

6/23/2011

Goal: scan over a wide range of axion masses

Setting different 3He densities in the cold bore of CAST

Hermetic gas circuit assuring full recovery of 3He

Storage of 3He

Vessel volume dimensioned to keep Helium gas pressure below atmospheric

Trap purging system

Sequential charcoal traps to remove oil mist from the pumps (RT), water and other vapors (LN2)

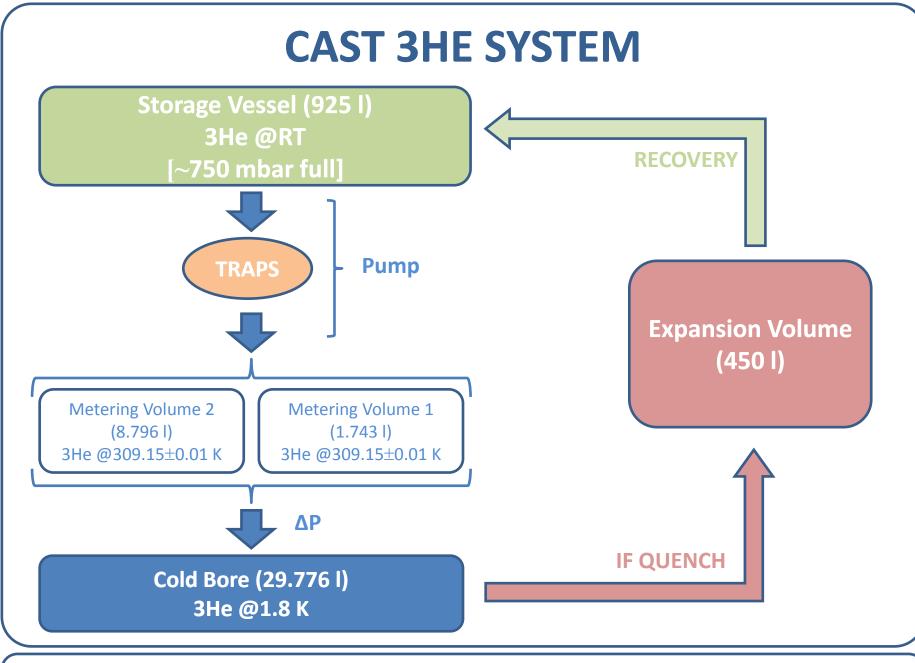
Metering and ramping of gas

Filling the cold bore with precisely metered amounts of gas in incremental steps. The precision of the metering is achieved by the accurate temperature control of the metering volumes and by the use of a metrology-grade pressure-measuring instrument.

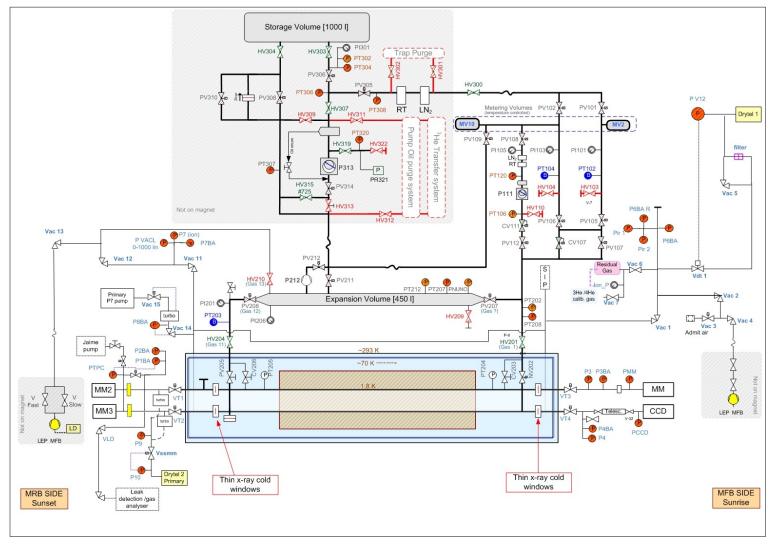
Recovery

In case of quench the pressure of 3He present in the system increases due to the temperature evolution of the system. That could destroy the cold windows of the 3He buffer and produce 3He loses.

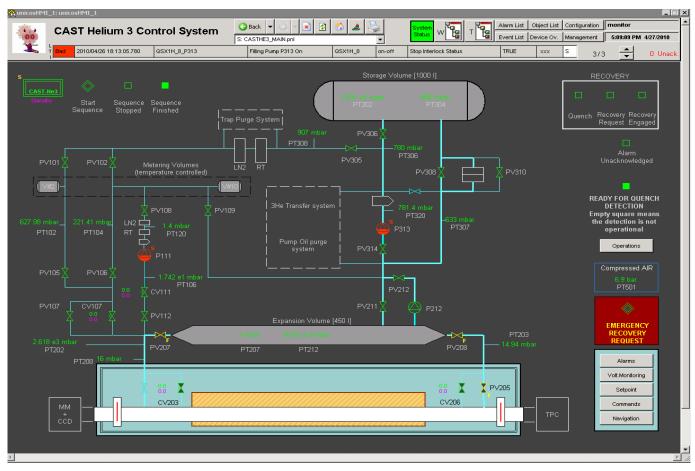
An external volume is automatically linked to the system to contain the maximum pressure of the 3He below atmospheric



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PLC Controlled System. Sequential protocols

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OVERPRESSURE SAFETY STOP INTERLOCK

PV305 or PV306 NOT OPEN PV108 NOT OPEN PT320 > 1100 mbar PT306 > 1100 mbar

QUENCH SAFETY INTERLOCKS

QUENCH trigger + POWER converter ENABLE PLC controled PT208 > 600 mbar RELAY controlled PT208 > 800 mbar

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DETERMINATION OF EFFECTIVE AXION MASSES AT CAST

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CAST ¾-Helium buffer. CFD Simulations

4-HELIUM

Real gas approach. Peng-Robinson Include experimental data available (windows @120K) Interpretation of the results → New formulas Application to the data

3-HELIUM HEATED WINDOWS

 Real gas approach. Peng-Robinson

 Include experimental data available (windows @70K)

 Interpretation of the results → Formulas/Consequences

 Validation with experimental data

 3-HELIUM NON-HEATED WINDOWS

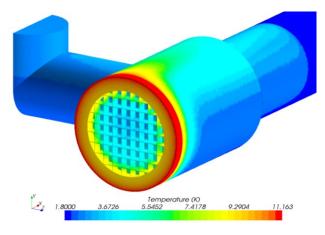
 Real gas approach. Peng-Robinson

 Include experimental data available (windows @12K)

 Interpretation of the results → Formulas/Consequences

 Validation with experimental data

CFD simulations. Non-Heated windows @ 15K Real gas: Peng-Robinson state equation

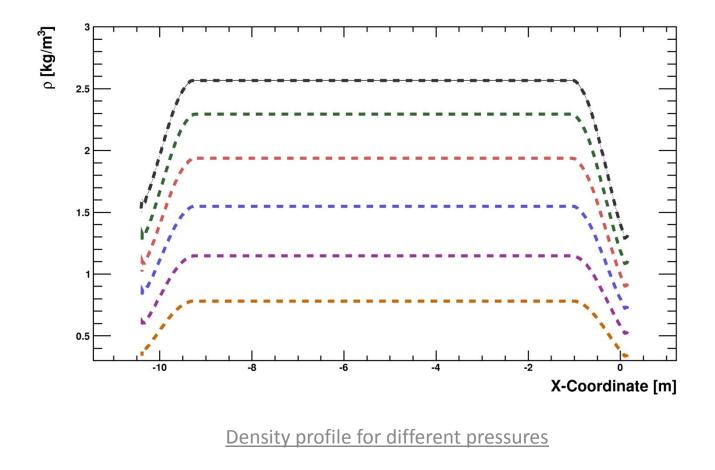


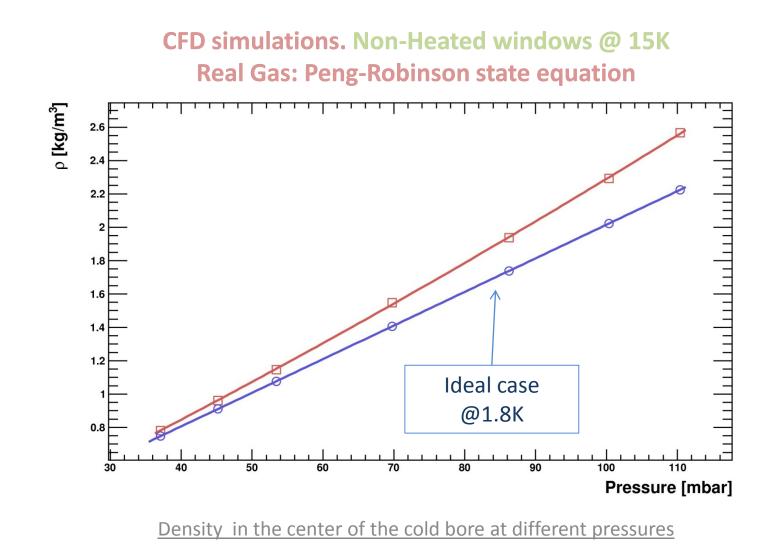


Temperature and density distributions

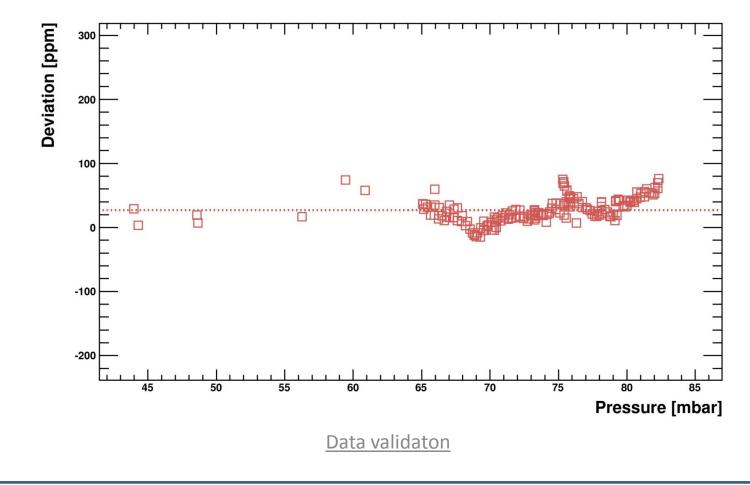
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CFD simulations. Non-Heated windows @ 15K Real gas: Peng-Robinson state equation





CFD simulations. Heated windows @ 15K Real Gas: Peng-Robinson state equation



CAST EXPOSURE

Calculation of the effective axion mass at CAST

Apply results from CFD simulations to the specific boundary conditions of the data taking periods

Take as input of the value of pressure in the cold bore, translating it to P@1.8K

Instant effective masses at CAST

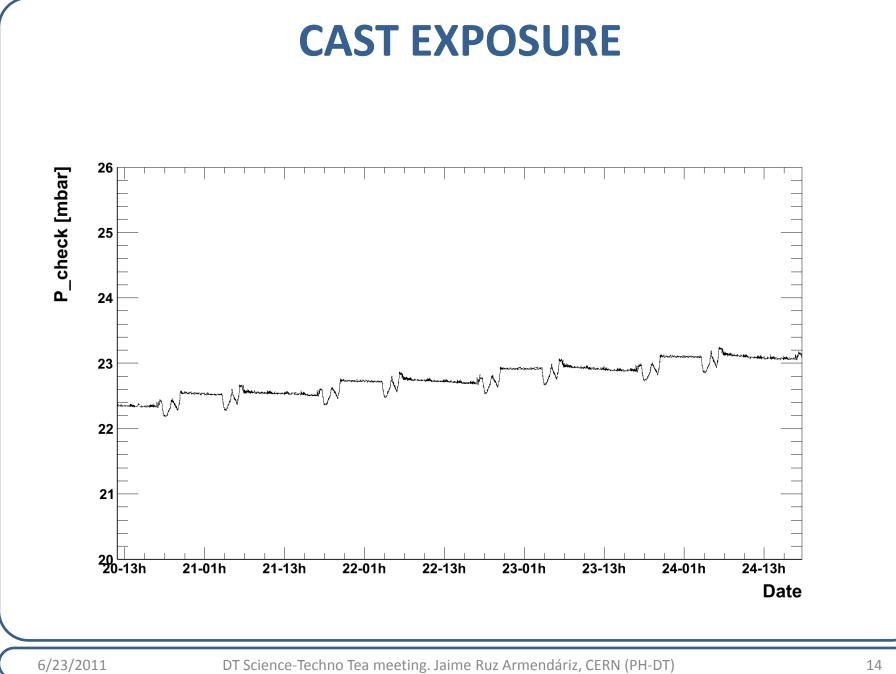
The pressure of the cold bore drifts during tracking.

The tilting of the magnet while Sun tracking modifies hydrostatic and buoyancy conditions affecting the density profile inside the cold bore

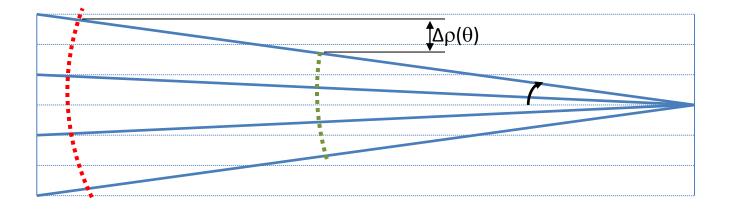
First approach to include such effects it o apply the instant values of <u>P@1.8K</u> while the movement of the magnet takes place

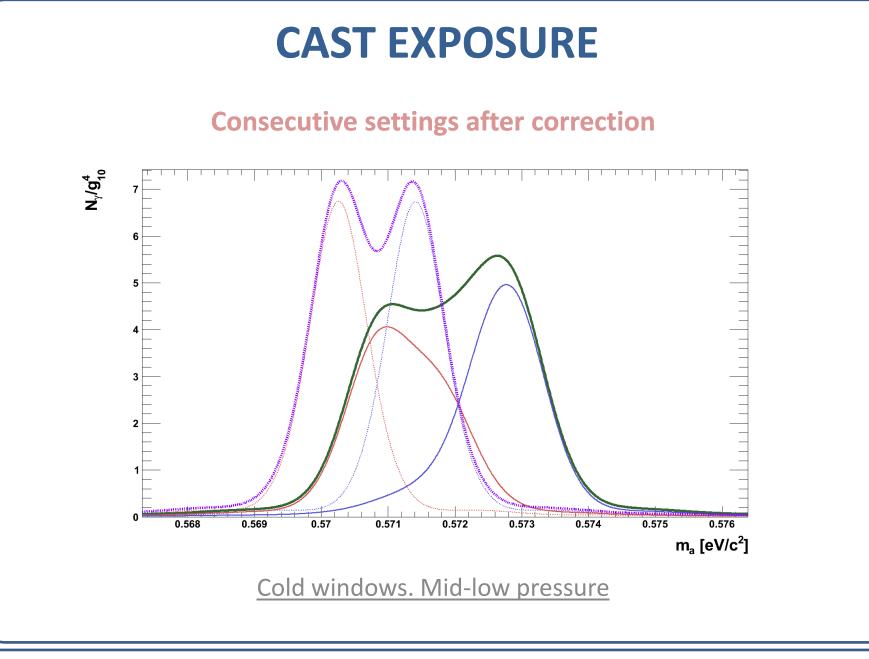


In-tracking scan

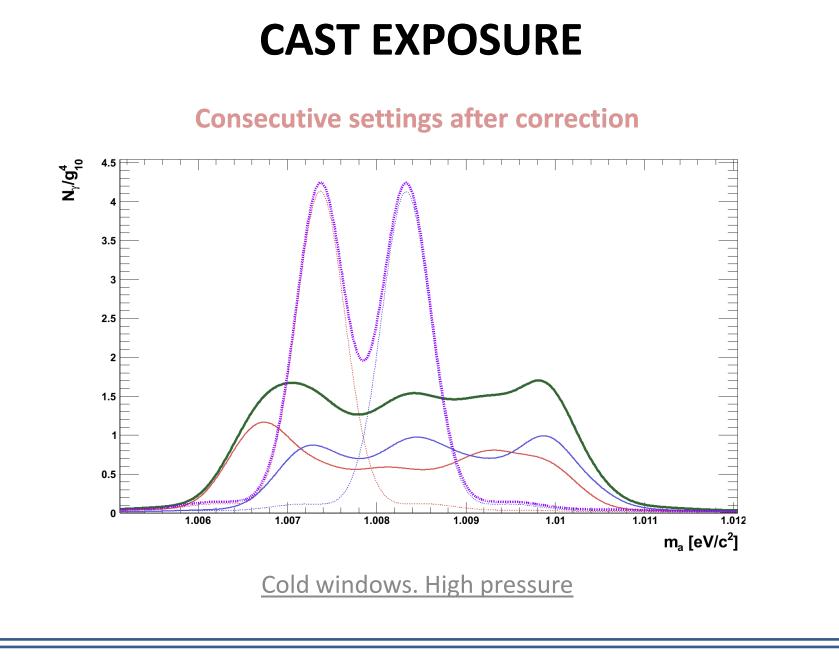


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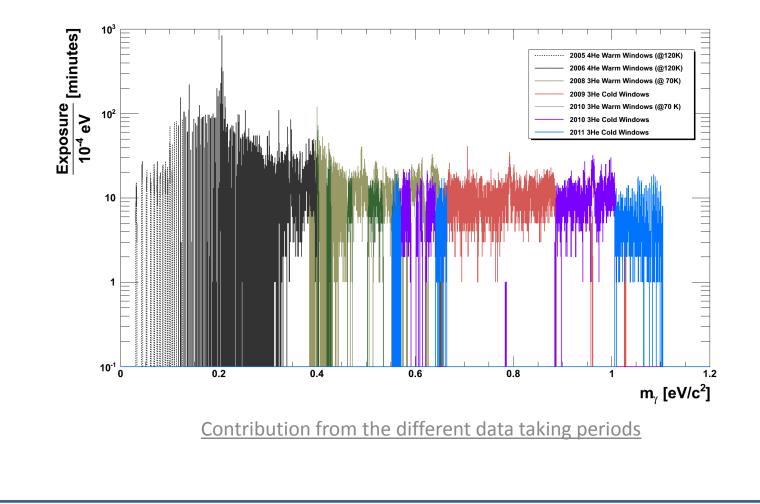
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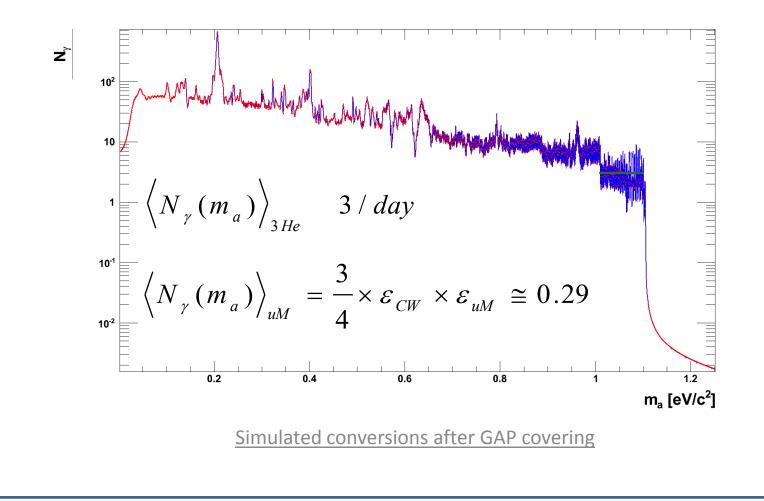
CAST EXPOSURE

Effective photon masses tuned at CAST after GAP covering



CAST EXPOSURE

Expected photons from Primakoff conversion



THANK YOU

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