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Properties of the hidden strangeness $P_s(2080)$

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We present a detailed study of the partial decay widths of a spin-parity resonance $J^P = 3/2^- N^*$ with a mass of $\simeq 2070$ MeV obtained from the coupled channel s wave vector-baryon ρN , ωN , ϕN , $K^* \Lambda$ and $K^* \Sigma$ dynamics. This state, which couples strongly to the $K^* \Sigma$ channel, corresponds to a nucleon with a hidden strange quark content, in analogy to the P_c states discovered by the LHCb collaboration, and we denote it as $P_s(2080)$. A state with such a nature can decay to vector-baryon, pseudoscalar-baryon, and pseudoscalar-baryon resonance channels, involving triangular loops in the latter two cases. As we will show, the partial decay widths to pseudoscalar-baryon resonance channels, like $\pi N^*(1535)$, $\pi N^*(1650)$, $K \Lambda(1405)$, are comparable to those related to ground state baryons in the final state, like πN , ηN , $K \Lambda$. In this way, reactions involving such lighter baryon resonances in the final state can be used as an alternative source of information on the properties of a N^* with hidden strangeness.

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