

Polarised calculations with POWHEG-BOX-RES

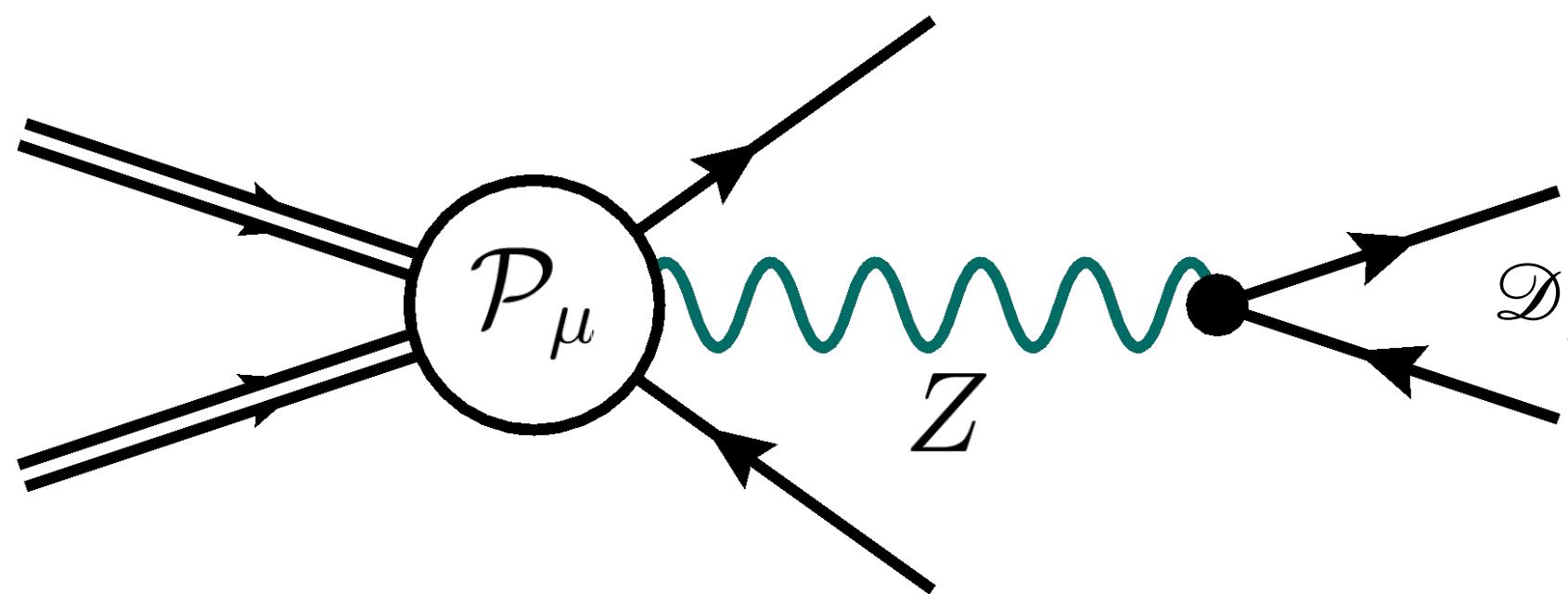
Uli Haisch, **Jakob Linder**, Giovanni Pelliccioli
& Giulia Zanderighi

Max Planck Institute for Physics

1. Polarisation splitting of amplitudes
2. Double pole approximation
3. NLO corrections
4. Fixed order results
5. Matching to Parton shower
6. SMEFT extension

1. Polarisation splitting of amplitudes

Separating polarisations in amplitudes



$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{A}^{\text{unpol}} &= \mathcal{P}_\mu \frac{-g^{\mu\nu}}{k^2 - m_Z^2 + i\Gamma_Z m_Z} \mathcal{D}_\nu \\ &= \mathcal{P}_\mu \frac{\sum_\lambda \epsilon_\lambda^\mu(k) \epsilon_\lambda^{*\nu}(k)}{k^2 - m_Z^2 + i\Gamma_Z m_Z} \mathcal{D}_\nu \\ &\rightarrow \mathcal{P}_\mu \frac{\epsilon_\lambda^\mu(k) \epsilon_\lambda^{*\nu}(k)}{k^2 - m_Z^2 + i\Gamma_Z m_Z} \mathcal{D}_\nu \equiv \mathcal{A}_\lambda\end{aligned}$$

Cross section level [Ballestrero et al. 1710.09339, Denner GP 2006.14867]:

$$|\mathcal{A}^{\text{unpol}}|^2 = \underbrace{\sum_\lambda |\mathcal{A}_\lambda|^2}_{\text{incoherent sum}} + \underbrace{\sum_{\lambda \neq \lambda'} \mathcal{A}_\lambda^* \mathcal{A}_{\lambda'}^*}_{\text{interference terms}}$$

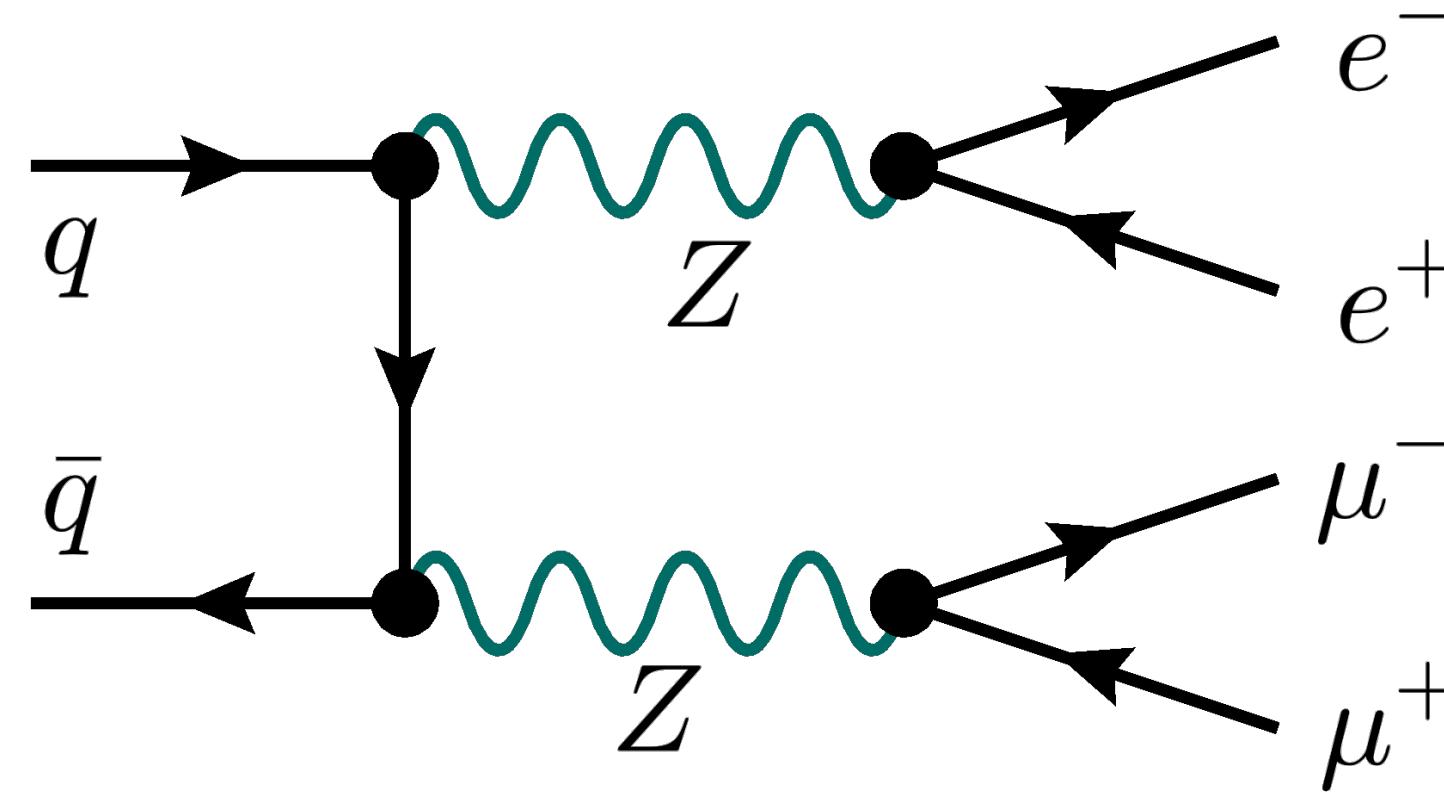
→ $|\mathcal{A}_\lambda|^2 \propto$ polarised cross section

Polarisation states are not Lorentz invariant:

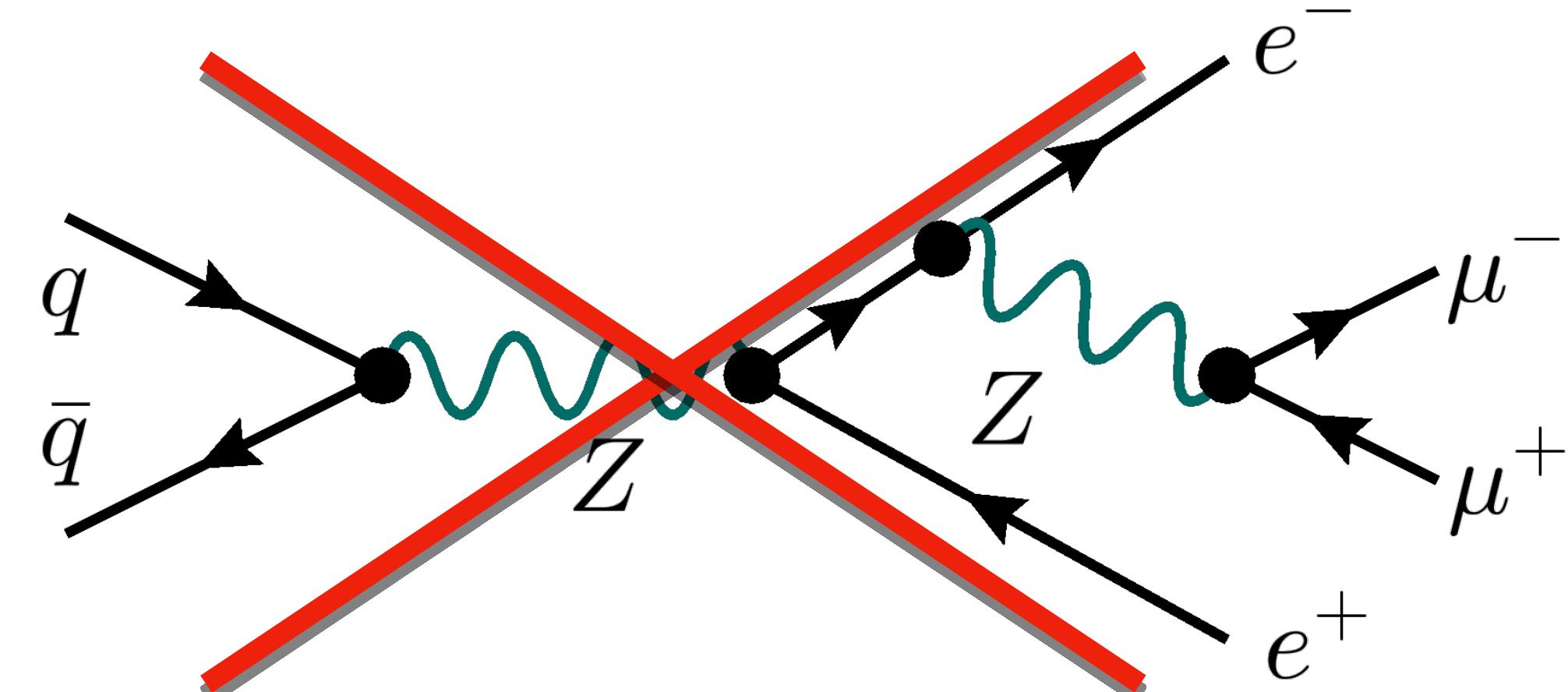
→ Defined in **VV-CM frame** for diboson production

2. Double Pole Approximation

Factorised amplitude: **production** \times **propagator** \times **decay**



(Double) Resonant



Non-resonant/ single resonant

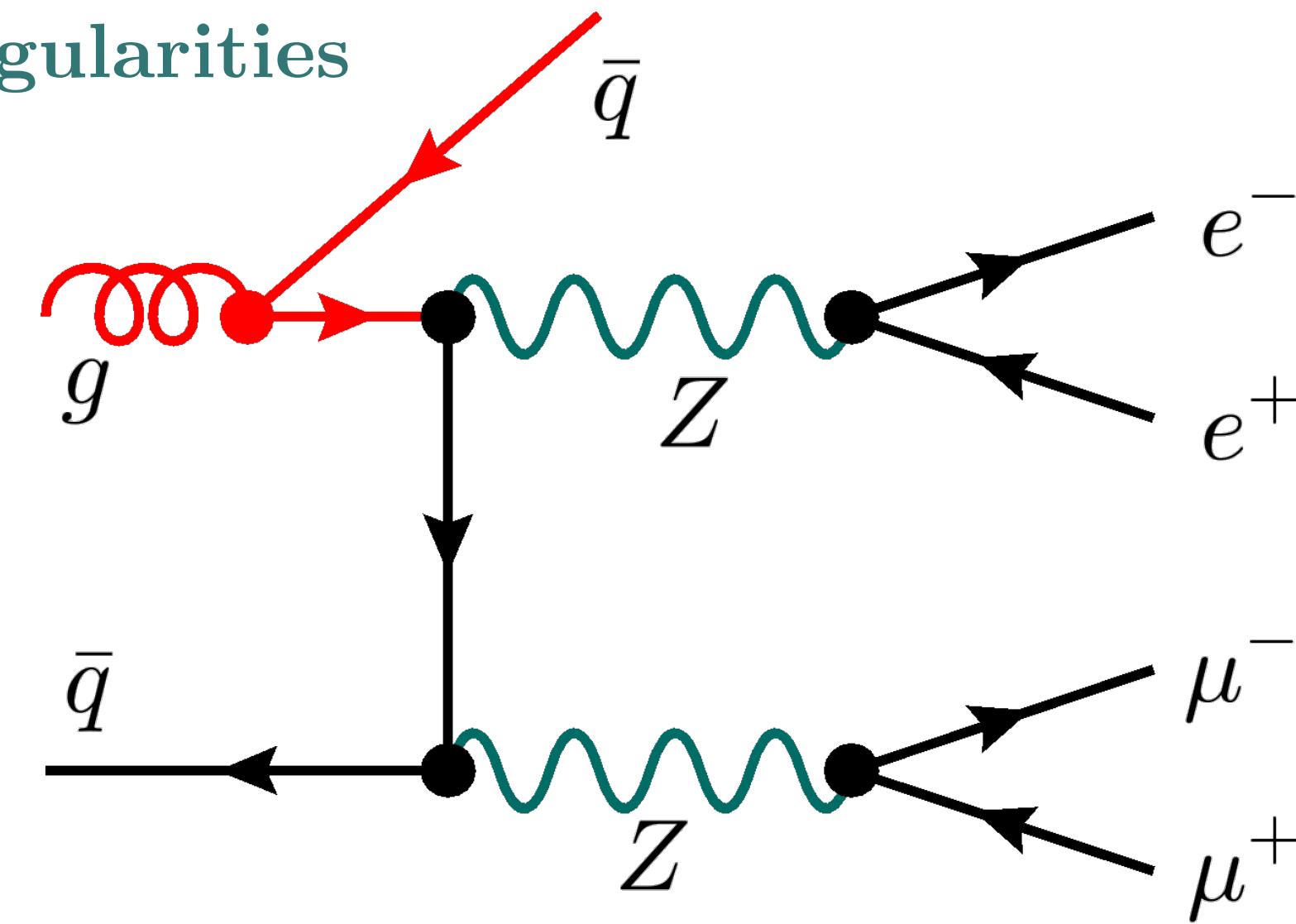
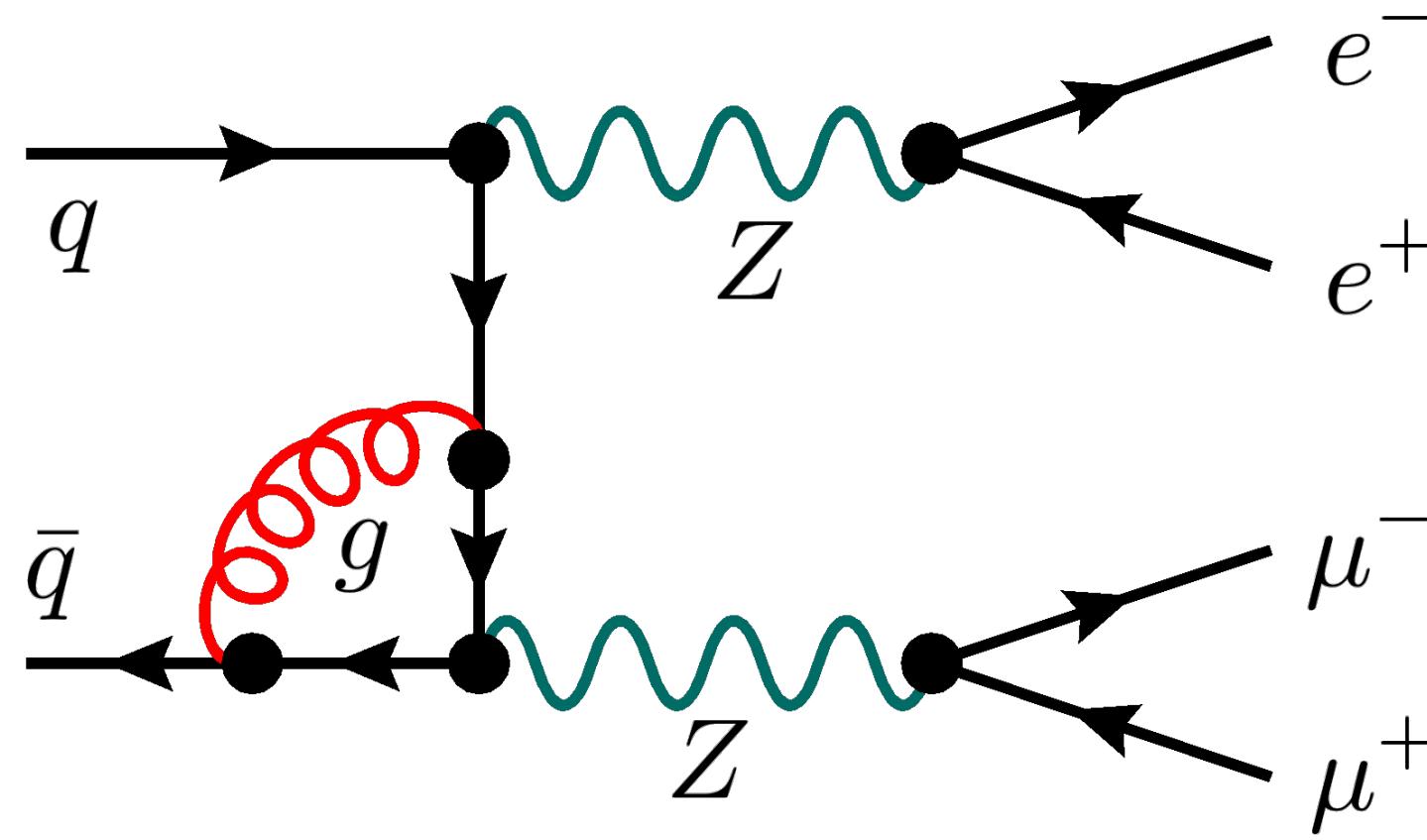
Gauge invariance? \rightarrow **Double pole approximation** [Denner et al. 0006307]

- Project momenta in numerator of Z-propagator to on-shell momenta (keep denominator):

$$(p_{e^-} + p_{e^+})^2 \rightarrow (\bar{p}_{e^-} + \bar{p}_{e^+})^2 = M_Z^2$$

3. NLO corrections (to the production)

Virtual (V) and real (R) corrections: $V+R$ free of IR singularities



- Corrections for production of resonances
- Subtraction to get separately finite integrals:

$$\frac{d\sigma^{\text{NLO}}}{d\xi} = \int d\Phi_6 \left(B + V + \int d\Phi_{\text{rad}} \mathcal{C} \right) \delta_\xi^{(6)} + \int d\Phi_{6+1} \left(R \delta_\xi^{(6+1)} - \mathcal{C} \delta_\xi^{(6)} \right)$$

- **POWHEG-BOX-RES** uses **FKS** [Frixione et. al. hep-ph/9512328, hep-ph/9706545]
- **DPA** needs to be applied to V , R and \mathcal{C} too.
- All contribution specific to a polarisation

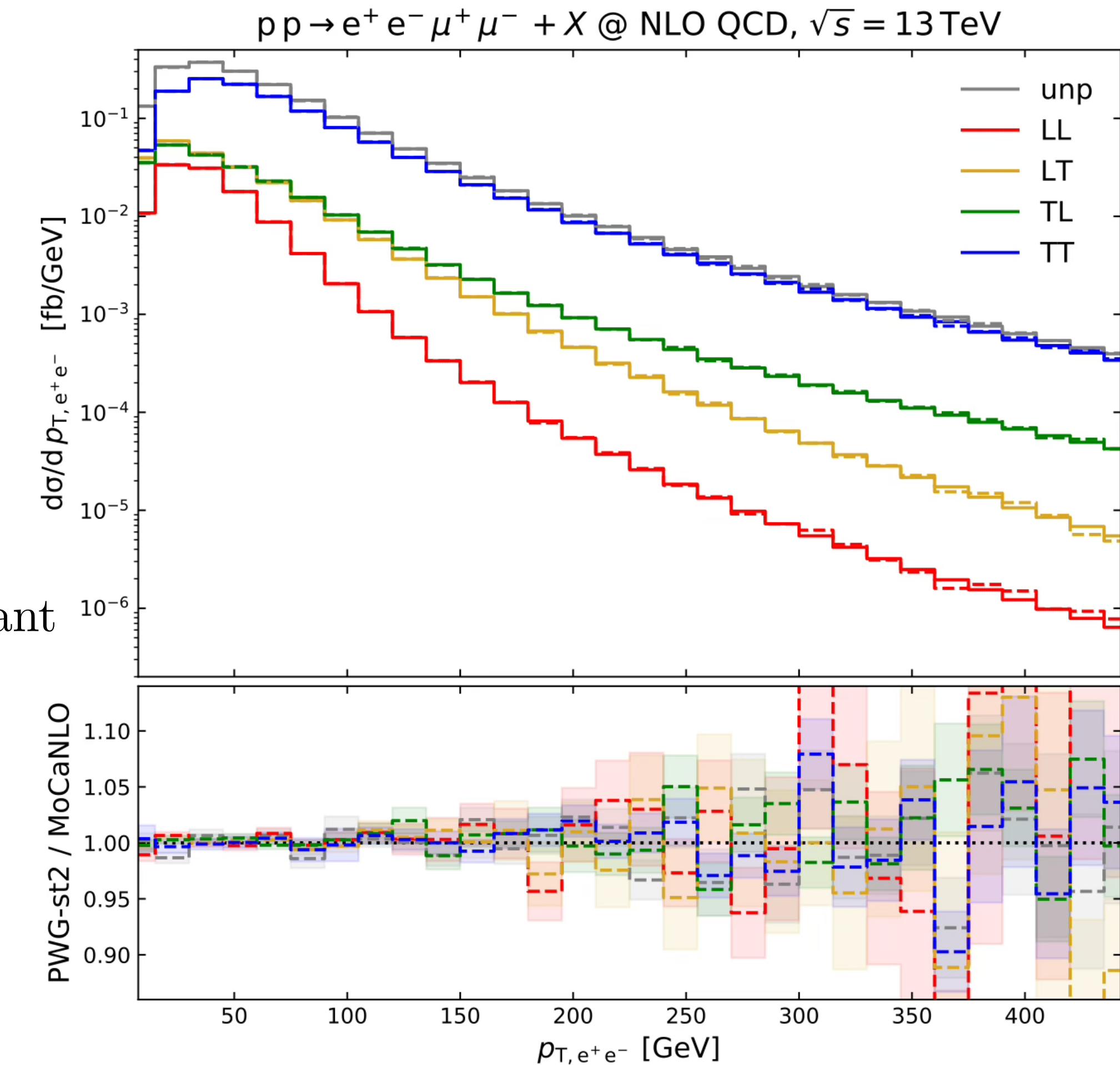
4. Fixed order results [Pelliccioli, Zanderighi 2311.05220]

Available processes

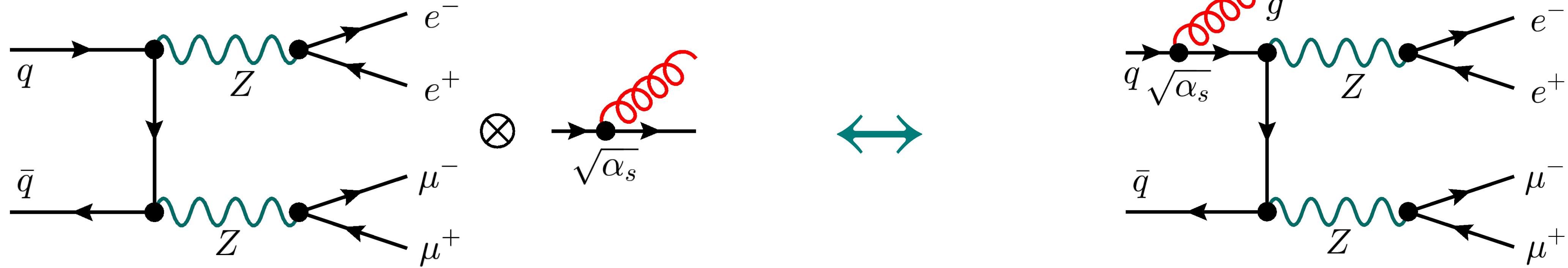
- $p p \rightarrow W_\lambda^+ (\ell^+ \nu_\ell) W_{\lambda'}^- (\ell'^- \bar{\nu}_{\ell'})$ [Denner, Pelliccioli 2006.14867]
- $p p \rightarrow W_\lambda^\pm (\ell^\pm \nu'_{\ell'}) Z_\lambda' (\ell'^+ \ell'^-)$ [Denner, Pelliccioli 2010.07149]
- $p p \rightarrow Z_\lambda (\ell^+ \ell^-) Z_{\lambda'} (\ell'^+ \ell'^-)$ [Denner, Pelliccioli 2107.06579]

- Compared to MoCaNLO with perfect agreement within the integration uncertainties
- E.g.: Inclusive cross sections (in fb) for ZZ with only invariant mass cut: $81 \text{ GeV} < M_{\ell^+ \ell^-} < 101 \text{ GeV}$

state	POWHEG-Box-RES	MoCaNLO
$Z_U Z_U$	$28.22(1)^{+2.9\%}_{-2.3\%}$	$28.21(2)^{+2.9\%}_{-2.4\%}$
$Z_L Z_L$	$1.664(1)^{+3.0\%}_{-2.4\%}$	$1.664(2)^{+3.0\%}_{-2.5\%}$
$Z_L Z_T$	$3.551(2)^{+3.7\%}_{-2.9\%}$	$3.548(1)^{+3.6\%}_{-3.0\%}$
$Z_T Z_L$	$3.554(2)^{+3.7\%}_{-3.0\%}$	$3.548(2)^{+3.6\%}_{-3.0\%}$
$Z_T Z_T$	$19.46(1)^{+2.6\%}_{-2.1\%}$	$19.45(1)^{+2.6\%}_{-2.1\%}$



5. Matching to Parton shower



POWHEG master formula [Nason 0409146]

$$\langle \mathcal{O} \rangle = \int d\Phi_6 \overline{B}(\tilde{\Phi}_6) \left[\mathcal{O}(\tilde{\Phi}_6) \Delta(p_\perp^{\min}) + \int_{p_\perp > p_\perp^{\min}} d\Phi_{\text{rad}} \mathcal{O}(\tilde{\Phi}_6, \Phi_{\text{rad}}) \frac{R(\tilde{\Phi}_6, \Phi_{\text{rad}})}{B(\tilde{\Phi}_6)} \Delta(p_\perp) \right]$$

NLO-accurate \overline{B} weight:

$$\overline{B}(\tilde{\Phi}_6) = B(\tilde{\Phi}_6) + V_{\text{reg}}(\tilde{\Phi}_6) + \int d\Phi_{6+\text{rad}} \left[R(\tilde{\Phi}_6, \Phi_{\text{rad}}) - \mathcal{C}(\tilde{\Phi}_6, \Phi_{\text{rad}}) \right],$$

Sudakov form factor

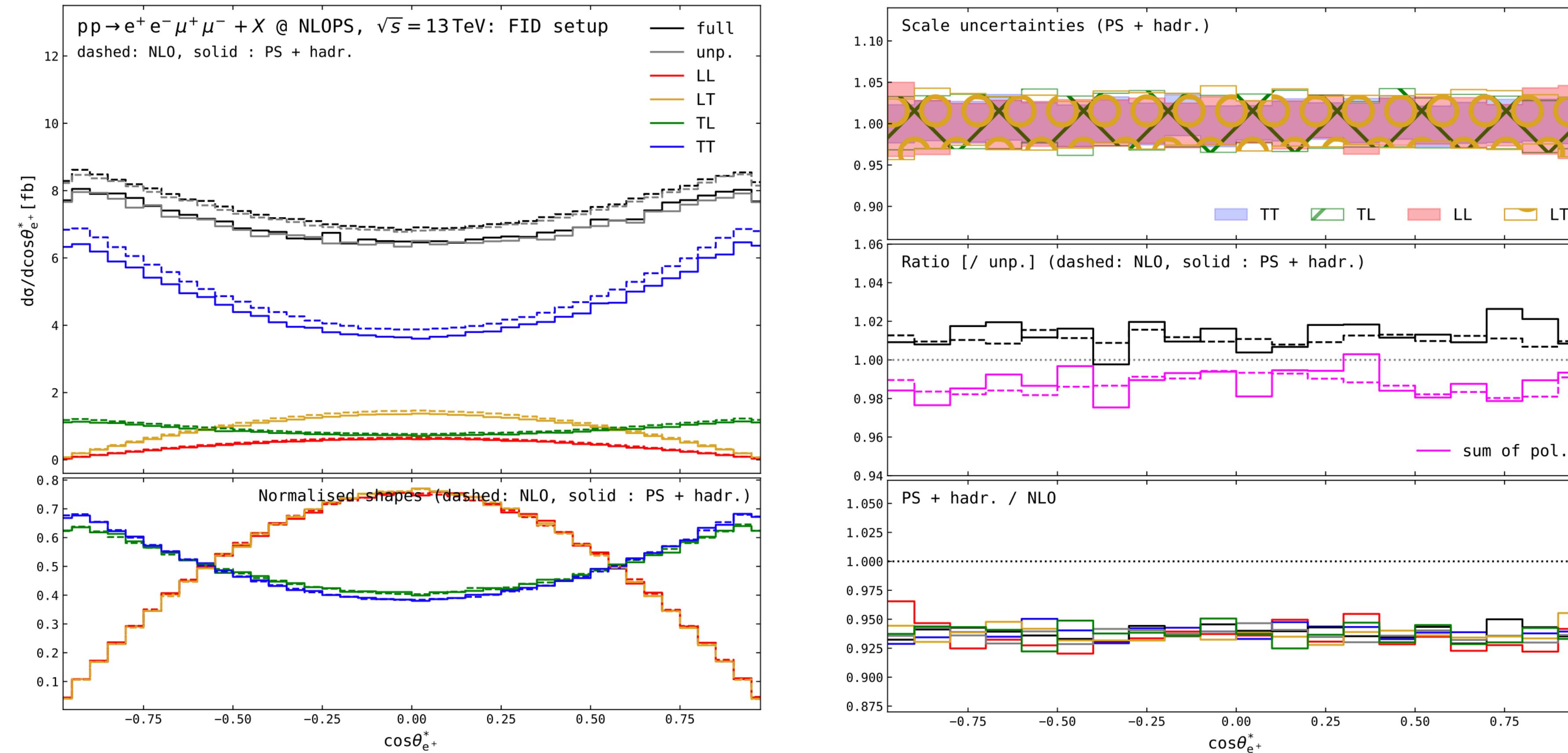
$$\Delta(p_\perp) = \exp \left(- \int_{k_\perp(\Phi_{6+\text{rad}}) > p_\perp} d\Phi_{\text{rad}} \frac{R(\tilde{\Phi}_6, \Phi_{\text{rad}})}{B(\tilde{\Phi}_6)} \right)$$

FKS mapping, followed by **DPA** on-shell mapping

$$\Phi_6 = \{x_1, x_2, p_{1\dots 4}\} \xrightarrow{\text{FKS}^{-1}} (\overline{\Phi}_6, \Phi_{\text{rad}}) = \{\bar{x}_1, \bar{x}_2, \bar{p}_{1\dots 4}, p_{\text{rad}}\} \xrightarrow{\text{DPA}} (\tilde{\Phi}_6, \Phi_{\text{rad}}) = \{\bar{x}_1, \bar{x}_2, \tilde{\bar{p}}_{1\dots 4}, p_{\text{rad}}\}$$

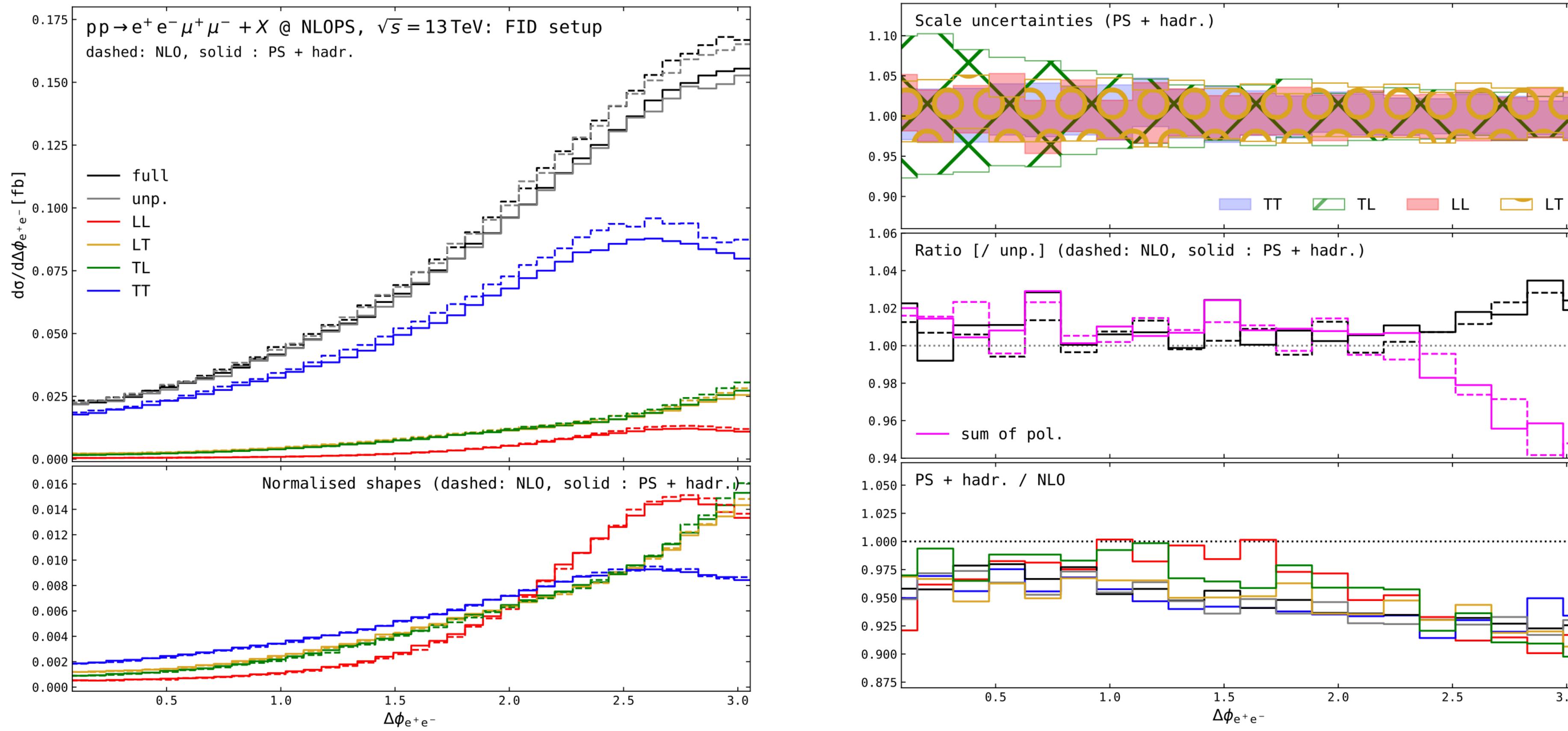
5. Matching to Parton shower

Decay angle of e^+ in the Z boson rest frame, w.r.t. the direction of the Z in the VV-CM



5. Matching to Parton shower

Azimuthal distance of e^+ and e^- in LAB frame



5. Matching to Parton shower

Comparison with ATLAS measurement [ATLAS 2310.04350]

fraction	PowHEG-Box-RES	MoCANLO	MoCANLO	measured
	PS+hadr (our work)	TH (QCD)	TH (QCD+EW+gg)	
L L	$5.84^{+0.03}_{-0.05}$	5.9	5.8	7.1 ± 1.7
L T + T L	$25.41^{+0.08}_{-0.07}$	25.3	23.2	22.8 ± 1.1
T T	$67.52^{+0.09}_{-0.13}$	67.4	69.8	69.0 ± 2.7
interference	1.28	1.3	1.2	1.1 ± 0.1

6. SMEFT extension

$$\mathcal{L}^{\text{eff.}} = \mathcal{L}^{\text{SM}} + \sum_i \frac{c_6^i}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_6^i + \dots$$

Anomalous triple gauge couplings (ATGC) in $W^+ Z$

$$\mathcal{O}_{WWW} = -\frac{g_w^3}{4} \epsilon_{ijk} W_{\mu\nu}^i W^{\nu\rho} j W_{\rho}^{\mu k},$$

$$\mathcal{O}_W = -ig_w (D_\mu \Phi)^\dagger \frac{\tau_k}{2} W^{\mu\nu k} (D_\nu \Phi),$$

$$\mathcal{O}_B = +i \frac{g_1}{2} (D_\mu \Phi)^\dagger B^{\mu\nu} (D_\nu \Phi),$$

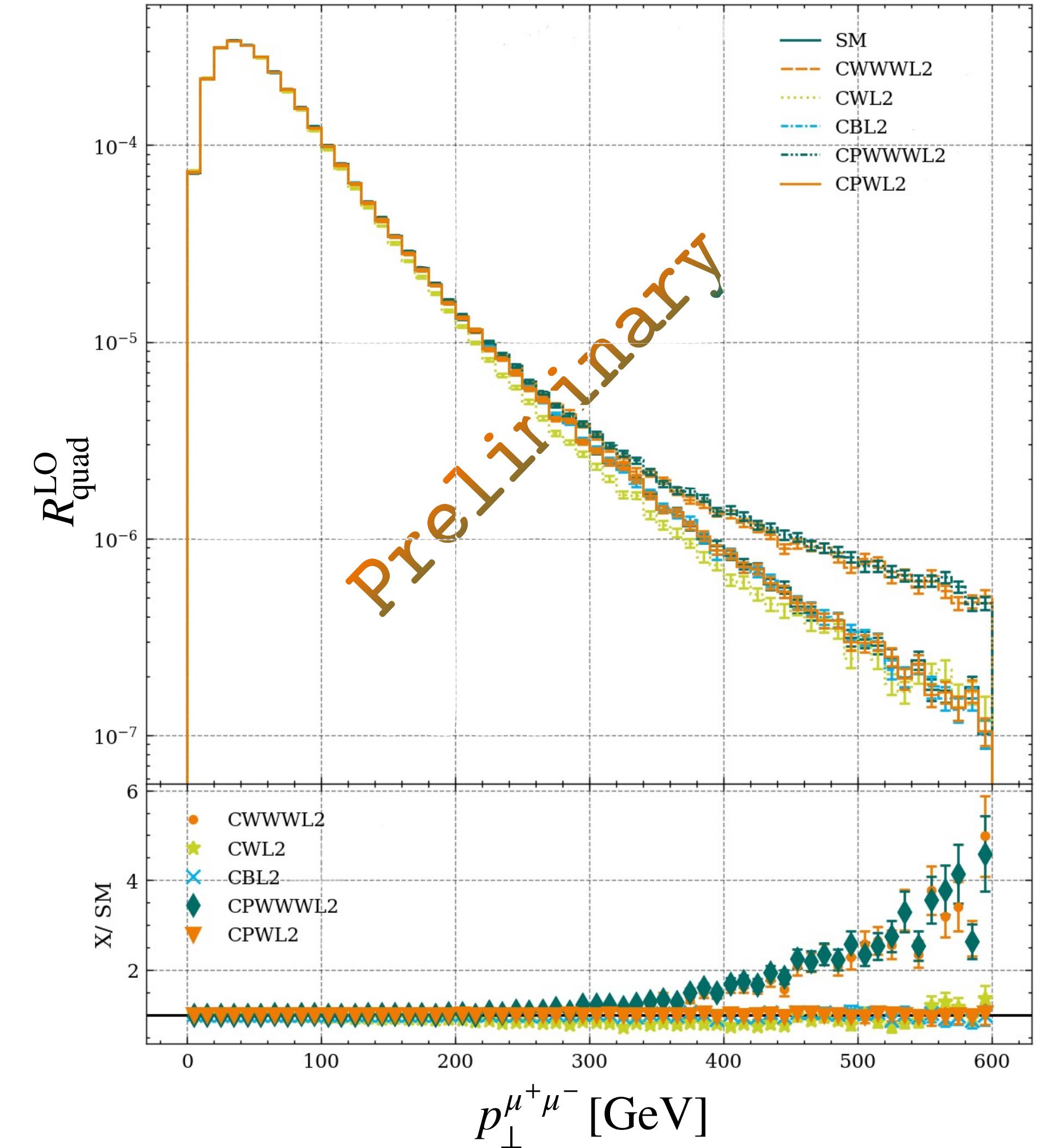
$$\mathcal{O}_{\widetilde{W}WW} = +\frac{g_w^3}{4} \epsilon_{ijk} \widetilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^i W^{\nu\rho} j W_{\rho}^{\mu k},$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{\widetilde{W}} = +ig_w (D_\mu \Phi)^\dagger \frac{\tau_k}{2} \widetilde{W}^{\mu\nu k} (D_\nu \Phi),$$

- Test ATGC (without DPA) against RECOLA2+ATGC [Chiesa et al.

1804.01477]:

$$R_{\text{quad}}^{\text{LO}} = \frac{d(\sigma_{\text{SM}^2} + \sigma_{\text{SM}\times\text{EFT}} + \sigma_{\text{EFT}^2})^{\text{LO QCD}} / dp_\perp^{\mu^+\mu^-}}{d\sigma_{\text{SM}^2}^{\text{LO QCD}} / dp_\perp^{\mu^+\mu^-}}$$



Conclusion

- POWHEG-BOX-RES capable of dealing with polarised states in diboson production.
- SM study already done, at exact NLO QCD accuracy matched to PYTHIA shower.
- SM package broadly validated [Pelliccioli, Zanderighi 2311.05220].
- Extension towards POWHEG-BOX-RES + Recola 2 to examine BSM effects in polarisations.
- Not yet public (hopefully made public soon).

Thank you for your attention!