

# Visit of the Polish Electric Power Industry Association

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7 June 2024



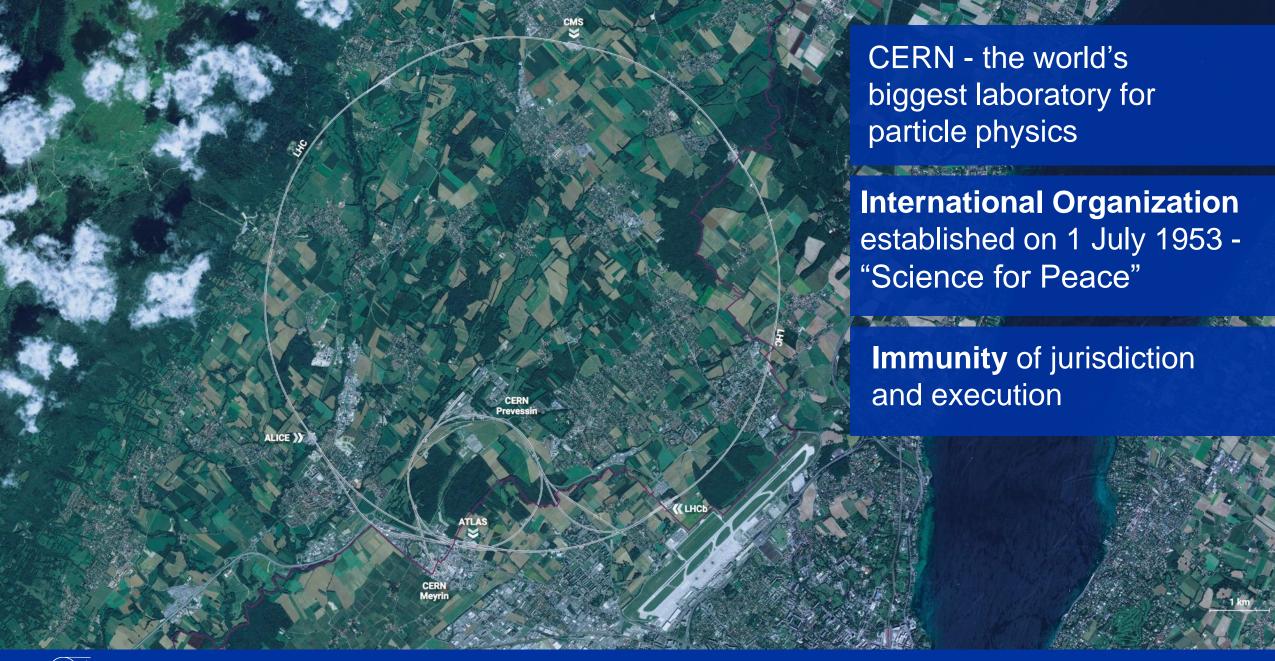
### **AGENDA**

- Introduction
- Statistics
- Procurement @ CERN the rules
- Impact of Doing business with CERN
- Procurement website



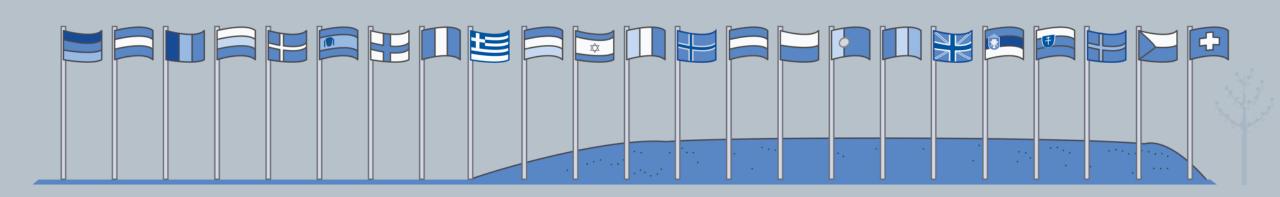








# CERN is entitled to establish its own internal rules necessary for its proper functioning, including:



Procurement Rules

Safety Rules

Staff Regulation of its own personnel



### In 1954 CERN had 12 Member States

developed into a with collaboration betwee Polish institutes. In became an Observence CERN, the only content of the 16th member of thus the first Member the former Eastern.

Poland and CERN were established in 1959 when several scholarships were awarded to young Polish physicists from Krakow and Warsaw. This soon developed into a wider collaboration between CERN and Polish institutes. In 1963 Poland became an Observer state at CERN, the only country from Eastern Europe to accede to this status. In 1991, Poland became the 16th member of CERN, and thus the first Member State from the former Eastern block.

The first contacts between

Today, CERN has:

23 Member States

Associate Member States in the pre-stage to membership

- 8 Associate Member States
- 6 Observers



Yearly budget ~ 1255 MCHF

Geographical & cultural diversity

110 nationalities,

from 77 countries

~ 2676 Staff members

~ 2000 contractors' employees

~ **13000** physicists /users



### Four pillars underpin CERN's mission





## **Yearly Budget (contributions 2024)\***

7 June 2024

		Country	Percentage of Total	Amount (CHF)		Country	Percentage of Total	Amount (CHF)
		Germany	20.57%	258 247 250		Czech Republic	1.15%	14 469 200
		United Kingdom	14.69%	184 447 050	<b>**</b>	Portugal	1.08%	13 515 450
	ш	France	13.08%	164 153 900		Greece	0.97%	12 181 000
		Italy	9.61%	120 700 800		Hungary	0.73%	9 128 950
	a de la companya de l	Spain	6.83%	85 696 800	•	Slovakia	0.52%	6 553 550
		Netherlands	4.56%	57 293 700	C*	Republic of tüRkiye*	0.38%	4 770 750
	+	Switzerland	3.65%	45 845 900	_	Bulgaria	0.36%	4 580 000
		Poland	3.04%	38 196 850	<b> </b>	Serbia	0.27%	3 444 800
	ш	Belgium	2.71%	34 052 750	-	Slovenia**	0.19%	2 325 100
		Sweden	2.60%	32 589 450	C	Pakistan*	0.16%	2 018 650
		Austria	2.18%	27 376 050	_	Estonia**	0.12%	1 462 050
	*	Israel	2.17%	27 209 350	<b>*</b>	Cyprus**	0.09%	1 116 000
	#	Norway	2.14%	26 820 150		Latvia*	0.08%	1 066 250
		Denmark	1.81%	22 730 650		Ukraine*	0.08%	1 045 600
	0	India*	1.41%	17 709 200	-88	Croatia*	0.08%	1 000 000
	+	Finland	1.32%	16 541 250		Lithuania*	0.08%	1 000 000
		Romania	1.29%	16 172 600		Total	100%	1 255 461 050

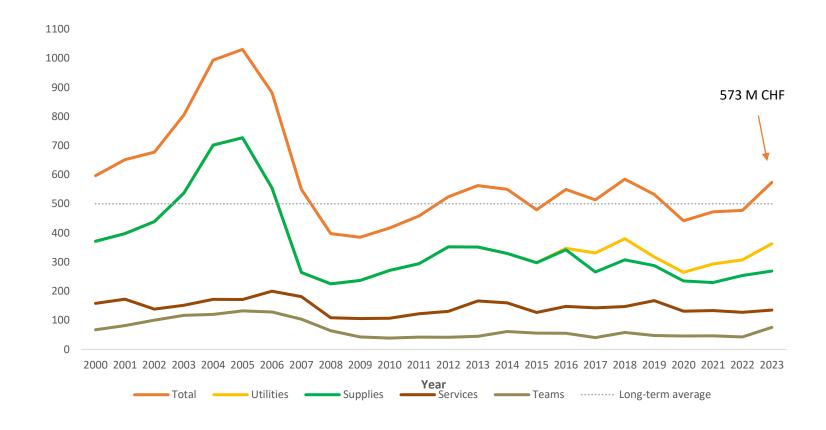
\*Brazil joined as an Associate Member State on 13 March 2024







## **Procurement Expenditure**





### **Industrial Return for Poland (supplies)**

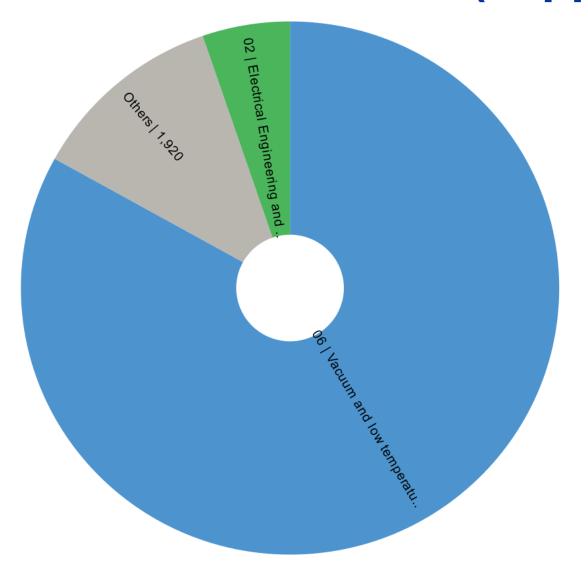




\* provisoire



## Industrial Return for Poland (supplies)



06 | Vacuum and low temperature

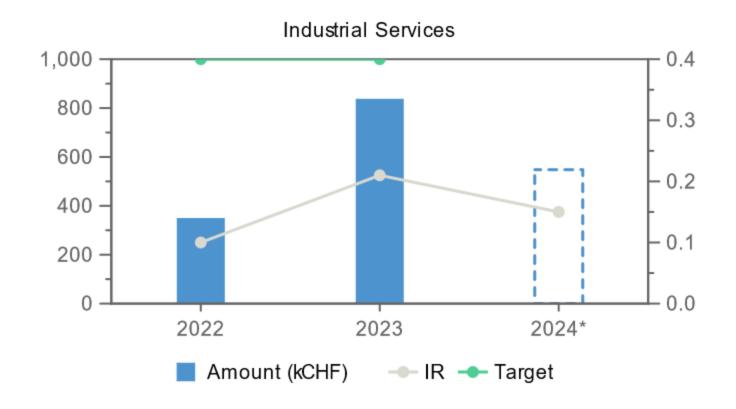
Others

02 | Electrical Engineering and magn

\* provisoire



## Industrial Return for Poland (services)







- Civil engineering:
  - Construction
  - Renovation of buildings
  - Metallic structures
  - Earthworks
  - Roads
- Cooling and ventilation equipment





- Electrical engineering and magnets
  - Transformers
  - Switchboards and switchgears
  - Cables
  - Automation
  - Power supplies
  - Magnets





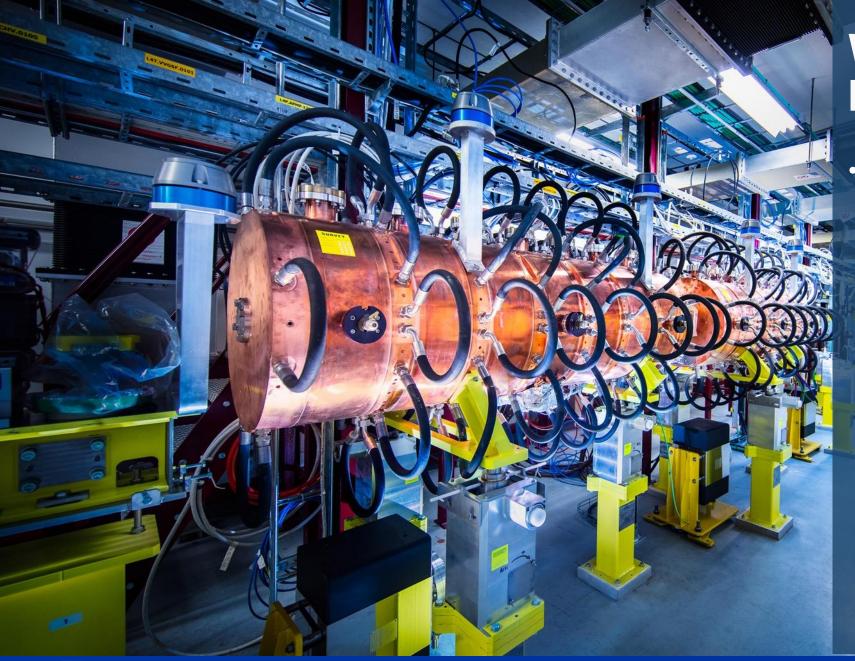
- Information Technology
  - Computing systems
  - Servers
  - Software
  - Network equipment
  - Personal computer equipment





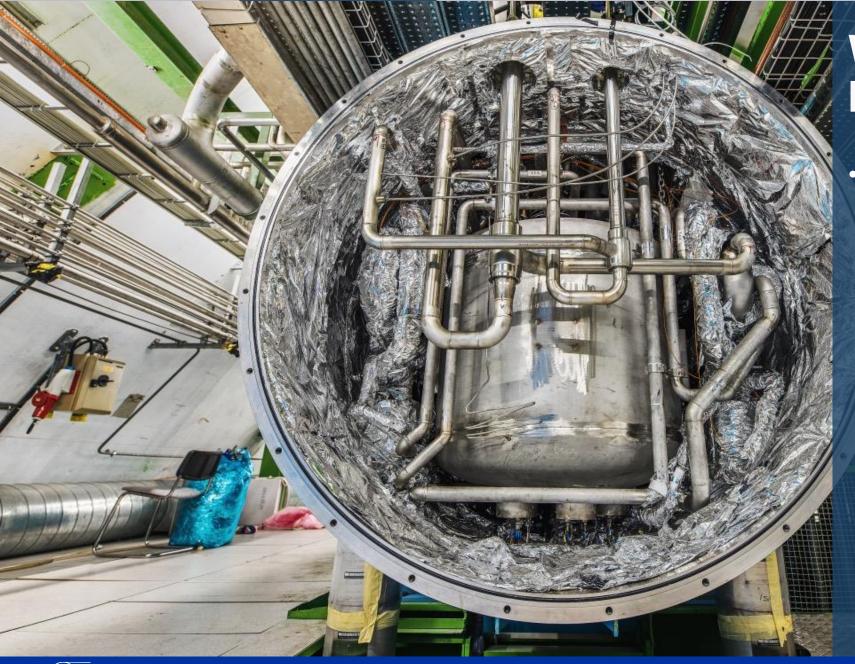
- Mechanical engineering and raw materials:
  - Machining
  - Sheet metal work
  - Welding (arc, MIG, TIG, EBW)
  - Special fabrication techniques
  - Raw materials, finished and semi-finished products (plates, pipes, etc.)
  - Offsite engineering and testing





- Electronics and radio frequency:
  - Electronic components (active, passive)
  - PCBs and assembled boards
  - LV and HV power supplies
  - Radio frequency plants
  - Amplifiers





- As well as:
  - Cryogenic and vacuum equipment
  - Optics and photonics
  - Particle and photon detectors
  - Health and safety equipment
  - Transport and handling equipment
  - Office supply, furniture
  - Industrial services on the CERN site



# Current project - upgrade of the LHC to High Luminosity LHC





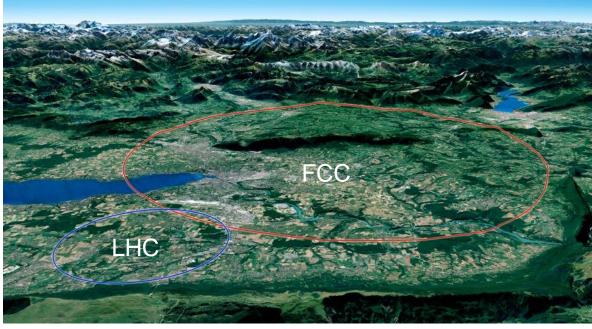
# Two biggest projects for future of particle physics at CERN



### **Future Circular Collider (FCC)**

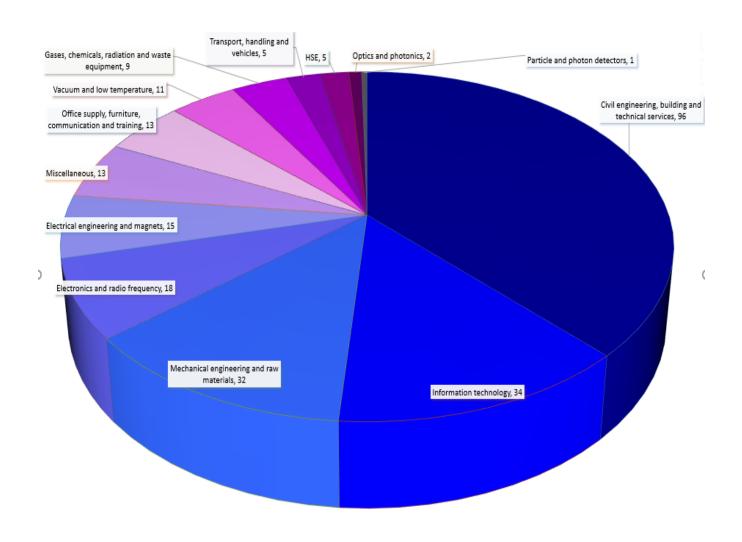


- New technology magnets → 100 TeV pp collisions in 100km ring
- e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup> collider (FCC-ee) as 1<sup>st</sup> step



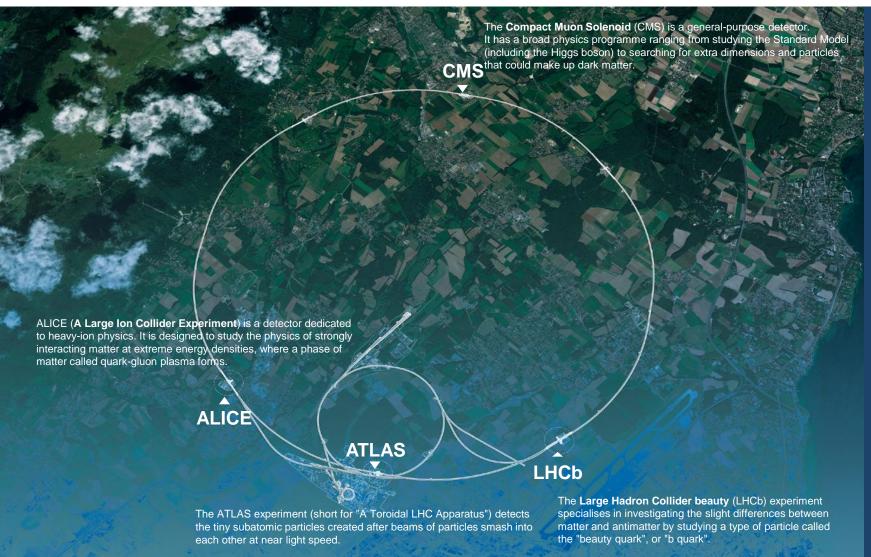


### **Supplies** (254 M CHF spent in 2022 – CERN budget only)





## **CERN** also buys for the LHC experiments













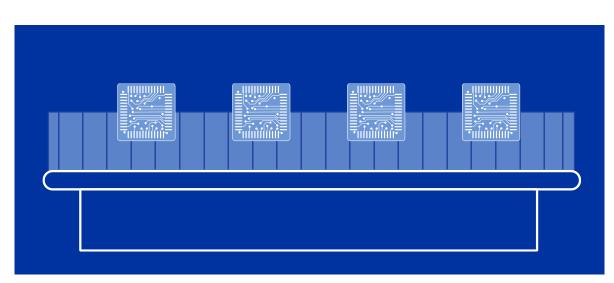
### **How does CERN buy?**

Off-the shelf or non-standard products which can be produced with existing manufacturing techniques or technologies:

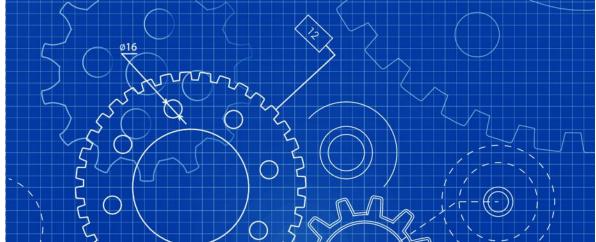
**Functional specification** 

Non-standard products where industry has neither the required know-how nor the interest to develop and design the products:

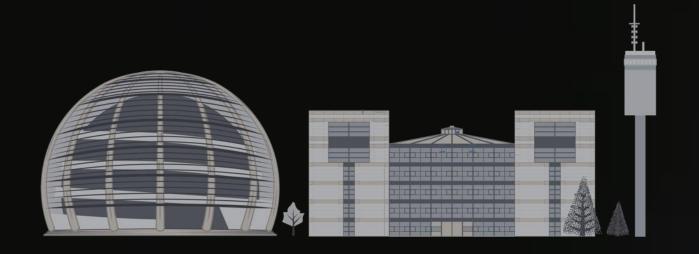
**Build-to-Print specification** 



Prototypes and or pre-series might be required







# PROCUREMENT @CERN The rules



### The Procurement Service

7 June 2024

#### **Mission**

The Procurement Service (PS) procures all supplies and services for CERN

Meeting the specified and contractual technical, delivery and performance requirements

At the lowest possible overall cost

While achieving balanced industrial return for CERN Member States

Respecting CERN Procurement Rules



## Principles of the Procurement Rules (1/4)

1

**Transparency and Impartiality** 

2

**Tenders open to Member States only** 



Objectivity and equal treatment: tendering packages are objective and impartial



## Principles of the Procurement Rules (2/4)

Selective tendering procedures: CERN's tendering procedures are not open to any interested firm

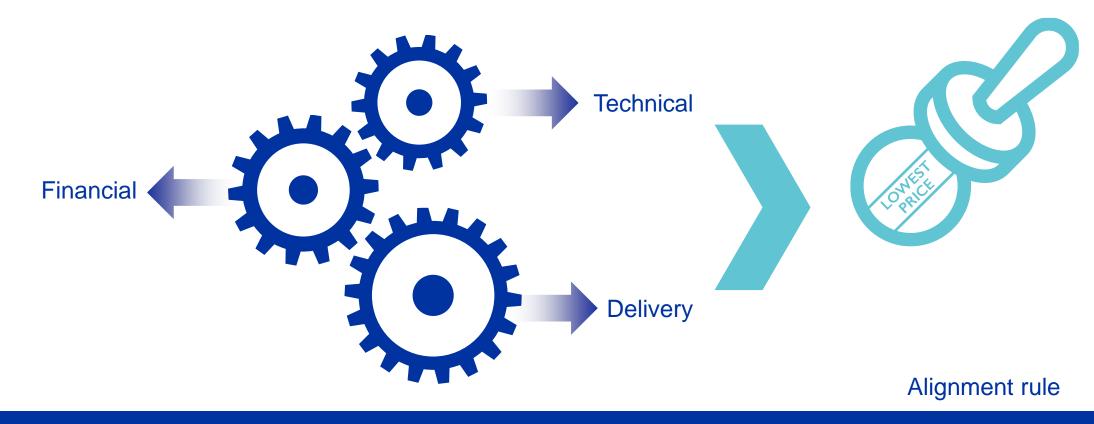
**Confidentiality:** Opening and evaluation of bids as well as negotiations are not public



## Principles of the Procurement Rules (3/4)

Awards for supplies (and exceptionally for services,) based on:

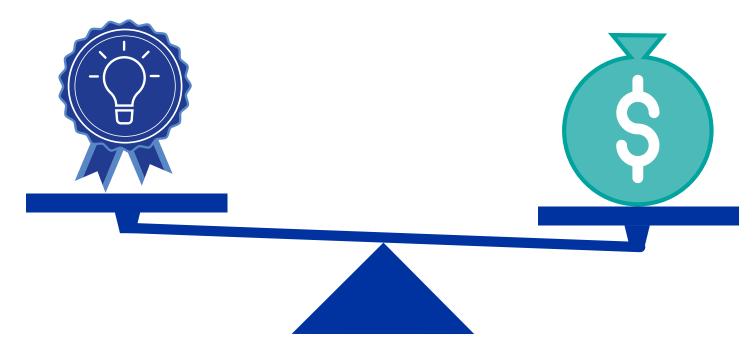
<u>Lowest compliant bid</u>





## Principles of the Procurement Rules (4/4)

Award for industrial services based on: Best Value For Money







### Enquiries between 10'000 and 200'000 CHF

### "Price enquiry" (Demande d'Offre - DO)

- Submission deadline: 4 weeks from date of dispatch
- All price enquiries above 50'000 CHF are also sent to the Industrial Liaison Officers (ILOs) for information
- Price enquiries consist of:
  - Technical specification and annexes
  - Tender form
  - Technical questionnaire (optional)
  - CERN's General Conditions (contracts, invitations to tender, safety, etc.)





## Enquiries exceeding 200'000 CHF (1/2)

### "Market Survey" (MS)

- Prior announcement on CERN's procurement website, see "Business Opportunities"
  - At this stage, interested firms are encouraged to contact CERN in order to have a clear understanding of the requirement, allowing them to begin their organisation ahead of the tendering process





- Technical Description
- Qualification Questionnaire (financial and technical)
- Submission deadline: 4 weeks, or more if the MS is still online



## Enquiries exceeding 200'000 CHF (2/2)

### "Invitation to tender" (IT)

- Sent to selected firms only
- Submission deadline: 4 weeks from date of dispatch (with a longer period for more complex requirements)
- Firms are strongly encouraged to ask <u>all</u> questions in writing to understand all requirements and prepare a bid that best matches CERN's needs
- All invitations to tender are sent to the Industrial Liaison Officers (ILOs) for information
- Bids (tender form) shall exclusively be submitted via CERN's etendering interface

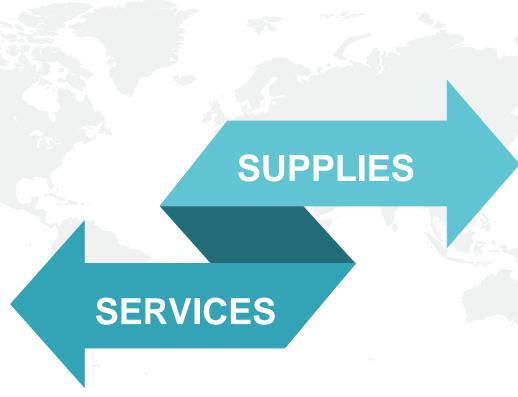




### **Country of origin**

"Country(ies) in which the bidder is established."

If at least 40% of the total amount of the bid comes from a poorly balanced MS, then the whole bid will be treated as that from a bidder in a poorly balanced MS.



"Country(ies) where the supplies (including their components and subassemblies) are manufactured or undergo the last major transformation by the contractor or its subcontractor".

If at least 60% of the total amount of the bid comes from (a) poorly balanced MS, then the whole bid will be treated as that from a bidder in a poorly balanced MS.



## **Alignment rule**

### **Applicable for:**



Contracts awarded on the lowest compliant basis (mainly supply contracts)



With a total amount exceeding 100'000 CHF

### **RULE**

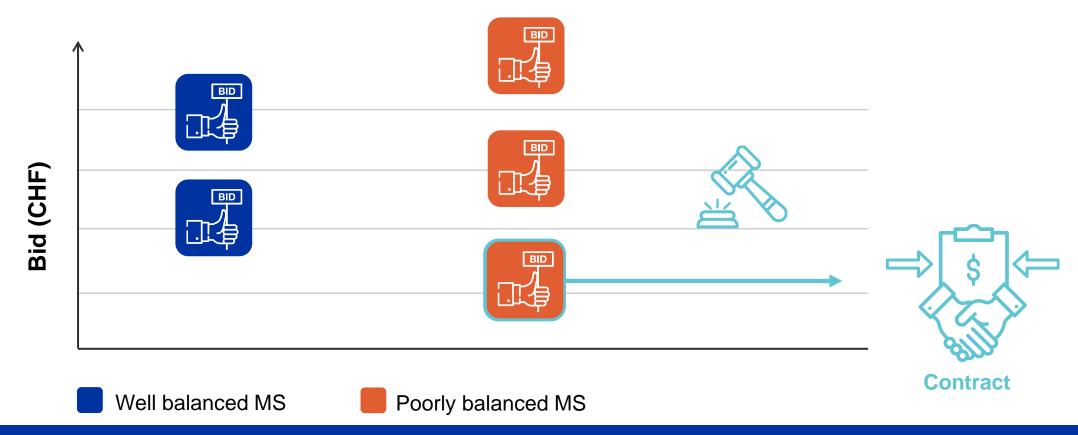
Under certain conditions, as defined in CERN Procurement Rules, a bidder offering goods originating\* in poorly balanced Member States is allowed to align his price to that of the lowest bidder and thereby be awarded the contract

\* At least 60% for supply contracts or; at least 40% for service contracts awarded on the lowest compliant basis



## Alignment rule (Scenario 1)

### Lowest compliant bid from a Poorly-Balanced Member State

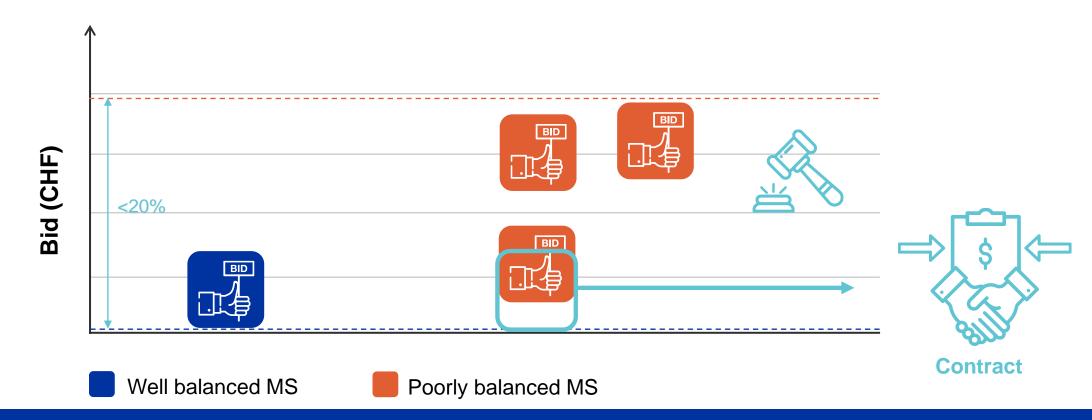




# Alignment rule (Scenario 2)

### Lowest compliant bid from a Well-Balanced Member State

(a) 1st bidder from PB MS (+ max 20%) accepts to align its price

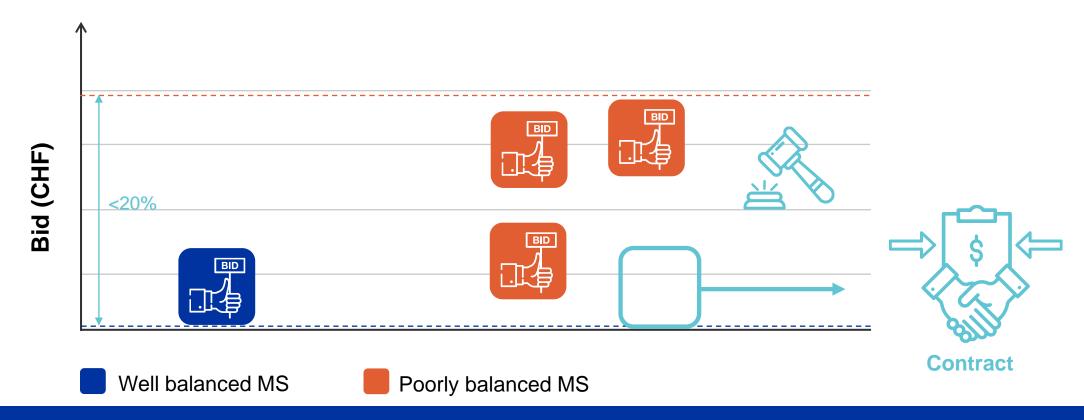




# Alignment rule (Scenario 2)

### Lowest bid from a Well-Balanced Member State

(b) if not, 2nd lowest bidder from PB MS (+ max 20%) accepts to align its price

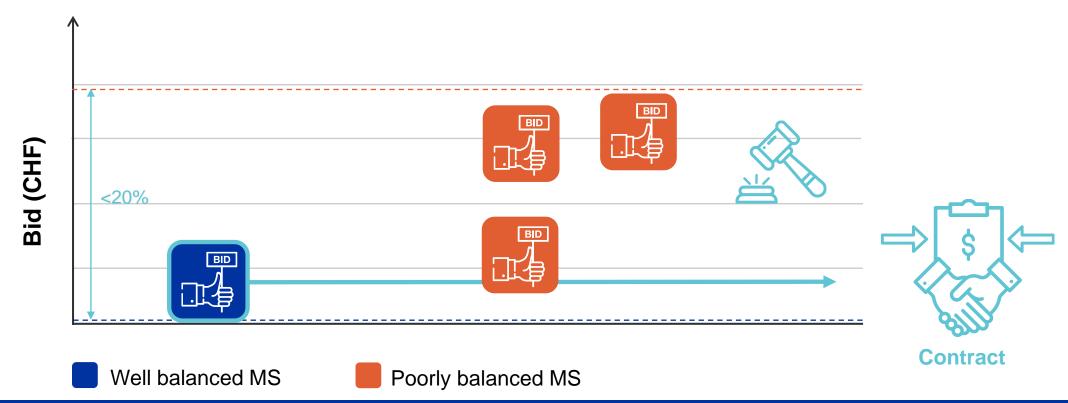




# Alignment rule (Scenario 2)

### Lowest bid from a WB MS

(c) if no alignment of next two PB MS bidders, contract placed with lowest bidder from WB MS

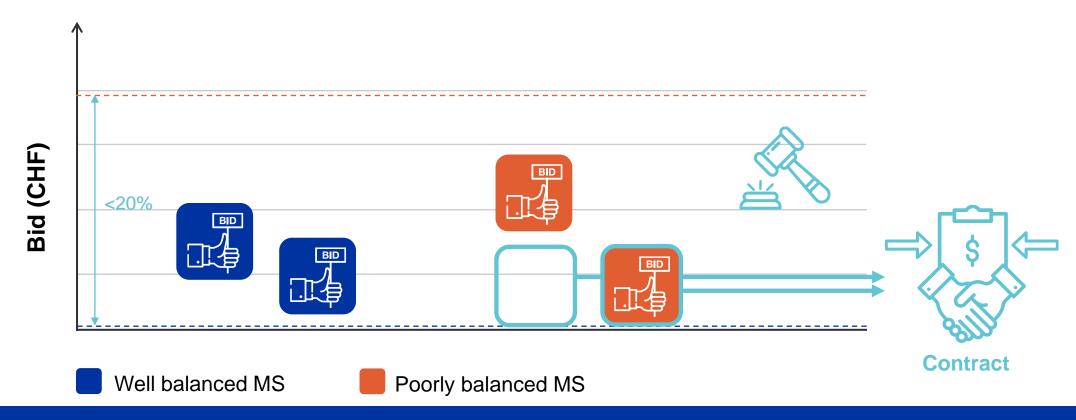




# Alignment rule with splitting (Scenario 3)

Lowest bid from a PB MS, another bid from a PB MS falls within 20% of the lowest

Bidder from PB MS aligns ———— contracts placed with the 2 lowest bidders from PB MS

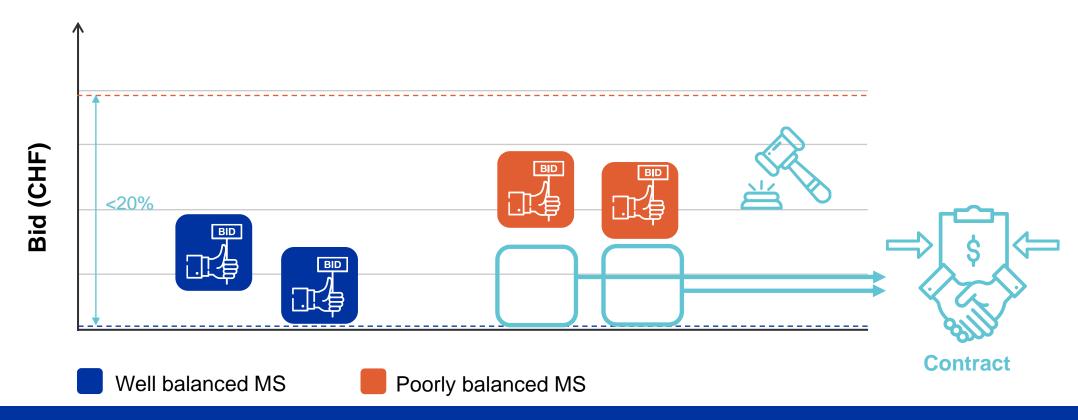




# Alignment rule with splitting (Scenario 4)

Lowest bid from a WB MS and two bids from PB MS fall within 20% of the lowest

Both bidders from PB MS align ————— contracts placed with bidders from PB MS

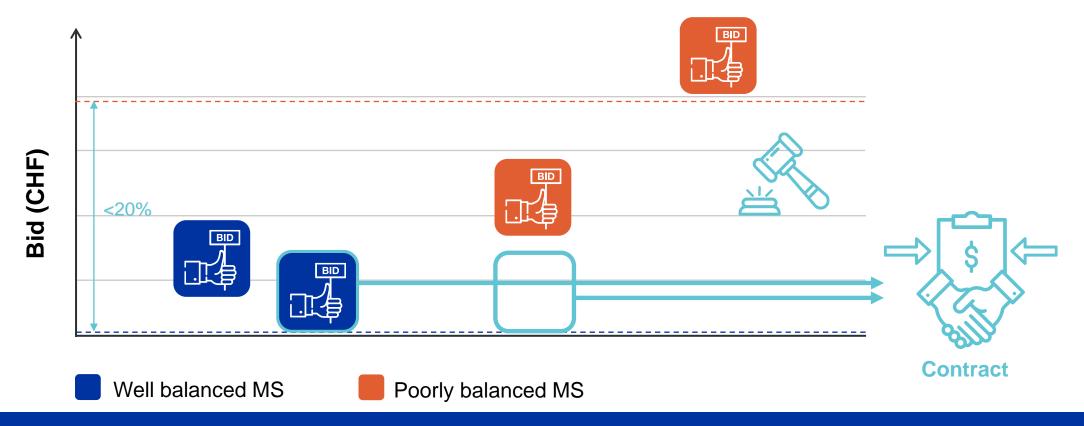




# Alignment rule with splitting (Scenario 5)

### Lowest bid from a WB MS and a bid from PB MS falls within 20% of the lowest

Lowest bidder from PB MS align ———— contracts placed with the lowest bidder (from WB MS) and the bidder from PB MS





### Industrial return coefficient

# Industrial return coefficient

For Supply contracts and for a 12-month period starting on 1st March, defined as:

"The ratio between a Member State's percentage share of the value of all Supply contracts and that Member State's percentage contribution to the CERN Budget over the same period".

% expenditure in the MS

Return Coef.= 

% contribution to CERN budget for this MS



Over a 4-year period:

Very poorly balanced: < 0.40

Poorly balanced (PB):  $0.40 \ge x < 1$ 

Well balanced (WB): ≥ 1

Status definition



# Poorly balanced Member States\* (Supplies)

(1st March 2024 – 28 February 2025, based on the previous 4 calendar years):



Well	Poorly	Very Poorly
Balanced	Balanced	Balanced
(≥1)	(0.40 ≥ x < 1)	(< 0.40)
Austria Estonia* France Italy Lithuania* Switzerland Türkiye*	Belgium Bulgaria Croatia* Cyprus* Czech Republic Denmark Finland Germany Greece Hungary India* Latvia* Netherlands Norway Poland Portugal Serbia* Slovak Republic Slovenia* Spain United Kingdom	Brazil* Israel Pakistan* Romania Sweden Ukraine*

<sup>\*</sup>Associate Member States



<sup>\*\*</sup> Brazil joined as an Associate Member State on 13 March 2024

# Limited tendering

« Limited tendering is foreseen by the CERN Procurement Rules to improve the industrial return of very poorly balanced Member States. »

### **Conditions**

Firms established in very poorly balanced Member States only (industrial return <0.4)

Used in case where there is sufficient competition

ILO can ask to add firms, provided they are established in very poorly Member States





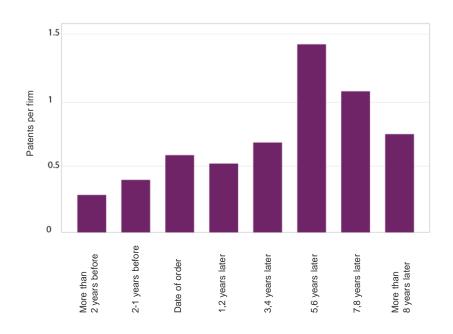


# The economical impact of CERN Procurement on supplier's performance (Castelnovo et al, 2018)

Empirical studies (by the analysis of financial data from 1995 to 2008 from 365 CERN suppliers for the LHC) show that after working with CERN on high-tech contracts, CERN suppliers out-perform their peers by:

Investing more in R&D and filing more patents

Higher productivity, revenue and profitability

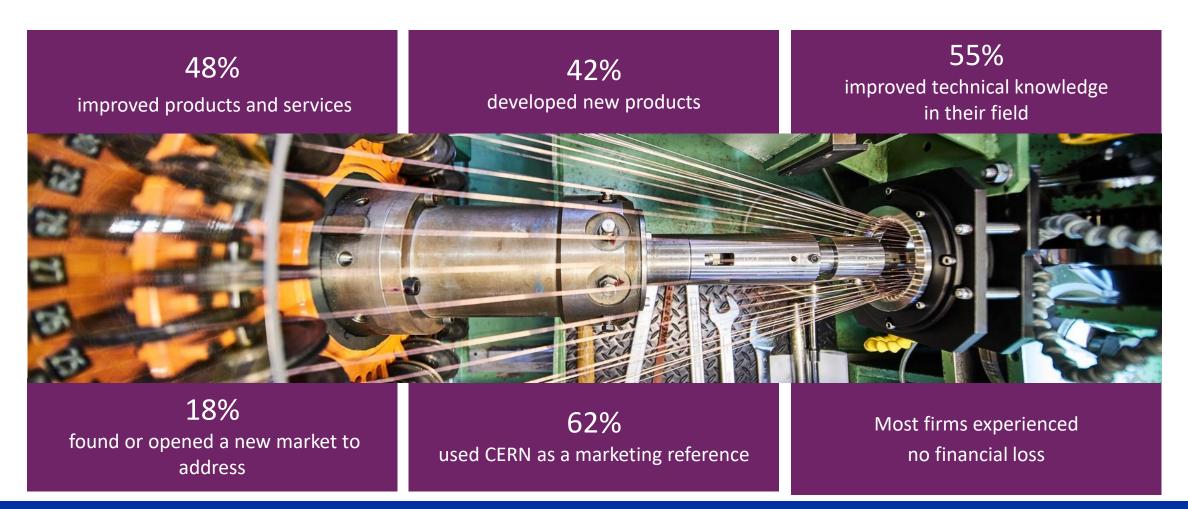






### Doing business with CERN: the facts

supplier survey (669 suppliers in 33 countries, 2017):





# Doing business with CERN: the facts



Using CERN as a marketing reference improves Suppliers' reputation

supplier







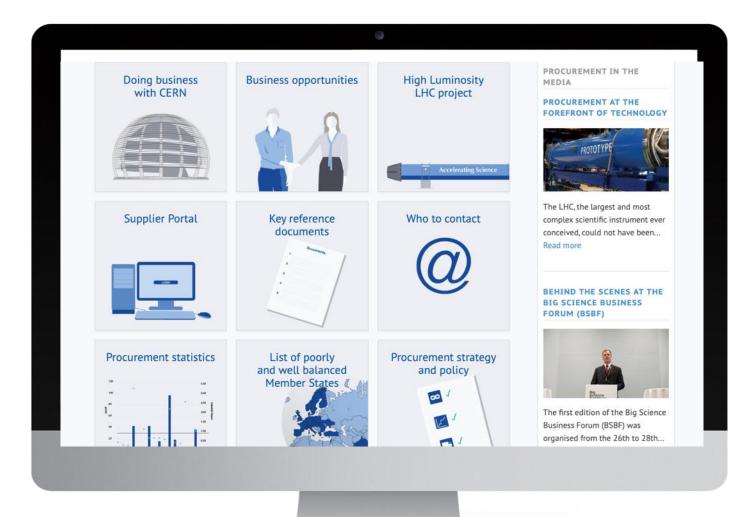
# Social Cost-Benefit Analysis (CBA) calculated by the University of Milan

"Each CHF invested in HL-LHC project pays back approximately 1.8 CHF on societal benefits, including scientific, economic and cultural value (development of innovative technologies, industrial spillovers, skills acquired by students, etc.)."



# Procurement website

7 June 2024





### Website of the Procurement Service

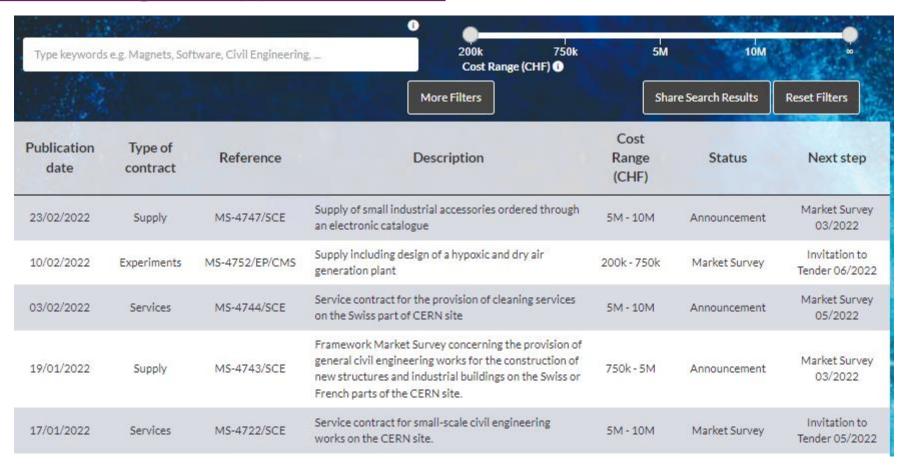
http://procurement.web.cern.ch

**Procurement and Industrial Services Group** HOME - CERN PERSONNEL - INDUSTRIAL LIAISON OFFICERS - GROUP MEMBERS Doing Business with CERN ) Business Opportunities ) Supplier Portal Procurement Process Law applicable to contractors' Accelerating Science ) Key Reference Documents ) List of Poorly and Well ) Procurement strategy and Balanced Member State... policy



### **CERN Shopping List**

https://forthcoming-ms.app.cern.ch/#!/





### **HL-LHC Shopping list**

https://project-hl-lhc-industry.web.cern.ch/wp/main-procurement-needs-hl-lhc

### Main Procurement needs for HL-LHC

The Large Hadron Collider (LHC) is one of the largest scientific instruments ever built. To sustain and extend its discovery potential, the LHC will need a major upgrade in the 2020s. This will increase its luminosity (rate of collisions) by a factor of five beyond the original design value and the integrated luminosity (total collisions created) by a factor ten. The LHC is already a highly complex and exquisitely optimised machine so this upgrade must be carefully conceived and will require about ten years to implement. The new configuration, known as High Luminosity LHC (HL-LHC), will rely on a number of key innovations that push accelerator technology beyond its present limits.

Main Domains of Activitiy - HL-LHC Project	Work Packages
Cryogenics systems	WP9
Magnets components and assemblies	<u>WP3, WP11</u>
Electrical equipment, electronics & instrumentation	WP4, WP5, WP6A, WP6B, WP7, WP13, WP18
Ultra High vacuum components and systems	<u>WP12</u>
Collimators and new material resistant to high temperatures	<u>WP5, WP8, WP14</u>
Cryostats and subcomponents for cryogenic equipment	<u>WP3, WP4, WP6A, WP9, WP11</u>
High precision assembling and manufacturing technologies	WP4, WP5, WP8, WP12, WP14

### **Project activities**

- · Procurement Overview
- · WP1: Project Management
- WP2: Accelerator Physics & Performance
- WP3: Insertion Regions Magnets
- WP4: Crab Cavities & RF
- · WP5: Collimation
- WP6A: Cold Powering
- · WP6B: Warm Powering
- · WP7: Machine Protection
- WP8: Collider Experiment Interface
- · WP9: Cryogenics
- WP10: Energy Deposition & Absorber Coordination
- WP11: 11 T Dipole
- WP12: Vacuum
- WP13: Beam Diagnostics
- WP14: Beam Transfer & Kickers
- WP15: Integration & (De-) Installation
- WP16: Hardware Commissioning
- WP17: Infrastructure, Logistics & Civil Engineering
- WP18: Controls Technologies



## Register in the Suppliers' Portal

### MANDATORY

### For all exchanges with CERN, in particular to:

- Be visible for future opportunities (with the procurement codes you have indicated)
- Receive and follow-up orders
- Send invoices

### **Suppliers Portal**

Welcome to CERN's eProcurement platform

https://procurement.cern.ch/aspx/Home

Using this platform, you will be able to receive orders, manage the delivery of supplies and send invoices for processing.

If you are having trouble registering your firm, please consult this video tutorial or the French version under tutoriel.

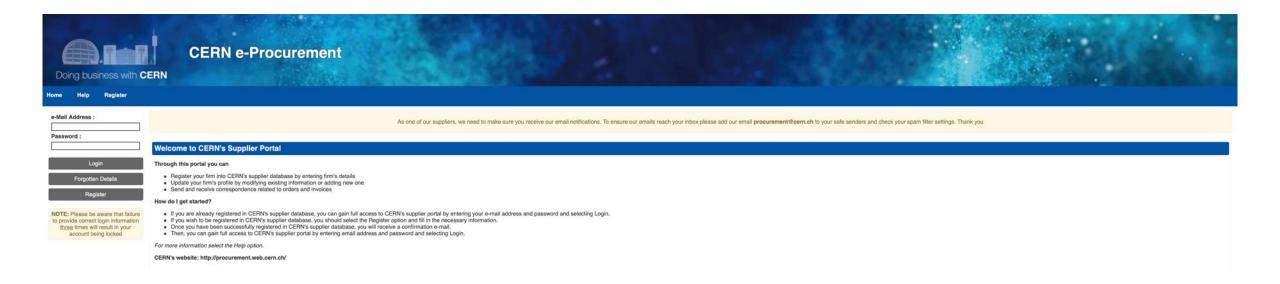
Once you have registered your firm, you will be able to log on to the platform to manage your firm's profile and contact details.

If you have any further questions, please contact CERN's eProcurement platform support team at Supplierdb.Support@cern.ch.



### **CERN e-Procurement**

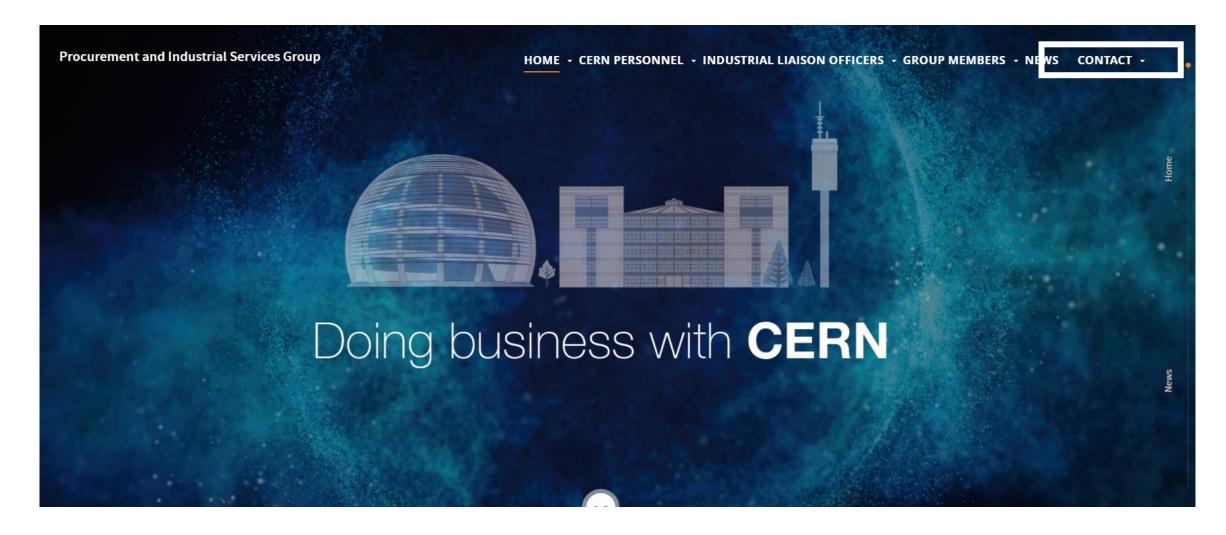
7 June 2024





To ensure our emails reach your inbox, please add our email **procurement@cern.ch** to your safe senders and check your spam filter settings.

# Contacts at CERN (Procurement and Technical)





# **Contact in your country**

### **ILO: Industrial Liaison Officer**

Who to contact in your Country

Industrial Liaison Officers (ILO's) are appointed by CERN's Member States to facilitate the flow of communication between CERN and its suppliers. ILO's can provide advice on the opportunities available for doing business with CERN and the support available to firms in their local regions.



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# Thank you

