

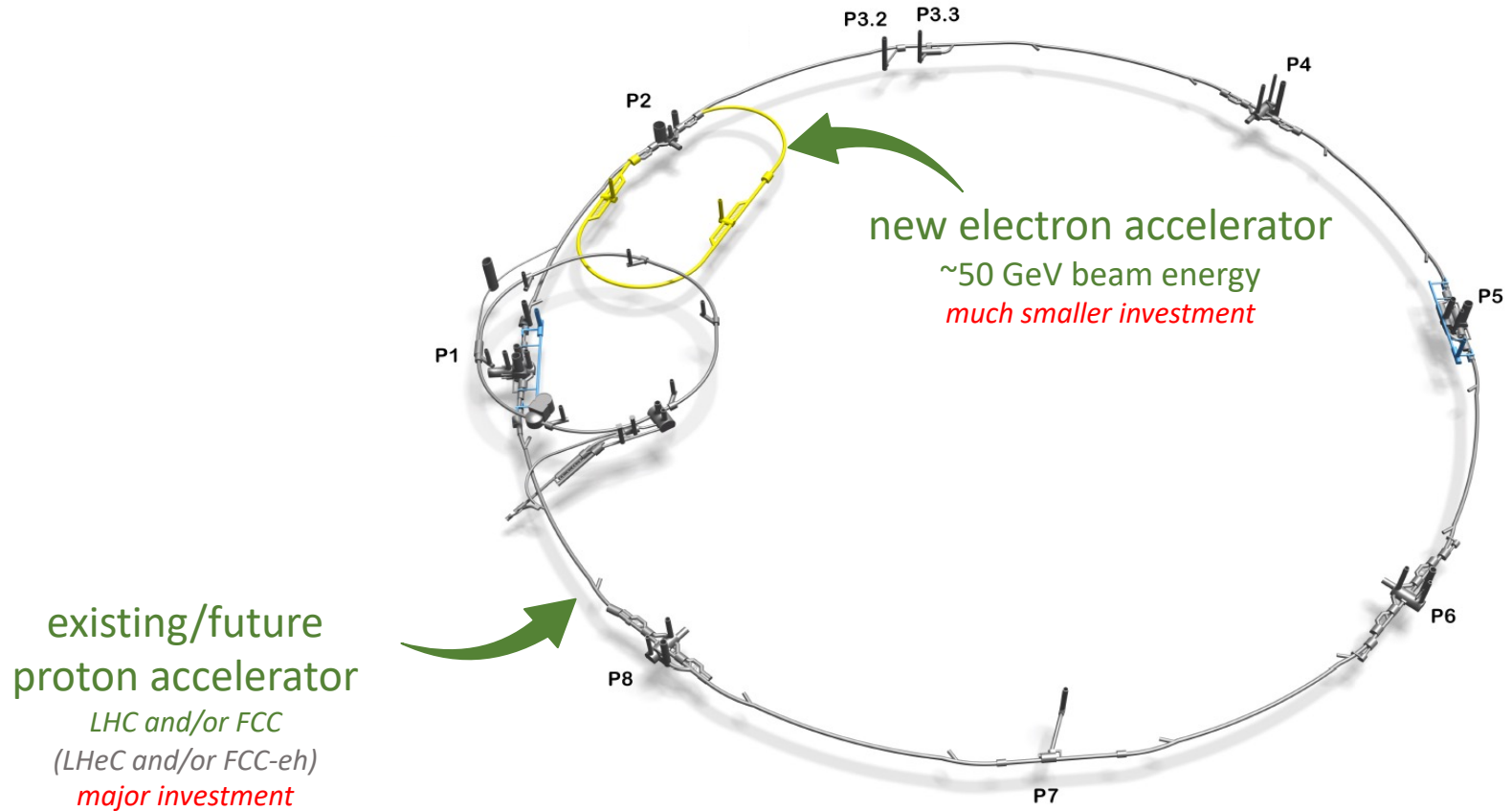
The ep/eA@CERN Study enabled by Energy Recovery Linacs (ERL)

Jorgen D'Hondt
Vrije Universiteit Brussel

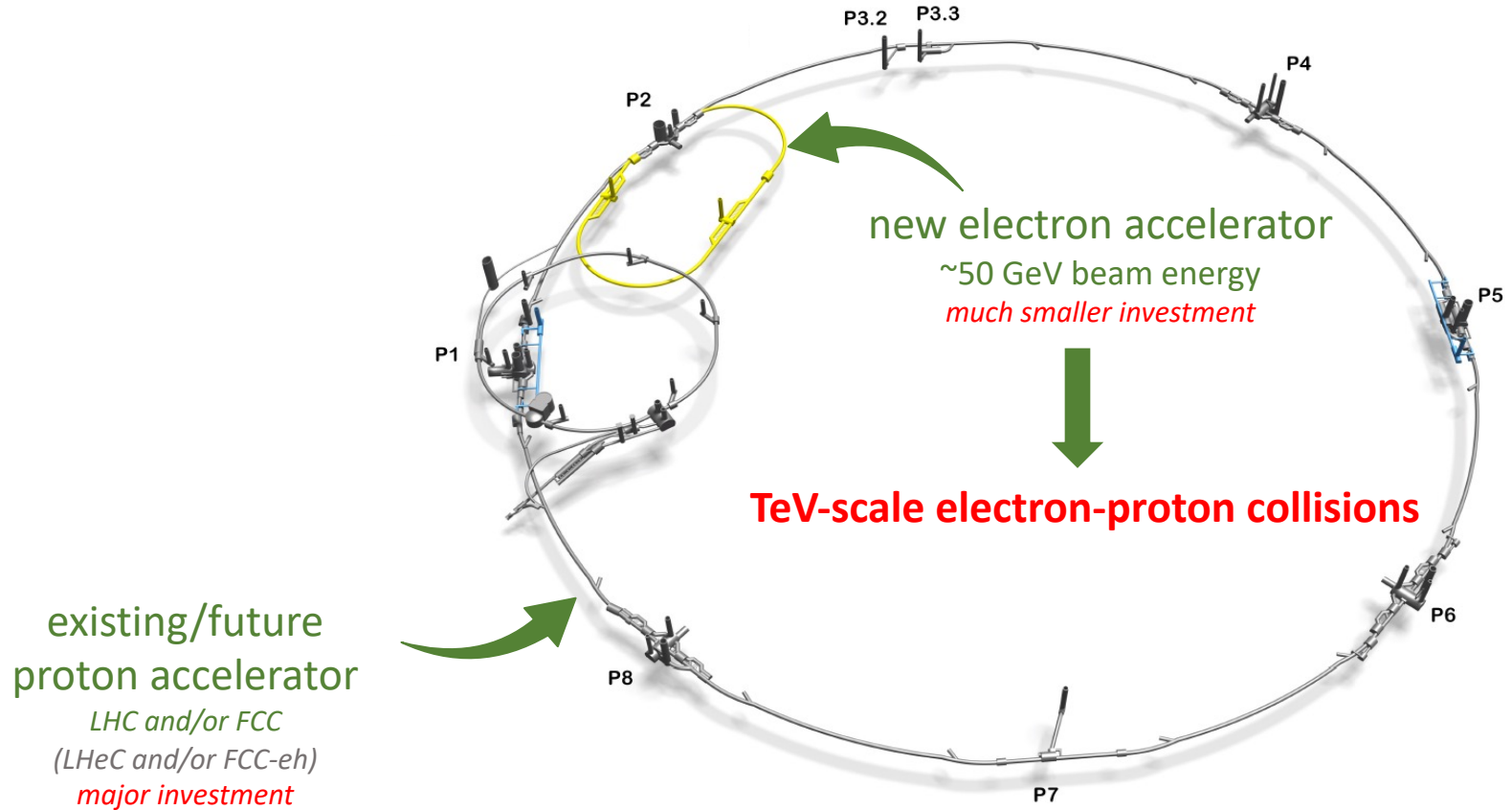


ep/eA versus pp/pA/AA synergy workshop, CERN
February 29 and March 1, 2024

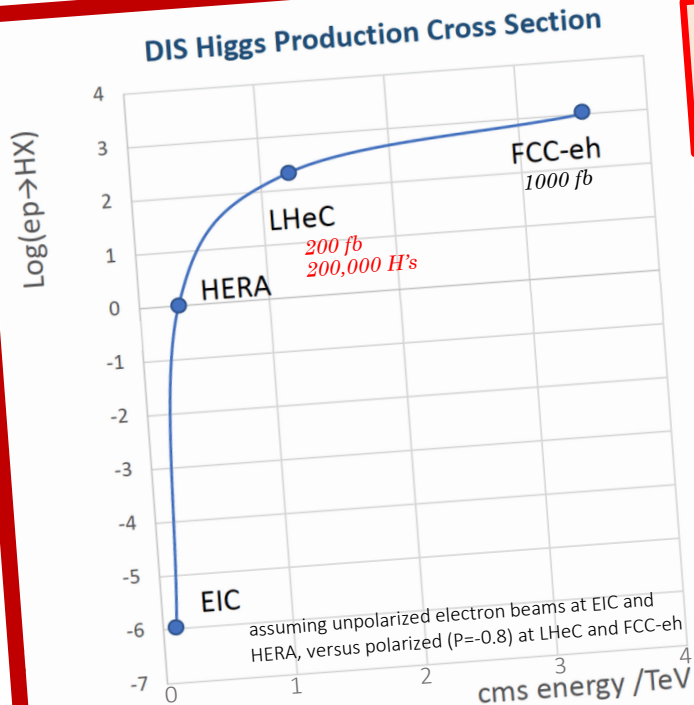
high-energy & high-luminosity electron-proton collisions



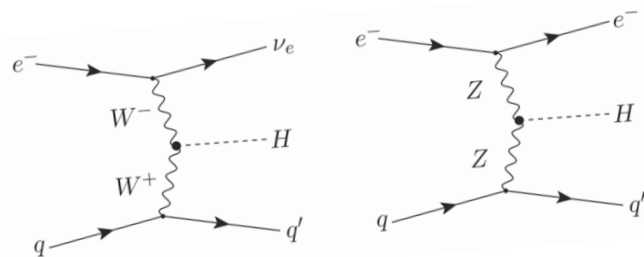
high-energy & high-luminosity electron-proton collisions



high-energy & high-luminosity electron-proton collisions



These electron-proton collisions enable a general-purpose experiment



compared to proton collisions, these are reasonably clean Higgs events with much less backgrounds

major investment

P7

The ep/eA programs: at current & future hadron colliders

Current flagship (27km)

impressive programme up to ~2042

Future Circular Collider (FCC)

big sister future ambition (100km), beyond 2048

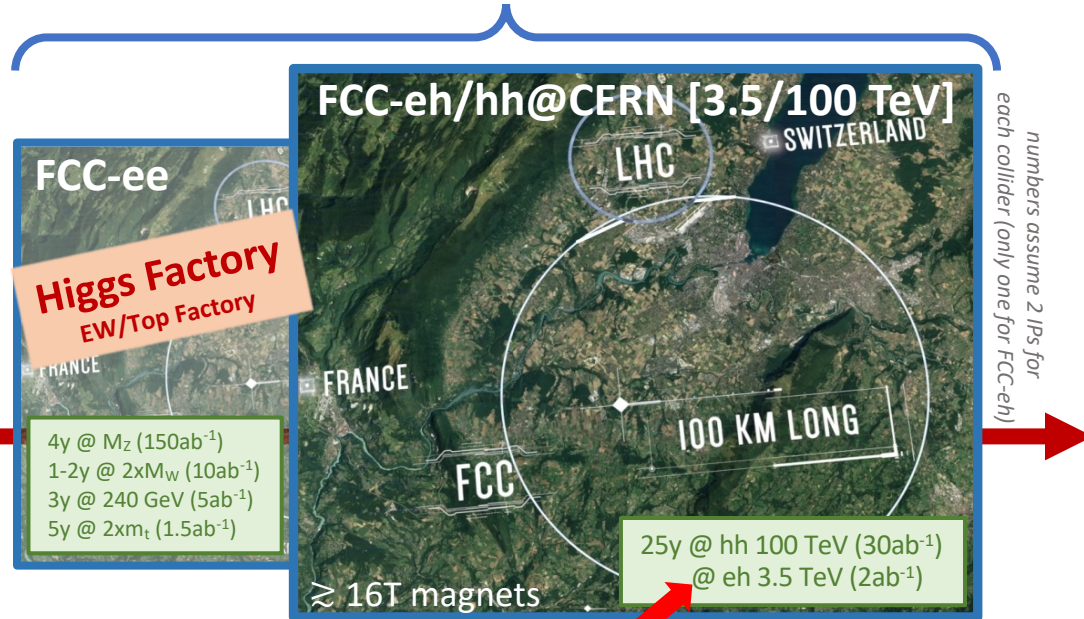
attractive combination of precision & energy frontier



ep-option with HL-LHC: LHeC

10y @ 1.2 TeV (1ab^{-1})

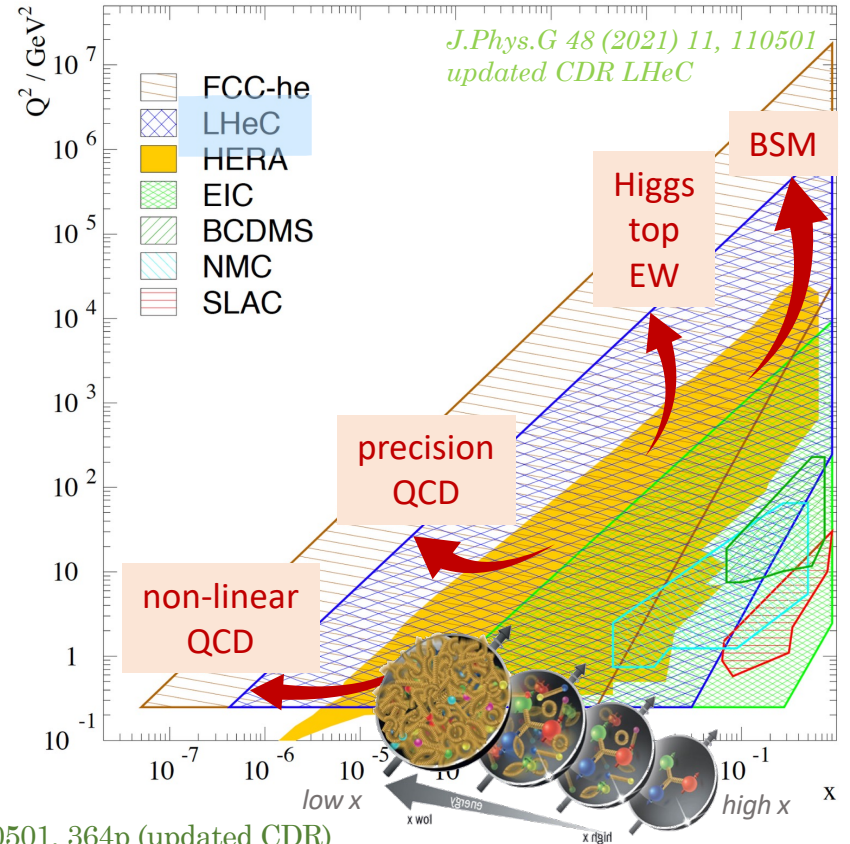
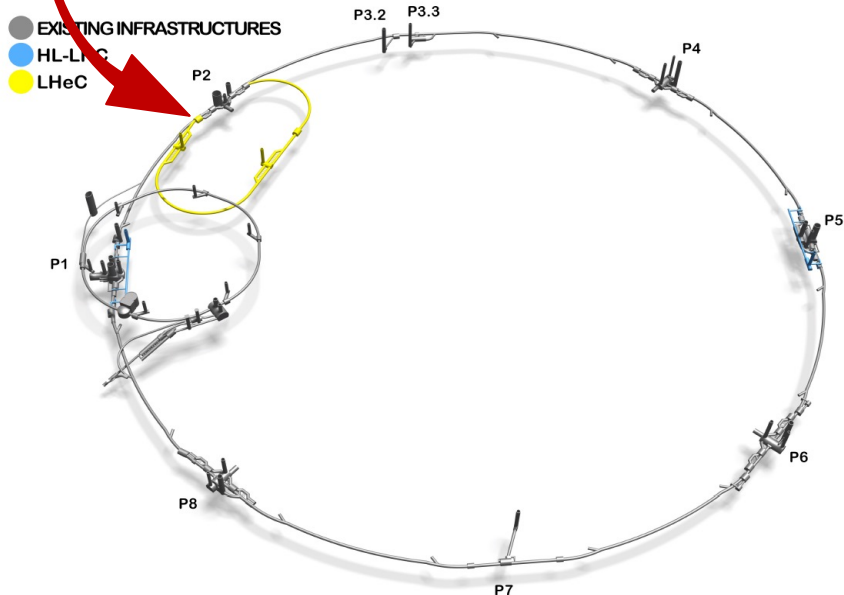
updated CDR: J.Phys.G 48 (2021) 11, 110501



The LHeC program

LHeC (>50 GeV electron beams)

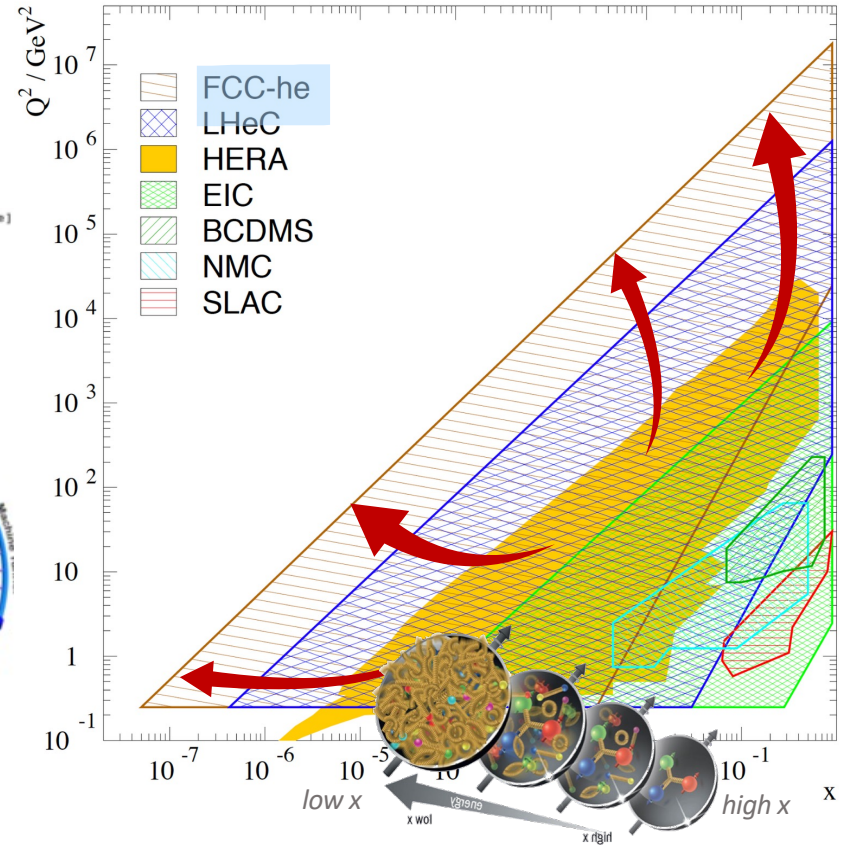
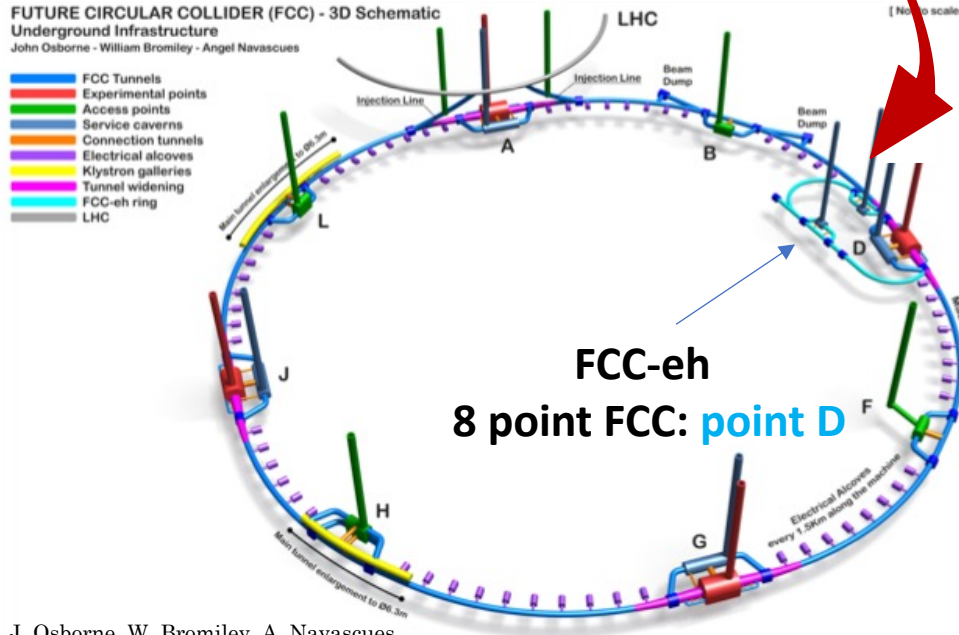
$E_{cms} = 0.2 - 1.3$ TeV, (Q^2, x) range far beyond HERA
run ep/pp together with the HL-LHC (\gtrsim Run5)



The FCC-eh program

FCC-eh (60 GeV electron beams)

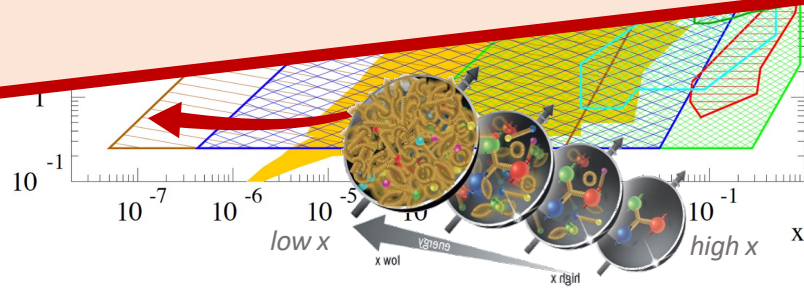
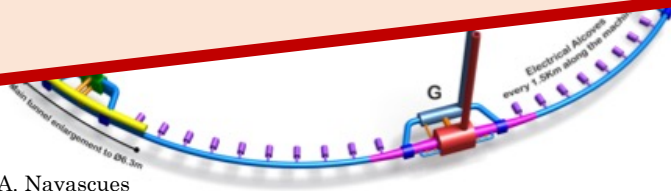
$E_{cms} = 3.5 \text{ TeV}$, described in CDR of the FCC
run ep/pp together: FCC-hh + FCC-eh



On FCC-hh timelines (>2070)...

Could we collide high-energy muons with 50-TeV protons?
Could we collide 5-TeV electrons accelerated in plasma wakefields
with 50-TeV protons?

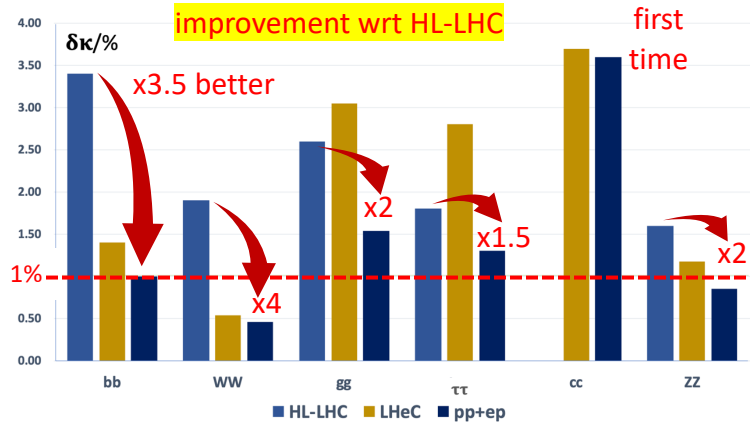
(not for discussion today)



the synergistic physics impact
(briefly some highlights)

Some LHeC physics highlights achievable by ~2045

Higgs physics



EW physics

- Δm_W down to **2 MeV** (today at ~ 10 MeV)
- $\Delta \sin^2 \theta_W^{\text{eff}}$ to **0.00015** (same as LEP)

Top quark physics

- $|V_{tb}|$ precision better than **1%** (today $\sim 5\%$)
- top quark FCNC and γ , W, Z couplings

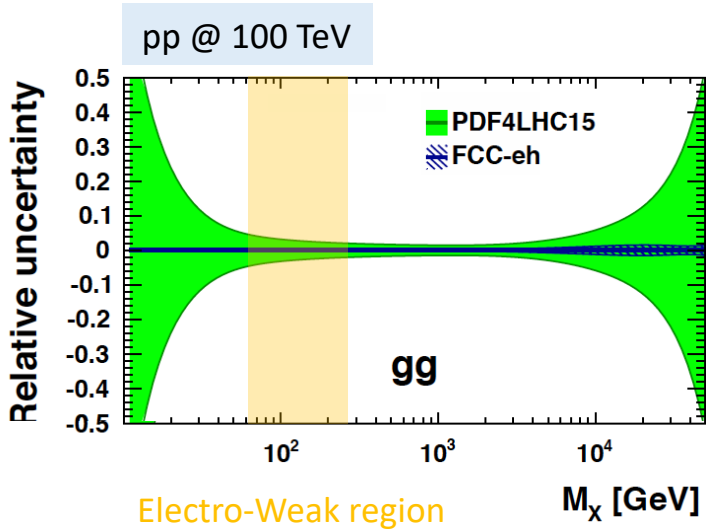
DIS scattering cross sections

- PDFs extended in (Q^2, x) by **orders of magnitude**

Strong interaction physics

- α_s precision of **0.2%**
- **low-x**: a new discovery frontier

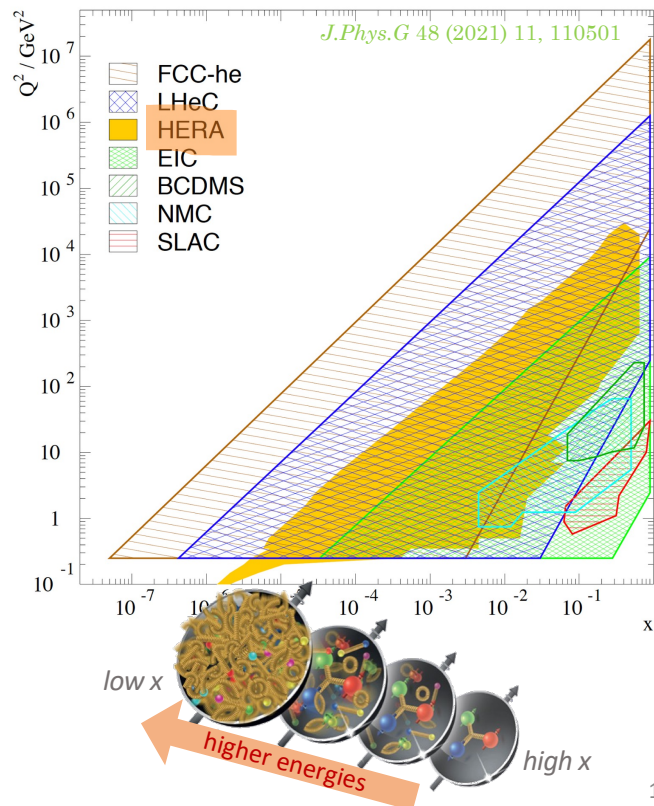
Empowering the FCC-hh program with the FCC-eh



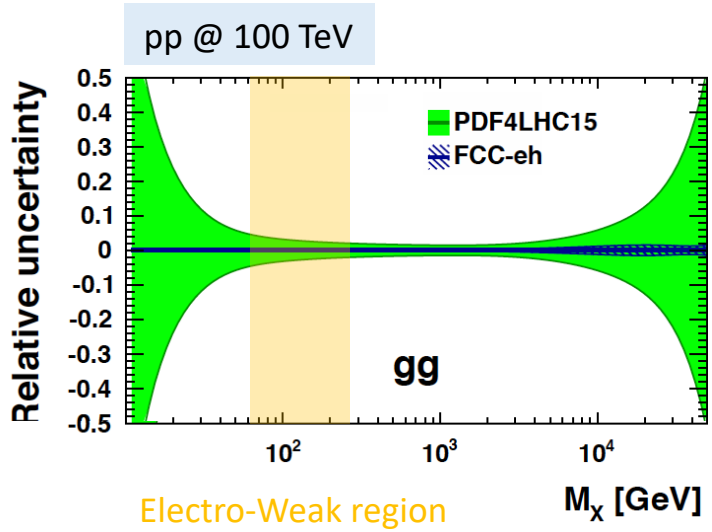
~5-7% uncertainty on the $\sigma(W,Z,H)$

no FCC-eh

Kinematic range Parton Distribution Functions



Empowering the FCC-hh program with the FCC-eh



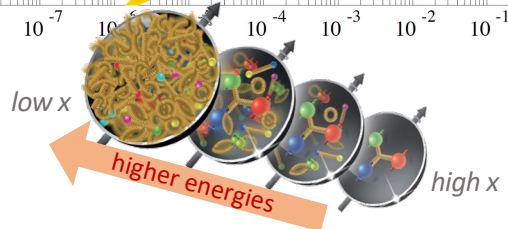
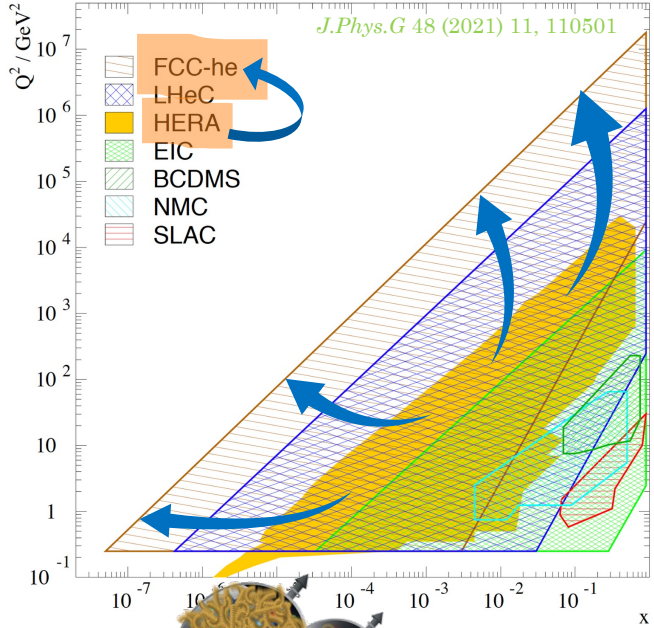
~5-7% uncertainty on the $\sigma(W,Z,H)$

no FCC-eh

with FCC-eh

~1% uncertainty on the $\sigma(W,Z,H)$

Kinematic range Parton Distribution Functions



FCC-eh essential to unlock FCC-hh science potential

The ESPP 2020 noted the synergy in its deliberation document

- “Other essential scientific activities for particle physics ... An independent determination of the proton structure would be desirable to fully exploit the precision achievable with present and future hadron colliders. Detailed measurements of proton structure complement the investment in theoretical calculations and add sensitivity to searches for novel phenomena. A programme based on fixed-target experiments and on dedicated electron-proton machines, such as LHeC and FCC-ep, has been advocated in Europe.”

The ESPP 2020 noted the synergy in its deliberation document

The mandate of the ep/eA@CERN Study: "CERN continues to support studies for the LHeC and the FCC-eh as potential options for the future and to provide input to the next Update of the European Strategy for Particle Physics. The study is to further develop the scientific potential and possible technical realization of an ep/eA collider and the associated detectors at CERN, with emphasis on FCC."

Exploration of synergies between pp/pA/AA and ep/eA physics

- How to maximally exploit these synergies to advance the knowledge of the proton structure?
- How to maximally empower the HL-LHC/FCC-hh measurements and searches with additional knowledge of TeV-scale ep/eA collisions?
- Which flagship measurements and searches in ep/eA collisions could be most impactful and complementary in the field?
- Exploring synergies in detector R&D with other experiments on a similar timeline.

Exploration of synergies between pp/pA/AA and ep/eA physics

- How to

**In order to unlock the physics & detector opportunities,
advancements on accelerator R&D are required.**

...field!
...in detector R&D with other experiments on a
similar timeline.

particle physics ambition
high-energy & high-current beams
(energy x current = power)

caveat
power requirements of future colliders

The challenge

High-intensity electron beam

From HERA@DESY to LHeC@CERN

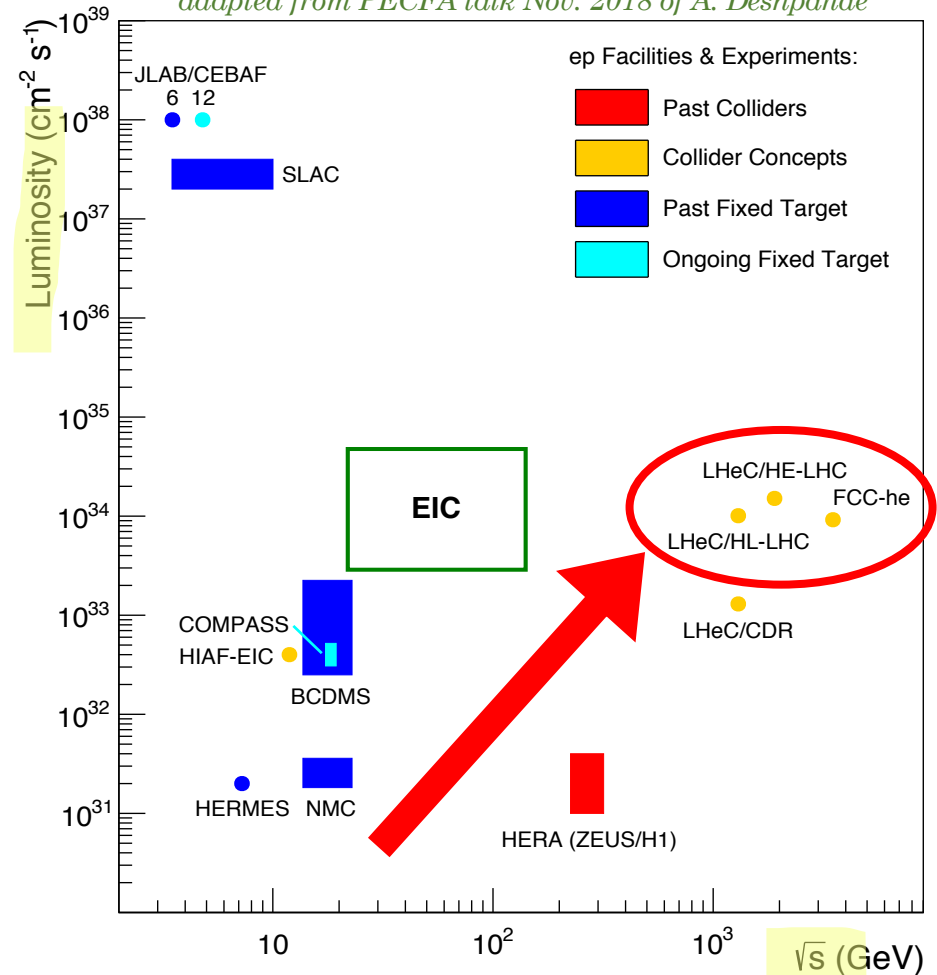
3 orders in magnitude in luminosity
1 order in magnitude in energy

beam current \times beam energy
= beam power

LHeC \sim 1 GW beam power

equivalent to the power delivered by a nuclear power plant

adapted from PECFA talk Nov. 2018 of A. Deshpande



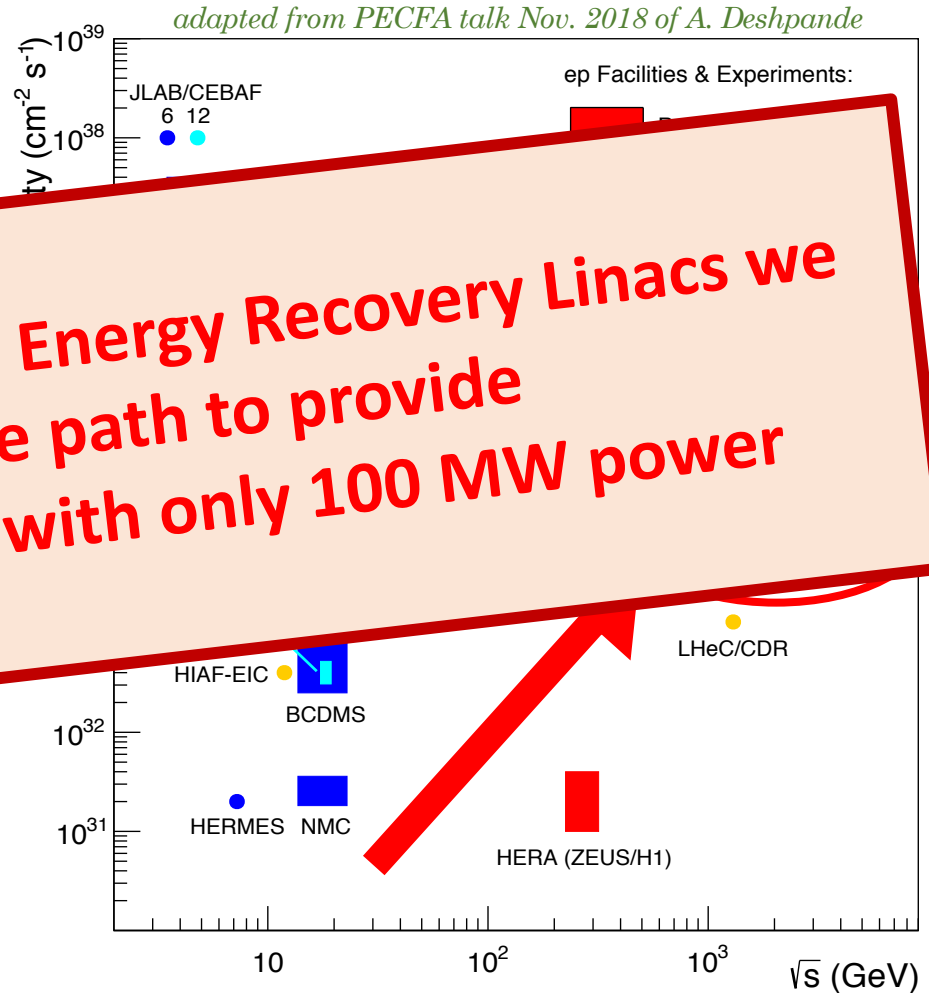
The challenge

High-intensity electron beam

From HERA to LHeC

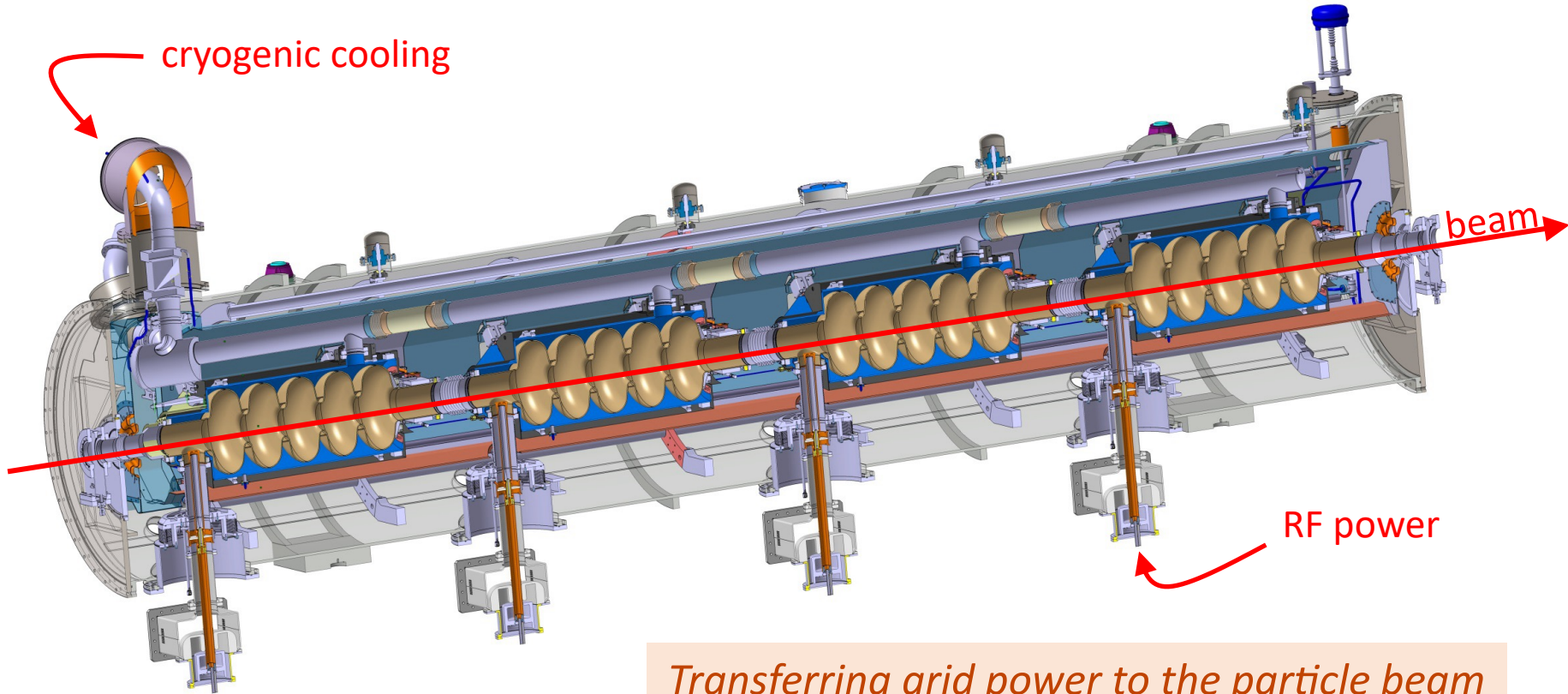
With the planned R&D on Energy Recovery Linacs we will prepare the path to provide a 1 GW electron beam with only 100 MW power

LHeC ~ 1 GW beam power
equivalent to the power delivered by a nuclear power plant



Key building block for beam acceleration: the SRF cryomodule

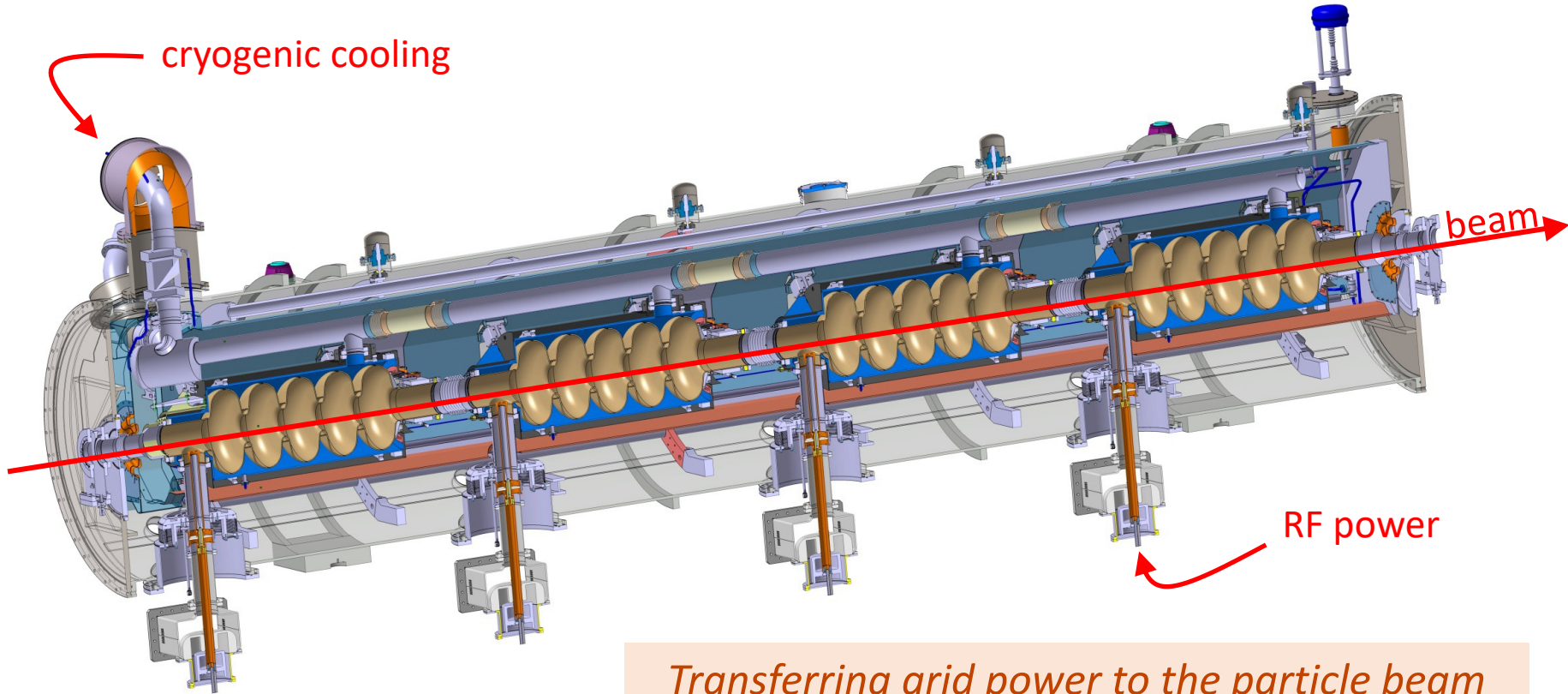
SRF: Superconducting Radio Frequency



Transferring grid power to the particle beam

Key building block for beam acceleration: the SRF cryomodule

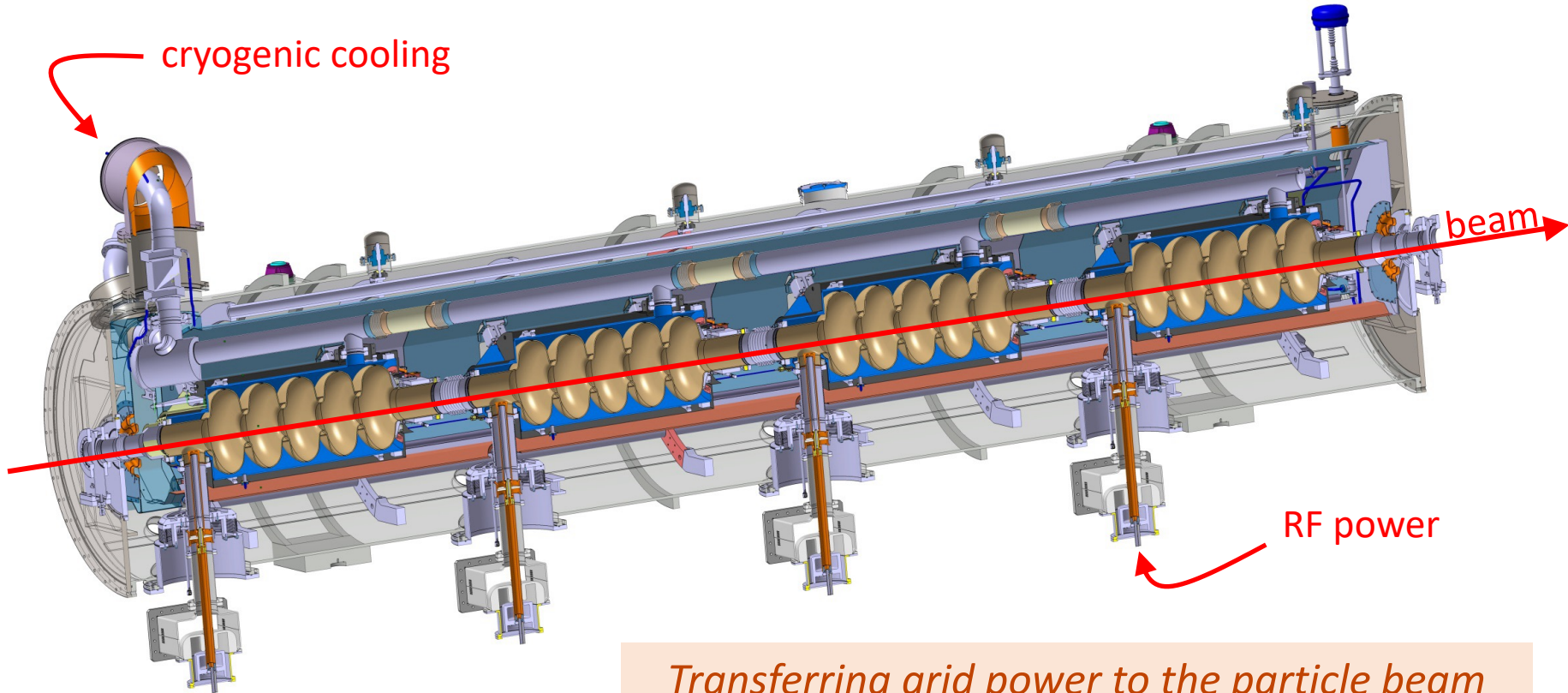
SRF: Superconducting Radio Frequency



Transferring grid power to the particle beam
EVERY NEW BEAM REQUIRES NEW RF POWER

Key building block for beam acceleration: the SRF cryomodule

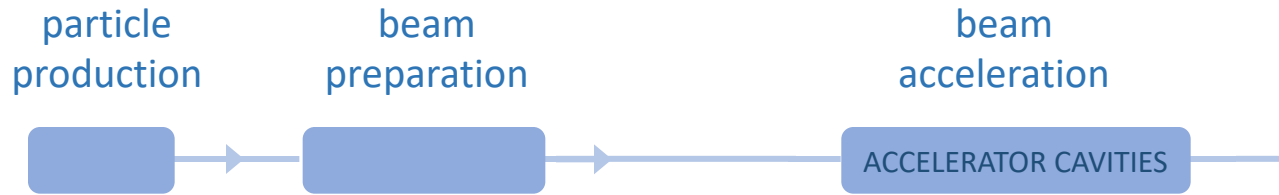
SRF: Superconducting Radio Frequency



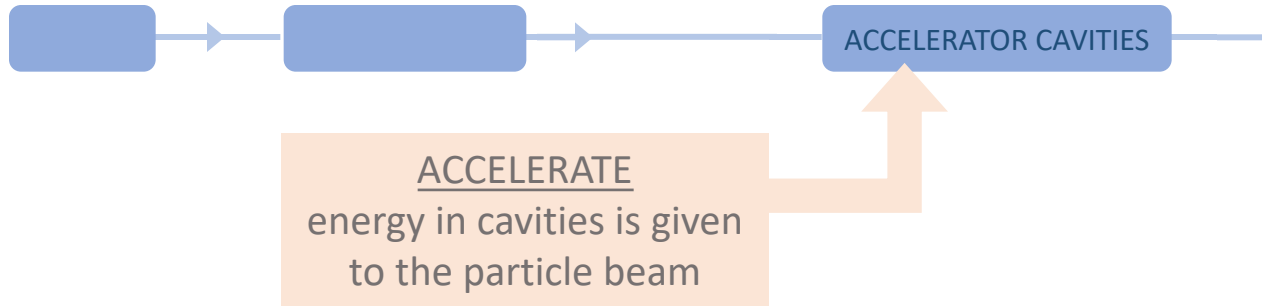
ENERGY RECOVERY →

*Transferring grid power to the particle beam
RECOVER THE ENERGY FROM THE USED BEAM*

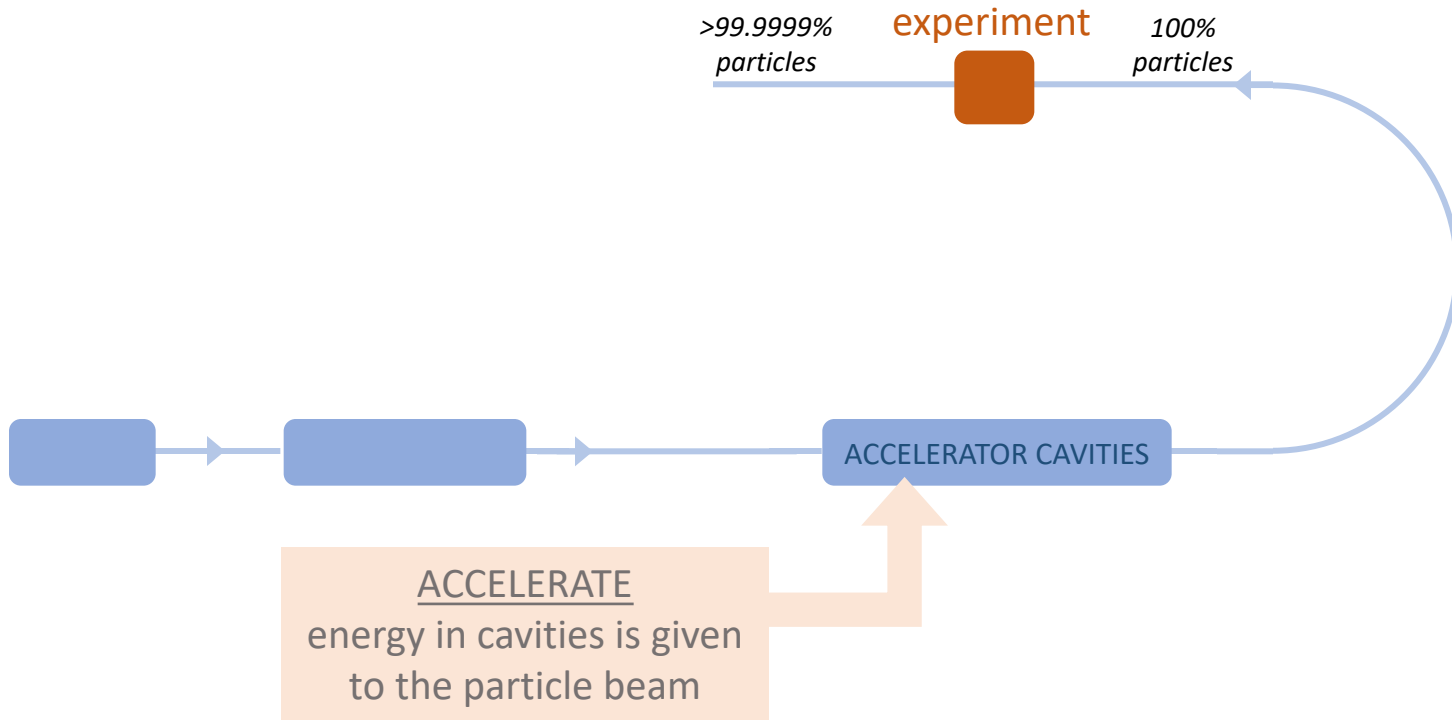
The principle of Energy Recovery



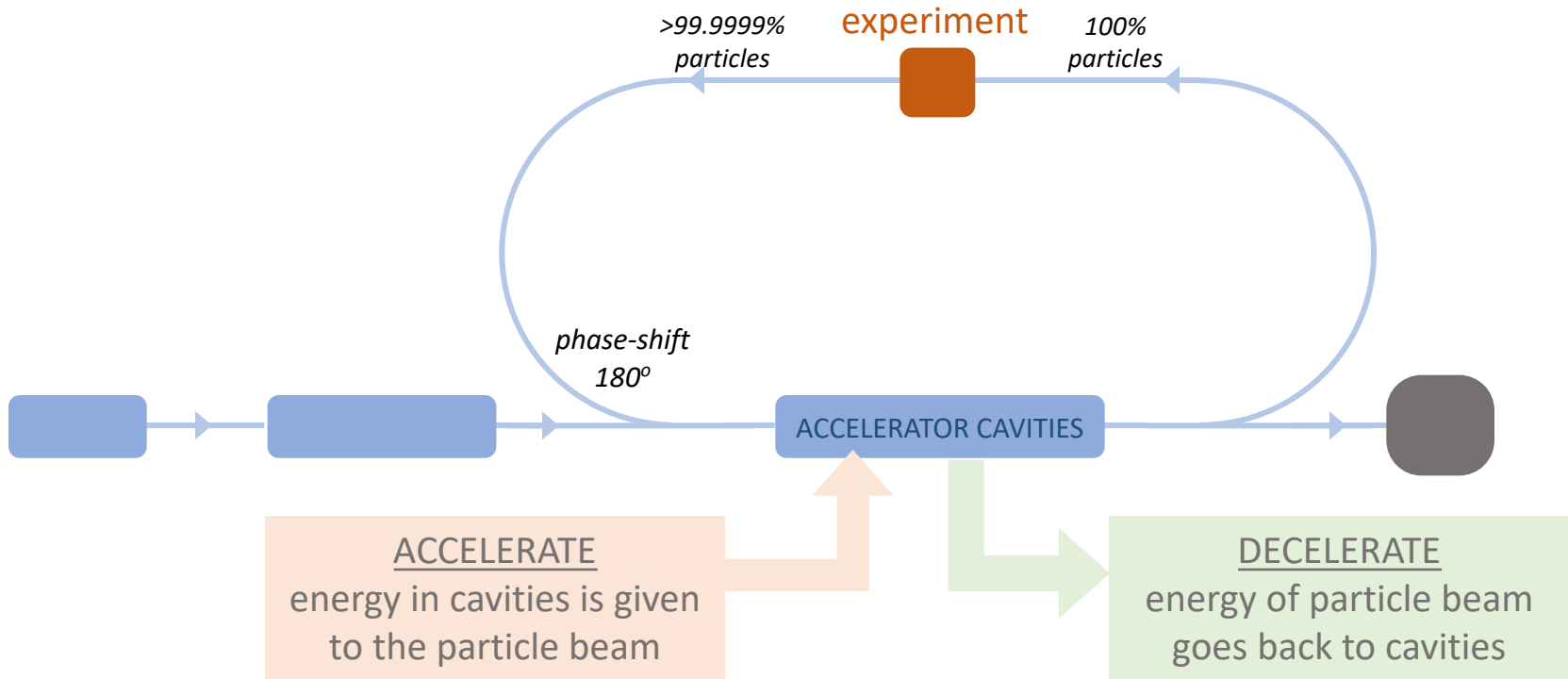
The principle of Energy Recovery



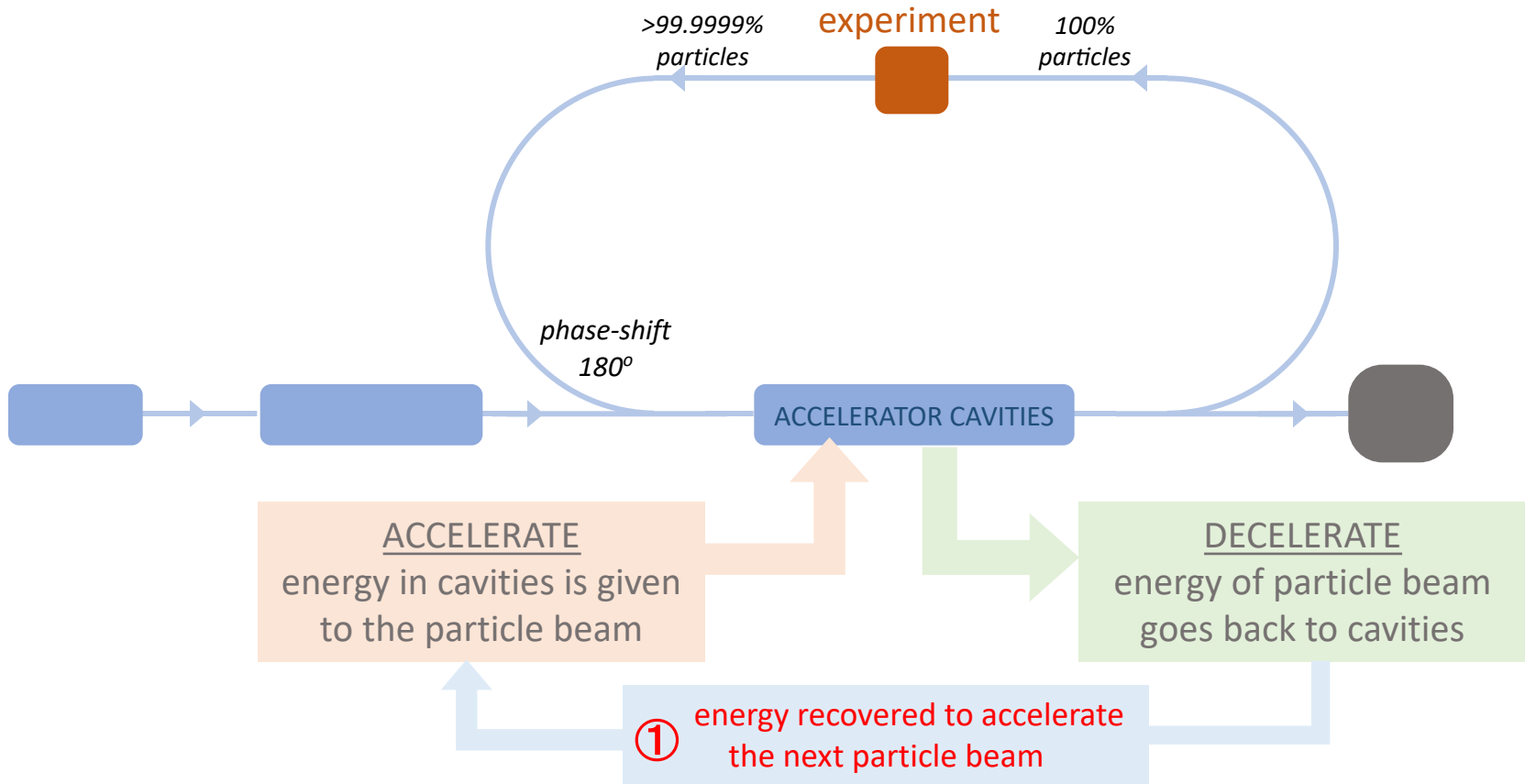
The principle of Energy Recovery



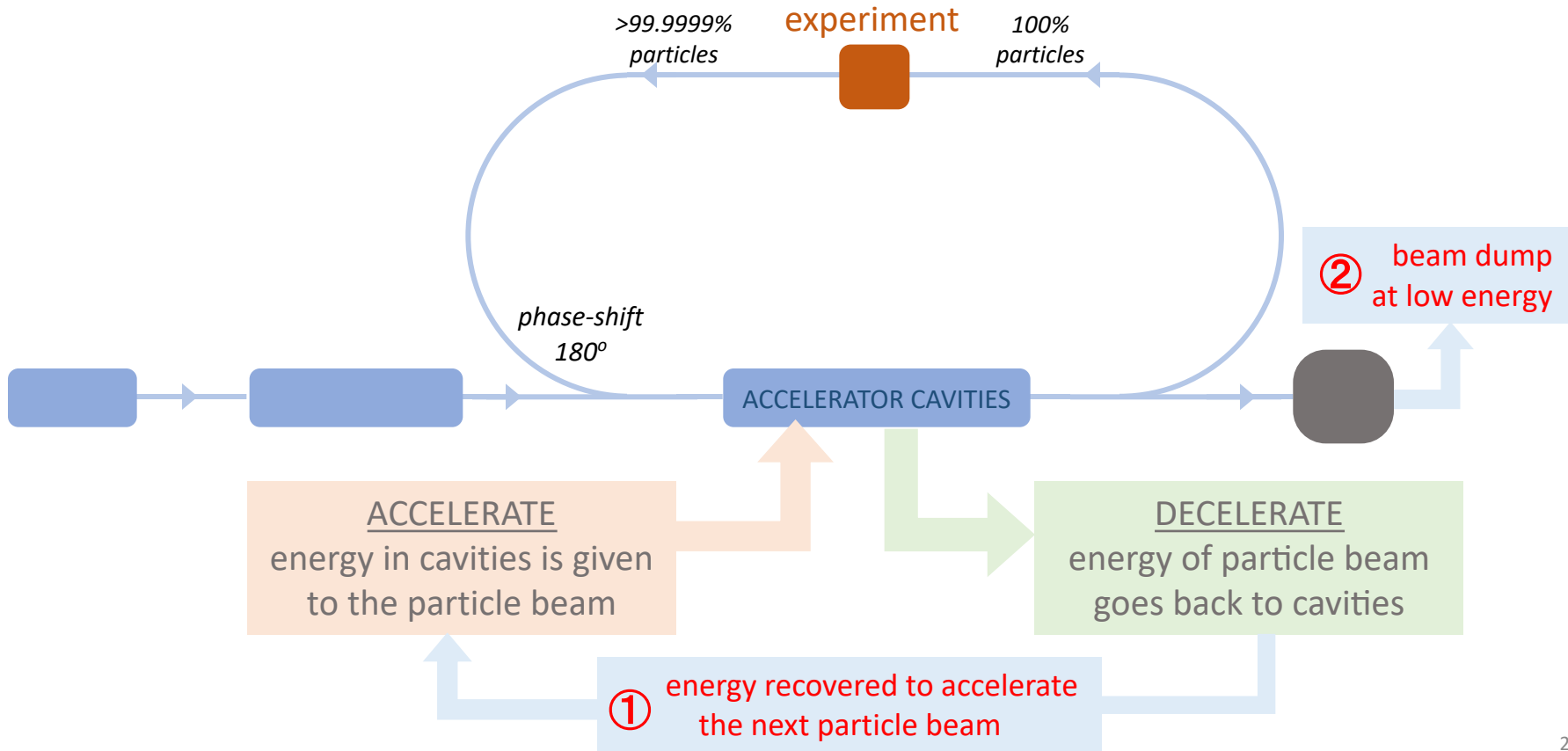
The principle of Energy Recovery



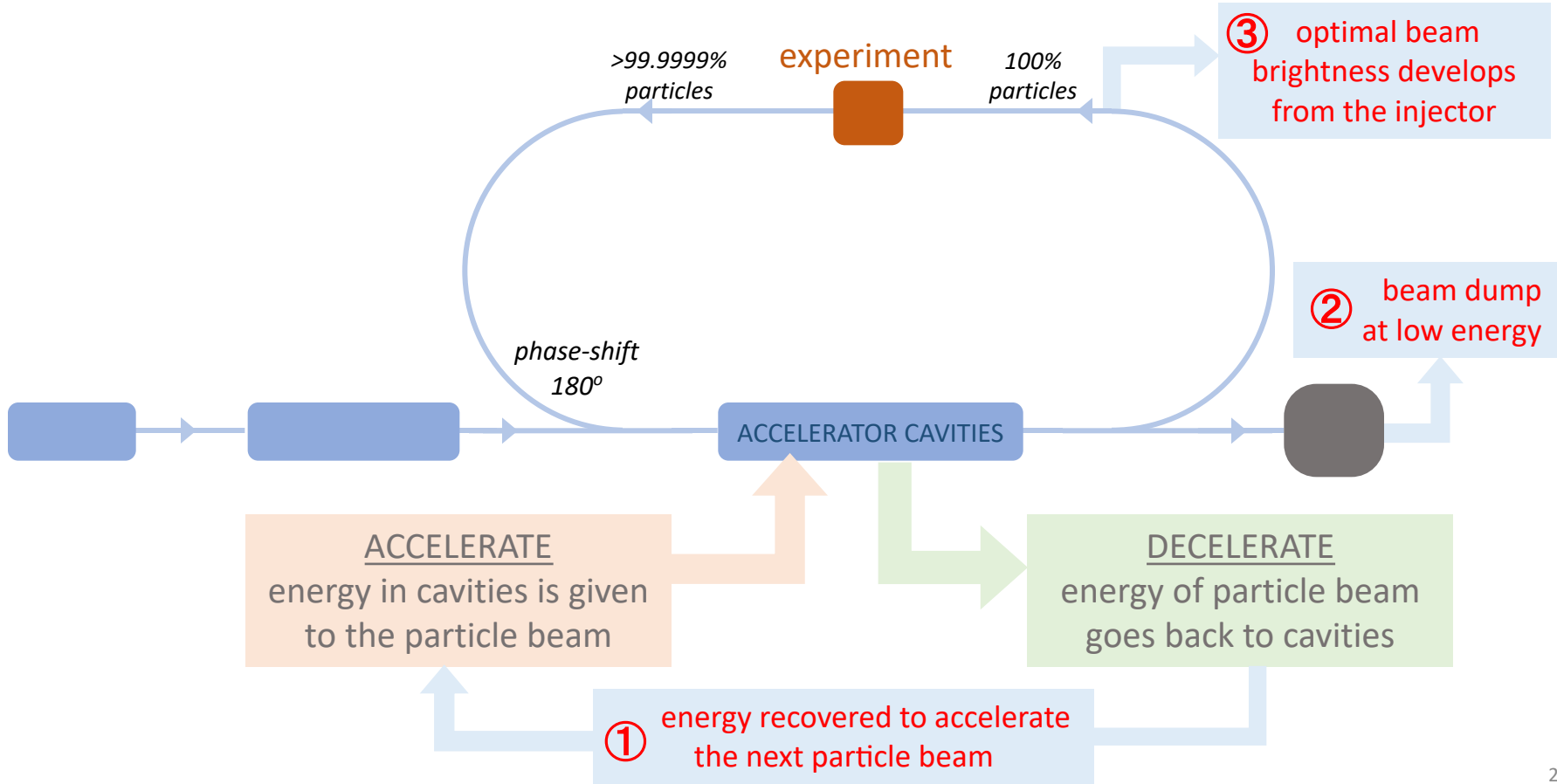
The principle of Energy Recovery



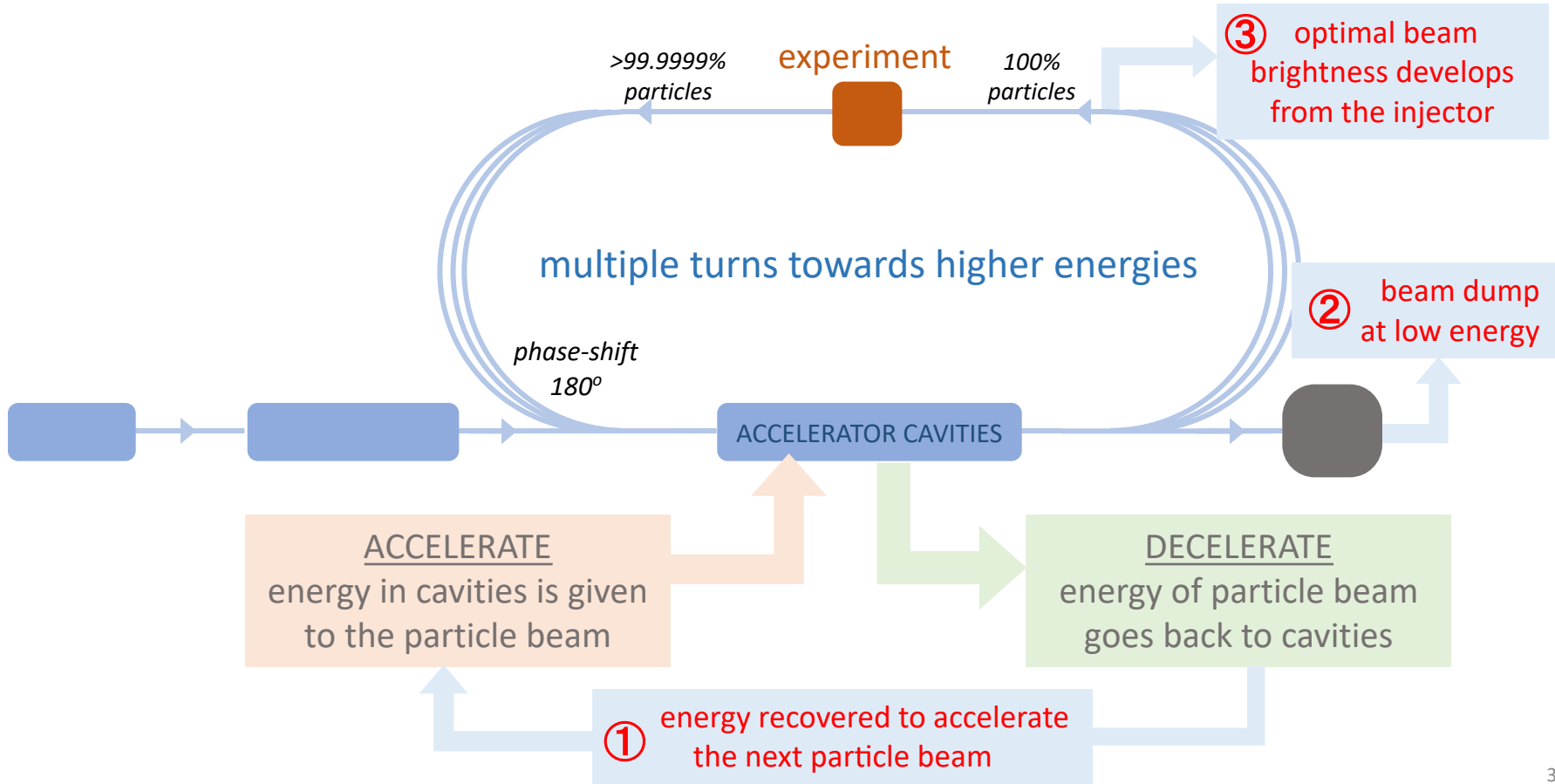
The principle of Energy Recovery



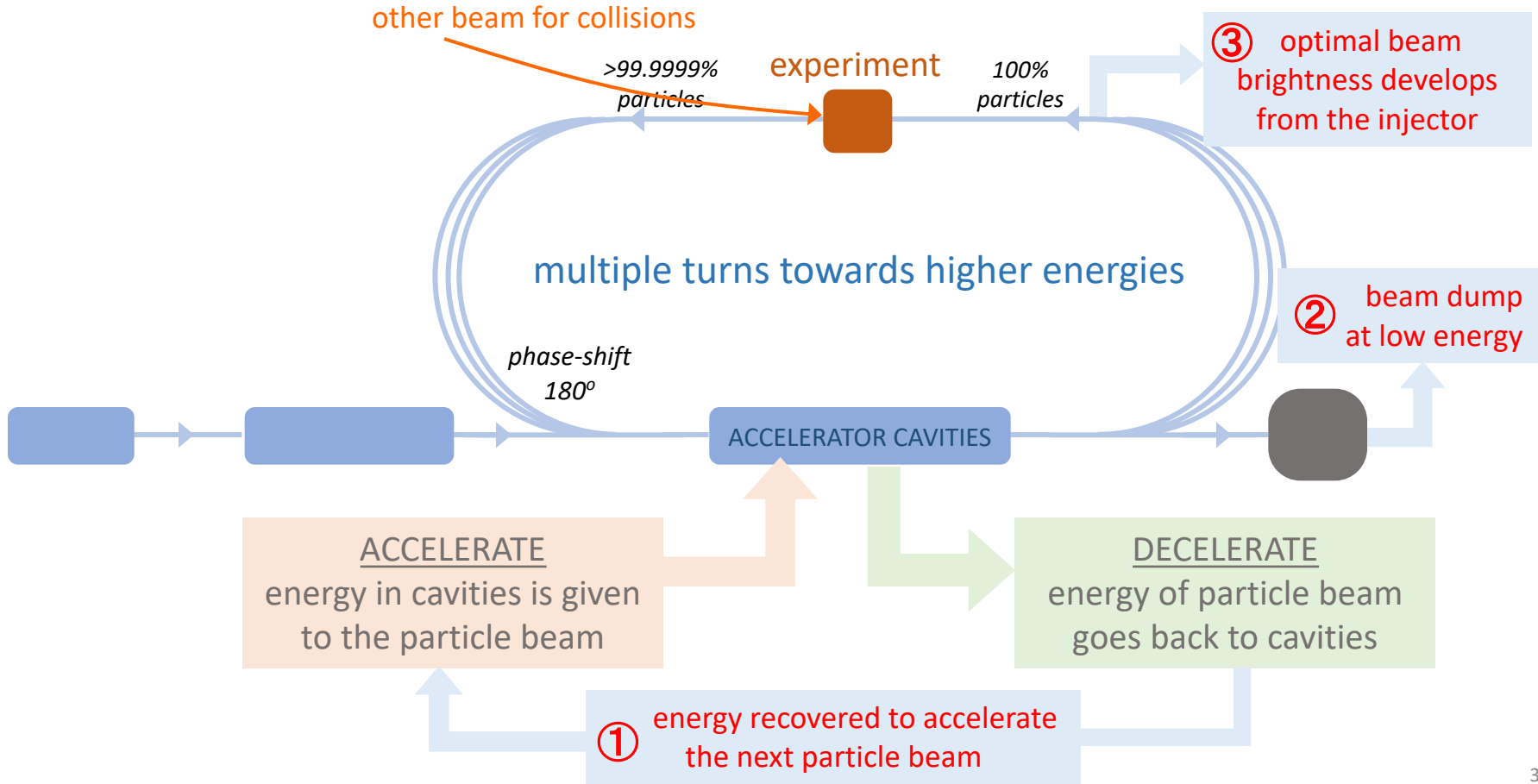
The principle of Energy Recovery



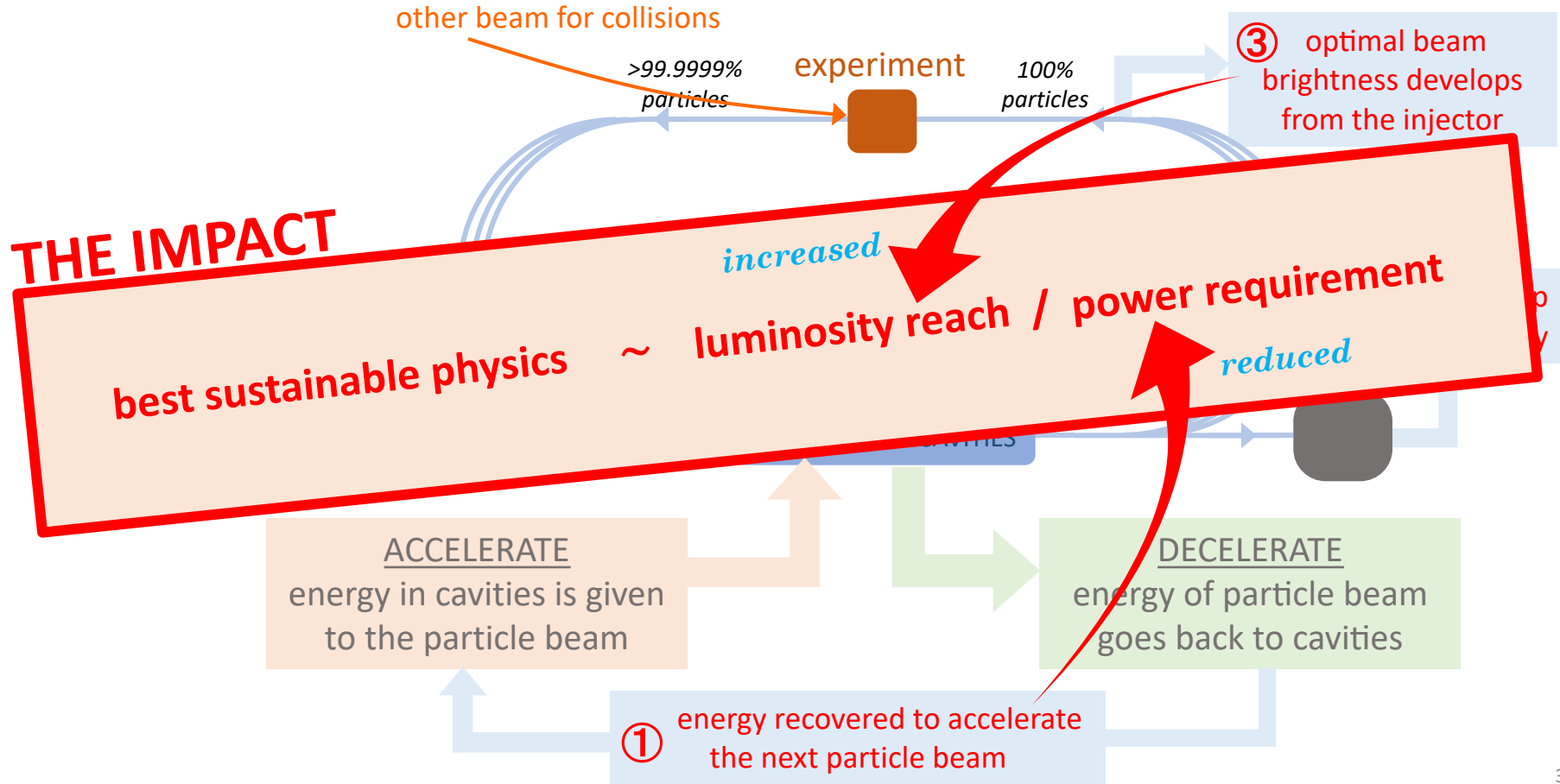
The principle of Energy Recovery



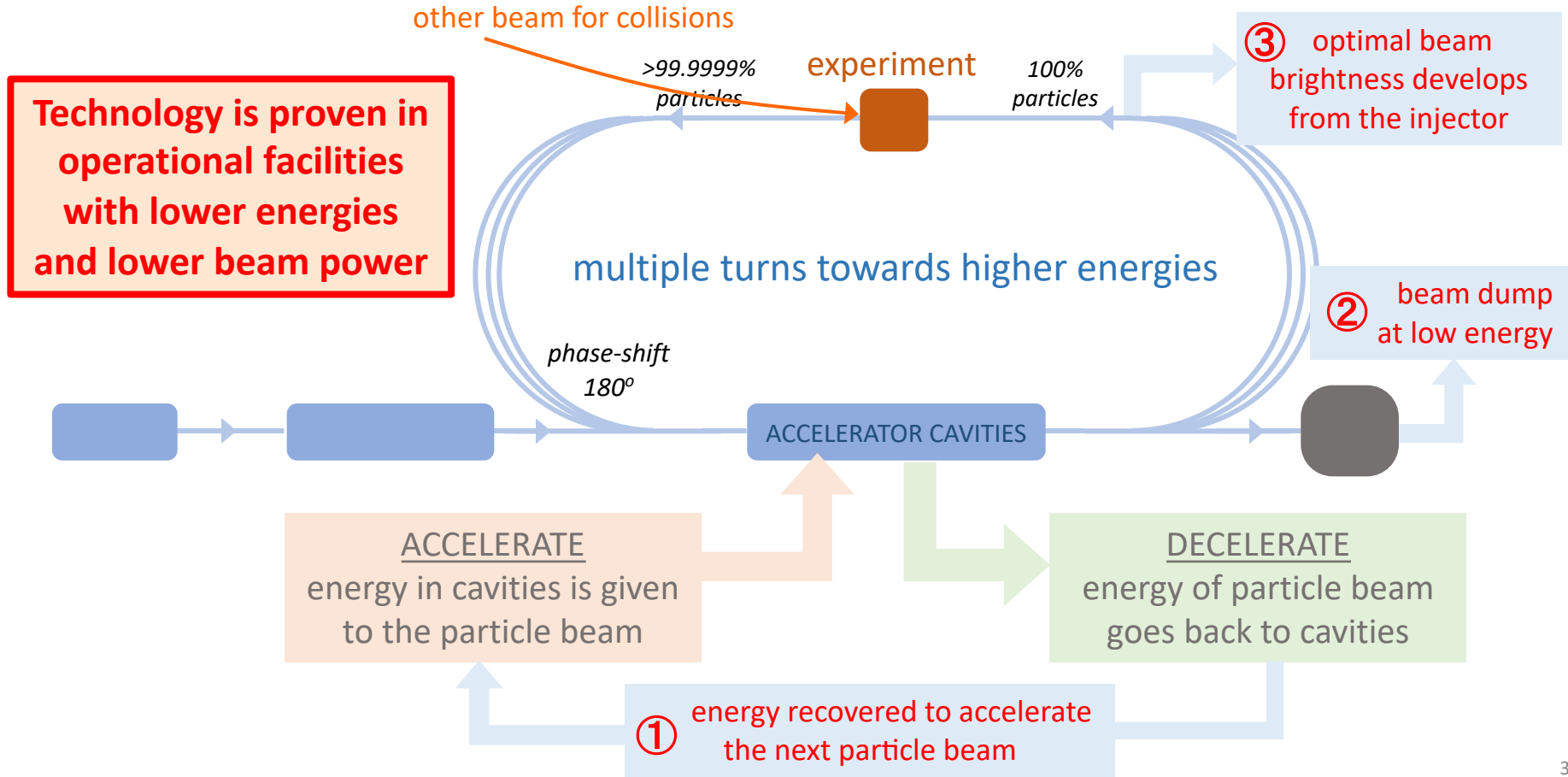
The principle of Energy Recovery

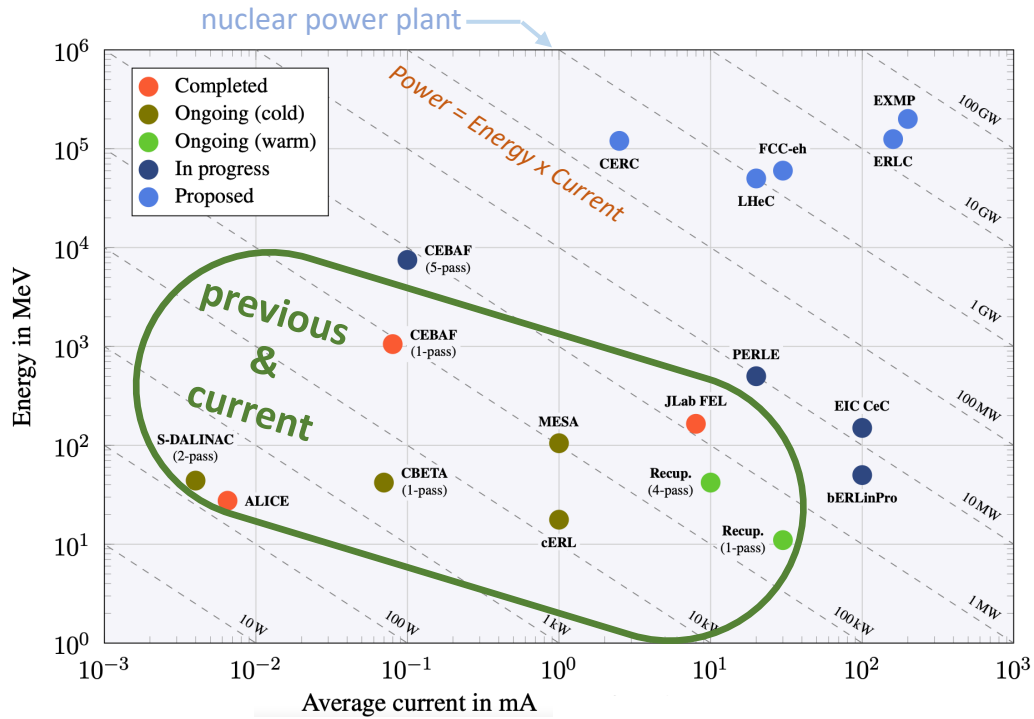


The principle of Energy Recovery



The principle of Energy Recovery

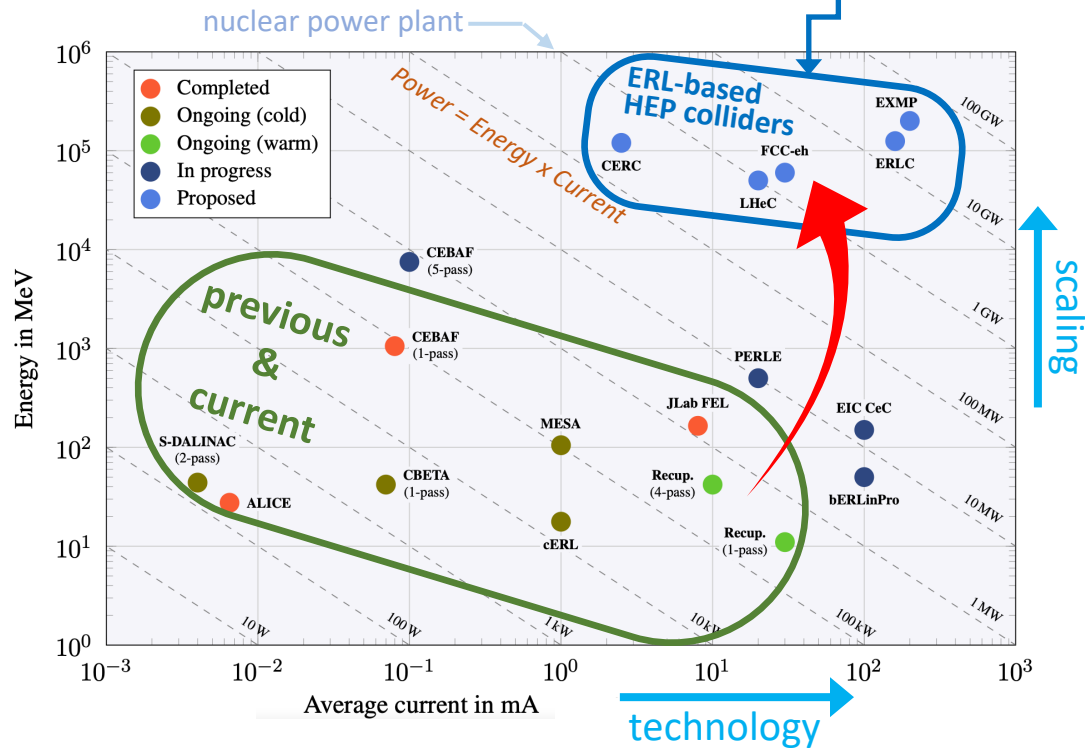




Energy Recovery demonstrated

great achievements on all aspects and large research infrastructures based on Energy Recovery systems have been operated successfully

ERL to enable high-power beams that would otherwise require one or more nuclear power plants



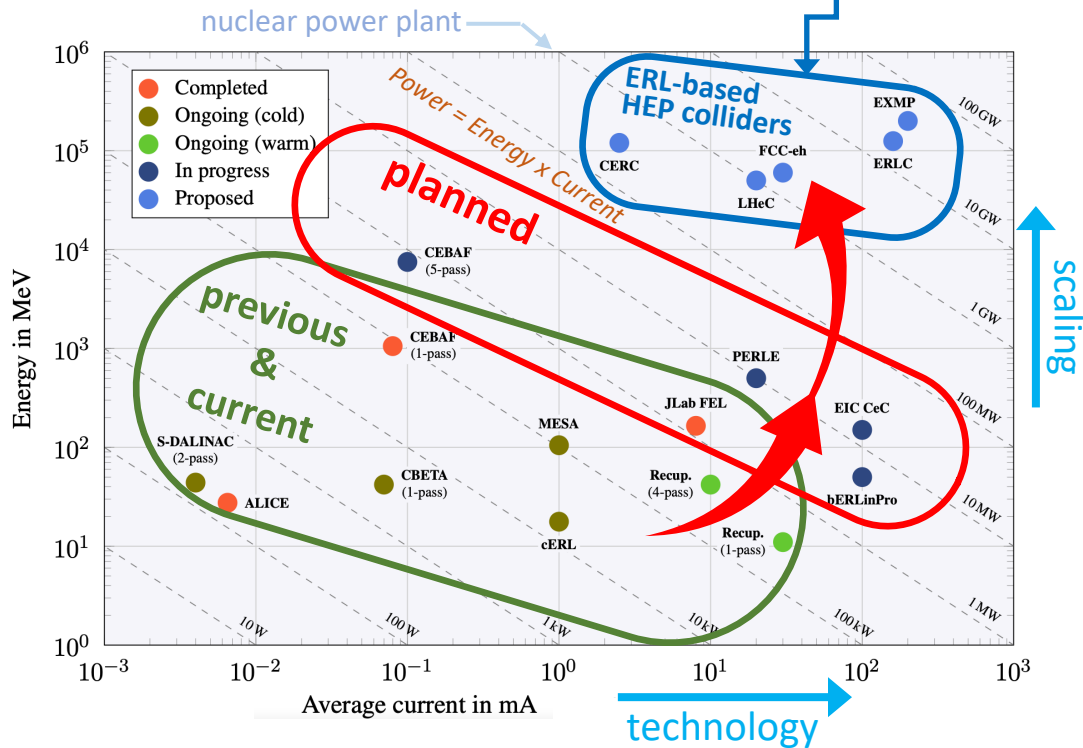
Future ERL-based Colliders

H, HH, ep/eA, muons, ...

Energy Recovery demonstrated

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Future ERL-based Colliders

H, HH, ep/eA, muons, ...

bERLinPro & PERLE

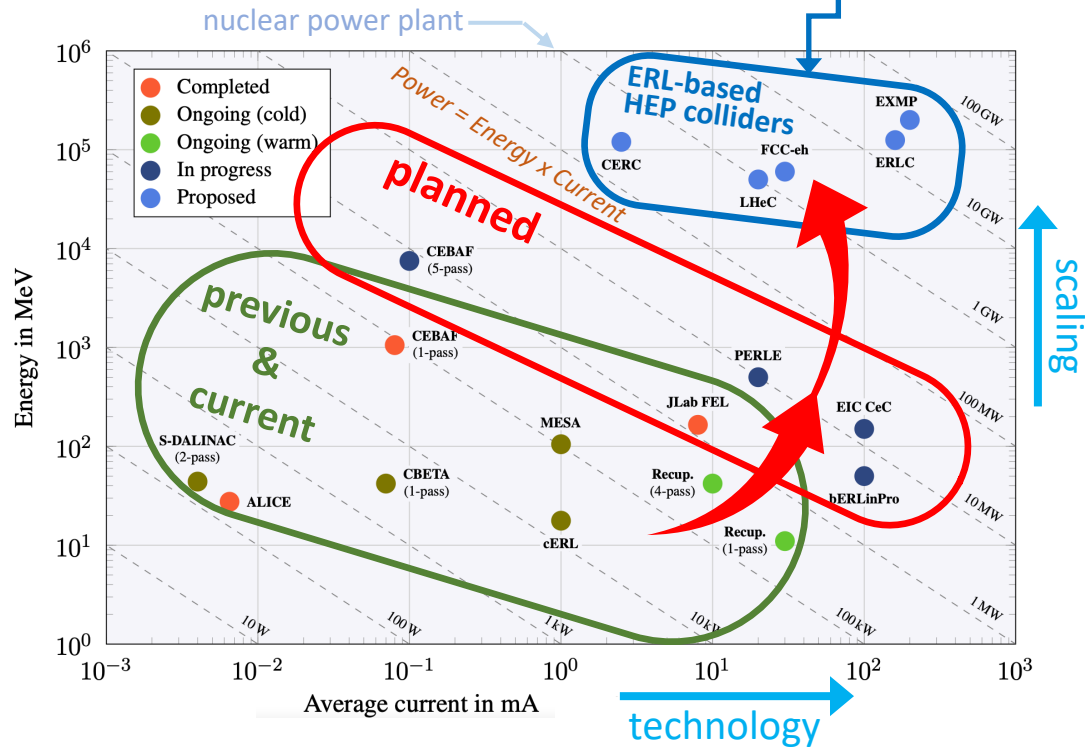
essential accelerator R&D labs with ambitions overlapping with those of the particle physics community

towards high power

Energy Recovery demonstrated

great achievements on all aspects and large research infrastructures based on Energy Recovery systems have been operated successfully

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Future ERL-based Colliders

H, HH, ep/eA, muons, ...

R&D Roadmap

bERLinPro & PERLE

essential accelerator R&D labs with ambitions overlapping with those of the particle physics community

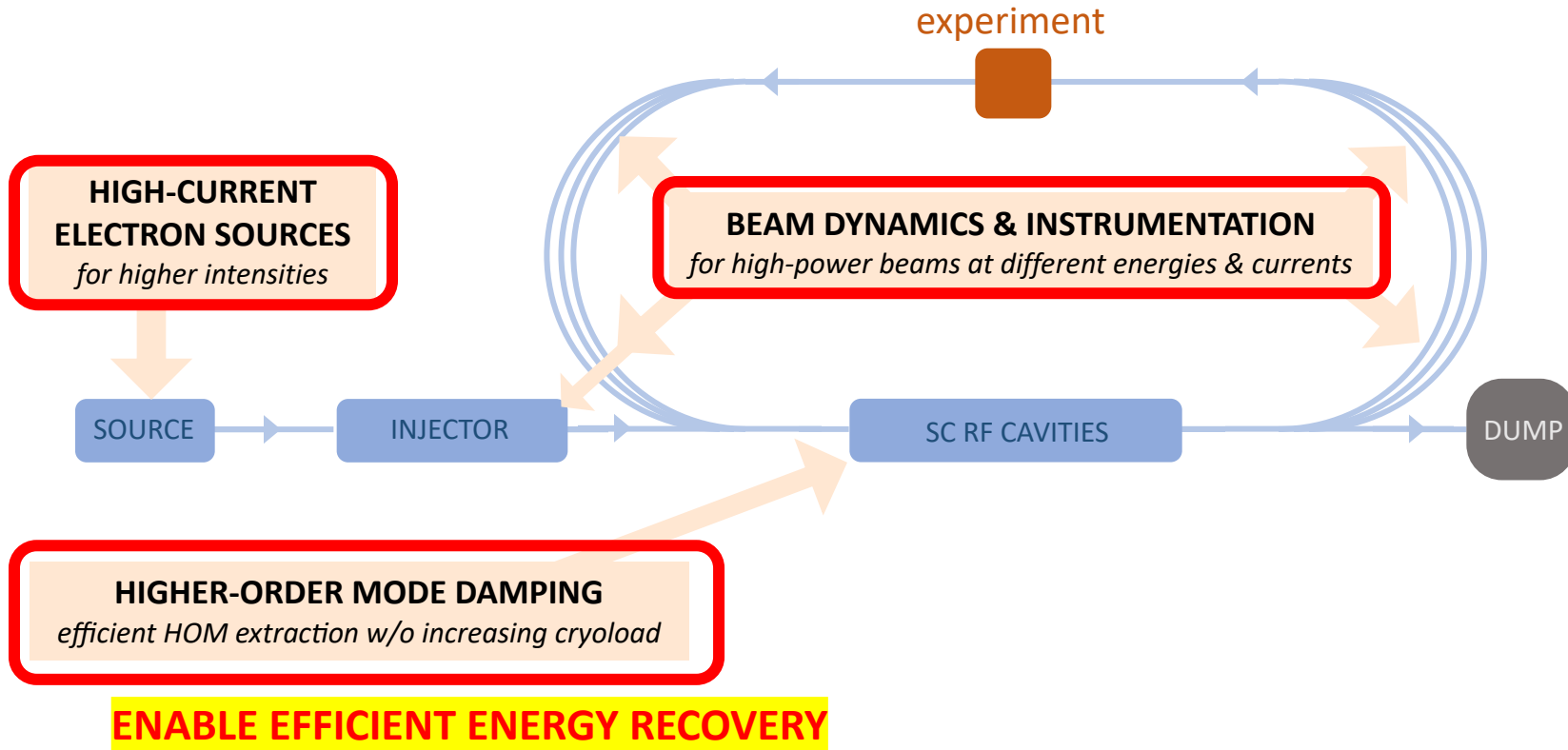
towards high power

Energy Recovery demonstrated

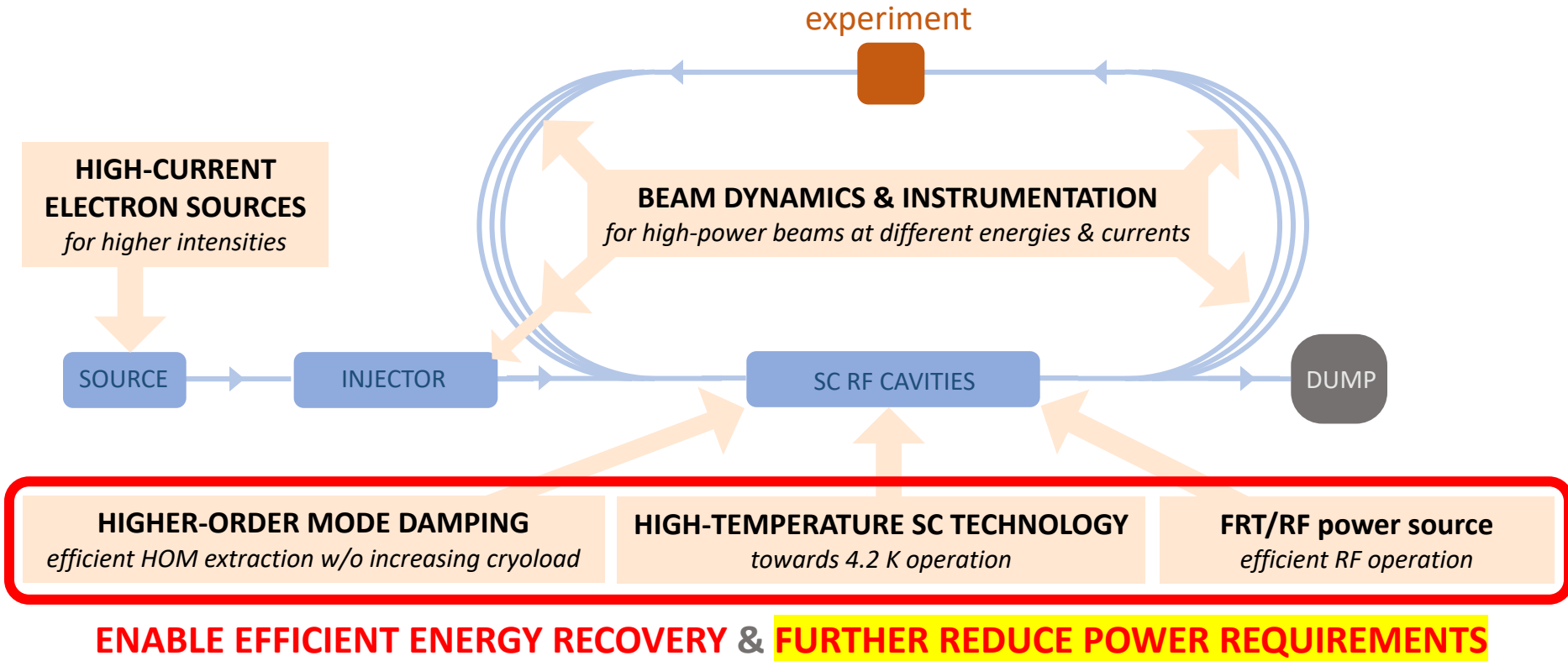
great achievements on all aspects and large research infrastructures based on Energy Recovery systems have been operated successfully

Energy Recovery Linacs (ERL): reaching higher luminosities with less power requirements

Sustainable Accelerating Systems



Sustainable Accelerating Systems

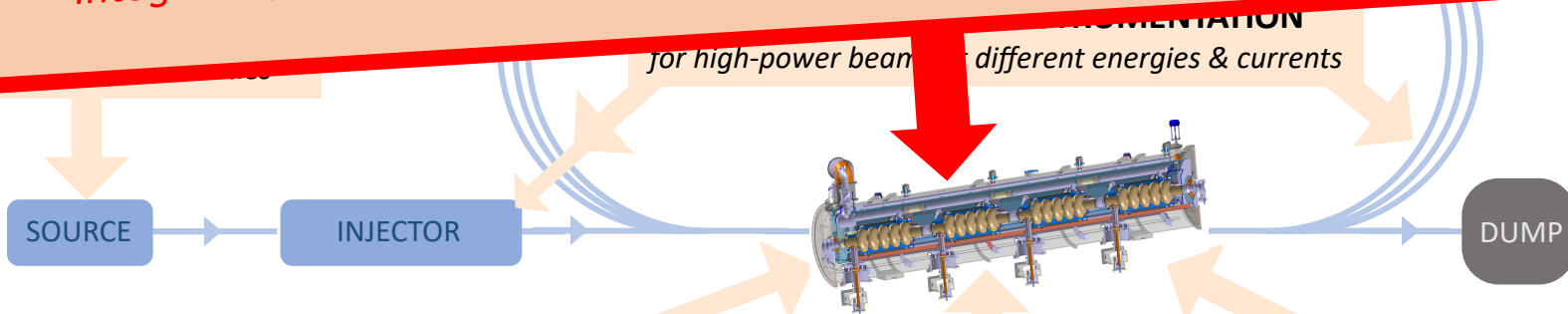


Sustainable Accelerating Systems

Innovate for Sustainable Accelerating Systems (iSAS)

<https://indico.jjclab.in2p3.fr/event/9521/>

develop a new design of an SRF cryomodule
integrating the most impactful energy-saving technologies (incl. RF & ERL aspects)



HIGHER-ORDER MODE DAMPING
efficient HOM extraction w/o increasing cryoload

HIGH-TEMPERATURE SC TECHNOLOGY
towards 4.2 K operation

FRT/RF power source
efficient RF operation

ENABLE EFFICIENT ENERGY RECOVERY & FURTHER REDUCE POWER REQUIREMENTS

Innovate for Sustainable Accelerating Systems (iSAS)

<https://indico.ijclab.in2p3.fr/event/9521/>

ambition: significantly reduce the energy footprint of SRF accelerators



Approved in Horizon Europe, July 2023
Grant Agreement signed, November 2023
Project starts on March 1, 2024



Kick-Off Meeting, April 15-16, 2024: <https://indico.ijclab.in2p3.fr/event/10302/>

iSAS is now an approved Horizon Europe project

Grant Agreement has been signed in Nov 2023 – project starts on March 1, 2024

Spread over 4 years: ~1000 person-months of researchers and ~12.6M EUR

(of which 5M EUR was requested to Horizon Europe)



UK Research
and Innovation

HZB Helmholtz
Zentrum Berlin



Lancaster
University



EPFL
ÉCOLE POLYTECHNIQUE
FÉDÉRALE DE LAUSANNE



VUB VRIJE
UNIVERSITEIT
BRUSSEL



ijc Lab
Irène Joliot-Curie



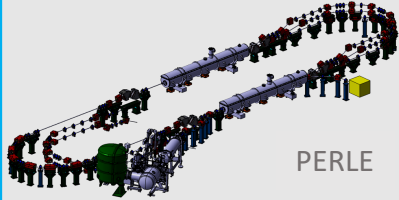
+ **industrial companies:** ACS Accelerators and Cryogenic Systems (France), RI Research Instruments GmbH (Germany), Cryoelectra GmbH (Germany), TFE Thin Film equipment srl (Italy), Zanon Research (Italy), EuclidTechLab (USA)

High-power ERL technology timeline

2020'ies



iSAS

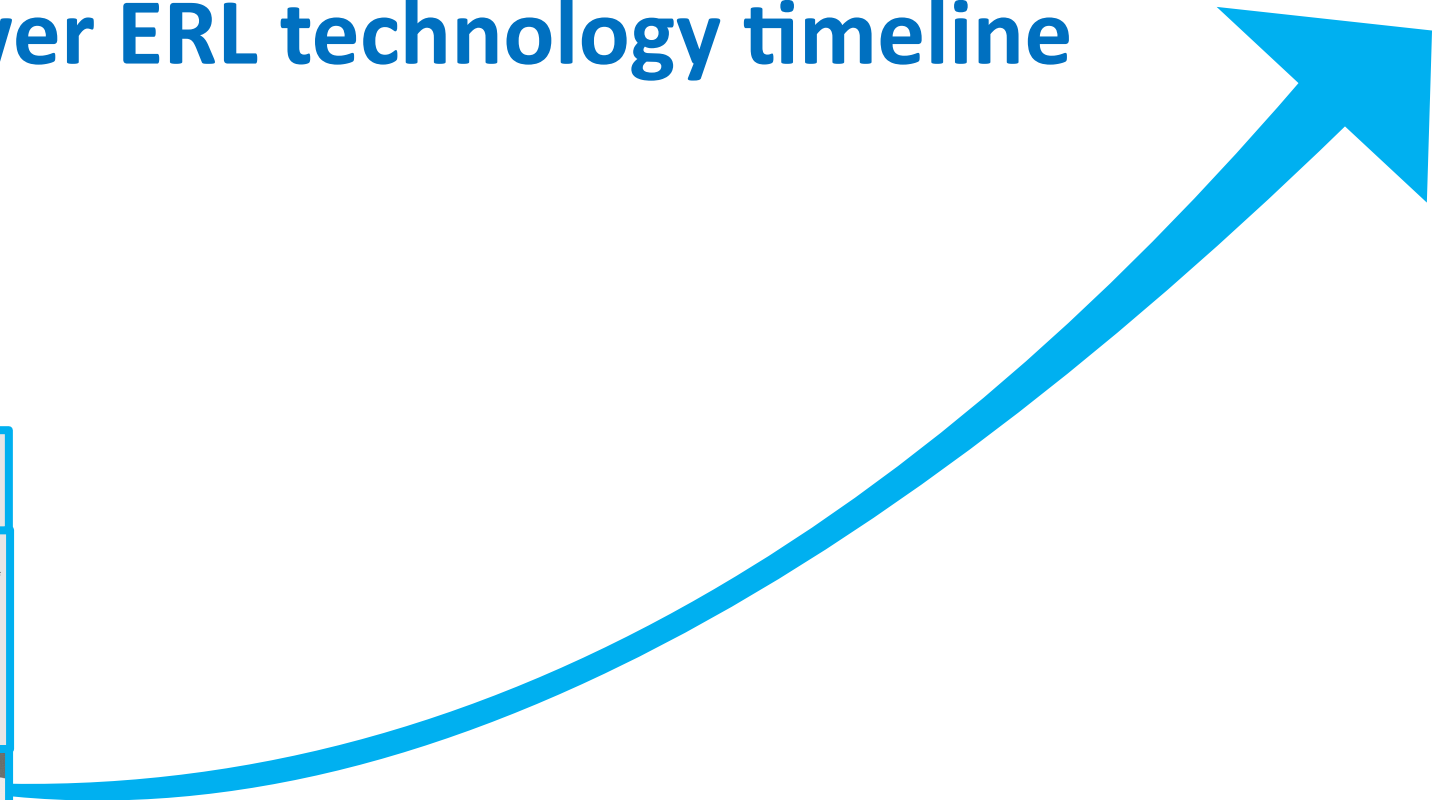


PERLE



bERLinPro

*high-power ERL
demonstrated*



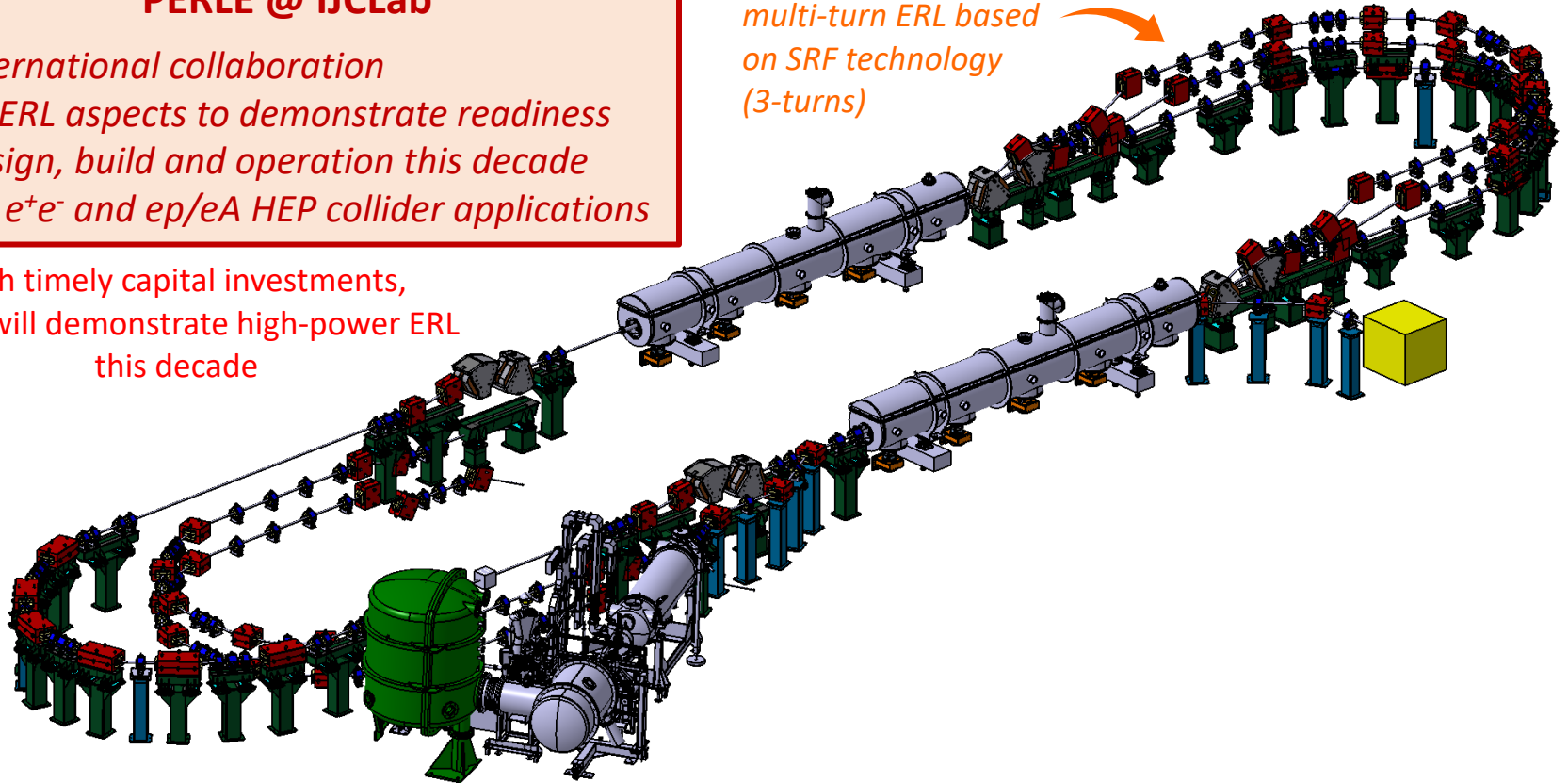
Upcoming facilities for Energy Recovery Linac R&D

PERLE @ IJCLab

- international collaboration
- all ERL aspects to demonstrate readiness
- design, build and operation this decade
- for e^+e^- and ep/eA HEP collider applications

With timely capital investments,
PERLE will demonstrate high-power ERL
this decade

multi-turn ERL based
on SRF technology
(3-turns)



Upcoming facilities for Energy Recovery Linac R&D

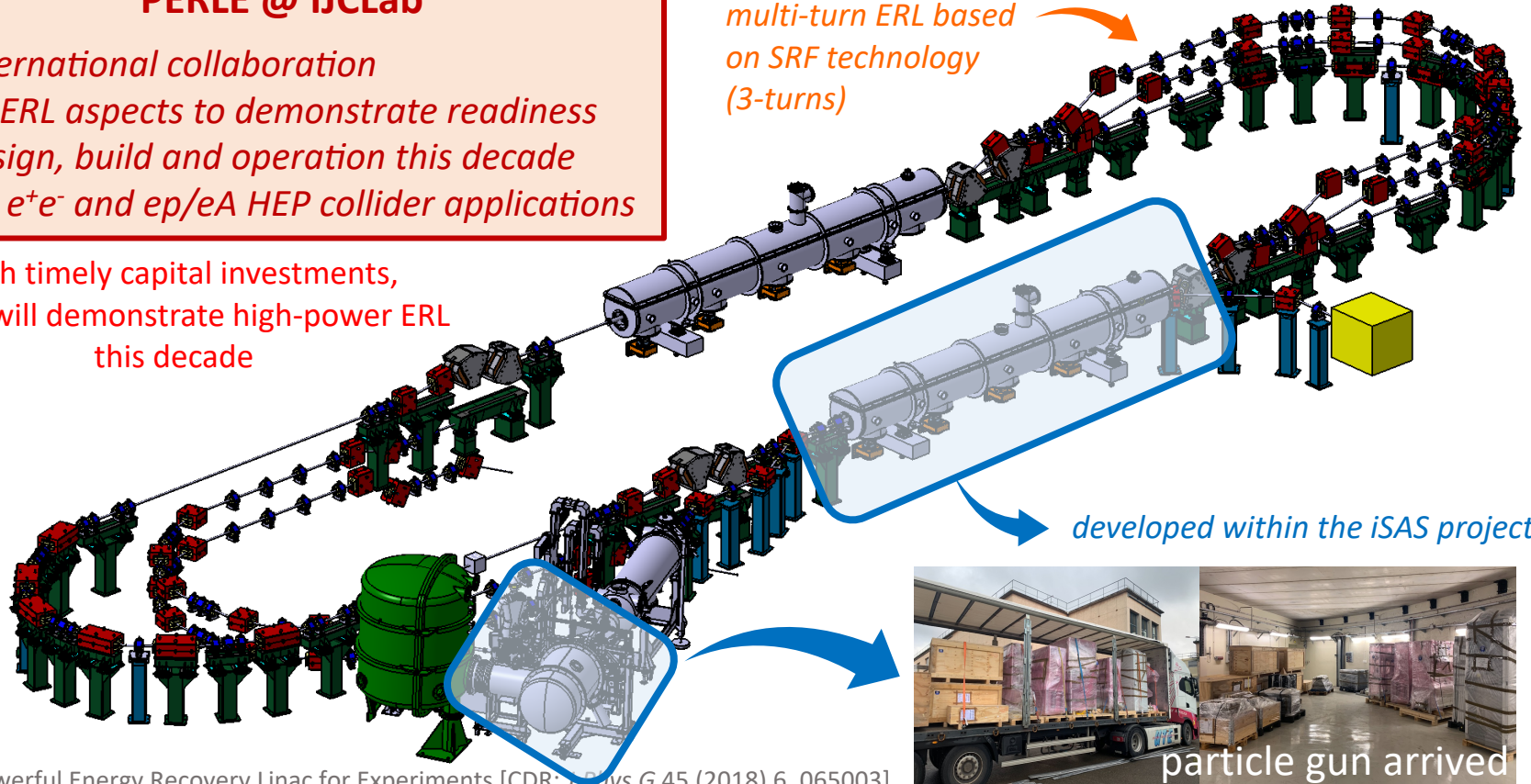
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With timely capital investments,
PERLE will demonstrate high-power ERL
this decade

multi-turn ERL based
on SRF technology
(3-turns)

developed within the iSAS project



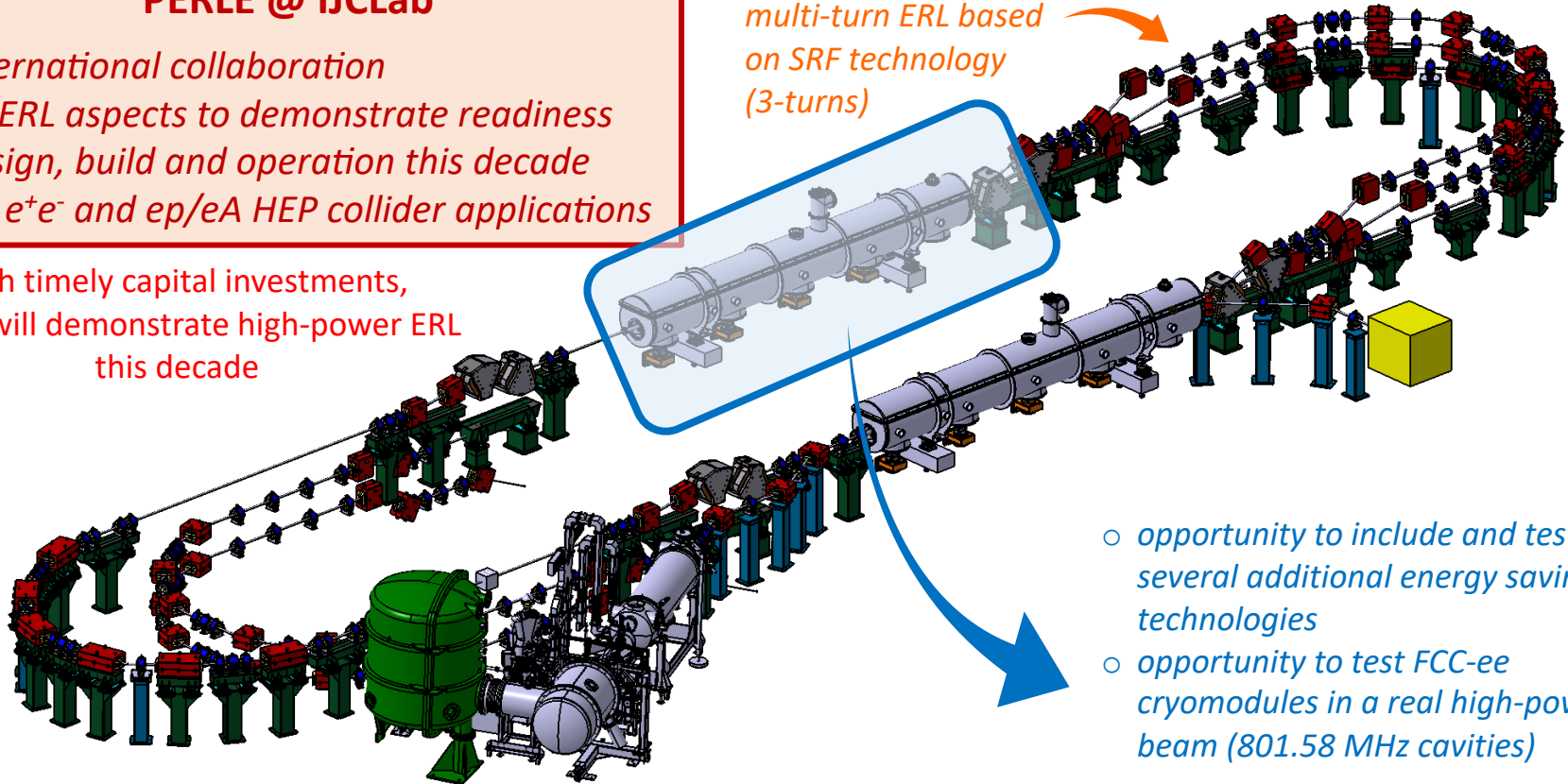
Upcoming facilities for Energy Recovery Linac R&D

PERLE @ IJCLab

- international collaboration
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(3-turns)

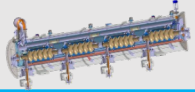


- opportunity to include and test several additional energy saving technologies
- opportunity to test FCC-ee cryomodules in a real high-power beam (801.58 MHz cavities)

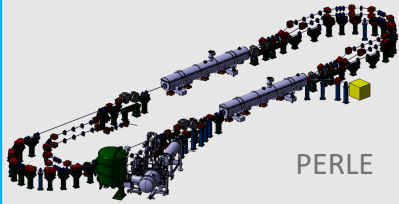
Potential impact of ERL technology

**demonstrate
multi-turn high-power ERL**

2020'ies



iSAS



PERLE



bERLinPro

*high-power ERL
demonstrated*



Potential impact of ERL technology

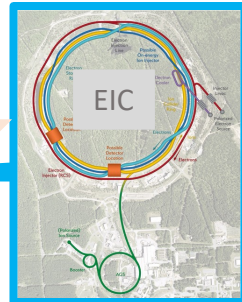
**demonstrate
multi-turn high-power ERL**

2020'ies

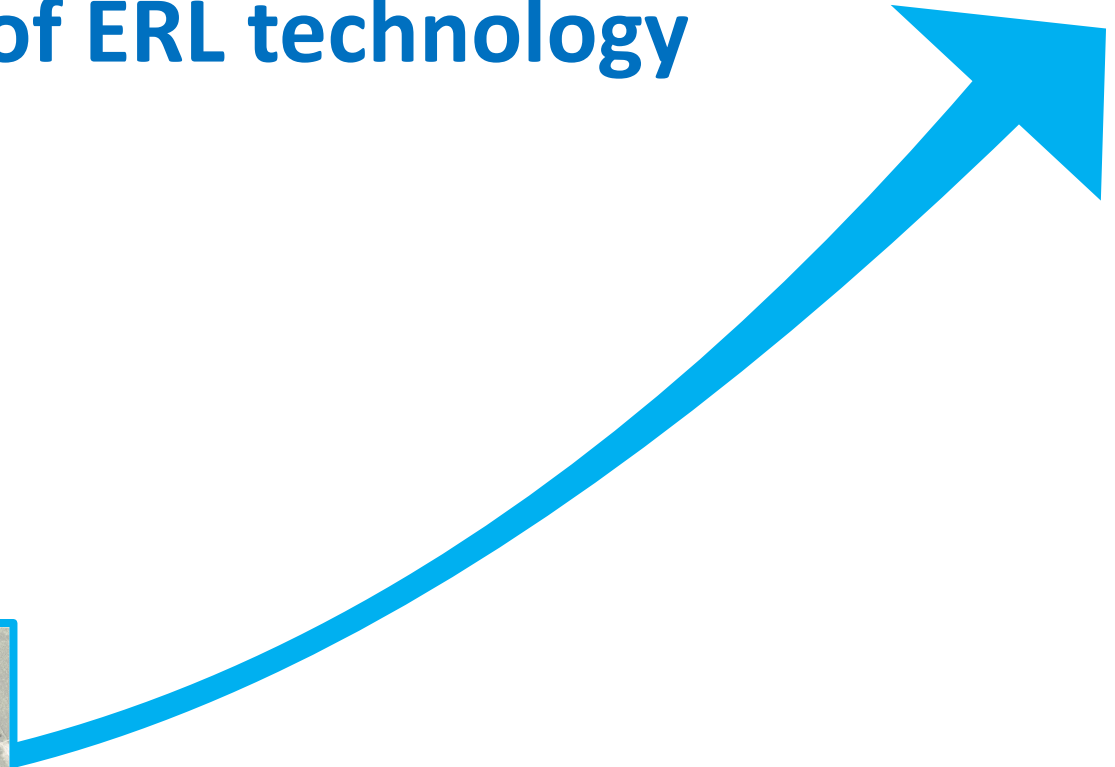


*high-power ERL
demonstrated*

2030'ies



*ERL application
electron cooling*



Potential impact of ERL technology

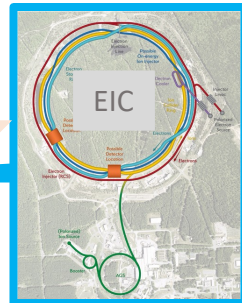
demonstrate
multi-turn high-power ERL

2020'ies



enables the ultimate
upgrades of the
LHC/FCC programs

2030'ies

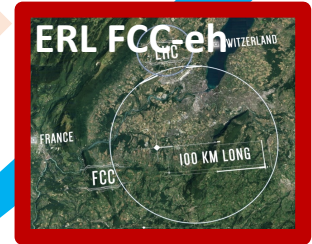


2030-2040'ies

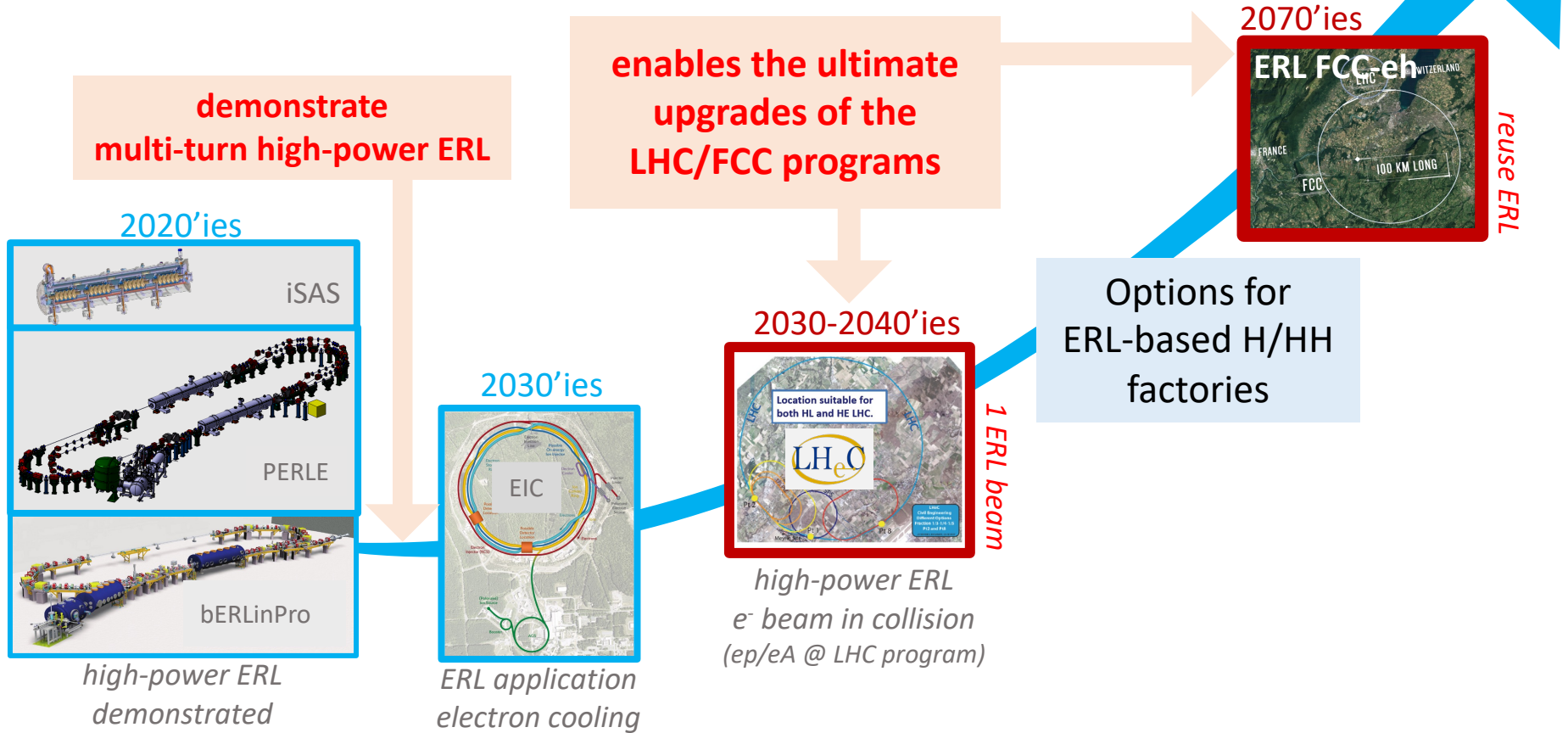


high-power ERL
 e^- beam in collision
(ep/eA @ LHC program)

2070'ies



Potential impact of ERL technology



The ep/eA study at the LHC and FCC – new impactful goals for the community

More information:

<https://indico.cern.ch/event/1335332/>

2023

WS

2024

WS

2025

TWS

input to ESPP

proton and nuclear structure from EIC and HERA to LHeC and FCC-eh

novel QCD with high-energy DIS physics: what do we discover when breaking protons and nuclear matter in smaller pieces
Nestor Armesto, Claire Gwenlan, Paul Newman

general-purpose high-energy physics program: precision physics and searches

enabling direct discoveries and measurements in EW, Higgs and top physics with high-energy DIS collisions
Monica D'Onofrio, Uta Klein, Christian Schwanenberger

ep/eA-physics empowering pp/pA/AA-physics (LHC and FCC)

improving the ATLAS, CMS, LHCb and ALICE discovery potential with results from a high-energy DIS physics program
Maarten Boonekamp, Daniel Britzger, Christian Schwanenberger

developing a general-purpose ep/eA detector for LHeC and FCC-eh

critical detector R&D (DRD collaborations), integrate in the FCC framework, one detector for joint ep/pp/eA/pA/AA physics
Paul Newman, Yuji Yamazaki

developing a sustainable LHeC and FCC-eh collider program

design the interaction region, power and cost, coherent collider parameters & run plan, beam optimization, ...
Oliver Brüning, Yannis Papaphilippou

- five thematic physics and technology working groups
- annual ep/eA workshops (**WS**)
- final thematic workshop with closing reports to inform the upcoming Strategy process with impactful information (**TWS**)

Subscribe to mailing lists via <https://e-groups.cern.ch/> : use the search option, and search for "lhcc-fcch-all" or "ep-eA-WG" in all e-groups

The ep/eA study at the LHC and FCC – Energy Recovery Linacs (ERL)

- The ESPP emphasizes the importance of studying the Higgs boson sector with improved precision and diversifying our search for new physics phenomena.
- Guided by these strategic objectives, we study how high-energy, high-luminosity ep/eA physics can empower pp/pA/AA physics at the LHC and FCC.
- This workshop will explore the synergistic impact and identify where further research is required to fully reveal the synergistic benefits on topics such as proton structure, EW/H/top physics, Hidden Sector searches and Detector R&D.
- Meanwhile, impactful progress is being made in developing an ERL-based electron accelerator that will enable these ep/eA collisions in an affordable and sustainable way, and on an interesting timeline.

The ep/eA study at the LHC and FCC – Energy Recovery Linacs (ERL)

- The ESPP emphasizes the importance of studying the Higgs boson sector with improved precision and diversifying our search for new physics phenomena.
- Guided by these strategic objectives, we study how high-energy, high-luminosity ep/eA physics can empower pp/pA/AA physics at the LHC and FCC.
- This workshop will explore the synergistic impact and identify where further research is required to fully reveal the synergistic benefits on topics such as proton structure, EW/H/top physics, Hidden Sector searches and Detector R&D.
- Meanwhile, impactful progress is being made in developing an ERL-based electron accelerator that will enable these ep/eA collisions in an affordable and sustainable way, and on an interesting timeline.

The potential impact of ep/eA physics is so appealing that we must foster this study

Complementarity for Higgs physics in the FCC program

(Higgs coupling strength modifier parameters κ_i – assuming no BSM particles in Higgs boson decay)
(expected relative precision)

kappa-0-HL	HL+FCC-ee ₂₄₀	HL+FCC-ee	HL+FCC-ee (4 IP)	HL+FCC-ee/hh	HL+FCC-eh/hh	HL+FCC-hh	HL+FCC-ee/eh/hh
κ_W [%]	0.86	0.38	0.23	0.27	0.17	0.39	0.14
κ_Z [%]	0.15	0.14	0.094	0.13	0.27	0.63	0.12
κ_g [%]	1.1	0.88	0.59	0.55	0.56	0.74	0.46
κ_γ [%]	1.3	1.2	1.1	0.29	0.32	0.56	0.28
$\kappa_{Z\gamma}$ [%]	10.	10.	10.	0.7	0.71	0.89	0.68
κ_c [%]	1.5	1.3	0.88	1.2	1.2	–	0.94
κ_t [%]	3.1	3.1	3.1	0.95	0.95	0.99	0.95
κ_b [%]	0.94	0.59	0.44	0.5	0.52	0.99	0.41
κ_μ [%]	4.	3.9	3.3	0.41	0.45	0.68	0.41
κ_τ [%]	0.9	0.61	0.39	0.49	0.63	0.9	0.42
Γ_H [%]	1.6	0.87	0.55	0.67	0.61	1.3	0.44

only FCC-ee@240GeV

only FCC-hh

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FCC-ee prospect

FCC-hh/eh prospect

only FCC-ee@240GeV

only FCC-hh

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only FCC-ee@240GeV

FCC-ee prospect

FCC-hh/eh prospect

only FCC-hh

ALL COMBINED

Ultimate Higgs Factory = {ee + eh + hh}