

# Reconstructing the general 2HDM charged Higgs boson at the LHC

Mohamed Krab

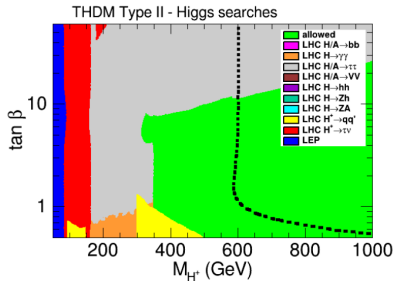
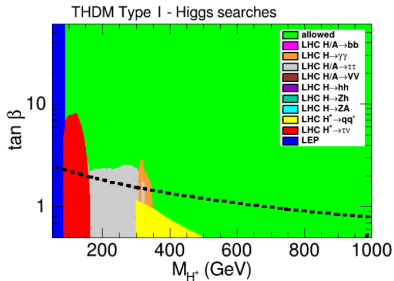
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Based on W.-S. Hou and M. Krab, PRD-L'24

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# Introduction

- ▶ Searches for heavy charged Higgs bosons are getting complicated due to the large associated backgrounds.
- ▶ Also flavor observables like  $b \rightarrow s\gamma$  put stringent bounds on the mass of the charged Higgs boson.



A. Arbey *et al.*, EPJC'18

- ▶ We suggest searching for  $H^\pm$  with flavor-changing (FC) couplings

## General two Higgs doublet model

In the Higgs basis, the general  $CP$ -conserving 2HDM scalar potential is given by

Davidson and Haber, PRD'05; Hou and Kikuchi, EPL'18

$$\begin{aligned} V(\Phi, \Phi') &= \mu_{11}^2 |\Phi|^2 + \mu_{22}^2 |\Phi'|^2 - (\mu_{12}^2 \Phi^\dagger \Phi' + \text{H.c.}) \\ &+ \frac{\eta_1}{2} |\Phi|^4 + \frac{\eta_2}{2} |\Phi'|^4 + \eta_3 |\Phi|^2 |\Phi'|^2 + \eta_4 |\Phi^\dagger \Phi'|^2 \\ &+ \left[ \frac{\eta_5}{2} (\Phi^\dagger \Phi')^2 + (\eta_6 |\Phi|^2 + \eta_7 |\Phi'|^2) \Phi^\dagger \Phi' + \text{H.c.} \right], \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

with

$$\Phi = \begin{pmatrix} G^+ \\ (v + h_1 + iG^0)/\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \Phi' = \begin{pmatrix} H^+ \\ (h_2 + iA)/\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}. \quad (2)$$

- ▶ The usual  $Z_2$  symmetry is dropped  $\implies$  FCNC at tree-level
- ▶ Many parameters and extra processes arise
- ▶ EWBG, Absence of FCNC (e.g.  $t \rightarrow ch_{125}$ ), ... could be explained
- ▶ Sub-TeV  $H, A, H^\pm$  bosons may still exist

## General Yukawa interaction

Higgs-fermion interactions can be described by

Davidson and Haber, PRD'05

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_Y = & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{f=u,d,\ell} \bar{f}_i \left[ (\lambda_{ij}^f s_\gamma + \rho_{ij}^f c_\gamma) h \right. \\ & \left. + (\lambda_{ij}^f c_\gamma - \rho_{ij}^f s_\gamma) H - i \operatorname{sgn}(Q_f) \rho_{ij}^f A \right] P_R f_j \\ & - \bar{u}_i [(V \rho^d)_{ij} P_R - (\rho^{u\dagger} V)_{ij} P_L] d_j H^+ \\ & - \bar{\nu}_i \rho_{ij}^\ell P_R \ell_j H^+ + \text{H.c.}.\end{aligned}\tag{3}$$

- ▶  $\lambda^f$  matrices: diagonal, fixed by fermion mass
- ▶  $\rho^f$  matrices: non-diagonal (and in general complex) lead to FCNC
- ▶ Alignment ( $c_\gamma \approx 0$ ) suppresses FCNC for  $h$  but allows FCNC for  $H$  and  $A$
- ▶  $\rho_{ij}$  are severely constrained by flavor physics
- ▶ Extra top couplings  $\rho_{tc}$  and  $\rho_{tt}$  could be  $\mathcal{O}(1)$  and can each drive EWBG

Fuyuto, Hou, Seneha, PLB'18

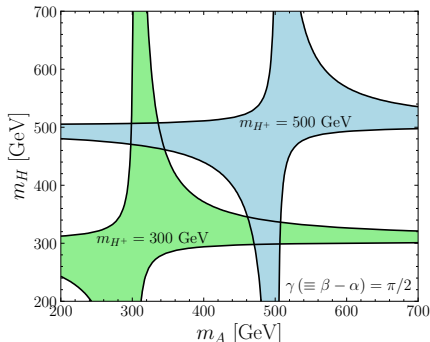
- ▶ For simplicity, we set all  $\rho_{ij} = 0$  except  $\rho_{tc}$  and  $\rho_{tt}$

## Constraints on G2DHM

G2HDM parameter space is subject to the following constraints:

- ▶ Unitarity, perturbativity and vacuum stability
- ▶ EWPD through oblique parameters  $S$ ,  $T$  and  $U$  using the following fit result:

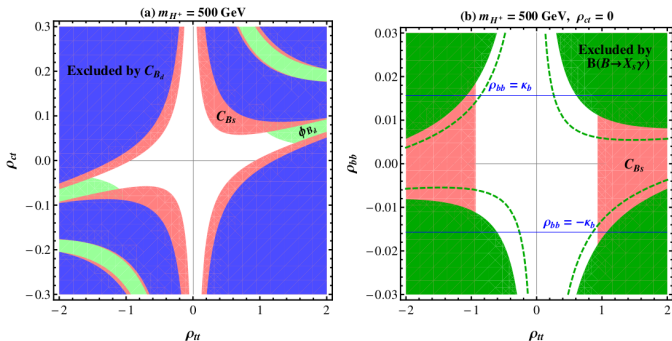
$$S = 0.05 \pm 0.08, \quad T = 0.09 \pm 0.07, \quad \rho_{ST} = 0.92, \quad [\text{PDG}]$$



- ▶ Flavor physics and direct searches (next slides)

## Flavor constraints

Because of a  $|V_{cq}/V_{tq}|$  ( $q = d, s$ ) ( $m_t/m_b$ ) enhancement factor,  $\rho_{ct}$  ( $\rho_{bb}$ ) is severely constrained by  $B_q-\bar{B}_q$  ( $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ ).



B. Altunkaynak *et al.*, PLB'15

- ▶ Constraints on  $\rho_{tc}$  are weak due to small  $m_c$ . An upper bound on  $\rho_{tc}$  was found to be  $|\rho_{tc}| \lesssim 1.3$  (1.7) for  $m_{H^+} = 300$  (500) GeV.

A. Crivellin *et al.*, PRD'13

- ▶  $\rho_{tc}$  and  $\rho_{tt}$  can still be sizable ( $\lesssim \mathcal{O}(1)$ ) under current data

## Limit from $t \rightarrow ch$ searches

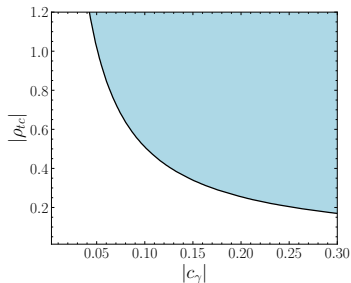
For  $c_\gamma \neq 0$ , LHC  $t \rightarrow ch$  searches set significant constraint on  $\rho_{tc}$ .

Signal	Observed (expected) 95% CL upper limits $\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Hq)$	$ C_{u\phi}^{qt,tq} $
$tHu$	$2.8 (3.0) \times 10^{-4}$	0.71 (0.73)
$tHc$	$3.3 (3.8) \times 10^{-4}$	0.76 (0.82)

ATLAS, EPJC'24

Analysis	$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Hu)$	$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Hc)$
	observed (expected)	observed (expected)
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ [24]	0.079 (0.11)%	0.094 (0.086)%
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ [25]	0.019 (0.031)%	0.073 (0.051)%
Leptonic (this analysis)	0.072 (0.059)%	0.043 (0.062)%
Combination	0.019 (0.027)%	0.037 (0.035)%

CMS, arXiv:2407.15172

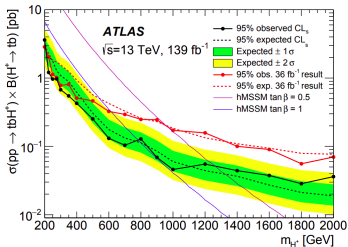


Hou and MK, PRD-L'24

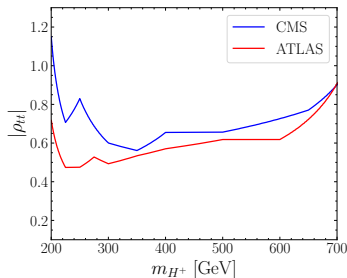
- ▷  $|\rho_{tc}| \gtrsim 0.5$  is excluded at 95% CL for  $c_\gamma = 0.1$
- ▷ The limit diminishes for  $c_\gamma < 0.1$  and vanishes for  $c_\gamma = 0$  (alignment)

# Limit from $H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$ searches

LHC searches for  $pp \rightarrow t\bar{b}H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}t\bar{b}$  strongly constrain  $\rho_{tt}$ .



ATLAS, JHEP'21



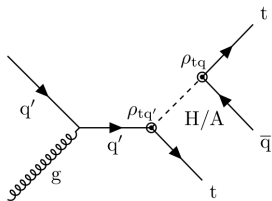
Hou and MK, PRD-L'24

- ▶ Limits are interpreted assuming  $\mathcal{B}(H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}) = 100\%$
- ▶ Constraints from LHC searches for  $pp \rightarrow H/A \rightarrow t\bar{t}$  and  $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}H/A \rightarrow t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$  are relatively weaker
- ▶  $\rho_{tt}$  is safe from constraints from SM Higgs properties ( $s_\gamma = 1$ )



# Search for G2HDM neutral Higgs bosons

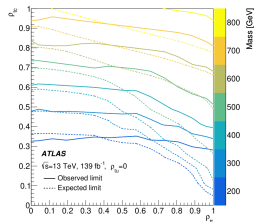
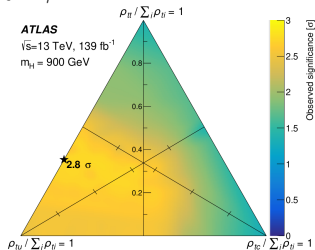
With  $t \rightarrow ch$  alignment-suppressed, it is natural to pursue  $cg \rightarrow tH/tA \rightarrow tt\bar{c}/t\bar{t}$  (same-sign top/triple top), which is controlled by  $s_\gamma \simeq 1$ .



Observed (expected) mass limit [GeV]  
 without interference    with interference    with interference

	$m_A$ or $m_H$	$m_A$	$m_H$
$\rho_{tu}$			
0.4	920 (920)	1000 (1000)	950 (950)
1.0	1000 (1000)	1000 (1000)	950 (950)
$\rho_{tc}$			
0.4	no limit	340 (370)	290 (320)
1.0	770 (680)	810 (670)	760 (620)

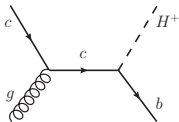
CMS, PLB'24; Jaffel's talk



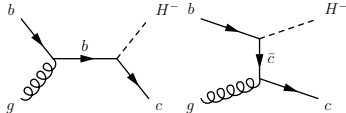
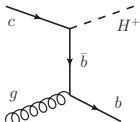
ATLAS, JHEP'23; Saka's talk

## Searching for $H^+$ with FC couplings

In G2HDM, where  $\bar{c}bH^+$  couples with strength  $\rho_{tc}V_{tb}$ ,  $cg \rightarrow bH^+$  and  $bg \rightarrow cH^-$  are not CKM-suppressed, compared to 2HDM-II.

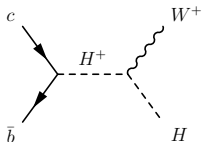


Ghosh, Hou, Modak, PRL'20



Hou and MK, PRD-L'24

$c\bar{b} \rightarrow H^+ \rightarrow W^+H$ , which goes through the same  $\bar{c}bH^+$  coupling of  $\rho_{tc}V_{tb}$ , is suggested as a new avenue for discovering  $H^+$  at the LHC.

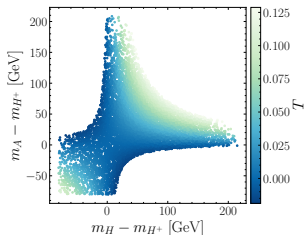


Hou and MK, arXiv:2409.18474

# Signal vs. Background

Signal ( $\rho_{tc} = 0.4, \rho_{tt} = 0.6$ ):  $pp \rightarrow cH^- \rightarrow c\bar{t}b \rightarrow cW^- (\rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell) \bar{b}\bar{b}$

BKG:  $t\bar{t}$  + jets,  $Wt$  + jets, single top ( $tj$ ),  $t\bar{t}h$ ,  $t\bar{t}Z$



BP	$\eta_2$	$\eta_3$	$\eta_4$	$\eta_5$	$\eta_7$	$m_{H^+}$	$m_A$	$m_H$	$\mu_{22}^2/v^2$
1	1.40	0.62	0.53	1.06	-0.79	300	272	372	1.18
2	0.93	1.06	0.14	-0.36	-0.22	350	371	340	1.49
3	1.36	1.16	0.81	0.70	-0.36	400	404	454	2.06
4	0.61	1.83	1.30	-0.30	0.68	450	501	482	2.46
5	0.71	0.69	1.52	-0.93	0.24	500	569	517	3.78

Simulation: MadGraph5\_aMC@NLO ( $\sqrt{s} = 14$  TeV) + Pythia + Delphes

- ▷  $N_j \geq 2$  &  $N_j \leq 4$  with  $P_T^j \geq 20$  GeV
- ▷ At least two  $b$ -tagged ( $N_b \geq 2$ )
- ▷  $N_\ell = 1$ ,  $P_T^\ell \geq 30$ ,  $E_T^{miss} > 20$  GeV
- ▷  $H_T > 300(400)$  GeV for BP1(2-5)
- ▷  $M_T^{H^+} \in [m_{H^+} - 50, m_{H^+} + 50]$

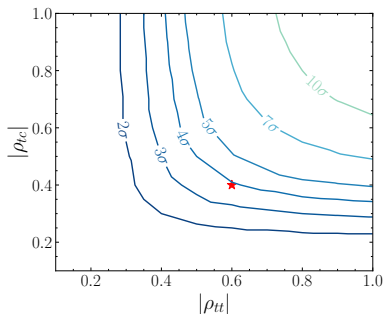
BP	$t\bar{t} + 2j$	$Wt + 2j$	$tj + 1j$	$t\bar{t}h$	$t\bar{t}Z$	Signal
1	3143.2	699.2	228.1	1.5	0.9	14.9
2	2237.9	548.3	185.8	1.4	0.8	11.9
3	2782.1	816.5	222.5	1.9	1.1	13.8
4	2438.2	752.2	157.5	2.0	1.4	9.8
5	1894.8	605.5	108.1	1.7	1.0	6.4

# Significance

We estimate our signal sensitivity using  $\mathcal{Z} = \sqrt{2[(S+B)\ln(1+S/B) - S]}$

G. Cowan *et al.*, EPJC'11

BP	$\mathcal{Z}$ at 300 (600) $\text{fb}^{-1}$
1	4.0 (5.7)
2	3.8 (5.3)
3	3.9 (5.5)
4	2.9 (4.1)
5	2.2 (3.1)



- ▶ Evidence could emerge at  $300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ , with discovery potential at  $600 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ .
- ▶ Larger  $\rho_{tc}, \rho_{tt}$  values could yield  $\mathcal{Z} \sim 5\sigma$  (or even higher) at  $300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ .

# Conclusion

- ▶ Charged Higgs bosons are actively searched for at the LHC.
- ▶ However, it might be difficult to detect at the LHC via  $bg \rightarrow tH^-$ .
- ▶ In G2HDM,  $bg \rightarrow cH^-$  is induced by the FC top-charm coupling  $\rho_{tc}$  without CKM-suppression, and has relatively large cross section.
- ▶  $bg \rightarrow cH^- \rightarrow c\bar{t}b$  is suggested, where the recoiling  $c$  could provide both a tag, and a discriminant to suppress the background.

Thank you!

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