



Test Beams at CERN

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<http://test-beam-facilities.web.cern.ch/publicDB.php>
<https://ps-sps-coordination.web.cern.ch/ps-sps-coordination/>

Why do we do test beams?

- For R&D: qualifying new devices and technologies.
- For detector construction or upgrades: Validating designs prior to production. Initial calibrations. DAQ integrations, full slice tests,...
- During operations: Verifying calibrations and performances on the prototype detector. Investigate features in the data...

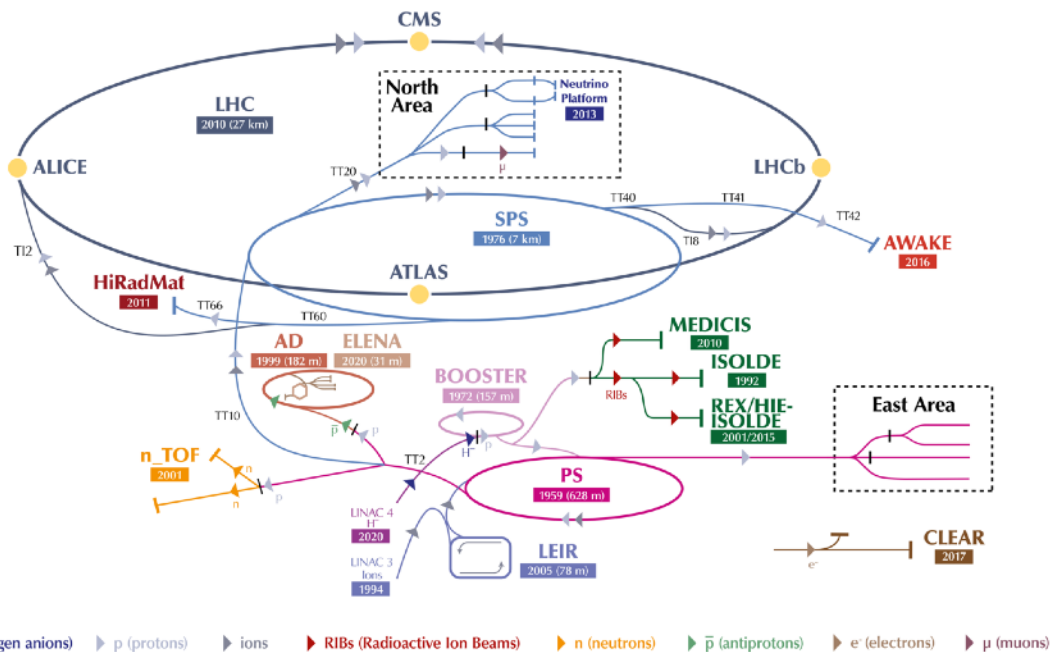
Side benefits: Building collaborations, defining milestones and deadlines in the project, publications, acquiring hands on experience....

- Outreach: f.i. Beamline for schools (CERN & Desy), FNAL summer students.

Please, do your DAQ developments commissioning in the Lab, prior to the test beam. The operation of the beam lines is expensive, even if provided for free to the user, make the best out of the delivered particles.

The CERN Accelerator Complex

The CERN accelerator complex
Complexe des accélérateurs du CERN



LHC - Large Hadron Collider // SPS - Super Proton Synchrotron // PS - Proton Synchrotron // AD - Antiproton Decelerator // CLEAR - CERN Linear Electron Accelerator for Research // AWAKE - Advanced WAKEfield Experiment // ISOLDE - Isotope Separator OnLine // REX/HIE-ISOLDE - Radioactive Experiment/High Intensity and Energy ISOLDE // MEDICIS // LEIR - Low Energy Ion Ring // LINAC - LINear ACcelerator // n_TOF - Neutrons Time Of Flight // HiRadMat - High-Radiation to Materials // Neutrino Platform

Two testbeam facilities:

East Area:

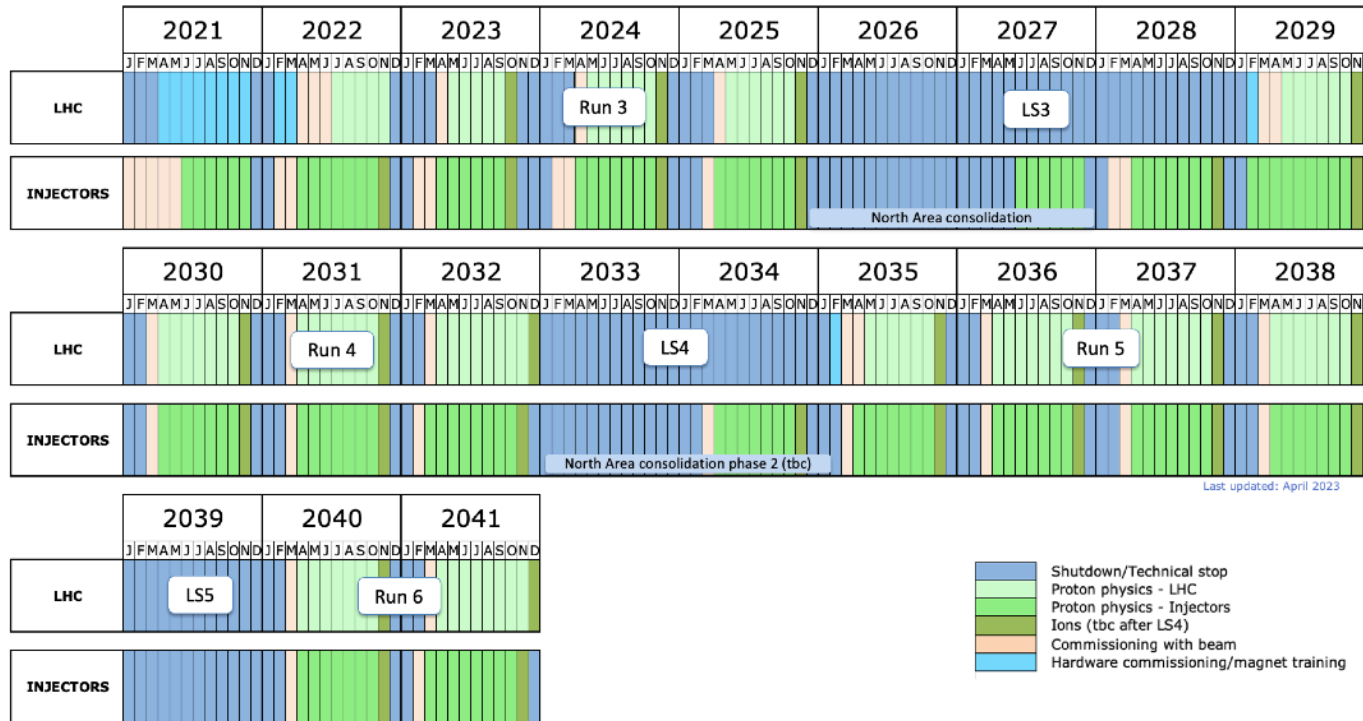
≤ 16 GeV/c secondary beams.

North Area:

≤ 400 GeV/(Zc) primary beams

≤ 360 GeV(Zc) secondary beam

Long term injector schedule



- No beams to PS East Area in 2026 and 2033
- No beams to SPS North Area in 2026-mid 2028 and 2033-2034

PS East Area Renovation

Renovation project 2016-2021 (27MCHF)

- Scope: civil engineering (facades and roof), magnets, power converters, cooling and ventilation, new beam lines and experimental area layout, beam instrumentation, user zones, gas distribution, safety, ...
- Energy saving: pulsed magnets (11GWh -> 0.6GWh), building isolation (energy saving subsidies for local&federal authorities)



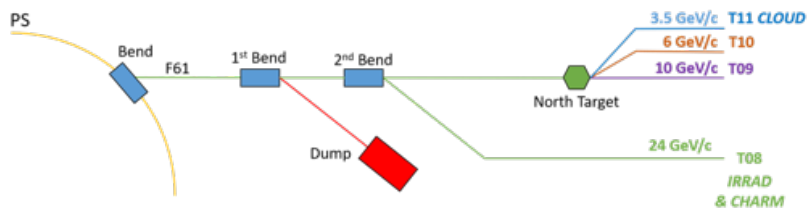
East Hall under construction - 1962



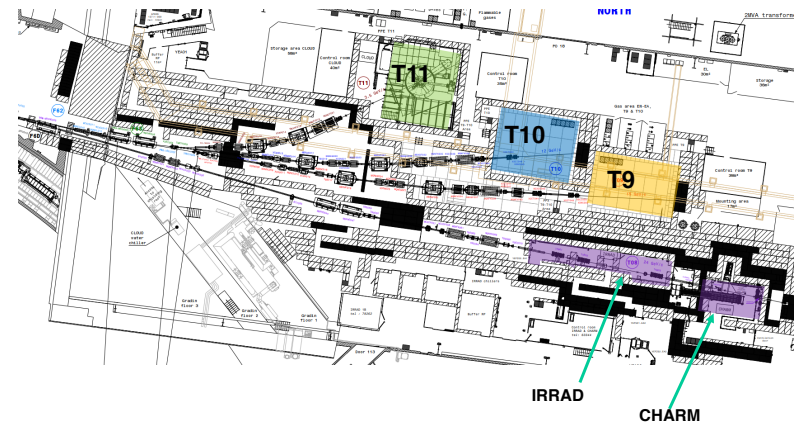
East Hall now

beam line	Max momentum old facility	Max momentum now
T9	10 GeV/c	15 GeV/c
T10	6 GeV/c	12 GeV/c

2014-2018:

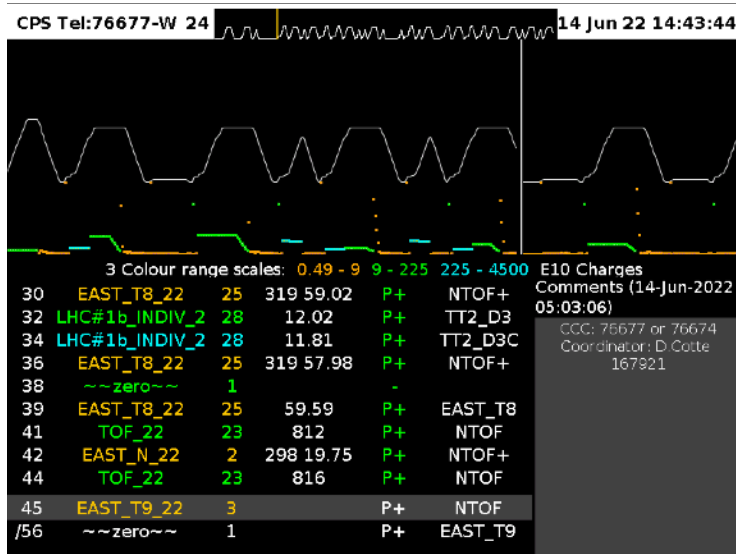
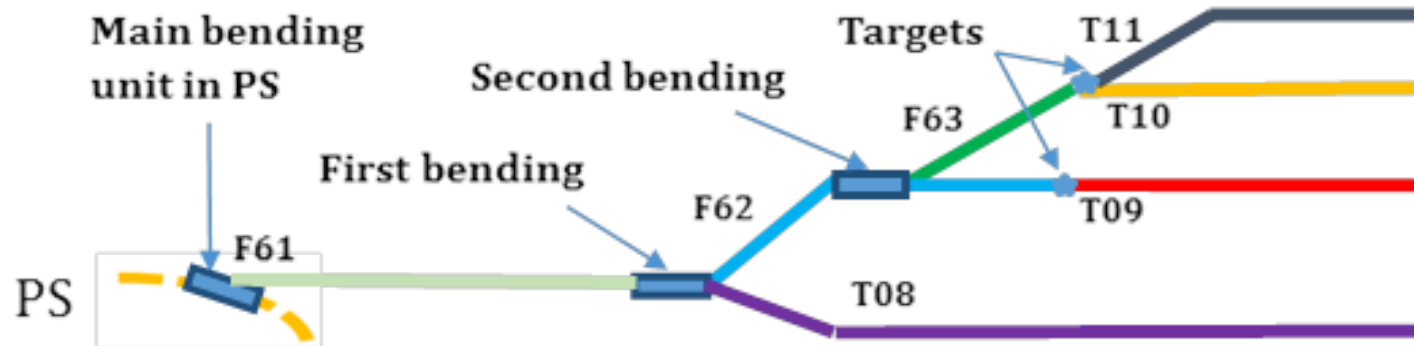


The East Area is ready for the next 50 years!



2 years in 2 mn time lapse video

East Area Secondary Beamlines



- Spill duration: 0.4 second flat top
- Usually : 1-2 cycles per minute per East Destination
- Max 6 East cycles / 40 seconds due to RP Limit
- Super-cycle structure dependent on all users (SPS, nTOF ...)

Characteristics of the Secondary Beams

Parameter	T09 Target		T10/T11 Target	
Beam Line	T09		T10	T11
Secondary beam Max Momentum (GeV/c)	16		12	3.5
$\Delta p/p$ (%)	0.7 to 15.0		0.7 to 15.0	0.7 to 15.0
Maximum intensity/spill (hadrons/electrons)	10^6		10^6	10^6
Available particle types	Pure electrons (T09) or mixed/pure hadrons or pure muons			

T11 is the Area for the CLOUD experiment.

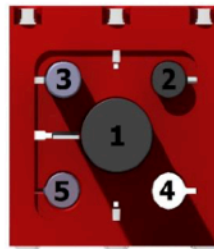
T09 is used, in 2024, for about 13 weeks for the Water Cherenkov Test Experiment.

Multi-target configuration

30-35 mrad vertical production angle



Head	Material	Length (mm)	Diameter (mm)	Comments
1	Be	200	10 + Al case	Electron enriched
	W	3		
2	Al	100	10	Electron enriched
	W	3		
3	Al	200	10	Hadron
4	Air	-	-	Empty
5	Al	20	10	Hadron



SPS North Area Consolidation

2 phase project (2019-2026, 2027-2030)

Phase1 “Urgent Items”:

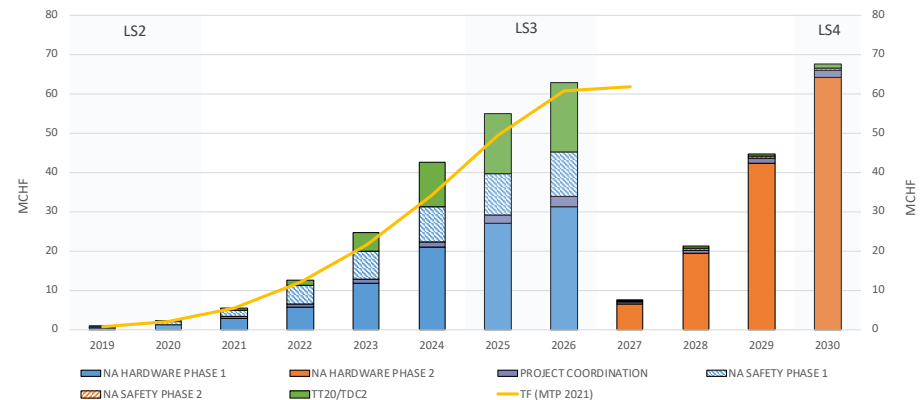
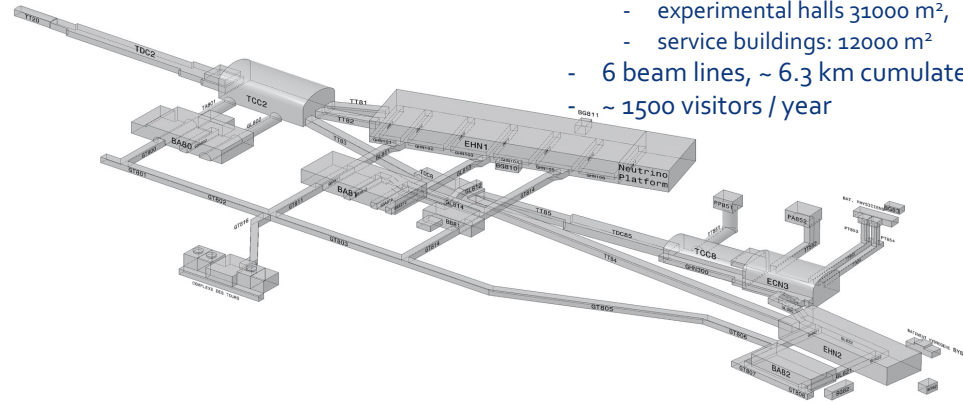
- power converters of NA61 and Morpurgo magnets,
- 50% of the upstream area power converters, magnets
- civil engineering of upstream area
- 60% of beam instrumentation,
- technical services,
- safety infrastructure.

Phase2 “Performance Increase” linked to **Physics Beyond Colliders**:

- 50% of power converters serving experimental halls,
- upgrades for higher intensity,
- civil engineering experimental halls and service buildings.
- remaining safety items.

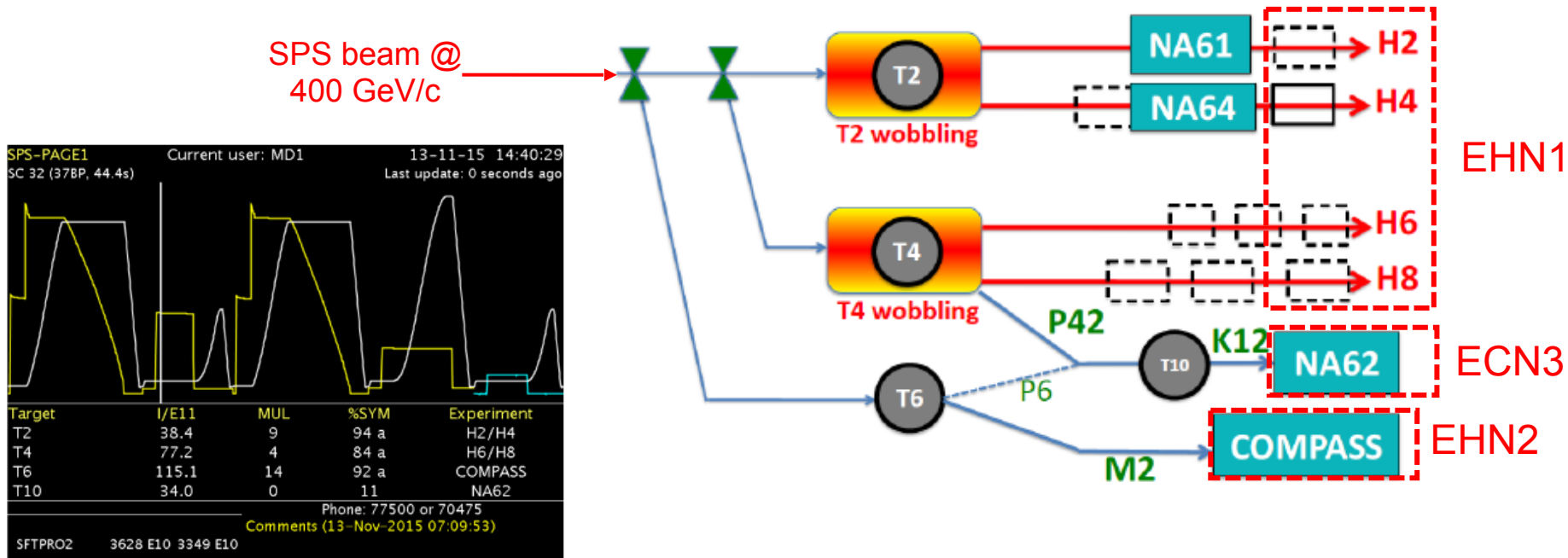
A few numbers:

- Overall surface **6000 m²**:
 - underground 16600m²,
 - experimental halls 31000 m²,
 - service buildings: 12000 m²
- 6 beam lines, ~ 6.3 km cumulated
- ~ 1500 visitors / year



Phase-I budget recently updated to 87MCHF

North Area Secondary Beamlines



The 400GeV/c primary beam is slow-extracted to 3 primary targets: T2, T4 and T6.

Typically: 2 cycles (4.8s flat top) per SPS supercycle (rule of thumb ~3000 spills/day)

The supercycle composition depends on the needs of the physics program, along the day and the other SPS users (LHC, AWAKE, HiRadMat, and Machine development program)

The EHN1(887) testbeam hall



Characteristics of the Beams

Parameter	T2 Target			T4 Target
	H2	H4	H6	H8
Beam Line				
Attenuated primary proton / Secondary beam	400/360	400/360	-/205	400/360
Maximum $\Delta p/p$ (%)	2.0	1.4	1.5	1.5
Maximum intensity/spill (hadrons/ electrons)	$10^7/10^6$	$10^7/10^7$	$10^7/10^5$	$10^7/10^5$
Available particle types	Primary protons (not in H6) or pure electrons or pure/mixed hadrons or pure muons			
Ion Beam Availability	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

Beam energies in H2 and H4 are coupled, as are the energies in H6 and H8.

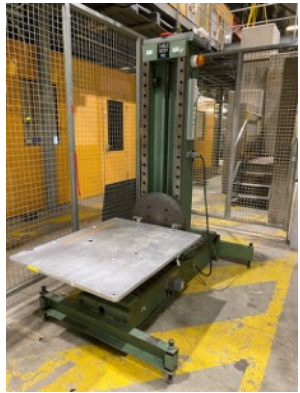
Electrons from γ conversions in H2 and H4 (highest purity)

γ can be made available as tertiary beam (needs ad-hoc installation)

Beam lines are instrumented with profile monitors, intensity counters, Cherenkov detectors (XCET, and CEDAR) and Secondary Emission Monitors at the target.

Multiple Experimental Areas per beam line.

XY positioning tables



Desy 1.0T, 6 tables



LAPP ?T



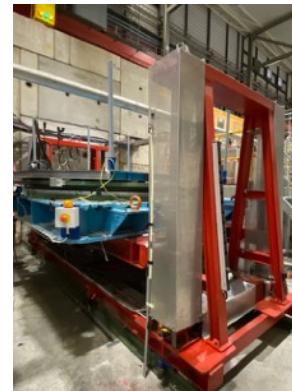
Goliath 5T H4



Trackgraft 2T H8



Nikhef 10T H2



Saphir 15T H8

<https://asm.cern.ch/experimental-area/tables-description>

There are more tables but owned by collaboration (ATLAS, CMS)

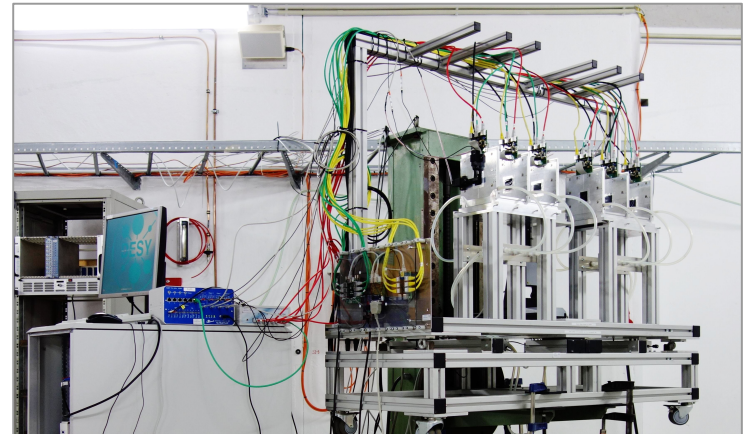
Final remarks and conclusions

- CERN is committed for the long term availability of the test beam facilities (EA-cons, NA-cons)
- In the immediate future, availability of the CERN testbeams will be reduced due to LS3 and NA-cons.
- Subscribe to ps-sps-users e-group to stay informed on the CERN testbeds (call for beam time requests etc).
- Scheduling: 2 weeks in East Area, 1 week at North Area by SPS coordinator, longer requests require approval by CERN scientific committee. Can DRDC help here?

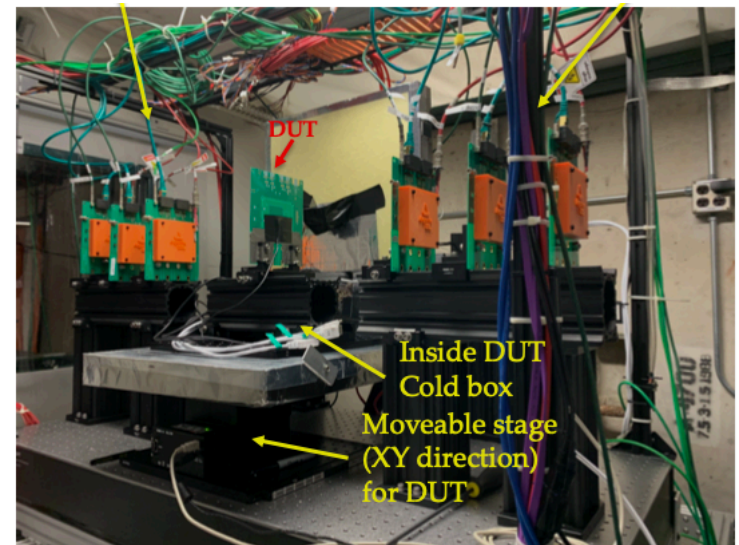
Additional information

Beam telescopes

- Most beam lines provide instrumentation, for the beam line physicist, but also for the users: Trigger counters, profile monitors, TOF, Cerenkovs,...
- The Si sensors need high resolution tracking for the validation of the devices under test.
- Users+Facilities developed a number of telescopes, some are made available to other users.
- There is an effort towards the development of common tools (AIDA-TLU, Caribou DAQ, EUDAQ2, Coryvreckan & EU Telescope) in parts through EU FP (EUDET, AIDA, AIDA2020, AIDAInnova) and a big push from our DESY colleagues.



Telescope of the EUDET family (Mimosa 26) at DESY



Argonne Apollo FEI4 based telescope, at FNAL TB-6.2

Experimental spectrometer magnets at Test Beams:

In some applications large experimental magnets are a must.

CERN, DESY, RCNP and Spring-8 facilities provide access to experimental magnets.

Some become facilities on their own, c.f. MADMAX experiment prototype test in the Morpurgo magnet during SPS shutdowns, test of CMS equipment in M1 prior to installation in the experimental cavern.

A new 4T magnet is being prepared in the FCC context, possibly available to other user teams (contact B. Cure, CERN for inputs to the user specification) [Slides]



Big Red Magnet at DESY TB21



DESY: superconducting Solenoid (1T)



Morpurgo SC dipole at CERN H8 (1.5T)



M1 SC Helmholtz coils at CERN H2 (3T)

Beam Telescopes and Test Beams

The Beam Telescopes and Test Beams workshop series started at DESY around the EUDET telescopes in 2013.



It is now a fully mature work-shop, with still a very young mind, covering TB related topics: Facilities, DAQ, Beam instrumentation, Results. Hands on sessions & Tutorials

[link to 10th BTTB indico](https://indico.cern.ch/e/bttb9)



Laboratory	Number of beam lines	Particles	Energy range	Diagnostics etc.	Availability	Information, Contacts & comments
CERN / PS (CH)	2	e, h, μ (sec.)	0.5 - 10 GeV/c	Threshold Cherenkov, scintillators, MWPCs, delay wire chambers, scintillators, magnet, movable platform	9 months per year, continuous except winter shutdown Duty cycle depends on PS / SPS / LHC operation mode and is typical * PS ~1-3% * SPS: 20-40%	Contact beam time request and scheduling: Barbara Holzer < sps.coordinator@cern.ch > https://cern.ch/ps-sps-coordination
CERN / SPS (CH)	4	p (prim.) e, h, μ (sec.) e, h (tert.) Pb ions (prim) other ion species (out of fragmented primary Pb ions)	400 GeV/c 10 - <400 GeV/c 10 - 200 GeV/c 20 - 400 GeV/c proton equivalent (z=1)	Delay wire chambers, filament scanners, XEMC calorimeters, Threshold & CEDAR, hodoscopes, magnet, movable platform		Contact beam lines: J. Bernhard et. al. < sba-physicists@cern.ch > http://sba.web.cern.ch/sba/
CERN / CLEAR (CH)	1	e-	50-250 MeV/c 25-750 MeV/c	plasma lens stand, 12GHz RF stand, THz RF stand	8-9 months per year	Contact: < CLEAR-Info@cern.ch > https://clearweb.cern.ch
DAFNE BTF Frascati, (IT)	2	e+/e- both primaries and secondaries	Rep Rate 1-50Hz, 1-300 ns 1 to 10 ¹⁰ p/pulse parameters depending on DAFNE inj	Calorimeter, silicon pixel, movable platform, gas system, HV, trigger, networking, live data	depending on DAFNE schedule, from 25 to 35 weeks/year Hall2 under final commissioning	Contact: < btff@lists.lnf.infn.it > Luca Foggetta < luca.foggetta@lnf.infn.it > http://www.lnf.infn.it/acceleratori/btf
DESY (D)	3	e+, e- (sec.) e- (prim.) photons (tagged)	1 - 6 GeV/c 6.3 GeV/c 0.7-1.2 GeV/c	Trigger systems and beam telescopes, magnet (~1T)	11 months per year, Duty cycle ~ 80%	Contact: < Testbeam-Coor@desy.de > http://testbeam.desy.de
ELPH (Sendai) (JP)	2	e+, e- (conv.)	0.1-1.0 GeV/c beam rate < 500kHz (typical rate: 2kHz)		2 months/year	Contact: Toshimi Suda < suda@lns.tohoku.ac.jp > https://www.lns.tohoku.ac.jp/en/users/
FERMILAB/ FTBF (US)	2	p (prim.) e, h, μ (sec.) h (tert.)	120 GeV/c 1-66 GeV/c 200-500 MeV/c	Cherenkov, TOF, pb-glass calorimeters, MWPC, Si Tracker, see website for more	24 hrs/day 6% duty cycle	Contact: < FTBF_Co@fnal.gov > http://ftbf.fnal.gov more contacts: Mandy Kiburg < rominsky@fnal.gov > Evan D. Niner < edniner@fnal.gov >

*Beam lines with beams of energies higher than 100 MeV/c

Test beams* in the world, status November 2021

Laboratory	Number of beam lines	Particles	Energy range	Diagnostics etc.	Availability	Information, Contacts & comments
IHEP Beijing (CN)	2	e (prim.) e (sec.) p, π (sec.)	1.1 - 2.5 GeV/c 100 - 300 MeV/c 0.4 - 1.2 GeV/c	MWPC, TOF Cherenkov, CAMAC system, platform	Availability: 3 months per year, duty cycle depends on BEPCII operation mode	Contact: Xiaoyu Yang < yangxy@ihep.ac.cn >
IHEP Protvino (RU)	5	p (prim), p, K, π , μ , e (sec.) C-12 (prim)	70 GeV/c 1-45 GeV/c 6-300 GeV/c	Cherenkov, TOF, MWPC	two months per year duty cycle (U-70 machine): 15-30%	Contact: Alexandre Zaitsev < alexandre.zaitsev@cern.ch >
PSI / piE1, piM1, etc. (CH)	2-4	$\pi^{+,-}$, $\mu^{+,-}$, e $^{+,-}$, p	50-450 MeV/c, rate 10^9 sec^{-1} 20nsec structure continuous beam at very high rate		6-8 months per year	Beam time allocated by programme committee (twice per year) Contact: Davide Reggiani < davide.reggiani@psi.ch >
PSI / PIF (CH)	1	p	5 - 230 MeV/c max. current 2 - 5 nA, rate 10^9 sec^{-1}, typ. flux $10^8 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$ for wide beam, energy, beam spot and flux selectable by user		11 months per year, mostly during weekends	Contact: Wojtek Hajdas < wojtek.hajdas@psi.ch >
SLAC End Station A (US)	0	e (prim.) e (sec.)	2.5 - 15 GeV/c 1 - 14 GeV/c		Currently no beam, 9 months per year, 50% duty cycle	No beam for the coming years Contact: Carsten Hast < hast@slac.stanford.edu > https://slacportal.slac.stanford.edu/sites/ard_public/tfd
RCNP Osaka Univ. (JP)	7	p Heavy ions n μ^+	$\sim 400 \text{ MeV}$ $\sim 100 \text{ A MeV}$ White n, max 400 MeV quasi mono-energetic: $\sim 400 \text{ MeV}$ 24-110 MeV/c	Magnet Si / PPAC / TOF TOF profile monitor / TOF / μSR	7-8 month per year No beam in 2019-2020	Contact: director@rcnp.osaka-u.ac.jp http://www.rcnp.osaka-u.ac.jp/index_en.html
SPRING-8, Compton Facility (JP)	2	photons (tagged) e $^+$, e $^-$ (conv.)	1.3 - 2.9 GeV/c 0.4 - 2.9 GeV/c	Magnet, MWDC, TOF, Calorimeter	>60 days per year	Contact: Masaru Yosoi < yosoi@rcnp.osaka-u.ac.jp > http://www.spring8.or.jp/en/ http://www.rcnp.osaka-u.ac.jp/Divisions/np1-b/
University of Bonn ELSA (D)	1	e $^-$	Energy range: 1.2 - 3.2 GeV/c rate: $\sim 500 \text{ Hz} - 625 \text{ MHz}$	Trigger, beam telescope	upon request, ~ 30 days/year	Contact: Daniel Elsner < elsner@physik.uni-bonn.de > http://www-elsa.physik.uni-bonn.de/elsa-facility_en.html
University of Mainz MAMI (D)	3	e- gamma	Energy range for e- and gamma beam: 1.6 GeV/c e- intensity $100 \mu\text{A}$	Energy tagged photon beam	upon request, ~ 30 days/year	Contact: Susanne Fischer < fischer@kph.uni-mainz.de > http://www.kph.uni-mainz.de/eng/index.php

