PyHEP.dev 2024 - "Python in HEP" Developer's Workshop

Report of Contributions

Type: not specified

Introducing Immortal Objects: building block towards a multi-core Python runtime.

In this presentation, I'll cover memory management in Python starting from the fundamentals. I'll explain the rationale behind the need for PEP 683: "–Immortal Objects, Using a Fixed Refcount", discussing about this change may be unlocking exciting avenues for true parallelism in python.

Objective of talk is to discuss on how and why we need pure immutable objects and fixing the old time issue with them can make Python more powerful!! in terms of code pure parallel execution. Certain objects such as 'None', 'True', and 'False' act as global singletons, shared across the interpreter instead of creating fresh copies each time. However there is a catch even though they are considered immutable these objects were not out of editing their reference count for any new reference or de reference.

The takeaway of this presentation would be :
a) Refresher on object(mutable vs immutable and their significance)
b) Refresher on Life cycle of a python object.
c) Refresher on python memory management with garbage collection
d) How overcoming with pseudo immutable object will be unlocking exciting avenues for true parallelism in Python.

The target audience would be intermediate and advanced Pythonista's. However I will present the information in simple and subtle manner for better understanding of python newbies .

Timeline of a talk : Introduction(1 min) What is a python object(3 min) Life cycle of a python object(3 min) Python object Runtime state(3 min) Explain Garbage collection based on reference count(4 min) Motivation for PEP-0683(3 min) implementation summary for PEP-0683(4 min)

for you reference: This is the article I wrote on the same topic in my weekly newsletter: https://technikal.substack.com/p/how-instagram-introduction-immortal

Author: MEHRA, Aditya

Presenter: MEHRA, Aditya

Type: not specified

Unleashing the Power of Python Decorators: A Hands-On Workshop

-Workshop Overview:

Dive deep into the world of Python decorators with our hands-on workshop designed for intermediate Python developers. This session will demystify the concept of decorators, showcasing their power and versatility in enhancing the functionality of your code. By the end of this workshop, you'll have a solid understanding of how to create, apply, and leverage decorators to write more elegant and efficient Python programs.

-What You Will Learn:

Introduction to Decorators: Understand the fundamentals of decorators, including their syntax and use cases.

Building Blocks: Learn how functions and closures work in Python as a foundation for creating decorators.

Creating Simple Decorators: Step-by-step guidance on writing basic decorators to modify and enhance existing functions.

Practical Applications: Discover real-world applications of decorators, such as logging, access control, memoization, and more.

Debugging and Testing: Tips and techniques for debugging and testing decorated functions to ensure reliability and performance.

-Prerequisites:

Basic to intermediate knowledge of Python programming Familiarity with functions and basic object-oriented programming in Python A laptop with Python installed (preferably version 3.x)

-Audience:

This workshop is ideal for intermediate Python developers who have a solid grasp of Python programming and are looking to expand their skill set with advanced concepts. If you're familiar with functions, basic OOP, and have some experience with Python modules, this workshop is perfect for you.

Author: MEHRA, Aditya

Presenter: MEHRA, Aditya

Type: not specified

Blazing Speed and Efficiency in Data Analytics with DuckDB and Python

Join us for an in-depth exploration of how DuckDB, a state-of-the-art database management system, can be integrated with Python to revolutionize your data analytics workflow. This talk will demonstrate how DuckDB combines the power of traditional databases with the simplicity and efficiency of dataframes, providing a seamless experience for data scientists and analysts.

In this technical talk , I will be talking about why and How DuckDB can make life easier for a Data Scientist and increase Speed and Efficiency in Data Analytics manifold.

-We will discussing about following data points:

- Challenges with Common Data management systems: Complex Setup and Maintenance: Systems like Postgres and Spark are difficult to set up and maintain. Data Transfer Issues: Transferring data into and out of these systems can be cumbersome. Integration Difficulties: Integrating these systems into Python workflows is challenging.
- 2. for overcoming challenges with Data management systems Data Scientists and community responded as below:A) Development of Custom Tools: Data scientists have created their own tools, such as

Pandas and Polars, to address these challenges.

B) Ease of Use: These tools are more intuitive and natural for data scientists to use.

However There is a Limitations of Custom Tools like Pandas and Polars as below:

A) Data Processing Capacity: Pandas and Polars are limited in the amount of data they can handle efficiently.

B) Lack of Automatic Optimization: These tools do not offer the same level of automatic optimization found in traditional data management systems.

I will be explaining breifly about Key features of DuckDB. Such as:

A) Fast analytical queries: DuckDB runs on a columnar-vectorized query engine, which helps to make efficient use of the CPU cache and speed up response times for analytical query workloads.

B) Supports SQL and integration with Python and other programming languages: DuckDB enables users to run complex SQL queries and provides APIs for Python and other languages.

C) DuckDB has no external dependencies, so you don't have to worry about dependency issues.

And much more

Key Takeaways:

A) Introduction to DuckDB: Learn about DuckDB's architecture, key features, and why it stands out among other database management systems.

B) Integration with Python: Discover how DuckDB integrates deeply with Python, allowing for efficient data manipulation and analysis.

C) Dataframe Compatibility: See how DuckDB works with popular Python dataframe libraries such as Pandas, Polars, and Apache Arrow.

D) Performance Benefits: Understand the performance advantages of using DuckDB for querying and data processing compared to traditional methods.

E) Practical Applications: Explore real-world use cases and examples demonstrating how DuckDB can be used for various data analytics tasks.

Target Audience:

A) Data Scientists and Data Engineers: Seeking efficient, scalable data management and processing tools that integrate seamlessly with Python.

B) Analysts and Business Analysts: Working with large datasets, requiring intuitive tools for data wrangling and analysis to drive decision-making.

C) Python Developers: Wanting to enhance their projects with advanced data manipulation and querying capabilities.

D) Researchers and Academics: Needing powerful, user-friendly tools for data analysis and complex queries without extensive setup.

Author: MEHRA, Aditya

Presenter: MEHRA, Aditya

PyHEP.dev 2024 \cdots $\,$ / Report of Contributions

Sightseeing Tour

Contribution ID: 4

Type: not specified

Sightseeing Tour

Thursday 29 August 2024 14:30 (2 hours)

Starting and ending at Erholungsgesellschaft (workshop venue)

PyHEP.dev 2024 \cdots $\,$ / Report of Contributions

Workshop Dinner

Contribution ID: 5

Type: not specified

Workshop Dinner

Wednesday 28 August 2024 18:30 (2h 30m)

Ratskeller Aachen, Markt 40, 52062 Aachen

Registration & Reception

Contribution ID: 6

Type: not specified

Registration & Reception

Group photo

Contribution ID: 7

Type: not specified

Group photo

Tuesday 27 August 2024 10:52 (15 minutes)

Welcome slides

Contribution ID: 8

Type: not specified

Welcome slides

Monday 26 August 2024 09:00 (30 minutes)

Organizing the paper-writing

Contribution ID: 9

Type: not specified

Organizing the paper-writing

Friday 30 August 2024 09:00 (15 minutes)

Organizing the paper-writing

Contribution ID: 10

Type: not specified

Organizing the paper-writing

Close-out

Contribution ID: 11

Type: not specified

Close-out

Friday 30 August 2024 12:15 (15 minutes)

Type: not specified

Bridging Python and Julia for Enhanced Data Analysis

Thursday 29 August 2024 10:25 (20 minutes)

Let's discuss the exciting world of combining Python and Julia for data analysis for high-energy physics (HEP) and other data-intensive fields.

We'll kick things off with a quick overview of why Python is so popular for data analysis and introduce Julia, which is making waves with its incredible performance and suitability for scientific computing.

Next, I'll show you how we can get the best of both worlds. We'll talk about using PythonCall to bring Python functions and libraries into Julia and how we can embed Julia code right into our Python scripts using JuliaCall. It's easier than you might think!

I'll walk you through some practical examples where mixing Python and Julia really shines. We'll look at real-world scenarios and see how this combination can speed up our data analysis and make our work more efficient.

Of course, there are always some bumps in the road, so I'll share some common challenges you might face and how to overcome them. We'll cover best practices for managing dependencies and keeping everything running smoothly.

Finally, we'll look ahead to the future. There's so much potential for deeper integration and community-driven innovation. I hope to inspire you to explore these possibilities and collaborate with other developers to push the boundaries of what's possible.

By the end of this talk, you'll have a good grasp of how to mix Python and Julia in your projects and leverage the strengths of both languages to supercharge your data analysis.

Authors: OSBORNE, Ianna (Princeton University); LING, Jerry ⊠ (Harvard University (US)); PI-VARSKI, Jim (Princeton University)

Presenter: OSBORNE, Ianna (Princeton University)

Architectural framework for data ···

Contribution ID: 13

Type: not specified

Architectural framework for data analysis Lena

Thursday 29 August 2024 09:45 (20 minutes)

The term «architecture» in software has numerous definitions. Ultimately it defines whether your analysis code will be **extensible** and **maintainable**. We propose an architecture based on the functional style and separation of data, logic and presentation. It is implemented in a free software framework Lena.

Lena is a general data analysis framework in Python, named after a great Siberian river. It allows usage of any Python constructs and functions, but structures the analysis into **reusable** sequences and elements. It natively supports **metadata** (which is important for modern data analysis). It employs lazy evaluation, which makes it suitable for processing data which would not fit into memory, in particular, for **big data** analysis.

The talk will be of primary interest to those who write large programs and face architectural challenges and who need to automatically create many similar plots. The audience will get a powerful tool, which would make their code **structured** and **beautiful**, or understand strengths and weaknesses of an alternative approach to data analysis in Python.

Author: NIKITENKO, Yaroslav Presenter: NIKITENKO, Yaroslav Session Classification: Kick-off talks

Type: not specified

File synchronization between Linux systems in Python with yarsync

Thursday 29 August 2024 09:25 (20 minutes)

Yet Another Rsync is a Python wrapper around a well-established Linux tool **rsync** with a **simple** and **familiar interface** of git. Python allows us to create a higher-level instrument, which is safer and sometimes more efficient than the original binary.

While many data analysts today heavily use databases and rely on cloud computing, other approaches have also their benefits. Many data kinds are difficult to represent in relational databases or it takes time to do that. Files in a user-defined format become a simpler and more general solution, which is often less expensive and error prone. Linux servers take a considerable share today, and many data analysts also use Linux as a good programming environment. Our approach is inspired by data analysis workflow in HEP. We shall tell about creating data repositories with yarsync, relevant rsync features and how the tool will assist against possible problems in data synchronization.

Author: NIKITENKO, Yaroslav Presenter: NIKITENKO, Yaroslav Session Classification: Kick-off talks

Type: not specified

Case for awkward array - efficient I/O for highly hierarchical data structure

We present from our developer experience, a case for adopting awkward array abstraction in data I/O library for highly hierarchical data set commonly as seen in HEP.

We will discuss both technical, performance-related lessons learned in implementing TTree/RNTuple reading, these are universal principles for all columnar data format I/O.

Specifically, we discuss the the importance of minimizing allocation, and lazy materialization due to sparse access pattern in HEP analysis.

Then we move to high-level, design challenges and how "owning" the entire data representation by using awkward array enables efficient / lazy data I/O that otherwise cannot be easily achieved otherwise.

Specifically, we will use the example of accessing "subset of complex data structures" (e.g. only jets.pt when event.jets is Vector{LorentzVector}) to demonstrate the weakness of conventional approach and how awkward array provides a systematic way to do exact I/O instead of overtouching.

Authors: LING, Jerry 🛛 (Harvard University (US)); MATO, Pere (CERN)

Presenter: LING, Jerry ⊠ (Harvard University (US))

Type: not specified

FCCAnalyses: A Framework for Future Circular Collider Physics Performance Studies

Thursday 29 August 2024 10:05 (20 minutes)

Physics performance analyses provide essential input for defining detector requirements in the Future Circular Collider (FCC) project. To streamline these analyses, we employ FCCAnalyses, a software framework built on top of the ROOT DataFrame.

Among the functionalities offered by the FCCAnalyses are:

* *Standard set of RDataFrame EDM4hep functions:* Events can be analysed directly in the EDM4hep event data format with ability to easily work with relationships among the datamodel objects. * *Multi-stage Analysis Workflow:* Enables running analyses locally or on CERN's HTCondor cluster split into multiple stages.

* *Metadata Management:* Manages metadata associated with centrally produced pre-generated samples produced in Delphes fast simulation and Geant4 full simulation.

The framework can be used equivalently well from Python and C++ and as the analyser functions are written in C++, this gives them possibility to directly employ any of the High Energy Physics (HEP) C++ frameworks.

Author:SMIESKO, Juraj (CERN)Presenter:SMIESKO, Juraj (CERN)Session Classification:Kick-off talks

An overview of the fitting ecosystem

Contribution ID: 17

Type: not specified

An overview of the fitting ecosystem

Tuesday 27 August 2024 10:02 (30 minutes)

This talk will give a broad overview on the fitting that we're doing in HEP. On one hand, the talk will cover the variety of fits in HEP, the different needs and types of inference as well as efforts for serialization and standardization. On the other hand, the relevant libraries will be covered, that is zfit, pyhf, hepstats iminuit and Python packages like SciPy and how they work together today, as well as the future plans and technical considerations.

Authors: PUIG NAVARRO, Albert (Universität Zürich (CH)); KROMMYDAS, Iason (Rice University (US)); ESCHLE, Jonas (Syracuse University (US)); Mr MARINANGELI, Matthieu (EPFL - Ecole Polytechnique Federale Lausanne (CH)); SILVA COUTINHO, Rafael (Syracuse University (US))

Presenter: ESCHLE, Jonas (Syracuse University (US))

b2luigi —bringing batch 2 luigi!

Contribution ID: 18

Type: not specified

b2luigi —bringing batch 2 luigi!

Wednesday 28 August 2024 09:40 (20 minutes)

Workflow managers help structure the code of pipelined jobs by defining and managing dependencies between tasks in a clear and easy-to-understand fashion. This abstraction allows independent tasks to be automatically parallelised more independently of computing systems. Additionally, workflow managers help keep track of different tasks'outputs and inputs.

b2luigi is an extension of the workflow manager luigi and offers easy integration with batch systems such as HTCondor and LSF, allowing the combination of different systems within one workflow.

b2luigi also provides additional interfaces tailored for Belle II workflows, allowing smooth interaction with the Belle II analysis software framework and distributed computing. Workflows such as VIBE, an automated Monte Carlo validation framework, the Systematics Framework, and many Belle II physics analyses have been automated using b2luigi.

As the current maintainers of b2luigi and Belle II users, we look forward to discussing our experiences and plans for this tool at the PyHep 2024 conference.

Authors: HEIDELBACH, Alexander; EPPELT, Jonas (Karlsruher Insititute of Technology (KIT))

Presenters: HEIDELBACH, Alexander; EPPELT, Jonas (Karlsruher Insititute of Technology (KIT))

waluigi - Beyond luigi

Contribution ID: 19

Type: not specified

waluigi - Beyond luigi

Wednesday 28 August 2024 10:20 (20 minutes)

Workflows for research in HEP experiments are not only quite complex but also require sufficient flexibility to adapt to changes in structuring, conditions, methodologies, and research interests. This holds especially true in the physics analyses extracting the results and measurements. Here, the use of workflows systems, specifically Luigi, have shown to be of great use to manage and organize the intricate dependencies of large task graphs that describe such analyses. Still, with intensive use comes the insight of where limitations lie. Now, as adoption and use of such software is rising, is good point to start thinking about how to improve upon it. I present a list of grievances and an idea to to address them, both of them to be discussed and iterated upon. While the "issues" are specific to the principles within Luigi, the current idea implies the need for a new software package: waluigi - Why Another LUIGI

Author: FISCHER, Benjamin (RWTH Aachen University (DE))Presenter: FISCHER, Benjamin (RWTH Aachen University (DE))Session Classification: Kick-off talks

evermore: differentiable (binned) ····

Contribution ID: 20

Type: not specified

evermore: differentiable (binned) likelihoods in JAX

Tuesday 27 August 2024 10:32 (20 minutes)

I'd like to present evermore (https://github.com/pfackeldey/evermore) that focusses in efficiently building and evaluating likelihoods typically for HEP. Currently, it focusses on binned template fits.

It supports autodiff, JIT-compilation and vectorization of full fits (even on GPUs).

Author: FACKELDEY, Manfred Peter (RWTH Aachen University (DE))

Presenter: FACKELDEY, Manfred Peter (RWTH Aachen University (DE))

offloading @ coffea

Contribution ID: 21

Type: not specified

offloading @ coffea

Wednesday 28 August 2024 10:40 (20 minutes)

Offloading resource intensive tasks, i.e.:

- histograms (accumulation) - memory intensive

- DL algorithms - compute intensive

Author: FISCHER, Benjamin (RWTH Aachen University (DE))Presenter: FISCHER, Benjamin (RWTH Aachen University (DE))Session Classification: Kick-off talks

Type: not specified

End-to-end workflow automation: updates of the luigi analysis workflow package

Wednesday 28 August 2024 10:00 (20 minutes)

Physicists performing data analyses are usually required to steer their individual, complex workflows manually, frequently involving job submission in several stages and interaction with distributed storage systems by hand. This process is not only time-consuming and error-prone, but also leads to undocumented relations between particular workloads, rendering the steering of an analysis a serious challenge, especially for newcomers to the field. In this presentation, I will demonstrate the main components of the Luigi Analysis Workflow (Law) package which is developed independently of any experiment or the language of executed code. Its core consists of flexible, pythonic workflow descriptions, interfaces to remote batch job and storage systems, as well as a granular environment sandboxing mechanism. In the second half, I will highlight the recent key changes to the package that were driven by requests of the user base that increased steadily over the past years.

Author:RIEGER, Marcel (Hamburg University (DE))Presenter:RIEGER, Marcel (Hamburg University (DE))Session Classification:Kick-off talks

Fast end-to-end analysis pipelines …

Contribution ID: 23

Type: not specified

Fast end-to-end analysis pipelines for the HL-LHC

Monday 26 August 2024 10:40 (20 minutes)

We provide an overview of two ongoing projects that aim to ensure the availability of fast and user-friendly solutions for physics analysis pipelines towards the HL-LHC. The Analysis Grand Challenge (AGC) defines an analysis task that captures relevant physics analysis workflow aspects. A variety of implementations have been developed for this task, allowing to probe user experience and interoperability, and helping to center community discussions around a common benchmark. We will focus on the reference implementation provided by IRIS-HEP, which makes use of many tools in the Python HEP ecosystem and in particular a stack of Scikit-HEP libraries.

A second project started in 2024 with a focus on specifically achieving very large data throughput in a physics analysis context. The project is often referred to by its target, "200 Gbps", for sustaining such a data rate. The project involved a collaboration between many areas of expertise, but we describe the user-facing software aspect of it, which we built with libraries from Scikit-HEP and the surrounding ecosystem.

Authors: HELD, Alexander (University of Wisconsin Madison (US)); SHADURA, Oksana (University of Nebraska Lincoln (US))

Presenters: HELD, Alexander (University of Wisconsin Madison (US)); SHADURA, Oksana (University of Nebraska Lincoln (US))

A Deep Dive into PocketCoffea

Contribution ID: 24

Type: not specified

A Deep Dive into PocketCoffea

Thursday 29 August 2024 10:45 (20 minutes)

PocketCoffea is a python columnar analysis framework based on coffea for CMS NanoAOD events. It provides a workflow for HEP analyses using a combination of customizable abstractions and configuration files. The package features dataset query automatisation, jet calibration, data processing, histogramming and plotting. PocketCoffea also provides support for code execution on various remote clusters out-of-the-box.

In this talk, a detailed overview of PocketCoffea from a user's and from a technical perspective is going to be given.

Author: FARKAS, Mate (Rheinisch Westfaelische Tech. Hoch. (DE))

Presenter: FARKAS, Mate (Rheinisch Westfaelische Tech. Hoch. (DE))

Self-introduction: Eduardo Rodri $\,\cdots\,$

Contribution ID: 25

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Eduardo Rodrigues

Monday 26 August 2024 09:30 (7 minutes)

Presenter: RODRIGUES, Eduardo (University of Liverpool (GB)) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Juraj Smiesko

Contribution ID: 26

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Juraj Smiesko

Monday 26 August 2024 09:37 (7 minutes)

Presenter:SMIESKO, Juraj (CERN)Session Classification:Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Jan Bürger

Contribution ID: 27

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Jan Bürger

Monday 26 August 2024 09:44 (7 minutes)

Presenter: BÜRGER, Jan (ErUM-Data-Hub) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Niclas Eich

Contribution ID: 28

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Niclas Eich

Presenter: EICH, Niclas (Rheinisch Westfaelische Tech. Hoch. (DE)) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Peter Fackeldey

Contribution ID: 29

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Peter Fackeldey

Tuesday 27 August 2024 09:00 (7 minutes)

Presenter: FACKELDEY, Manfred Peter (RWTH Aachen University (DE)) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Matthew Feickert

Contribution ID: 30

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Matthew Feickert

Tuesday 27 August 2024 09:07 (7 minutes)

Presenter: FEICKERT, Matthew (University of Wisconsin Madison (US)) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Jonas Eschle

Contribution ID: 31

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Jonas Eschle

Tuesday 27 August 2024 09:14 (7 minutes)

Presenter: ESCHLE, Jonas (Syracuse University (US)) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Marcel Rieger

Contribution ID: 32

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Marcel Rieger

Tuesday 27 August 2024 09:35 (7 minutes)

Presenter:RIEGER, Marcel (Hamburg University (DE))Session Classification:Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Alexander Held

Contribution ID: 33

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Alexander Held

Tuesday 27 August 2024 09:21 (7 minutes)

Presenter: HELD, Alexander (University of Wisconsin Madison (US)) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Saransh Copra

Contribution ID: 34

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Saransh Copra

Wednesday 28 August 2024 09:20 (7 minutes)

Presenter: CHOPRA, Saransh (Princeton University (US)) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Giordon Holts ...

Contribution ID: 35

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Giordon Holtsberg Stark

Tuesday 27 August 2024 09:28 (7 minutes)

Presenter: Dr STARK, Giordon Holtsberg (University of California,Santa Cruz (US)) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Benjamin Fischer

Contribution ID: 36

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Benjamin Fischer

Thursday 29 August 2024 09:05 (7 minutes)

Presenter: FISCHER, Benjamin (RWTH Aachen University (DE)) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Oksana Shadura

Contribution ID: 37

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Oksana Shadura

Wednesday 28 August 2024 09:27 (6 minutes)

Presenter: SHADURA, Oksana (University of Nebraska Lincoln (US)) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Nikolai Hartmann

Contribution ID: 38

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Nikolai Hartmann

Wednesday 28 August 2024 09:33 (7 minutes)

Presenter: HARTMANN, Nikolai (Ludwig Maximilians Universitat (DE)) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Azzah Alshehri

Contribution ID: 39

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Azzah Alshehri

Thursday 29 August 2024 09:12 (6 minutes)

Presenter: ALSHEHRI, Azzah Aziz (University of Glasgow (GB)) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Stefan Fröse

Contribution ID: 40

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Stefan Fröse

Tuesday 27 August 2024 09:01 (5 minutes)

Presenter: FRÖSE, Stefan (ErUM-Data-Hub) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction:

Contribution ID: 41

Type: not specified

Self-introduction:

Self-introduction:

Contribution ID: 42

Type: not specified

Self-introduction:

Self-introduction:

Contribution ID: 43

Type: not specified

Self-introduction:

Self-introduction:

Contribution ID: 44

Type: not specified

Self-introduction:

Self-introduction:

Contribution ID: 45

Type: not specified

Self-introduction:

Self-introduction:

Contribution ID: 46

Type: not specified

Self-introduction:

Self-introduction:

Contribution ID: 47

Type: not specified

Self-introduction:

Self-introduction: Jim Pivarski

Contribution ID: 48

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Jim Pivarski

Monday 26 August 2024 09:51 (7 minutes)

Presenter: PIVARSKI, Jim (Princeton University) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Lino Oscar Ge

Contribution ID: 49

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Lino Oscar Gerlach

Monday 26 August 2024 09:58 (7 minutes)

Presenter: GERLACH, Lino Oscar (Princeton University (US)) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Josue Molina

Contribution ID: 50

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Josue Molina

Monday 26 August 2024 10:05 (7 minutes)

Presenter: MOLINA, Josue **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Ianna Osborne

Contribution ID: 51

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Ianna Osborne

Monday 26 August 2024 10:12 (7 minutes)

Presenter: OSBORNE, Ianna (Princeton University) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Máté Farkas

Contribution ID: 52

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Máté Farkas

Monday 26 August 2024 10:19 (7 minutes)

Presenter: FARKAS, Mate (Rheinisch Westfaelische Tech. Hoch. (DE)) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Yaroslav Nikit ...

Contribution ID: 53

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Yaroslav Nikitenko

Monday 26 August 2024 10:26 (7 minutes)

Presenter: NIKITENKO, Yaroslav **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Plothist - integrating with other h $\,\cdots\,$

Contribution ID: 54

Type: not specified

Plothist - integrating with other histogram libraries (Remote talk)

Wednesday 28 August 2024 09:00 (20 minutes)

Authors: PRAZ, Cyrille; FILLINGER, Tristan (KEK / IPNS)
Presenters: PRAZ, Cyrille; FILLINGER, Tristan (KEK / IPNS)
Session Classification: Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Vincenzo Edua $\,\cdots\,$

Contribution ID: 55

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Vincenzo Eduardo Padulano

Tuesday 27 August 2024 09:55 (7 minutes)

Presenter: Dr PADULANO, Vincenzo Eduardo (CERN) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Jonas Eppelt

Contribution ID: 56

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Jonas Eppelt

Tuesday 27 August 2024 09:42 (7 minutes)

Presenter: EPPELT, Jonas (Karlsruher Insititute of Technology (KIT)) **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Self-introduction: Alexander Hei …

Contribution ID: 57

Type: not specified

Self-introduction: Alexander Heidelbach

Tuesday 27 August 2024 09:49 (6 minutes)

Presenter: HEIDELBACH, Alexander **Session Classification:** Kick-off talks

Sustainability in computing

Contribution ID: 58

Type: not specified

Sustainability in computing

Wednesday 28 August 2024 12:15 (15 minutes)

Author: ERDMANN, Martin (Rheinisch Westfaelische Tech. Hoch. (DE)) Presenter: ERDMANN, Martin (Rheinisch Westfaelische Tech. Hoch. (DE)) PyHEP.dev 2024 \cdots $\,$ / Report of Contributions

200 Gbps notebook links

Contribution ID: 59

Type: not specified

200 Gbps notebook links

Monday 26 August 2024 13:30 (5 minutes)

Session Classification: Discussion

Job openings in the ROOT team

Contribution ID: 60

Type: not specified

Job openings in the ROOT team

Thursday 29 August 2024 09:00 (5 minutes)

Author: Dr PADULANO, Vincenzo Eduardo (CERN)Presenter: Dr PADULANO, Vincenzo Eduardo (CERN)Session Classification: Kick-off talks