Cluster formation, calibration, & splitting: A Discussion

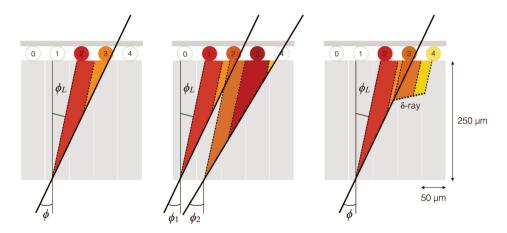
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ACTS Developers Workshop 2024/11/20



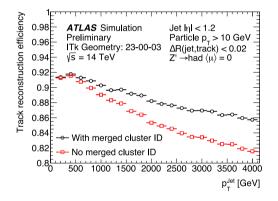
Introduction: Charge clusters

▶ In Si Pixel detector, charge often deposited in ≥ 1 pixel



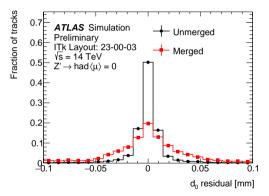
Center: multiple particle in same cluster!

Introduction: Why should we care?



- HL-LHC is a discovery machine
- BSM often features new heavy resonances
- ► Heavy → light decay:
 - Decay products can be highly boosted
 - \blacktriangleright \rightarrow relativistic angle contraction
- Clusters inside such jets can merge
- Left: This lowers the tracking efficiency
- Downstream impact on on jet reconstruction, flavor tagging, ...

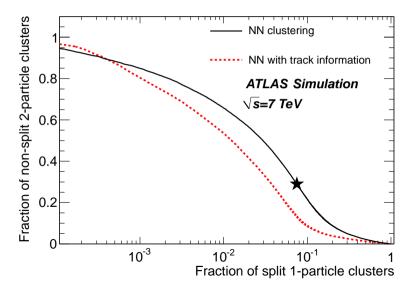
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- BSM often features new heavy resonances
- ► Heavy → light decay:
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- Clusters inside such jets can merge
- Left: The parameter resolution is degraded
- Downstream impact on on jet reconstruction, flavor tagging, ...

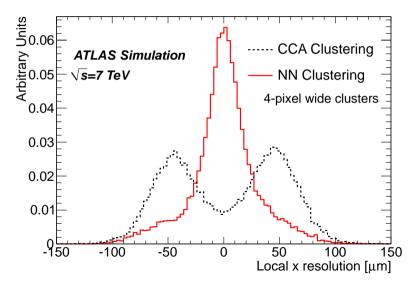
Introduction: What can we do?

1. Split the clusters



Introduction: What can we do?

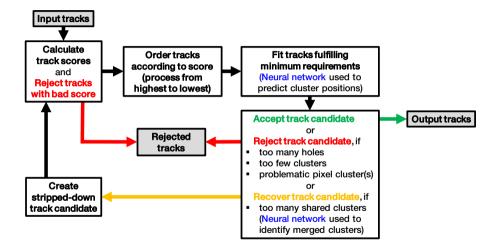
2. Re-calibrate the positions



Typical ACTS-based CKF track finding pipeline:



- Where cluster splitting?
- ► Where cluster re-calibration?



Mon-trivial coupling between splitting, calibration, (re-)fitting, and ambiguity resolution

How can we incorporate this in ACTS?

1. Splitting at cluster formation time?

Pros

- Requires modification to cluster formation code only
- Clusters already split before CKF: No recovery needed for efficiency
- No special calibration needed to recover resolution

- ▶ No information on track direction ⇒ splitting not optimal
- Spend time splitting clusters from particles not in acceptance
 - ▶ e.g. ATLAS ITk has min. pT cut of 1 GeV \implies there's a *ton* of low pT particle not in acceptance

How can we incorporate this in ACTS?

2. Implement Athena-style splitting?

i.e. Do splitting & refit in a loop inside ambiguity solver

Pros

- Well understood, proven design
- Efficient: Can concentrate on tracks rejected because of shared measurements

- ▶ To recover resolution: Needs to be able to refit tracks with split clusters
- Introduce tight coupling between Splitting, Ambiguity solving, Refitting
- Introduce specific requirements on ambi solver
 - e.g. might need way to tell it rejects a track because of shared measurements
 - Straightforward for a "greedy"-type solver, less so for ML solver

3. Splitting as intermediate stage between CKF & Ambiguity Solving

(or \approx equivalently, 2-stage ambiguity solving)

Pros

- No need to tightly coupled (final) ambiguity solving and splitting, refitting
- Can also be made efficient by not checking all tracks
 - e.g. check tracks with $\geq N$ shared measurements
 - or do track-jet clustering & only run in core of track-jets

- Still needs to support refitting to recover resolution
- Might still be slower than tightly-coupled ambi solver paradigm

How can we incorporate this in ACTS?

4. Splitting in CKF measurement calibrator

- ► I.e., implement calibrator for use during track finding that:
 - Outputs optimal position for measurement for the current track
 - Outputs probability that measurement arises from >1 particle

Pros

- No need to split! The Calibrator knows how to deal with multi-particle clusters
- No need to refit! The Calibrated measurement is always optimal
- Can use number probability to mark "shareable" measurement & use during ambiguity solving

- ▶ Calibrator model would get more complex \rightarrow slower
- Non-trivial blue-sky R&D project...Looks good on paper, but no idea how well this would work

- Measurement Splitting & Calibration is completely missing from ACTS
- Currently designed ACTS CKF-based pipeline do not easily support this
- ▶ Need to take decision & start real work: every option requires non-trivial work
- Support for re-fitting is needed for most options
- Anyone interested in helping?
- Let's discuss!