

# AMBER Phase II: QCD physics beyond colliders

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University of Glasgow

For the AMBER Collaboration

Presented at PAW'24 Chateau de Bossey, 19 March 2024

## Pion



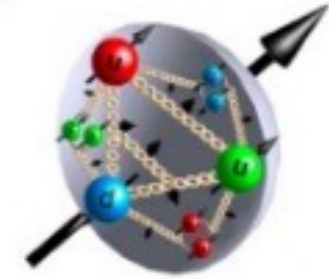
- $M_\pi \sim 140\text{MeV}$
- Spin 0
- 2 light valence quarks

## Kaon

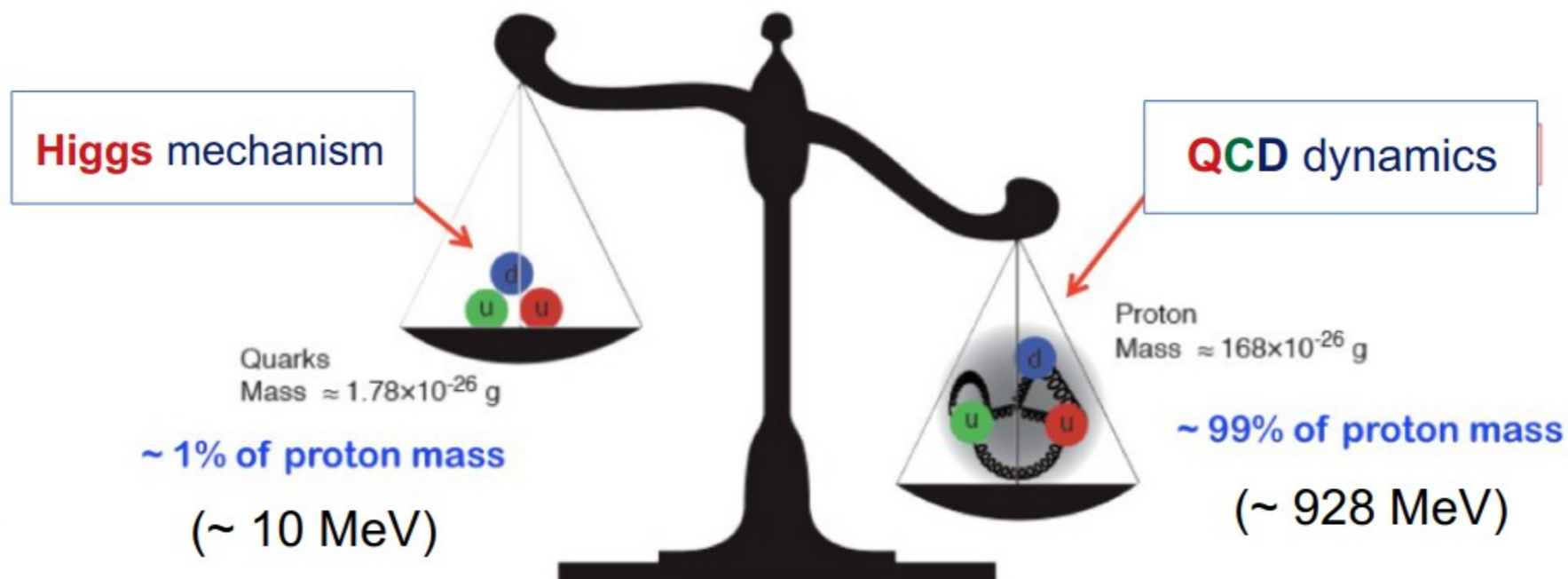


- $M_K \sim 490\text{MeV}$
- Spin 0
- 1 light and 1 "heavy" valence quarks

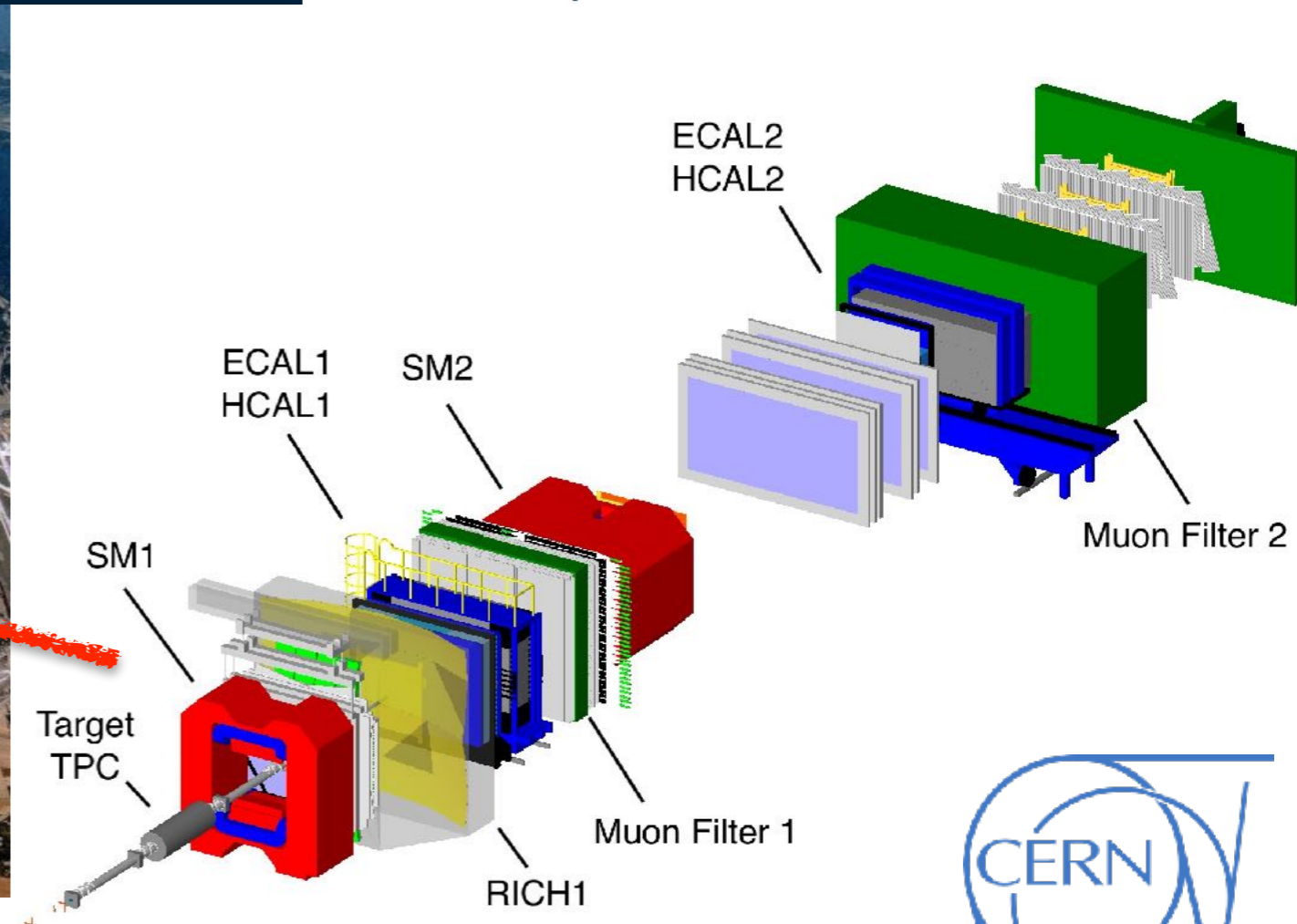
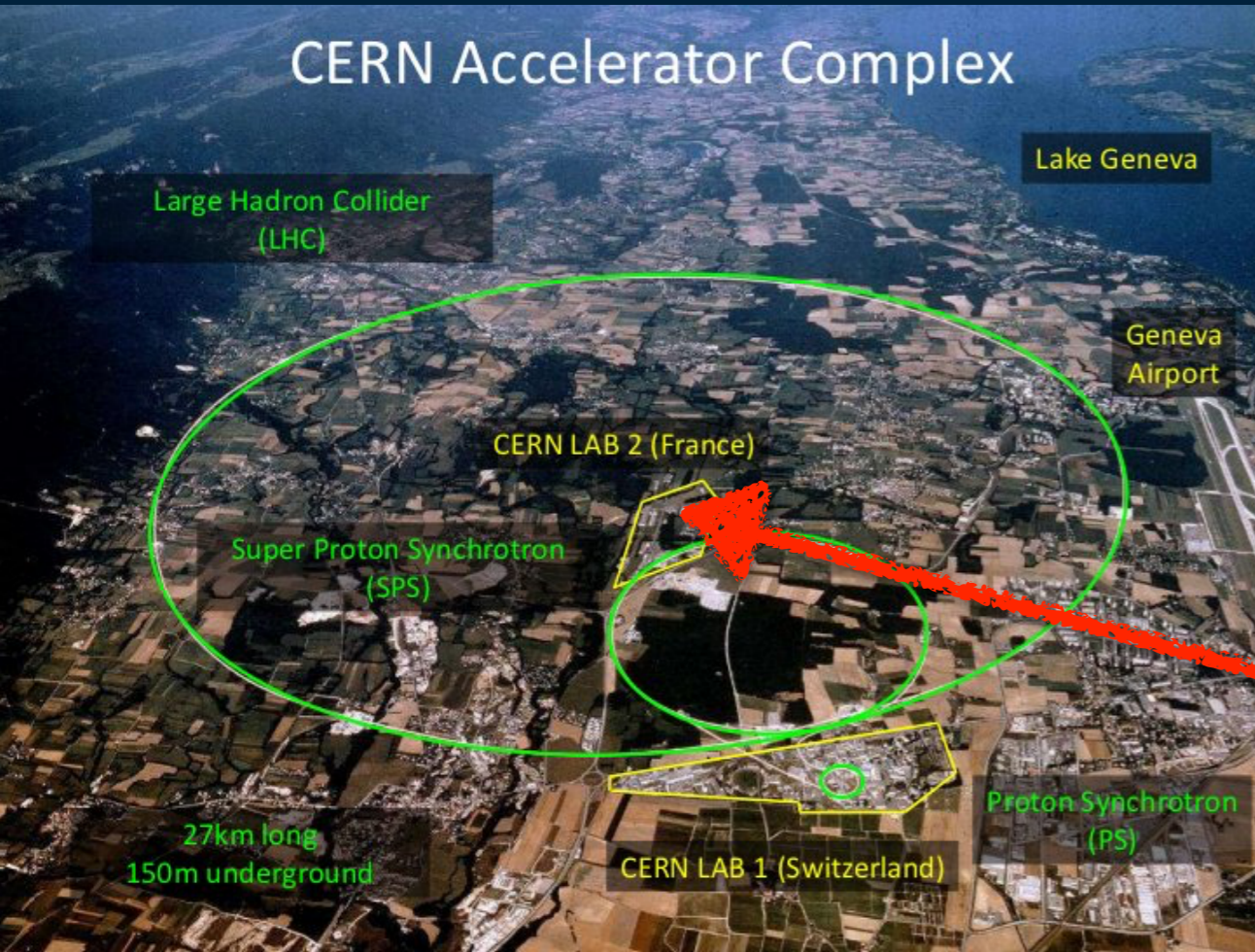
## Proton



- $M_p \sim 940\text{MeV}$
- Spin 1/2
- 3 light valence quarks



Explore QCD in detail to understand emergent phenomena

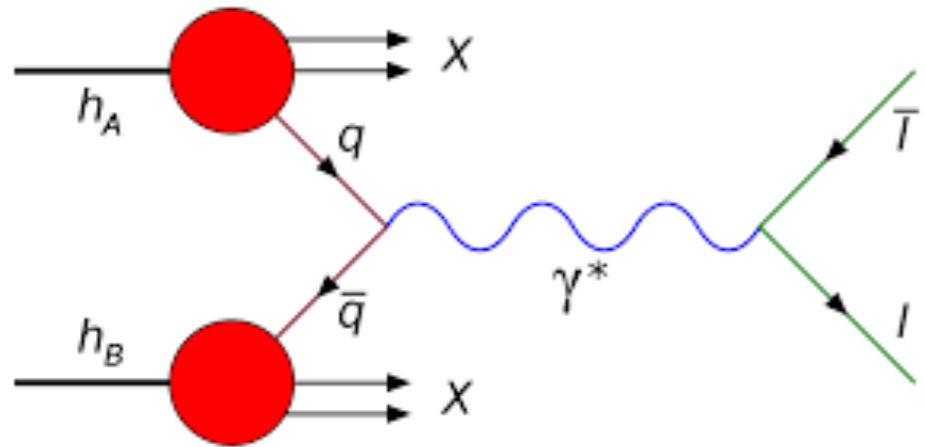


Use M2 beam in the CERN/SPS North Area  
Versatile beams (muons and hadrons of both charges)  
Beam momenta ranging from 50 - 280 GeV/c  
Intensity limited by radiation protection

|  | <i>Beam</i>                                 | <i>Target</i>                 | <i>Additional Hardware</i>                                   |
|--|---|-------------------------------|--|
| <i>Proton radius measurement</i>           | <i>100 GeV muons</i>                        | <i>high pressure Hydrogen</i> | <i>active target TPC, tracking stations (SciFi, Silicon)</i> |
| <i>Antiproton production cross section</i> | <i>50 GeV - 280 GeV protons</i>             | <i>LH<sub>2</sub>, LHe</i>    | <i>Liquid He target</i>                                      |
| <i>Drell-Yan measurements with pions</i>   | <i>190 GeV charged pions</i>                | <i>Carbon, Tungsten</i>       |  |
| <i>Drell-Yan measurements with Kaons</i>   | <i>~100 GeV charged Kaons</i>               | <i>Carbon, Tungsten</i>       | <i>vertex detectors, 'active absorber'</i>                   |
| <i>Prompt photon measurements</i>          | <i>&gt; 100 GeV charged Kaon/pion beams</i> | <i>LH<sub>2</sub>, Nickel</i> | <i>hodoscopes</i>  |
| <i>K-induced spectroscopy</i>              | <i>50 GeV - 100 GeV charged Kaons</i>       | <i>LH<sub>2</sub></i>         | <i>recoil ToF, forward PID</i>                               |

Phase 1  
(approved)

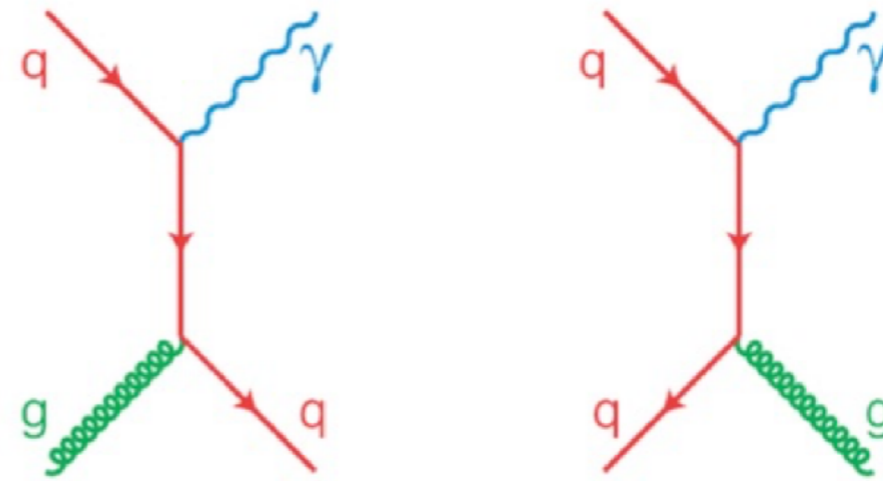
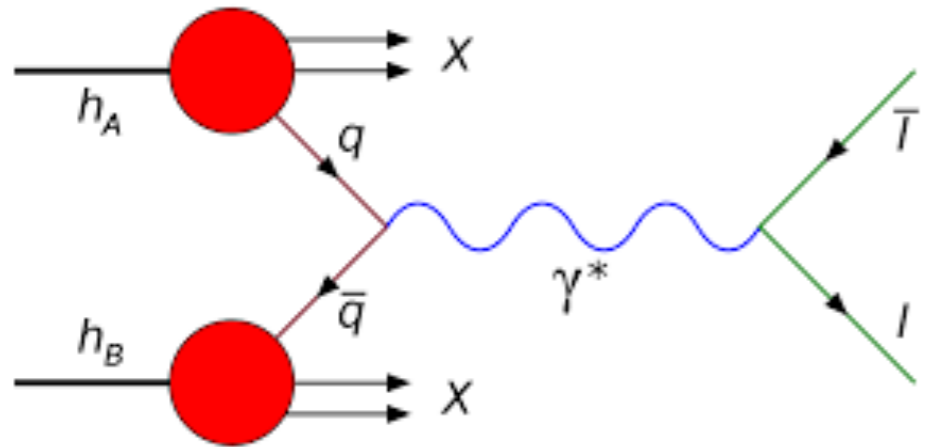
Phase 2  
(in preparation)



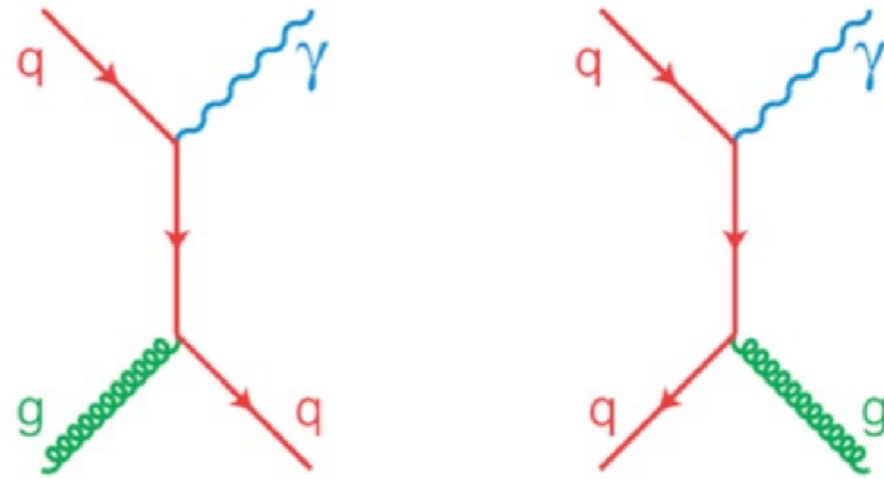
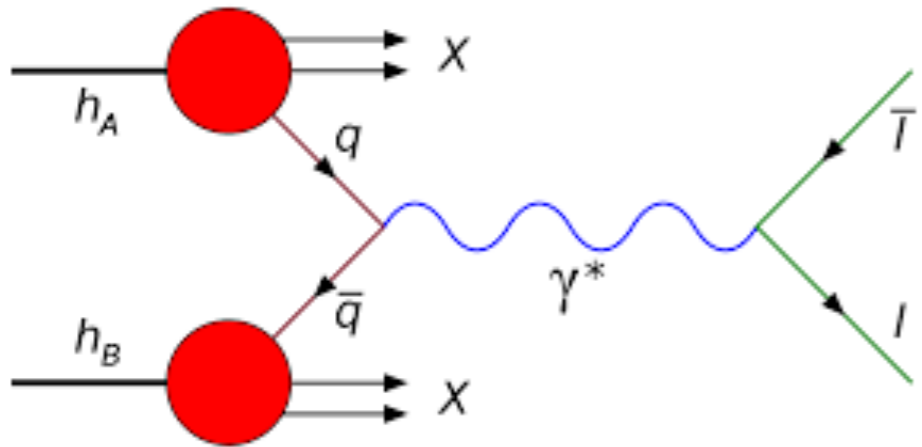
|  |   | <b>Target</b>                 | <b>Additional Hardware</b>                                   |
|--|---|-------------------------------|--|
|  |   | <i>high pressure Hydrogen</i> | <i>active target TPC, tracking stations (SciFi, Silicon)</i> |
|  |   | <i>LH<sub>2</sub>, LHe</i>    | <i>Liquid He target</i>                                      |
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| <i>Prompt photon measurements</i>        | <i>&gt; 100 GeV charged Kaon/pion beams</i> | <i>LH<sub>2</sub>, Nickel</i> | <i>hodoscopes</i>  |
| <i>K-induced spectroscopy</i>            | <i>50 GeV - 100 GeV charged Kaons</i>       | <i>LH<sub>2</sub></i>         | <i>recoil ToF, forward PID</i>                               |

Phase 1 (approved)

Phase 2 (in preparation)



|                                   |                                   |                          |                                     |                             |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| se                                |                                   |                          |                                     |                             |
| Drell-Yan measurements with pions | 190 GeV charged pions             | Carbon, Tungsten         |                                     | Phase 1<br>(approved)       |
| Drell-Yan measurements with Kaons | ~100 GeV charged Kaons            | Carbon, Tungsten         | vertex detectors, 'active absorber' |                             |
| Prompt photon measurements        | > 100 GeV charged Kaon/pion beams | LH <sub>2</sub> , Nickel | hodoscopes                          | Phase 2<br>(in preparation) |
| K-induced spectroscopy            | 50 GeV - 100 GeV charged Kaons    | LH <sub>2</sub>          | recoil ToF, forward PID             |                             |



Phase 1 approved

Drell-Yan measurements with pions

190 GeV charged pions

Carbon, Tungsten

Drell-Yan measurements with Kaons

~100 GeV charged Kaons

Carbon, Tungsten

Prompt photon measurements

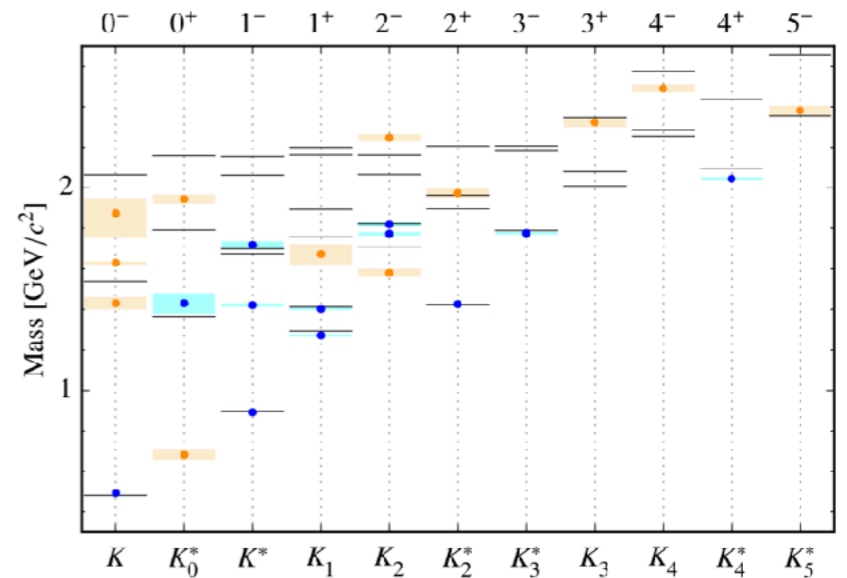
> 100 GeV charged Kaon/pion beams

LH<sub>2</sub>, Nickel

K-induced spectroscopy

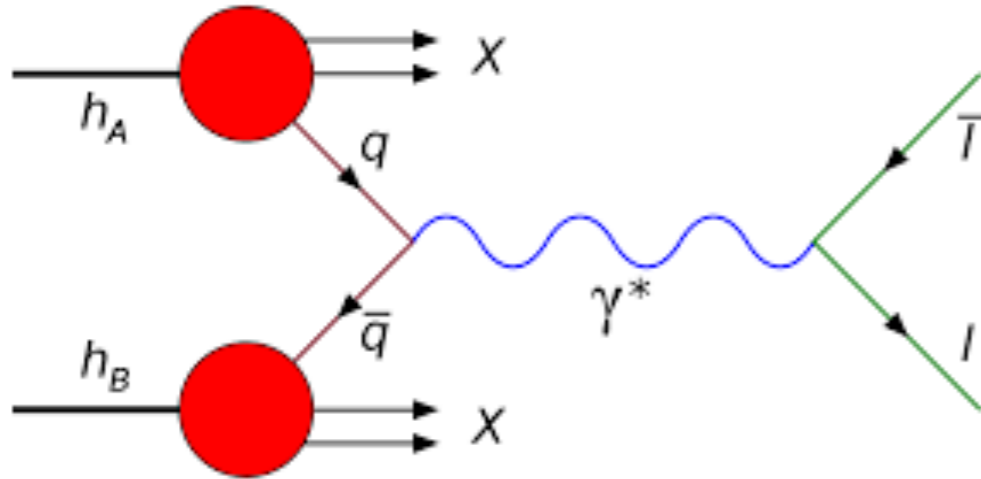
50 GeV charged Kaons

LH<sub>2</sub>

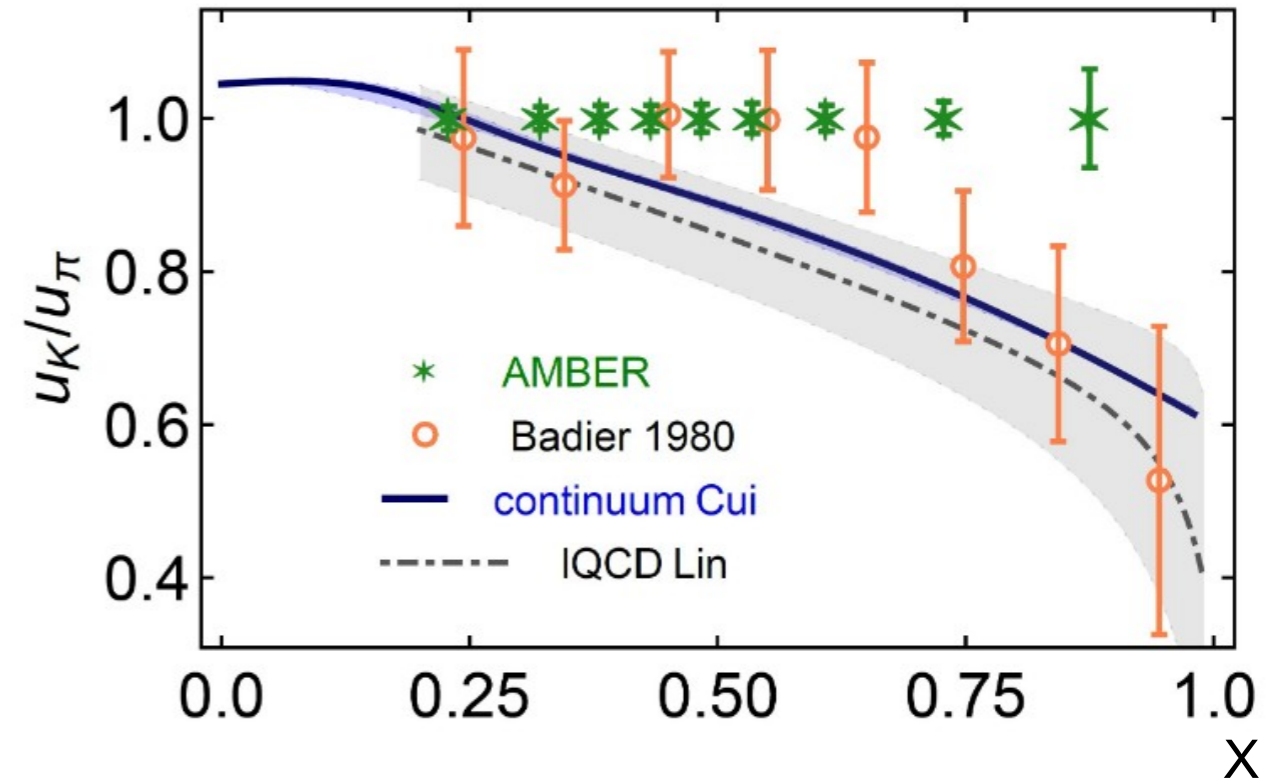


recoil ToF, forward PID

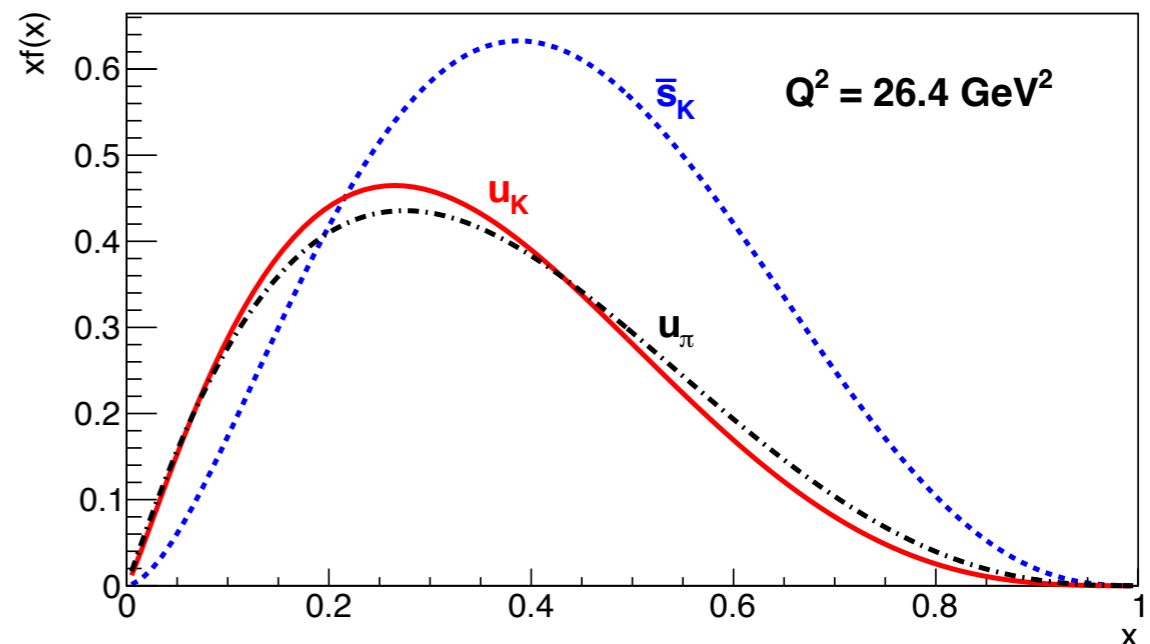
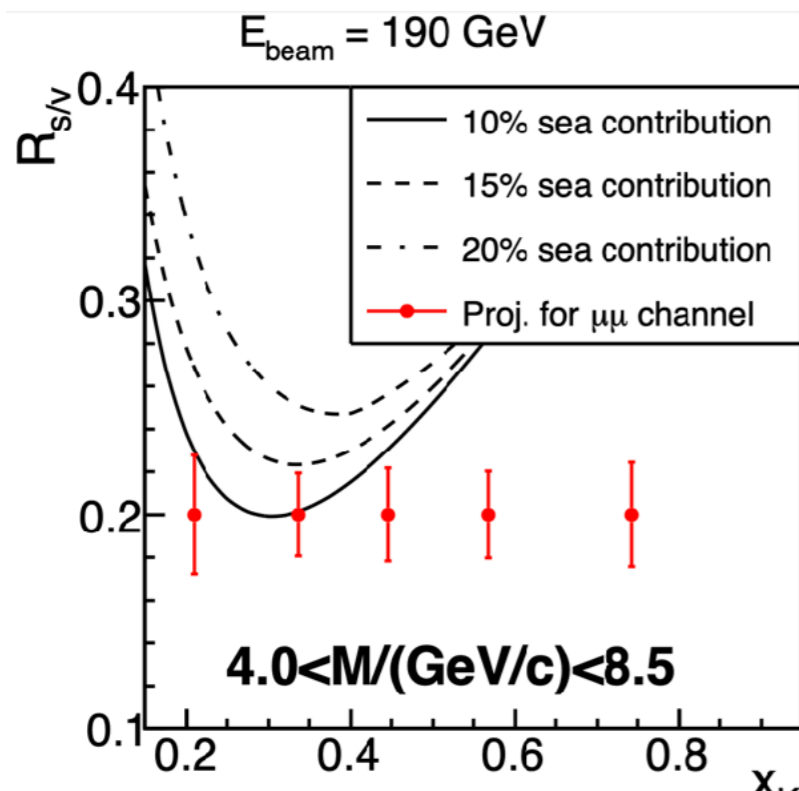
Phase 2 (in progress)



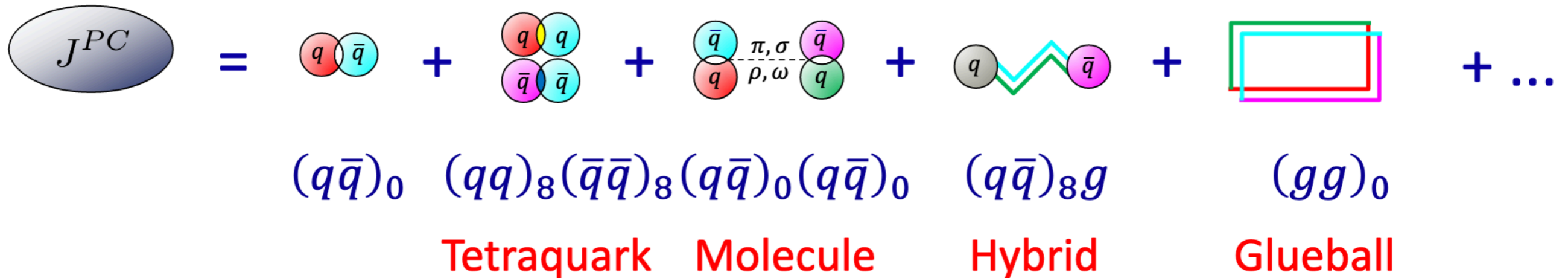
Z-F. Cui, *et al.* EPJC80(2020)1064, H-W. Lin *et al.*, PRD103(2021)014516



## Inclusive di-lepton measurement







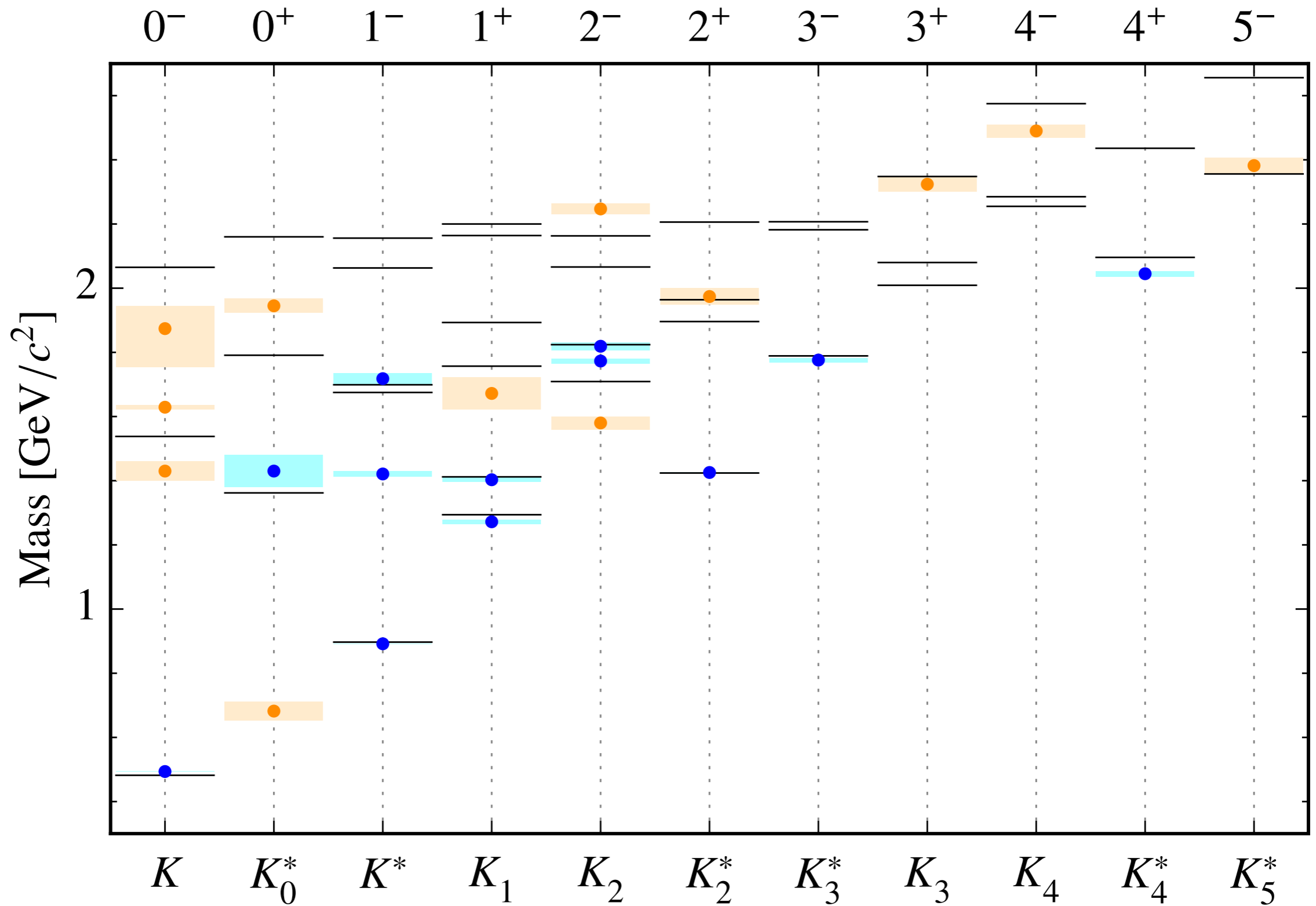
## Where are they?

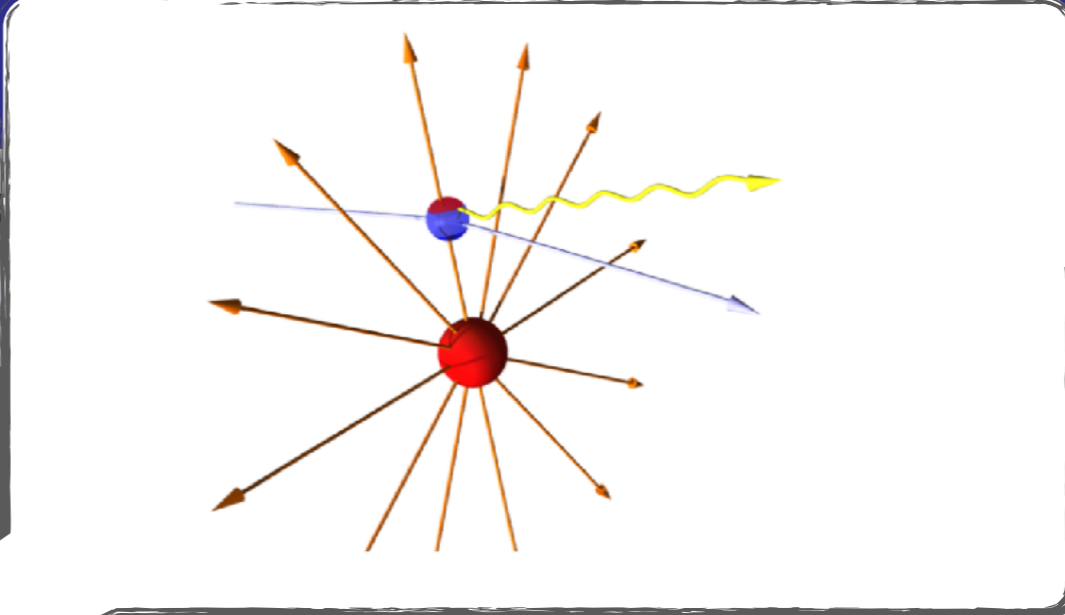
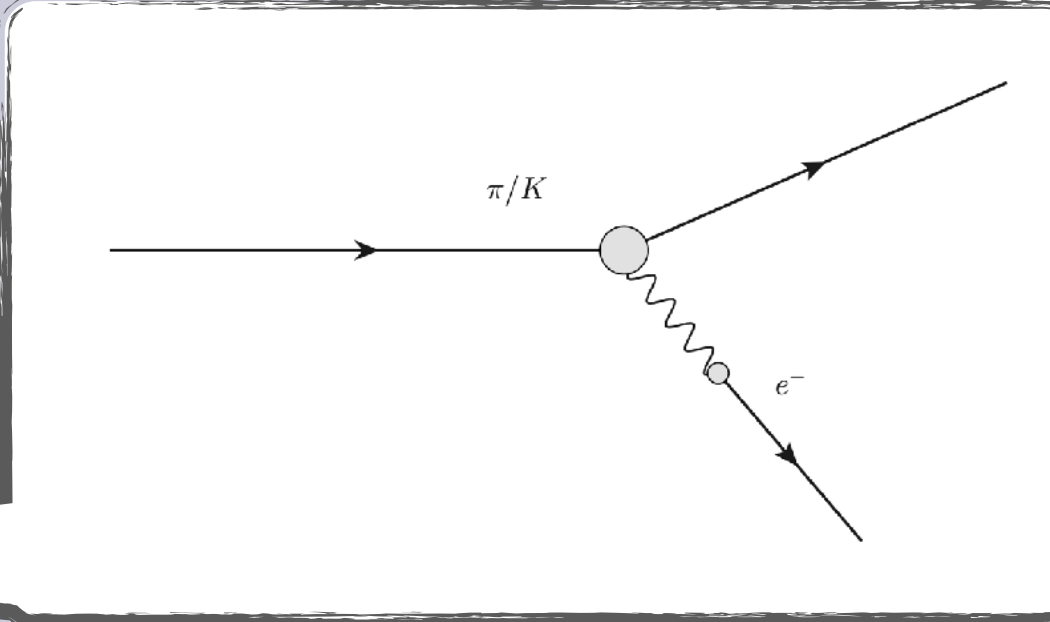
## How to identify them?

- Spin-exotic:  $J^{PC} = 0^{--}, 0^{+-}, 1^{-+}, \dots$
- Supernumerary states
- Flavor-exotic:  $|Q|, |I_3|, |S|, |C| \geq 2$
- Comparison with models, lattice

## Need:

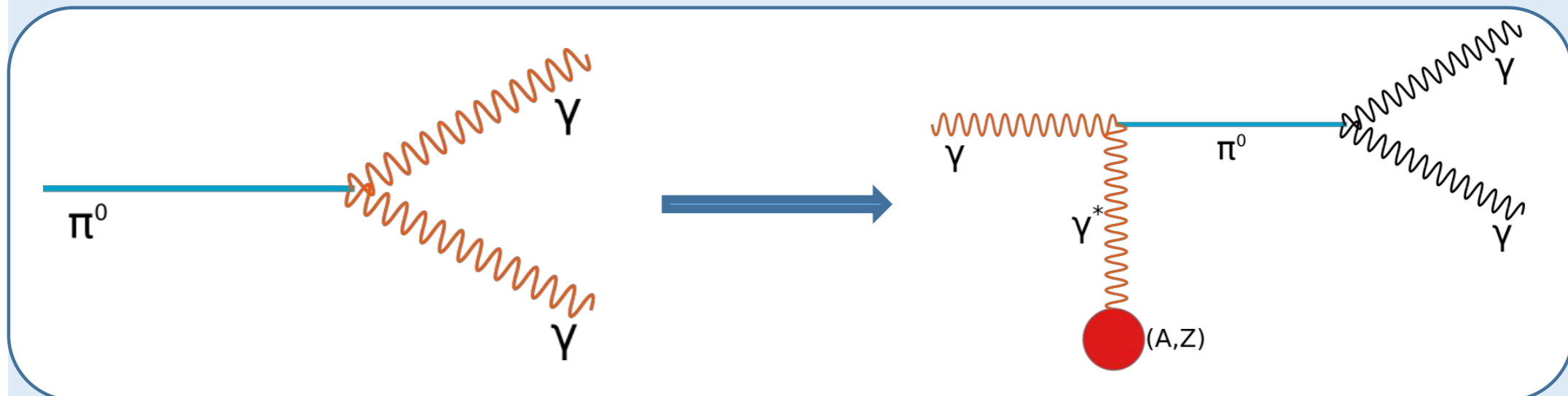
- Large data sets with small statistical uncertainties
- Complementary experiments
  - production mechanisms
  - final states
- Advanced analysis methods
  - reaction models
  - theoretical constraints



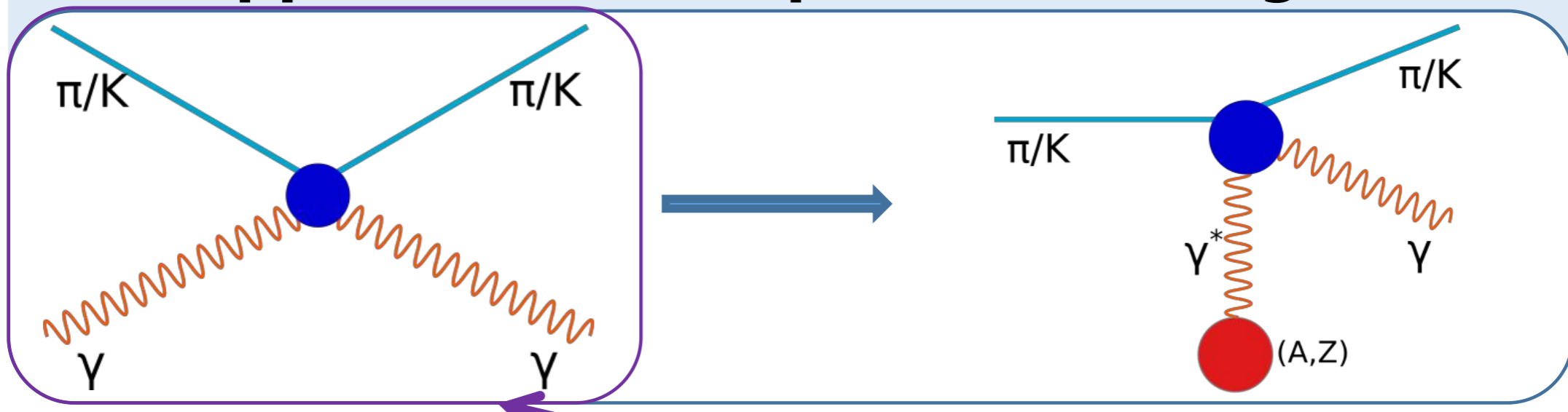
|  | <i>Beam</i>                                      | <i>Target</i>         | <i>Additional Hardware</i>  |
|--|--|-----------------------|---|
| <i>Drell-Yan measurements with Kaons</i> | <i>~100 GeV charged Kaons</i>                    | <i>Ca</i>             |   |
| <i>Prompt photon measurements</i>        | <i>&gt; 100 GeV charged Kaon/pion beams</i>      | <i>LH</i>             |   |
| <i>K-induced spectroscopy</i>            | <i>50 GeV - 100 GeV charged Kaons</i>            | <i>LH<sub>2</sub></i> | <i>recoil ToF, forward PID</i>  |
| <i>Primakoff reactions</i>               | <i>~ 100 GeV charged Kaons</i>                   | <i>Nickel</i>         |  |
| <i>Meson radii</i>                       | <i>50 GeV to 280 GeV charged pions and Kaons</i> |                       |   |

## Initial idea of Henry Primakoff:

Electromagnetic field of nucleus = photon target!

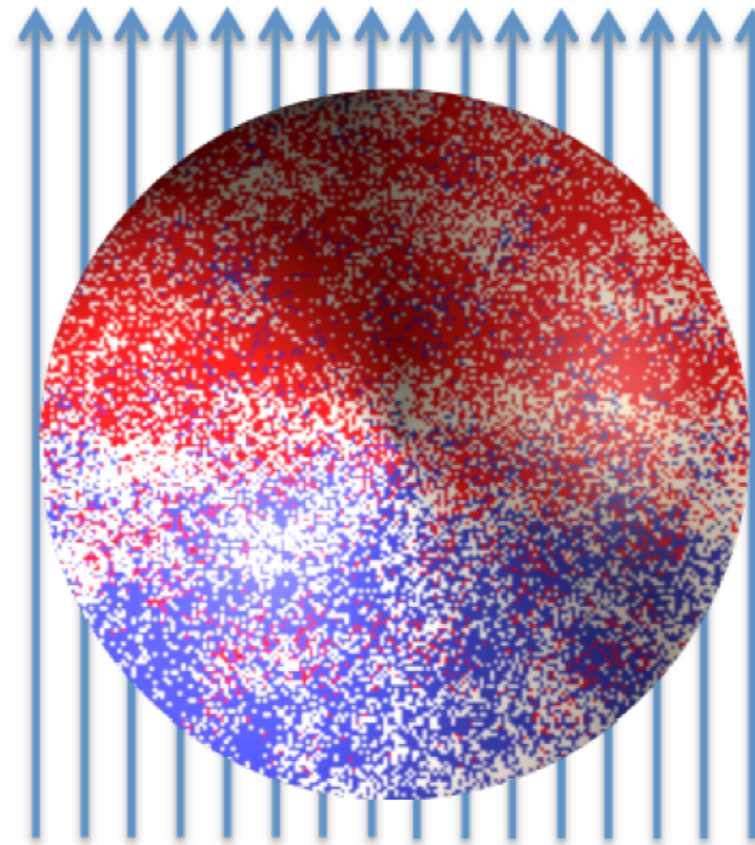
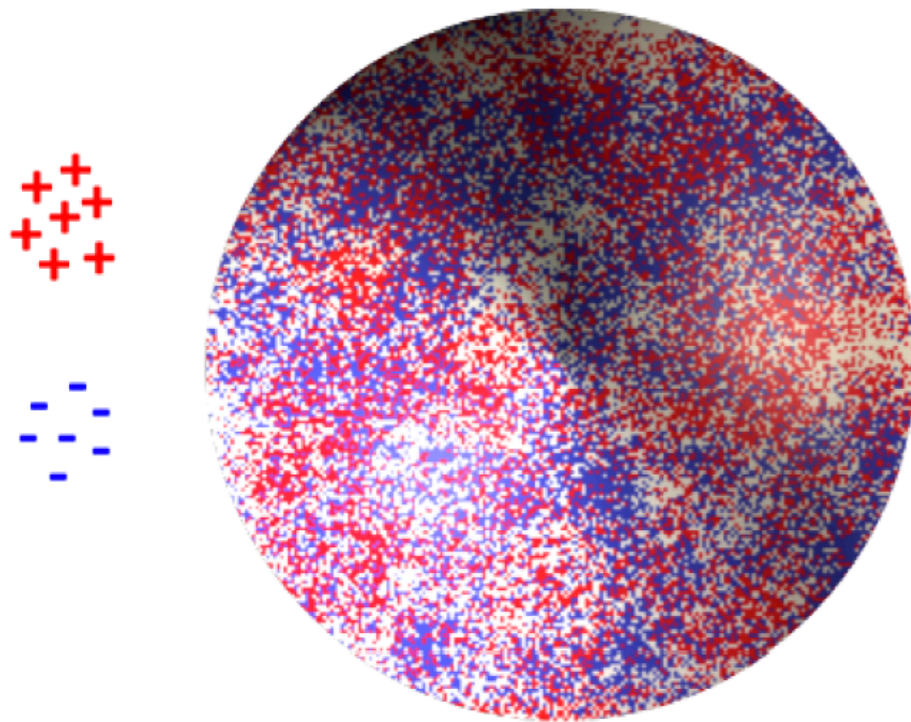


## Also applicable to compton scattering:



# Kaon polarisabilities at AMBER

pictures from Temple Univ

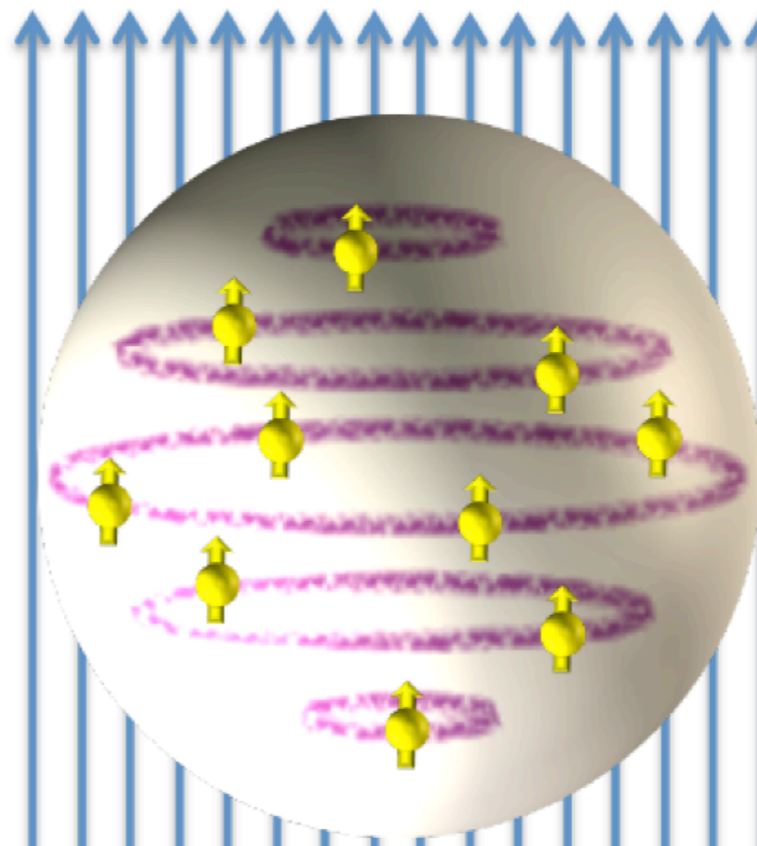
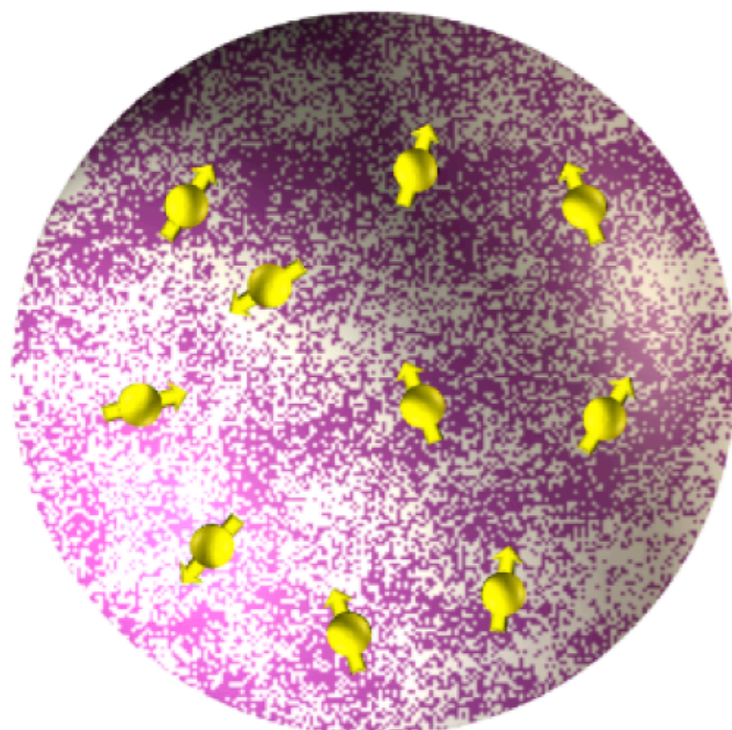


$\vec{E}$

“stretchability”

$$\vec{d}_{E \text{ induced}} \sim \alpha \vec{E}$$

External field deforms the charge distribution



$\vec{B}$

“alignability”

$$\vec{d}_{M \text{ induced}} \sim \beta \vec{B}$$

$$\beta_{\text{para}} > 0$$

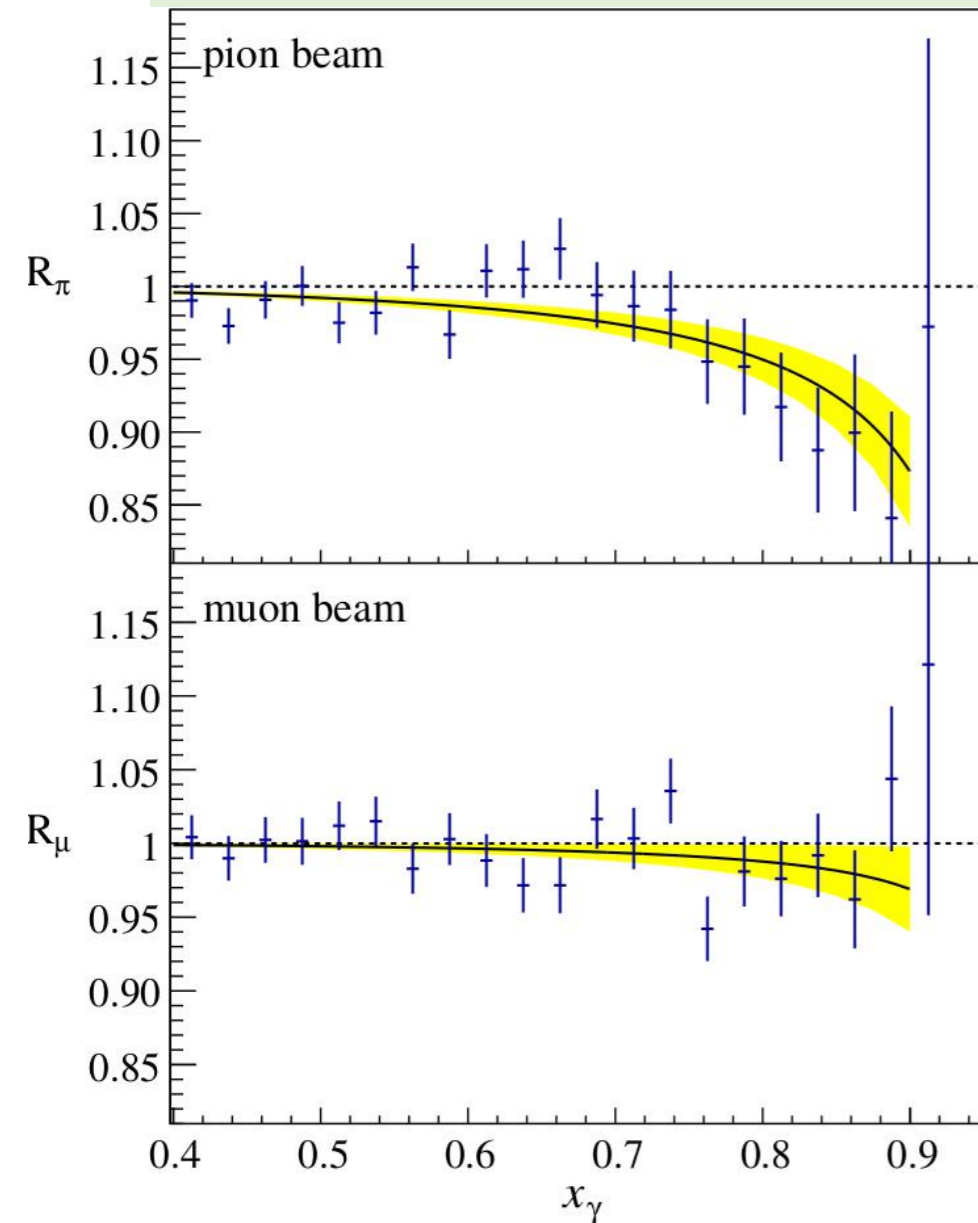
$$\beta_{\text{diam}} < 0$$

Paramagnetic: proton spin aligns with the external magnetic field

Diamagnetic:  $\pi$ -cloud induction produces field counter to the external one

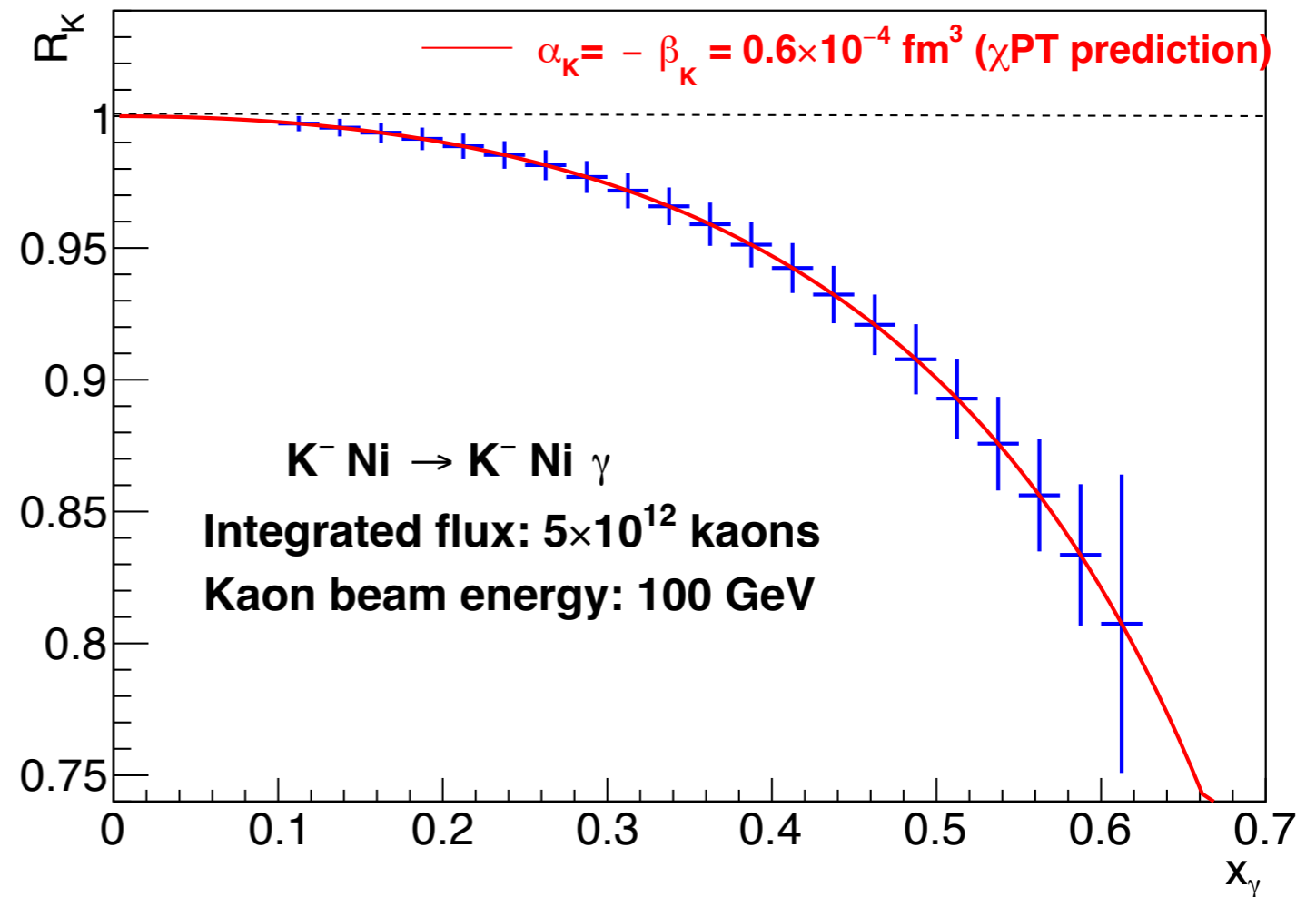
# Kaon polarisabilities at AMBER

*PRL 114, 062002 (2015)*



$\alpha_\pi$  at COMPASS

$$\alpha_\pi = (2.0 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$$



$\alpha_K$  extracted at AMBER (projection)

- Expected statistical accuracy in  $\alpha_K - \beta_K: \sigma = 0.03 \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$
- Unique measurement
- Prediction  $\alpha_K - \beta_K \sim 1 - 4 \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$



University  
of Glasgow

# Hadron charge radii

**INSIDE THE NEANDERTHAL BRAIN**  
First hints of how their minds differed from ours

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WEEKLY 20 July 2013

# TINY PARTICLE BIG PROBLEM

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Nature 406, 151-284 8 July 2010

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THE INTERNATIONAL WEEKLY JOURNAL OF SCIENCE

# nature

**OIL SPILLS**  
There's more  
to come

**PLAGIARISM**  
It's worse than  
you think

**CHIMPANZEES**  
The battle for  
survival

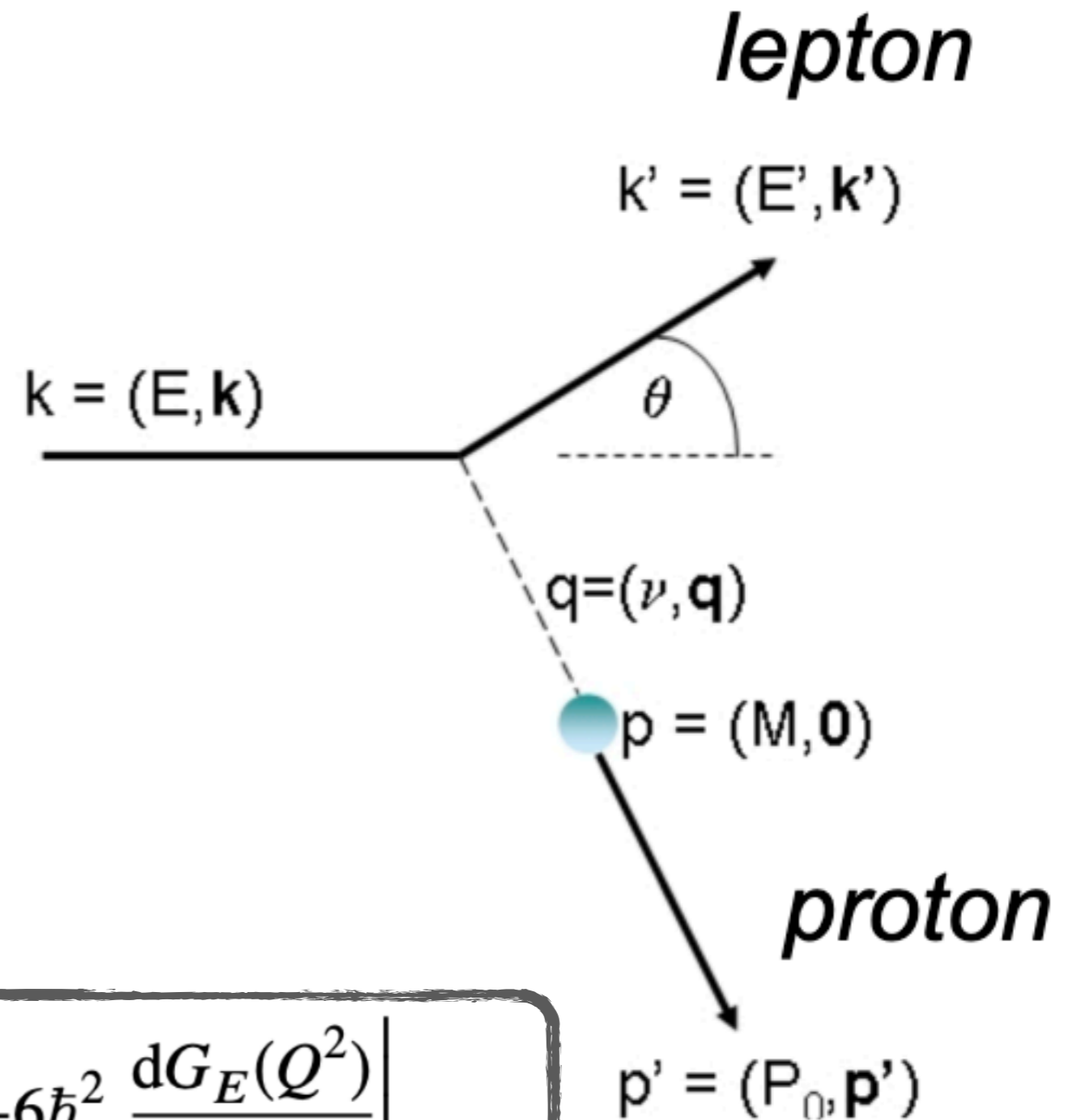
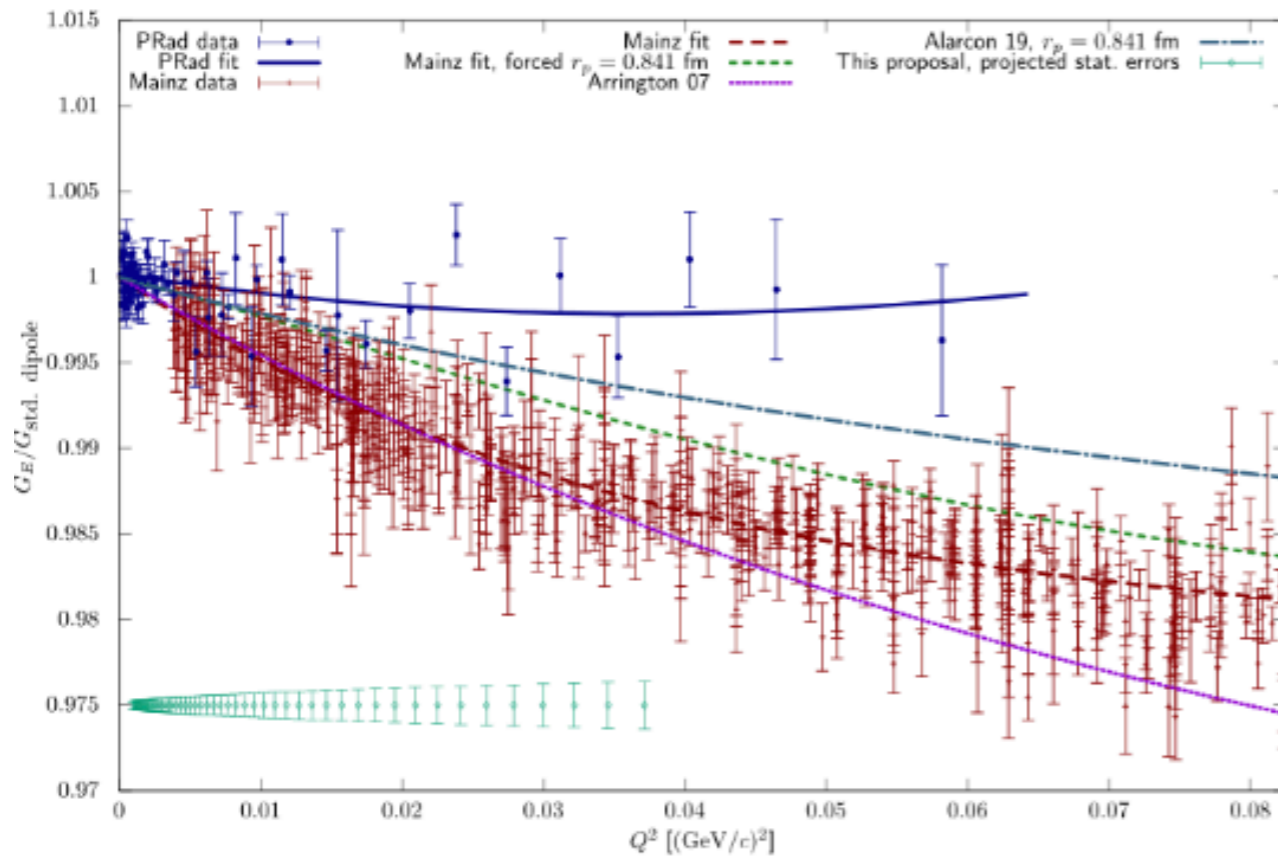
[www.nature.com/nature](http://www.nature.com/nature)



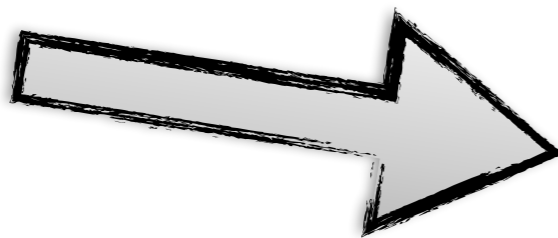
# SHRINKING THE PROTON

New value from exotic a

# Hadron charge radii

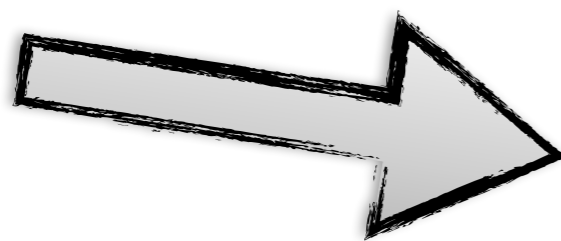
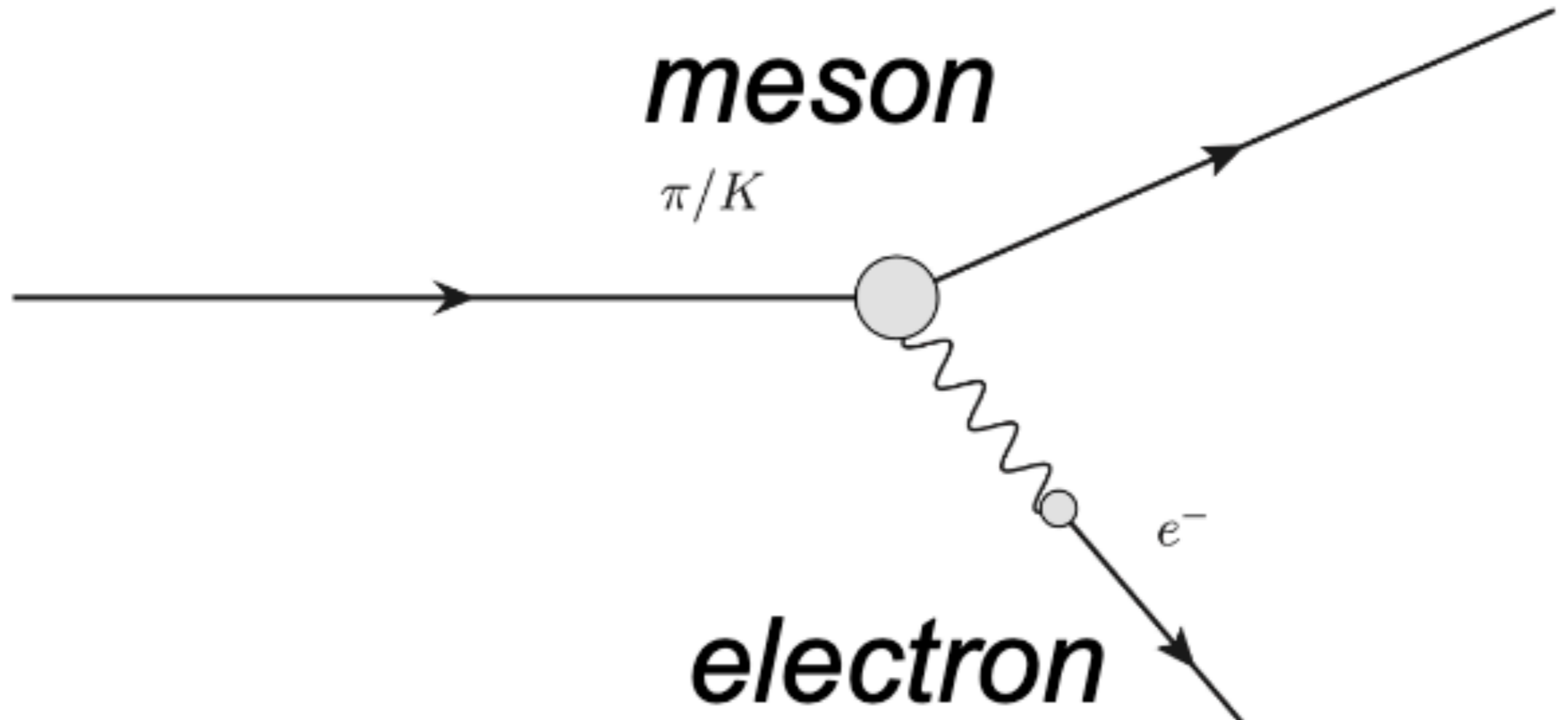


$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ^2} = \frac{4\pi\alpha^2}{Q^4} R \left( \varepsilon G_E^2 + \tau G_M^2 \right)$$



$$\langle r_E^2 \rangle = -6\hbar^2 \left. \frac{dG_E(Q^2)}{dQ^2} \right|_{Q^2 \rightarrow 0}$$





$$\langle r_E^2 \rangle = -6\hbar^2 \left. \frac{dG_E(Q^2)}{dQ^2} \right|_{Q^2 \rightarrow 0}$$

# Summary and Conclusion

- Understanding QCD means understanding the properties of Baryons and Mesons
- Unique opportunities to study QCD provided by CERN M2 beam line with high energy and high intensity  $\pi/K/p$  beam
- AMBER Phase 2 focussing on
  - Drell-Yan with Kaons and Kaon structure
  - Kaon induced meson spectroscopy
  - Meson polarisabilities using Primakoff reactions
  - Meson radii in inverse kinematics

# Summary and Conclusion

3 talks in this session

- Understanding QCD means understanding the properties of Baryons and Mesons
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- AMBER Phase 2 focussing on
  - Drell-Yan with Kaons and Kaon structure
  - Kaon induced meson spectroscopy
  - Meson polarisabilities using Primakoff reactions
  - Meson radii in inverse kinematics

3 talks and more in the next session

Session on beam properties tomorrow at CERN!