



# Structural analysis of Final Cooling Solenoid Coil

C. Accettura,
With several contributions from A. Bertarelli, B. Bordini, L. Bottura, A
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#### Index



- Review of the model presented at the IMCC2024
- New model

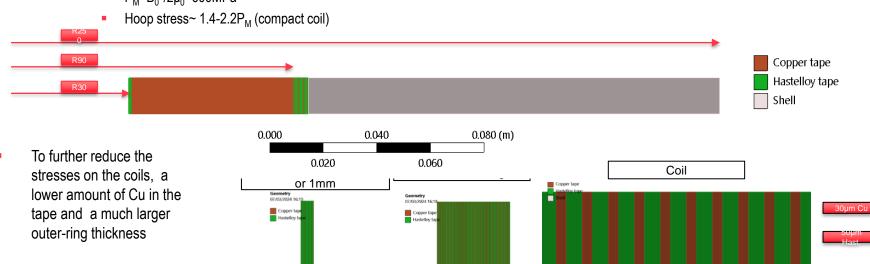


#### Stress and Strain in the coil



- Mechanical Simulation of a modular coil: all 750 windings are represented
- The model accounts for: Cu yielding and; the thermal contractions of the different materials
  - $P_M = B_0^2 / 2\mu_0 \sim 600 MPa$

C. Accettura et al., Final Coc



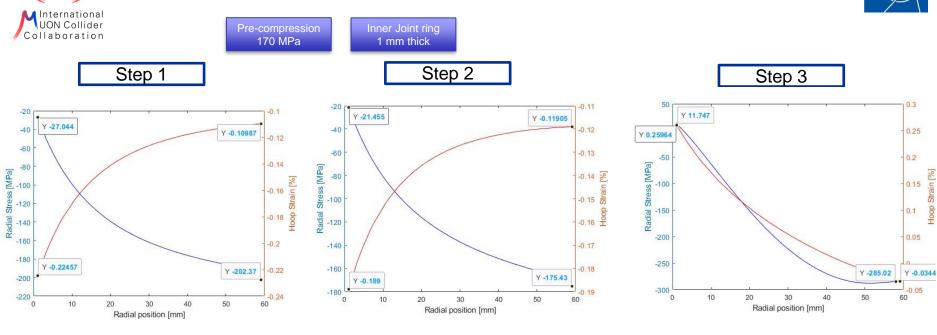
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#### Stress and Strain in the coil













# Inner joint optimization

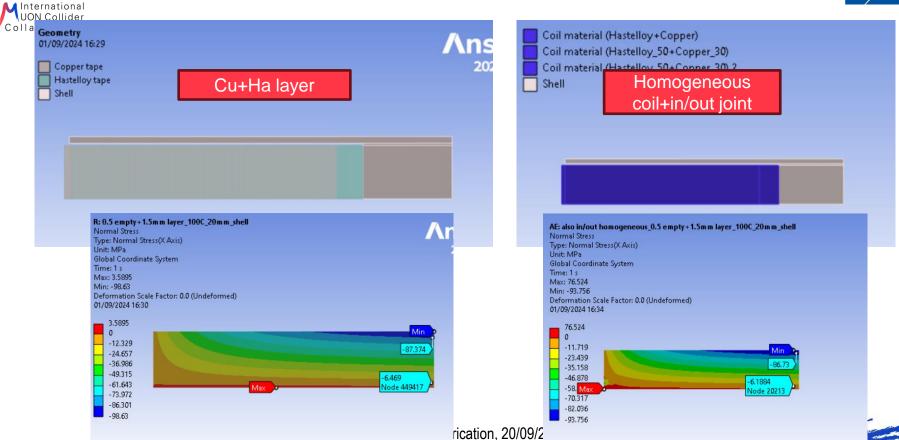


Inner Joint ring thickness [mm]	Pre- compression	Radial stress[MPa]		Hoop Strain [%]			Shear Stress [MPa]			
	at cold [MPa]	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	1	2	3
0.5	170	-205/-8	-190/-5	-290/10	<b>-0.25</b> /-0.10	-0.20/ -0.12	-0.04/ <b>0.28</b>	6	4.5	4
0.5	250	-318/-12	-258/-8	-367/7	<b>-0.39</b> /-0.17	-0.31/-0.16	-0.09/ <b>0.18</b>	10	6	5
1	170	-205/-14	-190/-10	-288/19	<b>-0.25</b> /-0.10	-0.2/-0.12	-0.05/ <b>0.29</b>	6	4	5
	250	-320/-21	-259/-15	-366/13	<b>-0.39</b> /-0.17	-0.3/-0.16	-0.09/ <b>0.18</b>	10	6	5



#### 2D layered vs homogeneous

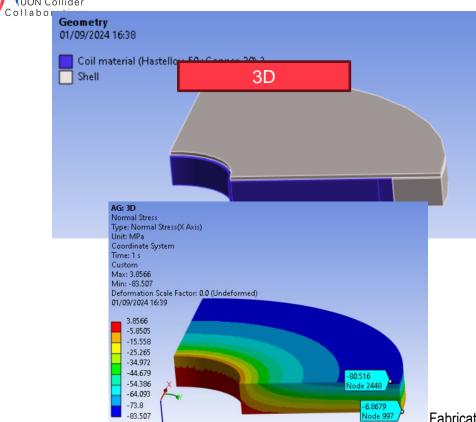


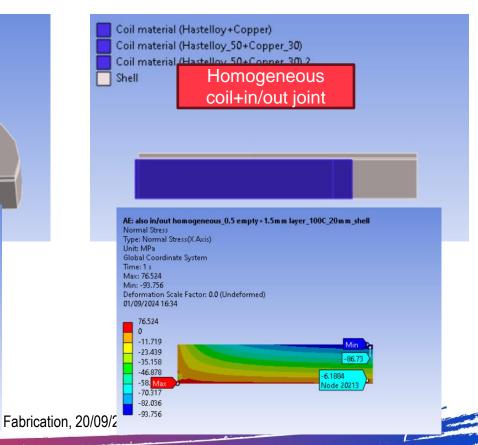




#### 3D vs 2D



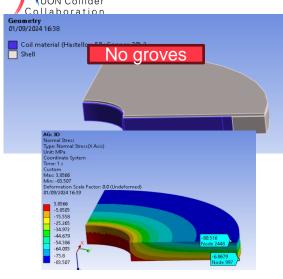


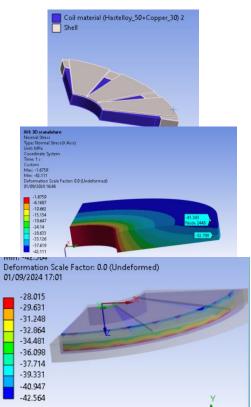


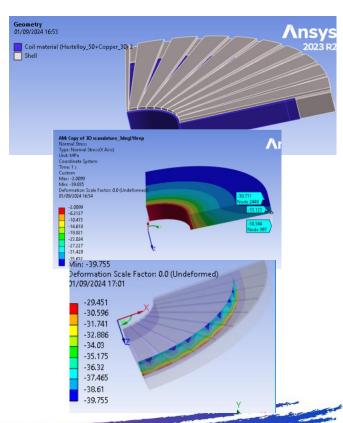


# **Groves optimization**









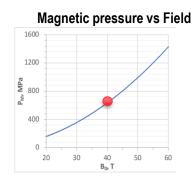
C. Accettura et al., Final Cooling Solenoid Design and Fabrication, 20/09/2024

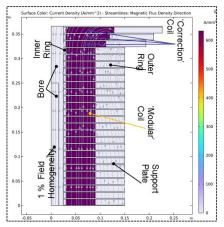


#### **Introduction and Motivations**



- Design proposed for the Final Cooling solenoid based on single and compact coil → critical stress management:
  - $P_M = B_0^2 / 2\mu_0 \sim 600 MPa$
  - Hoop stress~ 1.4-2.2P<sub>M</sub> (compact coil)





See B. Bordini, Technology options for the final coolin solenoids, IMCC Annual Meeting 2023, Orsay



#### **Introduction and Motivations**

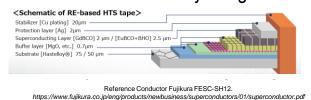


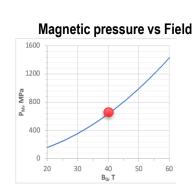
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  - $P_M = B_0^2 / 2\mu_0 \sim 600 MPa$
  - Hoop stress~ 1.4-2.2P<sub>M</sub> (compact coil)
- Non- homogeneous and anisotropic material:

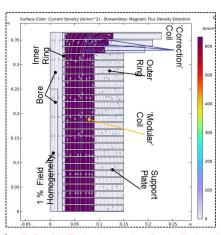
Maximum allowable stress very weak in certain direction



Reduced safety margin







See B. Bordini, Technology options for the final cooling solenoids, IMCC Annual Meeting 2023, Orsay

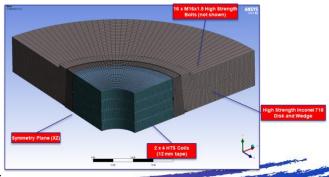




#### **Pre-compression**



- How to obtain the pre-compression?
- Mechanical concept is based on encapsulating HTS pancake coils in an external structure, generating high radial compressive stresses. Three concepts analysed:
  - 1. Thermally-induced shrink fitting
  - 2. Adjustable shrink-discs with conical surfaces
  - 3. Hybrid solution (1+2)





# **Shrink Fitting**



abraticoil surrounded by a cylindrical shell with rin shell < rext coil

- Shell is pre-heated → fitting of the coil inside → cool-down of the shell and thermal contraction
- Simple analytical evaluation: σ<sub>hoop</sub>=-500MPa→200MPa→interference gap ~220μm→ Tshell~170°C

$$\sigma_{\theta} = -\frac{\rho^2 + \beta^2}{\rho^2} \frac{1}{1 - \beta^2} p_e$$

$$\delta = \delta_{i2} - \delta_{e1} = \left[ \frac{1}{E_2} \left( \frac{1 + \beta_2^2}{1 - \beta_2^2} + \nu_2 \right) + \frac{1}{E_1} \left( \frac{1 + \beta_1^2}{1 - \beta_1^2} - \nu_1 \right) \right] r_{e1} p_f$$

- Some practical aspects must be considered:
  - Differential contraction during cooldown
  - Strength of the cylinder
  - Impact of the joints
  - Plasticity
  - Mechanical tolerances: 1MPa/µm lost
  - Buckling
     C. Accettura et al., Final Cooling Solenoid Design and Fabrication, 20/09/2024

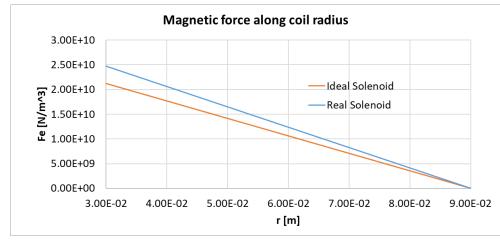
FEA simulations at different levels of complexity



#### **Assumptions**



- 2D axisymmetric
- Electromagnetic Forces
  - Ideal Solenoid ( $J_{ideal} = \frac{B_{MAX}}{\mu_0(r_{co} r_{ci})} = 531 \text{ A/mm2}$ )
    - Real Solenoid ( $J_{real} = J_{ideal} = \frac{t_{coil} + t_{supportplate}}{t_{coil}} = 620 \text{ A/mm2}$ )







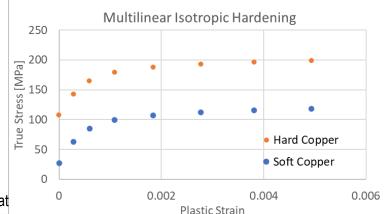
#### Reference model





Needed to keep the pre-compression. Soft copper was resulting in a lower pre-compression

Ha to avoid radial tensile and shear stress after cooldown

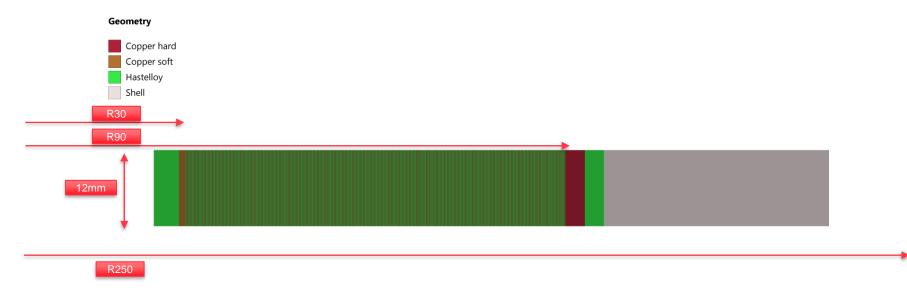


C. Accettura et al., Final Cooling Solenoid Design and Fabricat



# Layered model

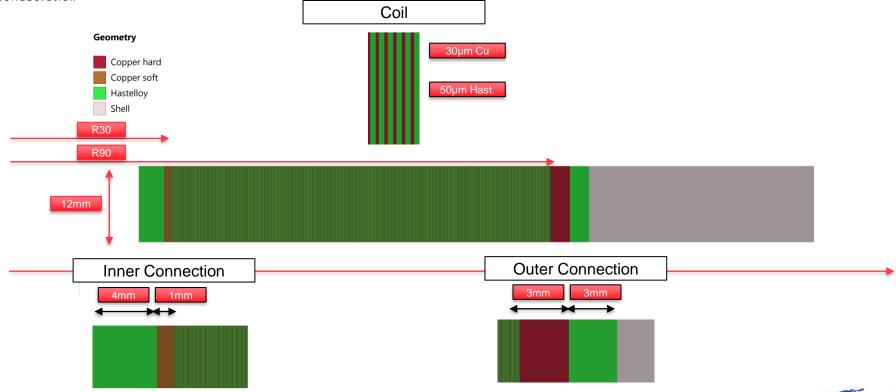






# **Geometry and Materials**



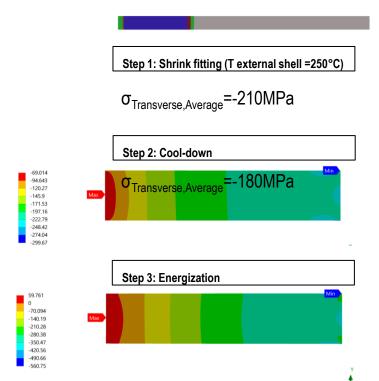


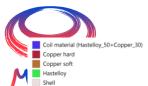
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# Validity of homogeneous model

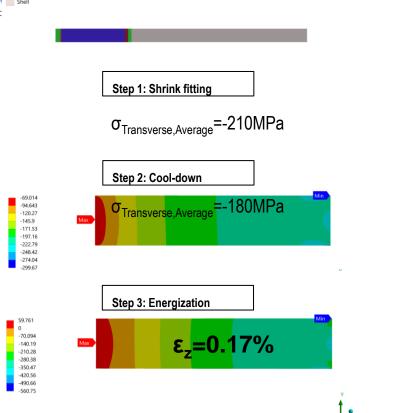


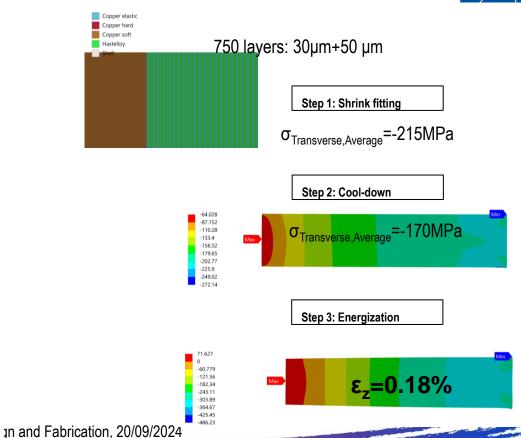




# Validity of homogeneous model



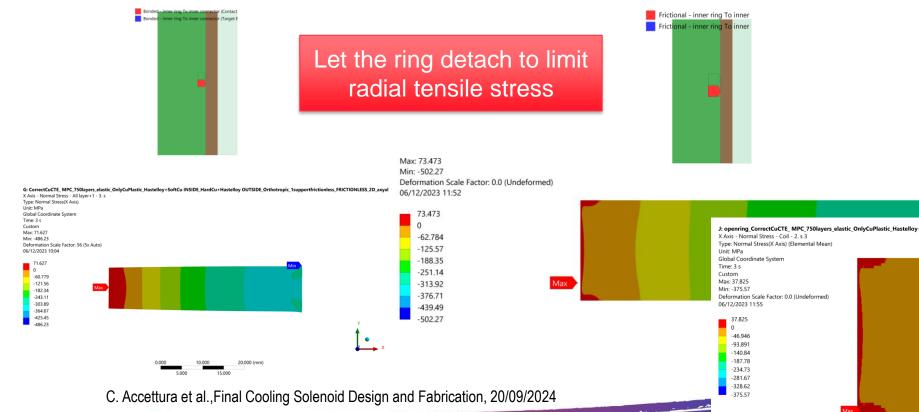






#### Effect of the inner joint properties







#### **Effect of the tape plasticity**

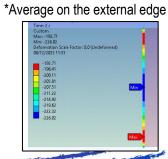


		$\sigma_x$ -radial[MPa]	]	ε <sub>z</sub> -hoop
step	min	max	ave	max
1	-289	-57	-210	
2	-224	-67	-164 (200*)	
3	-416	77	-213	0.30%
1	-308	-54	-214	
2	-272	-63	-171 (210*)	
3	-502	73	-224	0.22%

Plastic

Elastic

\*Avarage on the systemal ada



L: openingring\_CorrectCuCTE\_MPC\_750layers\_plastic\_OnlyCuPlastic\_Hastelloy+SoftCu INSIDE\_HardCu+Hastelloy OUTSIDE\_Orthotropic\_1supportfrictionless\_FRICTIONLESS\_2D\_asyalsym\_1coil\_cot X Axis - Normal Stress - All layer 1 - 3, 5

Type: Normal Stress (X Axis) Unit: MPa Global Coordinate System

Global Coordinate Syster Time: 3 s Custom Obsolete Max: 77.203

Min: -415.95 Deformation Scale Factor: 56 (5x Auto)









#### **Effect of the tape properties**



	σ <sub>x</sub> -radial[MPa]			ε <sub>z</sub> -hoop
step	min	max	ave	max
1	-291	-55	-208	
2	-264	-60	-171 (215*)	
3	-484	75	-218	0.24%
1	-289	-57	-210	
2	-224	-67	-164 (200*)	
3	-416	77	-213	0.30%

<sup>\*</sup>Average on the external edge

Experiments and FE modeling of stress–strain state in ReBCO tape under tensile, torsional and transverse load

To cite this article: K Ilin et al 2015 Supercond. Sci. Technol. 28 055006

Reference

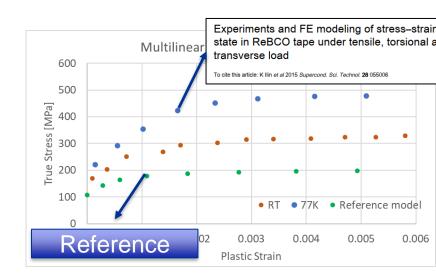


#### **Effect of the tape properties**



	$\sigma_{x}$ -radial[MPa]			ε <sub>z</sub> -hoop
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<sup>\*</sup>Average on the external edge





# **Effect of the tape properties**



	σ <sub>x</sub> -radial[MPa]			ε <sub>z</sub> -hoop
step	min	max	ave	max
1	-291	-55	-208	
2	-264	-60	-171(215)	
3	-484	75*	-218	0.24%

\*Localized effect

 $\varepsilon_z$ =0.24%  $\overline{\checkmark}$ 





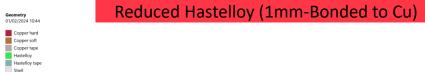




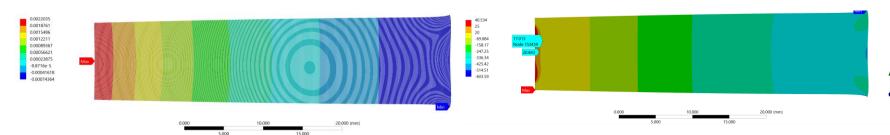


#### **Alternative Inner Joint-1**











0.0017623

0.0014966 0.001231

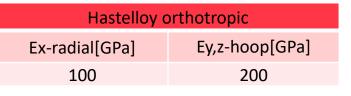
0.00096528

0.00043394

0.00016827

#### **Alternative Inner Joint-2**

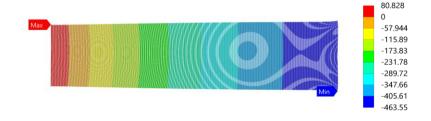




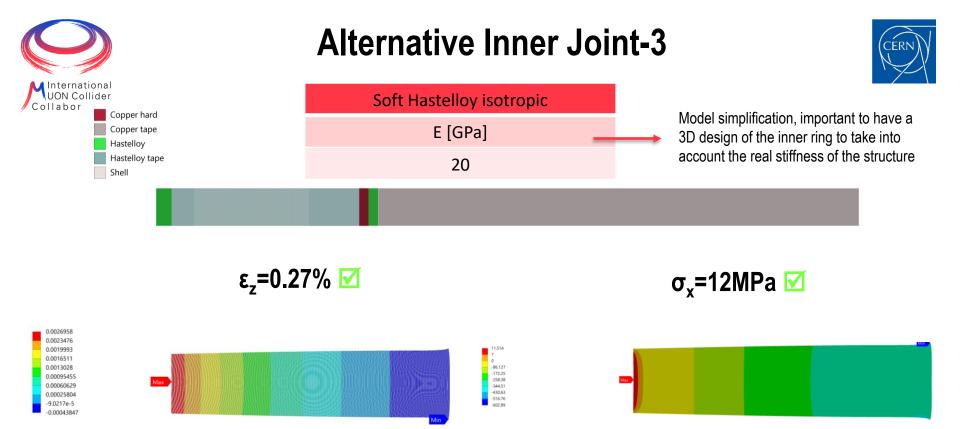














Type: Normal Elastic Strain(Y Axis)

Deformation Scale Factor: 0.0 (Undeformed)

Unit: mm/mm

Max: 0.0018075

Min: -0.00038037

01/02/2024 10:00

0.0015644 0.0013213 0.0010782 0.00083513

0.00059203

0.00034893

0.00010583

0.00013727

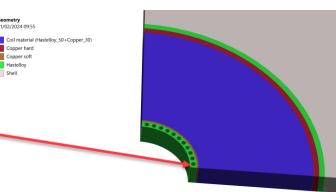
Time: 2 s

Coordinate System 3

#### **Alternative Inner Joint-4**







X Axis - Normal Stress - Coil - 3. s

Deformation Scale Factor: 0.0 (Undeformed)

Type: Normal Stress(X Axis)

Coordinate System 3

Unit: MPa

Time: 2 s

Custom Max: 38.188

Min: -401.82

01/02/2024 09:56

-114.81

-172.21

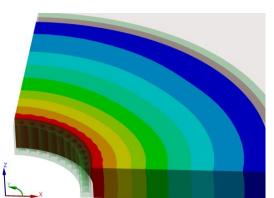
-229.61

-287.02

344.42

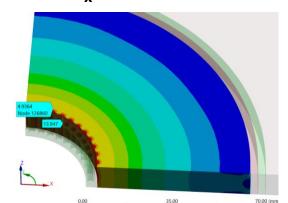
3D model more time-consuming, homogeneous material and mesh to be refined → INCREASE OF at least~50% **expected** 





01/02/2024 09:55

#### $\sigma_x$ <20MPa





# **Shrink Fitting**



\* PratiCoil surrounded by a cylindrical shell with rin<rext\_coil

- Shell is pre-heated → fitting of the coil inside → cool-down of the shell and thermal contraction
- Simple analytical evaluation: 600MPa→200MPa→interference gap ~300µm→ ~250°C

$$\sigma_{\theta} = -\frac{\rho^2 + \beta^2}{\rho^2} \frac{1}{1 - \beta^2} p_e$$

$$\delta = \delta_{i2} - \delta_{e1} = \left[ \frac{1}{E_2} \left( \frac{1 + \beta_2^2}{1 - \beta_2^2} + \nu_2 \right) + \frac{1}{E_1} \left( \frac{1 + \beta_1^2}{1 - \beta_1^2} - \nu_1 \right) \right] r_{e1} p_f$$

- Some practical aspects must be considered:
  - Differential contraction during cooldown
  - Strength of the cylinder
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  - Mechanical tolerances: 2MPa/µm lost
  - Buckling
    - C. Accettura et al., Final Cooling Solenoid Design and Fabrication, 20/09/2024

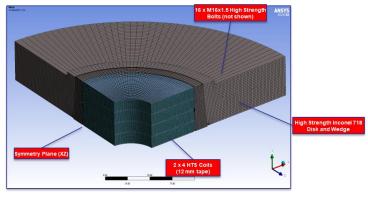
FEM simulations at different levels of complexity

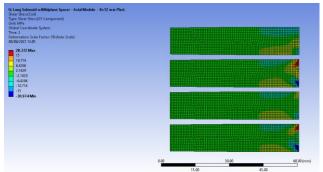


#### **Mechanical considerations - Second concept**



- 2 Load Steps:
  - Shrink Disk displacement (5 mm)
  - Energization
- Max. Hoop Stress (after energization):
   620.4 MPa
- Max. Hoop Strain (after energization): 0.344 %
- Shear Stresses globally lower than 15 MPa
- However, locally they can reach after energization ~ |30| MPa



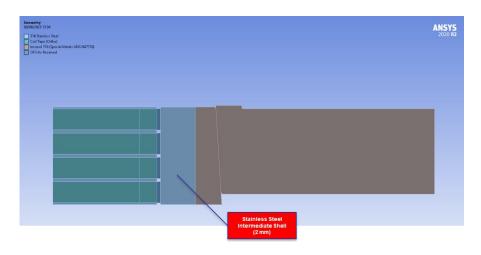




#### **Mechanical considerations - Third concept**



- To limit shear stresses, an intermediate steel shell is added (ID 184 mm; OD 224 mm)
- ~ 150 µm interference with coil pack created by differential heating
- 3 Load Steps: 1. Shell/Coil Interference; 2. Shrink Disk Displacement (2.2 mm); 3. Energization
- Min. Hoop Stress after shrinking: -426 MPa
- Max. Hoop Stress after energization: 598
   MPa
- Max. Hoop Strain after energization: 0.332
- Local peak shear stress ~ 10 MPa
- Max Shear after energization |9.2| MPa





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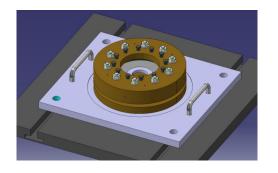
JAS NOTTIG		ANS 202
DED CO.		1
REBCO conductor		
Axial tensile stress	700MPa	
Axial tensile strain	0.4%	П
Transverse compressive stress	>100MPa	
Transverse tensile stress	10-100MPa	
Max shear stress	>19MPa	
	Axial tensile strain  Transverse compressive stress  Transverse tensile stress	REBCO conductor  Axial tensile stress 700MPa  Axial tensile strain 0.4%  Transverse compressive stress >100MPa  Transverse tensile stress 10-100MPa

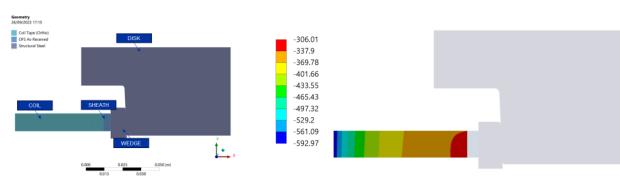
Preliminary is ok, but limited safety margins >
 Fundamental to have a good understanding of the material limits and failure mode



#### **Testing**







- $\sigma_{\text{hoop}}$ ~-600MPa reached on the inner radius of the coil
- The required compression is achieved with 10 M16 bolts
- System equipped with strain gauges and digital image correlation to characterize the coil

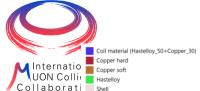


#### **Conclusion and next step**



- The final cooling solenoid requires a pre-compression to operate at 40T:
  - Shrink fitting, mechanical jigs or a combined solution can provide the required pre-compressions
  - Tape properties impacting the results → important to benchmark them with experimental tests
  - The design of the inner and outer rings is critical: some possible solutions identified, more modelling work is needed to finalize the design
  - Different FEM models ready to investigate more options
  - Extensive work of design of the tooling for the experimental characterization of the tape

C. Accettura et al., Final Cooling Solenoid Design and Fabrication, 20/09/2024

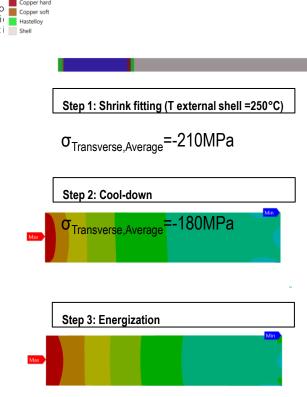


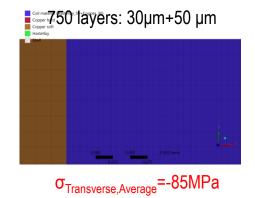
-94.643 -120.27 -145.9 -171.53 -197.16 -222.79 -248.42 -274.04

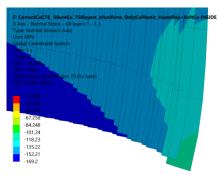
-70.094 -140.19 -210.28 -280.38 -350.47 -420.56 -490.66

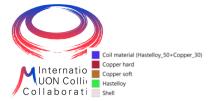
# Validity of homogeneous model











-94.643 -120.27 -145.9 -171.53 -197.16

-222.79 -248.42 -274.04

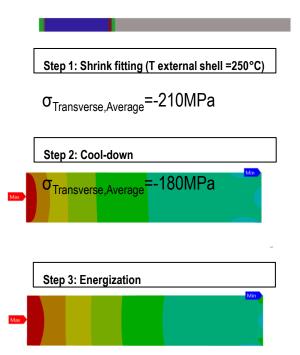
-70.094 -140.19 -210.28

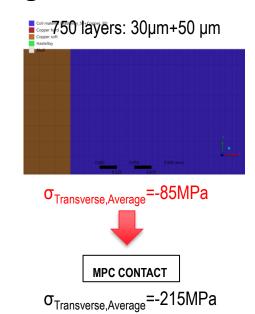
-280.38 -350.47

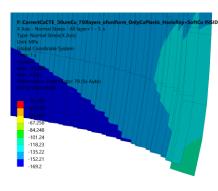
-420.56 -490.66

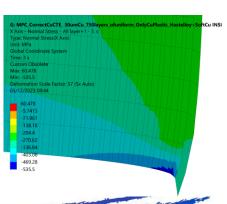
# Validity of homogeneous model









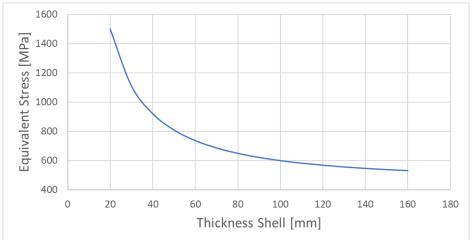


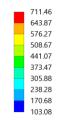


#### Why thick shell?



# Before energization









0.00 25.00 50.00 (mm)



#### Homogeneization



- Radial direction → springs in series
- Tangential direction → springs in parallel

$$E_{radial} = \frac{E_{Cu} \cdot t_{Cu} + E_{Ha} \cdot t_{Ha}}{t_{tot}}$$

$$E_{tangential} = t_{tot} \cdot \left(\frac{t_{Cu}}{E_{Cu}} + \frac{t_{Ha}}{E_{Ha}}\right)^{-1}$$

