FCC General Overview

"Educational Outreach Activity at CERN", 8 April 2024

Frank Zimmermann, CERN on behalf of FCC collaboration

with many warm thanks to Sehban Kartal and Michael Benedikt



Work supported by the **European Commission** under the **HORIZON 2020 projects EuroCirCol**, grant agreement 654305; **EASITrain**, grant agreement no. 764879; **iFAST**, grant agreement 101004730, **FCCIS**, grant agreement 951754; **E-JADE**, contract no. 645479; **EAJADE**, contract number 101086276; and by the Swiss **CHART** program



Horizon 2020 European Union funding for Research & Innovatio

FCC integrated program

comprehensive long-term program maximizing physics opportunities

- stage 1: FCC-ee (Z, W, H, tt) as Higgs factory, electroweak & top factory at highest luminosities
- stage 2: FCC-hh (~100 TeV) as natural continuation at energy frontier, pp & AA collisions; e-h option
- highly synergetic and complementary programme boosting the physics reach of both colliders
- common civil engineering and technical infrastructures, building on and reusing CERN's existing infrastructure
- FCC integrated project allows the start of a new, major facility at CERN within a few years of the end of HL-LHC





FCC General Overview Frank Zimmermann Istanbul U visit to CERN, 8 April 2024

FUTURE

CIRCULAR COLLIDER

a similar two-stage project CEPC/SPPC is under study in China

FCC integrated program - timeline



Note: FCC Conceptual Design Study started in 2014 leading to CDR in 2018

Ambitious schedule taking into account:
past experience in building colliders at CERN
approval timeline: ESPP, Council decision
that HL-LHC will run until 2041
project preparatory phase with adequate resources immediately after Feasibility Study

<u>ر</u>

environmental impact, financial feasibility, etc.)

FUTURE

CIRCULAR COLLIDER

CIRCULAR FOC Feasibility Study (2021-2025): high-level objectives

- demonstration of the geological, technical, environmental and administrative feasibility of the tunnel and surface areas and optimisation of placement and layout of the ring and related infrastructure;
- pursuit, together with the Host States, of the preparatory administrative processes required for a potential project approval to identify and remove any showstopper;
- optimisation of the design of the colliders and their injector chains, supported by R&D to develop the needed key technologies;
- elaboration of a sustainable operational model for the colliders and experiments in terms of human and financial resource needs, as well as environmental aspects and energy efficiency;
- development of a consolidated cost estimate, as well as the funding and organisational models needed to enable the project's technical design completion, implementation and operation;
- identification of substantial resources from outside CERN's budget for the implementation of the first stage of a possible future project (tunnel and FCC-ee);
- □ consolidation of the physics case and detector concepts for both colliders.

Results will be summarised in a Feasibility Study Report to be released by March 2025





FCC FS mid-term review

The goal of the FCC FS mid-term review is to assess the progress of the Study towards the final report. Deliverables approved by the Council in September 2022:

https://indico.cern.ch/event/1197445/contributions/5034859/attachments/2510649/4315140/spc-e-1183-Rev2-c-e-3654-Rev2_FCC_Mid_Term_Review.pdf



Documents:

- □ Mid-term report (all deliverables except D7)
- Executive Summary of mid-term report
- Updated cost assessment (D7)
- □ Funding model (D7)

Review process:

- Oct 2023: Scientific Advisory Committee (scientific and technical aspects)
 - and Cost Review Panel (ad hoc committee; cost and financial aspects)
- Nov 2023: SPC and FC
- 2 Feb 2024: Council

FCC Feasibility Study mid-term report

Full Report

- 8 Chapters/Deliverables
- ~ 700pp document
- ~ 16 editors

FUTURE

CIRCULAR COLLIDER

~ 500 contributors

Executive Summary

- 8 Chapters/Deliverables
- ~ 45pp document
- ~ 16 editors

Both documents are available to the CERN community at: <u>https://doi.org/10.17181/mhas5-1f263</u>

Please note that the midterm report of the FCC Feasibility Study reflects work in progress and should therefore not be propagated to people without direct access to this page.

You are kindly asked to treat the information with the appropriate level of confidentiality, as defined in the CERN Data Protection Policy.

For questions on access please contact the FCC Secretariat: <u>fcc.secretariat@cern.ch</u>

Future Circular Collider Midterm Report

February 2024

Edited by:

B. Auchmann, W. Bartmann, M. Benedikt, J.P. Burnet, P. Craievich, M. Giovannozzi, C. Grojean, J. Gutleber, K. Hanke, P. Janot, M. Mangano, J. Osborne, J. Poole, T. Raubenheimer, T. Watson, F. Zimmermann



This project has received funding under the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 951754.

This document has been produced by the organisations participating in the FCC feasibility study. The studies and technical concepts presented here do not represent an agreement or commitment of any of CERN's Member States or of the European Union for the construction and operation of an extension to CERN's existing research infrastructures. The midterm report of the FCC Feasibility Study reflects work in progress and should therefore not be propagated to people who do not have direct access to this document. Executive Summary of the Future Circular Collider Midterm Report

February 2024

Edited by:

B. Auchmann, W. Bartmann, M. Benedikt, J.P. Burnet, P. Charitos, P. Craievich, M. Giovannozzi, C. Grojean, J. Gutleber, K. Hanke, P. Janot, M. Mangano, J. Osborne, J. Poole, T. Raubenheimer, A. Unnervik, T. Watson, F. Zimmermann



This project has received funding under the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 951754.

This document has been produced by the organisations participating in the FCC Feasibility Study. The studies and technical concepts presented here do not represent an agreement or commitment of any of CERN's Member States or the European Union to construct and operate an extension to CERN's existing research infrastructures. The midterm report of the FCC Feasibility Study reflects work in progress and should therefore not be propagated to people who do not have direct access to this document.

Optimized placement and layout for feasibility study

Layout chosen out of ~ 100 initial variants, based on **geology** and **surface constraints** (land availability, access to roads, etc.), **environment,** (protected zones), **infrastructure** (water, electricity, transport), **machine performance** etc.

"Avoid-reduce-compensate" principle of EU and French regulations

Overall lowest-risk baseline: 90.7 km ring, 8 surface points,

Whole project now adapted to this placement

FUTURE

CIRCULAR COLLIDER





CIRCULAR Surface sites development and reservation of land-plots

Meetings ongoing with all communes concerned by surface sites to identify individual land-plots for development of surface site layout and land reservation.

- PA : Ferney Voltaire: 01/2024
- PB: Choulex : 12/2023
- PB: Presinge : 01/2024, plenary session with community council 04/2024
- PD : Nangy: 05/2024
- **PF**: Éteaux: 03/2024
- PG : Groisy / Charvonnex: 04/2024
- PH : Marlioz / Cercier : 02/2024
- PJ : Vulbens / Dingy en Vuache : 09/2023, 01/2024
- PL : Challex: 03/2024, further meetings in Q2/24 to identify best site location
 Green: parcelles identified and agreed
 Blue: ongoing



FCC tunnel implementation

Tunnel implementation summary

- 91 km circumference
- 95% in molasse geology for minimising tunnel construction risks
- Site investigations in zones where tunnel is close to geological interfaces: moraines-molasse-limestone

Status site investigations

FUTURE CIRCULAR COLLIDER

- Site investigations in areas with uncertain geological conditions:
 - Optimisation of localisation of drilling locations ongoing with site visits since end 2022.

Contracts Status:

- Contract for engineering services and role of Engineer during works, active since July 2022
- Contracts for drillings and seismics in final negotiation round.
- Start of work in Q2/2024.

Sondage A89 (2007) incliné de 45° de 125 ml (surface plateforme estimée : 12 x 12 m soit environ 150 m²)

Drilling works on the lake

CE underground and surface progress

 Full 3D model of all underground structures as basis for costing and scheduling exercises with external consultant.

FUTURE

CIRCULAR COLLIDER

Examples of Fermilab Deliverables

- Generic study of experiment site and technical site done by FNAL
- bills of quantities extracted from FNAL designs
- basis for cost estimate by consultant with experience on industrial constructions in CH-FR area.

FUTURE CIRCULAR **Studies on excavation strategy and material quantities**

2 TBMs from each experimental point

Alternative with no TBMs from PA

																	[
	Limestone (m3)	Molasse (m3)	Moraine (m3)	Total (<i>in-situ</i>) (m3)	Total (Bulk factor 1.3) (m3)	%	Start Excavation	End Excavation			Limestone (m3)	Molasse (m3)	Moraine (m3)	Total (in-situ) (m3)	Total (<i>Bulk factor 1.3</i>) (m3)	%	Start Excavation	End Excavation
PA	-	1,315,336	62,721	1,378,058	1,791,475	22%	Jan-33	Jun-38	P	A	-	562,457	62,721	625,178	812,731	10%	Jan-33	Jun-38
PB	-	137,379	10,473	147,852	192,207	2%	Jan-33	Jul-35	P	В	-	499,592	10,473	510,066	663,085	8%	Jan-33	Jul-35
PD	-	1,248,824	24,925	1,273,749	1,655,874	20%	Jan-33	Jun-37	P	D	-	1,248,824	24,925	1,273,749	1,655,874	20%	Jan-33	Jun-37
PF	-	165,213	-	165,213	214,777	3%	Jan-33	Apr-35	P	F	-	165,213	-	165,213	214,777	3%	Jan-33	Apr-35
PG	141,175	1,193,094	30,829	1,365,098	1,774,628	22%	Jan-33	Jun-38	P	G	141,175	1,193,094	30,829	1,365,098	1,774,628	22%	Jan-33	Jun-38
PH	-	304,083	7,482	311,565	405,034	5%	Jan-33	Dec-35	P	н	-	304,083	7,482	311,565	405,034	5%	Jan-33	Dec-35
PJ	-	1,258,608	29,910	1,288,518	1,675,073	20%	Jan-33	Sep-37	PJ	J.	-	1,258,608	29,910	1,288,518	1,675,073	20%	Jan-33	Sep-37
PL	-	227,088	13,468	240,556	312,723	4%	Jan-33	Dec-35	P	۲L	-	617,754	13,468	631,222	820,589	10%	Jan-33	Dec-35
Inj	-	122,329	-	122,329	159,028	2%	Jan-33	Jun-36	In	nj	-	122,329	-	122,329	159,028	2%	Jan-33	Jun-36
Total	141,175	5,971,954	179,808	6,292,937	8,180,819	100%			Тс	otal	141,175	5,971,954	179,808	6,292,937	8,180,819	100%		

CIRCULAR OpenSky Laboratory: demonstrate molasse reuse cases

GOAL: demonstrate the feasibility to transform Molasse (excavated material) into fertile soil.

- Project launched in January 2024
- 10000 m² near LHC P5 in Cessy, France.

Project phases:

1) Laboratory tests to **identify** the **most suitable mix** of molasse and amendments.

2) **Field tests** in a **controlled environment** (plants selected in function of regional specificities and possible soil reuse cases)

International collaboration with partners from academia and industry specialised in agronomy, soil paedogenesis, phytoremediation

Status - March 2024:

- Project approved at CERN level
- Collaboration agreements being signed
- Definition of the laboratory and field tests

Connections with regional infrastructure

Genissiat

Le Buget

Four possible highway connections defined

FUTURE

CIRCULAR COLLIDER

Less than 4 km new departmental roads required

- Electrical connection concept studied by RTE (French electrical grid operator) → requested loads have no significant impact on grid
- Powering concept and power rating of the three substations compatible with FCC-hh
- R&D efforts aiming at further reduction of the energy consumption of FCC-ee and FCC-hh

Transfer line FCC-ee (option with SPS for FCC-hh)

FUTURE

CIRCULAR

FCC-ee injector layout & implementation

FUTURE

CIRCULAR

FCC-ee: main machine parameters

Parameter	Z	ww	H (ZH)	ttbar
beam energy [GeV]	45.6	80	120	182.5
beam current [mA]	1270	137	26.7	4.9
number bunches/beam	11200	1780	440	60
bunch intensity [10 ¹¹]	2.14	1.45	1.15	1.55
SR energy loss / turn [GeV]	0.0394	0.374	1.89	10.4
total RF voltage 400/800 MHz [GV]	0.120/0	1.0/0	2.1/0	2.1/9.4
long. damping time [turns]	1158	215	64	18
horizontal beta* [m]	0.11	0.2	0.24	1.0
vertical beta* [mm]	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.6
horizontal geometric emittance [nm]	0.71	2.17	0.71	1.59
vertical geom. emittance [pm]	1.9	2.2	1.4	1.6
horizontal rms IP spot size [μm]	9	21	13	40
vertical rms IP spot size [nm]	36	47	40	51
beam-beam parameter ξ _x / ξ _y	0.002/0.0973	0.013/0.128	0.010/0.088	0.073/0.134
rms bunch length with SR / BS [mm]	5.6 / 15.5	3.5 / <mark>5.4</mark>	3.4 / 4.7	1.8 / 2.2
luminosity per IP [10 ³⁴ cm ⁻² s ⁻¹]	140	20	5.0	1.25
total integrated luminosity / IP / year [ab ⁻¹ /yr]	17	2.4	0.6	0.15
beam lifetime rad Bhabha + BS [min]	15	12	12	11
	4 years 5 x 10 ¹² Z	2 years > 10 ⁸ WW	3 years 2 x 10 ⁶ H	5 years 2 x 10 ⁶ tt pairs

Design and parameters dominated by the choice to allow for 50 MW synchrotron radiation per beam.

x 10-50 improvements on all EW observables

- □ up to x 10 improvement on Higgs coupling (model-indep.) measurements over HL-LHC
- □ x10 Belle II statistics for b, c, т

FUTURE

CIRCULAR COLLIDER

- □ indirect discovery potential up to ~ 70 TeV
- □ direct discovery potential for feebly-interacting particles over 5-100 GeV mass range

Up to 4 interaction points \rightarrow robustness, statistics, possibility of specialised detectors to maximise physics output

Operation sequences for FCC-ee and RF configuration

FUTURE

CIRCULAR COLLIDER

Evolution of RF configuration of collider and booster with beam energies and physics operation points
Long-term R&D for SRF, in particular for the 800 MHz system

FUTURE CIRCULAR COLLIDER

RF R&D activities

RF system R&D is key for increasing energy efficiency of FCC-ee

- Nb on Cu 400 MHz cavities, seamless cavity production, coating techniques
- Bulk Nb 800 MHz cavities, surface treatment techniques, cryomodule design

Only single beam

RF power source R&D in synergy with HL-LHC.

800 MHz cavity and CM design collaborations with **JLAB and FNAL**

high-efficiency klystron R&D in collaborations with THALES & CANON

400 MHz cavity production in collaboration with **KEK**

FCC-ee optics baseline & further evolution(s)

FUTURE

CIRCULAR COLLIDER

optimisation goals:

- reduced power consumption ٠
- lower SR energy loss
- increased momentum acceptance
- relaxed tolerances ۲

QF

QF

Bf

QF

QF

Bf

B1 DIPOLE

B1

B1 DIPOLE

B1

DIPOLE

larger dynamic aperture

B1 DIPOLE

B1 DIPOLE

B1 DIPOLE

B1 DIPOLE

Bd DIPOLE

QD

52 111 1

Bd

QD

simplified powering schemes

QD

Bd DIPOL

QD

OF

QF

Bf

104.222 m

B1

DIPOLE

B1 DIPOLE

B1 DIPOLE

B1 DIPOLE

B1

DIPOLE

B1

B1 DIPOLE

B1 DIPOLE

C. Garcia,

Bd DIPOLE

OD

Bd

QD

Arc layout and integration optimisation

Arc cell optimisation – 80 km total system length, dedicated working group active.

- Including support, girder and alignment systems, shielding systems
- vacuum system with antechamber + pumps, dipole, quadrupole + sext. magnets, BPMs,
- cabling, cooling & technical infrastructure interfaces.
- Safety aspects, access and transport concept,

EUTURE

COLLIDER

Prototype Q1 (left) & Interaction Region Mock-Up (right) CIRCULAR COLLIDER

cold 765 A

warm 5 A

+/- 1.0σ/√N

simulation

multipole order r

0.6

0.4

0.2 -

0.6

0.2

-0.2

900

800

700

600

500 400

300

200

100

Ω

FUTURE

INFN-LNF, **CERN** and **INFN-Pisa** collaboration

Outer and medium

tracker Cooling

Conical chamber

FCC-hh parameters

parameter	FCC-hh	HL-LHC	LHC			
collision energy cms [TeV]	81 - 115	14				
dipole field [T]	14 - 20	8	33			
circumference [km]	90.7	20	6.7			
arc length [km]	76.9	22	2.5			
beam current [A]	0.5	1.1	0.58			
bunch intensity [10 ¹¹]	1	2.2	1.15			
bunch spacing [ns]	25	2	25			
synchr. rad. power / ring [kW]	1020 - 4250	7.3	3.6			
SR power / length [W/m/ap.]	13 - 54	0.33	0.17			
long. emit. damping time [h]	0.77 – 0.26	12.9				
peak luminosity [10 ³⁴ cm ⁻² s ⁻¹]	~30	5 (lev.)	1			
events/bunch crossing	~1000	132	27			
stored energy/beam [GJ]	6.1 - 8.9	0.7	0.36			
Integrated luminosity/main IP [fb ⁻¹]	20000	3000	300			

With FCC-hh after FCC-ee: significantly more time for high-field magnet R&D aiming at highest possible energies

- Formidable challenges:
- □ high-field superconducting magnets: 14 20 T
- \Box power load in arcs from synchrotron radiation: 4 MW \rightarrow cryogenics, vacuum
- □ stored beam energy: ~ 9 GJ \rightarrow machine protection
- □ pile-up in the detectors: ~1000 events/xing
- \Box energy consumption: 4 TWh/year \rightarrow R&D on cryo, HTS, beam current, ...

Formidable physics reach, including:

- Direct discovery potential up to ~ 40 TeV
- □ Measurement of Higgs self to ~ 5% and ttH to ~ 1%
- High-precision and model-indep (with FCC-ee input) measurements of rare Higgs decays ($\gamma\gamma$, Z γ , μμ)
- □ Final word about WIMP dark matter

F. Gianotti

FUTURE CIRCULAR Key activities on FCC-hh: cryo magnet system, optics design COLLIDER

Optics design activities:

- adaptation to new layout and geometry
- shrink β collimation & extraction by ~30%
- optics optimisation (filling factor etc.)

betatron collimation straight

experimental straight

High-field cryo-magnet system activities

- Conceptual study of cryogenics concept and temperature layout for LTS and HTS based magnets, in view of electrical consumption.
- HFM R&D (LTS and HTS) on technology and magnet design, aiming also at bridging the TRL gap between HTS and Nb₃Sn.
- Integration studies for HFM designs (LTS and HTS) to ensure compatibility with tunnel.

150'

Status of FCC global collaboration

The CERN Council reviewed the work undertaken in a fruitful meeting on 2 February 2024. It congratulated and thanked all the teams involved in the study for the excellent and significant work done so far and for the impressive progress, and looks forward to receiving the final report in 2025.

<u>From Türkiye</u> 15 FCC Collaboration members: **Giresun** University, **IYTE** Urla Izmir, **Izmir University of Economics, Istanbul University, TOBB** University of Economics and Technology Ankara, **Istanbul Aydin** U., **Piri Reis** Üniversitesi Tuzla/Istanbul, Izmir University Bakırcay (IBU), Isik University Sile/Istanbul, Bursa Uludağ University Nilüfer, **Ege** University Bornova-Izmir, **Ankara U** Tandogan/Ankara, **İstinye** University Istanbul, **Kirikkale** University, Kirikkale, **AIBU** Bolu

Institutes Companies

32

FCC Feasibility Study: Aim is to increase further the collaboration, on all aspects, in particular, on Accelerator and Particle/Experiments/Detectors (PED).

European Strategy for Particle Physics

2013 Update of European Strategy for Particle Physics:

"CERN should undertake design studies for accelerator projects in a global context, with emphasis on proton-proton and electron-positron high-energy frontier machines."

2020 Update of European Strategy for Particle Physics:

"Europe, together with its international partners, should investigate technical and financial feasibility of a future hadron collider at CERN with a centre-of-mass energy of at least 100 TeV and with an electron-positron Higgs and electroweak factory as a possible first stage."

EUTURE

CIRCULAR COLLIDER

FUTURE CIRCULAR COLLIDER

Physics Publications by FCC groups in Turkey (to be updated)

1) The 28 GeV Dimuon Excess in Lepton Specific 2HDM, A. Cici, S. Khalil, B. Niş, C. S. Un, arXiv:1909.02588v1 [hep-ph]

2) Study on Anomalous Neutral Triple Gauge Boson Couplings from Dimension-eight Operators at the HL-LHC, A. Senol, H. Denizli, A. Yilmaz, I. Turk Cakir, O. Cakir., arXiv:1906.04589 [hep-ph].

3) Sensitivity on Anomalous Neutral Triple Gauge Couplings via ZZ Production at FCC-hh, A. Yilmaz, A. Senol, H. Denizli, I. Turk Cakir, O. Cakir., arXiv:1906.03911 [hep-ph].

4) Top quark anomalous FCNC production via \$tqg\$ couplings at FCC-hh, K.Y. Oyulmaz, A. Senol, H. Denizli, O. Cakir, Phys.Rev. D99 (2019) no.11, 115023. 10.1103/PhysRevD.99.115023.

5) Testing for observability of Higgs effective couplings in triphoton production at FCC-hh, H. Denizli, K.Y. Oyulmaz, A. Senol., arXiv:1901.04784 [hep-ph]

6) Linac and Damping Ring Designs for the FCC-ee, S. Ogur et al., Proceedings of International Particle Accelerator Conference (IPAC 2019), pp. 420-423, 2019

7) FCC-ee: The Lepton Collider : Future Circular Collider Conceptual Design Report Volume 2, FCC Collaboration (A. Abada et al.)., Eur.Phys.J.ST 228 (2019) no.2, 261-623, 10.1140/epjst/e2019-900045-4.

8) FCC-hh: The Hadron Collider : Future Circular Collider Conceptual Design Report Volume 3, FCC Collaboration (A. Abada et al.)., Eur.Phys.J.ST 228 (2019) no.4, 755-1107, 10.1140/epjst/e2019-900087-0.

9) HE-LHC: The High-Energy Large Hadron Collider, FCC Collaboration (A. Abada et al.)., Eur.Phys.J.ST 228 (20 1109-1382. 10.1140/epjst/e2019-900088-6.

10) FCC Physics Opportunities : Future Circular Collider Conceptual Design Report Volume 1, F al.)., Eur.Phys.J. C79 (2019) no.6, 474. 10.1140/epjc/s10052-019-6904-3.

11) Probing anomalous tq\gamma and tqg couplings via single top prediction in association with photon at FCC-hh, K.Y. Oyulmaz, A. Senol, H. Denizli, A. Yilmaz, I. Turk Cakir, O. Unkir, Eur. Phys. J. C79 (2019) no.1, 83. 10.1140/ap.y/s0012 019-6593-y.

12) Probing top quark FCNC tq\gamma and tqZ couplings at future electron-proton colligen COCCAT, A. Tilmaz, I. Turk Cakir, A. Senol, H. Denizli, Nucl.Phys. B944 (2019) 114640. ,10.1016/j.nuclphysb 009, J1440.

13) Probing the Effects of Dimension-eight Operators Describing Anomalous Neural Triple Gauge Boson Interactions at FCChh, A. Senol, H. Denizli, A. Yilmaz, I. Turk Cakir, K.Y. Oyulmaz, O. Karadeniz, O. Cakir., Nucl.Phys. B935 (2018) 365-376, 10.1016/j.nuclphysb.2018.08.018.

14) Light stops and fine-tuning in MSSM, A. Çiçi, Z. Kırca, C. S. Ün; , Eur. Phys. J. C (2018) 78: 60. https://doi.org/10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-5549-y

15) Probing the Anomalous FCNC Couplings at Large Hadron Electron Collider , I. Turk Cakir, A. Yilmaz, H. Denizli, A. Senol, H. Karadeniz, O. Cakir. Adv.High Energy Phys. 2017 (2017) 1572053.

15) Top quark FCNC couplings at future circular hadron electron colliders , H. Denizli, A. Senol, A. Yilmaz, I. Turk Cakir, H. Karadeniz, O. Cakir. Phys.Rev. D96 (2017) no.1, 015024.

16) Probing Charged Higgs Boson Couplings at the FCC-hh Collider , I.T. Cakir, S. Kuday, H. Saygin, A. Senol, O. Cakir. , Phys.Rev. D94 (2016) 015024.

17) Single production of the excited electrons in the future FCC-based lepton–hadron colliders, Abdullatif Caliskan, Seyit Okan Kara., Int.J.Mod.Phys. A33 (2018) no.24, 1850141.

18) Layout and Performance of the FCC-ee Pre-Injector Chain, Salim Ogur et al., DOI: 10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2018-MOPMF034.

19) Pre-Booster Ring Considerations for the FCC e⁺e⁻ Injector, Ozgur Etisken, Fanouria Antoniou, Abbas Çiftçi, Yannis Papaphilippou, DOI: 10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2018-MOPMF002.

20) Bunch Schedules for the FCC-ee Pre-injector, Salim Ogur, Katsunobu Oide, Yannis Papaphilippou, Dmitry Shatilov, Frank Zimmermann. DOI: 10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2018-MOPMF001.

21) First Look at the Physics Case of TLEP, TLEP Design Study Working Group (M. Bicer et al.)., JHEP 1401 (2014) 164.

22) Excited muon searches at the FCC based muon hadron colliders , A. Caliskan, S.O. Kara, A. Ozansoy. arXiv:1701.03426 [hep-ph]. Adv.High Energy Phys. 2017 (2017) 1540.43

23) Azimuthal Angular Decorrelation on et. a. Eurore High Energy Colliders, I. Hos, H. Saygin, S. Kuday. arXiv:1809.01505 [hep-ph].

24) Projection for Nutril De Boson and Di-Higgs Interactions at FCC-he Collider, S. Kuday, H. Saygın, İ. Hoş, F. Çetin., Nucl-Yays. By (2):2018) 1-14. 10.1016/j.nuclphysb.2018.05.002.

25 FOC Based Lepton-Hadron and Photon Hedron Colliders: Luminosity and Physics, Y. C. Acar, A. N. Akay, S. Beser, H. Karadeniz, U. Kaya, B. B. Offer, S. Sugansoy, Nucl.Instrum.Meth. A871 (2017) 47-53

5) Color Octot Electron Sector Potential of the FCC Based e-p Colliders, Y. C. Acar, U. Kaya, B. B. Oner, S. Sultansoy, J. pr. 0444 no.14, 05005 (2017).

E cited neutrino search potential of the FCC-based electron-hadron colliders, A. Caliskan, Adv. High Energy Phys. 2017 (7) 4726050

28) Excited muon searches at the FCC based muon-hadron colliders, A. Caliskan, S.O. Kara, A. Ozansoy, Adv.High Energy Phys. 2017 (2017) 1540243

29) Resonant production of leptogluons at the FCC based lepton-hadron colliders, Y. C. Acar, U. Kaya, B. B. Oner, S. Sultansoy, Acta Phys.Polon. B49 (2018) 1763

30) I Probing Anomalous WW γ and WWZ Couplings with Polarized Electron Beam at the LHeC and FCC-ep Collider, . Turk Cakir, A. Şenol, A. T. Tasci and O. Cakir. World Academy of Science, Engineering and Technology International Journal of Chemical, Molecular, Nuclear, Materials and Metallurgical Engineering (2015) Vol:9, No:1.

31) Search for Flavour Changing Neutral Current Couplings of Higgs-up Sector Quarks at Future Circular Collider (FCC-eh), I. Turk Cakir, B. Hacisahinoglu, S. Kartal, A. Yilmaz, A. Yilmaz, Z. Uysal, O. Cakir, World Academy of Science, Engineering and Technology, Open Science Index 132, International Journal of Physical and Mathematical Sciences (2017), 11(12), 525-529.

32) The Search of Anomalous Higgs Boson Couplings at the Large Hadron Electron Collider and Future Circular Electron Hadron Collider, I. Turk Cakir, M. Altinli, Z. Uysal, A. Senol, O. Yalcinkaya, A. Yilmaz, World Academy of Science,

Engineering and Technology, Open Science Index 132, International Journal of Physical and Mathematical Sciences (2017), 11(12), 519-524.

FCC theses by students from Turkish universities

PhD theses

Ozgur ETISKEN, Ankara University, "Pre-Booster Ring Design for FCC-e⁺e⁻ Injector complex", CERN/Ankara PhD 2021 Kaan Yuksel OYULMAZ, Bolu Abant Izzet Baysal University, "Upgrade and performance studies of CMOS sensors for future colliders," PhD 2022, now U. of Edinburgh Umit KAYA, Ankara U / TOBB, "Search for Color Octet Electron (e8) at TeV Energy Scale Colliders", PhD 2019 Salim OGUR, Bogazici University, "Linac and Damping Ring Designs of the future Circular e+e- Collider of CERN", CERN/Bogazici PhD April 2019 – later CERN fellow, now JLAB

Yunus Emre OKYAYLI, 2018, "Search for R-parity violation in Cerections of scalar leptons at first Istanbul U. Sökhan HALİMOĞLU, 2018 "Montr calar leptons at future circular collider",

circular collider", Istanbul U. Rokia Omar Ali ALAMIN, 2017, "Anomalius production at the future circular collider", type by dum Kastamonu University

Burak HACIŞAHİNOĞLU, 2017, "Search for flatoul changing neutral current couplings of higgs-up sector quarks at electron-proton colliders", Istanbul U.

Murat ALTINLI, 2017, "Investigation of gauge boson anomalous couplings with higgs particle at electron-proton colliders", Istanbul U.

Cağla ÇAĞLAR, 2019, "Search for quarkonium consists of E6 model predicted isosinglet quark at future colliders,", Ege University

Alev Ezgi DEMIRCI, 2017, "Production and decay channels of charged higgs boson at high energy hadron colliders", Ankara U.

FUTURE CIRCULAR COLLIDER FCC organizational structure and collaboration framework

Organisational Structure of the FCC Feasibility Study – approved by CERN Council in June 2021

FCC collaboration framework during CDR and FS phases

morandum of Understandi or the Future Circular Collider (FCC)

Study hosted by CERN

ABORATORIES, UNIVERSITIES AND THEIR FUNDING

at CERN by the time of the next Strategy updat

roton and electron-

hese design studies should be co cluding high-field magn

LHC running at 14TeV will be available

is menurariaum establishes a common understanding among the organis of the collaborative effort required for the execution of the organistic for the collaborative effort required for the execution of the collaborative effort required for the execution of the collaborative effort required for the collaborative effort required for the execution of the collaborative effort required for the collaborative effort required for the execution of the collaborative effort required for the collaborative effort required for the execution of the collaborative effort required forther effort required for the collaborative effort required for the collaborative effort required for the collaborative effort required for

FCC Study and its results shall be used for peaceful

30 May 2013, the

http://cds.cern.ch/record/2774006/files/English.pdf

A **consortium** of THE INSTITUTES, LABORATORIES, UNIVERSITIES AND THEIR FUNDING AGENCIES AND OTHER SIGNATORIES OF THIS MEMORANDUM OF partners based on a UNDERSTANDING AND Participants") Memorandum Of Understanding (MoU) Working together on a best effort basis It is hereby understood as follow Incremental & open to academia and industry Individual projects defined in **specific** addenda

FCC Feasibility Study – summary and outlook

- The first half of the FCC Feasibility Study has been completed with the mid-term review
 - placement & layout was defined, and entire project adapted to the new geometry
 - dialogue with local-regional actors and stakeholders for implementation established and ongoing
 - all deliverables met, list of recommendations from committees towards final Feasibility Study
- Progress was made possible by a fruitful collaboration between scientific & technical actors, in close cooperation with the host state services concerned.
- Next milestone is completion of the FCC Feasibility Study by March 2025 to enable advancing project decision and project start date:
 - Complete technical work for FCC FS by end 2024
 - Implementation of recommendations of the mid-term review with focus on "feasibility items" and items with important impact on cost/performance
 - Full design iteration in view of technical and cost optimisation of entire project.
 - Update of cost estimate
 - Further development of an affordable funding model and related governance implications (with Council).
 - Setup structure for preparatory phase

Main goals during preparatory phase until 2031/32

- By 2027-2028, project approval, start of CE design contract:
 - provision of requirements and specifications to enable CE tender design to start from 2028 (underground) and 2029 (surface)
 - requires overall integration study and designs based on technical pre-design of accelerators, technical infrastructure and detectors
 - refined input for environmental evaluation and project authoritation **2031-32, start of CE construction:** CE groundbreaking TDR to enable prototyping of chalization towards component proc n process.
- By 2031-32, start of CE construct

 - TDR to enable prototy zation towards component production
- Strong collaborations with Türkiye are important for the success of the Feasibility Study and will be even more so for the FCC project to go ahead. Thank you for your contributions and looking forward to further collaboration.

FUTURE CIRCULAR COLLIDER

FCC Week 2024

Future Circular Collider (FCC) Week 2024, at the Westin St. Francis in San Francisco.

From Monday 10 June to Friday 14 June 2024. Registration is open !

https://fccweek2024.web.cern.ch/

We look forward to welcoming you in San Francisco for what promises to be an exciting and informative event!

home.cern

European Strategy for Particle Physics

2013 Update of European Strategy for Particle Physics:

"CERN should undertake design studies for accelerator projects in a global context, with emphasis on proton-proton and electron-positron high-energy frontier machines."

→ FCC Conceptual Design Reports (2018/19)

Vol 1 Physics, Vol 2 FCC-ee, Vol 3 FCC-hh, Vol 4 HE-LHC CDRs published in European Physical Journal C (Vol 1) and ST (Vol 2 – 4)

<u>EPJ C 79, 6 (2019) 474</u>, <u>EPJ ST 228, 2 (2019) 261-623</u>, <u>EPJ ST 228, 4 (2019) 755-1107</u>, <u>EPJ ST 228, 5 (2019) 1109-1382</u>

2020 Update of European Strategy for Particle Physics:

"Europe, together with its international partners, should investigate technical and financial feasibility of a future hadron collider at CERN with a centre-of-mass energy of at least 100 TeV and with an electron-positron Higgs and electroweak factory as a possible first stage."

FUTURE

CIRCULAR COLLIDER

FCC-ee RF layout

• RF for collider and booster in separate straight sections H and L.

FUTURE

CIRCULAR COLLIDER

- fully separated technical infrastructure systems (cryogenics)
- collider RF (highest power demand) in point H with optimum connection to existing 400 kV grid line and better suited surface site

2245

Collider ring

0000

500

¢400 2185 F. Valchova, F. Peauger

prototypes of FCC-ee low-power magnets

Twin-dipole design with 2× power saving 16 MW (at 175 GeV), with Al busbars

1.0 T

FUTURE CIRCULAR

COLLIDER

Twin F/D arc quad design with 2× power saving 25 MW (at 175 GeV), with Cu conductor

even more efficient alternative magnet designs are being explored

HTS option for FCC-ee arc quads and sextupoles

CDR: 2900 quads & 4700 sextupoles

• Normal conducting, ~50 MW @ ttbar

FUTURE

CIRCULAR COLLIDER

• 3 different types of short straight sections

"HTS4" project within CHART collaboration

- Nested SC sextupole and quadrupole.
- HTS conductors operating at around 40K.
- Cryo-cooler supplied cryostat
- Produce a $\sim 1m$ prototype by 2026

CAD design of HTS short sextupole demonstrator based on CCT coils

M. Koratzinos, B. Auchmann

"HTS4" potential

- Power saving
- Reduced length and increased dipole filling factor
- Optics flexibility