

Search for BSM Physics in High-Mass Diphoton Events at CMS

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BSM Searches, Why Care?



The Standard Model (SM) has been great!

But we are also aware that it's not the ultimate theory..

Theoretical concerns:

Hierarchy problem, Fine tuning, Why 3 generations?, Unification... Observational issues:

Baryon asymmetry, Dark matter, Gravity, Neutrino mass...

Going Beyond SM is inevitable!

MANY clever ideas from theorists to tackle SM limitations

In most cases, these imply the <u>existence of new fields/particles</u>

Samadhan Kamble | BSM Searches in Diphoton final state | PPC, Oct 16, 2024



Sector

BSM Searches, Why Care?





Outline



- •• Introduction & Motivations
- ↔ Selections & Categorization
- ↔ Resonant Signal & Background Modelling
- ↔ Resonant Results
- •• Non-resonant Signal & Background Modelling
- → Non-Resonant Results
- → Summary & Outlook

Motivations

CMS

Several BSM theories addressing SM limitations predict high-mass states decaying to photon pairs

- Extended Higgs sector
 - BSM Higgs(es), Is the SM Higgs alone?
 - **nHDMs** (h, H, A, H+/-), MSSM, etc.
- > Extra dimensions models: Gravitons
 - Addressing the EW Hierarchy problem
 - e.g., Randall-Sundrum (RS) models (Phys. Rev. Lett. 83, 3370)
 - ★ proposes the existence of extra spatial dimensions
 - ★ **"warped"**: inaccessible to most particles except for gravity → hierarchy!





The Strategy in a Nutshell



- Search for new (non-)resonant particles decaying to photon pairs
- Full Run 2 CMS data (138 fb⁻¹,13 TeV)



- Intriguing excesses: warrants more investigation
- Diphoton: Clean signal over smooth/well-known bkg

I. <u>Resonant</u>

- Classic collider methodology in BSM searches
- Bump hunt: 'Look for unexpected peaks on a smooth background'



II. NON-RESONANT

- Tightly spaced states
 →unresolvable as peaks
- Non-reso excess: deviation to the expected slope of the SM bkg
- Benchmark signals:
 - Arkani-Hamed, Dimopoulos, Dvali (ADD), large extra dims, Spin-2 gravitons
 - Clockwork mechanisms

- Explore diphoton inv. mass spectra > 500 GeV
- Benchmark signals:
 - Spin-0 BSM Higgs (\(\Gamma_x\)/M_x = 0.014, 1.4, 5.6 %)
 - Spin-2 RS1 gravitons. (k/M_{pl} - 0.01, 0.1, 0.2)

Selections & Categorization





Resonant Signal & Background Modelling



Bkq:

- Data driven modeling
- Fit Mgg by functional forms to data,
- Best-fit function from discrete profiling scan

Sig:

- Horizontal template morphing scheme,
- Inter/extrapolate Mag shapes
- Offshell production dominates in the ggH process at high mass

Fiducial region:

Remove low-mass tail in ggF spin-O signal

 $|Mass_{gen} - Mass_X|$ < 20%Mass_x



Signal Normalization:

computed as: $[\epsilon \times A] =$ [evt. selection eff. × detector acceptance]



Resonant Results



Upper Limits set on the cross-section for BSM Higgs & RS1 Graviton $\rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

- within fiducial acceptance
- total 6 sig categories: (BB + BE) x (3yrs)
- higher mass exclusion wrt ATLAS result
 - CMS: 4.8 TeV
 - ATLAS: 4.5 TeV (<u>JHEP 10 (2023) 079</u>)



Local p-value scanned in both resonance mass and width

- Largest deviation found at $M_x = 1320 \text{ GeV}$, ($\Gamma/M = 5.6 \times 10^{-2}$)
 - Local significance: **2.58** σ
 - Global significance: **0.8o** (LEE)



Non-resonant Sig/Bkg Modelling

ADD signals generated at LO together with the SM diphoton process to account for interference effects

• **Parametrized by:** UV cutoff parameter for the virtual graviton exchange process and number of extra dimensions

Clockwork: reinterpretation of the ADD signals

2 sources of backgrounds:

• <u>Real SM diphoton</u>

Dominant & Irreducible

 \circ Generated with Sherpa & NNLO K-factor from MCFM

Jet misidentified as photon

• Primarily γ +j events ($\pi^{0}/\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$), reducible

 Strategy: Measure `Fake Rate`, a relative rate b/w types of jet fragmentation. Then use it as a transfer function to get expected Fake contribution to background







Non-Resonant Results

Set limits in ADD & clockwork models

ADD Exclusion limits on the Ms : 7.1 - 11.1 TeV (depending on model convention)

Signal:	GRW	Hewett		HLZ				
		negative	positive	$n_{\rm ED} = 3$	$n_{\rm ED} = 4$	$n_{\rm ED} = 5$	$n_{\rm ED} = 6$	$n_{\rm ED} = 7$
Expected:	$8.7\substack{+0.7 \\ -0.6}$	$7.3\substack{+0.3 \\ -0.3}$	$7.8\substack{+0.6 \\ -0.5}$	$10.3\substack{+0.8 \\ -0.7}$	$8.7\substack{+0.7 \\ -0.6}$	$7.9\substack{+0.6 \\ -0.5}$	$7.3\substack{+0.6 \\ -0.5}$	$6.9\substack{+0.6 \\ -0.5}$
Observed:	9.3	7.1	8.3	11.1	9.3	8.4	7.8	7.4

Clockwork exclusion limits set on 2D M5-k space

- Excluded M5 values below 8 TeV for k between 0.2 GeV and 2.0 TeV
- Comparable sensitivity with ATLAS (JHEP 10 (2023) 079)









- Presented recent CMS Searches for new physics performed in high mass diphoton events from p-p collisions at 13 TeV
- Both Resonant and Non-resonant signals were probed



Outlook

To new beginnings..

<u>CMS:</u>

Largest excess: 1320 GeV

2.58 σ local, 0.77 σ global

ATLAS:

Largest excess: ~684 GeV

Spin-0 (NWA), Spin-2 (k/MPI = 0.01)

3.29*σ* local, 1.30(1.36)*σ* global: Spin-0(Spin-2)

Analysis ongoing, Several improvements in consideration!







THANK YOU!

*<u>Acknowledgement</u>: some info adopted directly from (pre-)approval talks, thanks to presenters!

Stay tuned..