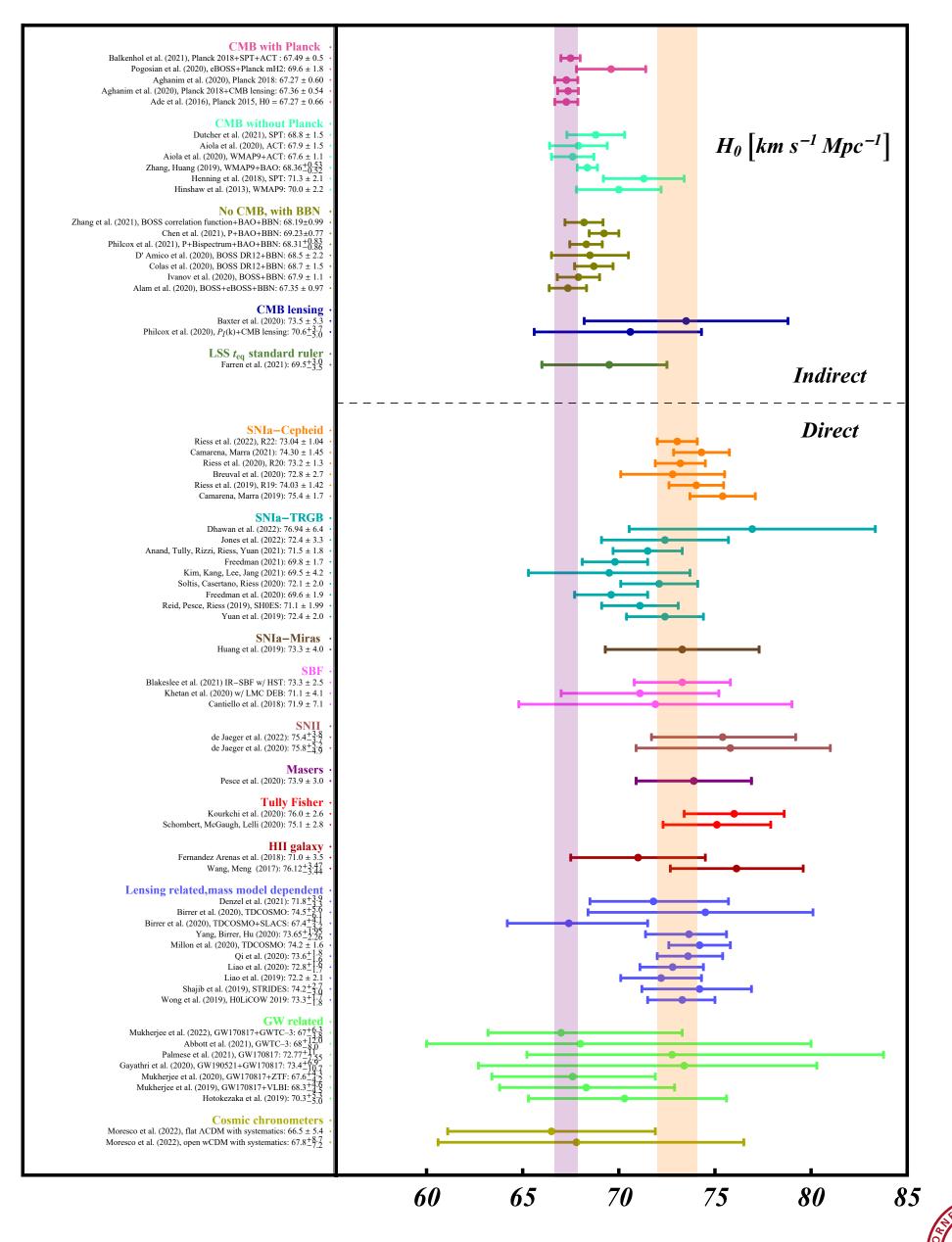
Late Universe

Cosmic Distance Ladder

~72 km/s/Mpc A. G. Riess et al. [arXiv:2112.04510]

Crack in Lambda CDM?

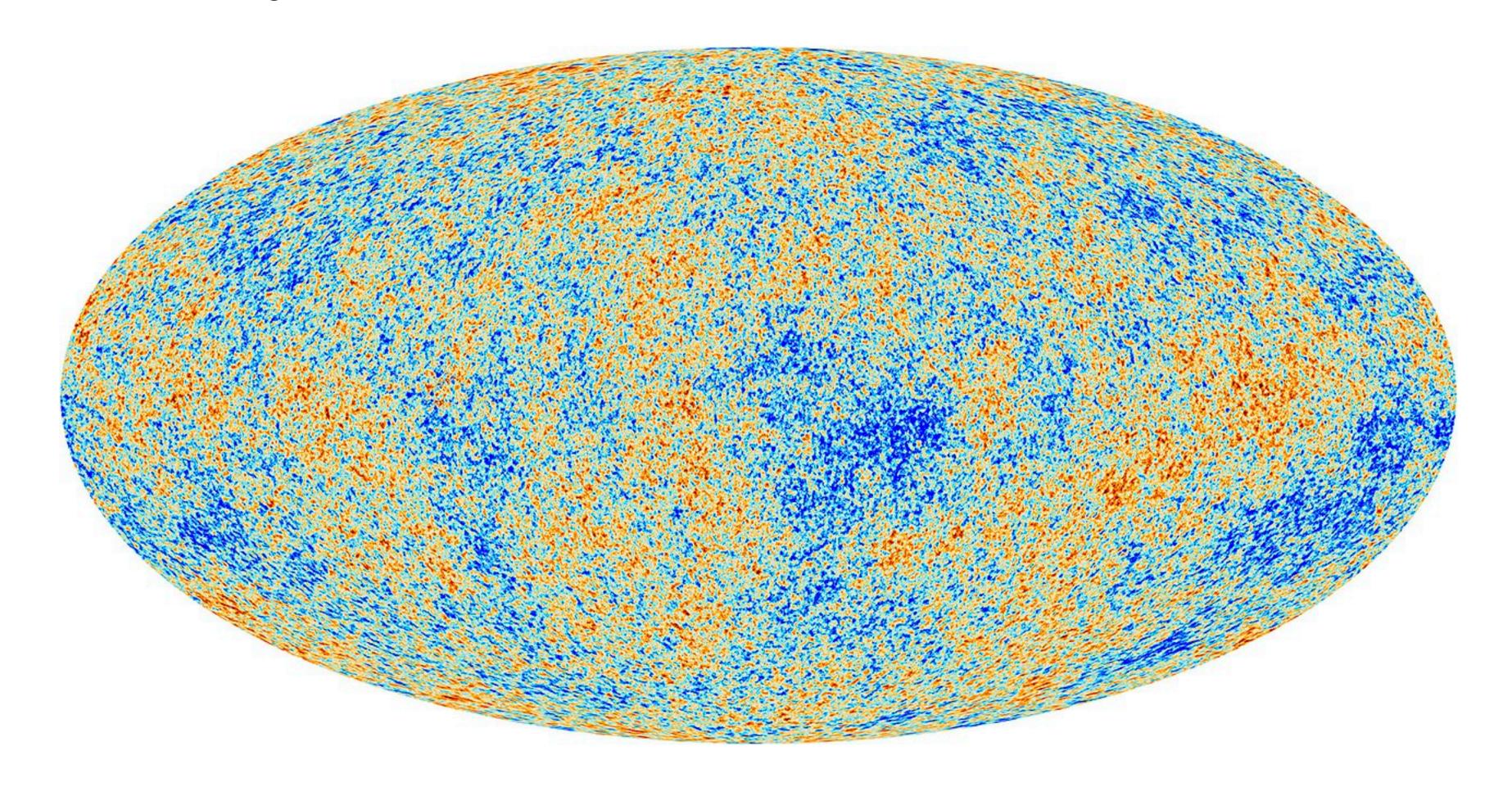
#### **Snowmass [arXiv:2203.06142]**



## Hubble Tension

### Early Universe Measurement

CMB measures  $H_0$  tightly by sound horizon angle





### Hubble Tension

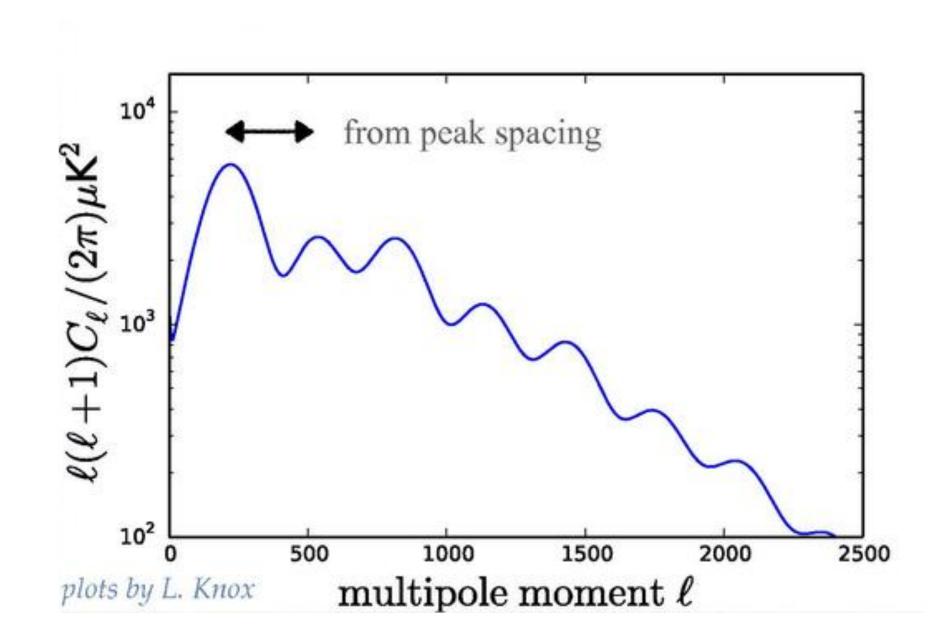
#### Early Universe Measurement

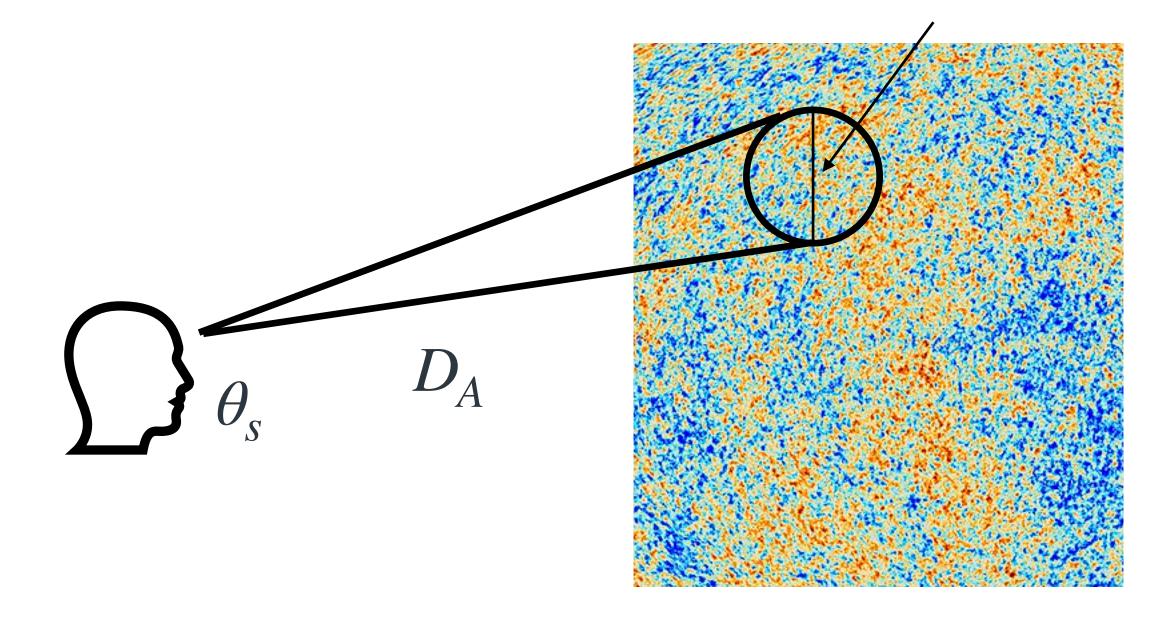
 $c_{\rm s}$ : sound speed of baryon-photon plasma

$$r_s \sim \frac{c_s}{H_{\text{early}}} \sim \frac{c_s}{H_{\text{rec}}(\rho_{\text{early}}/\rho_{\text{rec}})^{1/2}}$$

CMB measures  $H_0$  tightly by sound horizon angle

$$heta_S = rac{r_S}{D_A}$$





$$D_A \sim \frac{c}{H_{\text{late}}} \sim \frac{c}{H_0(\rho_{\text{late}}/\rho_{\text{today}})^{1/2}}$$



### Hubble Tension

 $c_{s}$ : sound speed of baryon-photon plasma

$$r_s \sim \frac{c_s}{H_{\text{early}}} \sim \frac{c_s}{H_{\text{rec}}(\rho_{\text{early}}/\rho_{\text{rec}})^{1/2}}$$

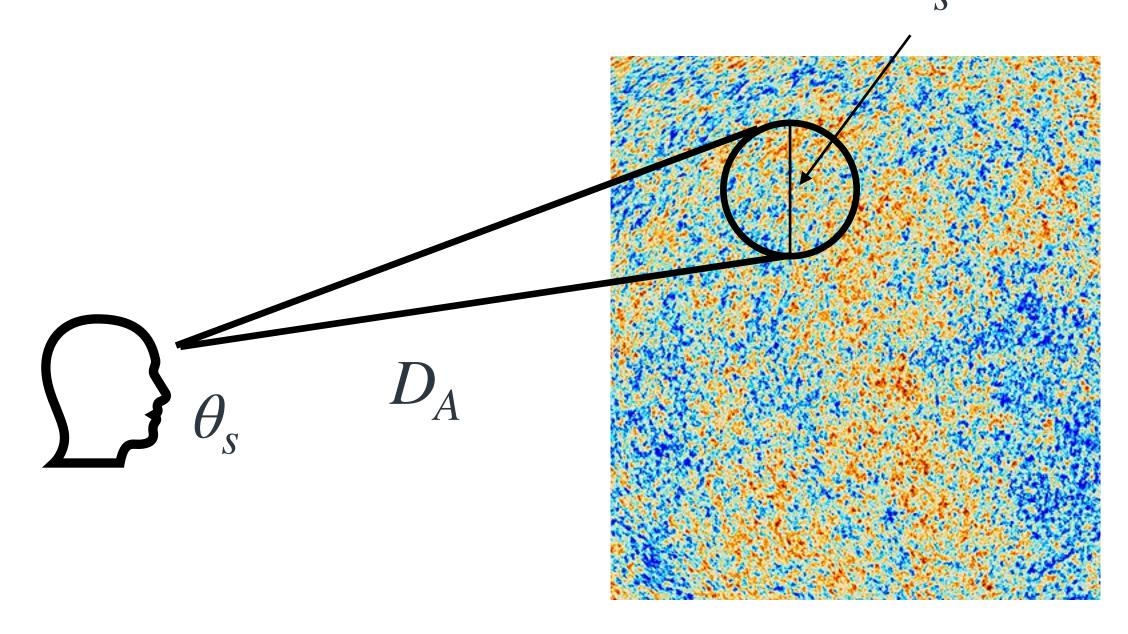
#### **Early Universe Measurement**

CMB measures  $H_0$  tightly by sound horizon angle

$$\theta_{S} = \frac{r_{S}}{D_{A}}$$

$$H_0 \sim H_{\text{rec}} \theta_s \frac{c/(\rho_{\text{late}}/\rho_{\text{today}})^{1/2}}{c_s/(\rho_{\text{early}}/\rho_{\text{rec}})^{1/2}}$$

$$H_0^{\text{Planck2018}} = 67.36 \pm 0.54 \text{ km/s/Mpc}$$



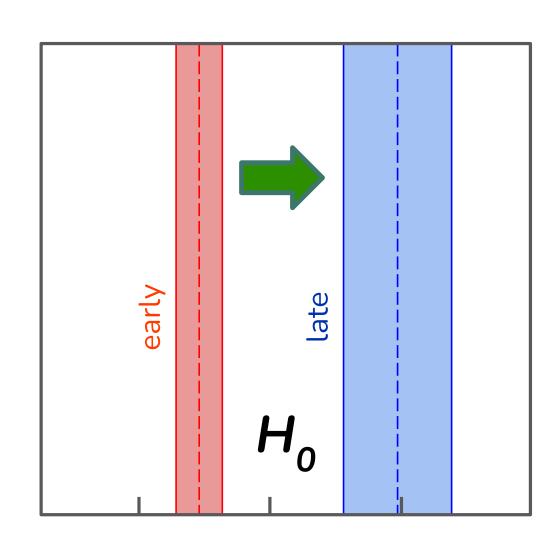
$$D_A \sim \frac{c}{H_{\text{late}}} \sim \frac{c}{H_0(\rho_{\text{late}}/\rho_{\text{today}})^{1/2}}$$



Hubble tension ( $\sim$ 4-6  $\sigma$ )

$$H_0 \sim H_{\text{rec}} \theta_s \frac{c/(\rho_{\text{late}}/\rho_{\text{today}})^{1/2}}{c_s/(\rho_{\text{early}}/\rho_{\text{rec}})^{1/2}}$$

To increase  $H_0$ ,





Hubble tension (~4-6  $\sigma$ )

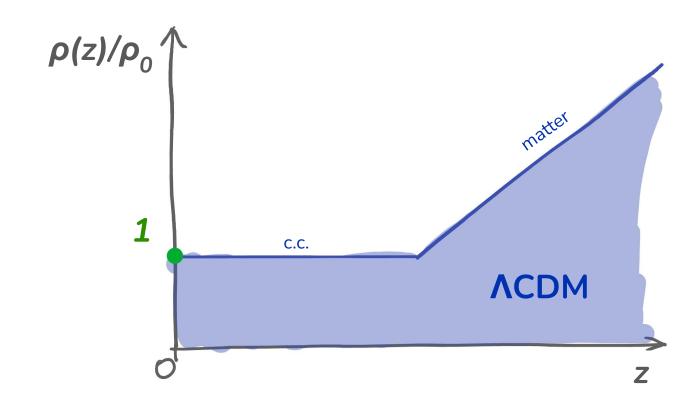
$$H_0 \sim H_{\text{rec}} \theta_s \frac{c/(\rho_{\text{late}}/\rho_{\text{today}})^{1/2}}{c_s/(\rho_{\text{early}}/\rho_{\text{rec}})^{1/2}}$$

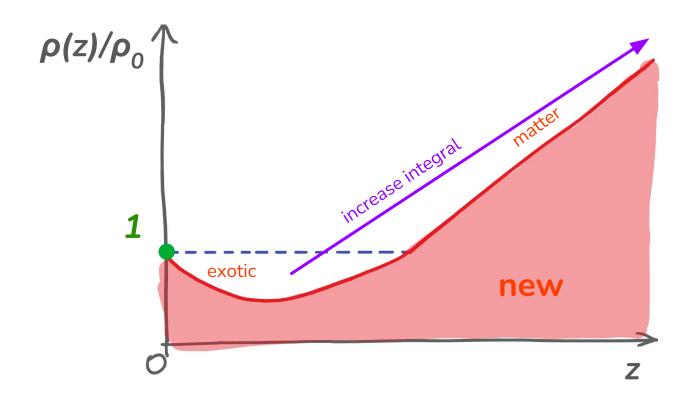
To increase  $H_0$ ,

Decrease energy density at late times (late-time solutions)

Increasing  $\rho(t)$  over time with  $\rho_0$  fixed  $\rightarrow$  energy is created out of nowhere

Hard to square with low-redshift astronomical observations







Hubble tension ( $\sim$ 4-6  $\sigma$ )

$$H_0 \sim H_{\text{rec}} \theta_s \frac{c/(\rho_{\text{late}}/\rho_{\text{today}})^{1/2}}{c_s/(\rho_{\text{early}}/\rho_{\text{rec}})^{1/2}}$$

To increase  $H_0$ ,

Increase energy density at early times (early-time solutions)

P. Agrawal et al. [arXiv:1904.01016]

Early Dark Energy 
$$\rightarrow V(\phi) = \Lambda_{\rm EDE}^4 [1 - \cos(\phi/f_{\rm EDE})]^n, \ V(\phi) = V_0 \left(\frac{\phi}{M_{pl}}\right)^{2n} + V_{\Lambda}$$
 V. Poulin et al. [arXiv:1806.10608]



Hubble tension ( $\sim$ 4-6  $\sigma$ )

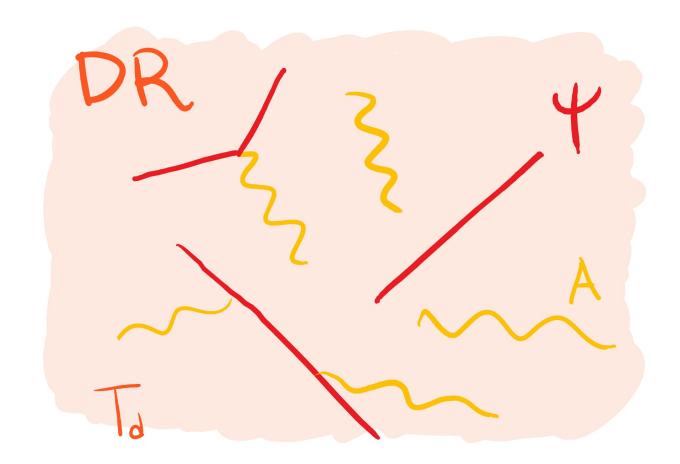
$$H_0 \sim H_{\text{rec}} \theta_s \frac{c/(\rho_{\text{late}}/\rho_{\text{today}})^{1/2}}{c_s/(\rho_{\text{early}}/\rho_{\text{rec}})^{1/2}}$$

To increase  $H_0$ ,

Increase energy density at early times (early-time solutions)

Early Dark Energy

**Dark Radiation** → Massless states in Dark Sector





#### A Class of Solutions to Hubble tension

To increase  $H_0$ ,

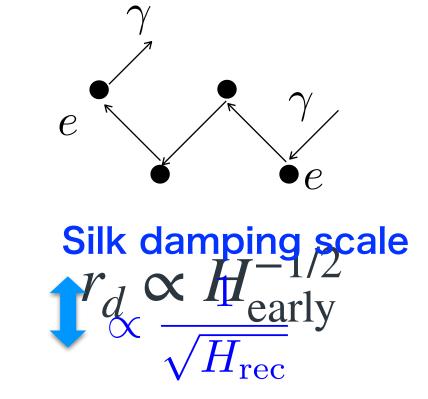
Increase energy density at early times (early-times)

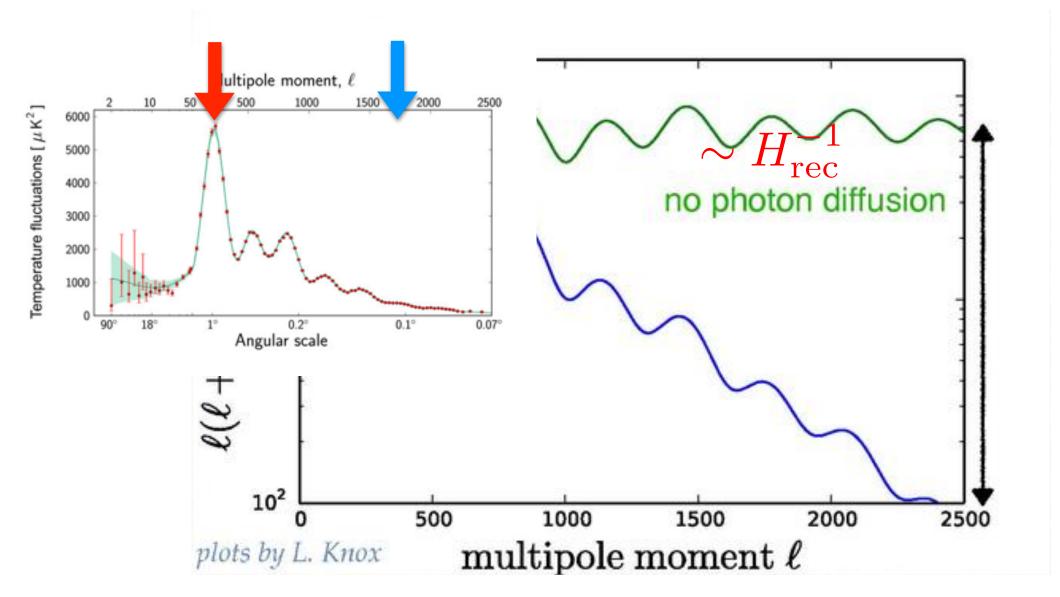
Free-streaming (non-interacting) Dark Radiation (DR)

Silk damping (diffusion) + Drag effect

$$\theta_d = \frac{r_d}{D_A} \to \frac{\theta_d}{\theta_s} = \frac{r_d}{r_s} \propto H_{\text{early}}^{1/2}$$

$$r_s \propto H_{\text{early}}^{-1}$$







#### A Class of Solutions to Hubble tension

To increase  $H_0$ ,

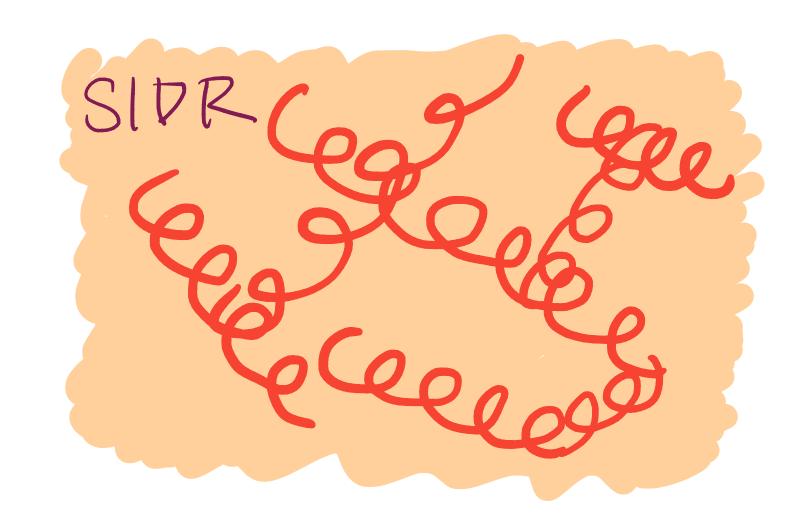
Increase energy density at early times (early-time solutions)

Free-streaming (non-interacting) Dark Radiation (DR)

Silk damping (diffusion) + Drag effect

Good: Self-interacting DR N. Blinov et al. [arXiv:2003.08387]

Silk damping (diffusion)





#### A Class of Solutions to Hubble tension

To increase  $H_0$ ,

Increase energy density at early times (early-time solutions)

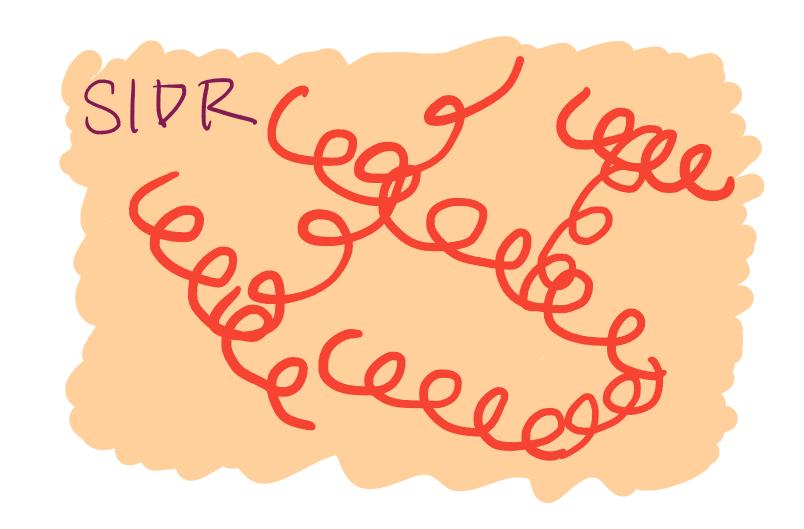
Free-streaming (non-interacting) Dark Radiation (DR)

Silk damping (diffusion) + Drag effect

Good: Self-interacting DR N. Blinov et al. [arXiv:2003.08387]

Silk damping (diffusion)

Better: Stepped DR D. Aloni et al. [arXiv:2111.00014]





#### A Class of Solutions to Hubble tension

Stepped DR D. Aloni et al. [arXiv:2111.00014]

Multicomponent (e.g.  $\psi \& A$ )

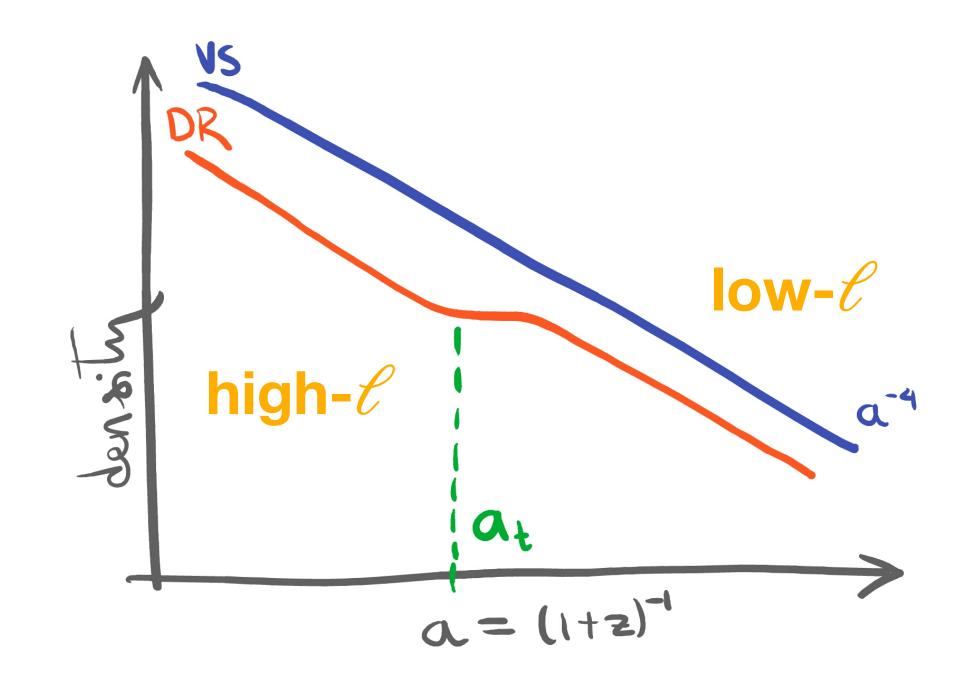
decaying / annihilating and self-interacting DR

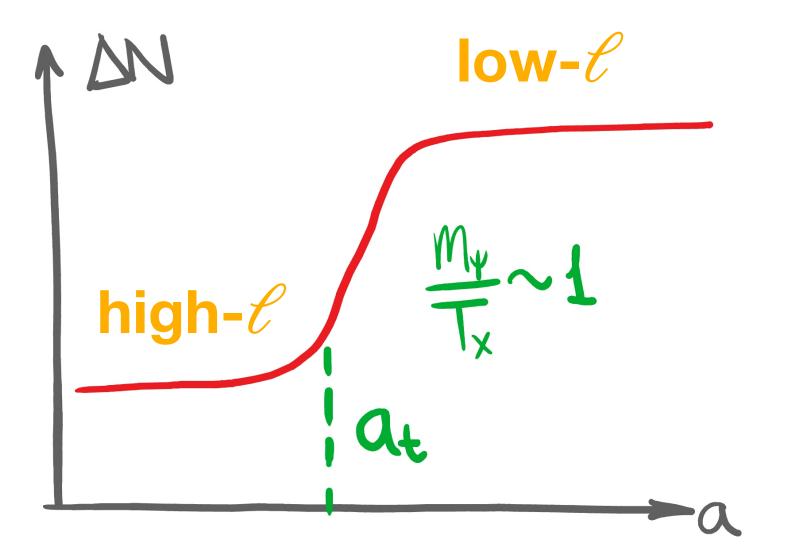
Mass threshold around  $m \sim eV$ 

Entropy dump / Reheating in DS

$H_0$	$\Delta \chi^2$	$Q_{ m DMAP}$
71.4	-15.1	2.4 σ







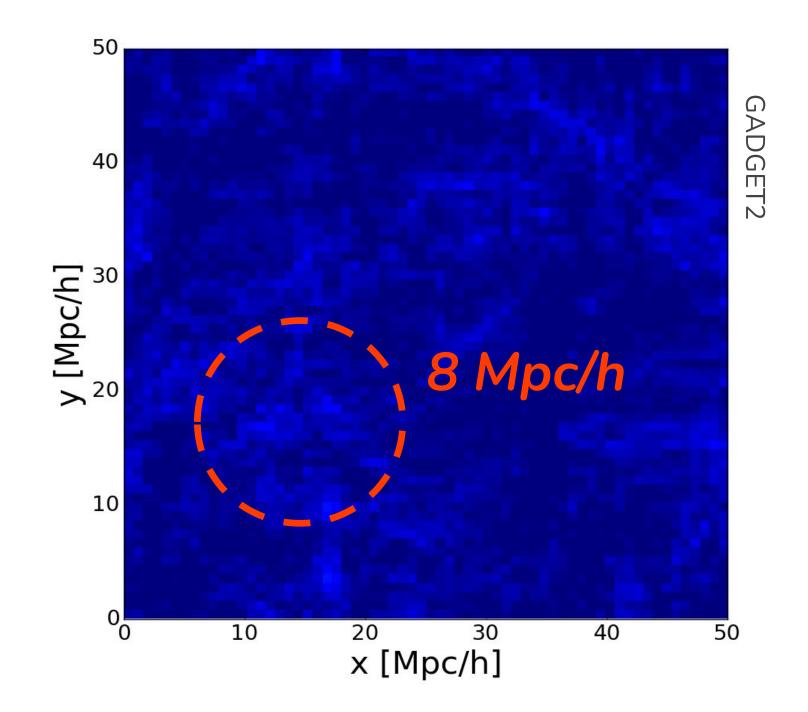




 $S_8$  tension (~2-3  $\sigma$ )

 $\sigma_8$ : amplitude of matter density fluctuations on the scale of 8 Mpc/h (~ galaxy cluster scale)

$$S_8 \equiv \sigma_8(\Omega_m/0.3)^{1/2}$$
:







 $S_8$  tension (~2-3  $\sigma$ )

Early Universe

CMB fit to  $\Lambda$ CDM

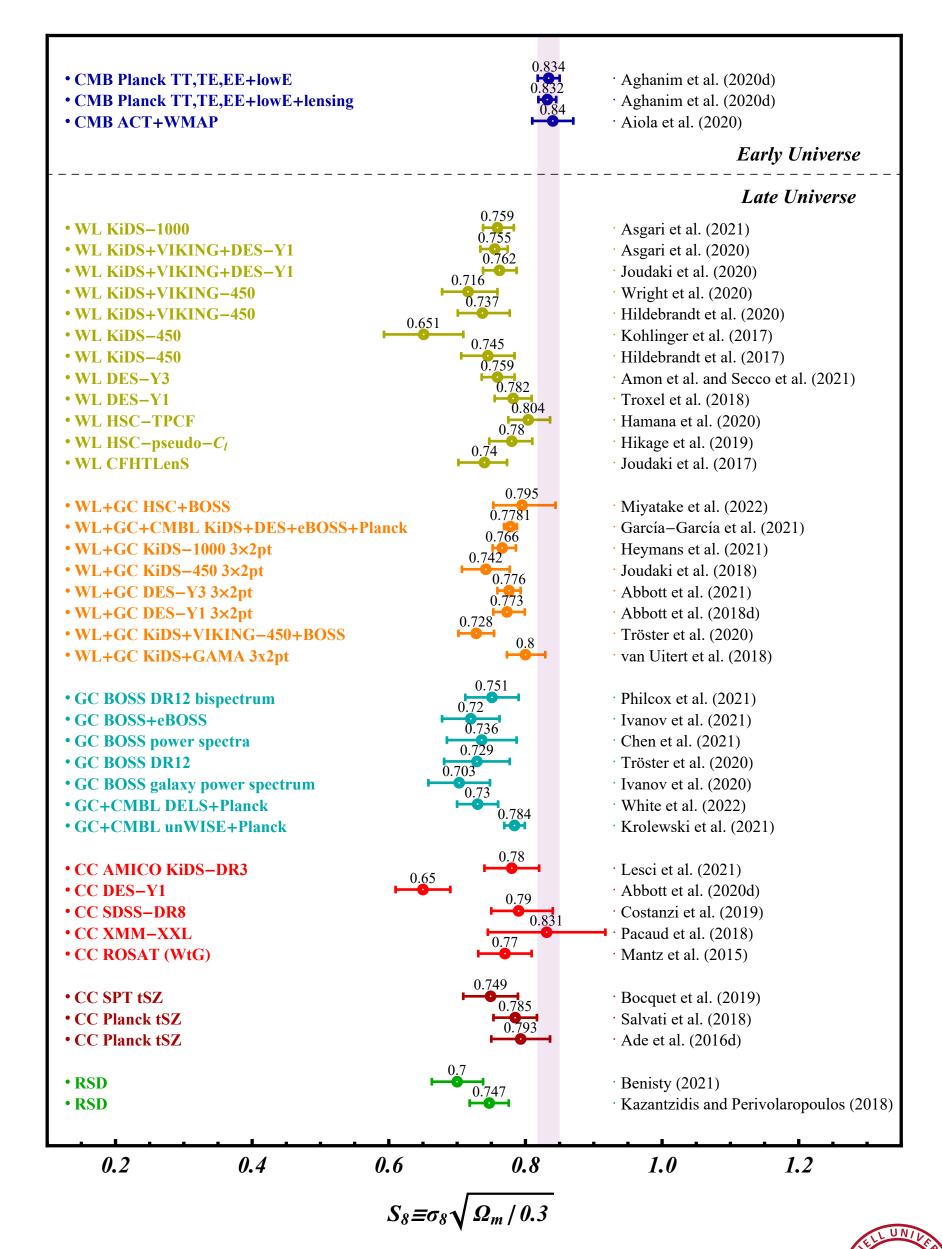
~0.83 Planck '18 [arXiv:1807.06209]

Late Universe

Local measurements

~0.76 DES '21 [arXiv:2105.13544, 2105.13543]

#### **Snowmass [arXiv:2203.06142]**



 $S_8$  tension (~2-3  $\sigma$ )

More likely systematic errors

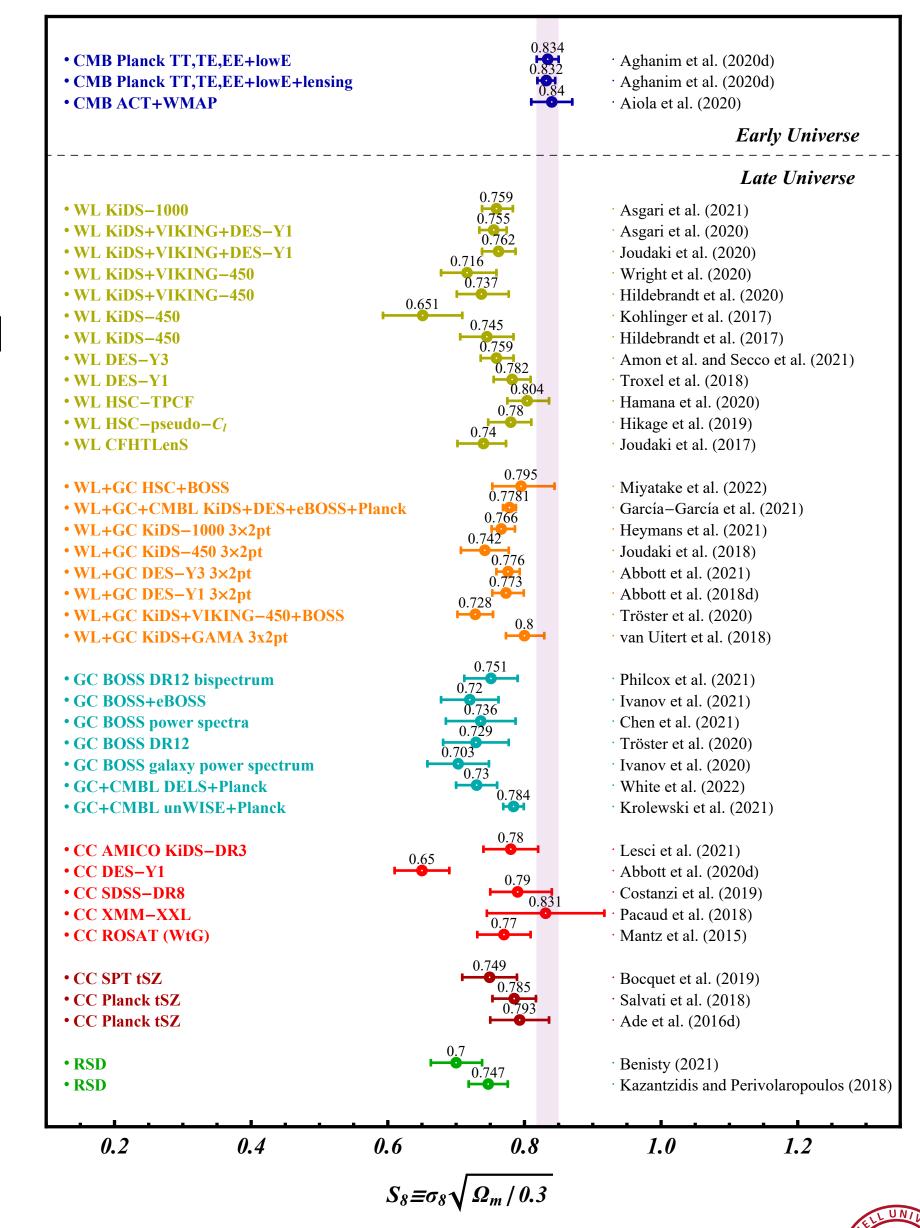
H. G. Escudero et al. [arXiv:2208.14435]M. Tristram et al. [arXiv:2309.10034]

Early universe solutions worsen  $S_8$  tension

with fixed  $z_{\rm eq}$ ,  $\Omega_r \uparrow \to \Omega_m \uparrow$ 

Early-time solutions need to deal with  $S_8$ 

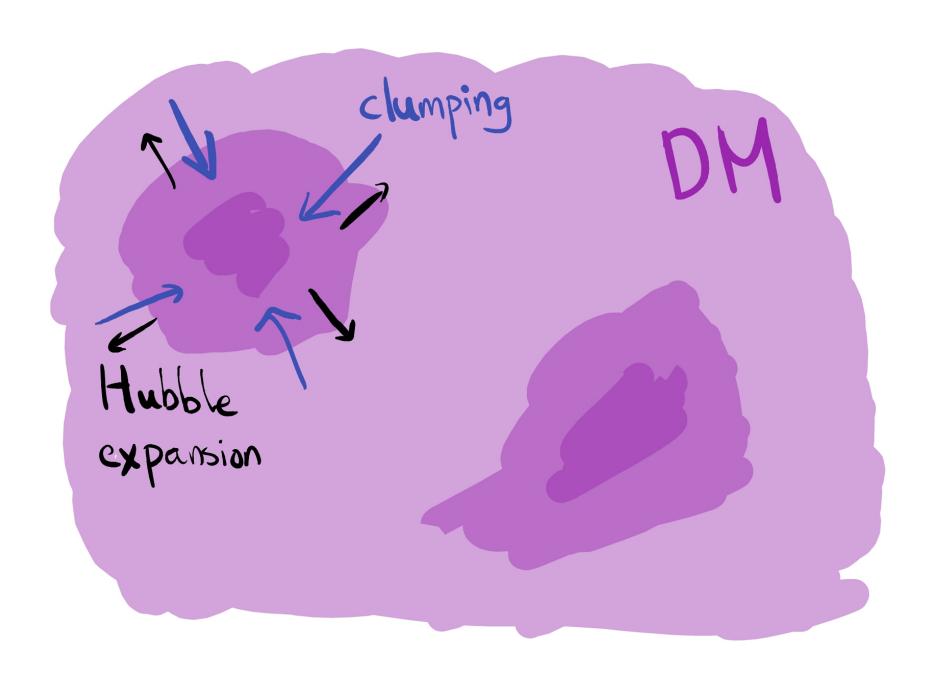
#### **Snowmass [arXiv:2203.06142]**



#### A Class of Solutions to $S_8$ tension

Dark Radiation worsens  $S_8$  tension

with fixed 
$$z_{\rm eq},\,\Omega_r\uparrow\to\Omega_m\uparrow$$



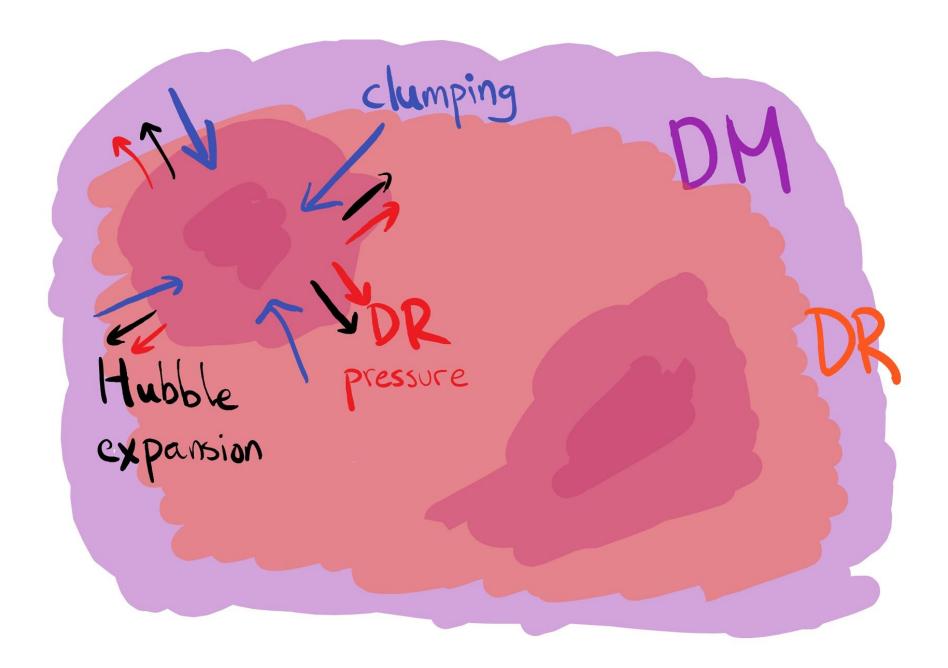


#### A Class of Solutions to $S_8$ tension

Dark Radiation worsens  $S_8$  tension

with fixed 
$$z_{\rm eq}$$
,  $\Omega_r \uparrow \to \Omega_m \uparrow$ 

Solution: Dark Matter interaction with Dark Radiation





#### A Class of Solutions to $S_8$ tension

Dark Radiation worsens  $S_8$  tension

with fixed 
$$z_{\rm eq},\,\Omega_r\uparrow\to\Omega_m\uparrow$$

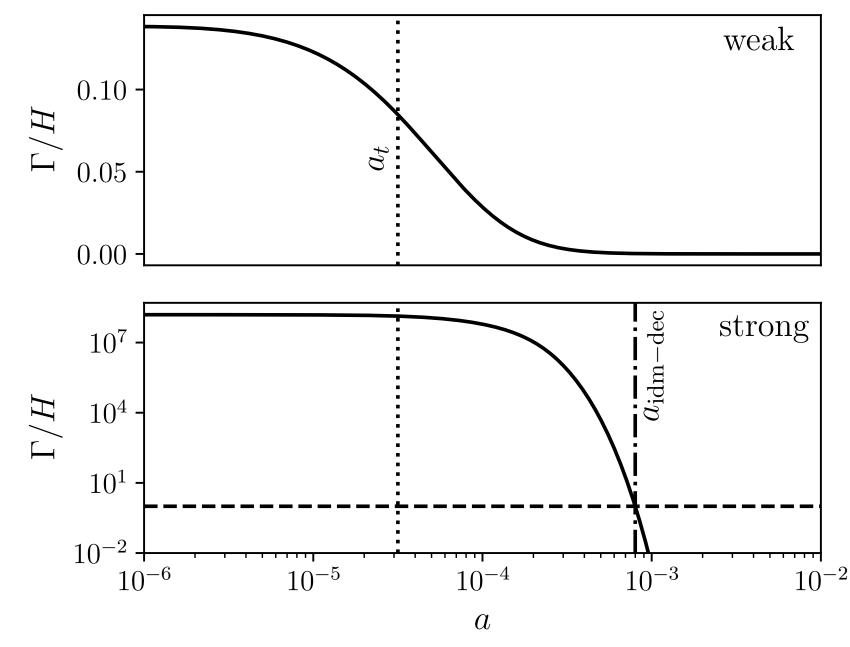
Solution: Dark Matter interaction with Dark Radiation

Weak interaction + entire dark matter interacting

M. Joseph et al. [arXiv:2207.03500]

**Strong interaction + partial dark matter interacting** 

M. A. Buen-Abad, Z. Chacko, C. Kilic, G. Marques-Tavares, TY [arXiv:2208.05984, 2306.01844]



N. Schöneberg et al. [arXiv:2306.12469]



#### A Class of Solutions to $S_8$ tension

Dark Radiation worsens  $S_8$  tension

with fixed 
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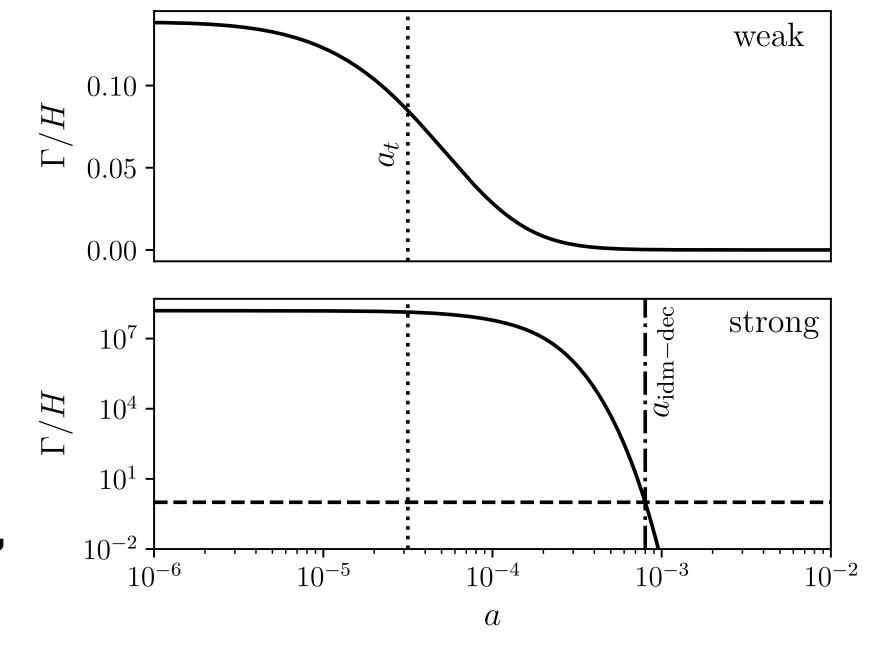
Weak interaction + entire dark matter interacting

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M. A. Buen-Abad, Z. Chacko, C. Kilic, G. Marques-Tavares, TY [arXiv:2208.05984, 2306.01844]

**Stepped Partially Acoustic Dark Matter** 



N. Schöneberg et al. [arXiv:2306.12469]



#### A Class of Solutions to $S_8$ tension

Dark Radiation worsens  $S_8$  tension

with fixed 
$$z_{\rm eq},\,\Omega_r\uparrow\to\Omega_m\uparrow$$

Solution: Dark Matter interaction with Dark Radiation

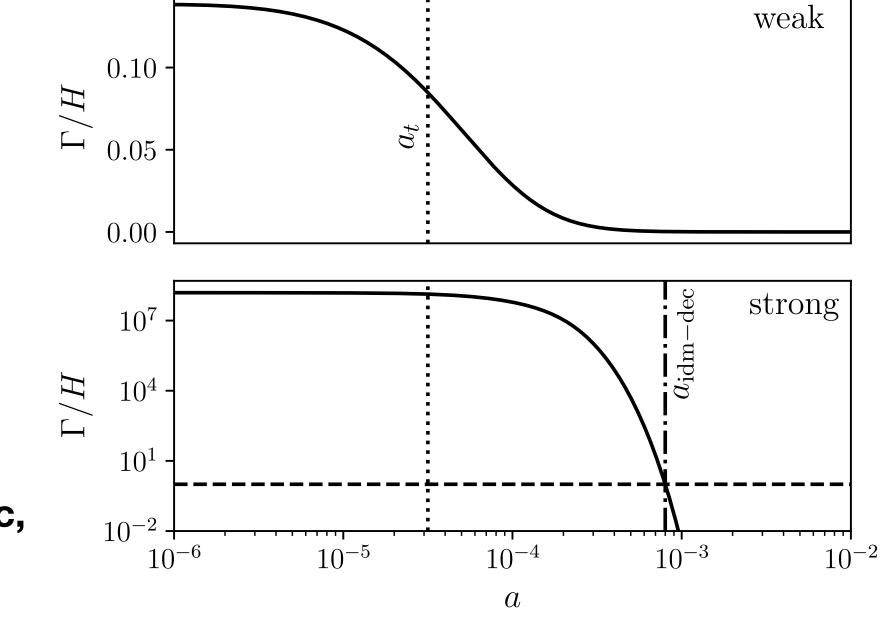
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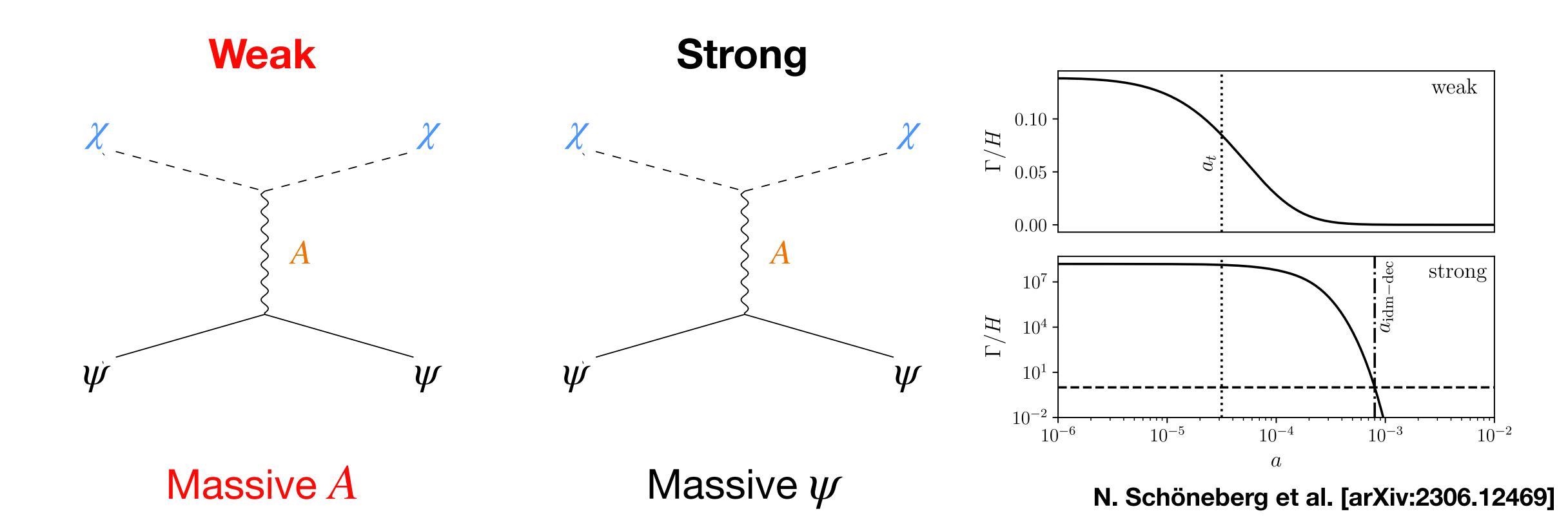


N. Schöneberg et al. [arXiv:2306.12469]





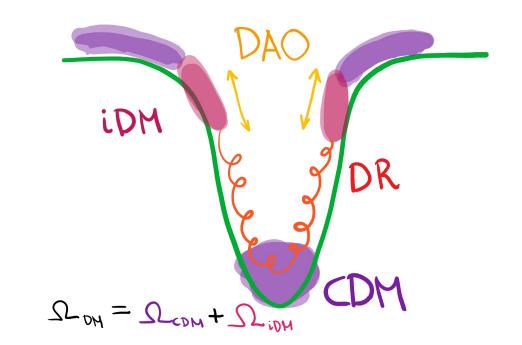
#### Impacts on Matter / CMB Power Spectrum

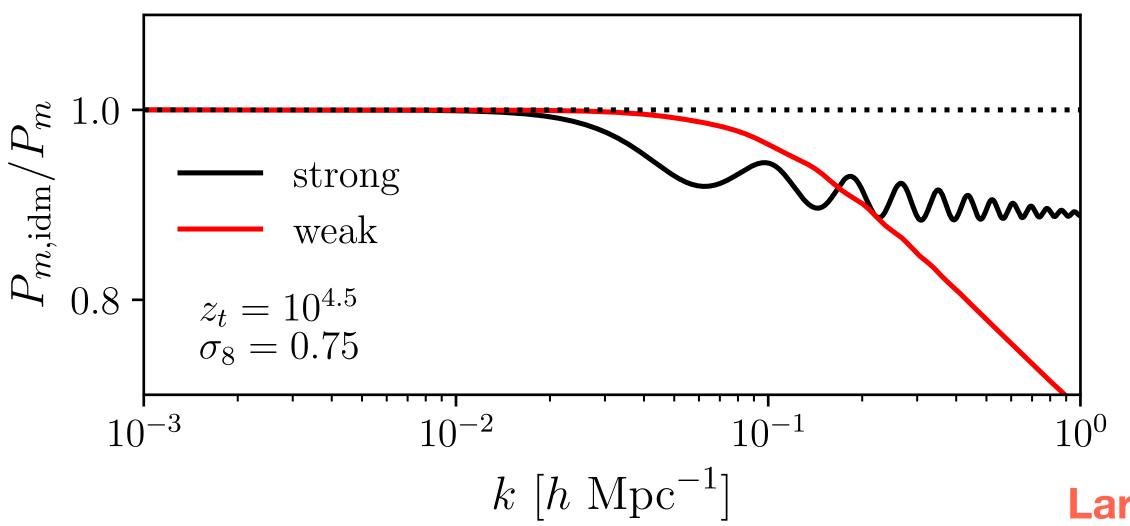


 $\psi$ ,  $A \in \text{Stepped DR}$ 



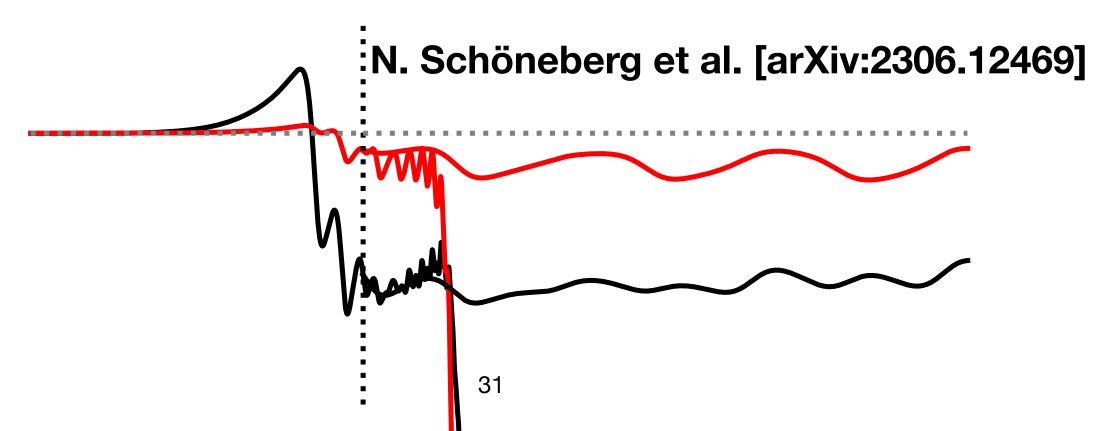
Impacts on Matter / CMB Power Spectrum





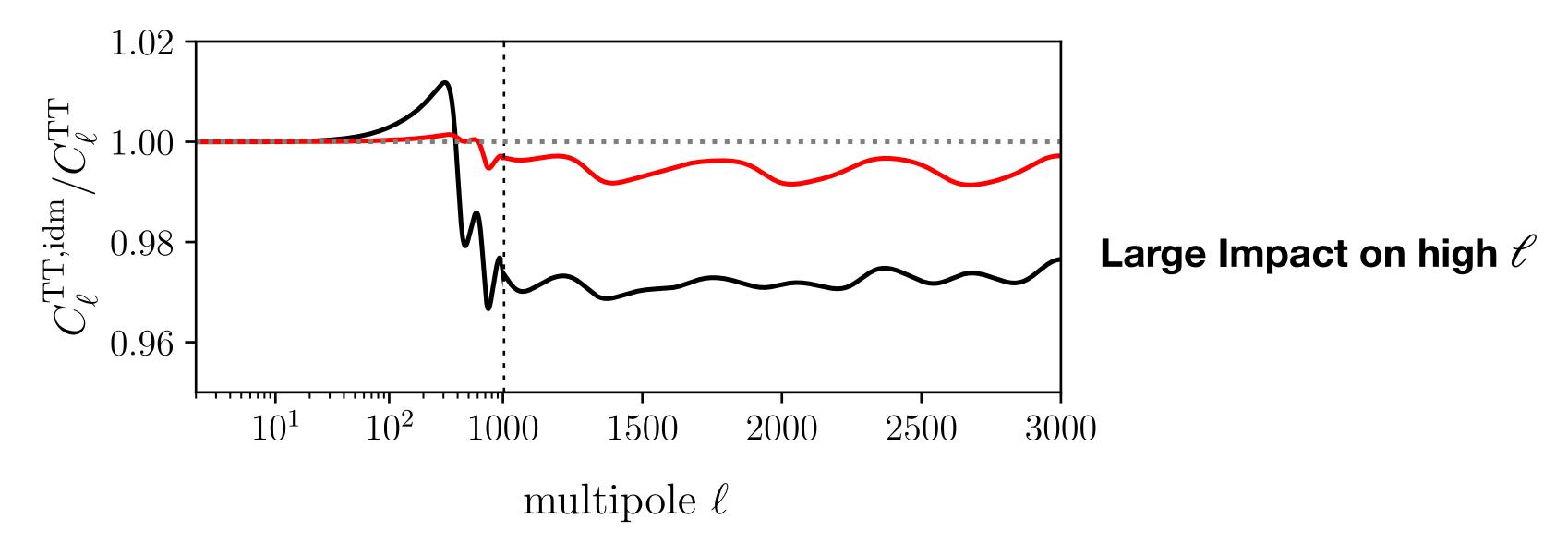
**Dark Acoustic Oscillations** 

Large suppression at high k





Impacts on Matter / CMB Power Spectrum







#### Impacts on Matter / CMB Power Spectrum

Strong interaction btw DM and DR is not compatible with step in  $\Delta N_{\rm eff}$ 

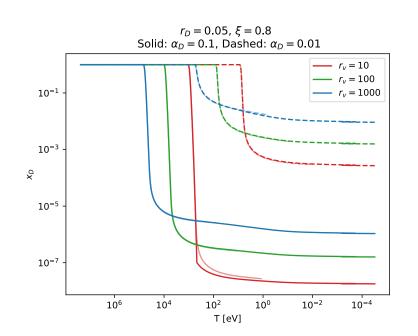
→ No reheating needed in strong interaction

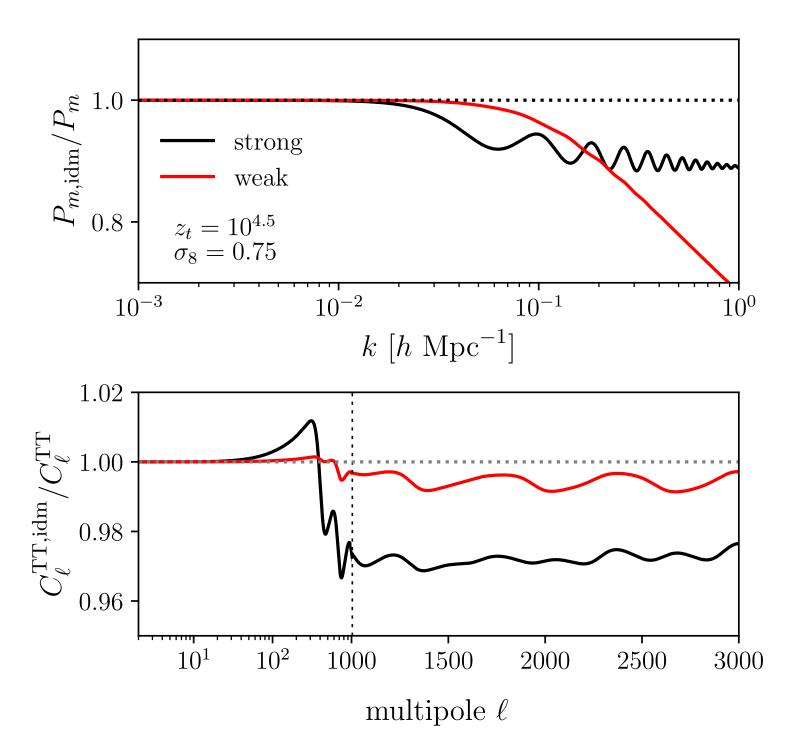
Generalizing Stepped DR

Recombination (currently in progress)

Dark atom model with self-interacting dark photon (gluon)

Short  $r_{mfp} \rightarrow$  no Peeble's correction: case A recombination





N. Schöneberg et al. [arXiv:2306.12469]



### Generalized Dark Radiation

#### **Details of Model**

Standard CDM

Interacting Dark Matter (iDM):  $\chi$ 

$$f_{\text{CDM}} + f_{\chi} = 1$$

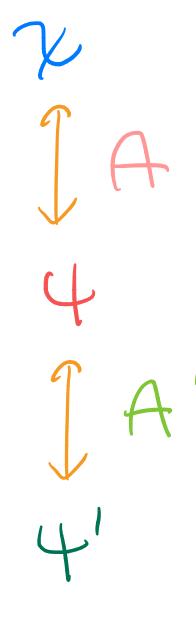
Self-interacting Dark Radiation

$$\psi$$
,  $A$ 

$$\psi', A'$$

**Strong** 

0, 3  $\psi'$  flavors: ~40, 7% jump in  $\Delta N_{\rm eff}$  Weak



	$U(1)_A$	$U(1)_{A'}$
X	1	0
Ψ	1	1
$\psi'$	0	1



# Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) Setup

#### Data:

Baseline  $\mathscr{D}$ : Plank high  $\mathscr{C}$  TTTEEE, Planck low  $\mathscr{C}$  EE, Planck low  $\mathscr{C}$  TT, Plank lensing, BAO BOSS DR12, BAO small z, PANTHEON

Hubble tension  $\mathcal{H}$ : SH0ES

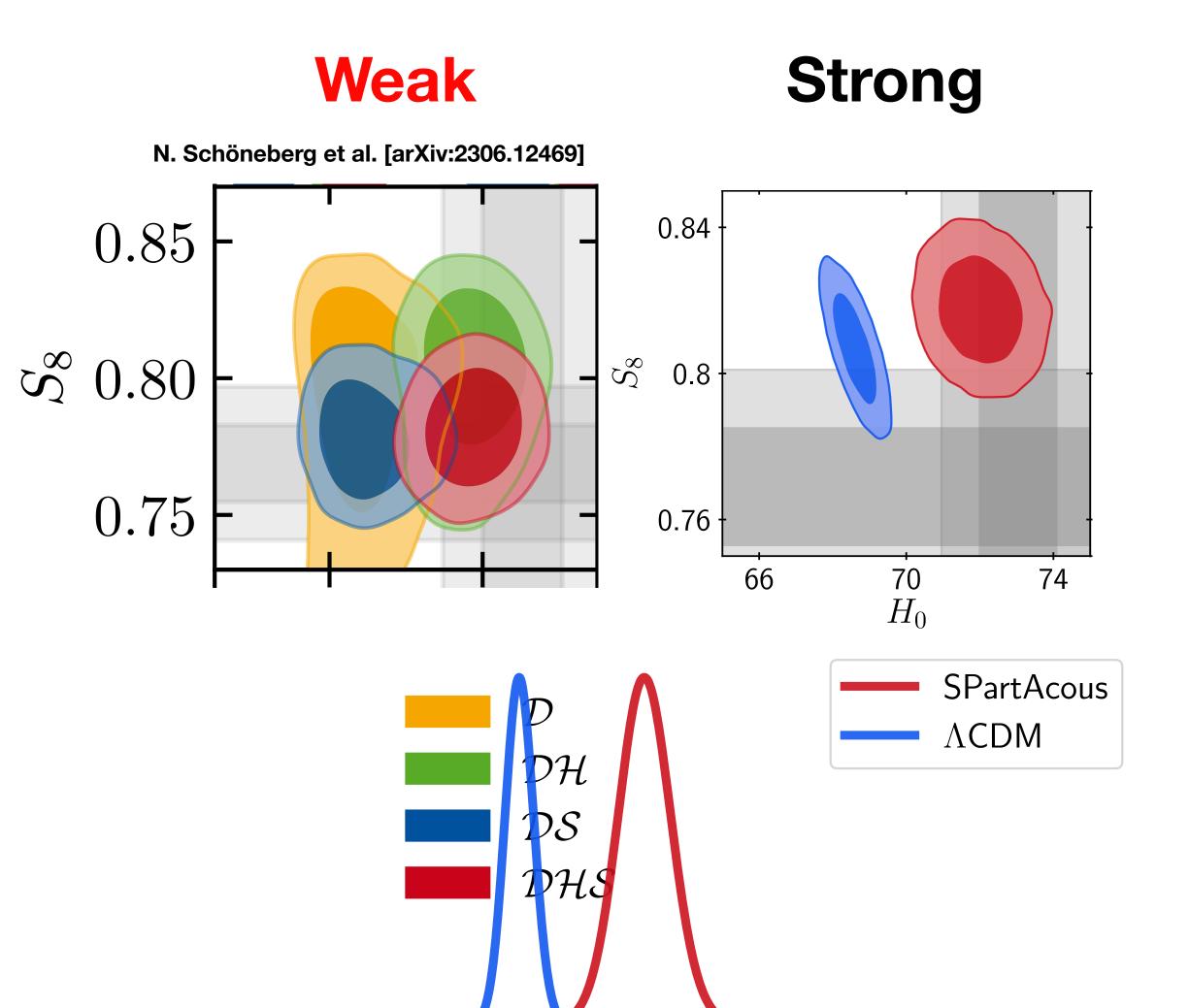
 $S_8$  tension S: KiDS-1000x, DES-Y3



# Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC)

#### Results

#### Dataset $\mathscr{D}\mathscr{H}$



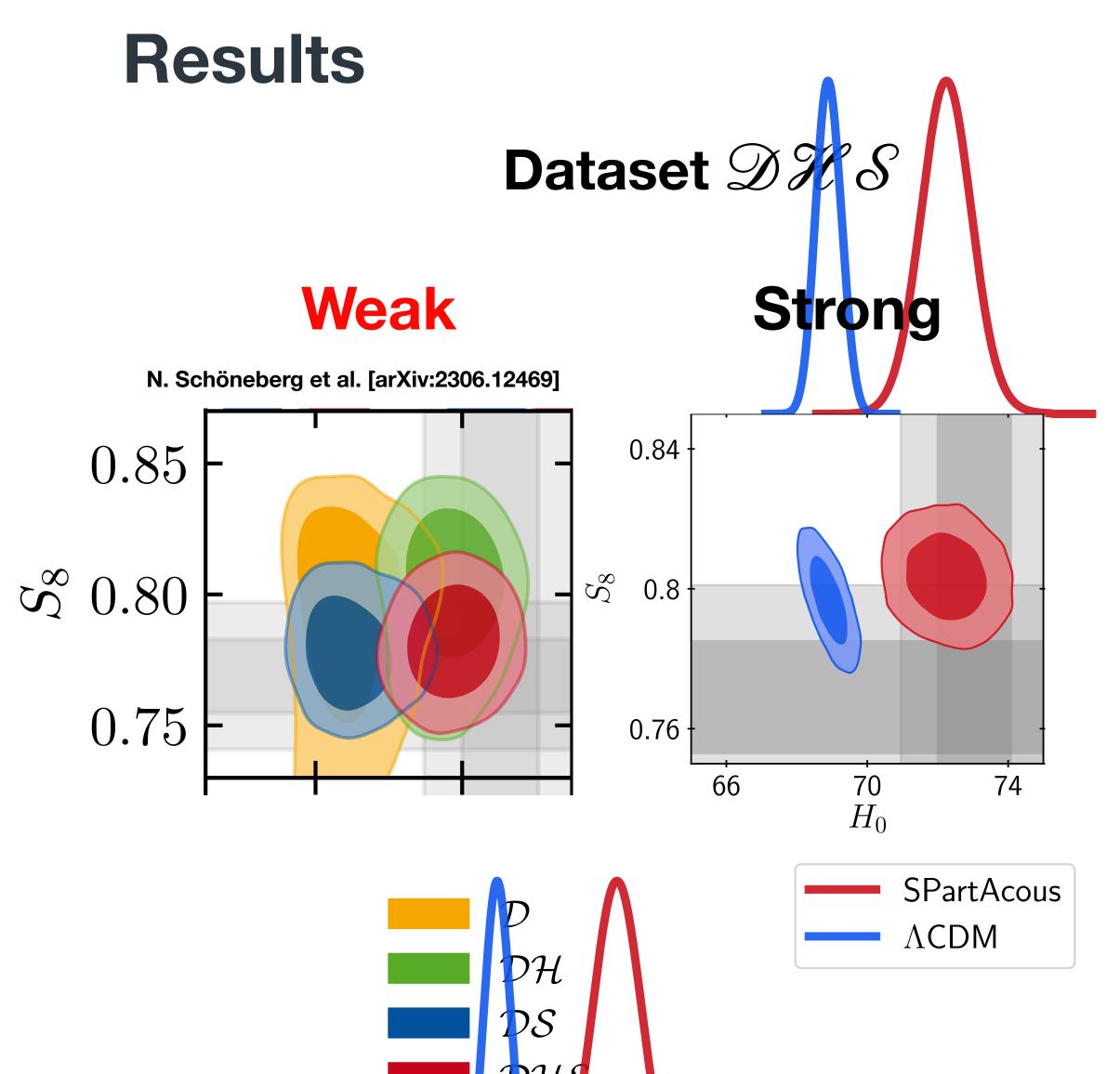
#### **Best fit**

Model	$\Delta \chi^2$	$Q_{ m DMAP}$	$H_0$
LCDM	0	5.57 <b>σ</b>	68.64
Weak	-26.65	2.45 σ	71.83
Strong	-26.89	2.19 σ	71.98

M. Joseph et al. [arXiv:2207.03500]



# Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC)



#### **Best fit**

Model	$\Delta \chi^2$	$Q_{ m DMAP}$	$H_0$	$S_8$
LCDM	0	5.80 σ	68.94	0.7972
Weak	-25.78	3.20 σ	71.84	0.792
Strong	-24.56	3.38 <i>\sigma</i>	72.26	0.8036



## Conclusions

#### **Summary and Outlook**

Non-trivial Dark Sector is highly motivated

May leave imprints on cosmological data

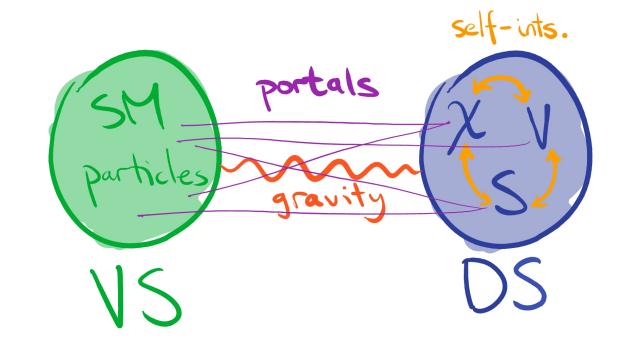
CMB anisotropy, Large Scale Structure, Stochastic GW, 21cm line, Lyman α forest, etc.

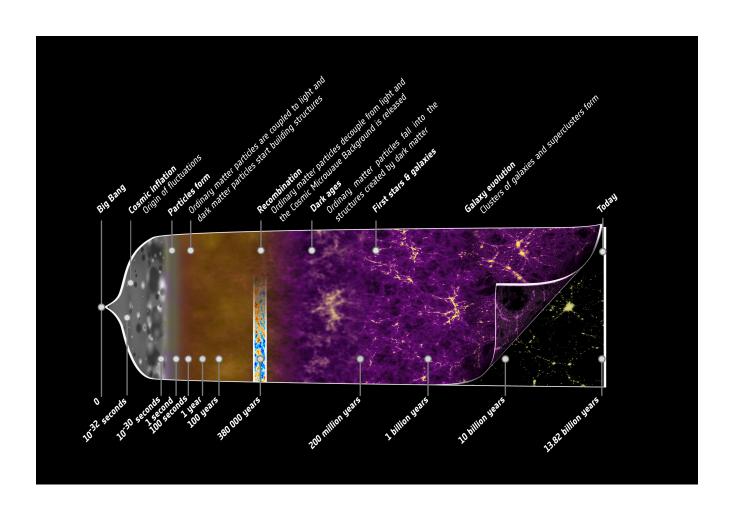
Possible solutions to Hubble /  $S_8$  tensions in  $\Lambda$ CDM

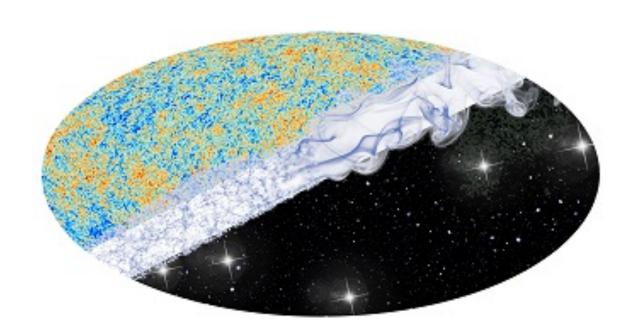
Stepped DR

Interaction btw DM and DR

Will be probed in the future experiments!





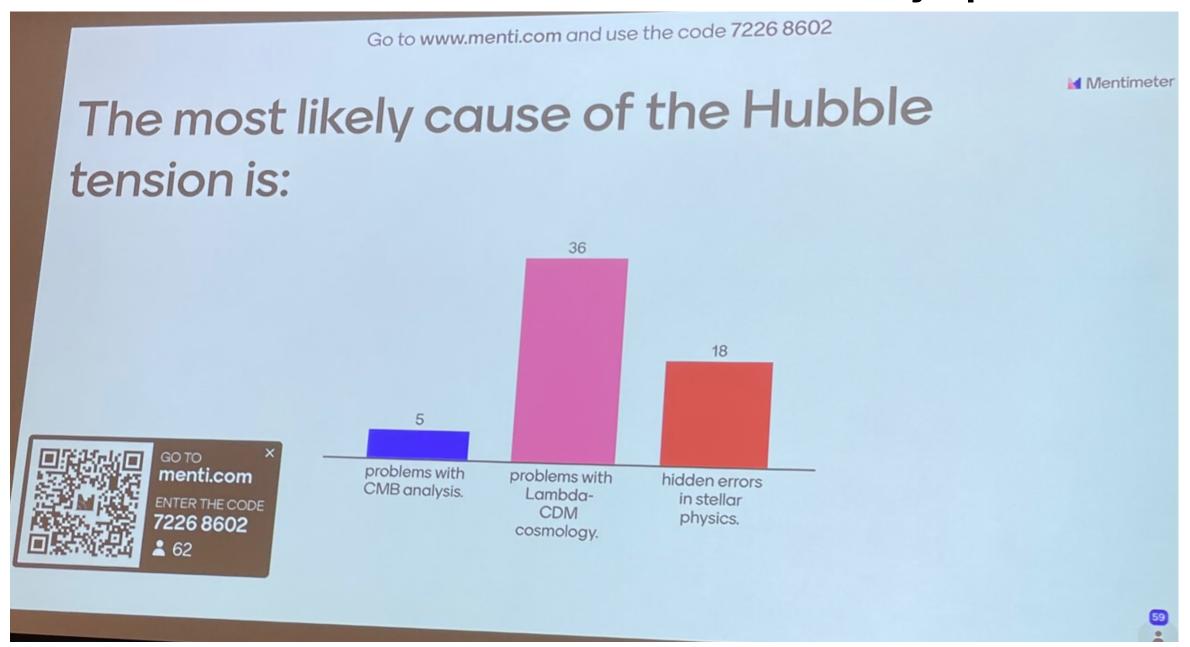




## Conclusions

#### **Summary and Outlook**

IAU Symposium 376

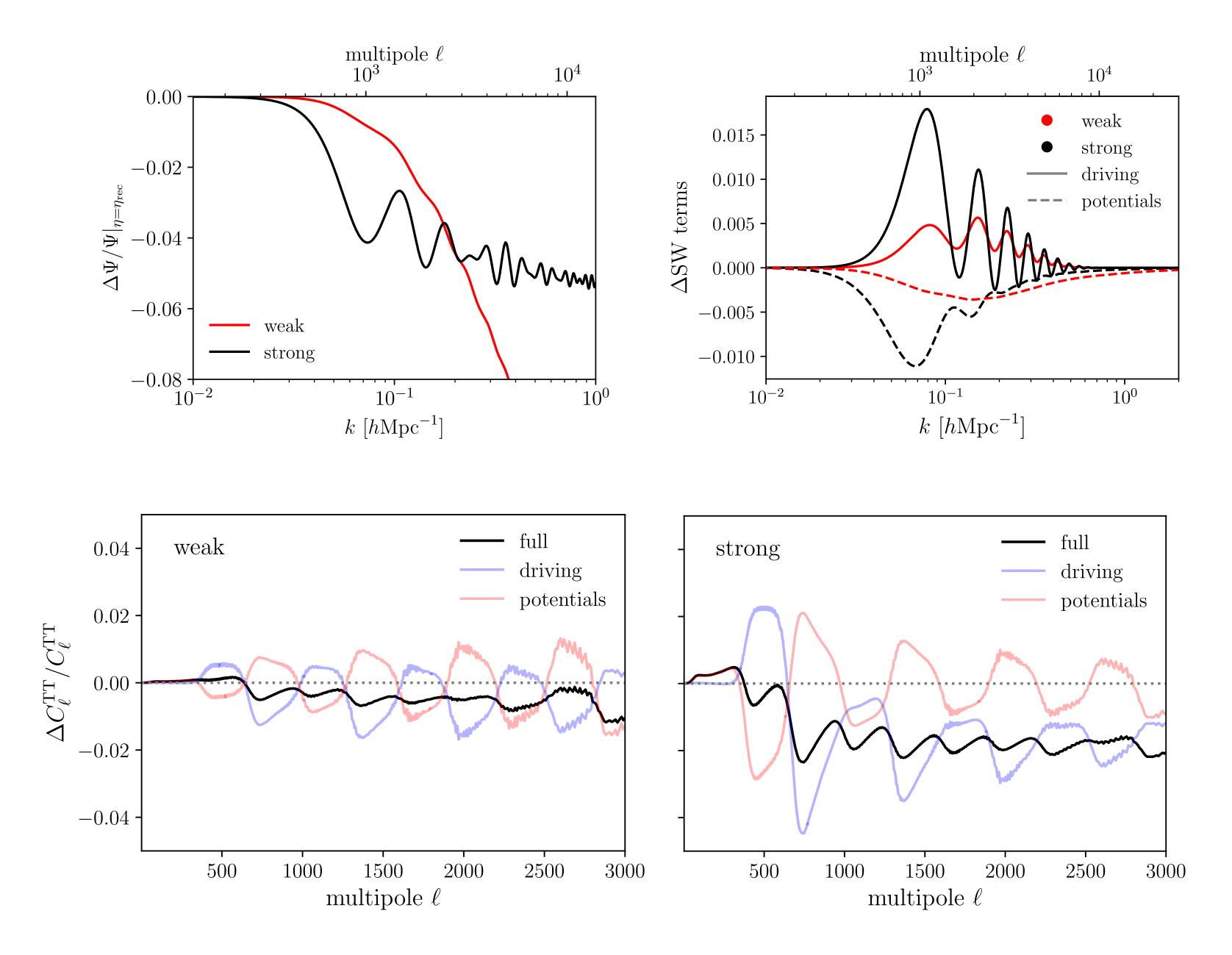


A. Riess and L. Breuval [arXiv:2308.10954]

# Thank You for Listening!



# Supplements





## Hubble Tension

#### $c_s$ : sound speed of baryon-photon plasma

#### **Early Universe Measurement**

$$r_s \sim \frac{c_s}{H_{\text{early}}} \sim \frac{c_s}{H_{\text{rec}}(\rho_{\text{early}}/\rho_{\text{rec}})^{1/2}}$$

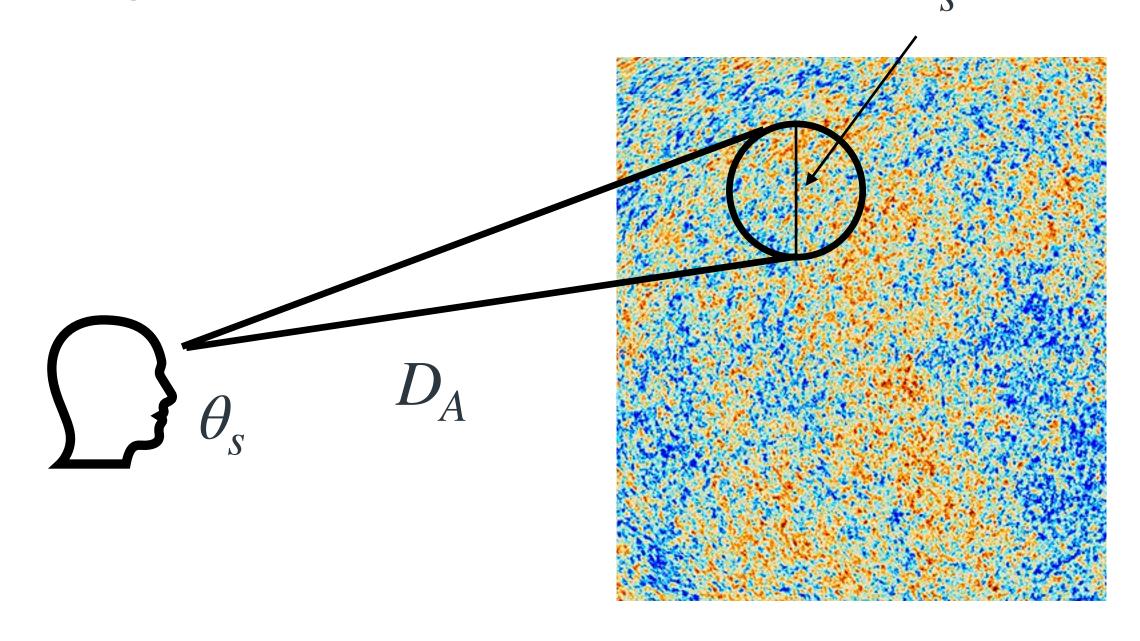
CMB measures  $H_0$  tightly by sound horizon angle

$$\theta_{s} = \frac{r_{s}}{D_{A}}$$

$$\theta_{S} = \frac{r_{S}}{D_{A}}$$

$$H_0 \sim H_{\text{rec}} \theta_s \frac{c/(\rho_{\text{late}}/\rho_{\text{today}})^{1/2}}{c_s/(\rho_{\text{early}}/\rho_{\text{rec}})^{1/2}}$$

$$H_0^{\text{Planck2018}} = 67.36 \pm 0.54 \text{ km/s/Mpc}$$



$$D_A \sim \frac{c}{H_{\text{late}}} \sim \frac{c}{H_0(\rho_{\text{late}}/\rho_{\text{today}})^{1/2}}$$



# Early Universe Measurement

#### CMB again

$$r_{s} = \frac{1}{H_{\text{rec}}} \int_{0}^{t_{\text{rec}}} \frac{c_{s}(t) dt/t_{\text{rec}}}{[\rho(t)/\rho(t_{\text{rec}})]^{1/2}} \qquad D_{A} = \frac{c}{H_{0}} \int_{t_{\text{rec}}}^{t_{0}} \frac{dt/t_{0}}{[\rho(t)/\rho_{0}]^{1/2}}$$

$$D_A = \frac{c}{H_0} \int_{t_{rec}}^{t_0} \frac{\mathrm{d}t/t_0}{[\rho(t)/\rho_0]^{1/2}}$$

$$H_{0} = H_{\text{rec}} \theta_{s} \frac{\int_{t_{\text{rec}}}^{t_{0}} \frac{dt/t_{0}}{[\rho(t)/\rho_{0}]^{1/2}}}{\int_{0}^{t_{\text{rec}}} \frac{c_{s}(t)dt/t_{\text{rec}}}{[\rho(t)/\rho(t_{\text{rec}})]^{1/2}}}$$

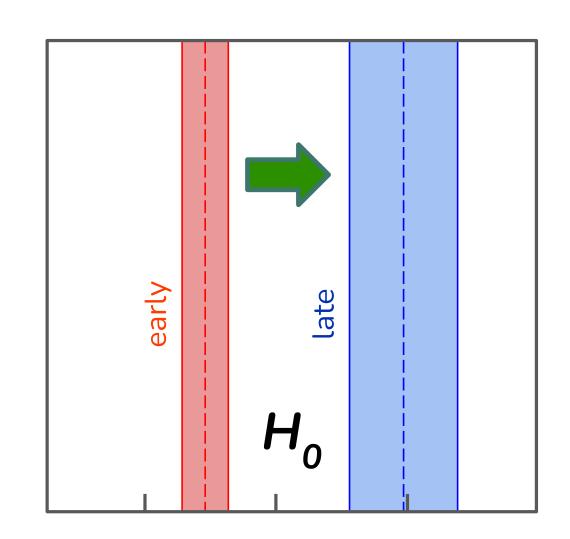
 $H_0^{\text{Planck2018}} = 67.36 \pm 0.54 \text{ km/Mpc/s}$ 



Hubble tension ( $\sim$ 4-6  $\sigma$ )

$$H_0 \sim H_{\text{rec}} \theta_s \frac{c/(\rho_{\text{late}}/\rho_{\text{today}})^{1/2}}{c_s/(\rho_{\text{early}}/\rho_{\text{rec}})^{1/2}}$$

To increase  $H_0$ ,





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To increase  $H_0$ ,

Decrease energy density at late times (late-time solutions)

Increasing  $\rho(t)$  over time with  $\rho_0$  fixed  $\rightarrow$  energy is created out of nowhere



Hubble tension ( $\sim$ 4-6  $\sigma$ )

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To increase  $H_0$ ,

Decrease energy density at late times (late-time solutions)

Decrease sound speed in early universe (sounds crazy)



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To increase  $H_0$ ,

Decrease energy density at late times (late-time solutions)

Decrease sound speed in early universe (sounds crazy)

Increase energy density at early times (early-time solutions)



## SPartAcous

#### **Boltzmann equations**

$$\dot{\delta}_{\text{idm}} = -\theta_{\text{idm}} + 3\dot{\phi}$$

$$\dot{\theta}_{idm} = -\mathcal{H}\theta_{idm} + k^2\psi + a\Gamma(\theta_{dr} - \theta_{idm})$$

$$\dot{\delta}_{dr} = -(1+w)(\theta_{dr} - 3\dot{\phi}) - 3\mathcal{H}(c_s^2 - w)\delta_{dr}$$

$$\dot{\theta}_{\rm dr} = -\left[ (1 - 3w)\mathcal{H} + \frac{\dot{w}}{1 + w} \right] \theta_{\rm dr} + k^2 \left( \frac{c_s^2}{1 + w} \delta_{\rm dr} + \psi \right) + \frac{\rho_{\rm idm}}{\rho_{\rm dr}(1 + w)} a\Gamma(\theta_{\rm idm} - \theta_{\rm dr})$$

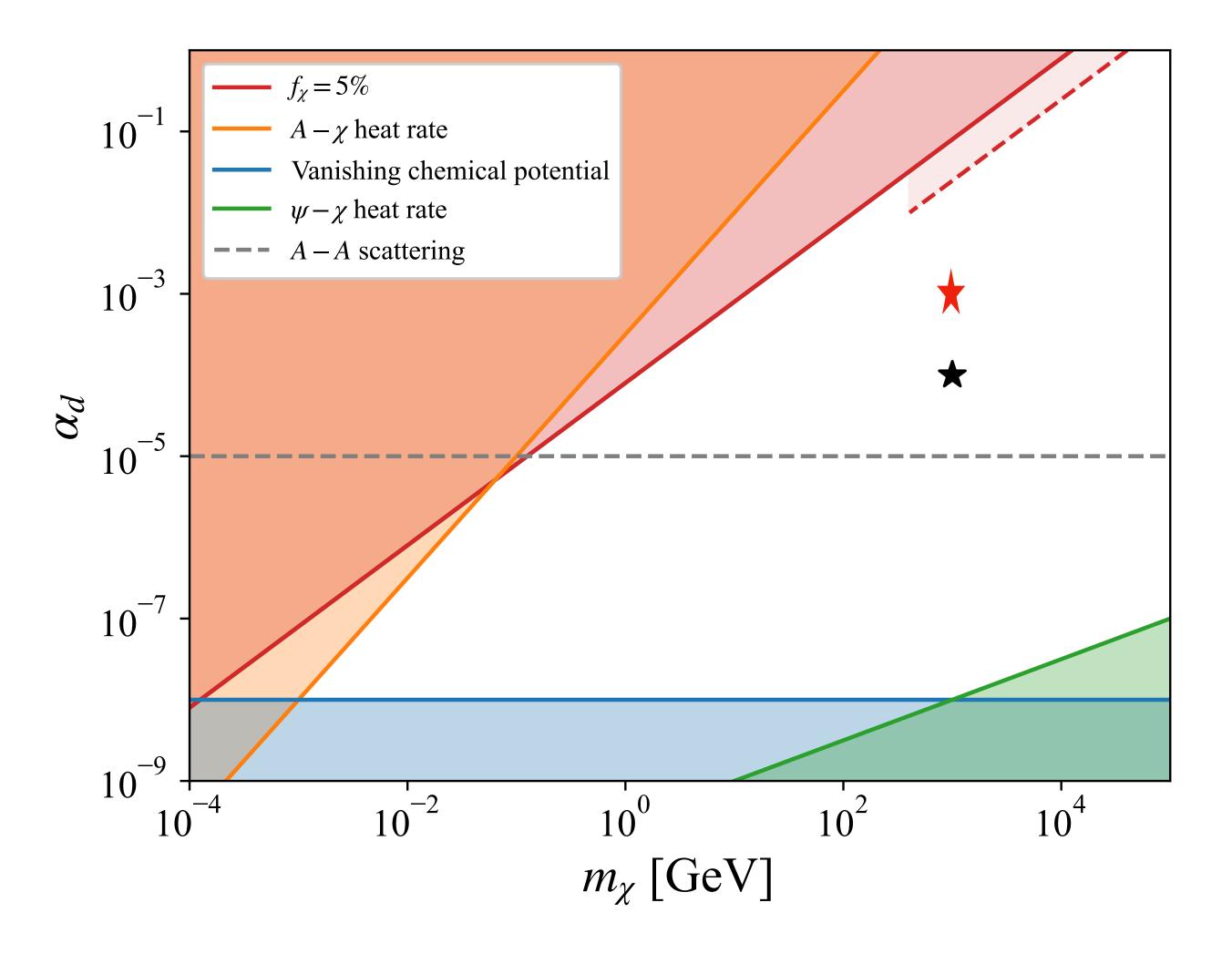
$$\Gamma = \frac{4}{3\pi} \alpha_d^2 \log(\star) \frac{T_d^2}{m_\chi} e^{-m_\psi/T_d} \left[ 2 + \frac{m_\psi}{T_d} \left( 2 + \frac{m_\psi}{T_d} \right) \right]$$



 $r_g = \frac{g_*^{\text{UV}} - g_*^{\text{IR}}}{g_*^{\text{IR}}} = \left(\frac{\Delta N_{\text{eff}}^{\text{IR}}}{\Delta N_{\text{eff}}^{\text{UV}}}\right)^3 - 1$ 

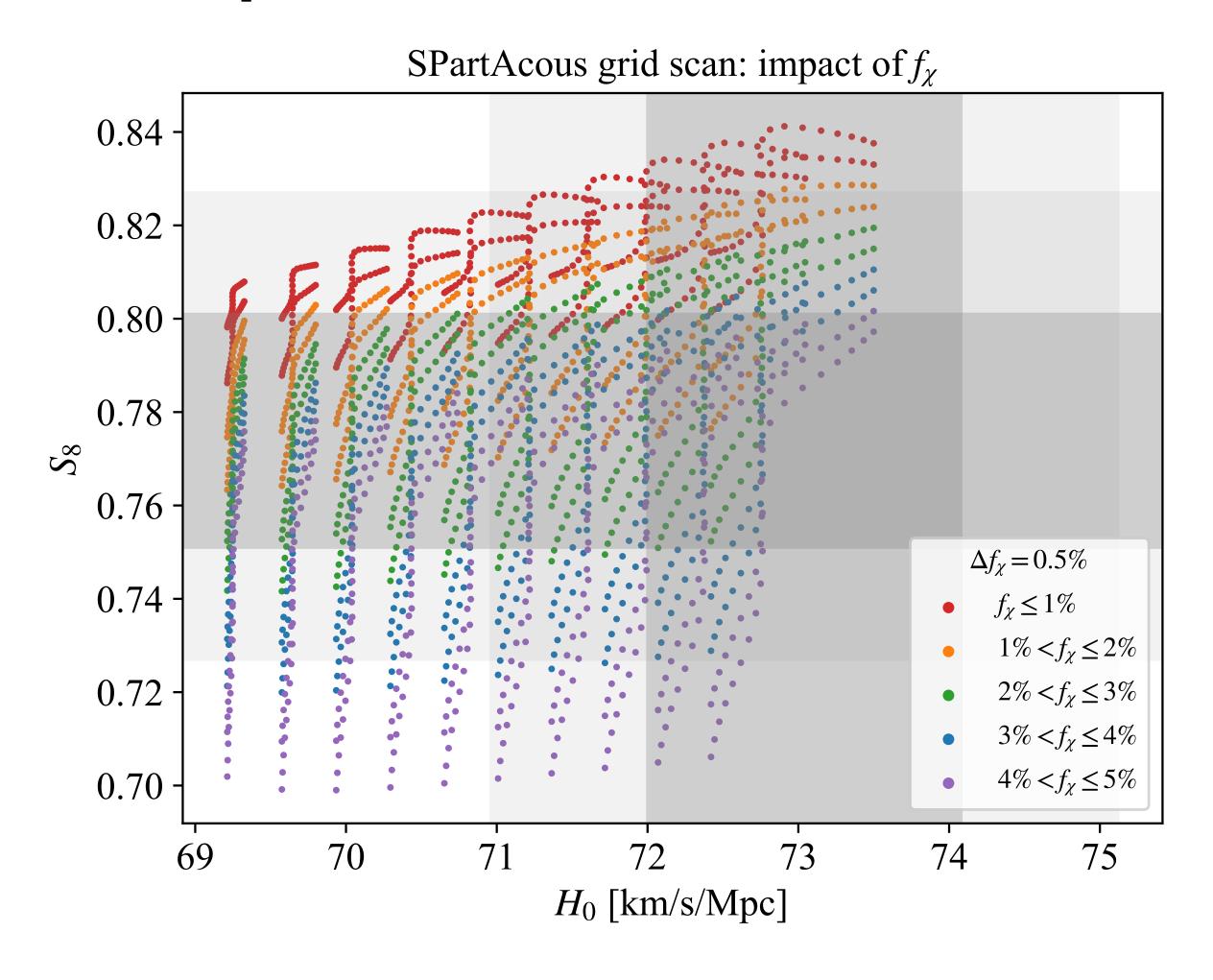
# SPartAcous

## Parameter Space



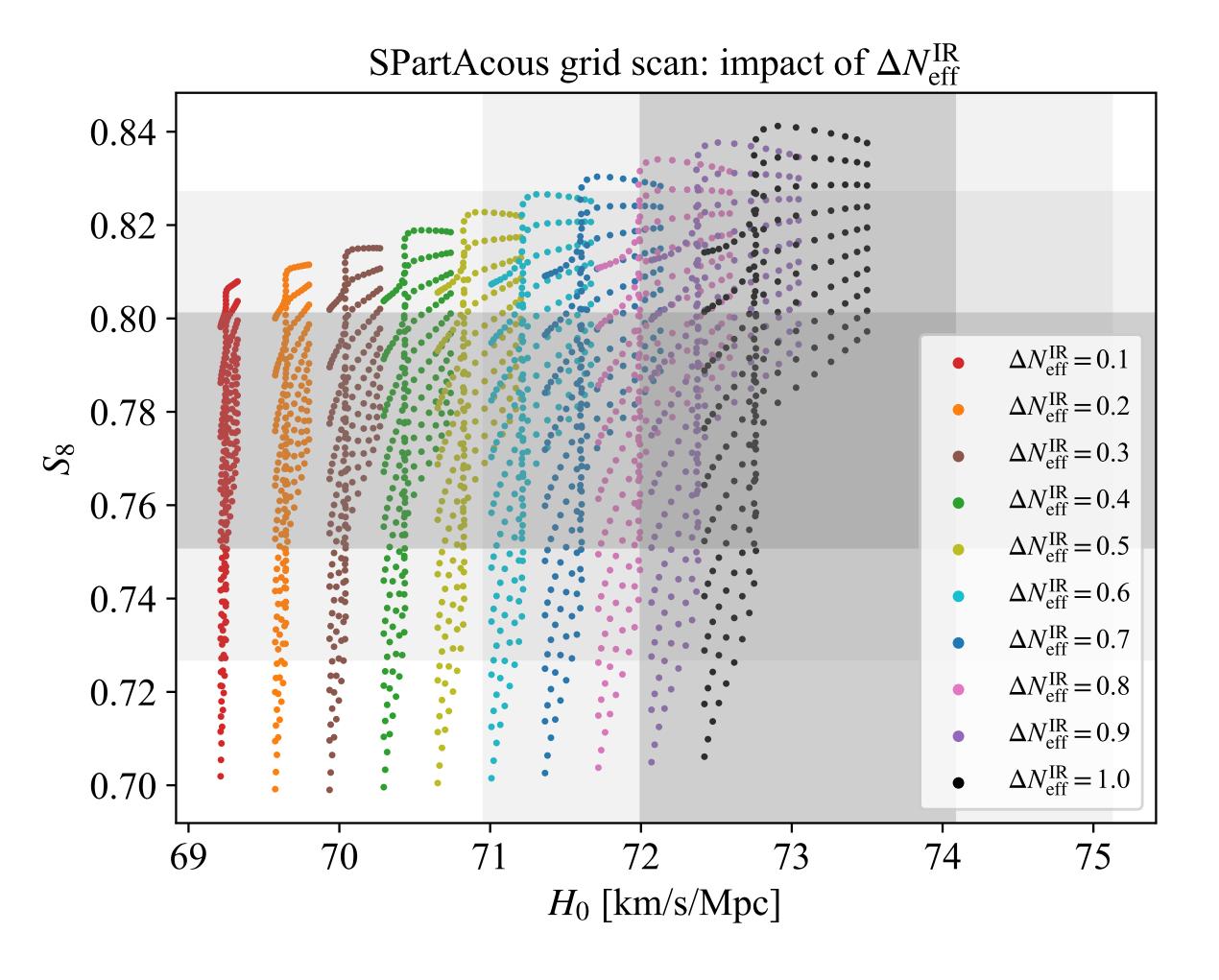


## Using WZDR model best-fit parameters



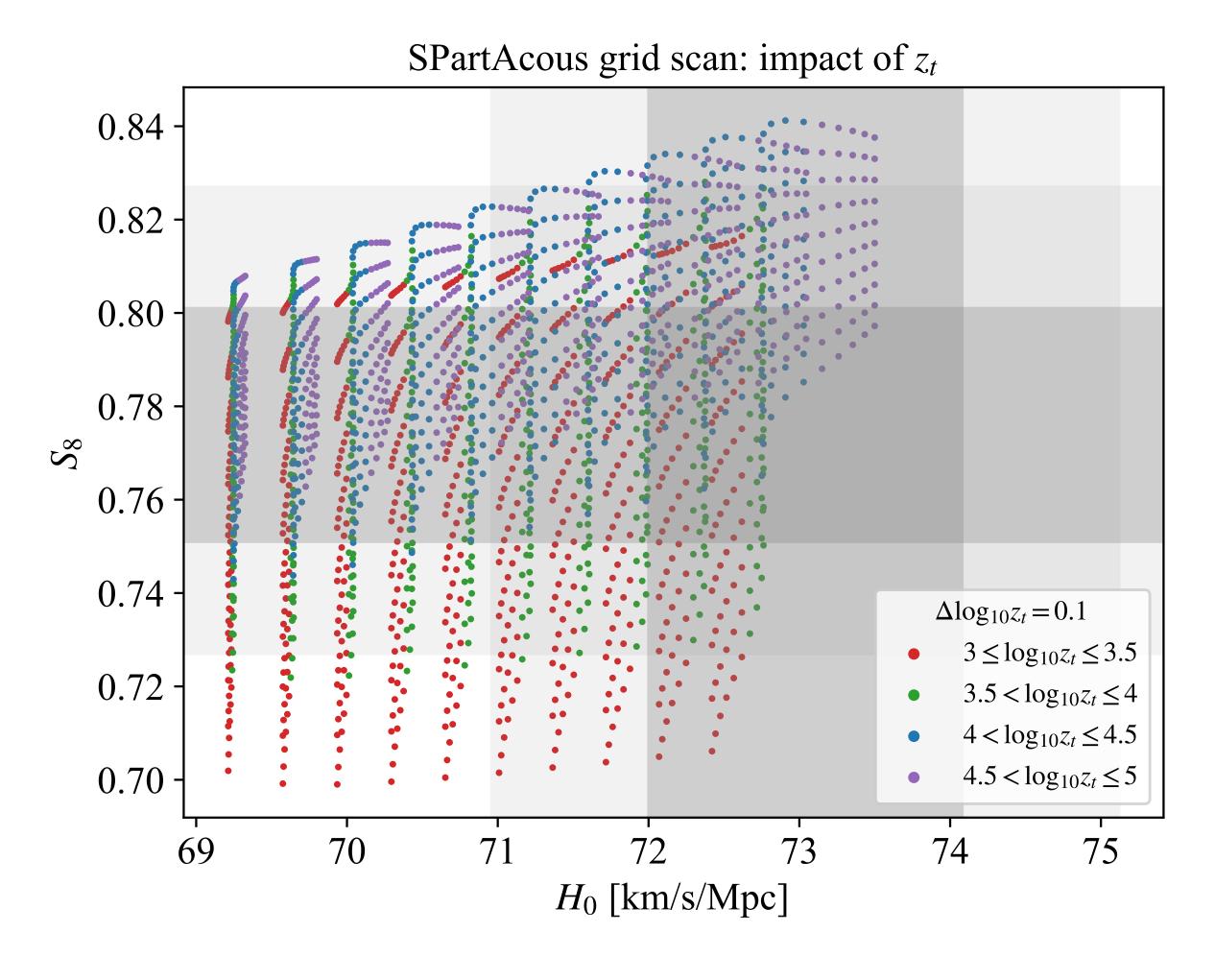


## Using WZDR model best-fit parameters



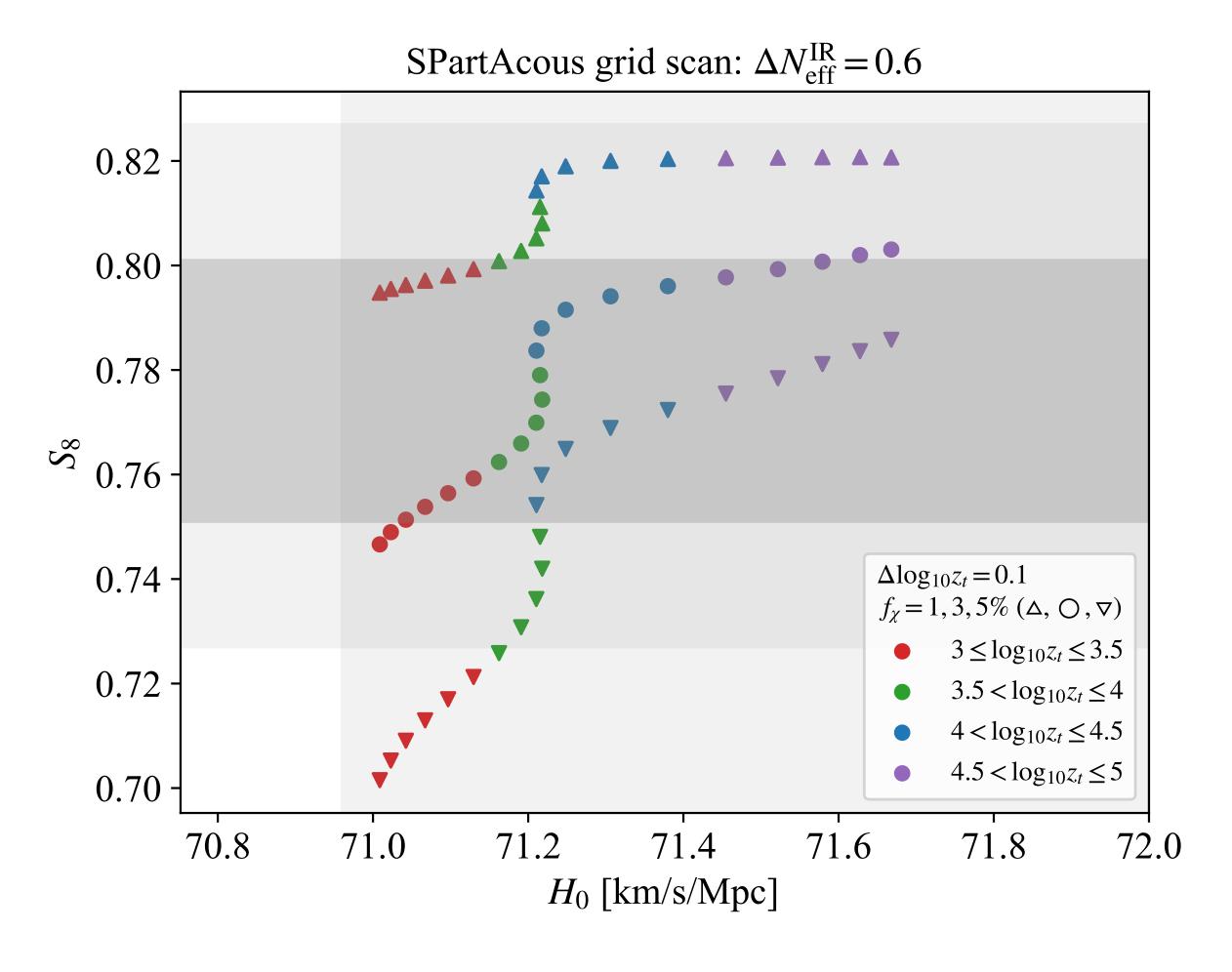


## Using WZDR model best-fit parameters



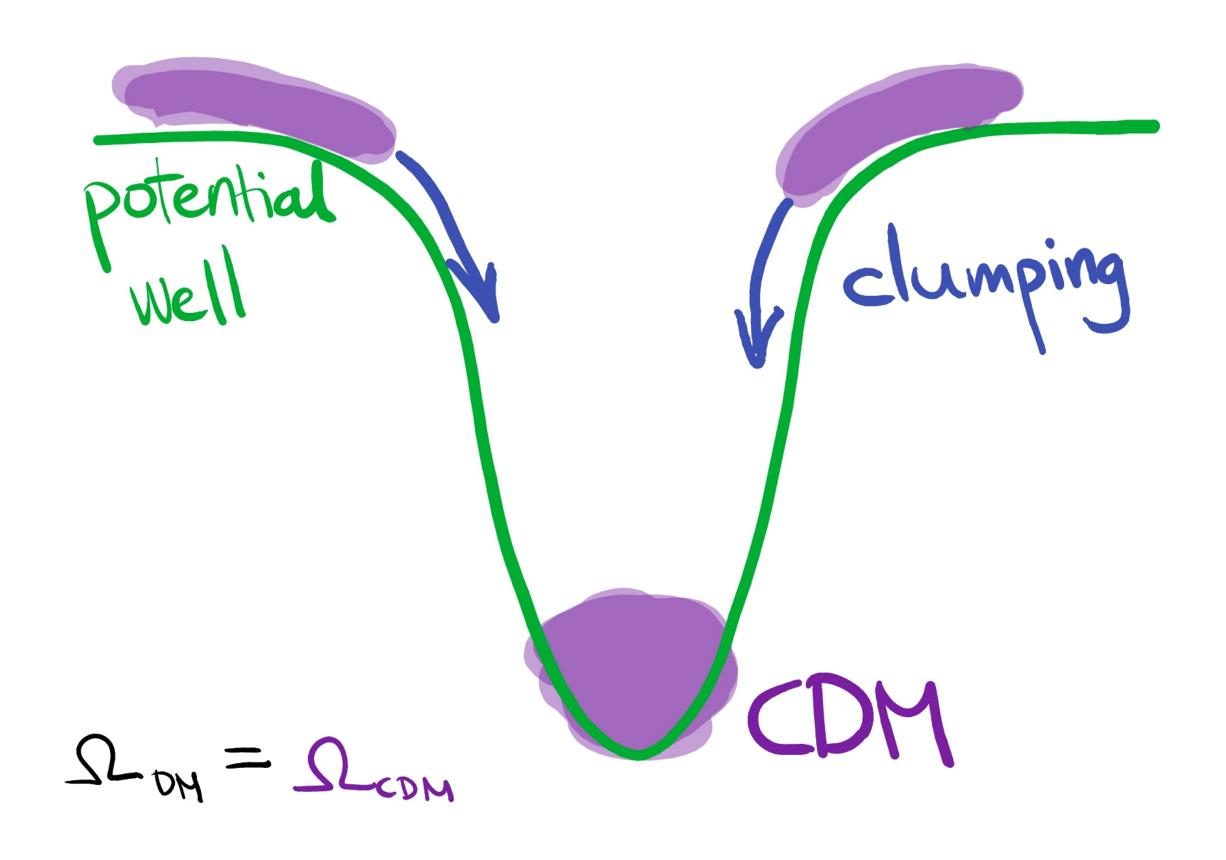


## Using WZDR model best-fit parameters



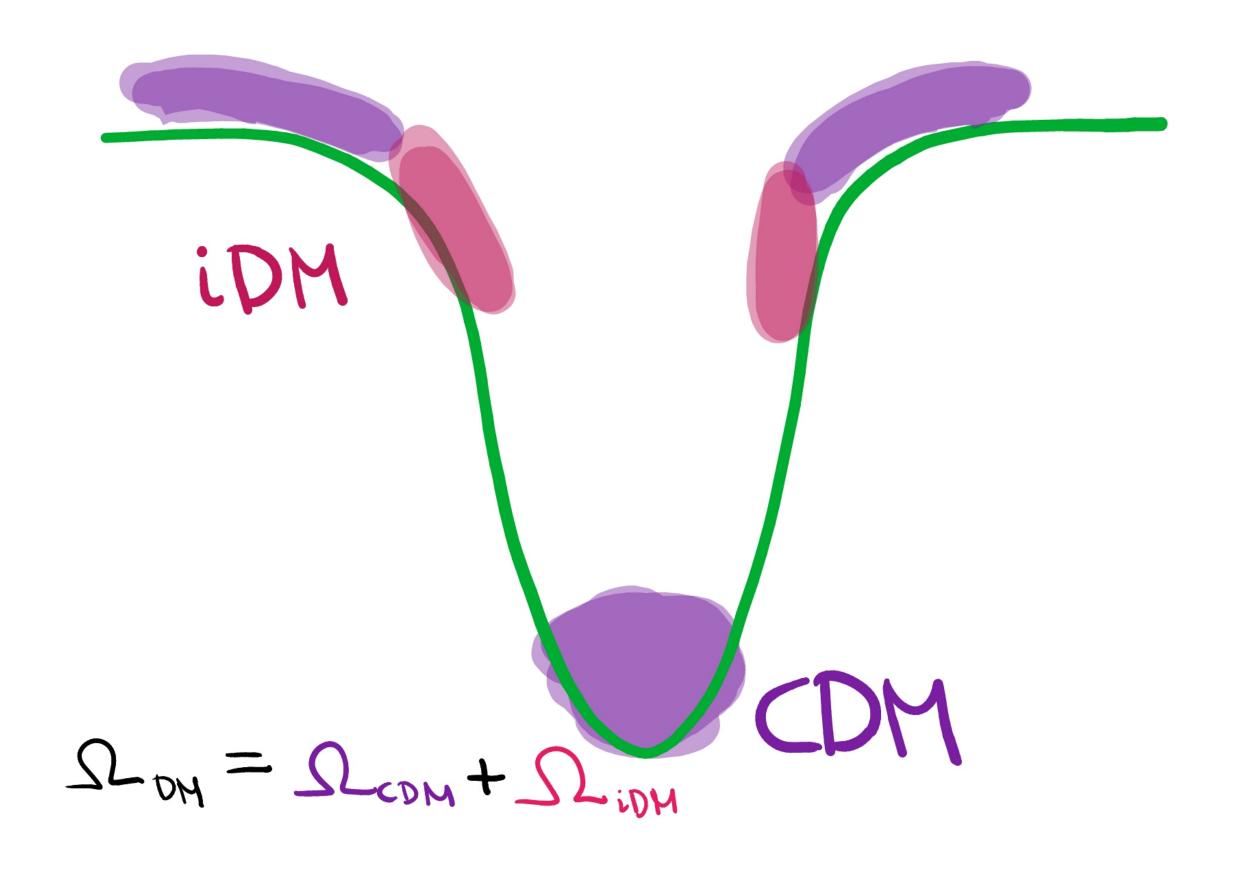


## Tightly-coupled DM-DR



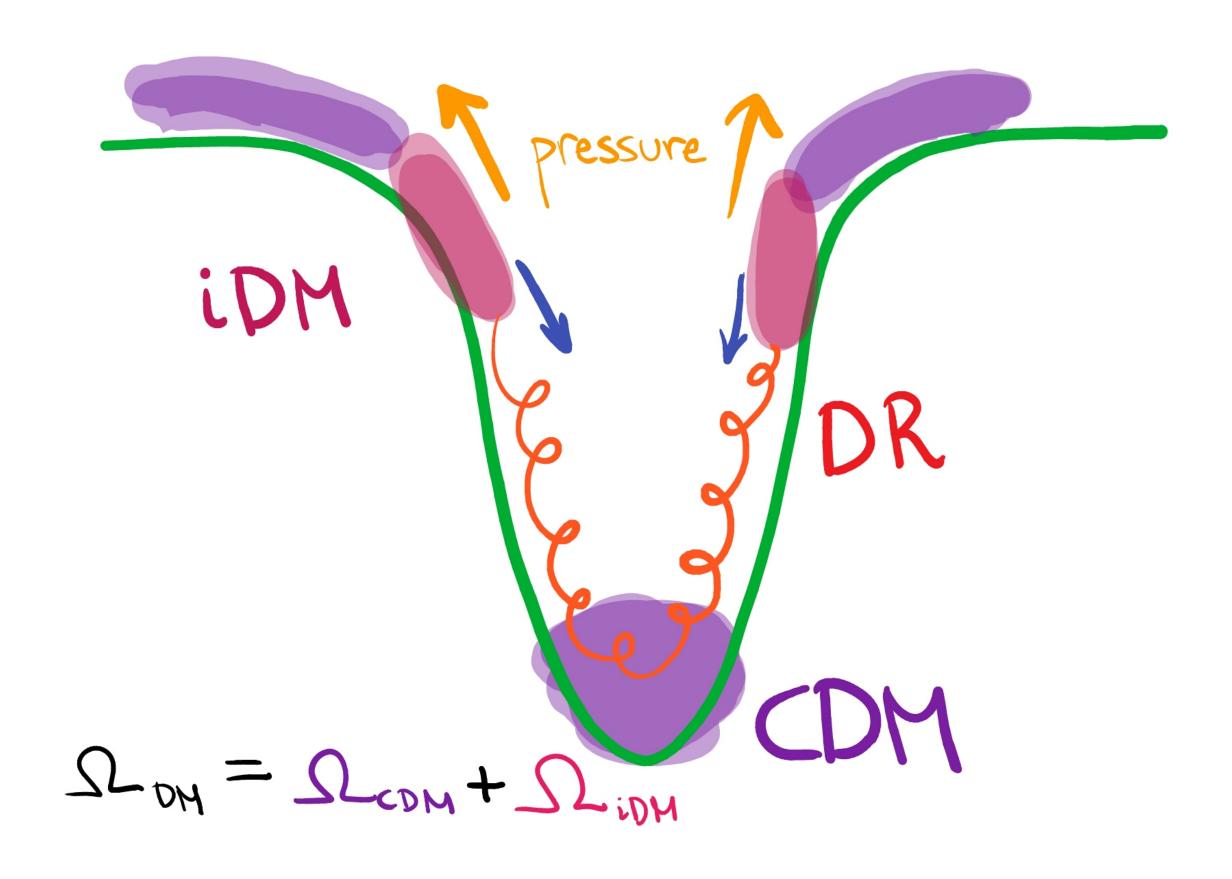


## Tightly-coupled DM-DR



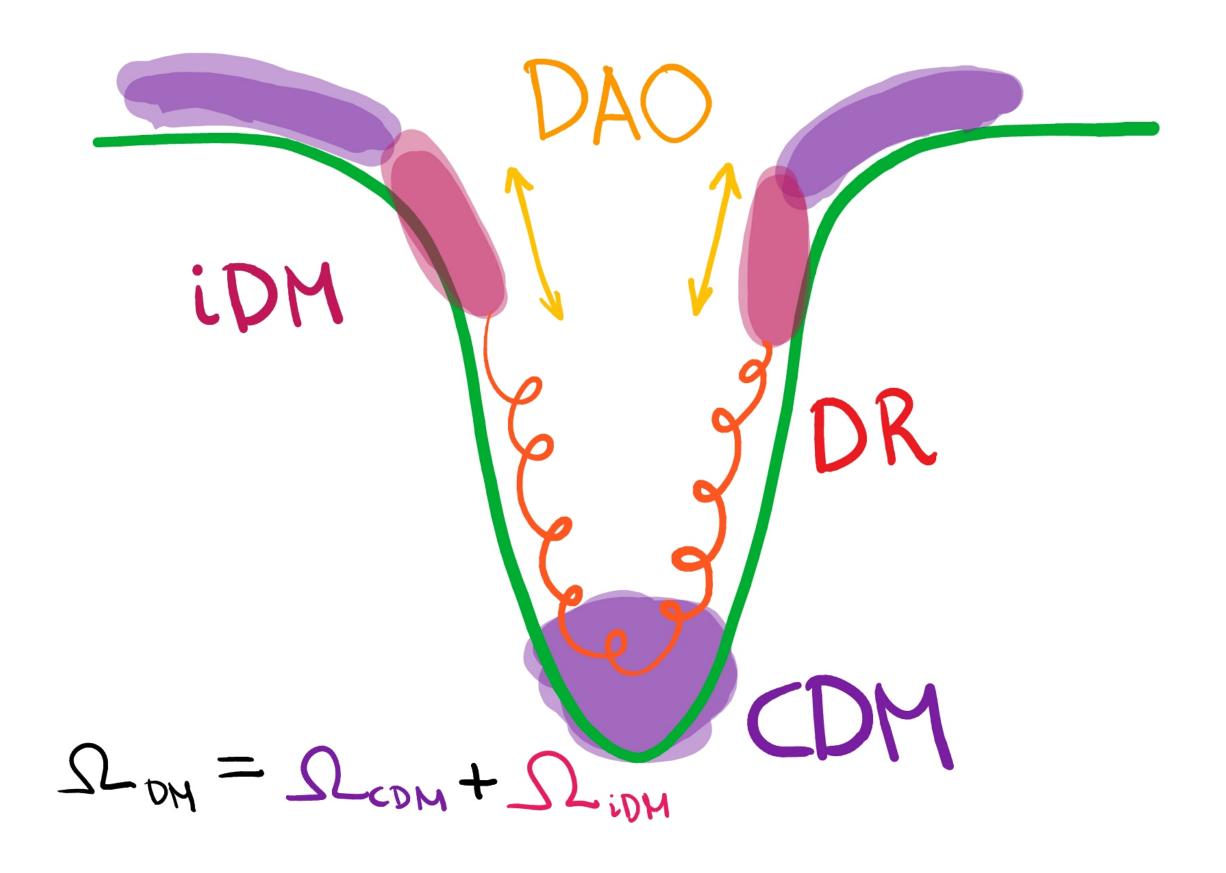


## Tightly-coupled DM-DR



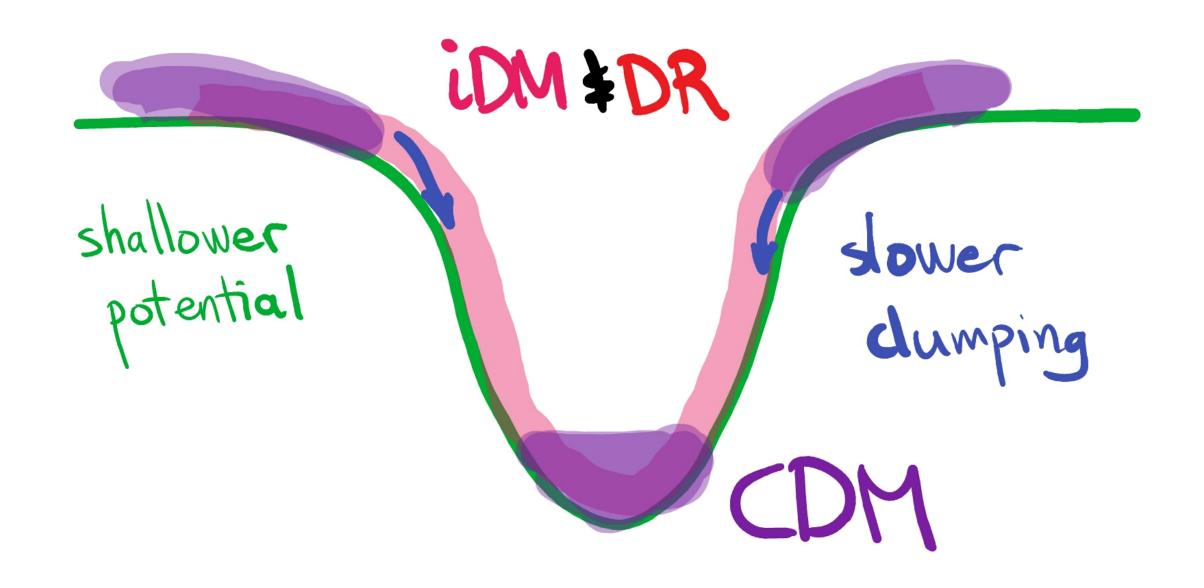


#### **Dark Acoustic Oscillations**





#### **Structure Suppression**



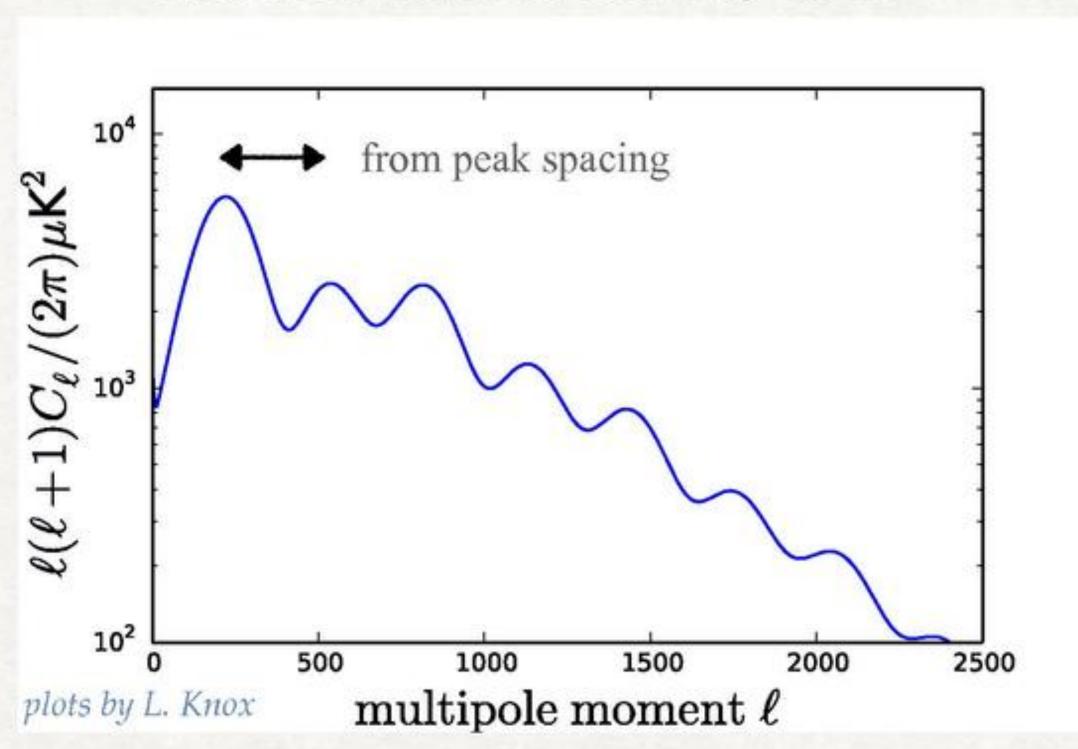
$$\Omega_{DM} = \Omega_{CDM} + \Omega_{iDM}$$



## How does CMB data measure H0?

- Inference of  $H_0$  from the CMB is model dependent.
- It comes from the measurement of three angular scales  $\theta_s, \theta_d, \theta_{eq}$ .

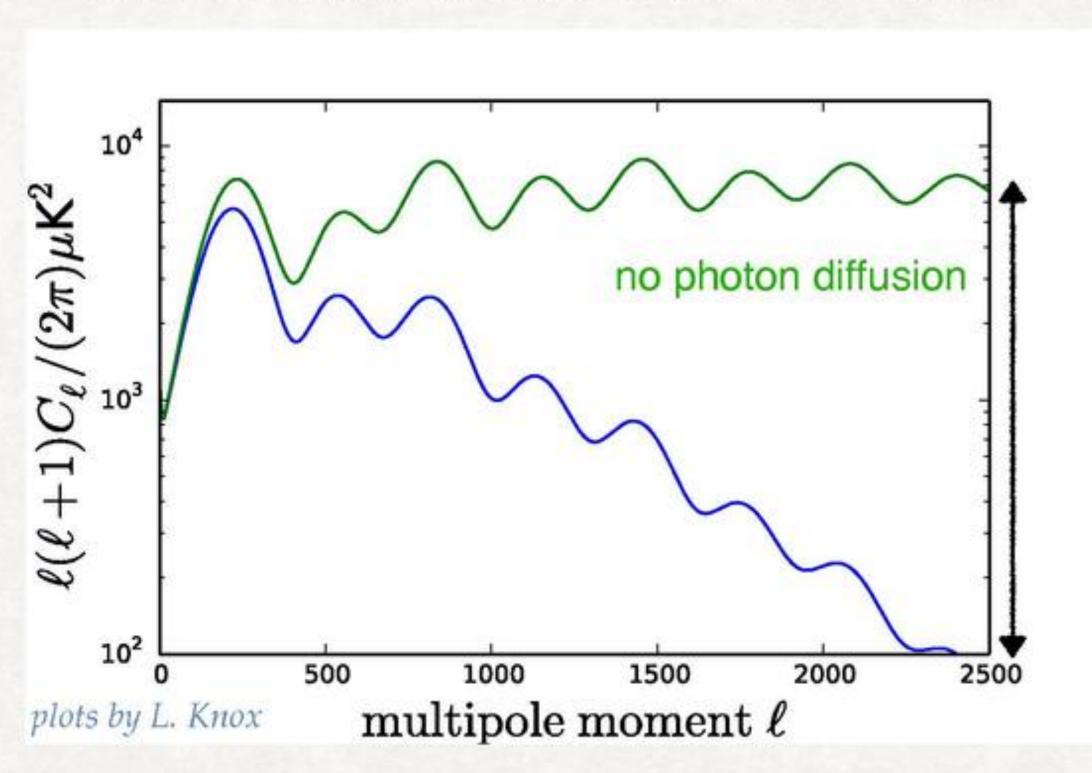
θ<sub>s</sub> sound horizon at last scattering ~1.0404



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 $\theta_d$  photon diffusion length at last scattering  $\sim 0.1609$ 



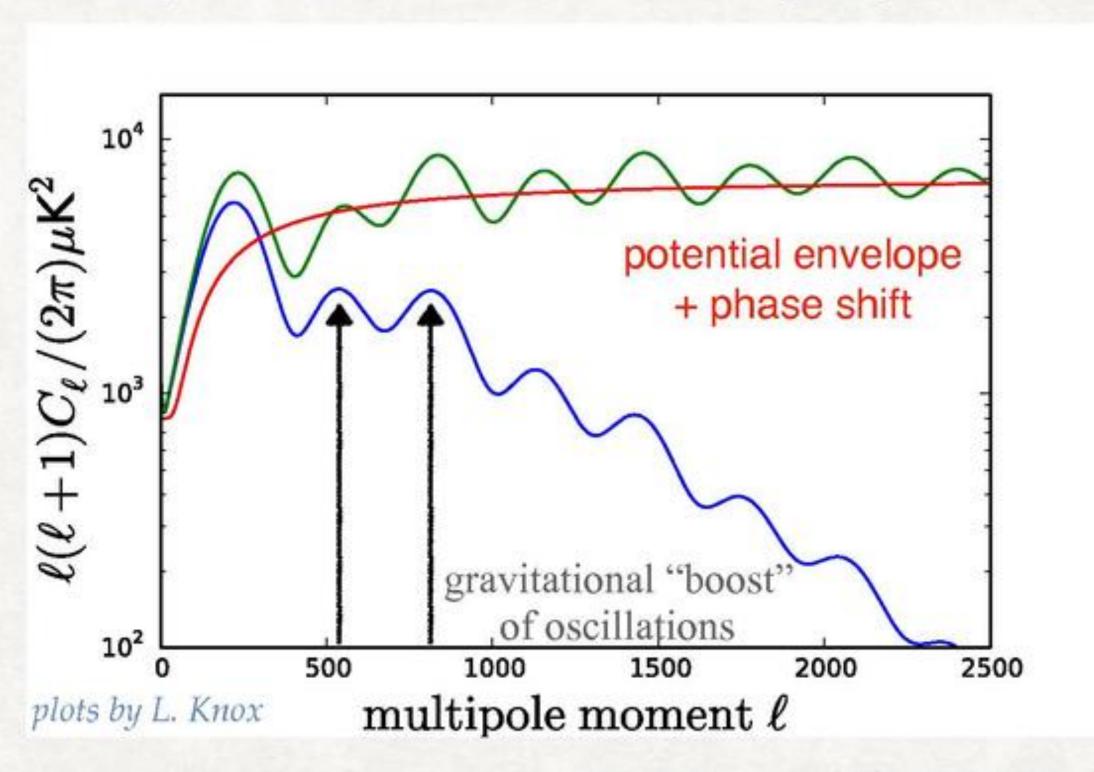
"Silk Damping"

e.g. Hu&White astro-ph/9609079, Hu++astro-ph/0006436

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 $\theta_{eq}$  horizon size at matter-radiation equality  $\sim 0.81$ 



e.g. Hu&White astro-ph/9609079, Hu++astro-ph/0006436