



AmBeSim

Filippo Falezza

Theory
Framework
Motivation
Model
Comparison
Results

Simulation of a $^{241}\text{Am} - ^9\text{Be}$ neutron source and its moderation using Geant4

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Introduction

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Framework
Motivation
Model
Comparison
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AmBe neutron source in water tank.

Fast neutrons are moderated by water. Used for

- Mimic neutron moderation in a nuclear reactor
- Neutron activate samples for undergraduate forensic experiments

But how effective is the moderation?



Reaction of Interest

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Framework

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Model
Comparison

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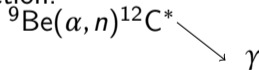
Mixture of AmO_2 and ${}^9\text{Be}$ powder. $> 99\% {}^{241}\text{Am}$

Stainless-steel casing

${}^{241}\text{Am}$ is α emitter:

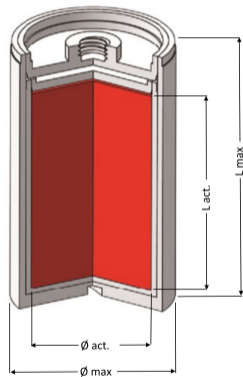
- 5.4856 MeV at 84.8% intensity
- 5.4428 MeV at 13.1% intensity
- 5.388 MeV at 1.660% intensity

Fast Neutron reaction:



Q value: 5.702 MeV

${}^{12}\text{C}$ can be either in ground, first, or second excited



Source drawing, AmBe mixture (red) encased in steel [Raims Ltd]



^{12}C states in AmBe

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- Theory
- Framework
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- Model Comparison
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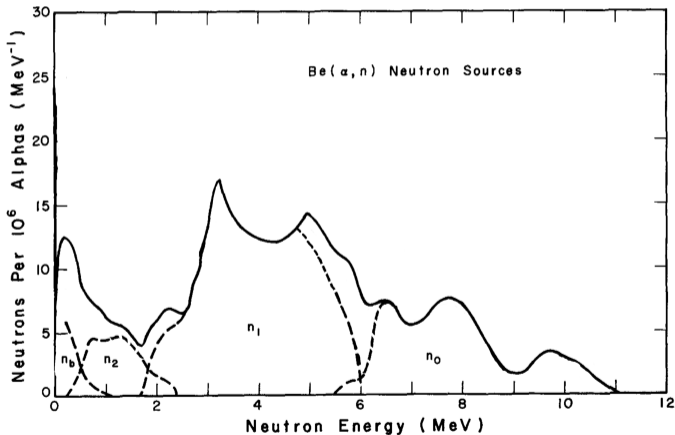


Figure: AmBe neutron distribution per ^{12}C state [Geiger-Van Der Zwan 1975]

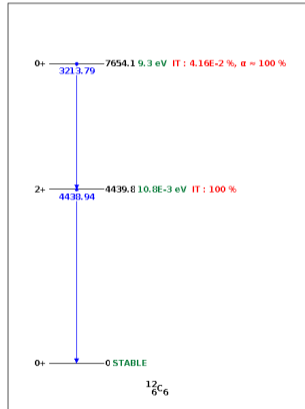


Figure: ^{12}C states - ground, 1st, 2nd [NNDC]



Thermal Spectrum

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Framework
Motivation
Model
Comparison
Results

From break-up reactions in ${}^9\text{Be}$

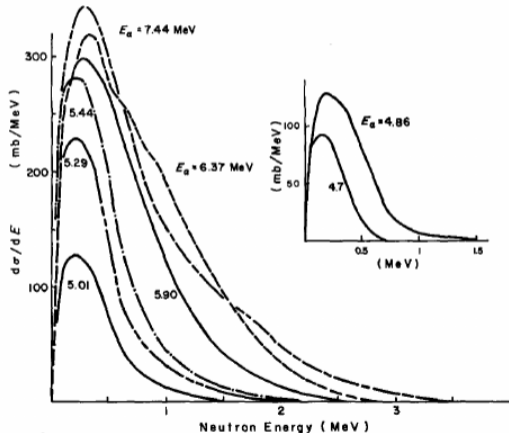
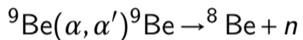


Figure: ${}^9\text{Be}$ break-up neutrons spectrum [Geiger-Van Der Zwan 1975]



Fission neutrons

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- Framework
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$^{241}\text{Am}(n, f)$ products give additional energy tail, from thermal up to ≈ 18 MeV

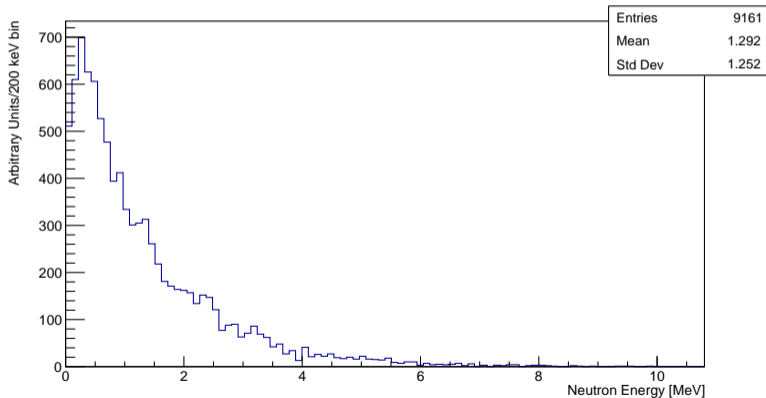


Figure: Secondary neutrons from ^9Be break-up and fission products (high energy)



Investigation of water bath

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Theory
Framework

Motivation

Model
Comparison

Results

- Source neutron spectrum is known
- Source is at centre of 1 m tall, 1 m diameter water tank. The moderation profile is unknown



Two group model

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Framework

Motivation

Model
Comparison

Results

Does it actually agree with the two-group neutron moderation model?

Two group model:

$$\Phi_T = \frac{SL_T^2}{4\pi r \bar{D}(L_T^2 - \tau_T)} (e^{-r/L_T} - e^{-r/\sqrt{\tau_T}})$$

describes thermal neutron diffusion and fast to thermal neutron moderation.

- $\tau_T \rightarrow$ (Fast) neutron age
- $L_t \rightarrow$ Thermal diffusion length

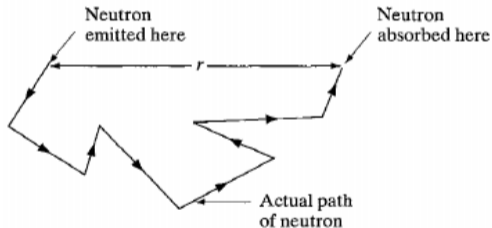


Figure: Neutron moderation $L^2 = \frac{1}{6} \bar{r}^2$
[Lamarsh-Baratta 2001]



Geant4 isotropic assumption

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Framework

Motivation

Model
Comparison

Results

- Geant4 has built in example in extended/hadronic/NeutronSource
- It assumes Isotropic reaction - does not account for differential cross section

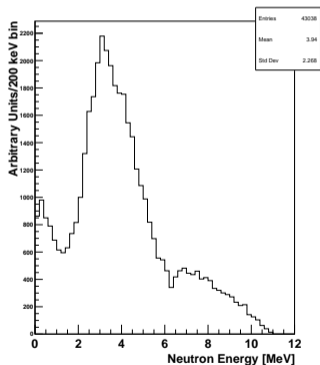


Figure: Geant4
extended/hadronic/NeutronSource example

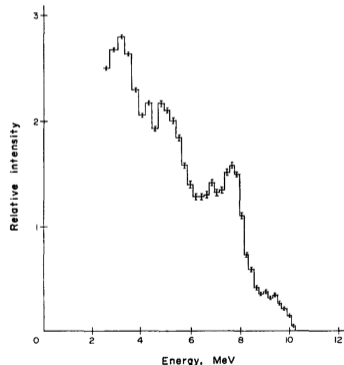


Figure: Experimental spectrum
[Lorch 1973]



Geant4 isotropic assumption

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Figure: It's actually pretty bad [Meme]



Differential cross-section contribution

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Framework

Motivation

Model
Comparison

Results

Anisotropic approach first suggested in 1963 by Anderson and Bond
Our model:

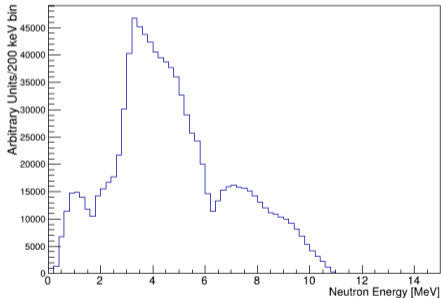


Figure: Initial neutrons: isotropic model

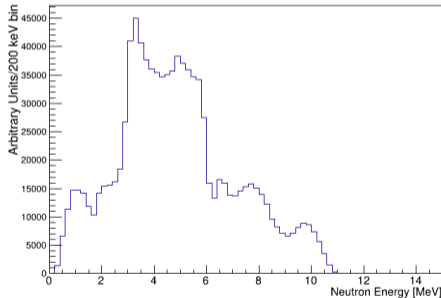


Figure: Initial neutrons: anisotropic model



AmBe model in Geant4

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Framework
Motivation
Model
Comparison
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Bert HPT Physics class for high precision neutrons down to thermal energies
Generated 1s of fast neutrons: 2.27×10^6 fast neutrons/1Ci/s

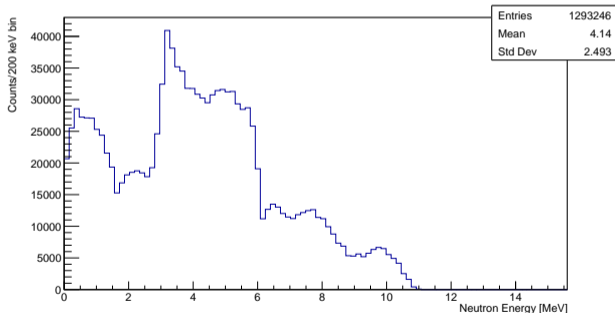


Figure: AmBe spectrum with fission fragments

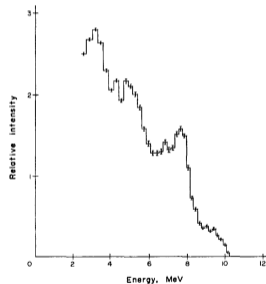


Figure: Experimental spectrum [Lorch 1973]

Structure matches, intensities differ because of acquisition techniques



Neutron spectrum

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Framework

Motivation

Model

Comparison

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- AmBe Fast neutron spectrum verified
- ^9Be break-up neutrons need to be implemented anisotropically
- Production rate of fission products to be verified



γ spectrum

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Produced γ - Geant4 scoring

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- Theory
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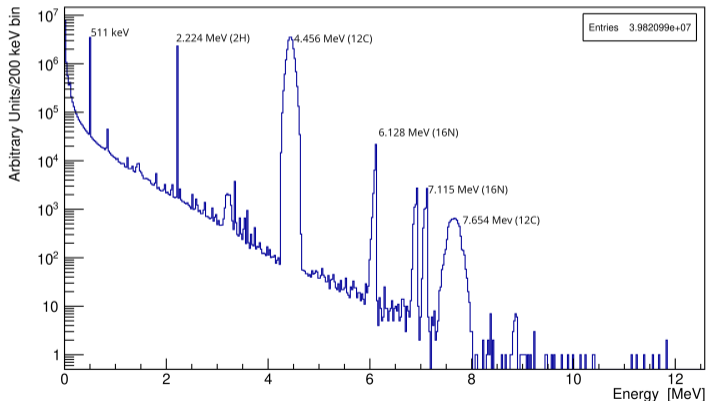


Figure: Gammas from AmBe water bath



Equivalent Dose - Preliminary

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Framework

Motivation

Model
Comparison

Results

Calculated dose for outgoing γ and neutrons from the water bath and verified against experimental
Sampling over 0.2 s spectrum

Particle	Experimental [$\mu\text{Sv/h}$]	Simulated [$\mu\text{Sv/h}$]
γ	1.54	8.05
n	0.8	1.68

Notes:

- Neutrons measured with Nuclear Enterprises NM-2 dose monitor (BF_3)
- Gammas measured with dose monitor calibrated in the 59-1332 keV range

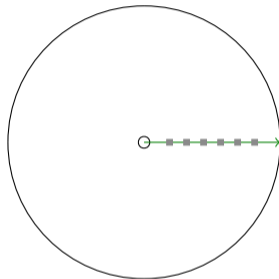


Current analysis

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Framework
Motivation
Model
Comparison
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- Experimental BF_3 and ^3He flux to extrapolate neutron age and thermal diffusion length
- γ spectrum from AmBe using hpGe for to verify production rate of fission products and dose rate

Measurements ongoing...



Summary

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- Validated AmBe neutron spectrum in Geant4
- Secondary γ compatible with expected ones
- Dose analysis WIP
- Two-group analysis WIP

Thank you for listening