ACTS Track Fitter Status Update ACTS Workshop 2024

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Overview

- 1. Concepts & terminology
- 2. Parameter estimation
- 3. Refitting
- 4. The Kalman Filter
- 5. The Gaussian Sum Filter
- 6. The Global X^2 Fitter
- 7. Outlook & Summary

- Track fitting in a nutshell:
 - Estimation of track parameters at a reference surface for a track candidate
 - Estimation of intermediate states (track state parameters, outlier flags, ...)
- ACTS track EDM in a nutshell:
 - Track container: Concept for interfacing to track & track state storage backends
 - Implementation with std::vector available in ACTS
 - Many predefined fields available (track parameters, reference surface, state flags, ...)
 - Custom fields possible!
 - Track proxy: Non-owning interface to a single track (reference semantics)

Pseudocode

- ACTS fitters are classes that steer and run a Acts::Propagator
 - You must provide the propagator yourself!
- For each call to the .fit() method, options must be provided
 - Most configurable components are exposed as Acts::Delegate (function-pointer like objects)
- Some details are ommitted, for a full example see the

ActsExamples::TrackFittingAlgorithm.

```
Stepper myStepper(bfield);
Navigator myNavigator(trackingGeometry);
Propagator myPropagator(myStepper, myNavigator);
Fitter myFitter(myPropagator);
VectorTrackContainer trackStorage;
VectorMultiTrajectory trackStateStorage;
TrackContainer tracks(trackStorage, trackStateStorage);
Fitter::Options options;
Calibrator myCalibrator;
options.calibrator.connect<&Calibrator::calibrate >(
myCalibrator);
auto trackProxy = fitter.fit(parameters, sourceLinks,
options, tracks);
```

- Usually done with conformal fit on three spacepoints (seed)
 - Tool in ACTS: Acts::estimateTrackParamsSeed
 - Some attempts to streamline interface (#3800, #3832)
- Estimation of initial covariance matrix
 - A bit tricky: $var(p) = f(var(\theta), var(p_T)), var(p_T) \propto p_T$
 - Only recently (#3638) available in ACTS Core: Acts::estimateTrackParamCovariance
 - Note: No off-diagonal terms are set currently
 - Initial variance inflation can help to control the error estimation if the initial parameters are very good.

- Important applications of fitters: refine parameters of a already fitted track
 - E.g., refit electron tracks with GSF, refit CKF tracks with GX2F
- Currently, no special API for refitting in ACTS core
- It is possible to implement refitting using core tools, see ActsExamples::RefittingAlgorithm for an example

Potential action item

 Add a refitting API to the ACTS fitters, in the style of: auto refittedTrack = fitter.refit(track, trackContainer); Ingrediants to implement refitting with current ACTS:

- Direct navigation:
 - Increase speed and stability by using surfaces sequence of the previouly fitted track
 - Fitters provide a .fit() overload, that accepts an additional surface sequence.
 - Note: The propagator must be equipped with a Acts::DirectNavigator.
 - Recently fixed & refactored (#3702)
 - Note: Its important to provide also material surfaces!
- Refitting source links & calibrator:
 - A special source link type and can be constructed to point to the track states of the fitted track instead of the raw measurement.
 - With a special calibrator, the calibrated measurement can be extracted from the previous track.

- The Kalman Filter is:
 - Optimal estimation of parameters+uncertainties of a dynamic system based on a (time)series of measurements
 - Requirements: linear system, gaussian uncertainties
 - For tracking: linearized problem, assume gaussian uncertainties
 - With smoothing step: Equivalent to least square fit
- Implementation in ACTS: Acts::KalmanFitter

Implementation status

- Integrated within ACTS physmon, stable with only a few changes in recent years
- Validated within ATLAS software

Kalman Filter configuration: Smoothing

- Smoothing: Propagate information of measurements back to the initial ones
- Smoothing is handled within the Acts::KalmanFitter::fit function currently
- Two approaches to smoothing in ACTS:
 - Linearized transport: Use collected jacobians for reverse propagation
 - Acts::GainMatrixSmoother
 - **NEW** since #3420: Acts::MbfSmoother (computationally more performant)
 - Full reverse filtering:
 - In case non-linear effects are not negligible (e.g., low p_T tracks)
 - Computationally more expensive
- Behaviour can be controlled by ReverseFilteringLogic delegate

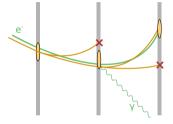
Potential action item

• Seperate smoothing (and extrapolation to reference surface) as done for CKF

- The Gaussian Sum Filter (GSF) is an extension of Kalman Filter that can handle non-Gaussian uncertainties
 - Models track-state & material effects as Gaussian mixtures: $f(\vec{x}) = \sum_{i}^{N_{cmp}} w_i p_i(\vec{x})$
 - Used for electron (re)fitting (Brehmsstrahlung is highly non-Gaussian)
- Implementation in ACTS: Acts::GaussianSumFitter

Implementation status

- Integrated with ACTS physmon, some validation in ODD done
- Integration to ATLAS software ongoing, some issues are currently being investigated



- In contrast to most other propagation-based algorithms, the GSF requires a special stepper, that can handle a multi-component track state
 - Currently only one stepper fulfills this concept: Acts::MulitEigenStepperLoop
 - In order to talk to the navigator, the multi-component state must be reduced to a single position and direction
 - **Recent change:** Dropped the previous default Acts::WeightedComponentReducerLoop, because it could lead to invalid navigation state (#3521, #3671)
 - New default is the Acts::MaxWeightComponentReducerLoop.
 - No significant changes in physmon have been observed.

GSF configuration: Basic options

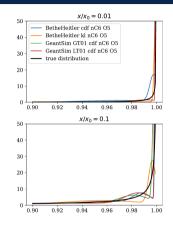
- Maximum Number of components
- Weight cutoff: When to neglect components
- Mixture reduction method: Reduce number of components to the configured maximum
 - Two implementations available: Acts::reduceMixtureLargestWeights, Acts::reduceMixtureWithKLDistance
- Store full multi-component state
 - If a custom column named GsfConstants::kFinalMultiComponentStateColumn is present in the track container, the full final multi component state is saved to the track container.

Potential action item

• Provide possibility to store full multi component states on the track states

GSF configuration: Energy loss approximation

- Approximation of Bremsstrahlung energy loss in material:
 - Parameterized as polynomial wrt X₀:
 - Currently rely on ATLAS parameterizations
 - Weights, means and variances of *N_{cmp}* components as a *M*-th order polynomial wrt. *X*₀.
 - Implementation: Acts::AtlasBetheHeitlerApprox
 - **Recently** introduced flag to silence a (very verbose) warning about encountering "to big" material slabs (#3739)



Potential action item

Provide workflow & documentation on how to generate custom parameterization

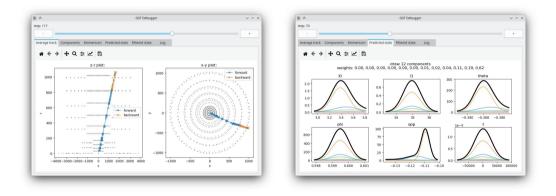
GSF configuration: Smoothing

- Smoothing:
 - The GSF does only (and uncondionally) perform reverse filtering
 - Note: Measurement surfaces, that are not again found in reverse pass, are flagged as outliers
 - No special smoothing is done to improve the intermediate track states

Potential action item

• Implement smoothing algorithms from literature to improve intermediate track states

GSF: Debugger



- Since #2682 there is a GSF debugger in the repo (link to documentation)
- Based on VERBOSE log, should work with experiment integrations

• Covered by the presentation of Alexander Pfleger.

Outlook & Summary

- ACTS currently provides 3 different track fitters
 - KF: very stable & validated
 - GSF: less stable, less validated
 - GX2F: WIP (see Alex talk)
- Some track fitting concepts are not implemented yet in ACTS:
 - E.g, Deterministic annealing filter
 - Of course, maschine learning may change the way track fitting is done in the future...

Action items

- All: Refitting API in ACTS Core
- KF: Decouple smoothing & extrapolation to reference surface to increase flexibility
- GSF: Validate against ATLAS GSF, provide workflows to ease configuration.
- GX2F: Stabelize and optimize implementation

The End