# The new frontier

## Inclusive and differential Higgs boson cross sections at $\sqrt{s} = 13.6$ TeV



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## The two high-resolution channels

### $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$

The diphoton decay channel provides a **clean and clear signature** with two isolated photons, forming a **narrow peak** over a **smoothly falling background** due to the excellent photon energy resolution

Backgrounds: QCD  $\gamma\gamma$  production,  $\gamma$ +jet, jet-jet



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## **Exploring new frontiers**





### **First Higgs results from the CMS** collaboration with Run3 data

- Centre-of-mass energy @ 13.6 TeV
- Analysed **2022 data**, corresponding to **34.7 fb<sup>-1</sup>** (13.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> ReReco + 20.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> Prompt)
- Higher PU and higher instantaneous luminosity
- Results published for ICHEP2024:
  - Hgg: <u>https://cds.cern.ch/record/2904882</u>
  - HZZ: <u>https://cds.cern.ch/record/2904969</u>











## Performance of EM objects in Run 3

### Stable physics performance during Run 3 data taking and high quality prompt calibration and reconstruction





#### **BDT-based photon ID**









## One flow to correct them all



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- **Photon mismodelling in the simulation** is a non-negligible source of systematic uncertainty
- Event categorisation based on  $\sigma_m/m$  and the photon ID BDT score and mismodelling between data and MC in these variables can lead to large source of uncertainty
  - **Shower shape** and **isolation** observables (inputs to photon ID BDT), as well as the **energy resolution**  $\sigma_{\rm E}$  (-> $\sigma_{\rm m}$ /m) are corrected with a novel method based on a single normalising flow [Paper]





## Inclusive cross section

$\sigma_{\rm fid} = 78 \pm 11 \; (\text{stat.}) \; ^{+6}_{-5} \; (\text{s}$	yst.) fb
Systematic uncertainty	Magnit
Photon energy scale and resolution group	+5.8%/-
Category migration from energy resolution	+3.5%/ -
Integrated luminosity	$\pm 1.4^{\circ}$
Photon preselection efficiency	$\pm 1.4^{\circ}$
Energy scale non-linearity	+0.8%/ -
Photon identification efficiency	$\pm 1.0^{\circ}$
Pileup reweighting	$\pm 0.8$









## the Higgs boson

## **Absolute value of the**



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## Inclusive cross section



- •Overall, same strategy as in the Run2 measurement
- •Electron efficiency is the most relevant systematic uncertainty
- •Excellent validation of muon and electron performance of CMS in Run 3

![](_page_9_Figure_7.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Figure_8.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Picture_10.jpeg)

## **Differential cross sections**

#### **Transverse momentum of** the Higgs boson

![](_page_10_Figure_2.jpeg)

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![](_page_10_Picture_5.jpeg)

#### **Absolute value of the** rapidity of the Higgs boson

![](_page_10_Figure_7.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Figure_8.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Picture_0.jpeg)

### Presented the first Higgs results from the CMS collaboration with Run3 data at $\sqrt{s} = 13.6$ TeV

Inclusive and differential Higgs boson cross sections in the **diphoton** and **four-lepton** channel

Novel method based on normalising flows to improve data/MC agreement in the diphoton channel

Pilot analyses showing that CMS is ready for important Higgs results with Run 3 data

### First sneak peek at Run3 data

Run3 data collection is still ongoing and, together with Run2 data, will give us the possibility to probe the Higgs sector with an unprecedented precision

![](_page_11_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Picture_10.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Figure_11.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Picture_12.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Picture_13.jpeg)