Vacuum Stability in the Standard Model and Beyond

Tom Steudtner Technische Universität Dortmund

in collabortation with Gudrun Hiller, Tim Höhne, Daniel Litim [arXiv 2401.08811]

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- » Higgs discovery in 2012 [ATLAS,CMS 2012] \rightarrow Metastability [Buttazzo et al, 2013]
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Outline

- » Stability in the SM An update
- » BSM solutions

1. Observables

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- Higgs mass $\,M_h\,$
- Top mass M_t
- Strong coupling $\alpha_s^{(5)}(M_Z)$
- Z mass M_Z
- Fermi constant G_F
- Fine structure & hadronic threshold α_e , $\Delta \alpha_e^{(5),\text{had}}$
- Lepton masses $M_{e,\mu, au}$
- Light quark $\overline{\rm MS}$ masses $m_b(m_b), \ m_c(m_c), \ m_{u,d,s}(2{\rm GeV})$

PDG 2024

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2. Matching Observables to \overline{MS}

at least 2L + 3L QCD [Martin, Patel, 2018]

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3L (4L QCD) with RG improvement

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- 4. Compute Decay Rate for Metastability

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-4. Compute Decay Rate for Metastability
only interested in absolute stability

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$$V_{\text{eff}}(h, \mu) = \frac{1}{4}\lambda(\mu)h^4 + \mathcal{O}(\alpha^2)$$

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– use RG-invariance: resum h around h_0 by defining effective couplings $\bar{\alpha}_i(h)$

$$\bar{\alpha}_i(h_0) = \alpha_i(\mu_{\text{ref}}) \qquad \qquad \bar{\beta}_i(\bar{\alpha}) \equiv \frac{\partial \bar{\alpha}_i(h)}{\partial \ln h} = \frac{\beta_i(\bar{\alpha})}{1 + \gamma(\bar{\alpha})} \qquad \qquad \bar{\Gamma}(h, h_0) = \int_{h_0}^{h} \frac{\mathrm{d}h'}{h'} \frac{\gamma(\bar{\alpha})}{1 + \gamma(\bar{\alpha})}$$

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- evolve $\lambda_{\rm eff}$ to $h \gg h_0$

$$\lambda_{\text{eff}}(h) = \lambda_{\text{eff}}(h_0) + \int_{h_0}^{h} \frac{\mathrm{d}h'}{h'} \sum_{i} \bar{\beta}_i \frac{\partial}{\partial \bar{\alpha}_i(h')} \lambda_{\text{eff}}(h')$$

4L gauge (+ 5L OCD) [Davies, Herren, Poole, Steinhauser, Thomsen, 2019] [Baikov et al., 2016][Herzog et al. 2017][Luthe et al. 2017]

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 \rightarrow completely resum all logs $\ln h/\mu_{\rm ref}$

1. Observables

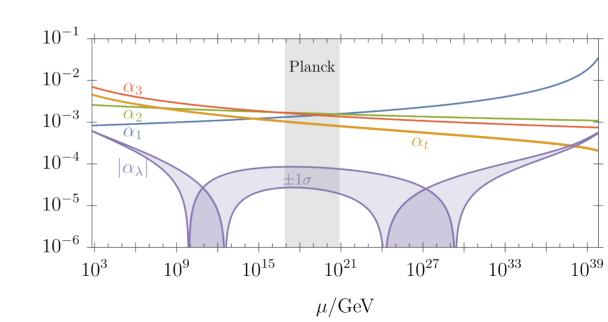
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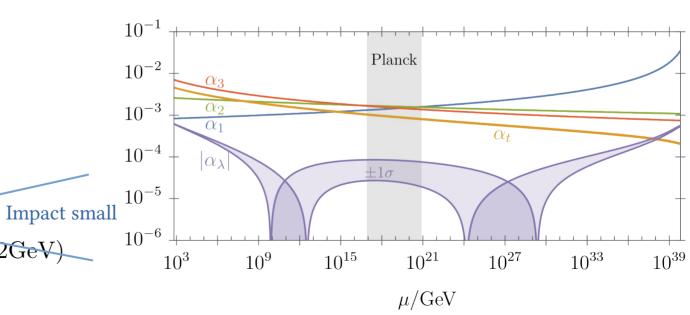


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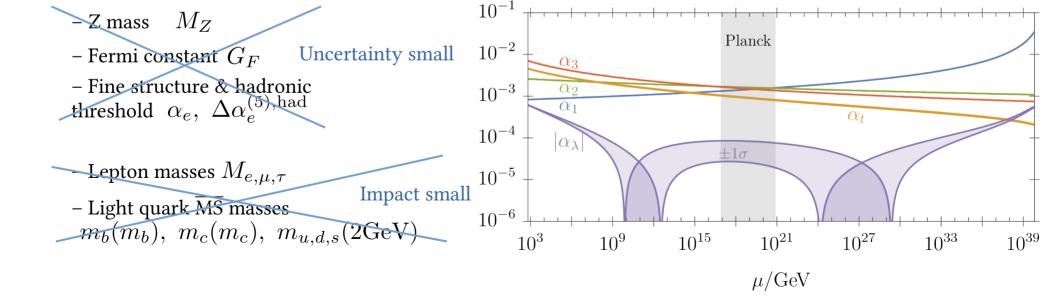
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1. Observables

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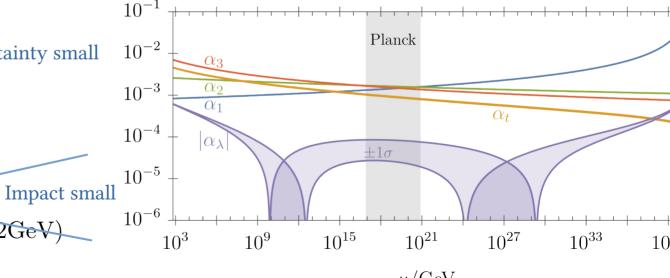
- 1. Observables PDG 2024
 - Higgs mass $M_h = 125.20(11) \text{ GeV}$
 - Strong coupling
 - Top mass



- Uncertainty small – Fermi constant G_F
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 $m_b(m_b), \ m_c(m_c), \ m_{u.d.s}(2{\rm GeV})$

Planck α_t 10^{-4} $\pm 1\sigma$ 10^{9} 10^{15} 10^{21} 10^{27} 10^{33} 10^{39} 10^{3} μ/GeV

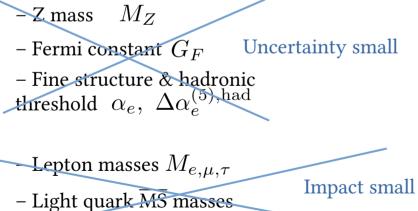


 $+24 \sigma$

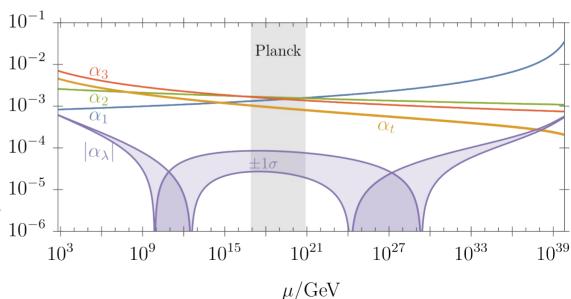
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- Higgs mass $M_h = 125.20(11) \text{ GeV}$
- Strong coupling $\alpha_s^{(5)}(M_Z)=0.1180(9)$
- Top mass



 $m_b(m_b), \ m_c(m_c), \ m_{u.d.s}(2 {\rm GeV})$



 $+24 \sigma$

 $+3.7 \sigma$

Uncertainty small

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- Higgs mass $M_h = 125.20(11) \text{ GeV}$
- Strong coupling $\alpha_s^{(5)}(M_Z)=0.1180(9)$
- Top mass $M_t^{\sigma} = 172.40(70) \; \mathrm{GeV}$ $M_t^{\mathrm{MC}} = 172.57(29) \; \mathrm{GeV}$

Uncertainty small $+24 \sigma$

which one? -1.9σ

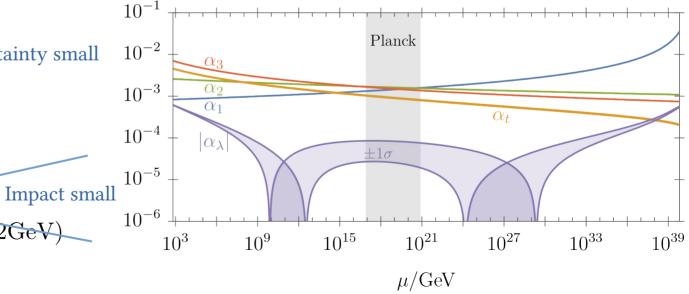
 -5.1σ

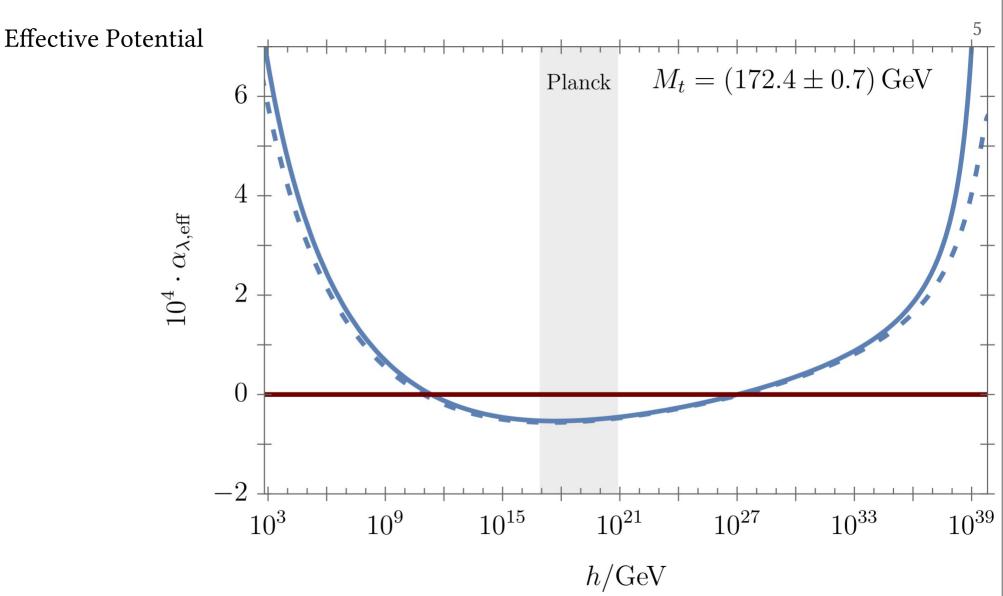
 $+3.7 \sigma$

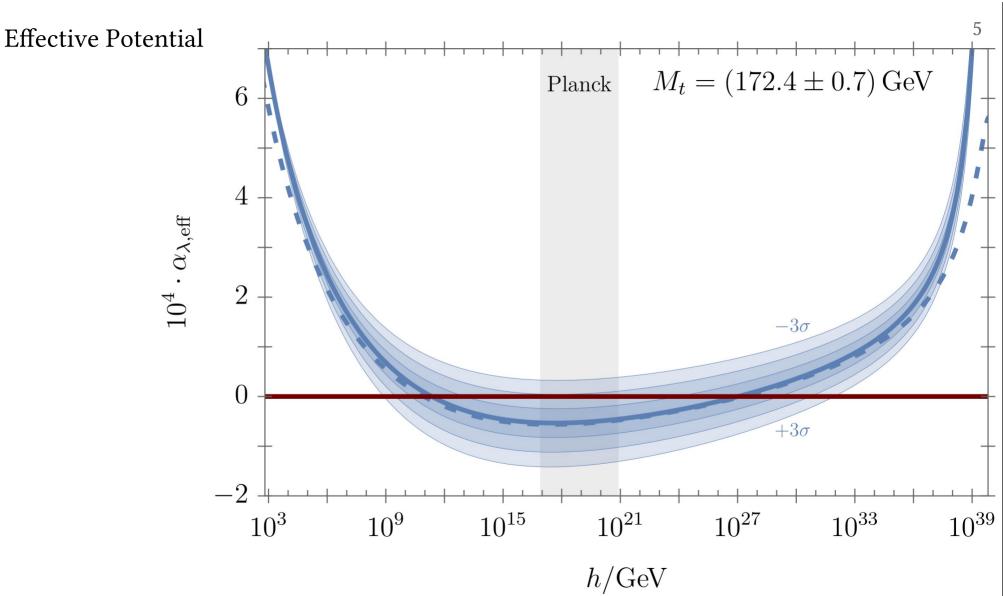
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$$M_Z$$

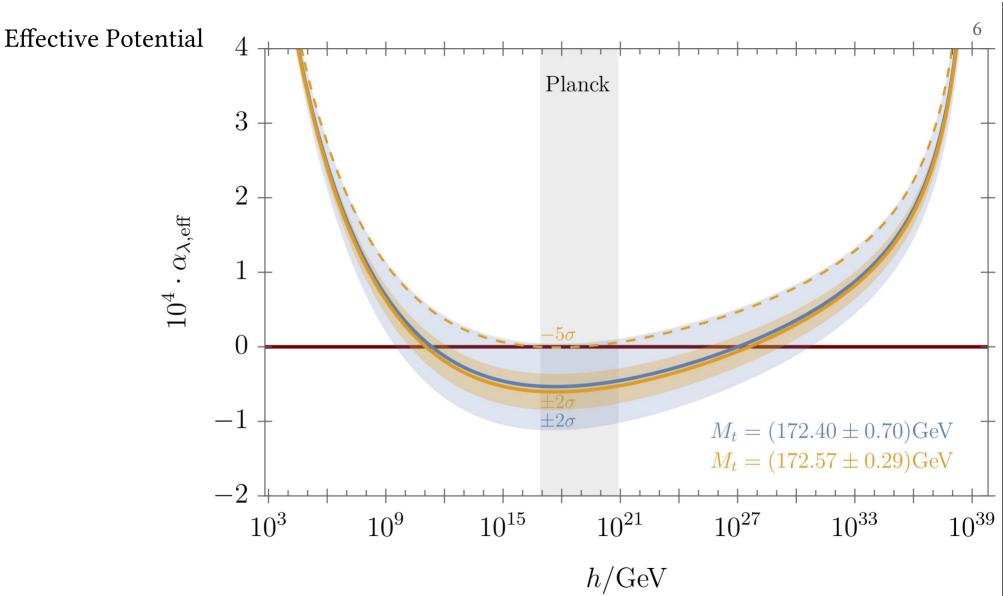
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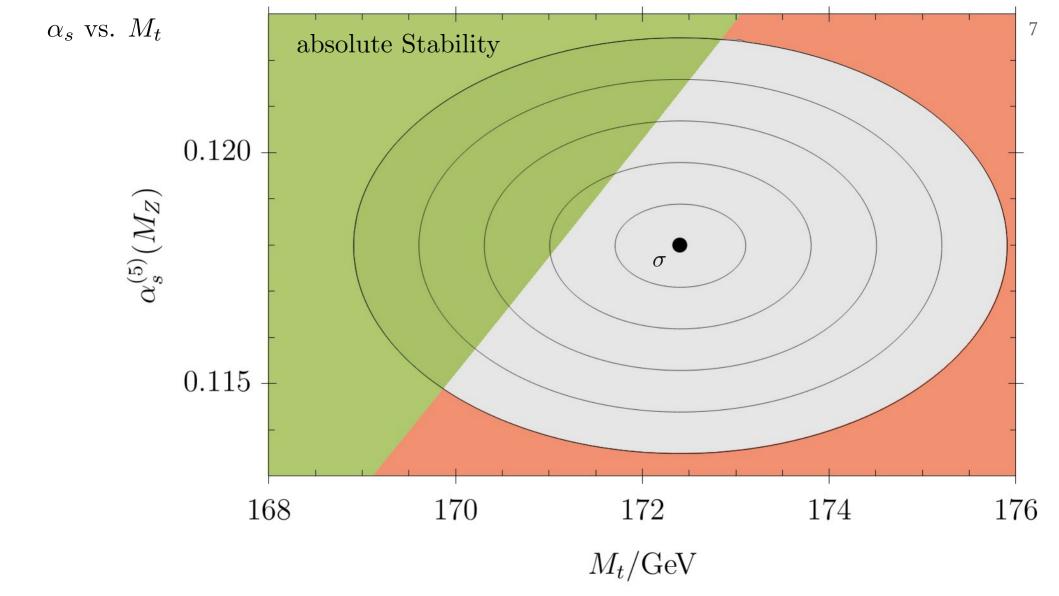
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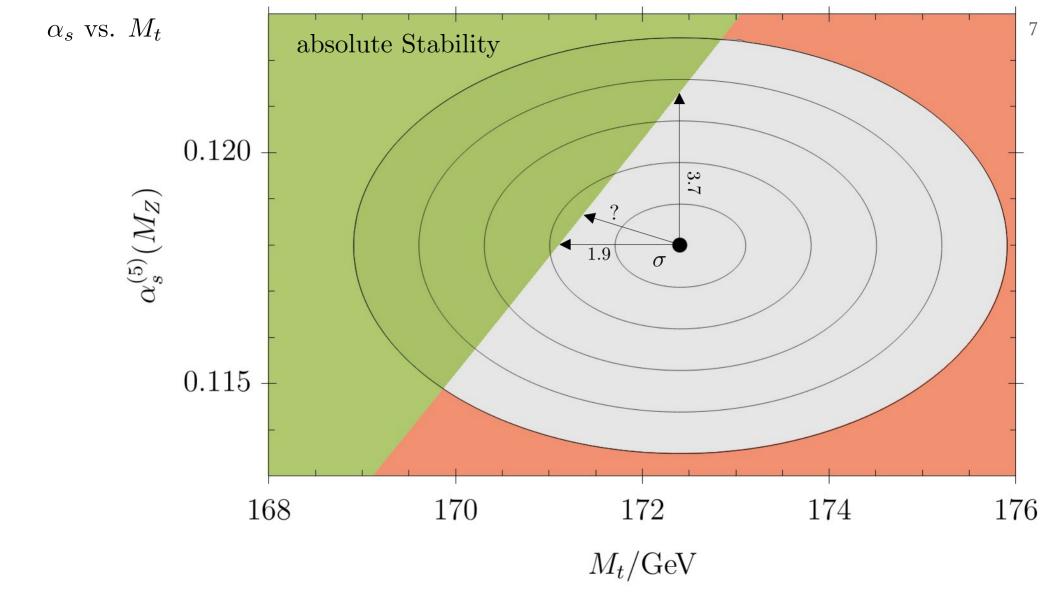


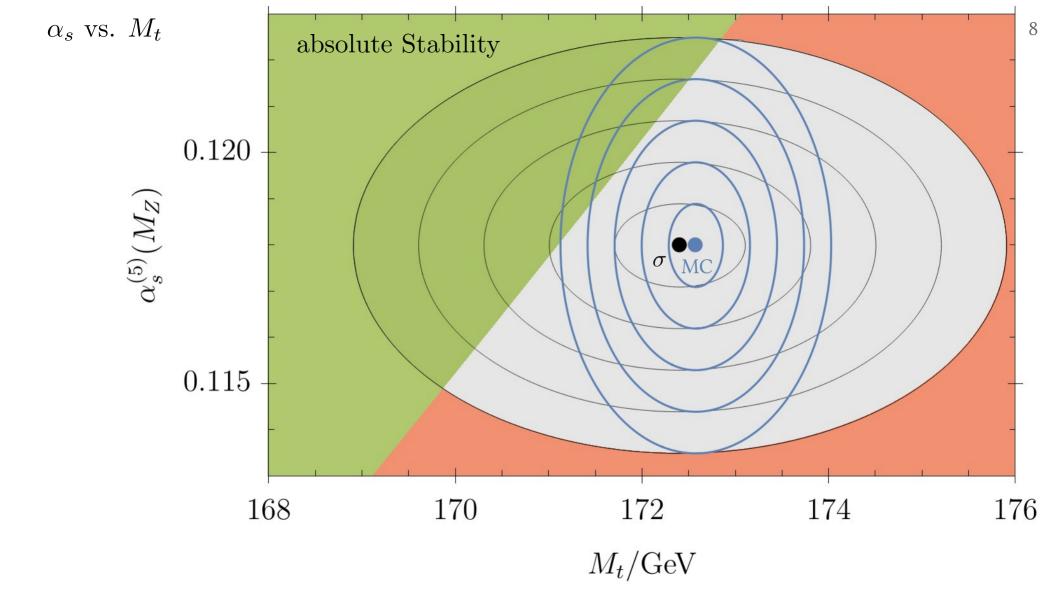


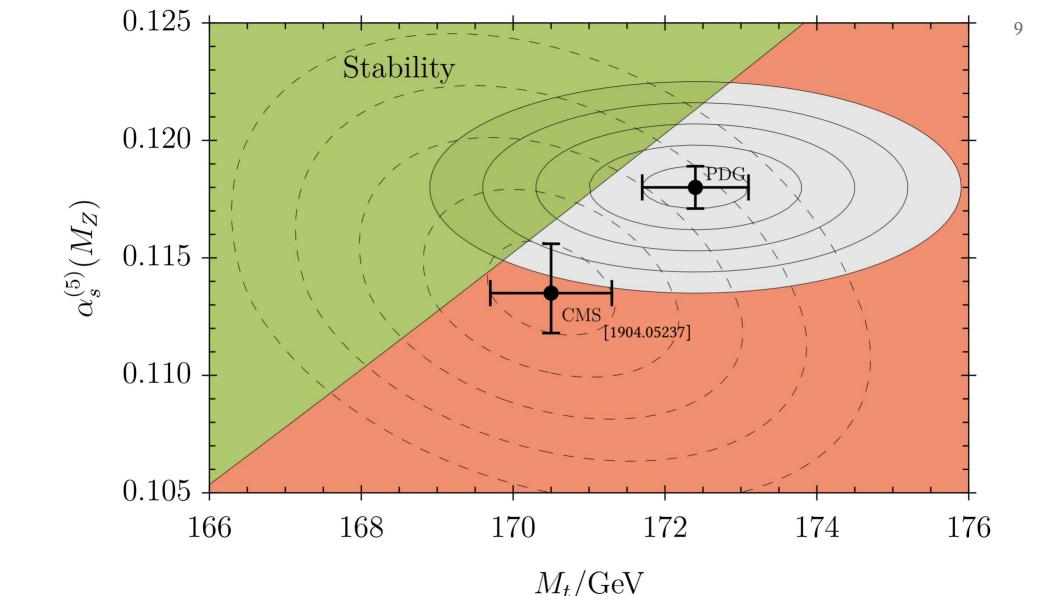




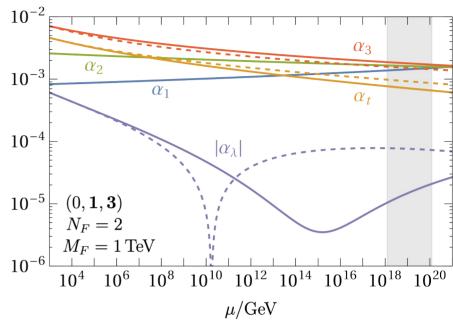






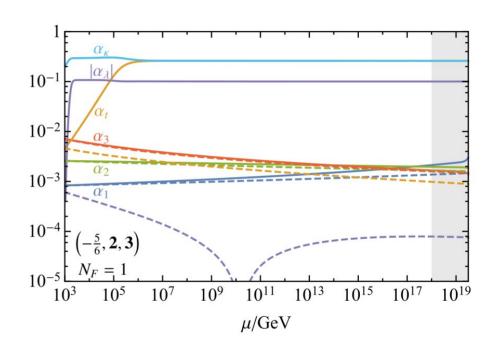


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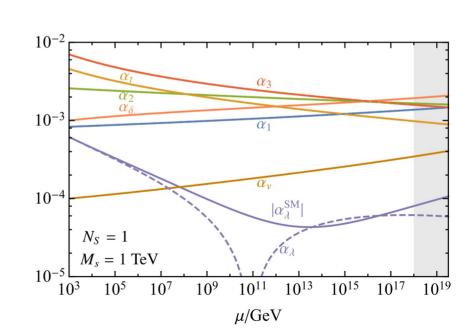
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» Scalar Portal

[Hiller, Höhne, Litim, TS 2024]

$$V_{H,S} = \lambda (H^{\dagger}H)^{2} + \frac{\delta}{\delta} (H^{\dagger}H)(S^{T}S) + v(S^{T}S)^{2}$$
Portal coupling

$$\beta_{\lambda} = \beta_{\lambda}^{\text{SM}} + \mathcal{N}_{\delta}^{2}$$



Summary

- » evidence for metastability of SM persists
- » more precision measurements of $\alpha_s^{(5)}(M_Z)$ and M_t necessary to exclude stability at 5σ
- » correlation important
- » understanding of MC Top mass required
- » instability is RG dominated

Summary

- » evidence for metastability of SM persists
- » more precision measurements of $lpha_s^{(5)}(M_Z)$ and M_t necessary to exclude stability at 5σ
- » correlation important
- » understanding of MC Top mass required
- » instability is RG dominated
- » many BSM approaches to address SM instability
- » can be valid until Planck scale
- » testable at current and future colliders