New neutrino results from the FASER experiment at the LHC

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Neutrino studies in FASER



- Neutrinos at unexplored TeV energy regions
- Located 480 m downstream of ATLAS interaction point on-axis
- Background for LLP searches

FASERv emulsion detector



- Emulsion-based detector
 - 730 × [emulsion film + tungsten (1.1 mm thickness)]
 - 250 mm × 300 mm, 1 m long, **1.1 tons** ($8\lambda_{int}$, **220X**₀)

r flavors are tagged with topological/kinematical informations



Emulsion films Tungsten plate (1.1 mm)

- All v flavors can be tagged thanks to the good resolution of the emulsion
 - 200 nm silver bromide crystals dispersed in gelatin
 - O(100) nm position resolution can be achieved
- Install (exchange) emulsions 3 times a year

FASERv expected number of CC interactions



	2402.13318		
Run3, 250 fb ⁻¹	ν _e	v_{μ}	v _r
The expected CC nteraction in FASER v	1675 ⁺⁹¹¹ 37 2	8507 ⁺⁹⁹² -962	28 ⁺⁴⁸ -12

100 100 10

- Large uncertainty for forward charm production
- ~10,000v interactions at unexplored energy regions expected in LHC Run 3 (250 fb⁻¹)

FASERv operations/analyses



Datasets for current analysis

- 9.5 fb⁻¹ in 2022 run
- Analyzed target mass of 128.6 kg
- \sim 1.7% of the data collected so far



Detector performances



Electron energy measurement



Muon momentum measurement

- Based on multiple Coulomb scattering
- ~30% resolution @ 200 GeV from the reproductivity studies in both MC and data



$$s_{plane}^{RMS} = \sqrt{\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot \frac{13.6MeV}{P} n_{cell} \cdot z_{cell} \sqrt{\frac{n_{cell} \cdot z_{cell}}{X_c}}\right)^2 + \left(\sqrt{6}\sigma_{pos}\right)^2} \dots (1)$$

 z_{cell} : The thickness of one emulsion film and tungsten plate X_C : Compound radiation length (4.57 mm, cf: X_W =3.5 mm) σ_{pos} : Position resolution



• Performed test beam experiment to validate the momentum measurement method in 2023



	Center value	Resolution		
Test beam	286 GeV	31%		
MC expectation	300 GeV	30%		
Center value = 1/mean Resolution = sigma/mean				
30% error agrees well with simulation				

First detection of v_e and v_{μ} with FASERv detector



103

10²

10

neutral hadrons

2500

3000 E_v [GeV]

	Expected background	Expected signal	Observed	Significance
$v_{\rm e}{\rm CC}$	0.025 ^{+0.015} -0.010	1.1-3.3	4	5.2 σ
v_{μ} CC	0.22 ^{+0.09} -0.07	6.5-12.4	8	5.7 σ

10 The modeling of the neutral-hadron backgrounds are validated using data

Neutrino event characteristics



• Characteristics of the observed v interactions are in good agreement with MC





First cross section measurement at TeV energies



- First measurement of the v_e and v_{μ} interaction cross section at the LHC with emulsion detector at TeV energy regions
- L=9.5 fb⁻¹, m=128.6 kg
- To appear in PRL
- arXiv:2403.12520

Summary

- FASER_v studies three flavor neutrinos at the **unexplored TeV energy regions**
- FASER is taking data in the far-forward direction of the LHC from 2022 to 2025
 - \circ ~10,000 ν interactions expected
- Excellent performances of the FASER_v detector
 - \sim ~300 nm position resolution, ~25% electron energy resolution
 - ~30% muon momentum resolution @300 GeV from the test beam result
- First observation of v_e at the LHC
 - 4 v_e CC and 8 v_{μ} CC interactions are observed (signal significance of 5.2 σ , 5.7 σ respectively)^{μ}
- First measurement of the v_e and v_{μ} cross sections at TeV energies (with 1.7% of the data)
- Plan to analyze 10× more data for the next analysis
- Discussing extended physics programs in Forward Physics Facility in HL-LHC era

Backup

FASERv cross section sensitivity



- Three flavors neutrino cross section at unexplored TeV energy regions
- Neutrino energy reconstruction with resolution of 30% expected from simulation studies

Validation of background simulation



- The modeling of the neutral-hadron backgrounds are validated using data
 - The number of interaction is compatible at better than 50%
 - The shape of the distributions are well modelled

Muon momentum measurement



Electron energy measurement



Efficiencies of the selection

Selection	ν_e CC	ν NC	K_L	n	Λ
	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Vertex reconstruction and $N_{ ext{track}} \geq 5$	0.516	0.336	0.813	0.803	0.753
$E_e>$ 200 GeV	0.340	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000
$E_e>$ 200 GeV, tan $ heta>$ 0.005	0.270	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000
$E_e>$ 200 GeV, tan $ heta>$ 0.005. $\Delta \phi>$ 90deg	0.244	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Selection	$ u_{\mu}$ CC	ν NC	K_L	n	Λ
	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Vertex reconstruction and $N_{ m track} \geq 5$	0.446	0.336	0.813	0.803	0.753
p>200 GeV	0.284	0.071	0.028	0.026	0.018
p>200 GeV, tan $ heta>$ 0.005	0.236	0.051	0.007	0.013	0.007
$p>$ 200 GeV, tan $ heta>$ 0.005. $\phi>$ 90deg	0.221	0.004	0.002	0.006	0.004

Systematic uncertainty

Source	Relative uncertainty		Relative uncertainty	
	$ u_e$	$ u_{\mu}$		
Luminosity	2.2%	2.2%		
Tungsten thickness	1%	1%		
Interactions with emulsions	$^{+3.6}_{-0}\%$	$^{+3.6}_{-0}\%$		
Flux uncertainty	$^{+70}_{-22}\%$	$^{+16}_{-9}\%$		
Line of sight position	$^{+2.1}_{-2.4}\%$	$^{+1.9}_{-2.5}\%$		
Efficiency from hadronization	$^{+22}_{-5}\%$	$^{+23}_{-5}\%$		
Efficiency from reconstruction	20%	20%		
Efficiency from MC statistics	4.9%	2.8%		
Total	$^{+70}_{-22}\%$ (flux)	$^{+16}_{-9}\%$ (flux)		
	$^{+30}_{-21}\%$ (other)	$^{+31}_{-21}\%$ (other)		

