The KM3NeT Neutrino Telescope: Results from First Data

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Underwater astronomy and high-exposure accumulator of atmospheric neutrinos using an instrumented portion of the Mediterranean Sea as a detector medium.

[J.Phys.G:Nucl.Part.Phys.43 084001 (2016)]

KM3NeT: layout



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Current status: 28 lines ARCA, 23 lines ORCA connected and recording data

Once completed:

 $2\,\times\,500$ Mton ARCA, 7 Mton ORCA

Optical module: 31 × 3" PMTs Digital photon counting Directional information Wide angle of view



...all data transmitted to shore via optical fiber

- Still Salles

Very-large volume Cherenkov neutrino detector



Look through the Earth for leptons from $\nu \rightarrow$ lepton conversion. $\sigma_{\nu \rightarrow l} \sim 10^{-38} \text{ cm}^2$ at 1 GeV! Low rate \rightarrow very large (natural) reservoirs of transparent medium. Scattering length influences pointing precision.

Very-large volume Cherenkov neutrino detector data



Times, positions of hit PMTs \rightarrow arrival direction coordinatesNumber of hit PMTs \rightarrow energyShape \rightarrow flavour of associated lepton

Performance: pointing



KM3NeT reconstructs two classes of events:

Tracks: predominantly $\nu_{\mu}CC$; angular resolution down to 0.1° at 1 PeV - fly-through **Showers**: predominantly ν_e CC or any NC; angular resolution 1° at 1 PeV - contained

Tracks and showers are not univocally discriminated depending on their energy



Example: 1 GeV muon leaves a track of a few metres in water. ORCA granularity: 23×9 m

Water over ice?

Larger scattering length: direct photons \rightarrow better **pointing** and **particle identification** capability. Noise from radioactive ${}^{40}K$ decays, natural luminescence in sea easily identifiable.



Figure: Simulation of light from a 10 TeV cascade in ice (left) and water (right).

High-energy neutrinos are expected from collisions yielding particles such as π^{\pm} and μ^{\pm} , through pp and $p\gamma$ scattering, taking place in different environments, steady or with flares



- Neutrino astronomy: backtracking sources
 - As a correlation with underlying catalogue
 - Jets of active galactic nuclei (AGNs)
 - Ø Starburst galaxies, star-forming galaxies
 - S Expanding front of supernova remnants
 - Gamma-ray bursts
 - IceCube HE events
 - As autocorrelation or clusters in space (-time)
- Search for a diffuse excess and measurement of its energy spectrum. Accelerator properties.
- Search for prompt multimessenger coincidences

Neutrino astronomy in the making: experimental challenge

Astrophysical neutrinos: atmospheric neutrinos: atmospheric muons = $1:10^4:10^{10}$



Observation of an ultra-high-energy cosmic ν with KM3NeT



- Recorded with 21-line configuration of KM3NeT/ARCA
- Huge light deposit: 35% of the detector (3672 photomultipliers) triggered; likely multiple tens of PeV
- Consistent with neutrino signal, horizontally crossing the detector traversing continental shelf: not an atmospheric muon





Observation of an ultra-high-energy cosmic ν with KM3NeT

Really a unique event or *beginners' luck* when compared with expected yearly rate of atmospheric muons + cosmic neutrinos.



Observation of an ultra-high-energy cosmic ν with KM3NeT



Search for a cosmic component in the ν energy spectrum

Analysis wishes to identify high-energy excess over the atmospheric ν , diffuse over full sky or from the region of the Galactic Plane.



Search for point sources (all-sky)

Assuming ν flux $\propto E^{-2}$, KM3NeT/ARCA will reach comparable level to IceCube for the Northern Hemisphere, and improve by almost a factor 2 for the Southern Hemisphere



Figure: Upper limits at 90% C.L. reached with KM3NeT/ARCA [PoS(ICRC2023)1018]. Red circles are 2.5° around the candidate source positions.

In hypothesis of hadronic emission, computing ν flux from γ -ray flux, several **extended Galactic sources** will be observable in a few years of operation.



Example of γ -ray emission as seen by H.E.S.S.



Expected ν fluxes (assumed 100% hadronic scenario)



Sensitivity at 90% CL as a function of the observation time

Flares, transients and other sources with time variability (GRBs, gravitational waves, SN)

Example: flares caused by hadronic emission on top of quiescent state \rightarrow Prompt alerting system associated with rapid online analysis and pointing directions for telescopes

KM3NeT is getting ready to send and receive alerts in multi-messenger network

SN pipeline already active for real-time analysis
KM3NeT will replace ANTARES in follow up of alerts (ATel, GCN via AMON)





Oscillations, mass ordering and related observables

Flavour-related observables require particle identification in detector (e, μ , τ lepton?). Ideal region for search is GeV and just above, at the first disappearance peak.



Evidence for atmospheric neutrino oscillations

Oscillations are seen with significance > 6σ in L/E distributions through ν_{μ} disappearance with KM3NeT/ORCA 715 kton-years data set (6+10+11 detector lines).



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Best fit: $\sin^2 \theta_{23} = 0.50^{+0.07}_{-0.07} \Delta m_{31}^2 = -2.09^{+0.17}_{-0.21} \cdot 10^{-3} \text{eV}^2$. Data display a slight preference for inverted ordering. 1.6 Mton-y of data awaiting.



Neutrino mass ordering

Matter resonance at 5 GeV affects: ν if normal ordering (NO), $\bar{\nu}$ if inverted ordering (IO).



Figure: Right: oscillation probabilities $\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{\mu}$ and $\nu_{e} \rightarrow \nu_{\mu}$ for different energies and baselines. The solid (dashed) lines are for NO (IO), ν (left) and $\bar{\nu}$ (right).

Matter resonance at 5 GeV affects: ν if normal ordering (NO), $\bar{\nu}$ if inverted ordering (IO). Sensitivity due to ν - $\bar{\nu}$ asymmetry in flux and cross section. Both μ - and *e*-channels contribute.



Expected sensitivity: number of expected events with normal/inverted hierarchy $(N_{IH} - N_{NH})/N_{NH}$

and relative χ^2 . Left: muons; right: electrons. Electron channel is more robust against detector resolution. Neutrino telescopes are versatile instruments! Exploiting two features

- At 1-100 GeV energies: effects that alter oscillations of atmospheric neutrinos, which are measured with high statistics
- At TeV-PeV energies: limits from cosmic neutrinos: effects that scale with energy or accumulate along large distances
 - Non-standard interactions (NSI)
 - Neutrino quantum decoherence
 - Neutrino decay
 - Sterile neutrinos
 - Violation of Lorentz Invariance with effects on oscillations
 - Neutrinos from annihilation of dark matter particles
 - Heavy Neutral Leptons via double cascades at low energy

Summary

KM3NeT/ARCA - current status: 28 lines, outperforming predecessor ANTARES

- exceptional multi-PeV event recorded ...publication coming out soon.
- **②** able to detect the diffuse flux observed by IceCube with 5σ significance in half a year
- Sensitivity to astrophysical sources in the Southern Hemisphere improves by almost 2 orders of magnitude with respect to IceCube

KM3NeT/ORCA - current status: 23 detection line, 1.6 Mton-year recorded data

- Measurement of neutrino oscillations and best fit of oscillation parameters
- Seach for new physics: ν_{τ} normalization factor, NSI, quantum decoherence, violation of Lorentz invariance, neutrino decay, dark matter through indirect detection

KM3NeT: building roadmap



Backup

ANTARES decommissioning



ANTARES decommissioning



ANTARES decommissioning



Produced in stellar core collapse at the end of stellar evolution like SN1987A. Real-time search for simoultaneous rate raise in DOMs [PoS(ICRC2021)941]



Figure: Left: SN events expected from 3 simulated progenitors at ORCA and ARCA as a function of different multiplicity values compared with BG rates. Right: Sensitivity as a function of distance.

Neutrino mass eigenstates lose their coherent superposition due to interactions with the environment \rightarrow oscillation amplitude is suppressed [https://doi.org/10.22323/1.444.1025]



LHC has detected **no new particles** \Rightarrow interest turns towards possible **new operators** that can be constructed: modifications of the Standard Model that manifest themselves indirectly.

SM effective theory (SMEFT) = SM + dimension 6 operators + ...

All dimension-4 operators that observe Lorenz invariance and gauge symmetry are already contained in the SM. Next possible trial is dimension $6 \Rightarrow$ this brings in new terms in the Hamiltonian \Rightarrow new vertex \Rightarrow modified interaction.

Non-standard interactions of neutrinos (NSI)

Neutral current forward scattering of neutrinos inside the Earth is modified \rightarrow Flavour-dependent matter effects alter neutrino oscillations inside the Earth. [https://doi.org/10.22323/1.444.0998]



Sterile neutrinos

Motivation: (3+1) models with $\Delta m_{41}^2 \sim 1 \text{ eV}^2$ might explain short baseline anomalies. KM3NeT is sensitive to mixing angles Θ_{24} and Θ_{34} .

