Searches for Top-associated DM Production at the LHC

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Evidence for Dark Matter

- Large amount of evidence from Astronomy and Cosmology for the existence of Dark Matter (DM)
- Density of DM today can be explained if some high energy interaction linked to SM in early universe
- If this is a mediator with order 1 couplings, would have mass around 100 GeV - 1 TeV => "WIMP miracle"

Interstellar gas

Mass inferred from gravitational ⁻ lensing







Dark Matter at the LHC

- DM might be produced at the LHC could be detected as $p_T^{\rm miss}$
- Many DM models also link to other new weak scale physics
- Often leads to DM produced together with top quarks

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Mono-top - Existing Results

- Some models contain FCNC mediators
- Can produce a single boosted top quark recoiling against $p_T^{\rm miss}$
- Hadronic top most sensitive
- Data-driven background estimation
- 13TeV analyses with 2016 data





Search strategies

EXPERIMENT

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- New full Run 2 analyses
- Both use DNN top taggers on large-R jets
 - ΔR=1.0(1.5) for ATLAS (CMS)
- ATLAS categorises on number of b-jets (including inside large-R jet), SUS-23-004 CMS categorises in top tags

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CMS-PAS-



Background estimation



- ATLAS estimate overall tī and V+jets rate using control regions differing in $\Delta\phi_{min}(j,E_T^{\rm miss})$
 - Numerous dedicated VRs
- CMS use per-bin transfer factors from CRs differing in number of leptons



Mono-top results



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ATLAS

cr/α

b



- Interpreted in different combinations of model parameters
- ATLAS ~80 GeV higher reach in m_V for low m_{DM}
- CMS slightly more sensitive for $m_{med} \approx m_{DM}$



Further interpretations

- ATLAS analysis also optimised for resonant scalar mediator and vector-like-quark
- Separate BDT trainings for each model
- Dedicated forward jet category for VLQs





DM in tī events - Existing Results

- Stop squarks can decay to tops + lightest supersymmetric partner (DM)
- Tops may or may not be boosted
- Extended Higgs sectors could include a spin-0 DM mediator *g* with a yukawa coupling
- Generally lower mediator masses and less boosted tops
- Full Run 2 analyses published, but room for improvement



Measurement of SM tt neutrino kinematics

- Dileptonic SM tt has two neutrinos
 - Major background in both 2 and 1 lepton channels (missreconstructed leptons)

CMS-PAS-

TOP-24-001

- First measurement of $v\overline{v}$ kinematics in top pair production
- See Sandra's talk on Friday







Single lepton stop search

- Re-analysis of single lepton channel
- MVA-based resolved (new) and boosted top taggers
- Neural networks (NN) in different categories
- Low (intermediate) NN values used as CRs (VRs) for rates_of W boson, single top and 1and 2- lepton tt backgrounds
- Significant improvement for intermediate massgap $b \ell$







Single lepton tt+DM search

- Also optimised to search for $t\bar{t}$ +DM
 - Dedicated neural network
- Significant improvement from resolved top-tagger
- Combined with previous 0 and 2 lepton searches







Wider context

- Many limits on DM from direct •
- Many limits on DM from direct detection experiments Can compare limits for specific models For simplified Scalar mediator model •
- LHC can improve exclusion at lower Ď DM masses







Wider context

- Direct detection less sensitive to pseudoscalar mediators
- LHC provides best limits within its mass reach
- Above this mass best limits from indirect detection





A charming alternative

- Flavour changing SUSY model => stops can decay to top or charm
- Search for 1 hadronic top (boosted or resolved) and 1 charm (dedicated tagger)
- Cuts on numerous kinematic variables
- SR categories targeting bulk, intermediate and compressed topologies
- CRs controlling rates of single top, Z and W boson and $\mathrm{t\bar{t}}$ production p





Putting it all together: t/tt+DM

- Spin-0 DM models can produce both tt+DM and single top + DM (t+DM)
- Particularly helpful for high mediator masses
- Much less boosted than monotop
- Categorisation in number of bjets and forward jets
- Combined search across all lepton channels



t/tt+DM

- 0 and 1 lepton channels use cuts on kinematic variables and fit on $p_T^{\rm miss}$
 - Per-bin background estimation from CRs
 - Categorisation on "topness" variable in 1 channel
- $p_T^{\rm miss}$ less sensitive in 2 lepton channel due to two neutrinos in SM t ${ar{t}}$
 - Use NN to maximise sensitivity



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t/tt+DM summary

W

 ϕ/a

- Large amount of phase space explored
 - However couplings < 1 also possible

138 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

----- Expected (0/) Preliminary

----- Expected (1/)

---- Expected (2/)

CMS

m_a [GeV]

< ຢ^{≘10²</sub>}

10⁻

 10^{-1}

ь

95% CL upper

----- Expected (combination)

68% expected

95% expected

Dirac DM, m = 1 GeV

- Observed Pseudoscalar a, $a \rightarrow \gamma \overline{\gamma}$

 $g_a = g_y = 1$

4 top and $t\bar{t}$ resonance searches also sensitive (see last session)



Conclusion and Outlook

- Many models predict dark matter could appear in final states with top quarks
- Full Run 2 searches optimised with machine learning and advanced background estimation techniques
- Still phase space to be explored in Run 3 and beyond:
 - Many analyses still statistically limited
 - Cross sections for high mediator masses increase significantly with collider energy

Backup

ATLAS Monotop CRs and VRs



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ATLAS Monotop CRs and VRs



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ATLAS 1I stop boosted 2b-1t regions



ATLAS 11 tt+DM 2b High E_T^{miss} regions



Stop → top+charm regions



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CMS t/tt+DM 0 lepton SRs



CMS t/tt+DM 1 lepton SRs



CMS t/tt+DM 2 lepton SRs





NN output [bins]