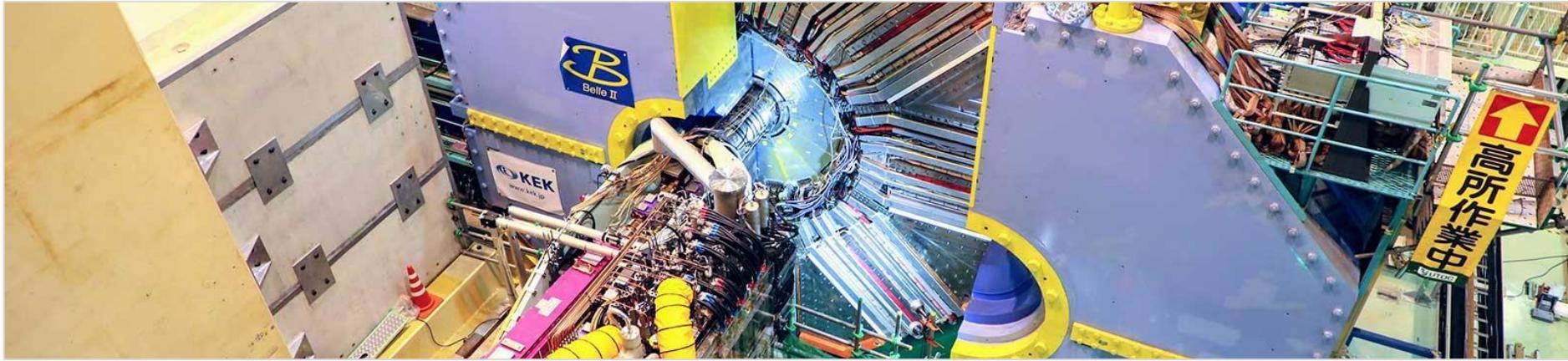


b2luigi - Bringing Batch 2 luigi!

PyHEP.dev 2024 - "Python in HEP" Developer Workshop

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Luigi in a Nutshell

- Building a Pipeline
 - Dependency Resolution
 - Workflow Management
 - Visualisation
 - Handling Failures
 - Command Line Integration
 - ...
- <https://github.com/spotify/luigi>

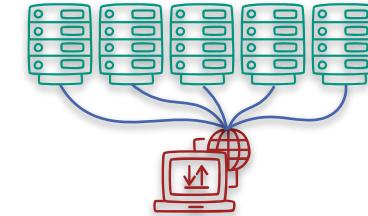
"Hello World" in luigi:

```
class MyTask(luigi.Task):  
    parameter = luigi.Parameter()  
  
    def run(self):  
        do_smth(self.parameter)  
  
    def output(self):  
        return Target("some/file")  
  
    def requires(self):  
        yield OtherTask()
```

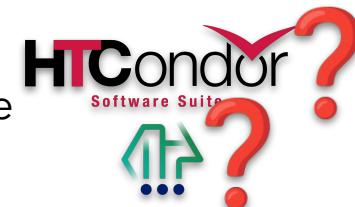


Why b2luigi?

- Many many many jobs!
 - Running batch job = running process
 - **Problem:** Limitation on the number of processes per user
 - **Solution:** Single process on submission machine
- Many many many tasks!
 - **Problem:** Tasks in luigi need to adjust for batch execution specifically
 - **Solution:** Abstract batch submission away from the task
- Which batch system?
 - **Problem:** Batch system usage defined by task instance
 - **Solution:** Batch system usage only defined by config variable

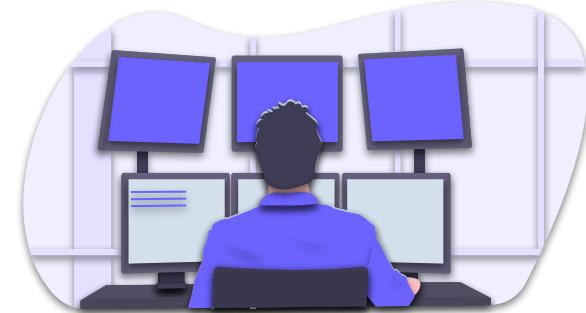


`b2luigi.process(...,batch=True)`



Before we dive into it...

- b2luigi was written by a group of PhD students for their analyses
 - **Goal:** Make everyday work a little bit easier
 - **Not a goal:** Invent the next workflow management system
 - A lot of helper functions on top of luigi
 - Easy transition between luigi and b2luigi
- Since this year Belle II has been the official maintainer
Completely new team of developers
Targeting collaboration (and beyond...) wide use



b2luigi vs luigi

```

import luigi

class MyTask(luigi.Task):
    parameter = luigi.Parameter()

    def run(self):
        with open(f"/my/target/dir/my_output{self.parameter}.file", "w") as f:
            f.write(f"{self.parameter}")

    def output(self):
        return luigi.Target(f"/my/target/dir/my_output{self.parameter}.file")

    def requires(self):
        yield OtherTask()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    luigi.build(
        [MyTask(some_parameter=i) for i in range(100)],
        workers=20
    )
  
```

```

import b2luigi as luigi

class MyTask(luigi.Task):
    parameter = luigi.Parameter()

    def run(self):
        with open(self.get_output_file_name("my_output.file"), "w") as f:
            f.write(f"{self.parameter}")

    def output(self):
        yield self.add_to_output("my_output.file")

    def requires(self):
        yield OtherTask()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    luigi.set_setting("result_dir", "/my/target/dir/")
    luigi.process(
        [MyTask(some_parameter=i) for i in range(100)],
        workers=20
    )
  
```

Automated Output Bookkeeping

```
===== Luigi Execution Summary =====
```

Scheduled 100 tasks of which:

- * 100 ran successfully:
 - 100 MyTask(some_parameter=0,1,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,...)

This progress looks :) because there were no failed tasks or missing dependencies

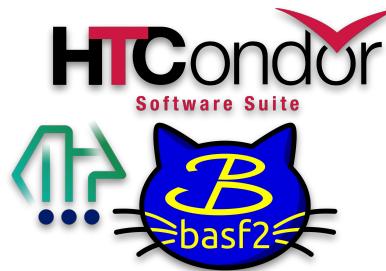
```
===== Luigi Execution Summary =====
```

```
> ls
results simple-example.py
> ls results
'some_parameter=0'  'some_parameter=27'  'some_parameter=45'  'some_parameter=63'  'some_parameter=81'
'some_parameter=1'  'some_parameter=28'  'some_parameter=46'  'some_parameter=64'  'some_parameter=82'
'some_parameter=10'  'some_parameter=29'  'some_parameter=47'  'some_parameter=65'  'some_parameter=83'
'some_parameter=11'  'some_parameter=3'   'some_parameter=48'  'some_parameter=66'  'some_parameter=84'
'some_parameter=12'  'some_parameter=30'  'some_parameter=49'  'some_parameter=67'  'some_parameter=85'
'some_parameter=13'  'some_parameter=31'  'some_parameter=5'   'some_parameter=68'  'some_parameter=86'
'some_parameter=14'  'some_parameter=32'  'some_parameter=50'  'some_parameter=69'  'some_parameter=87'
'some_parameter=15'  'some_parameter=33'  'some_parameter=51'  'some_parameter=7'   'some_parameter=88'
'some_parameter=16'  'some_parameter=34'  'some_parameter=52'  'some_parameter=70'  'some_parameter=89'
'some_parameter=17'  'some_parameter=35'  'some_parameter=53'  'some_parameter=71'  'some_parameter=9'
'some_parameter=18'  'some_parameter=36'  'some_parameter=54'  'some_parameter=72'  'some_parameter=90'
'some_parameter=19'  'some_parameter=37'  'some_parameter=55'  'some_parameter=73'  'some_parameter=91'
'some_parameter=2'   'some_parameter=38'  'some_parameter=56'  'some_parameter=74'  'some_parameter=92'
'some_parameter=20'  'some_parameter=39'  'some_parameter=57'  'some_parameter=75'  'some_parameter=93'
'some_parameter=21'  'some_parameter=4'   'some_parameter=58'  'some_parameter=76'  'some_parameter=94'
'some_parameter=22'  'some_parameter=40'  'some_parameter=59'  'some_parameter=77'  'some_parameter=95'
'some_parameter=23'  'some_parameter=41'  'some_parameter=6'   'some_parameter=78'  'some_parameter=96'
'some_parameter=24'  'some_parameter=42'  'some_parameter=60'  'some_parameter=79'  'some_parameter=97'
'some_parameter=25'  'some_parameter=43'  'some_parameter=61'  'some_parameter=8'   'some_parameter=98'
'some_parameter=26'  'some_parameter=44'  'some_parameter=62'  'some_parameter=80'  'some_parameter=99'
> ls results/some_parameter=0
output_file.txt
```

- The `self.add_to_output` function automatically ensures each output file is unique
- The task's parameter are used to construct a path structure:
 - `result_dir`
 - `some_parameter=1`
 - `my_output.file`
 - `some_parameter=2`
 - `my_output.file`
 -
 - Use `luigi.Parameter`'s `significant` and `hash_function`, as well as the declaration order to control this behaviour

Batch Processing

- Initial motivation: **Make batch submission easy!**
- Currently fully supported:
 - HTCondor
 - LSF
 - Gbasf2 (BelleII@WLCG)
- Challenges:
 - Using your environment**
 - Settings:** env_script, env,..
 - Ensuring consistent locations**
 - Settings:** working_dir, result_dir,...



```
class MyTask(b2luigi.Task):
    batch_system = "htcondor"
```

```
class MyTask(b2luigi.Task):
    @property
    def htcondor_settings(self):
        return {"request_memory": 4096}
```

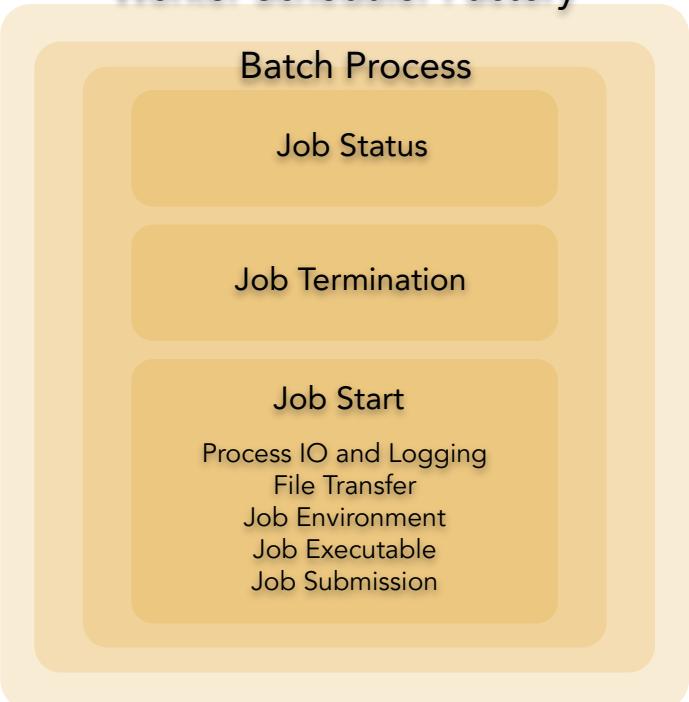
```
b2luigi.set_setting("result_dir", "path/to/result")
```

```
settings.json
{
    "env_script": "setup.sh"
}
```

Batch Processing in b2luigi

- Use of luigi's Worker Scheduler Factory
- Different processes for each batch system
- Batch process handles:
 - Job status
 - Job start
 - Job termination
- Job start consists (mostly) of two steps:
 - Creation of executable wrapper
 - Submission via batch system mechanism

Worker Scheduler Factory



Task Settings

```
class MyTask(b2luigi.Task):  
    some_setting = "some value"
```

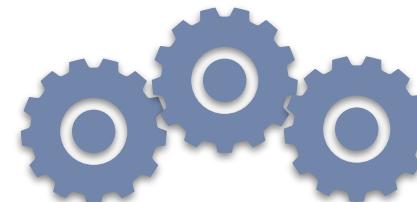
```
class MyTask(b2luigi.Task):  
    @property  
    def some_setting(self):  
        return "some value"
```

```
b2luigi.set_setting("some_setting", "some value")
```

```
settings.json  
{  
    "some_setting": "some value"  
}
```



- Settings are handled by b2luigi!
- Control:
 - Batch system choice
 - Output and log path
 - Environment
 - Workflow specific settings



Example: HTCondor

```

class MyTask(b2luigi.Task):
    parameter = b2luigi.IntParameter()
    batch_system = "htcondor"

    @property
    def executable(self):
        return ["$MY_PYTHON"]

    def output(self):
        yield self.add_to_output("test.txt")

    def run(self):
        with open(self.get_output_file_name("test.txt"), "w") as f:
            f.write(f"Test {self.parameter}")

class Wrapper(b2luigi_WRAPPERTask):
    def requires(self):
        for i in range(100):
            yield MyTask(parameter=i)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    b2luigi.set_setting("env_script", "setup.sh")
    b2luigi.set_setting("result_dir", "results")

b2luigi.process(Wrapper(), batch=True, workers=100)

```

- Script executed on the batch job side
- Location needs to be accessible on the batch job side
- Wrapper tasks need no output
- Definition of the batch system
- Executable for this specific task
 - E.g. environment variable set in setup.sh

Summary & Outlook

- b2luigi provides a simple and flexible implementation to run your workflow on batch systems!
- The abstraction of the batch processing to global settings allows for:
 - Quick change in the submission strategy
 - Simple code and execution
- Outlook
 - Code Maintainability
 - XRootDTarget
 - Grid Tool API

b2luigi

[sphinx latest](#) [license GPL-3.0](#) [pypi v1.0.1](#) [DOI 10.5281/zenodo.11207742](#)

b2luigi is a helper package constructed around luigi that helps you schedule working packages (so-called tasks) locally or on a batch system. Apart from the very powerful dependency management system by luigi, b2luigi extends the user interface and has a built-in support for the queue systems, e.g. LSF and HTCondor.

You can find more information in the [documentation](#). Please note that most of the core features are handled by luigi, which is described in the separate [luigi documentation](#), where you can find a lot of useful information.

If you find any bugs or want to add a feature or improve the documentation, please send me a pull request! Check the [development documentation](#) on information how to contribute.

Contributors are listed [here](#).

This project is still beta. Please be extra cautious when using in production mode.

To get notified about new features, (potentially breaking) changes, bugs and their fixes, I recommend using the [watch](#) button on GitHub to get notifications for new releases and/or issues or to subscribe the [releases feed](#) (requires no GitHub account, just a feed reader).



[Github](#)

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[Zenodo](#)



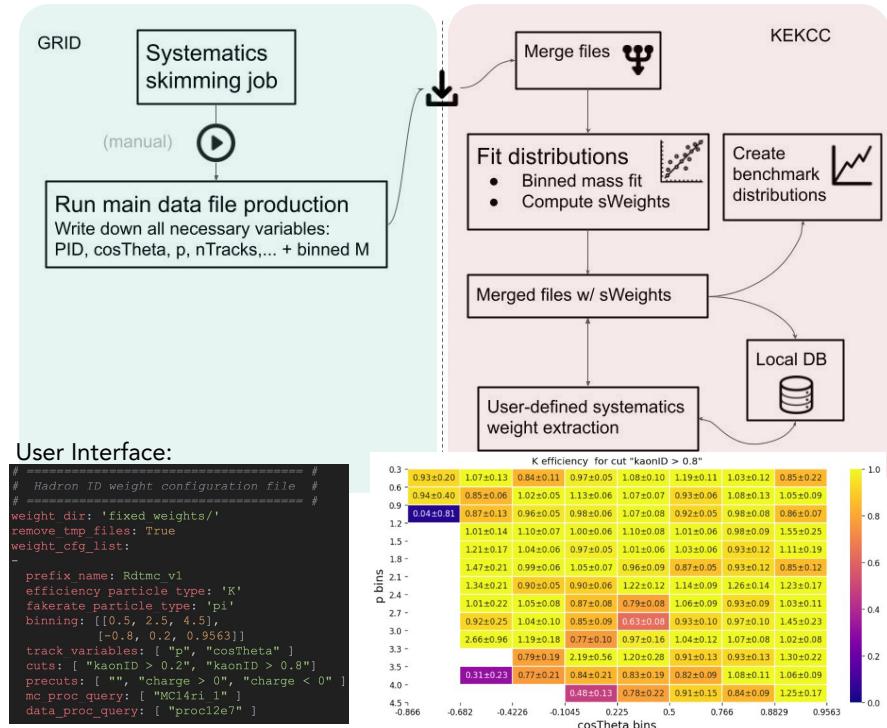
[Documentation](#)



[PyPi](#)

Systematic Corrections Framework

- 2 Stage Algorithm
 - **Ntuple Production**
 - Centrally run for every campaign
 - **Running:** Gbasf2
 - **Data/MC Corrections**
 - User runs their specific selection
 - **Running:** Locally, HTCondor, LSF
- Also: Validation of different datasets



Documentation

Validation Interface for the Belle II Experiment

