



# LHCb status

GRIDPP 51

alexrg





#### Contents

In this talk I'll try to cover the following topics:

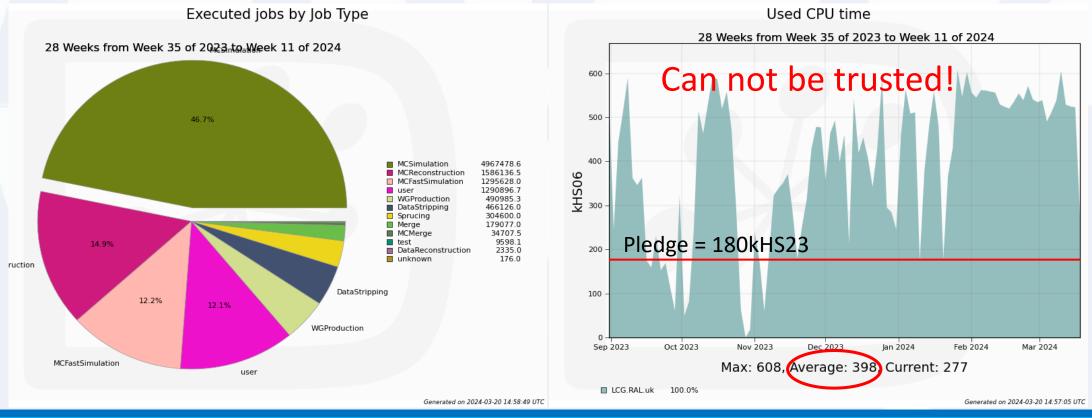
- 1. LHCb T1 resource usage for the last half year.
- 2. RAL T1 problems and solutions.
- 3. LHCb T2 resource usage.
- 4. LHCb news and plans.





## LHCb Jobs at RAL T1

The majority of LHCb jobs at RAL for the last 6 months are Monte Carlo jobs, with some data processing jobs (some of them were processing 2023 data!)



26/03/2023

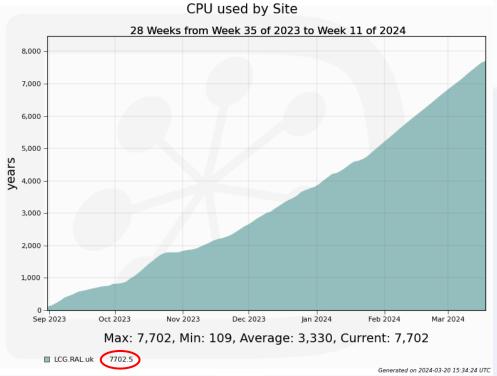




## LHCb Jobs at RAL T1

Normalized CPU number looks to good to be true

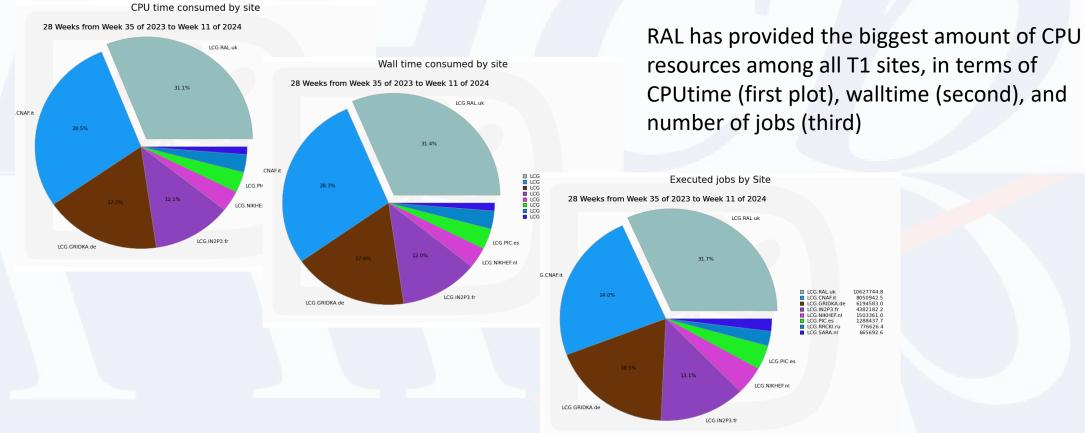
- DIRAC code for calculating normalization factor is being updated
- If we use static normalization factor from RAL, result is different (should be closer to reality)
  - 7702.5\*12.7 / 0.55 = 177857 HS23
  - Blue = cpu years; purple = Normalization factor, green = years in the reporting period
  - Pledge is 180 kHS23
    - To be reduced to 140kHS23 next FY







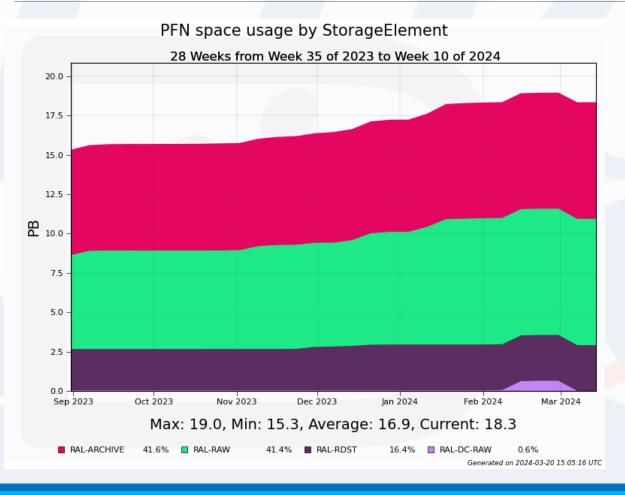
#### Comparison







#### Tape usage



- Increased tape usage
  - 2023 data distribution
  - Evacuated 2016 data from RRCKI
- Still significantly below the pledge
- We are expecting much more data this year
- Pledge is going down next FY
  - 39PB to 33PB

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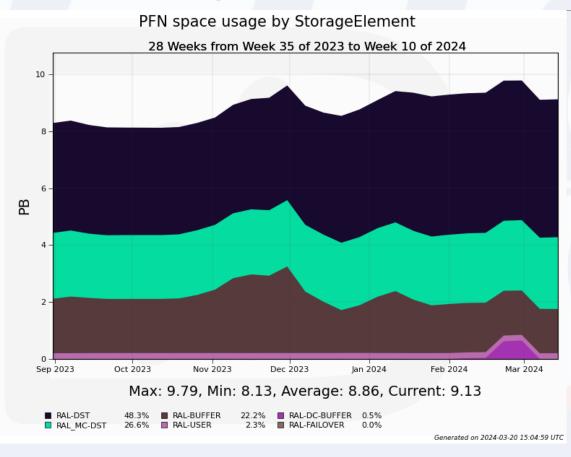
#### 26/03/2023





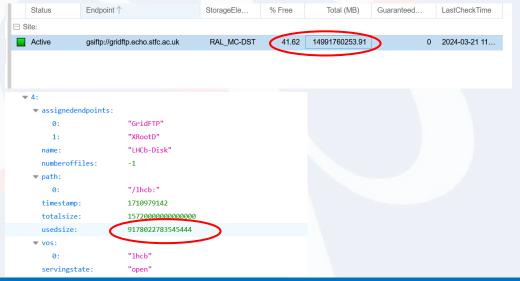


#### Disk usage



 $14991760253.91*1024^{2}*(1-0.4162) = 9177336000002296$ 

- Increased usage during reprocessing campaign
- Still below the pledge
- Pledge is going down next FY (15.7 -> 15.1PB)
- Discrepancy between WLCG and DIRAC accounting disappeared
  - Dark data has been removed



#### 26/03/2023





## Problems: long term issues

There were two long-lasting issues for LHCb:

- 1. Slow stat calls (<u>ticket</u>).
- 2. Vector read (<u>ticket</u>).





## Slow "stat" calls

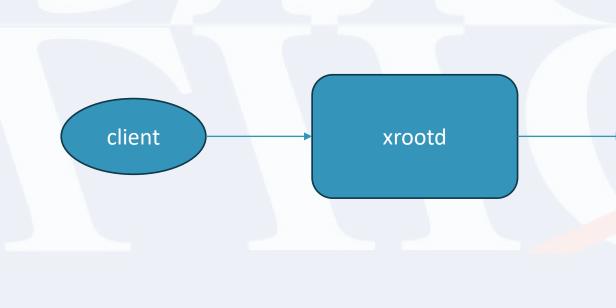
- A ticket was opened with a complaint about slow stat requests on ECHO
- The problem was spotted because some DIRAC workflows that test presence of datasets were slow
- •It turned out that the problem is not with stats, but with checksum requests
  - I.e. requests to get the checksum of file that has been already written to the storage
    - Should be a simple attribute retrieval in most cases
  - DIRAC uses these requests to check file integrity (so it is stat + checksum for every file)

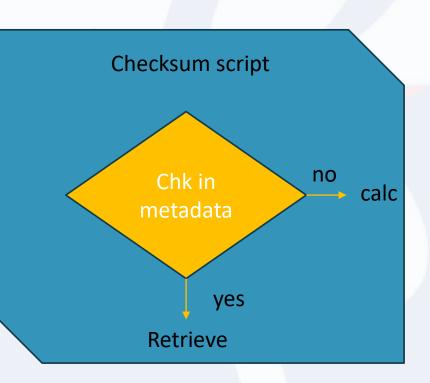


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## Slow "stat" calls: history

- Xrootd can handle checksum requests "automatically", even with ofs plugins
- When ECHO had just entered production, performance of this mechanism was very poor
- That's why checksum script was introduced



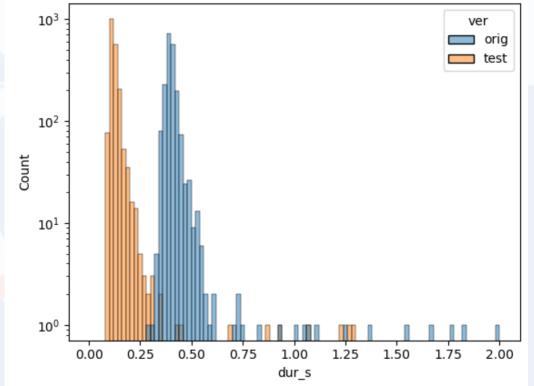






## Slow "stat" calls: first attempt

- A patch for checksum script was developed by James W to improve checksum retrieval speed
- During the non-prod tests on "empty" gateway performance was very good
- When it was deployed to production, results were not that great



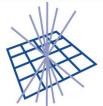




## Slow "stat" calls: problem

- Turned out that xrootd considers checksum script run as a time-consuming operation
  - make sense since one can not be sure that the checksum is present in the attributes
- That's why whenever a request comes, checksum script is not executed right away but its run is scheduled
- Under heavy load this scheduling introduces significant delays
- xrootd tries to check whether checksum attribute is present or not (and retrieve it if it is)
  - Though this check is skipped when the checksum script is set up

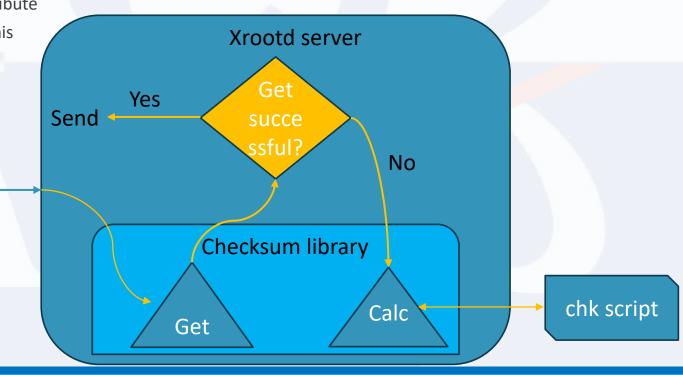




## Slow "stat" calls: attempt 2

client

- The next attempt was to move "get or calc" logic to xrootd server itself, by implementing a checksum library
- Worked much better, but Get method had to be modified to remove stale checksum check
  - Xrootd writes checksum calculation time to the attribute
  - On retrieval it checks whether file's mtime match this checksum calculation time
  - If there is a mismatch, get request fails
  - On ECHO this check will always fail since every read via libradosstriper writes lock, changing mtime

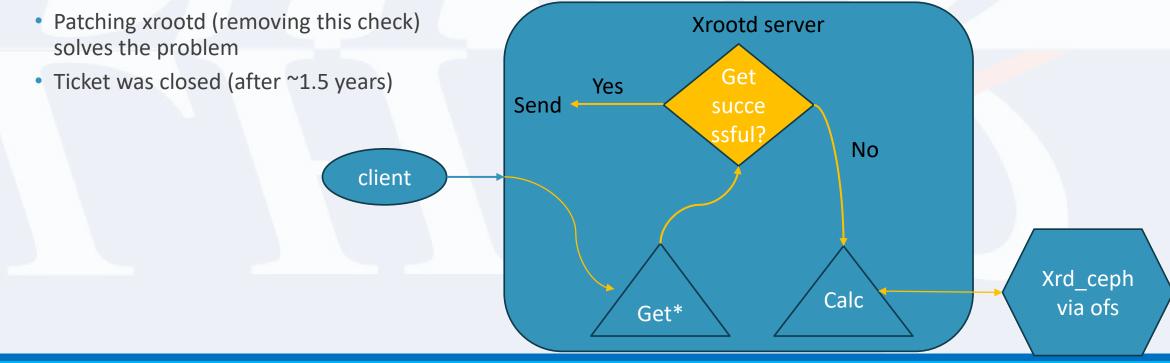






## Slow "stat" calls: solution

- After a discussion with xrootd devs it was found out (thanks to Jyothish) that Calc method is already
  implemented in xrootd
- Poor performance of the checksums in the early days of ECHO was caused by the stale checksum check
  - I.e. all checksums were re-calculated from scratch (at least that's my opinion)

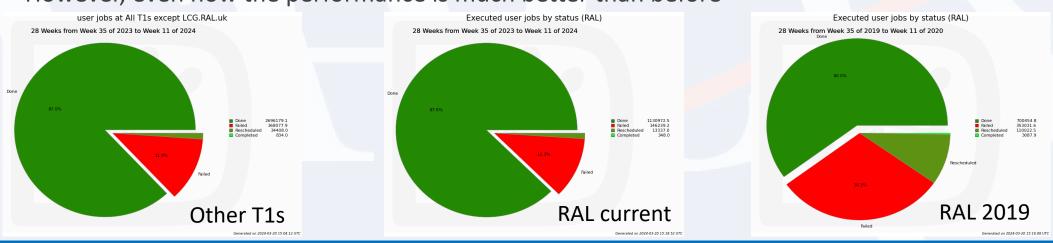






## Vector read issue

- Vector read operations on ECHO were slow
- It was improved by patching xrootd-ceph
- There is still some room for improvement: we can achieve better performance by turning prefetch off on local WN gateways
  - This change is scheduled
- However, even now the performance is much better than before

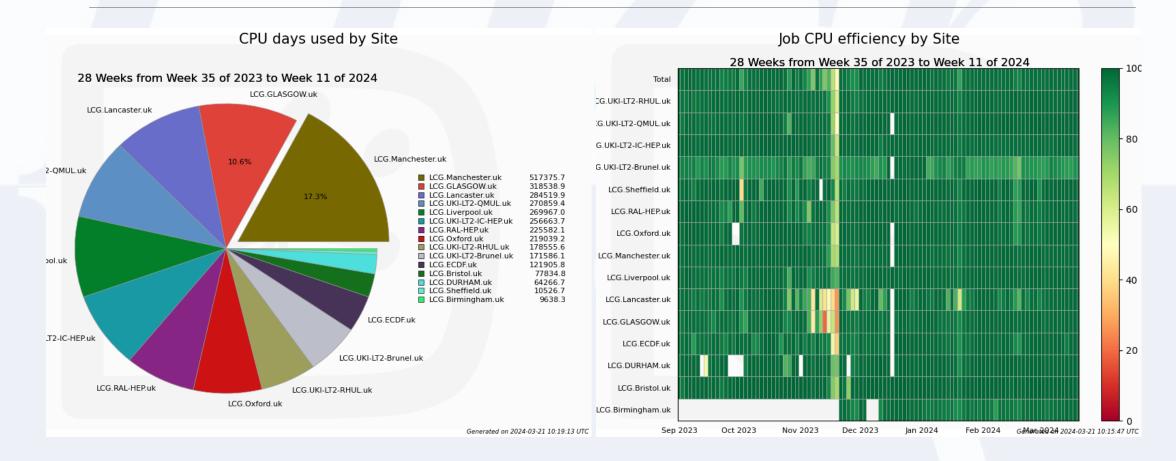


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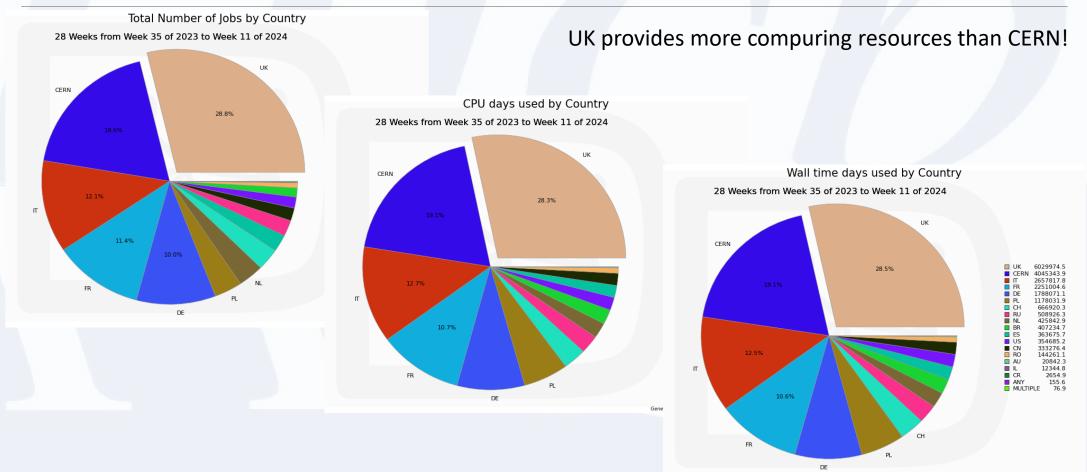


Tier-2 statistics









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#### 26/03/2023





## Tier-2D consistency

- Consistency checks were done for the following Tier-2Ds (hopefully, all UK Tier-2Ds, unless I've forgotten some site):
  - Liverpool
  - QMUL
  - Imperial
  - Manchester
  - RALPP
  - Glasgow
  - RAL-T1
- Lost files restored (where possible), some dark data removed





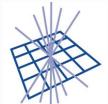
### Plans

- 2024 is expected to be the first "normal" data taking year
  - We have ambitious plans to take a lot of data! So resource usage increase expected

#### • Tokens

- Tokens were tested during DC24, results are not very good
- Tokens were not used for RAL
  - Because of the xrootd peculiarities, should be fixed now
- In general, we are not ready to use tokens for storage in production
- Condor CEs are set up to use tokens, experimenting with some arc CEs as well (e.g. at RALPP)
- We have new ETF test suite, and it includes storage tests (finally!)
  - Still in preprod, compare to prod <u>here</u>
  - Token tests to be added
  - Migration expected soon





## New Tier-1 sites

#### •Two new LHCb sites were/to be promoted to Tier-1

- NCBJ in Swierk, Poland
  - Officially Tier-1 now
  - T1 only for LHCb, T2 for CMS
  - Should receive 7.30% of RAW data
- IHEP in Beijing, China
  - Proto Tier-1, to be promoted soon
  - Should receive 7.45% of RAW data







Narodowe Centrum Badań Jądrowych National Centre for Nuclear Research ŚWIERK

JRC collaboration partner





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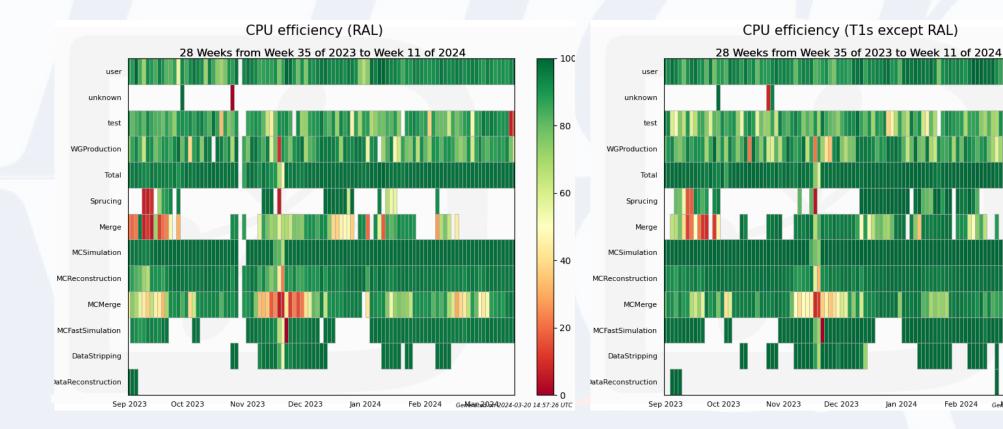
## Summary

- UK provided a lot of resources to LHCb during the last 6 months
  - Around 30%, more than CERN!
- Relatively smooth operations
- Long lasting issues are almost completely resolved

### RAL T1 Job success rate (backup)



### RAL T1 CPU efficiency (backup)



26/03/2023

100

- 80

- 60

40

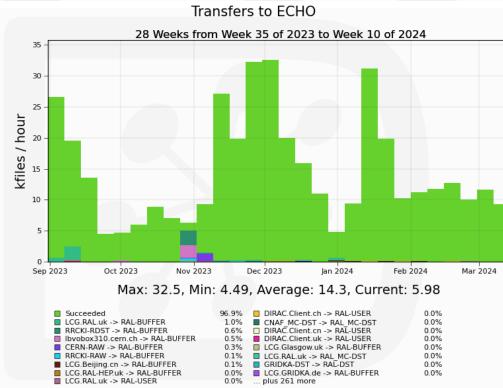
- 20

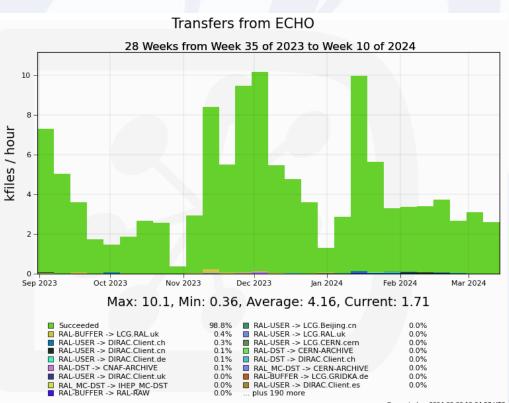
- 0

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Feb 2024

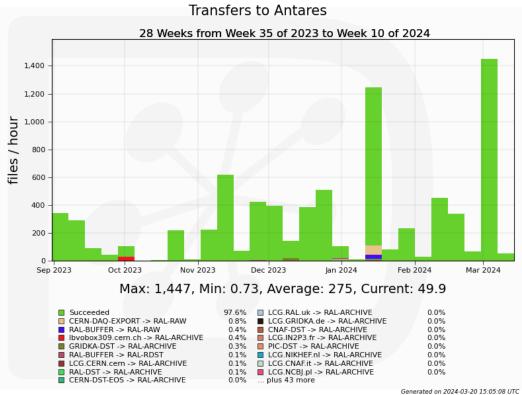
## Transfers to ECHO (backup)

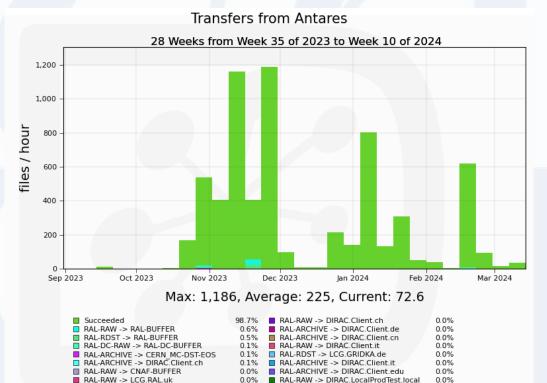




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## Transfers to Antares (backup)





0.0%

.. plus 18 more

RAL-RDST -> LCG.RAL.uk