

Exotic Searches at ATLAS

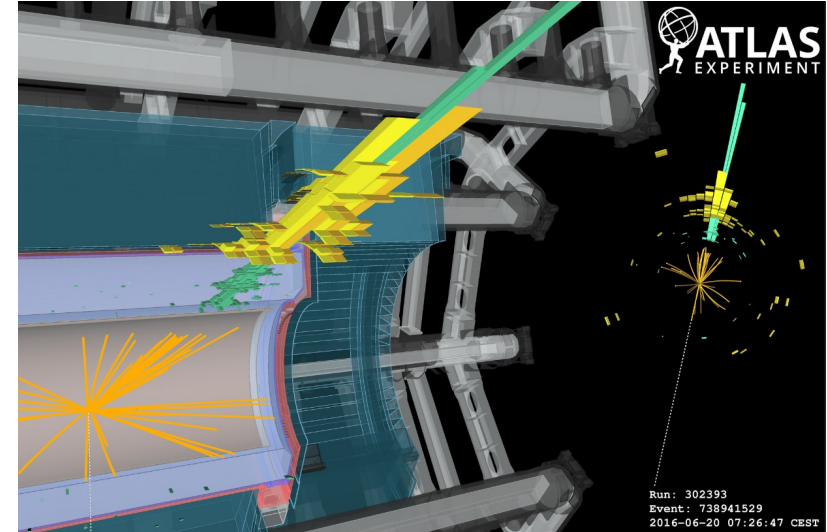
R. Tafirout, TRIUMF

On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

International Conference on Neutrinos and Dark Matter

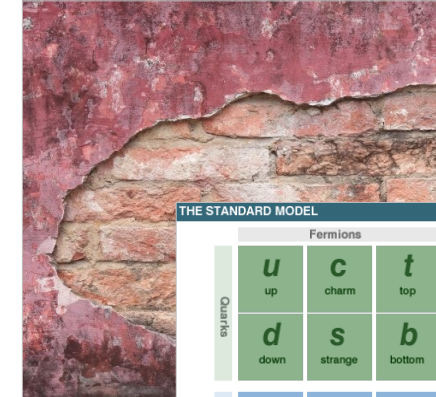
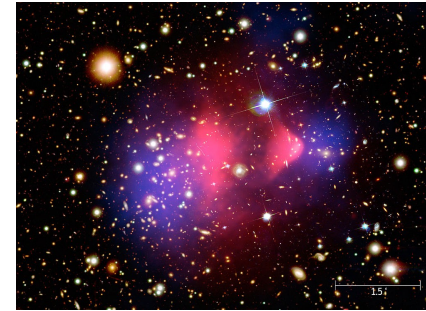
(NuDM 2024)

Cairo, Egypt



Standard Model & Beyond (?)

- The Standard Model (SM), a very successful theory
 - describing particles, forces & interactions
 - Higgs mechanism for mass generation
- Several pressing questions remain
 - nature of dark matter in the universe
 - hierarchy problem
 - neutrino masses
 - matter-antimatter asymmetry, etc.
- Many theories beyond the SM attempting to address these questions
 - predict existence of new particles and interactions
- ATLAS experiment at the LHC energy frontier
 - multipurpose detector & essential tool
 - precise SM measurements
 - extensive search program to hunt for BSM physics

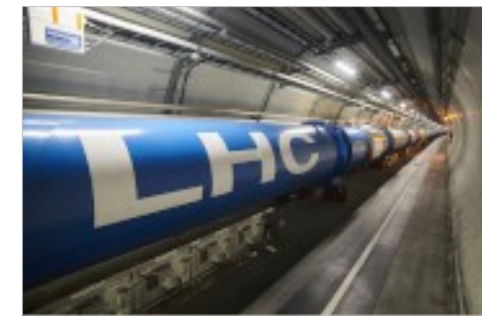
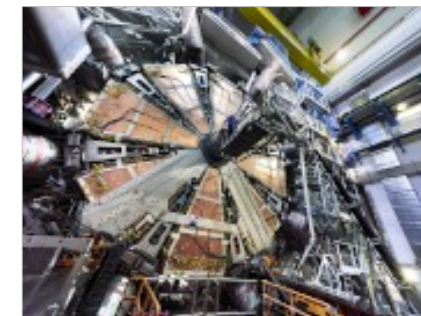


THE STANDARD MODEL

	Fermions			Bosons	
Quarks	u up	c charm	t top	γ photon	Force carriers
	d down	s strange	b bottom	Z Z boson	
Leptons	ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino	W W boson	
	e electron	μ muon	τ tau	g gluon	
			Higgs boson*		

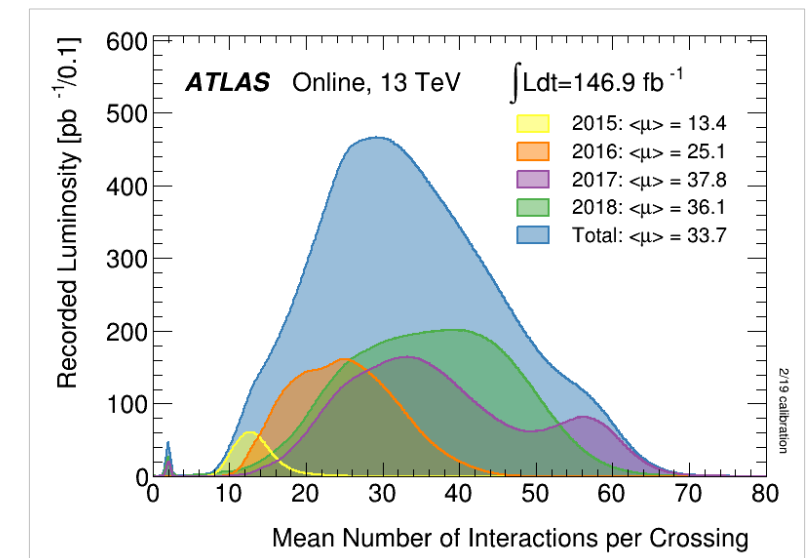
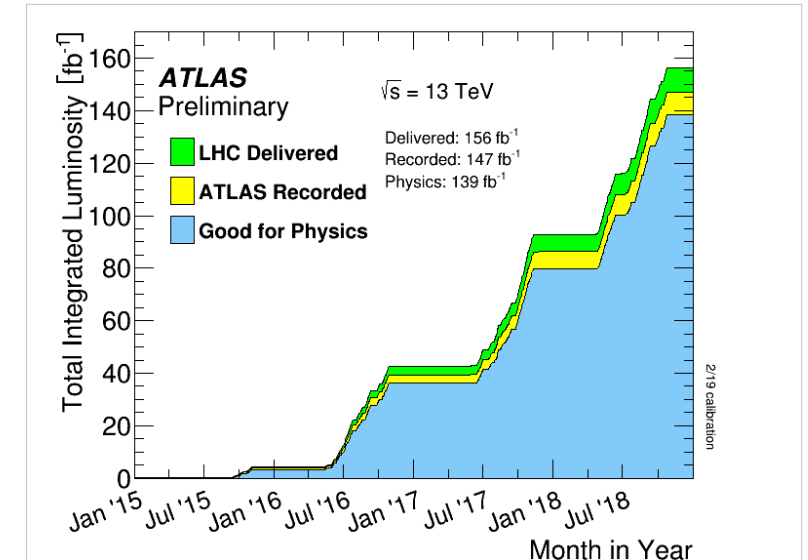
Source: AAAS

Anything else ?



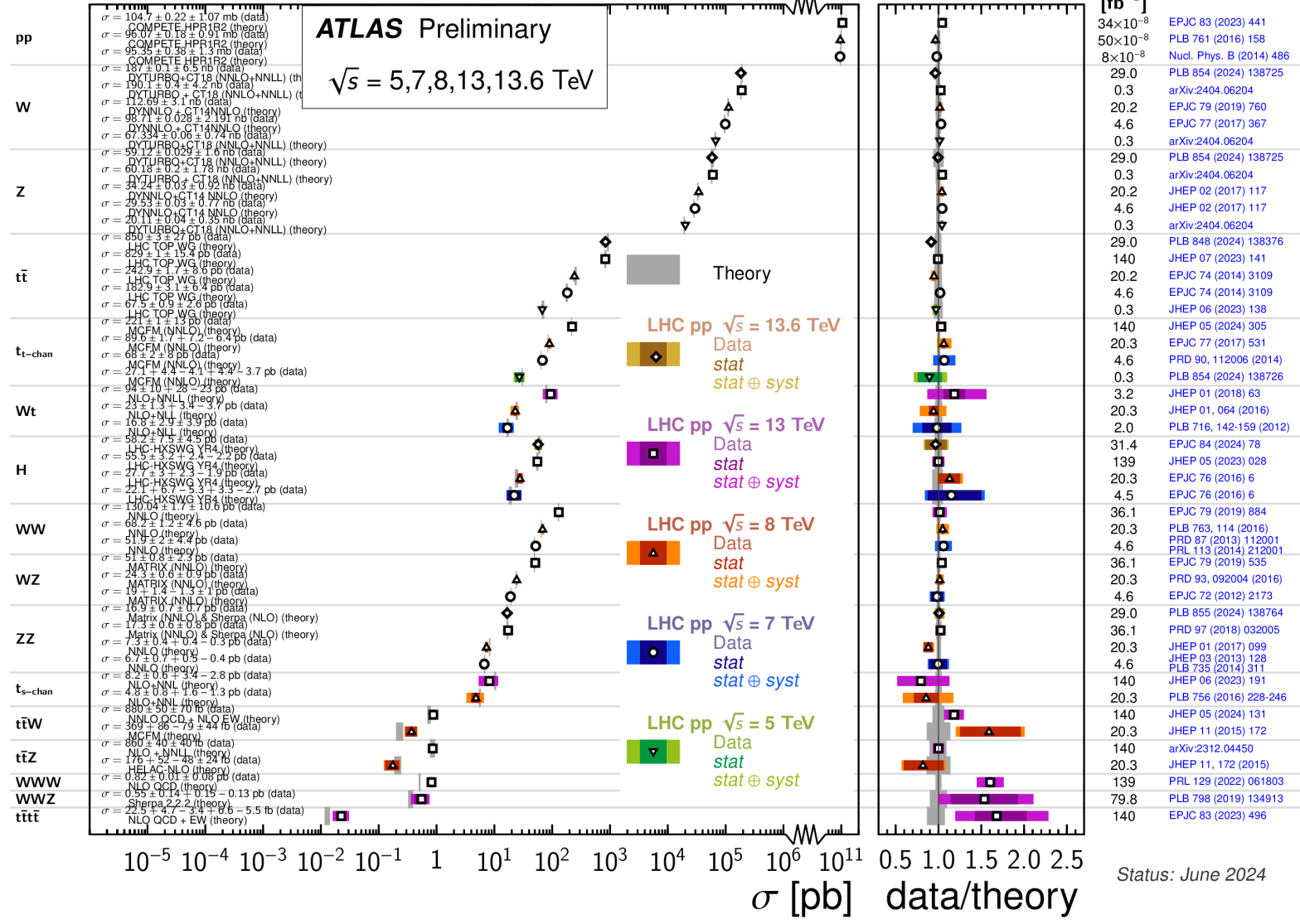
ATLAS Results Presented

- Highlights of recent measurements and searches
 - using $\sim 140 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of p-p collisions at 13 TeV
 - full Run 2 dataset (2015-2018)
- Brief overview of SM measurements & Higgs couplings
- High-level view of BSM searches & limits
 - heavy particles and new resonances
 - long-lived particles
- Highlights from selected searches to match conference themes
 - heavy neutrinos
 - dark matter
 - dark sector mediators
- All ATLAS public results are nicely organized at:
 - <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/>

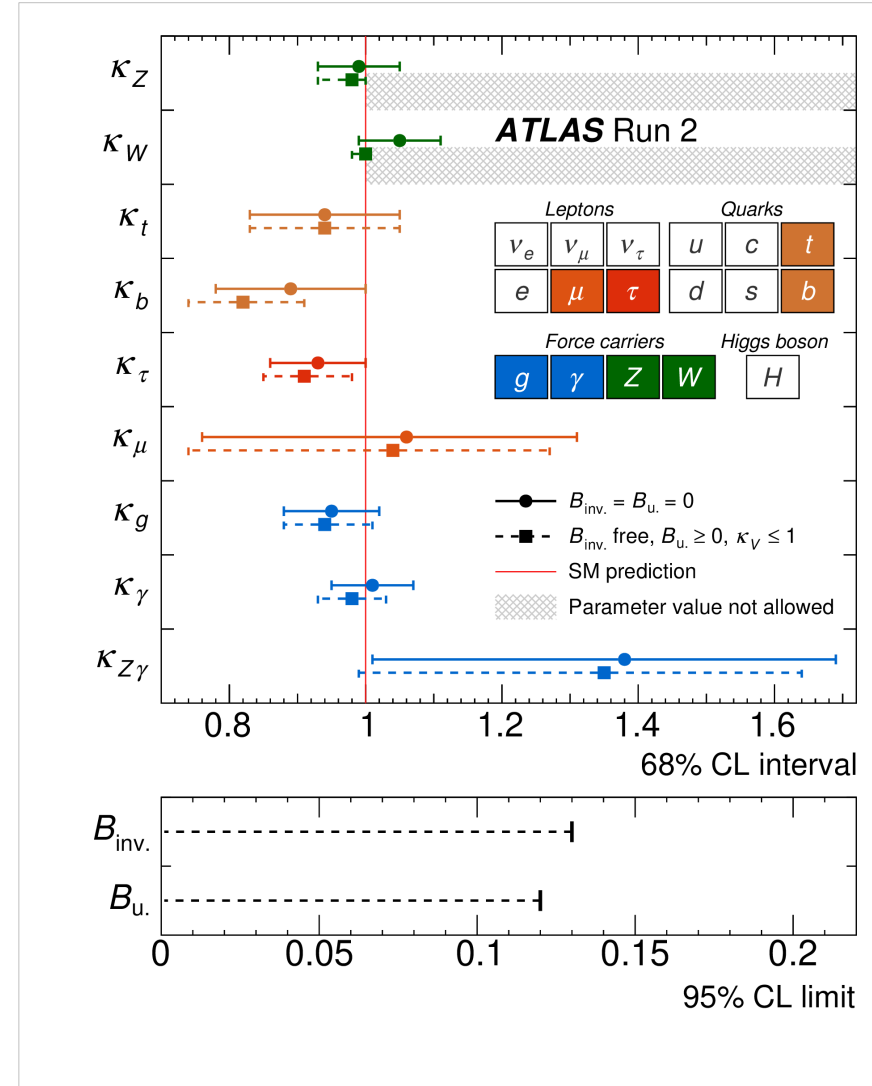


SM & Higgs Measurements

Standard Model Total Production Cross Section Measurements



Higgs coupling-strength modifiers



Heavy Particles & Resonances Searches

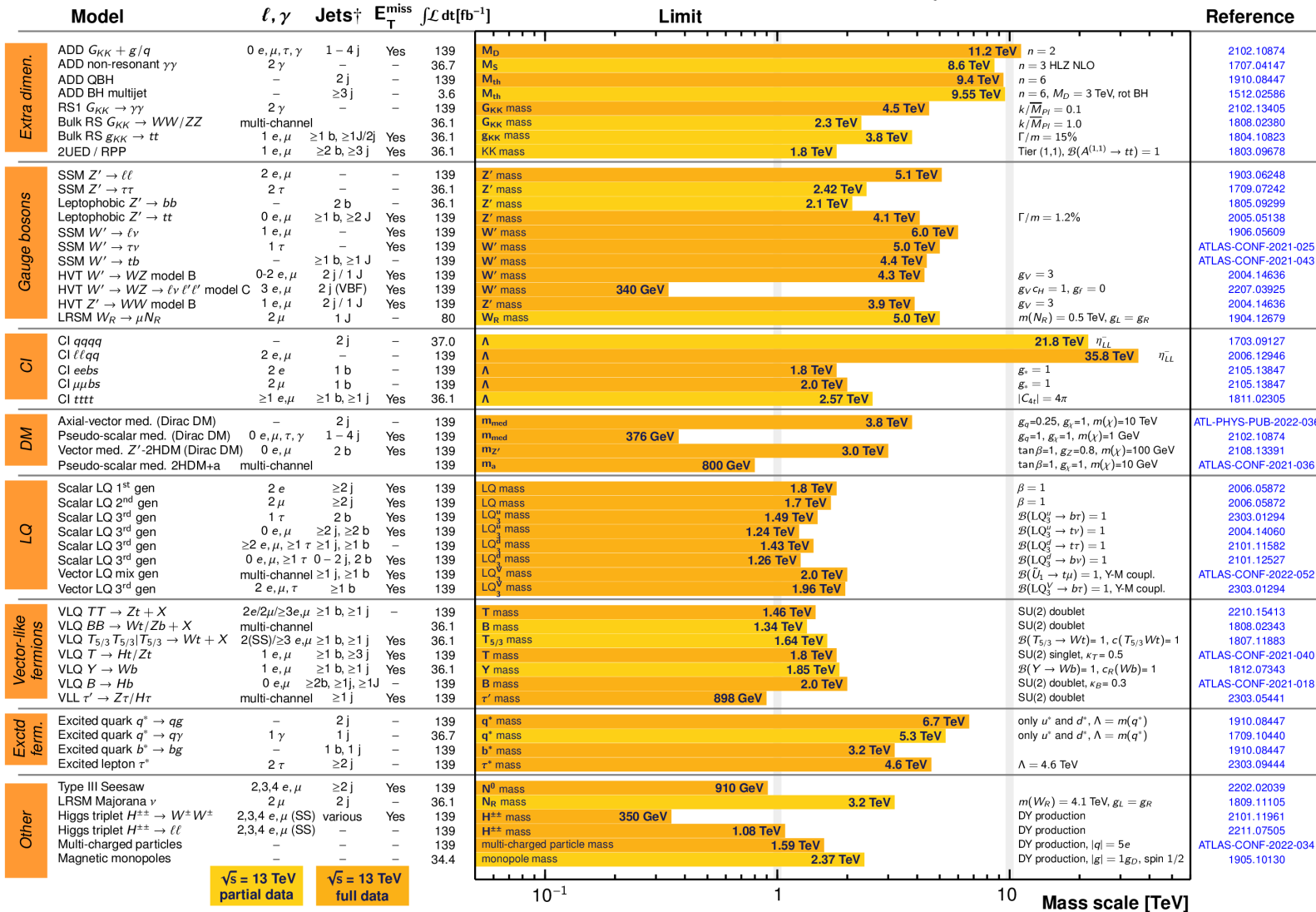
ATLAS Heavy Particle Searches* - 95% CL Upper Exclusion Limits

Status: March 2023

ATLAS Preliminary

$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (3.6 - 139) \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$$



*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown.

†Small-radius (large-radius) jets are denoted by the letter j (J).

Wide range of models and signatures covered

- new gauge bosons
- extra dimensions
- contact interactions
- leptoquarks
- dark matter
- excited fermions
- vector-like fermions
- Other (Higgs triplet, etc.)

Long-lived Particles Searches

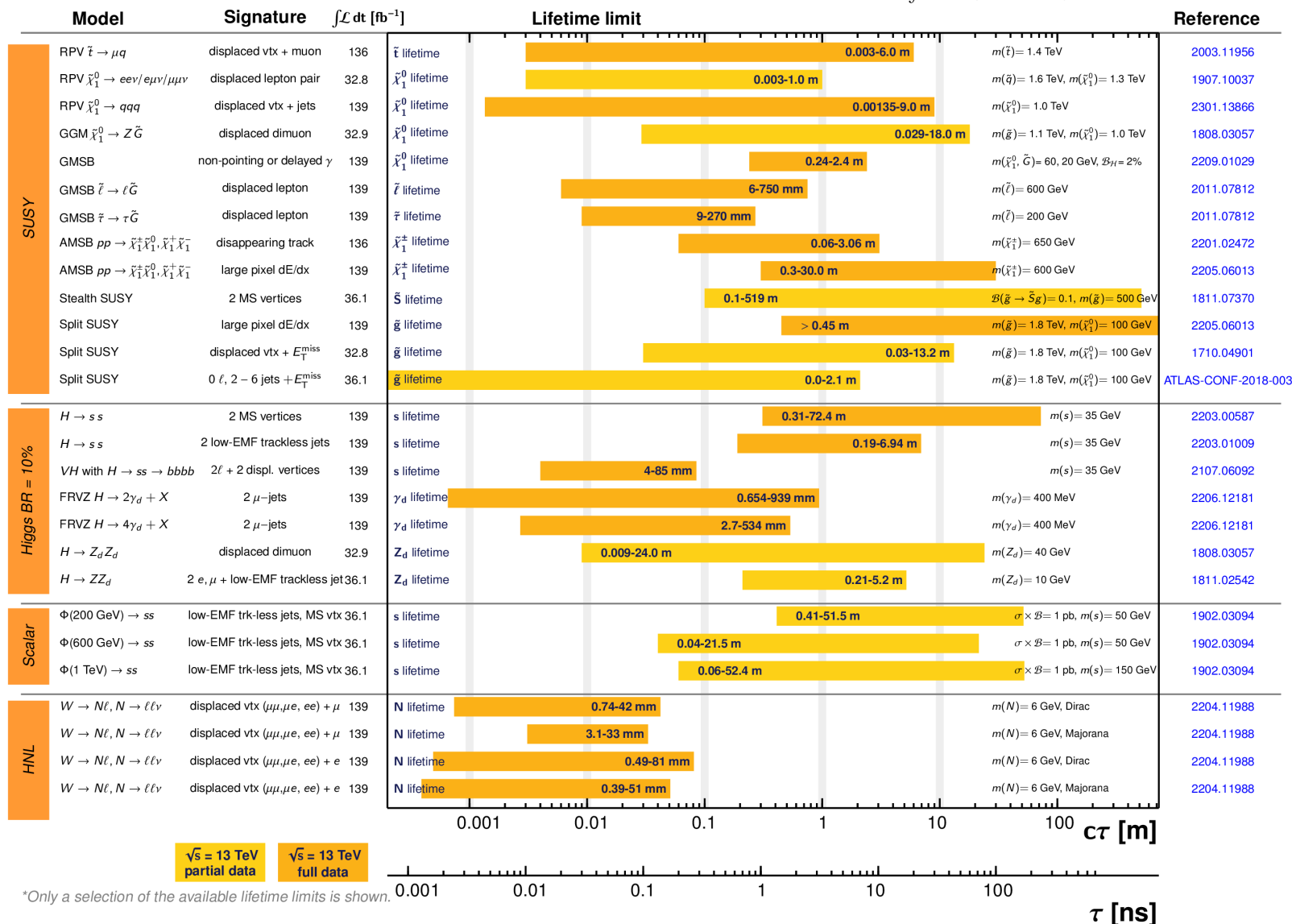
ATLAS Long-lived Particle Searches* - 95% CL Exclusion

Status: March 2023

ATLAS Preliminary

$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (32.8 - 139) \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$$



- Weak coupling to the SM leads to LLPs
- Unconventional detector signatures
- A number of experimental challenges

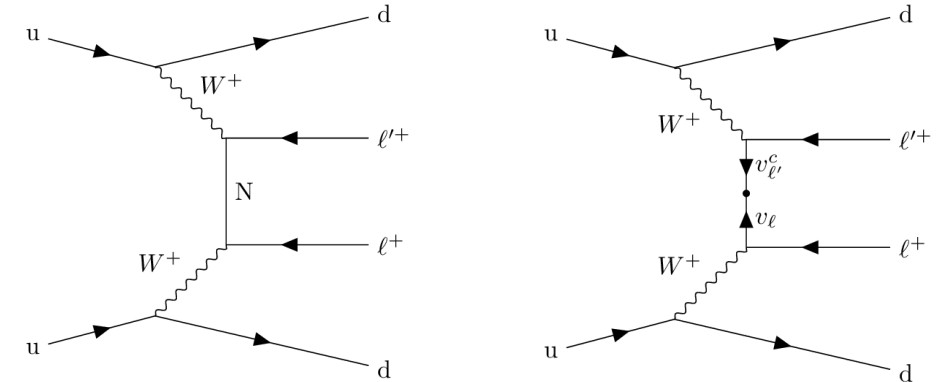
- trigger requirements
- decays far from primary vertex
- unusual shower shapes in calorimeter
- timing information

(two analyses shown at the end in "extra material" slides)

Heavy Majorana Search (I)

Phys. Lett. B 856 (2024) 138865

- In same-sign WW scattering
 - signature: same-sign ee or $e\mu$ pair
 - two jets with large invariant mass and large rapidity separation
 - complements previous search in $\mu\mu$ channel
EPJC 83 (2023) 824
- Phenomenological Type-I Seesaw model
 - heavy Majorana neutrino couples to SM through mass mixing matrix $V_{\ell N}$
 - No tau flavour mixing considered for simplicity
- EFT where m_N generated with dim-5 Weinberg operator and effective Majorana masses $|m_{ee}|$ and $|m_{e\mu}|$
- Dominant SM backgrounds:
 - electroweak same-sign WW, and WZ

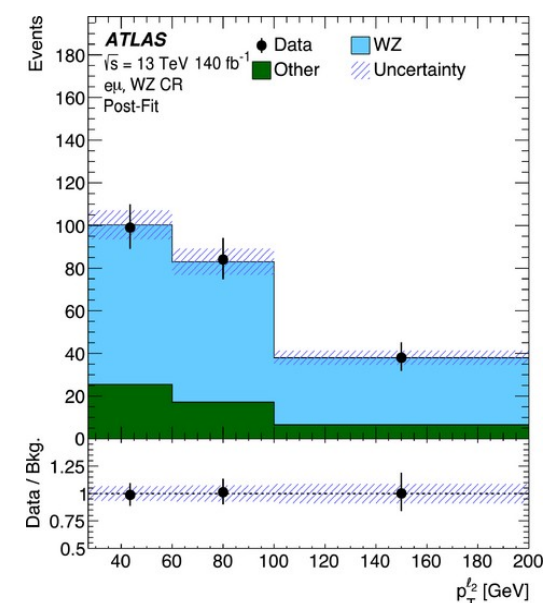
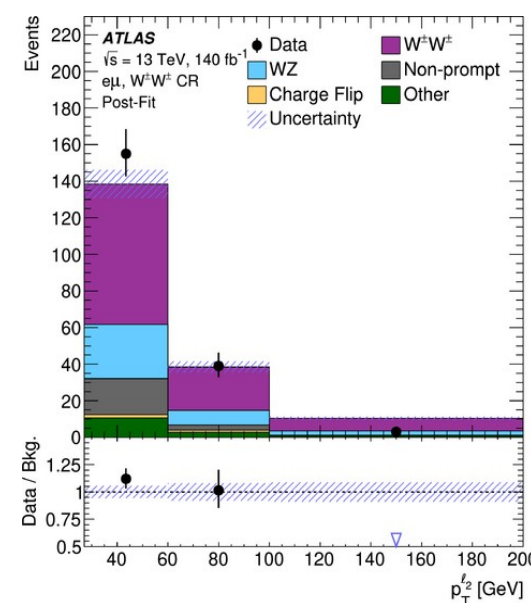
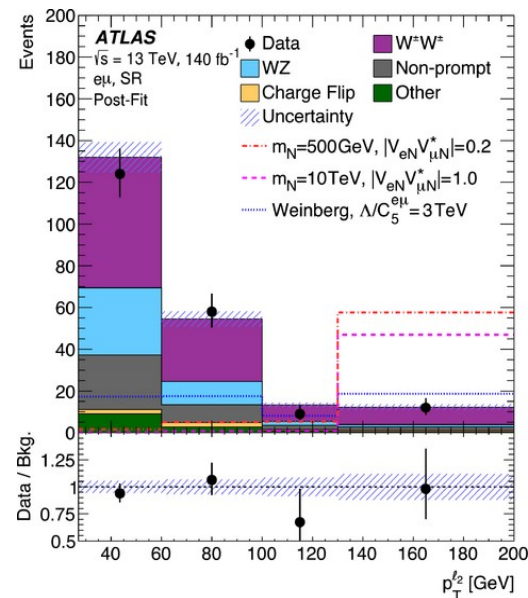
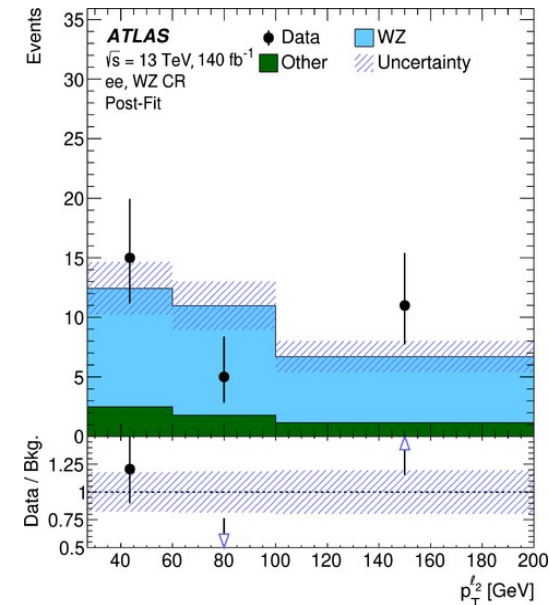
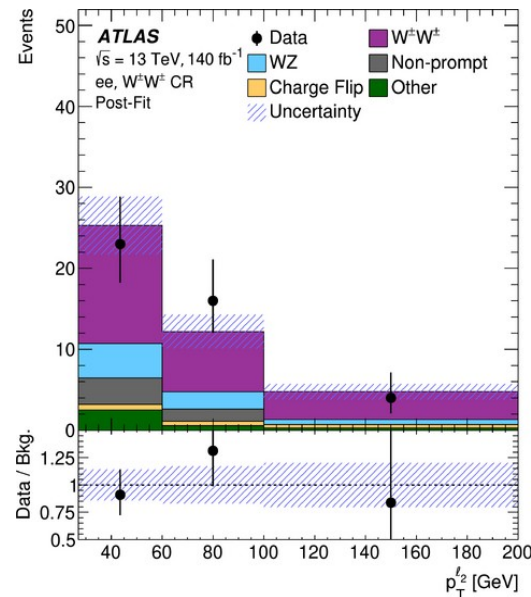
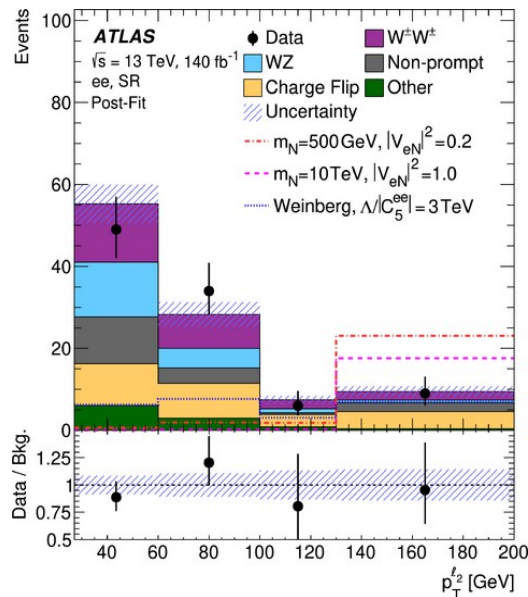


Channel	Variable	SR	$W^\pm W^\pm$ CR	WZ CR
$ee/e\mu$	N_ℓ		=2	=3
	$ \Delta y_{jj} $		> 2	
	m_{jj}		> 500 GeV	
	$m_{\ell\ell\ell}$	-	-	> 106 GeV
ee	$ m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z $		> 15 GeV	-
	$ \eta_\ell $		< 2	
	$m_{\ell\ell}$		> 20 GeV	
	$p_T^{\ell_1}$	-	< 250	-
	$p_T^{J_1}$	> 30 GeV	> 45 GeV	> 30 GeV
	$p_T^{J_2}$	> 25 GeV	> 30 GeV	> 25 GeV
$e\mu$	S	< 4.5	> 4.5	-
	$p_T^{J_1}$	> 30 GeV	> 45 GeV	> 45 GeV
	$p_T^{J_2}$	> 25 GeV	> 30 GeV	> 30 GeV
	$ \Delta\phi_{e\mu} $	> 2.0	< 2.0	-

Heavy Majorana Search (II)

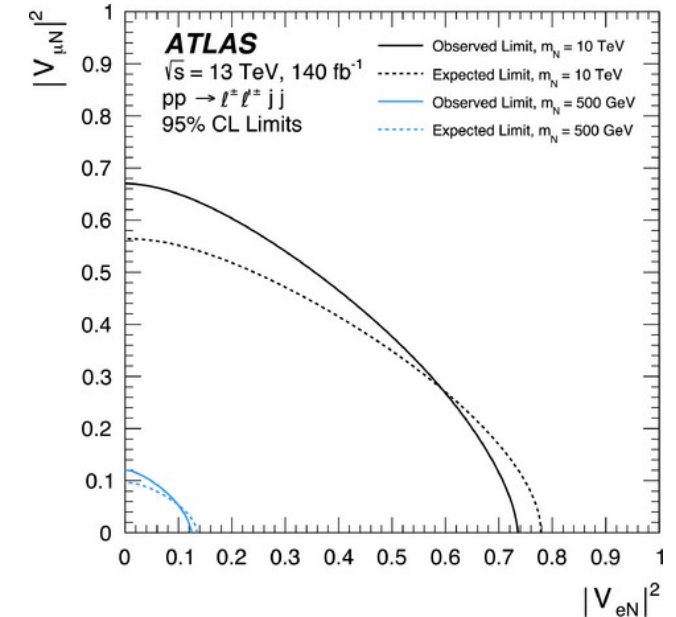
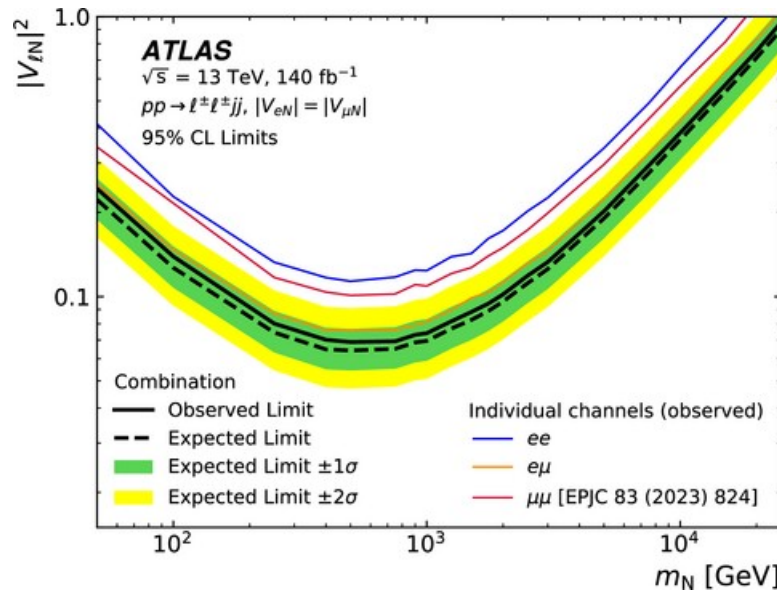
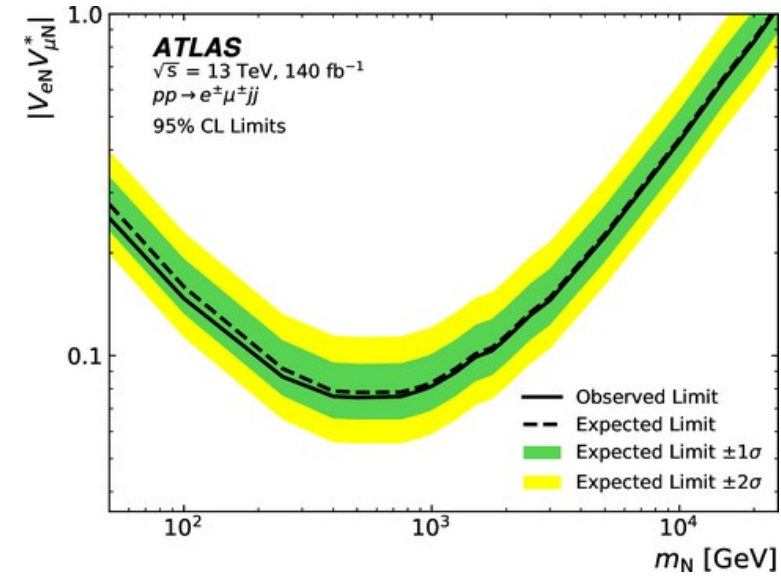
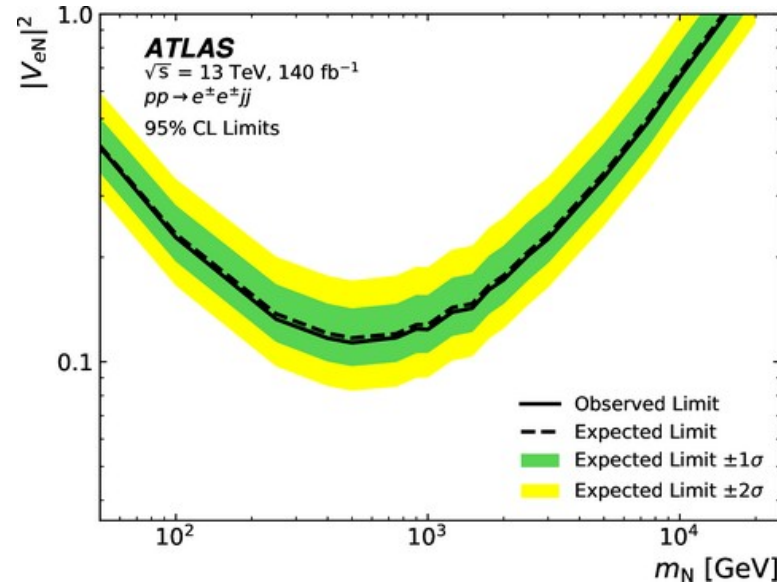
- Signal region optimized for Type-I Seesaw model with $m_N > 1$ TeV.
- Simultaneous fit in signal and control regions (background-only hypothesis)
- Good agreement between SM background prediction and data yields in the signal region:

Channel	ee	$e\mu$
Same-sign WW	26.8 ± 7.3	109 ± 13
WZ	20.0 ± 5.6	46 ± 11
Non-prompt	17.7 ± 2.8	38.4 ± 5.0
Charge flip	25.8 ± 7.4	5.48 ± 0.82
Other	10.3 ± 5.3	13.1 ± 6.4
Total SM	101 ± 8	212 ± 11
Data	98	203



Heavy Majorana Search (III)

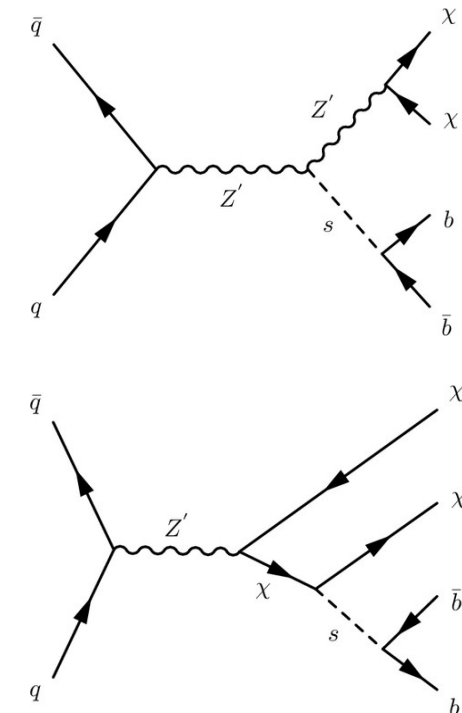
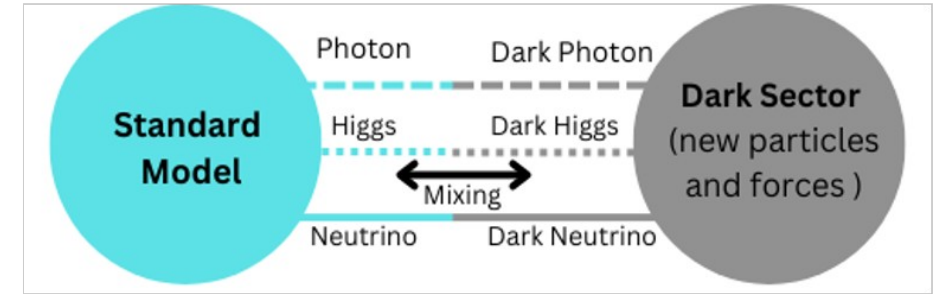
- Upper limit bounds obtained separately for each channel for masses between 50 GeV and 25 TeV.
- Combined limit on $|V_{eN}|^2$ assuming $|V_{eN}|^2 = |V_{\mu N}|^2$
 - More stringent limits than previous result in $\mu\mu$ channel
- $|V_{eN}|^2 = |V_{\mu N}|^2$ relaxed for 2-D exclusion plot (bottom right plot)
- Constraints on effective Majorana masses are obtained using dim-5 Weinberg operator with 95% CL upper limits for the observed (expected):
 - 24 GeV (24 GeV) for $|m_{ee}|$
 - 12 GeV (14 GeV) for $|m_{e\mu}|$



Dark Scalar $s \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ (I)

CERN-EP-2024-170

- Dark Higgs model for DM particles (χ) mass generation and Yukawa interactions with new scalar (s)
 - satisfies DM relic density when s lighter than χ
 - annihilation $\chi\chi \rightarrow ss$ can be dominant
- Searching for DM produced in association with a pair of b-quarks
 - signature: large missing E_T + resonant b-quark pair
 - never probed previously for $m_{bb} < 150$ GeV
- Three phase space scenarios explored
 - $(m_{Z'}, m_s)$ plane covering 30-150 GeV in m_s and $m_{Z'}$ up to 4 TeV, with $m_\chi=200$ GeV (avoid $\chi \rightarrow ss$ decays)
 - $(m_{Z'}, m_s)$ plane with $m_\chi=900$ GeV to enable match with relic density
 - $(m_{Z'}, m_\chi)$ plane with $m_s=70$ GeV (highest sensitivity)



Dark Scalar $s \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ (II)

- Dominant SM background sources:

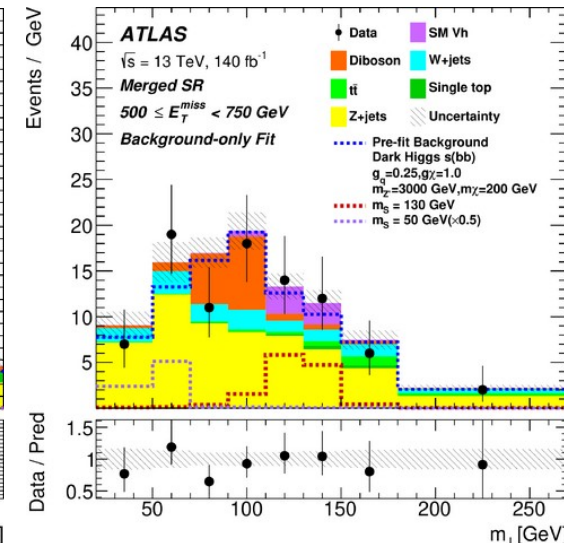
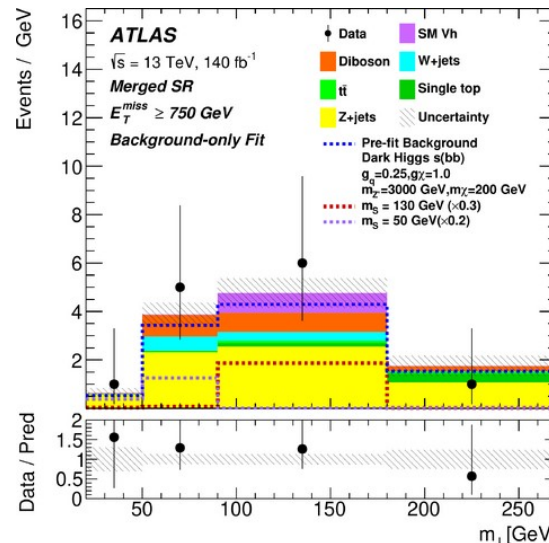
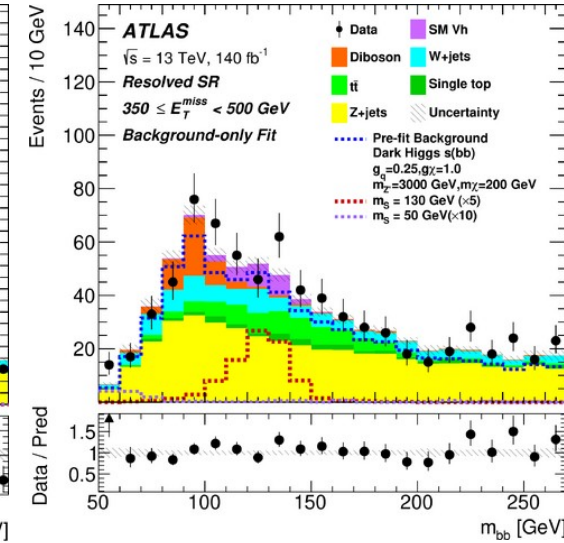
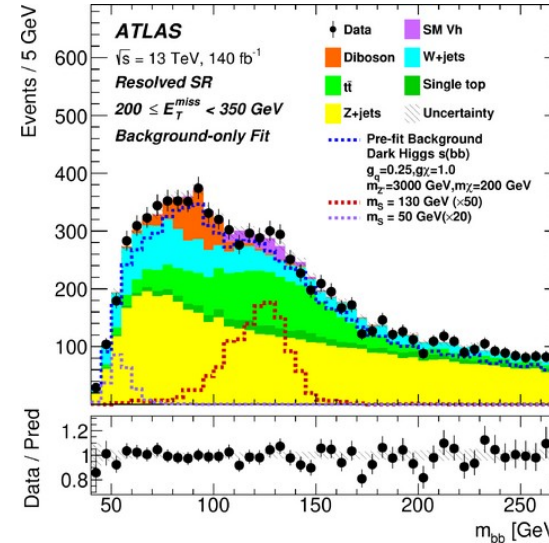
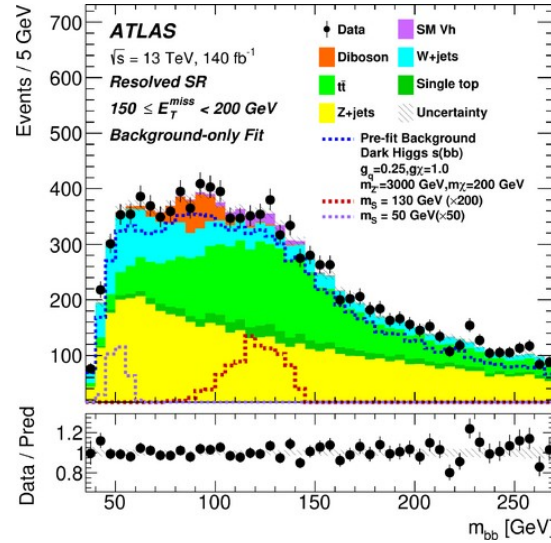
- $Z + \text{jets}$
- $W + \text{jets}$
- $t\bar{t}$
- *dibosons*

- Signal region split into five missing E_T regions to constrain background effectively

- Merged jet topology (reclustering) used for b-jets in the highly boosted regime

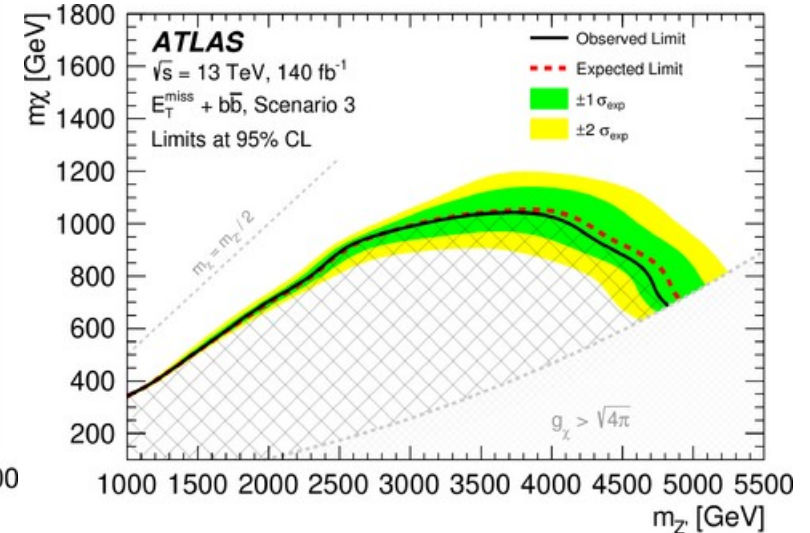
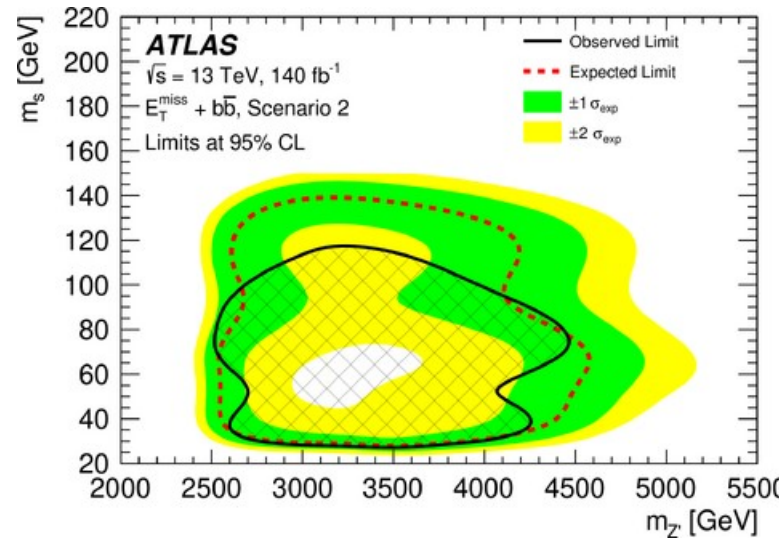
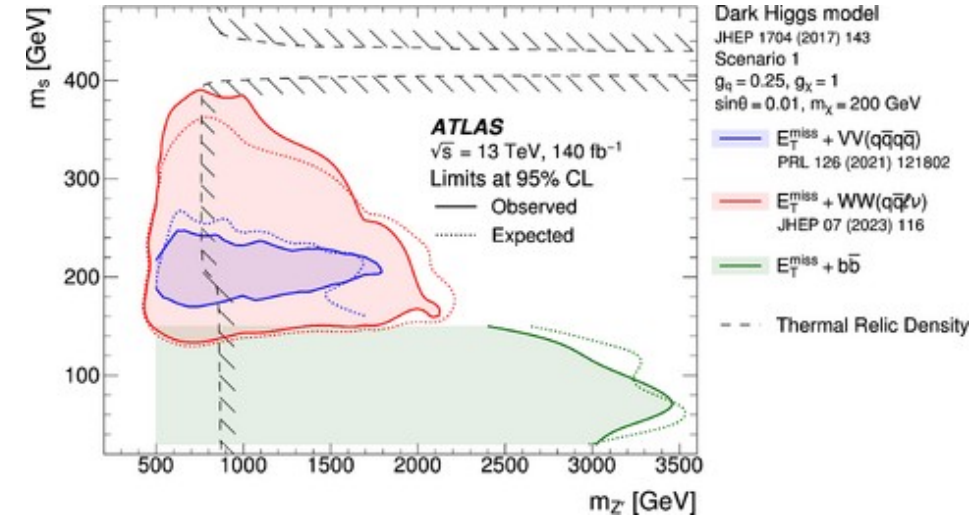
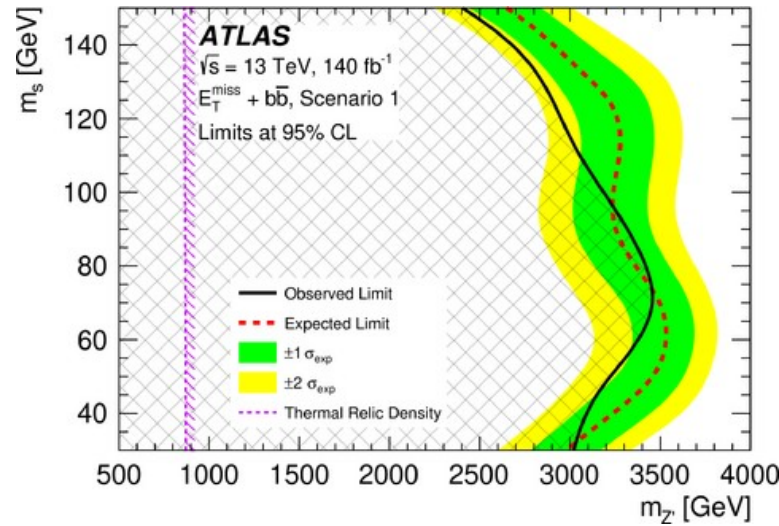
- Simultaneous fit in signal and control regions (background-only hypothesis)

- Data are in agreement with SM predictions with no significant evidence of a DM signal



Dark Scalar $s \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ (III)

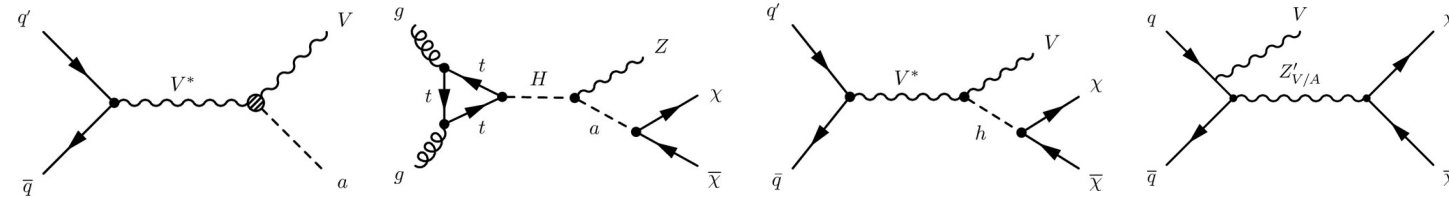
- 95% CL exclusions obtained for the three scenarios
- New search significantly extends existing limits for $m_s < 150$ GeV
- Z' mediator mass excluded up to 3.5 TeV for considered benchmark model
 - up to 4.8 TeV (relic density inspired model)



Dark matter search with W or Z (hadronic) (I)

CERN-EP-2024-128

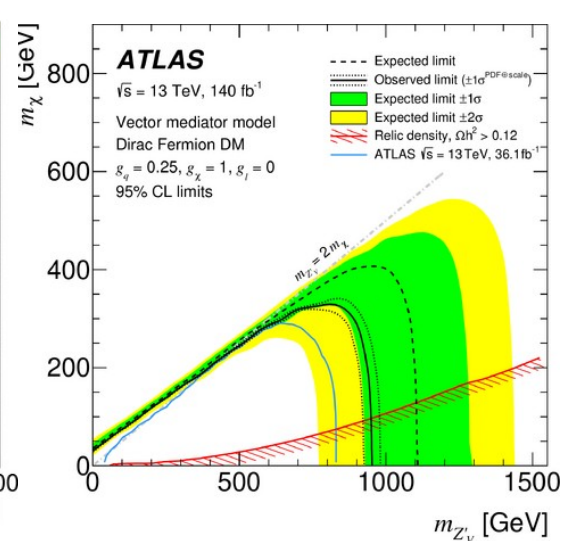
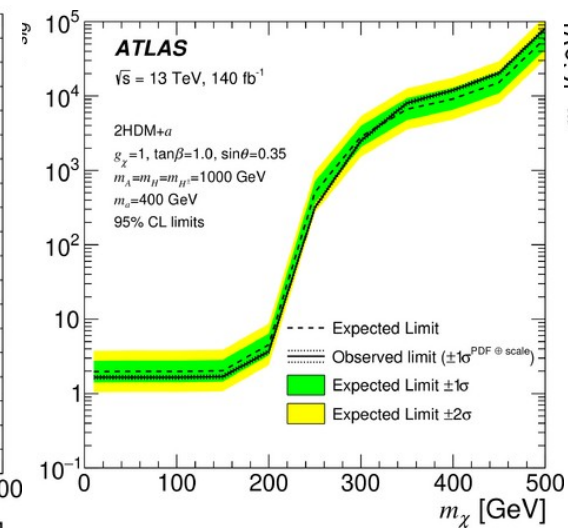
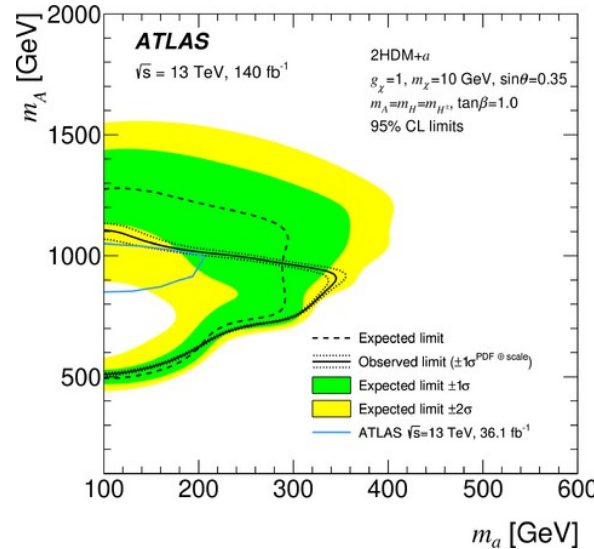
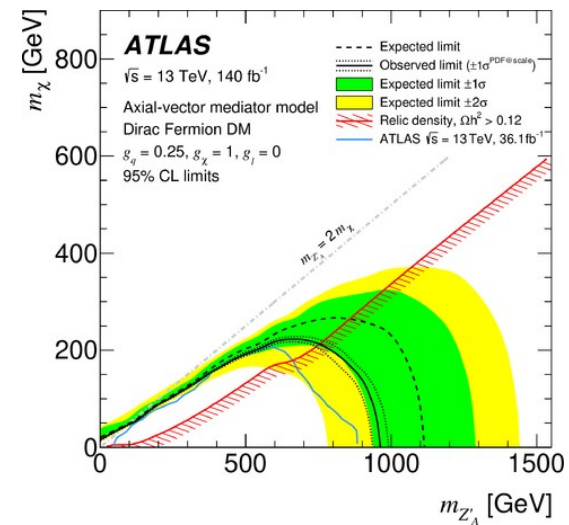
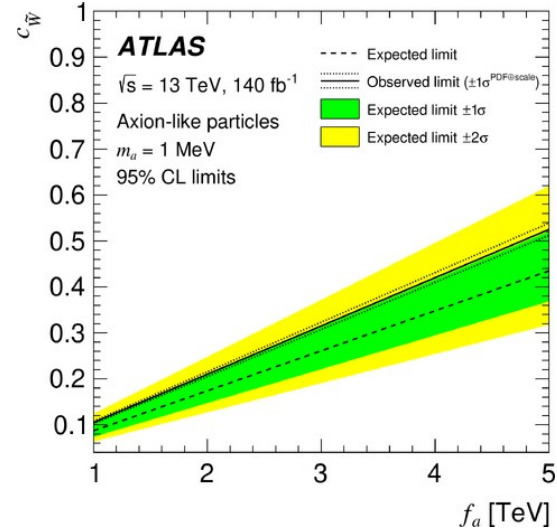
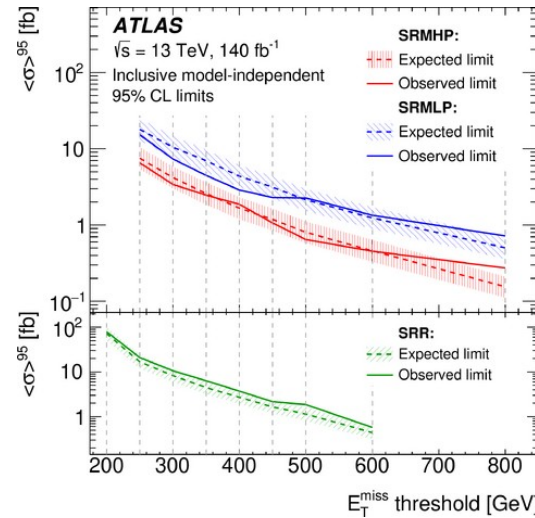
- DM associated with W or Z production
- Four models considered
 - Axion-like particle (ALP)
 - Invisible Higgs decay
 - 2HDM with pseudo-scalar mediator
 - Simplified DM model for WIMPs with Z' (vector or axial-vector)
- Signature: W or Z and missing E_T
 - W or Z hadronic decays
 - Resolved or Merged jets topology (high boost)
- Dominant SM background sources:
 - $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu + \text{jets}$; $W \rightarrow \ell\nu + \text{jets}$
 - $t\bar{t}$ and dibosons



	Merged					Resolved				
Preselection	Data cleaning Primary vertex with at least two tracks with $p_T > 500$ MeV No τ -leptons $p_{T,\ell}^{\text{miss}} > 30$ GeV $\min_i(\Delta\phi(\mathbf{E}_{T,\ell}^{\text{miss}}, j_i)) > 20^\circ$ $\Delta\phi(\mathbf{E}_{T,\ell}^{\text{miss}}, p_{T,\ell}^{\text{miss}}) < 90^\circ$									
$\Delta\phi(\mathbf{E}_{T,\ell}^{\text{miss}}, V)$ $E_{T,\ell}^{\text{miss}}$	$\Delta\phi(\mathbf{E}_{T,\ell}^{\text{miss}}, J_1) > 120^\circ$ > 250 GeV $\geq 1J; \leq 4j$					$\Delta\phi(\mathbf{E}_{T,\ell}^{\text{miss}}, j_1j_2) > 120^\circ$ > 200 GeV $\geq 2j; \leq 4j$				
Jets	$p_T^J > 200$ GeV b -tagged track jet veto outside J_1					$p_T^J > 45$ GeV $\sum_i p_T^j \geq 120$ (150) GeV for $2j$ ($\geq 3j$)				
V-tag	High purity: mass and substructure Low purity: mass and inverted substructure					$\Delta\phi(j_1, j_2) < 140^\circ$; $\Delta R(j_1, j_2) < 1.4$ $m_{j_1j_2} \in [65, 105]$ GeV				
	SR	CR2mu	CR2e1	CR1mu0b	CR1mu1b	SR	CR2mu	CR2e1	CR1mu0b	CR1mu1b
Trigger	E_T^{miss}	E_T^{miss}	Electron	E_T^{miss}	E_T^{miss}	E_T^{miss}	E_T^{miss}	Electron	E_T^{miss}	E_T^{miss}
e	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
μ	0	2	0	1	1	0	2	0	1	1
S	> 8	-	-	-	-	> 8	-	-	-	-
$m_{\ell\ell}$ [GeV]	-	$\in [66, 116]$	$\in [66, 116]$	-	-	-	$\in [66, 116]$	$\in [66, 116]$	-	-
$m_{\mu\nu}$ [GeV]	-	-	-	$\in [30, 100]$	$\in [30, 100]$	-	-	-	$\in [30, 100]$	$\in [30, 100]$
$n_{b \in J}$	-	-	-	0	≥ 1	-	-	-	-	-
n_b	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	≥ 1

Dark matter search with W or Z (hadronic) (II)

- Simultaneous likelihood fit in both signal and control regions: no excess observed
- Both model independent and model dependent exclusion limits obtained
 - 2HDM+a: using benchmark scenarios recommended by LHC DM Working group

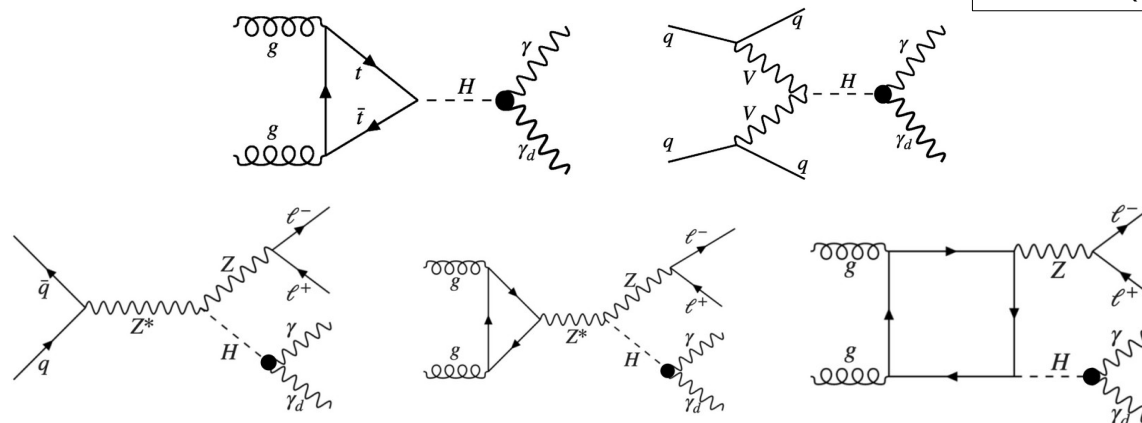


Sample	Signal Regions		
	SRMHP	SRMLP	SRR
$Z(\rightarrow \nu\nu) + \text{jets}$	$12\,200 \pm 500$	$54\,100 \pm 1200$	$180\,100 \pm 2500$
$W(\rightarrow \ell\nu) + \text{jets}$	6320 ± 330	$25\,600 \pm 700$	$105\,500 \pm 2000$
Diboson	3700 ± 700	5800 ± 1500	$13\,100 \pm 3000$
$t\bar{t}$	1240 ± 130	2470 ± 340	$23\,600 \pm 1300$
Other	380 ± 50	490 ± 60	3920 ± 340
$Z(\rightarrow \ell\ell) + \text{jets}$	55 ± 6	266 ± 13	1480 ± 40
Multijet	24 ± 18	140 ± 100	1900 ± 1400
Total background	$23\,870 \pm 160$	$88\,880 \pm 300$	$329\,500 \pm 800$
Data	23 861	88 836	329 588

Dark Photon Search (I)

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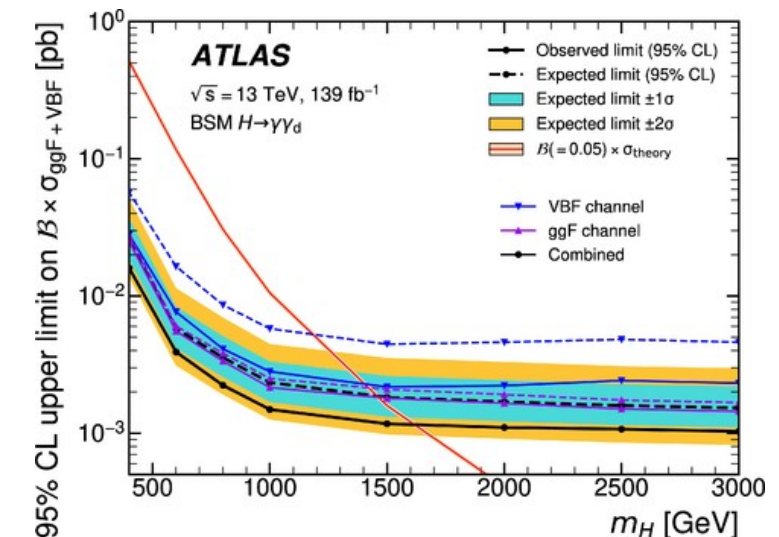
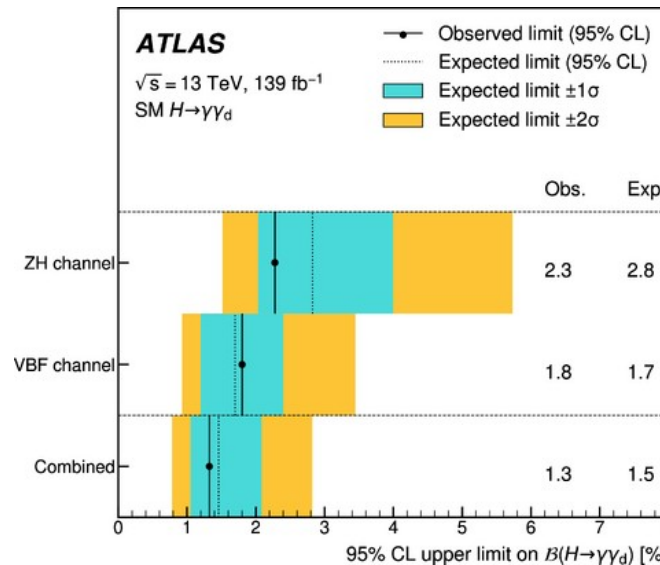
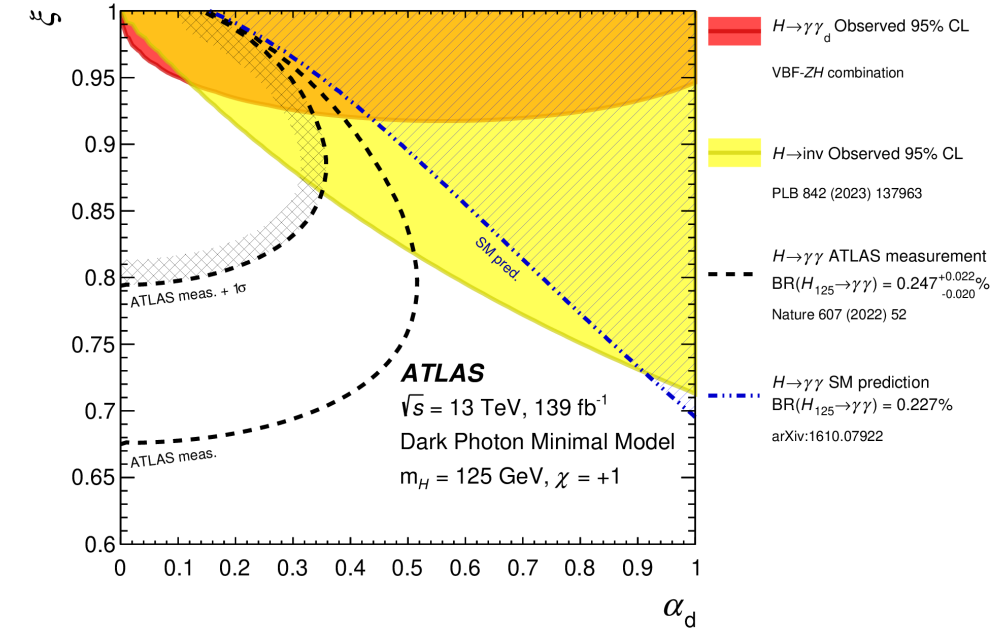
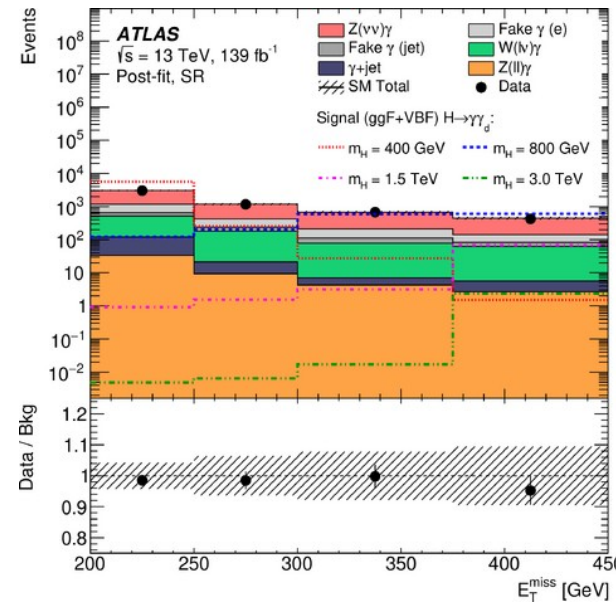
- Model extension with extra $U(1)_d$
 - massless γ_d
 - coupling through Higgs (SM or BSM)
- Three channels considered
 - ggF, VBF and ZH
 - different event topology
- Combination of VBF and ZH channels uses SM Higgs assumption
- Combination of ggF and VBF under H_{BSM} assumption (from 400 GeV to 3 TeV)
- Dominant SM backgrounds:
 - $Z (\rightarrow \nu\nu) \gamma + \text{jets}$; $W (\rightarrow \ell\nu) \gamma + \text{jets}$



Channels	VBF	ZH	ggF
Trigger	E_T^{miss}	Lepton(s)	Photon
Photons	$= 1, C_\gamma > 0.4$	$= 1$	≥ 1
E_T^γ [GeV]	$\in (15, \max(110, 0.733 \times m_T))$	> 25	> 150
E_T^{miss} [GeV]	> 150	> 60	> 200
Jets	2 or 3, $m_{j_1 j_2} > 250 \text{ GeV}, \Delta\eta_{j_1 j_2} > 3$ $\eta_{j_1} \cdot \eta_{j_2} < 0, \Delta\phi_{j_1 j_2} < 2, C_{j_3} < 0.7$	≤ 2	≤ 1
Leptons	$= 0 (e, \mu)$	$= 2, \text{SFOC}$ $m_{\ell\ell} \in (76, 116) \text{ GeV}$	$= 0 (e, \mu, \tau)$
Disc. variables Reference	m_{jj} and m_T in SR and 4 CRs	BDT score and 1 CR	E_T^{miss}
Processes considered in the combination	VBF, ggF	ZH	ggF, VBF
Combination scenario	SM, BSM	SM	BSM

Dark Photon Search (II)

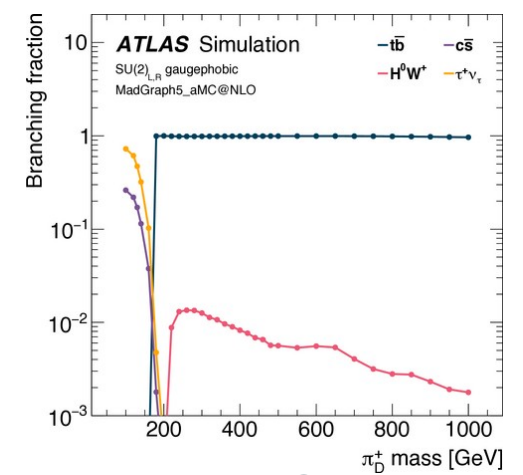
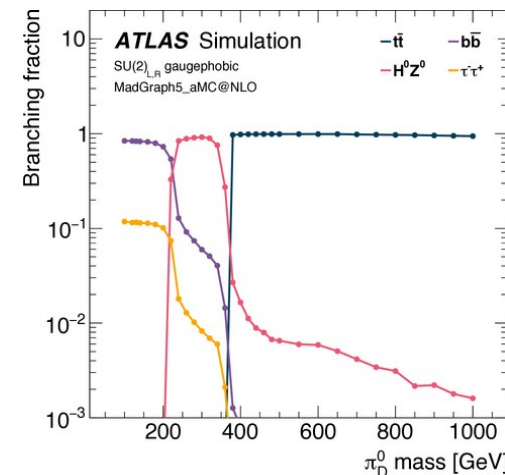
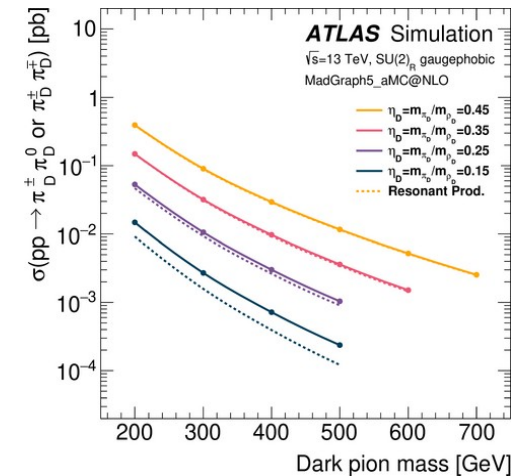
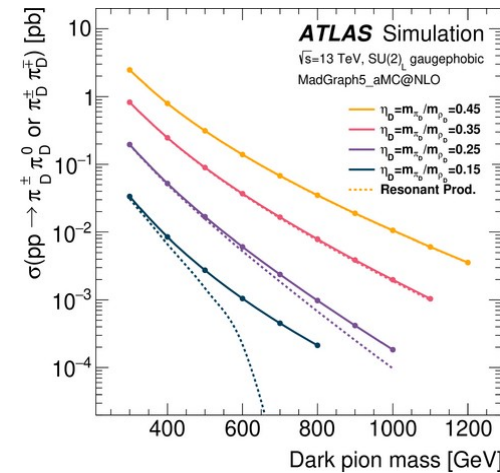
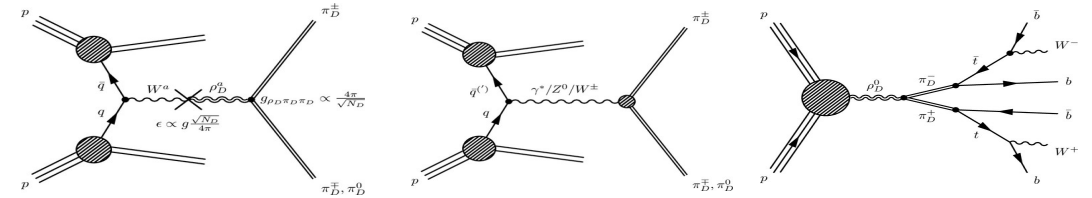
- No excess observed, Good agreement between data and background prediction.
- New 95% CL upper limits obtained from channel combinations
- $\text{Br}(H_{125} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma_d) < 1.3\%$
- H_{BSM} masses < 1.6 TeV excluded, assuming 5% branching ratio for $H_{\text{BSM}} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma_d$



Dark Mesons Search (I)

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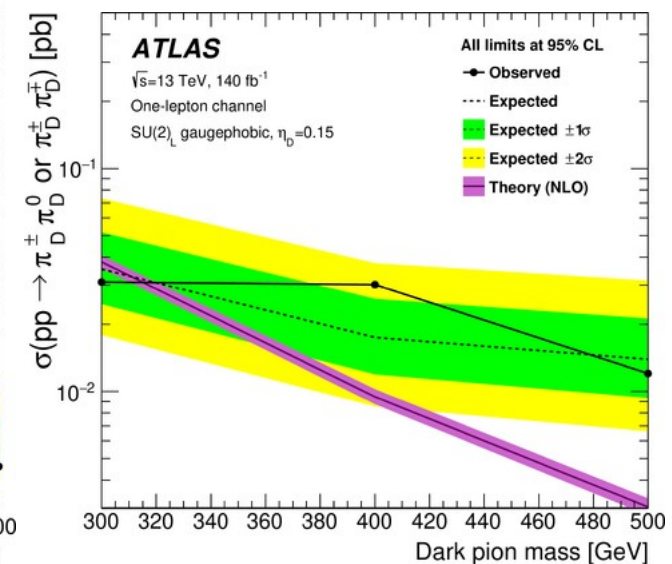
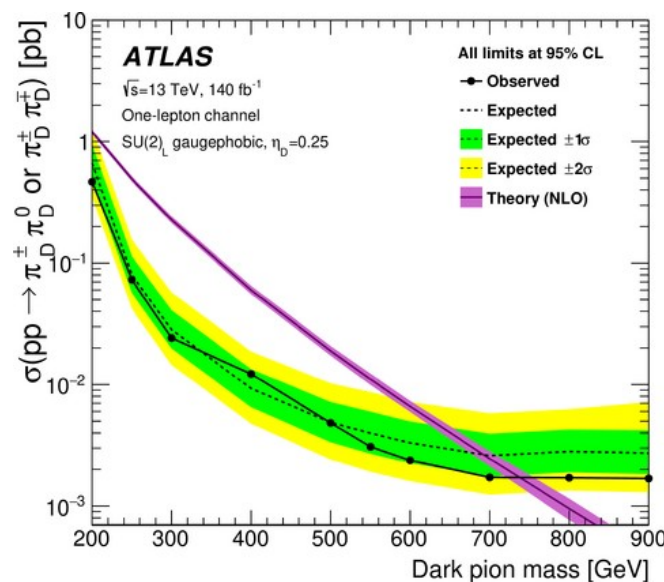
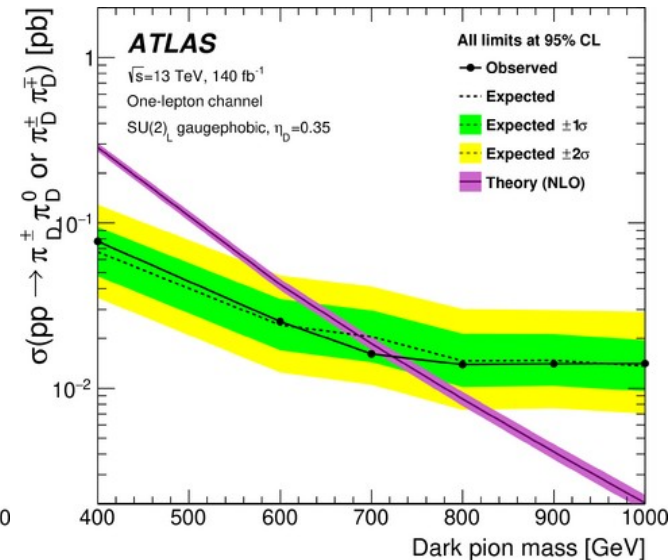
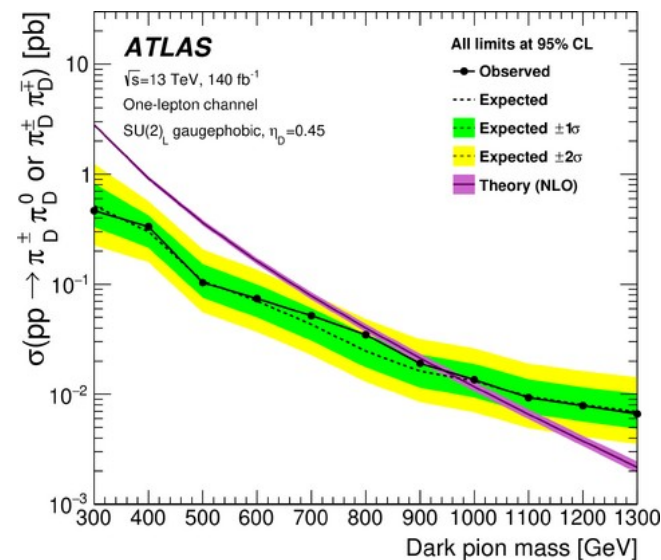
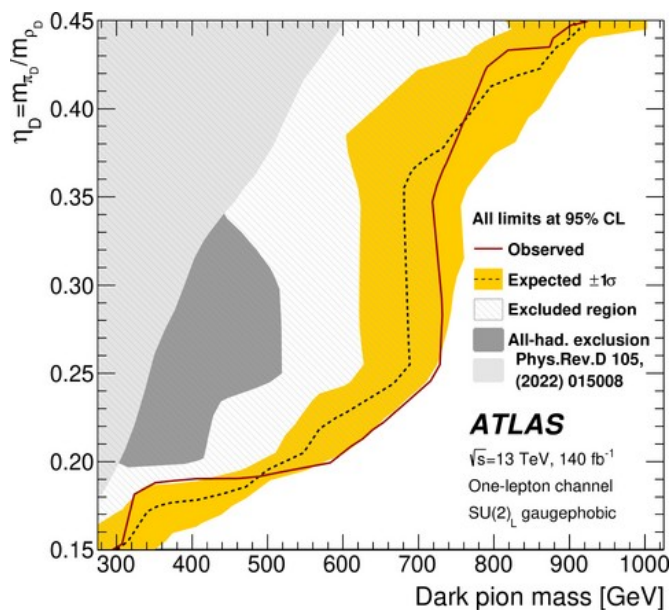
- SM extension with new strongly-coupled gauge theory with fermion representation which transforms under the electroweak group
 - QCD-like dark sector with couplings to SM
 - models contain stable dark scalar baryon which could account for observed DM
- For this search: pseudoscalar triplet of dark pions π_D , and triplet of dark rho vector mesons ρ_D
 - case where $\eta_D = m_{\pi_D} / m_{\rho_D} < 0.5$
 - pair production of π_D
 - gaugephobic decays: t and b at high mass, c and τ at low mass
- Two channels: all hadronic and one lepton
 - Dominant SM backgrounds: multijet and $t\bar{t}$



Dark Mesons Search (II)

Variable	All-hadronic channel	One-lepton channel
$N_{lep}(\text{baseline})$	0	1
$N_{lep}(\text{signal})$	-	1
$N_{jets}(R = 0.4)$	≥ 6	≥ 5
$N_{jets}(R = 1.2)$	≥ 2	-
$N_{b\text{-jets}}$	≥ 3	≥ 3
H_T	$\geq 1150 \text{ GeV}$	$\geq 300 \text{ GeV}$

- 95% CL upper limits on dark pions pair production
- $SU(2)_R$ not sensitive due to low production cross section
- One-lepton channel covers all hadronic exclusion



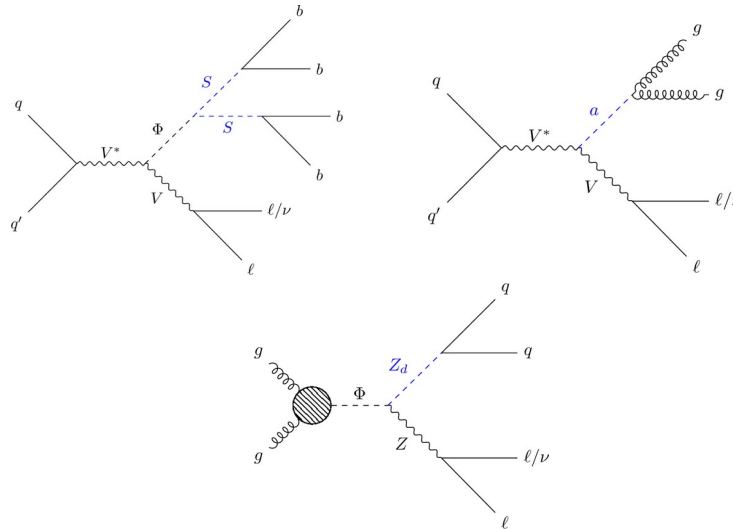
Conclusion & Future prospects

- Extensive program in ATLAS to search for BSM physics, only a small subset was highlighted
 - wide range of models
 - different analysis strategies
 - different final states and event topology
 - using the full Run 2 dataset (2015-2018)
 - no significant excess observed over background expectation
- All ATLAS exotics searches with up to date information can be found at:
 - <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/ExoticsPublicResults>
- Please stay tuned...

EXTRA MATERIAL

Long-lived Particles Search I (decay in calorimeter)

- Wide class of models covered:
 - DM, SUSY, Axions
- Search conducted in three channels
- Special LLP trigger
 - ratio of calorimeter energies (EM vs HAD)

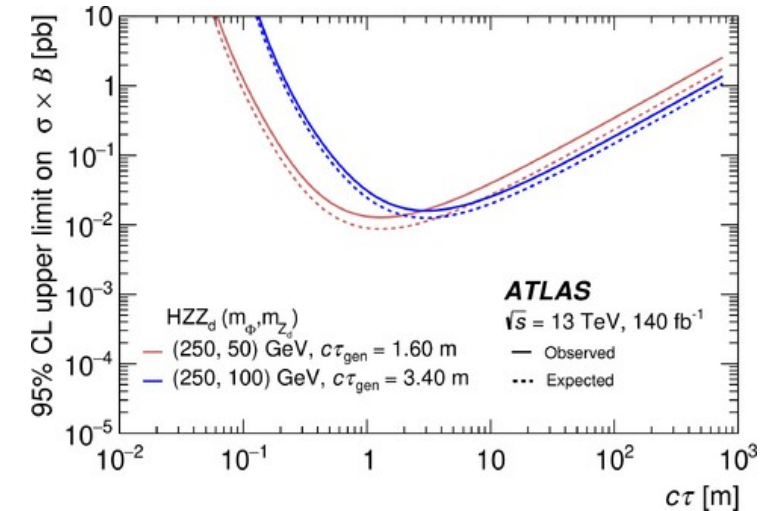
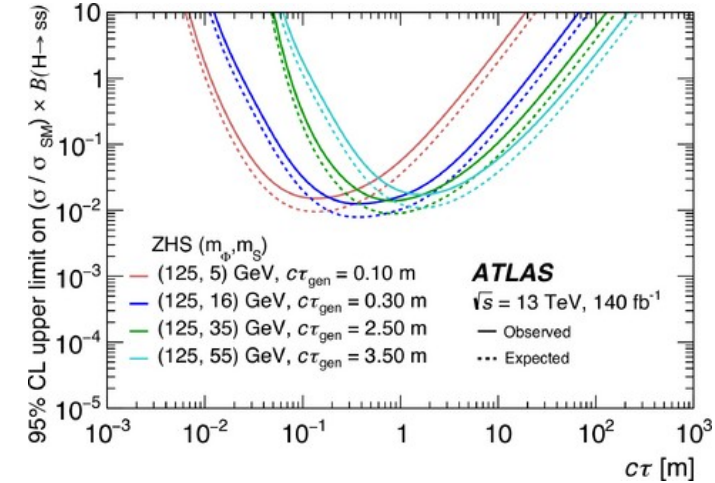


Selection	CalR+2J
Trigger	Satisfy CalRatio trigger
Number of clean jets	≥ 3
$\sum \Delta R_{\min}$	> 0.5
Trigger matching	At least one signal candidate
Signal/BIB jet candidate time	$-3 \text{ ns} < t < 15 \text{ ns}$
Signal/BIB jet candidate $\log_{10}(E_H/E_{EM})$	> -1.5
Signal jet candidate η	$\notin (1.45, 1.55)$
$NN_{\text{CalR}+2\text{J}}$	≥ 3
Region A	$\sum \Delta R_{\min} \geq 0.71$ $NN_{\text{CalR}+2\text{J}} \geq 7.61$

Selection	CalR+Z low- E_T	CalR+Z high- E_T
Vector boson candidates	1 Z, 0 W	1 Z, 0 W
BDT score	$\text{BDT}_{\text{CalR+Z}}^{\text{low-}E_T} \text{ score} > 0.6$	$\text{BDT}_{\text{CalR+Z}}^{\text{high-}E_T} \text{ score} > 0.7$
$j^{\text{sig}1\ell} \log_{10}(E_H/E_{EM})$	> 0.8	> 0.8
$j^{\text{sig}1\ell} p_T$	$> 80 \text{ GeV}$	$> 70 \text{ GeV}$
Lepton p_T	$> 70 \text{ GeV}$	$> 60 \text{ GeV}$
Region A	$\text{BDT}_{\text{CalR+Z}}^{\text{low-}E_T} \text{ score} > 0.99$ $\sum \Delta R_{\min} \geq 0.9$	$\text{BDT}_{\text{CalR+Z}}^{\text{high-}E_T} \text{ score} > 0.985$ $\sum \Delta R_{\min} \geq 1$

Selection	CalR+W WALP	CalR+W low- E_T	CalR+W high- E_T
Vector boson candidates	0 Z, 1 W	0 Z, 1 W	0 Z, 1 W
BDT score	$\text{BDT}_{\text{CalR+W}}^{\text{ALP}} > 0.82$	$\text{BDT}_{\text{CalR+W}}^{\text{low-}E_T} > 0.92$	$\text{BDT}_{\text{CalR+W}}^{\text{high-}E_T} > 0.89$
$j^{\text{sig}1\ell} \log_{10}(E_H/E_{EM})$	> 1	> 1	-
$j^{\text{sig}1\ell} p_T$	$> 70 \text{ GeV}$	$> 60 \text{ GeV}$	$> 100 \text{ GeV}$
Lepton p_T	-	$> 40 \text{ GeV}$	$> 60 \text{ GeV}$
$\Delta\phi(\text{lepton}, E_T^{\text{miss}})$	< 1.5	-	-
Region A	$\text{BDT}_{\text{CalR+W}}^{\text{ALP}} \geq 0.975$ $\sum \Delta R_{\min} \geq 1.1$	$\text{BDT}_{\text{CalR+W}}^{\text{low-}E_T} \geq 0.985$ $\sum \Delta R_{\min} \geq 1.4$	$\text{BDT}_{\text{CalR+W}}^{\text{high-}E_T} \geq 0.99$ $\sum \Delta R_{\min} \geq 1.1$

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Long-lived Particles Search II (decay in inner detector)

- LLPs with masses between 5 and 55 GeV (hadronic decays)
- pair production from exotic decay of Higgs
- Axion-like particles associated with a Z or exotic top decay
- Six signal regions considered

