



# Search of Light Pseudo-Scalar Higgs Boson at the Cool Copper Collider (C<sup>3</sup>)

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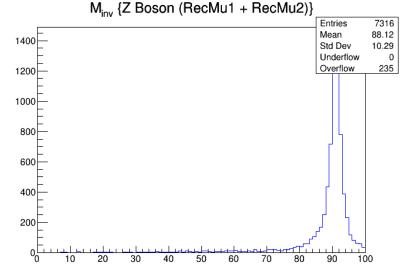
# **MC** Simulation



 Signal sample(ZH→aa→ bbττ) & two background processes (ZZ & ZH)

$$e^{+}e^{-} \rightarrow Z (\rightarrow \mu^{+}\mu^{-}) H \rightarrow a(\rightarrow b\overline{b}) a(\rightarrow \tau^{+}\tau^{-})$$
$$e^{+}e^{-} \rightarrow Z (\rightarrow e^{+}e^{-}) H \rightarrow a(\rightarrow b\overline{b}) a(\rightarrow \tau^{+}\tau^{-})$$

- Samples have been generated using Madgraph5
- Hadronized with Pythia8
- Simulated for detector responses with Delphes



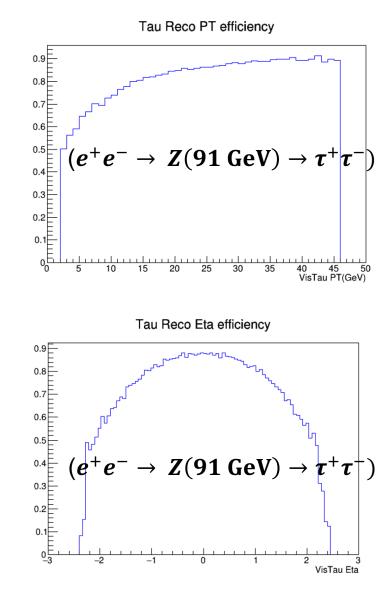


## **Tau Reconstruction**

Reconstructing tau particles using energy flow (EFlow) from tracks, photons, and neutral hadrons.

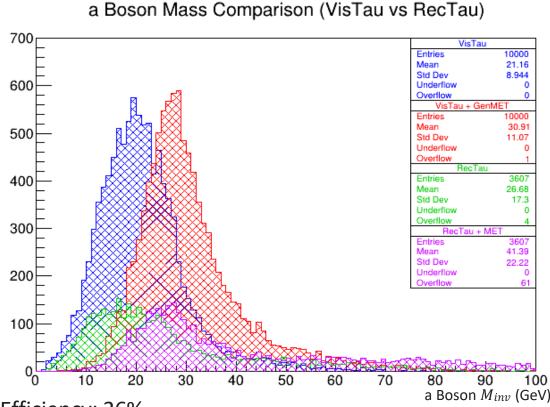
**Reconstruction Process:** 

- Consider tracks with PT > 2.0 GeV as potential tau cand.
- Candidates (track, photons, neutral photons) within a cone of 0.2 around leading track are considered as signal candidates and within cone of 0.2 to 0.5 are considered as isolation candidates.
- Only consider tau candidates with a maximum of 5 charged prongs.
- Relative isolation cut has been applied on taus





#### Reconstruction Tau (inner cone deltaR Cut: 0.2, Relative Isolation Cut: 0.3) ( $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z(\rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)H \rightarrow a (\rightarrow b\overline{b}) a(\rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-)$



- Selection Efficiency: 36%
- The peak positions for the a Boson invariant mass made from both VisTaus and RecTaus are around 20 GeV.
- The peak position will shift to around 30 GeV for both a Boson invariant by adding GenMET and MET back.



## The Comparison for GenROE and RecROE

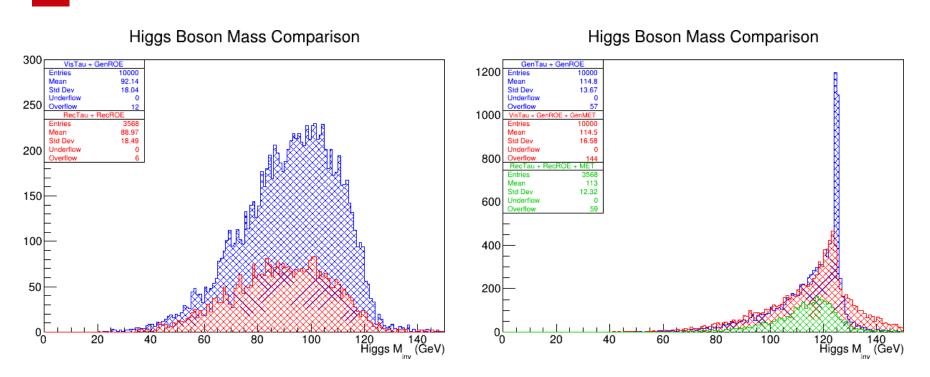
 Instead of selecting a pair of jets, we use the rest of events (ROE): whatever except pair of leptons and pair of taus are considered as dijet candidates 700 Entrie 10000 Moor 30.53 Std De 12.4 600 Underfig 30.73 500 Std Dev Inderfio 400 300 200 100 20 30 80 90 10 70 100 a Boson  $M_{inv}$  (GeV)

a Boson Mass Comparison (GenROE vs RecROE)

• RecROE =  $\sum_{i}^{excl \mu \& \tau} \operatorname{track}_{i} + \sum_{i}^{excl \mu \& \tau} \operatorname{Photon}_{i} + \sum_{i}^{excl \mu \& \tau} \operatorname{NHadron}_{i}$ 



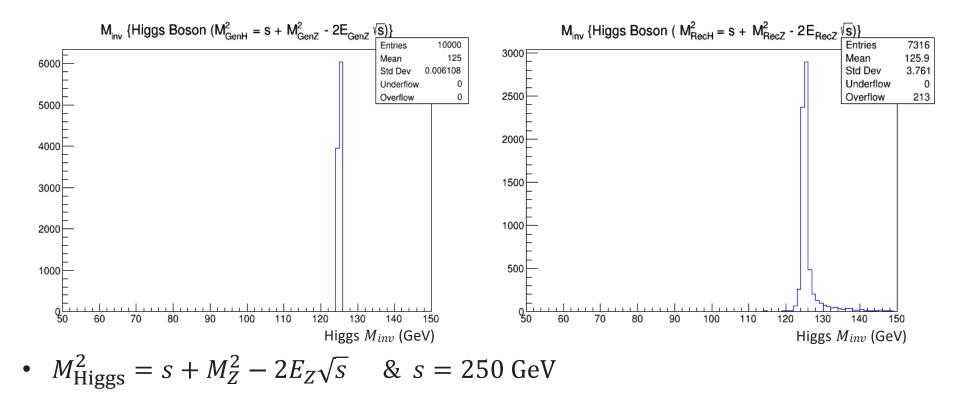
## Higgs Boson Mass (from $au^+ au^-$ and ROE)



- The Higgs Boson M<sub>inv</sub>(VisTau + GenROE) and Higgs Boson M<sub>inv</sub> (RecTau + RecROE) both peak at around 100 GeV.
- We could sharpen those peaks and shift the peak positions toward 125 GeV by adding back the MET.



## Higgs Boson Mass (from Z Boson and Beam Constraint)



• The reconstruction of the Higgs Boson has significantly improved with the beam constraint method compared to the method constructing from diTau and ROE.



# Final selection & significance definition

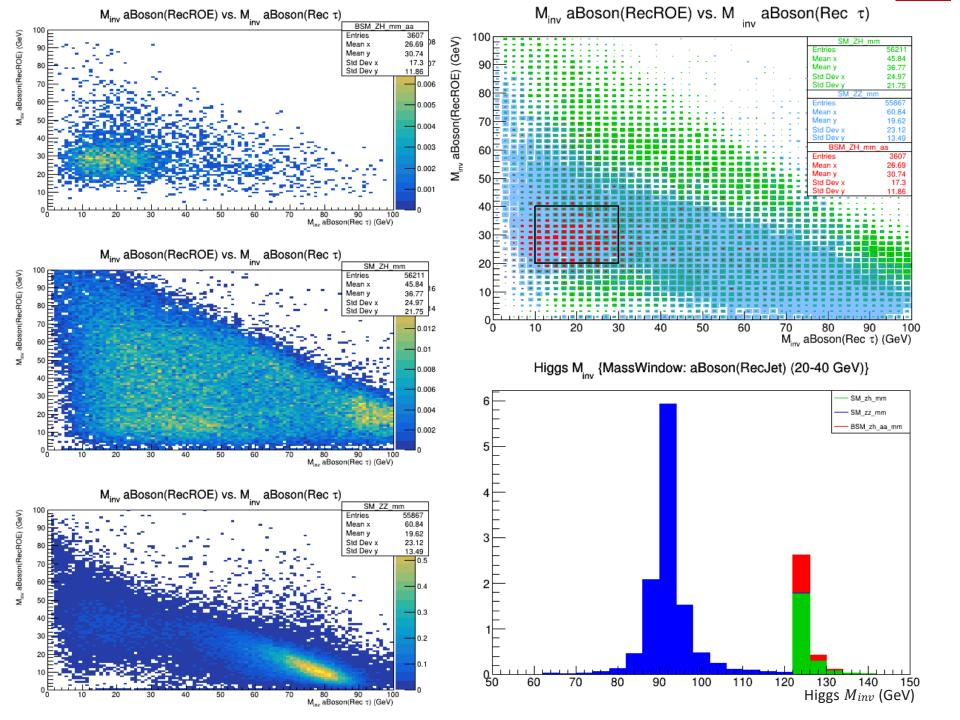
- Weighted events =  $\frac{XS \times BR \text{ Higgs decay} \times \text{Target Luminosity}}{\# \text{ of Events Generated}}$
- Target Luminosity =  $1 \text{ ab}^{-1}$
- Branching Ratio for Higgs decay to a boson = 0.01
- Apply a series of kinematic cuts
  - ZBoson Mass Cuts: 80 100 GeV
  - aBoson (diTau) Mass Cuts: 10-30 GeV
  - aBoson (diJet) Mass Cuts: 20-40 GeV
  - Higgs Boson Mass Cuts: 120-140 GeV
- Significance =  $\frac{S}{\sqrt{S+B}}$

# $\mu^+\mu^ b\overline{b}$ $au^+ au^-$ final state

|  | Signal   | Bkg_ZZ   | Bkg_ZH   |
|--|----------|----------|----------|
| # of Events generated                                    | 10000    | 1000000  | 1000000  |
| ZBoson [80,100] / ZBoson before [80,100] Cut %           | 89.45    | 92.34    | 91.05    |
| ZBoson [80,100] / # of Events generated %                | 65.44    | 67.46    | 63.79    |
| aBoson (Tau) [10,30] / aBoson (Tau) before [10,30] Cut % | 62.32    | 14.18    | 23.25    |
| aBoson (Tau) [10,30] / ZBoson [80,100] %                 | 31.07    | 1.58     | 3.37     |
| aBoson (Jet) [20,40] / aBoson (Jet) before [20,40] Cut % | 75.50    | 53.84    | 24.97    |
| aBoson (Jet) [20,40] / aBoson (Tau) [10,30] %            | 75.50    | 30.32    | 15.64    |
| HBoson [120,140] / HBoson before [120,140] Cut %         | 99.28    | 0.53     | 98.21    |
| HBoson [120,140] / aBoson (Jet) [20,40] %                | 99.28    | 0.53     | 98.21    |
|  |          |          |          |
| XS   | 6.60E-15 | 3.52E-14 | 6.60E-15 |
| BR Higgs decay   | 0.01     | 1        | 1        |
| luminosity   | 1.00E+18 | 1.00E+18 | 1.00E+18 |
| weighted events  | 10.06    | 0.5977   | 21.80    |
| Significance   | 1.77     |          |          |

• The Significance = 1.77



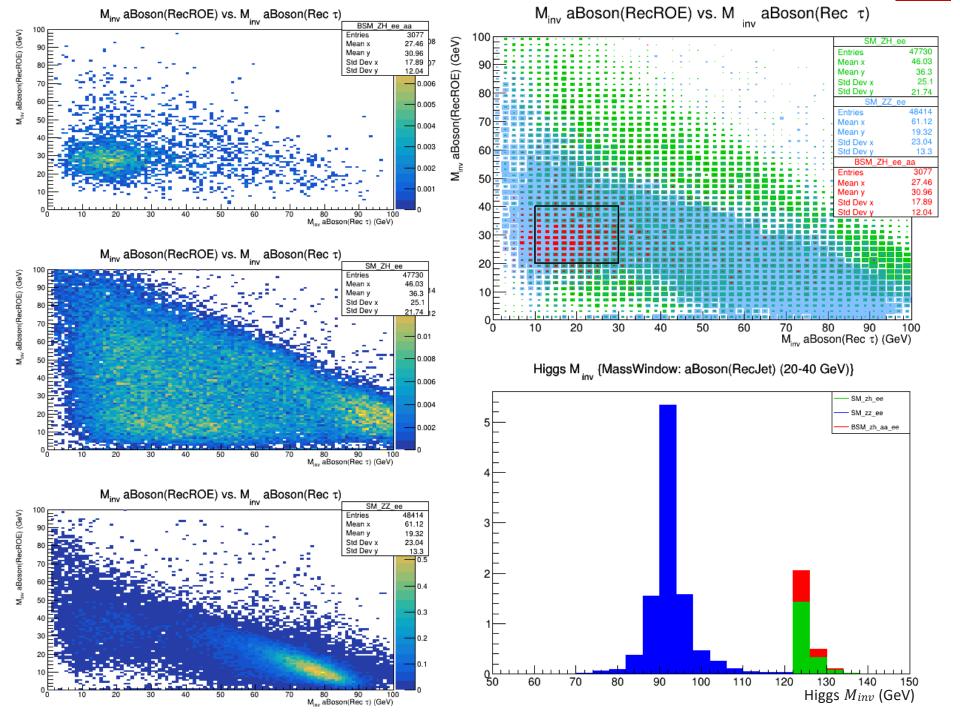


# $e^+e^-\,b\overline{b}\, au^+ au^-$ final state



|  | Signal            | Bkg_ZZ   | Bkg_Zh   |
|--|-------------------|----------|----------|
| # of Events generated                                    | 10000             | 1000000  | 1000000  |
| ZBoson [80,100] / ZBoson before [80,100] Cut %           | 87.16             | 92.32    | 90.58    |
| ZBoson [80,100] / # of Events generated %                | 54.42             | 57.73    | 53.50    |
| aBoson (Tau) [10,30] / aBoson (Tau) before [10,30] Cut % | 61.72             | 14.15    | 23.18    |
| aBoson (Tau) [20,40] / ZBoson [80,100] %                 | 30.96             | 1.62     | 3.49     |
| aBoson (Jet) [20,40] / aBoson (Jet) before [20,40] Cut % | 74.66             | 55.20    | 25.01    |
| aBoson (Jet) [20,40] / aBoson (Tau) [10,30] %            | 74.66             | 30.39    | 15.27    |
| HBoson [120,140] / HBoson before [120,140] Cut %         | 99.84             | 0.11     | 98.42    |
| HBoson [120,140] / aBoson (Jet) [20,40] %                | 99.84             | 0.11     | 98.42    |
| XS   | 6.60E-15          | 3.52E-14 | 6.60E-15 |
| BR Higgs decay   | 0.01              | 1        | 1        |
| luminosity   | 1.00E+18          | 1.00E+18 | 1.00E+18 |
| weighted events  | 8.293             | 0.1055   | 18.51    |
| Significance   | <mark>1.60</mark> |          |          |

• The Significance = 1.60





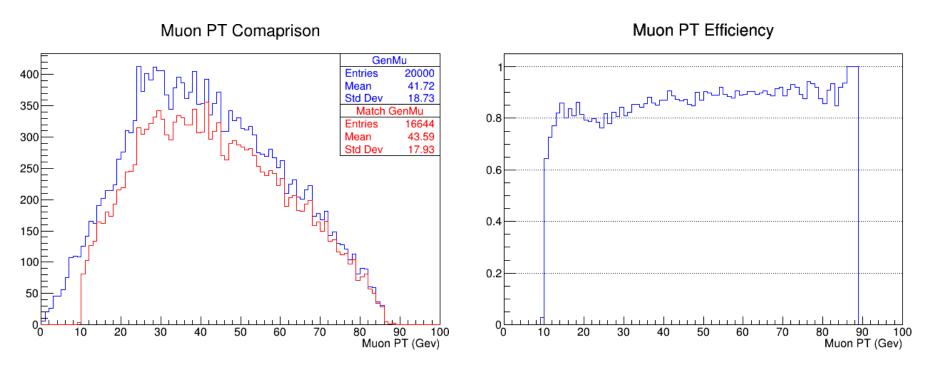
## Summary

- Quick look at the BSM Higgs produced from exotic SM Higgs decays in association with a Z boson at e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup> collider
- Results look reasonable, but there are still a lot of room for improvement i.e. Tau reconstruction algorithm, exploiting angular information, etc





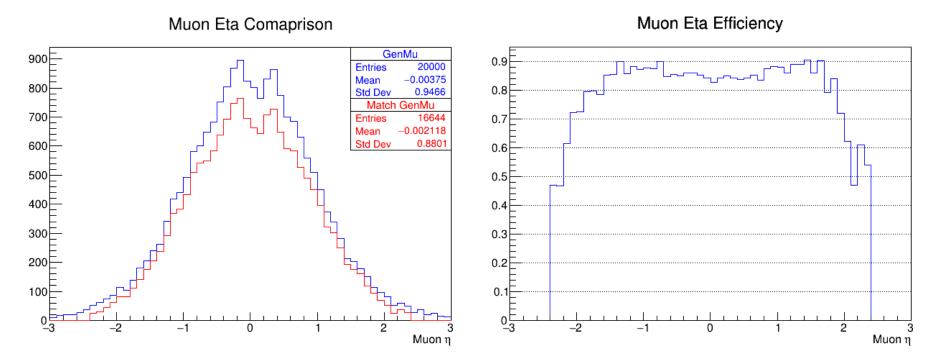
## **Muon PT Efficiency**



- When the PT is greater than 10 GeV, an efficiency of above 0.8 and close to 0.9 is achieved.
- Efficiency drop at around 10 GeV. Resulting from the 10 GeV PT cut on Dlephes.



## **Muon Eta Efficiency**



- Close to 0.9 efficiency in the eta region from -1.5 to 1.5
- Efficiency drop at around  $\pm 2$



# **Generator level Tau**

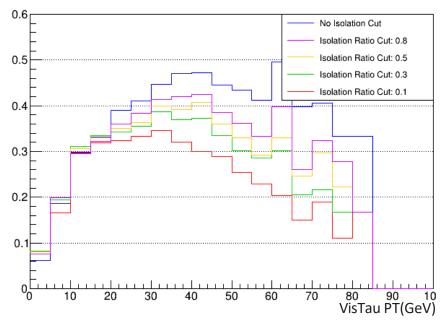
1. Loop through each particle in branchParticles:

- Check if the particle is a tau neutrino (abs(particle->PID) == 16).
- Trace the ancestry of the tau neutrino to find the parent tau particle.
- Handle special cases:
  - Z or W boson decay neutrinos: Skip.
  - D or B meson decay products: Skip.
- 2. Extract decay products of the parent tau:
  - Identify charged prongs with the highest PT (e.g. pi+ or K+).
  - Count photons and neutral hadrons in the decay.
- 3. Create genTaus and visTaus objects:
  - genTaus: Information about the parent tau particle and its decay products.
  - visTaus: Information about visible tau decay (parent tau momentum tau neutrino momentum).

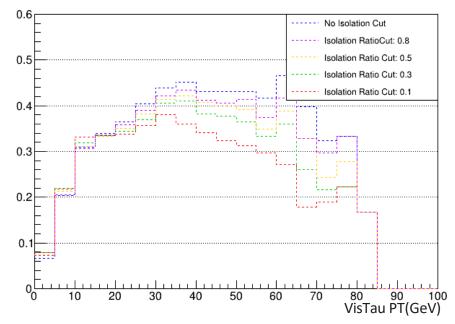
#### **Table for different Inner Cone deltaR & Isolation Ratio Cut**

| deltaR & Isolation Ratio Cut<br>a Boson Mass (RecTau)Stats | 0.2   |       | 0.2<br>Isolation: | 0.2   | deltaR:<br>0.2<br>Isolation:<br>0.1 | 0.3<br>Isolation: | 0.3<br>Isolation: | 0.3<br>Isolation: | deltaR:<br>0.3<br>Isolation:<br>0.3 | deltaR:<br>0.3<br>Isolation:<br>0.1 |
|--|-------|-------|-------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Entries  | 4886  | 4252  | 3925              | 3568  | 3 2928                              | 8 4662            | 4441              | . 4676            | 6 4054                              | 3547                                |
| Mean   | 29.75 | 29.73 | 28.67             | 26.71 | 22.03                               | 30.36             | 30.56             | 30.41             | 29.45                               | 25.99                               |
| Std DEV  | 17.28 | 17.67 | 17.7              | 17.35 | 5 13.97                             | 17.93             | 18.14             | 18.24             | 18.32                               | 17.05                               |

PT Efficiency (VisTau inner cone deltaR Cut: 0.2)



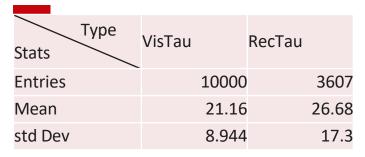
PT Efficiency (VisTau inner cone deltaR Cut: 0.3)



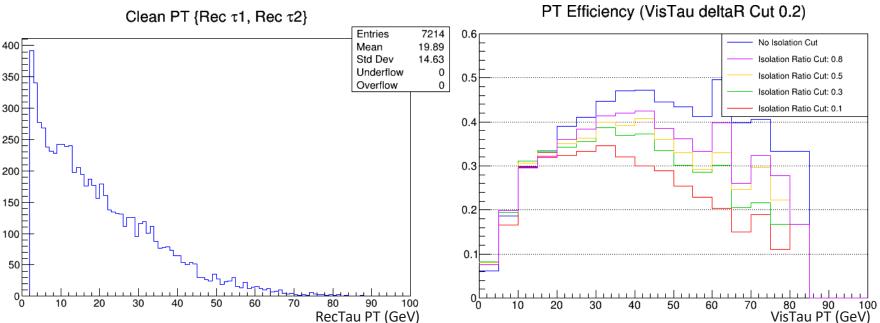


## Comparison of RecTau vs VisTau (inner cone deltaR Cut: 0.2, Isolation Ratio Cut: 0.3)





- Selection Efficiency: 36%
- Tau Reconstruction efficiency needs to be studied



PT for the single RecTau with deltaR cut 0.2 and isolation ratio cut 0.3