

# WG1 goals and paper status

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LHC EWWG general meeting  
10-12 July 2024, CERN

*on behalf of the QED/EW precision subgroup WG*

# Since last EWWG general meeting (november 2022)

- Sub-group meetings

- ▶ May 2024 <http://indico.cern.ch/event/1412120/>
- ▶ November 2023 <https://indico.cern.ch/event/1342373/>
- ▶ April 2023 <https://indico.cern.ch/event/1274770/>
- ▶ March 2023 <https://indico.cern.ch/event/1255813/>

## Studies and benchmarking on NC Drell-Yan

having in mind, as a target, the LEP precision of  $1.6 \cdot 10^{-4}$  on  $\sin^2 \vartheta_{eff}^{\ell}$   
 $\implies \sim 5 \cdot 10^{-4}$  on  $A_{FB}$

# Goals of the study on EW/QED

- analysis and benchmarking of NLO-EW corrections to NC DY
- focus on  $A_{FB}(m_{\ell\ell})$  and  $d\sigma/dM_{\ell\ell}$
- quantitative assessment of the uncertainties of EW origin in the determination of  $\sin^2 \vartheta_{eff}^\ell$
- separate study on  $p_T^{W/Z}$  resummation

talk by L. Rottoli

# Main focus on

- pure weak corrections
  - ▶ Gauge invariance and treatment of the  $Z$ -resonance
  - ▶ input parameter schemes
  - ▶ evaluation of residual theoretical uncertainties
- pure QED corrections on  $A_4$   
breaking of the usual decomposition in angular coefficients
- Programs/groups involved
  - ▶ KKMC\_hh
  - ▶ MCSANC
  - ▶ POWHEG\_ew
  - ▶ RADY
  - ▶ WZGRAD2
  - ▶ DIZET/TauSpinner

# Adopted width schemes

- **complex mass scheme** (CMS)
  - ▶ complex  $M_W$  and  $M_Z$

$$\mu_V^2 = M_V^2 - i\Gamma_V M_V \implies \cos^2 \vartheta = \frac{\mu_W^2}{\mu_Z^2}$$

- **factorization scheme** (FS): global correction factor in the limit  $\Gamma \rightarrow 0$

$$d\sigma_{\text{weak}} = \delta_{\text{weak}}^{\Gamma=0} \times d\sigma_{LO}^{\Gamma \neq 0}$$

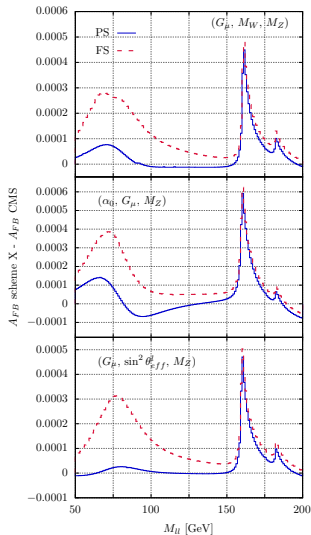
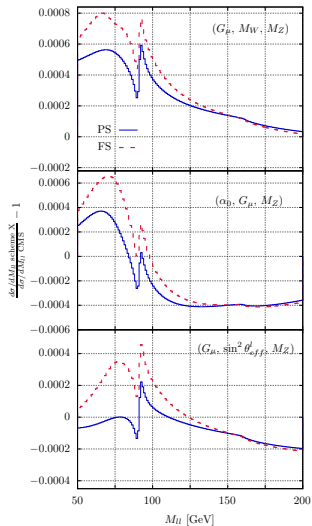
- **pole scheme** (PS): amplitude organized in resonant g.i. contributions

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{M} &= \frac{R(p^2)}{p^2 - M_2} + N(p^2) = \frac{R(M^2)}{p^2 - M_2} + \frac{R(p^2)R(M^2)}{p^2 - M_2} + N(p^2) \\ &\rightarrow \frac{\bar{R}(M^2 - i\Gamma M)}{p^2 - M_2 + i\Gamma M} + \frac{R(p^2)R(M^2)}{p^2 - M_2} + \bar{N}(p^2) \end{aligned}$$

# Adopted input parameter schemes

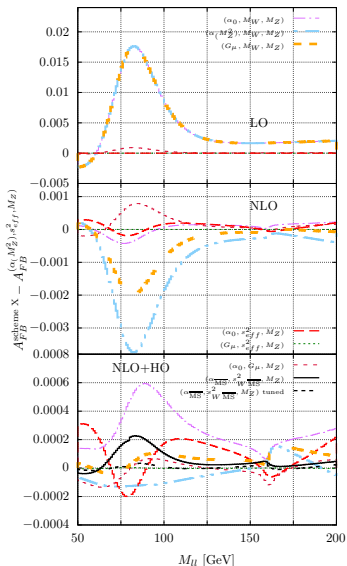
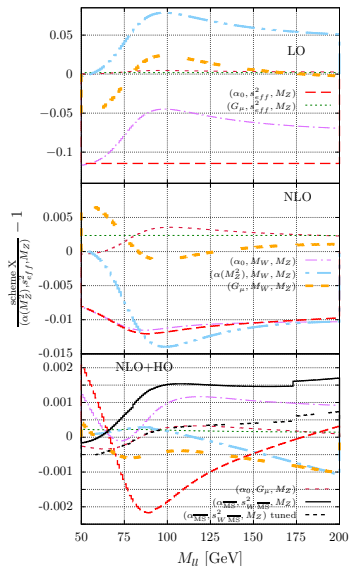
- $(G_\mu, M_W, M_Z)$ 
  - ▶ MCSANC, POWHEG\_EW, RADY, WZGRAD2
- $(\alpha(0), M_W, M_Z)$ 
  - ▶ MCSANC, POWHEG\_EW, RADY, WZGRAD2
- $(G_\mu, \sin^2 \vartheta_{\text{eff}}^\ell, M_Z), (\alpha(0), \sin^2 \vartheta_{\text{eff}}^\ell, M_Z)$ 
  - ▶ POWHEG\_EW, RADY
- $(\alpha(0), G_\mu, M_Z)$ 
  - ▶ DIZET

# Width schemes with different input par schemes



M. Chiesa, C.L. Del Pio, F.P., arXiv:2402.14659

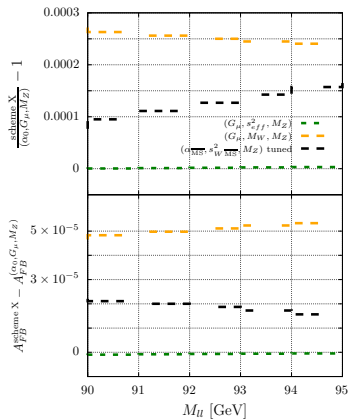
# Comparisons between input par schemes



M. Chiesa, C.L. Del Pro, F.P., arXiv:2402.14659



# with tuned parameters



M. Chiesa, C.L. Del Pio, F.P., arXiv:2402.14659

# Status of benchmarking on weak corrections

# NLO weak corr: $(G_\mu, M_W, M_Z), d\sigma/dM(\ell\ell)$

Code:	$89 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 93$	$60 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 81$	$81 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 101$	$101 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 150$
$\sigma(\text{LO})$ (pb)				
MCSANC	612.531(5)	46.870(2)	880.527(6)	-
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub> (FS)	612.529(8)	46.8697(8)	880.513(9)	30.8686(5)
RADY (FS)	612.526(1)	46.8708(1)	880.520(2)	30.86835(6)
WZGRAD2	612.521(7)	46.868(4)	880.520(10)	-
$\sigma(\text{NLO})/\sigma(\text{LO})$				
MCSANC	0.99167(2)	1.02865(7)	0.99206(1)	-
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub> (FS)	no $\alpha$ resc.	0.99121(3)	1.02972(4)	0.99163(2)
	$\alpha$ resc.	0.99150(3)	1.02871(4)	0.99191(2)
RADY (FS)	no $\alpha$ resc.	0.99118(1)	1.02965(1)	0.99160(1)
	$\alpha$ resc.	0.99148(1)	1.02863(1)	0.99189(1)
WZGRAD2	0.99198(1)	1.02913(4)	0.99239(1)	-
$\sigma(\text{NLO} + \text{HO})/\sigma(\text{LO})$				
MCSANC	0.99232(2)	1.02614(7)	0.99268(1)	-
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub> (FS)	$\alpha$ resc.	0.99216(3)	1.02603(4)	0.99253(2)
	no $\alpha$ resc.	0.99181(3)	1.02577(4)	0.99218(1)
RADY (FS) $\alpha$ no resc.	0.99179(1)	1.02589(1)	0.99216(1)	0.98915(1)
Tau Spinner+DIZET (estimated)	0.99211(0)	1.02321(0)	0.99264(0)	0.98884(0)

■ some entry still missing...

■ overall agreement 0.01% level

■  $\text{LO} \sim \alpha_{G_\mu}, \delta = \text{NLO}/\text{LO} - 1 \sim \alpha_{\text{loop}}$

■  $\alpha_{\text{loop}} = \alpha_0$  (resc)

■  $\alpha_{\text{loop}} = \alpha_{G_\mu}$  (nonresc)

# NLO weak corr: $(G_\mu, M_W, M_Z), A_{FB}$

Code:	$89 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 93$	$60 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 81$	$81 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 101$	$101 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 150$
$A_{FB}(\text{LO})$				
MCSANC	0.04654(1)	-0.20299(4)	0.04481(1)	-
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub> (FS)	0.04655(2)	-0.202975(24)	0.04481(2)	0.22608(4)
RADY (FS)	0.046547(4)	-0.202955(4)	0.044812(3)	0.226090(4)
WZGRAD2	0.04654(1)	-0.20299(8)	0.04482(1)	-
$A_{FB}(\text{NLO}) - A_{FB}(\text{LO})$				
MCSANC (FS)	-0.01717(2)	-0.01183(8)	-0.01715(2)	-0.00688(7)
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub> (FS)	$\alpha$ resc.	-0.01718(3)	-0.01198(3)	-0.01718(3)
	no $\alpha$ resc.	-0.01779(3)	-0.01239(3)	-0.01778(3)
RADY (FS)	$\alpha$ resc.	-0.017166(5)	-0.011988(6)	-0.017156(5)
	no $\alpha$ resc.	-0.017778(5)	-0.012399(6)	-0.017767(5)
WZGRAD2	-0.01716(2)	-0.01186(11)	-0.01715(2)	-0.00686(14)
$A_{FB}(\text{NLO} + \text{HO}) - A_{FB}(\text{NLO})$				
MCSANC	0.00137(2)	0.00111(8)	0.00137(2)	-
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub> (FS)	$\alpha$ resc.	0.00136(3)	0.00113(3)	0.00137(3)
	no $\alpha$ resc.	0.00183(3)	0.00147(3)	0.00183(2)
RADY (FS) no $\alpha$ resc.	0.001829(5)	0.001437(6)	0.001830(5)	0.00057(35)
$A_{FB}(\text{NLO} + \text{HO}) - A_{FB}(\text{LO})$				
MCSANC	-0.01551(2)	-0.01059(8)	-0.01551(1)	-
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub> (FS)	$\alpha$ resc.	-0.01582(3)	-0.01085(3)	-0.01581(3)
	no $\alpha$ resc.	-0.01597(3)	-0.01092(3)	-0.01596(3)
RADY (FS) no $\alpha$ resc.	-0.015948(5)	-0.010962(6)	-0.015937(5)	-0.006470(6)
TauSpinner+DIZET (estimated)	-0.01507(0)	-0.01104(0)	-0.01514(0)	0.00684(0)

# NLO weak corr: $(\alpha_0, M_W, M_Z), d\sigma/dM(l\bar{l})$

Code:	$89 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 93$	$60 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 81$	$81 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 101$	$101 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 150$
$\sigma(\text{LO})$ (pb)				
MCSANC	571.412(5)	43.724(2)	821.414(6)	-
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub> (FS)	571.416(7)	43.7239(8)	821.414(9)	28.7967(4)
RADY (FS)	571.414(1)	43.725(1)	821.420(2)	28.7965(6)
WZGRAD2	571.409(7)	43.722(4)	821.419(9)	-
$\sigma(\text{NLO})/\sigma(\text{LO})$				
MCSANC	1.05117(1)	1.08830(4)	1.05157(1)	-
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub> (FS)	1.05095(3)	1.08815(4)	1.05136(2)	1.04870(3)
RADY (FS)	1.05100(1)	1.08816(1)	1.05141(1)	1.0487685(7)
WZGRAD2	1.05151(1)	1.08854(9)	1.05191(1)	-
$\sigma(\text{NLO} + \text{HO})/\sigma(\text{LO})$				
MCSANC	1.06452(1)	1.1004(4)	1.06491(1)	-
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub> (FS)	1.06381(3)	1.09911(4)	1.06420(2)	1.06175(3)
RADY (FS)	1.06387(1)	1.09979(1)	1.06426(1)	1.0614687(8)
TauSpinner+DIZET estimated	1.06558(0)	1.09892(0)	1.06613(0)	1.06202(0)

# NLO weak corr: $(\alpha_0, M_W, M_Z), A_{FB}$

Code:	$89 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 93$	$60 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 81$	$81 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 101$	$101 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 150$
$A_{FB}(\text{LO})$				
MCSANC	0.04655(1)	-0.20304(4)	0.04482(1)	-
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub> (FS)	0.04655(2)	-0.20296(2)	0.04481(2)	0.226094(25)
RADY (FS)	0.046547(4)	-0.202955(4)	0.044812(3)	0.226090(4)
WZGRAD2	0.04654(1)	-0.20299(8)	0.04482(1)	-
$A_{FB}(\text{NLO}) - A_{FB}(\text{LO})$				
MCSANC	-0.01618(1)	-0.01118(7)	-0.01618(1)	-0.00647(7)
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub> (FS)	-0.01621(3)	-0.01134(3)	-0.01620(2)	-0.00643(4)
RADY (FS)	-0.016195(5)	-0.011332(6)	-0.016186(5)	-0.006423(6)
WZGRAD2	-0.01619(2)	-0.01121(12)	-0.01617(2)	-0.00650(14)
$A_{FB}(\text{NLO} + \text{HO}) - A_{FB}(\text{NLO})$				
MCSANC	0.00077(1)	0.00068(6)	0.00078(1)	-
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub> (FS)	0.00077(3)	0.00073(3)	0.00078(2)	0.000232(35)
RADY (FS)	0.000771(5)	0.000664(7)	0.000774(6)	0.000245(6)
$A_{FB}(\text{NLO} + \text{HO}) - A_{FB}(\text{LO})$				
MCSANC	-0.01519(1)	-0.01035(6)	-0.01517(1)	-
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub> (FS)	-0.01544(3)	-0.01061(3)	-0.01542(2)	-0.006100(35)
RADY (FS)	-0.015424(5)	-0.010668(6)	-0.015412(5)	-0.006178(6)
TauSpinner+DIZET (estimated)	-0.01508(0)	-0.01104(0)	-0.01515(0)	0.00684(0)

# $(G_\mu, \sin^2 \vartheta_{\text{eff}}^\ell, M_Z): A_{\text{FB}}$ preliminary

Code/scheme:	$89 < M_{\ell\ell}[\text{GeV}] < 93$	$60 < M_{\ell\ell}[\text{GeV}] < 81$	$81 < M_{\ell\ell}[\text{GeV}] < 101$	$101 < M_{\ell\ell}[\text{GeV}] < 150$
$A_{\text{FB}}(\text{LO})$				
RADY/CMS	0.030552(3)	-0.214572(4)	0.028815(4)	0.220793(5)
Powheg/CMS	0.03056(2)	-0.21459(2)	0.02881(2)	0.22077(35)
RADY/PS	0.030552(3)	-0.214572(4)	0.028815(4)	0.220793(5)
Powheg/PS	0.03056(2)	-0.21459(2)	0.02881(2)	0.22077(35)
RADY/FS	0.030552(3)	-0.214572(4)	0.028815(4)	0.220793(5)
Powheg/FS	0.03056(2)	-0.21459(2)	0.02881(2)	0.22077(35)
X-CMS	0	0	0	0
$A_{\text{FB}}(\text{NLO weak})$				
RADY/CMS	0.030459(3)	-0.214082(4)	0.028738(4)	0.219509(5)
Powheg/CMS	0.03046(2)	-0.21408(2)	0.02873(2)	0.219506(25)
RADY/PS	0.030376(3)	-0.214136(4)	0.028658(4)	0.219475(5)
Powheg/PS	0.03038(2)	-0.21413(2)	0.02865(2)	0.219472(25)
RADY/FS	0.030589(3)	-0.213854(4)	0.028871(4)	0.219573(5)
Powheg/FS	0.03059(2)	-0.21385(2)	0.02886(2)	0.219571(25)
PS-CMS	0.00008	0.00005	0.00008	0.00003
FS-CMS	0.0001	0.0002	0.0001	0.00006

# Semianalytical $A_4$ uncertainties in the pure weak sector



Including photon exchange and photon form factor estimate:  
(neglecting boxes and  $s$ -dependence of  $Z$  form factors)

$$A_4 = \frac{\sum_q X_q 4 \left( \frac{v_\ell v_q}{a_\ell a_q} + \frac{v_{\ell q}(s)}{a_\ell a_q} \right)}{\sum_q X_q \left( 1 + \frac{v_\ell^2}{a_\ell^2} + \frac{v_q^2}{a_q^2} + \frac{v_{\ell q}^2(s)}{a_\ell^2 a_q^2} \right)} \quad X_q = f_q(x_1) f_{\bar{q}}(x_2) + f_{\bar{q}}(x_1) f_q(x_2)$$

$$v_{\ell q}(s) = v_\ell v_q + \frac{s - M_Z^2 - i M_Z \Gamma_Z}{s} e^2 e_q (1 + \bar{\Delta}_q)$$

$$\frac{v_\ell}{a_\ell} = 1 - 4s_\ell^2,$$

$$s_\ell^2 \equiv \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^\ell$$

$$\frac{v_q}{a_q} = 1 - 4|e_q|(s_\ell^2 + \Delta_q)$$

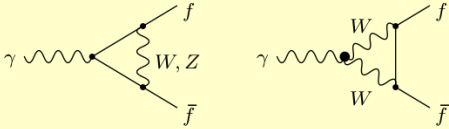
$$\Delta_q = \Delta_{q(1)} + \Delta_{q(2)}$$

$$\Delta_q = \underbrace{\bar{\Delta}_{q(1)}}_{\text{known}} + \underbrace{\bar{\Delta}_{q(2)}}_{\text{unknown}}$$

$\Delta_{q(2)}$  is known (in SM) for leading  $Z$  pole term

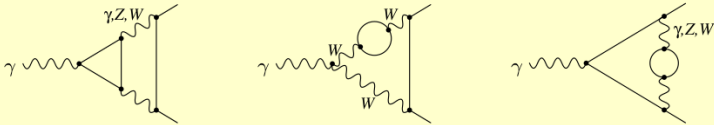
$$\bar{\Delta}_{q(2)} = \pm \bar{\Delta}_{q(1)} \times \frac{g^2}{16\pi^2} n_f, \quad n_f = 6 + 6N_c \quad (\text{maybe underestimate?})$$

Example contributions to  $\Delta_{q(1)}, \overline{\Delta}_{q(1)}$ :



Note:  $\overline{\Delta}_{q(1)}$  also gets contributions from box diagrams and the  $s$ -dependence of  $Z$  vertex form factors (**new: all included now**)

Example contributions to  $\Delta_{q(2)}, \overline{\Delta}_{q(2)}$ :



## Z-pole 2-loop flavor dependence:

Assume: all EW 2-loop corrections are a source theory uncertainties

- Schemes:
- $\alpha'$  : Use  $\alpha, M_W, M_Z$  as inputs, perturb. exp. in  $\alpha$
  - $\alpha$  : Use  $\alpha, G_\mu, M_Z$  as inputs, perturb. exp. in  $\alpha$
  - $G_\mu$  : Use  $G_\mu, M_W, M_Z$  as inputs, perturb. exp. in  $G_\mu$

Scheme:	$\alpha'$	$\alpha$	$G_\mu$
$\Delta_{u(\alpha^2)} [10^{-5}]$	-1.74	-1.82	-1.37
$\Delta_{d(\alpha^2)} [10^{-5}]$	-1.49	-1.67	-0.88
including non-factorizable EW $\times$ QCD corrections:			
$\Delta_{u(\alpha^2+\alpha\alpha_s)} [10^{-5}]$	+1.46	+1.38	+1.52
$\Delta_{d(\alpha^2+\alpha\alpha_s)} [10^{-5}]$	+2.33	+2.14	+2.46

Czarnecki, Kühn '96  
 Harlander, Seidensticker,  
 Steinhauser '97

Inputs:  $M_Z = 91.1876$  GeV,  $M_W = 80.385$  GeV,  $M_H = 125.7$  GeV

$m_t = 173.5$  GeV,  $\Delta\alpha = 0.059$ ,  $\alpha_s = 0.1184$ ,  $G_\mu = 1.16638 \times 10^{-5} \text{ GeV}^{-2}$

A. Freitas, 02/03/2023

Combine  $\Delta_{q(2)}$  numbers with  $\overline{\Delta}_{q(2)}$  estimate as sources of th. unc.

Impact of missing EW 2-loop contributions (including EW $\times$ QCD):

$\delta A_4/A_4$ : [ $10^{-3}$ ]

$m_{\ell\ell}$ [GeV]	Scheme:	$\alpha'$	$\alpha$	$G_\mu$
60		4.2	1.44	1.24
70		2.1	0.80	0.65
80		9.9	3.1	3.02
$M_Z-2$		38.6	17.1	12.9
$M_Z-1$		6.8	3.1	2.5
$M_Z$		0.41	0.43	0.43
$M_Z+2$		2.4	0.68	0.56
$M_Z+1$		3.9	1.3	1.1
100		6.3	2.3	1.9
110		5.5	2.0	1.6
130		2.9	1.0	0.80
150		1.1	0.33	0.23

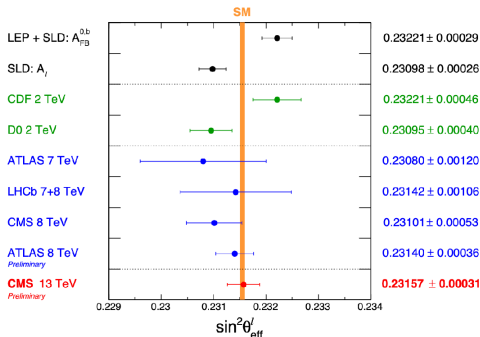
- Dominated by photon form factor unc.  $\overline{\Delta}_q$
- **New:** Error estimate for  $A_4$  is larger than what I showed before (due to including all NLO contributions)
- **New:** Schemes that use  $G_\mu$  have smaller corrections/uncertainties

# CMS measurement of the weak mixing angle

## RESULTS

- ▶ The final combined result for  $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^l$ , using CT18Z parton densities is:

$$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^l = 0.23157 \pm 0.00010 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.00015 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.00009 \text{ (theo)} \pm 0.00027 \text{ (PDF)}$$



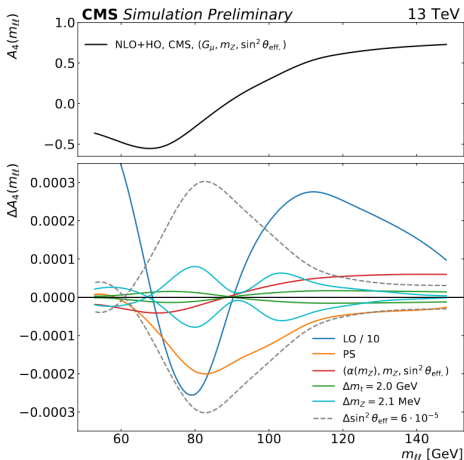
- ▶ Most precise extraction at hadron collider
- ▶ Excellent agreement with the world average and the SM prediction of  $0.23155 \pm 0.00004$
- ▶ Precision comparable to LEP/SLD ( $26\text{--}29 \cdot 10^{-5}$ )

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S. Amoroso, 17/05/2024

see talk by Rhys Taus

# NLO WEAK UNCERTAINTIES



- ▶ Several sources of uncertainties are considered on the NLO weak corrections
- ▶ Comparison of the **complex-mass and pole scheme** for the treatment of the finite width
- ▶ Comparison between the  $(G_F, m_Z, \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^l)$  and  $(\alpha(m_Z), m_Z, \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^l)$  **input EW schemes**
- ▶ Parametric uncertainties on the measured values of  $m_t$  and  $m_Z$  (others negligible)

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S. Amoroso, 17/05/2024

see an update by Rhys Taus

# Status of benchmarking on QED ISR and IFI

# QED corrections (at QCD LO)

- important to disentangle on  $A_4$ 
  - ▶ ISR
  - ▶ FSR
  - ▶ IFI
- $A_4$  defined as  $8/3A_{FB}$  or  $4\langle \cos \vartheta \rangle$  (equivalent options at LO)
- IFI contributions defined as

$$A_{FB}^{\text{IFI}} = \frac{(\sigma_F - \sigma_B)^{\text{NLO}} - (\sigma_F - \sigma_B)^{\text{ISR}} - (\sigma_F - \sigma_B)^{\text{FSR}} + 2(\sigma_F - \sigma_B)^{\text{LO}}}{(\sigma_F + \sigma_B)^{\text{NLO}} - (\sigma_F + \sigma_B)^{\text{ISR}} - (\sigma_F + \sigma_B)^{\text{FSR}} + 2(\sigma_F + \sigma_B)^{\text{LO}}}$$
$$\langle \cos \vartheta \rangle^{\text{IFI}} = \frac{\int \cos \vartheta d\sigma_{\text{NLO}} - \int \cos \vartheta d\sigma_{\text{ISR}} - \int \cos \vartheta d\sigma_{\text{FSR}} + \int \cos \vartheta d\sigma_{\text{LO}}}{\int d\sigma_{\text{NLO}} - \int d\sigma_{\text{ISR}} - \int d\sigma_{\text{FSR}} + 2 \int d\sigma_{\text{LO}}}$$

- tuned comparison at fixed order (NLO) level for all codes except for KKMC\_hh which produces only exponentiated results for both ISR and FSR
- input parameter scheme:  $(\alpha, M_W, M_Z)$



$$A_4 = 8/3 A_{FB}$$

Code:	$89 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 93$	$60 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 81$	$81 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 101$	$101 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 150$
$8/3 \cdot [A_{FB}(\text{NLO QED ISR}) - A_{FB}(\text{LO})]/10^{-4}$				
MCSANC	0.2(3)	-5(2)	0.2(3)	5(2)
WZGRAD2	0.2(5)	-5(3)	0.3(5)	6(4)
KKMC-hh	-1.0(6)	0(1)	-0.5(5)	-8(2)
KKMC-hh (NISR)	-1(2)	0(4)	0(1)	6(8)
RADY (CMS)	0.16(4)	-4.05(3)	0.12(3)	4.90(3)
A. Huss	0.17(1)	-4.07(1)	0.11(1)	4.94(4)
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub>	0.1(1)	-4.0(4)	0.1(1)	4.5(7)
$8/3 \cdot [A_{FB}(\text{NLO QED IFI}) - A_{FB}(\text{LO})]/10^{-4}$				
MCSANC	-2.8(5)	-34(2)	-4.0(4)	-60(3)
WZGRAD2	-1.1(5)	-37(3)	-2.3(5)	-51(4)
KKMC-hh	-3.8(6)	-25(1)	-2.1(1)	-53(1)
KKMC-hh (NISR)	-3.1(6)	-17(1)	-3.2(5)	-60(3)
RADY (CMS)	-1.5(1)	-33.6(4)	-2.49(7)	-59.5(1)
A. Huss	-1.42(6)	-33.9(6)	-2.57(7)	-58.7(3)
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub>	$\mu_F = M_{\ell\bar{\ell}\gamma}$	-1.2(3)	-62(1)	-59(2)
	$\mu_F = M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}$	-1.3(6)	-34(2)	-59(3)

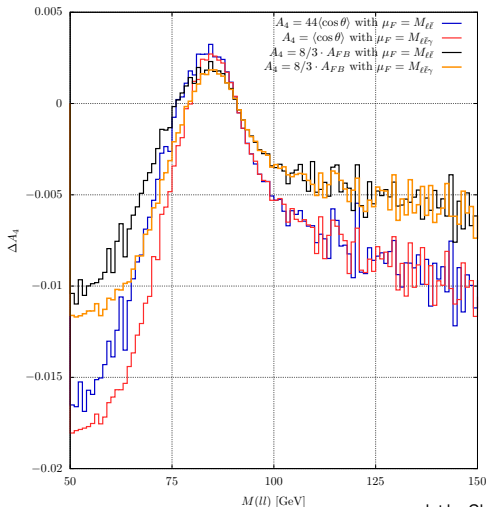
- POWHEG<sub>ew</sub>  $\mu_F(1) \implies M_{II}$  for real rad calculated with underlying Born momenta
- POWHEG<sub>ew</sub>  $\mu_F(2) \implies M_{II}$  for real rad calculated with radiative event momenta
- differences between  $\mu_F(1)$  and (2) expected to decrease when including also QCD corrections

$$A_4 = 4 \langle \cos \vartheta \rangle$$

Code:	$89 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 93$	$60 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 81$	$81 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 101$	$101 < M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}[\text{GeV}] < 150$
$[A_4(\text{NLO QED ISR}) - A_4(\text{LO})]/10^{-4}$				
RADY (CMS)	0.15(3)	-4.05(3)	0.10(2)	4.89(2)
A. Huss	0.16(1)	-4.07(1)	0.11(1)	4.87(2)
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub>	0.07(9)	-4.0(3)	0.10(7)	4.8(4)
$[A_4(\text{NLO QED IFI}) - A_4(\text{LO})]/10^{-4}$				
RADY (CMS)	-1.7(1)	-42.3(4)	-2.97(6)	-71.6(2)
A. Huss	-1.68(6)	-42.4(6)	-3.05(8)	-71.2(3)
POWHEG <sub>ew</sub>	$\mu_F = M_{\ell\bar{\ell}\gamma}$	-1.5(5)	-70(1)	-3.0(4)
	$\mu_F = M_{\ell\bar{\ell}}$	-1.5(5)	-43(1)	-3.0(4)

- POWHEG<sub>ew</sub>  $\mu_F(1) \implies M_{II}$  for real rad calculated with underlying Born momenta
- POWHEG<sub>ew</sub>  $\mu_F(2) \implies M_{II}$  for real rad calculated with radiative event momenta
- at low and high  $M_{II}$  virtual QED boxes and I-F real radiation interference break factorization assumption for angular coefficients and the LO equality between the two  $A_4$  def's
- differences between  $\mu_F(1)$  and (2) expected to decrease when including also QCD corrections

## IFI contribution to $A_4$ according to different definitions



plot by Clara L. Del Pio with POWHEG\_EW

- virtual QED boxes and I-F real radiation interference give different contributions according to the definition of  $A_4$

# From a recent study

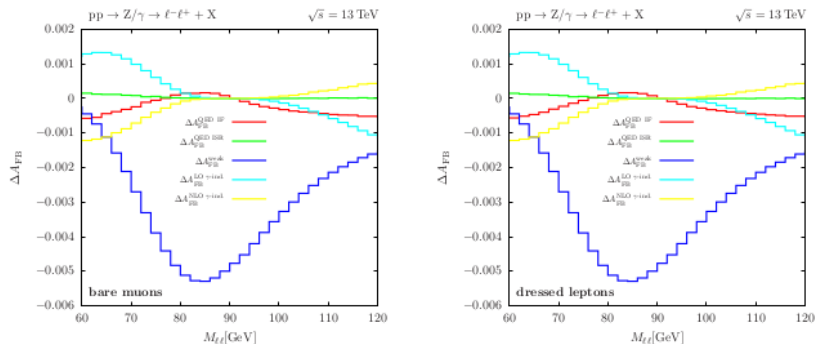
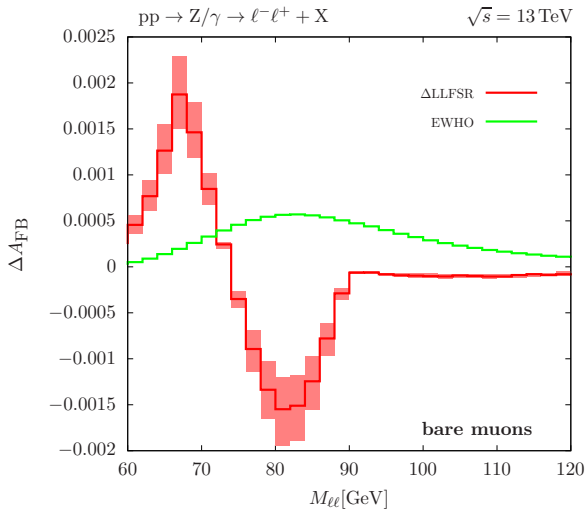


Figure 13: NLO EW corrections to the FB asymmetry  $A_{FB}$  for muon pair (left) and dressed-lepton pair (right) production induced by QED IF (red), QED ISR (green), and purely weak (blue) corrections, as well as contributions from LO  $\gamma\gamma$  (cyan) and NLO  $q\gamma/\bar{q}\gamma$  (yellow) initial states.

# Uncertainties from scale variations in QED LL FSR



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# Plans

- in the near future
  - ▶ finalize the draft
    - ★ few benchmark numbers missing
    - ★ import last version of tables for benchmark numbers
    - ★ include a more extended description from each code
    - ★ work on section description

# Plans

- in the near future
  - ▶ finalize the draft
    - ★ few benchmark numbers missing
    - ★ import last version of tables for benchmark numbers
    - ★ include a more extended description from each code
    - ★ work on section description
- in the future (a proposal)
  - ▶ focus on NNLO mixed  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)$  corrections
  - ▶ comparison between factorized  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)$  corrections contained in evt. generators and the available exact calculation in pole approximation

S. Dittmaier, A. Huss, J. Schwarz, arXiv:2401.15682

- ▶ comparison between  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)$  corrections in PA and the exact calculation

T. Armadillo et al., arXiv:2201.01754

R. Bonciani et al., arXiv:2106.11953