Ridge correlation structure in high multiplicity pp collisions with CMS

Dragos Velicanu

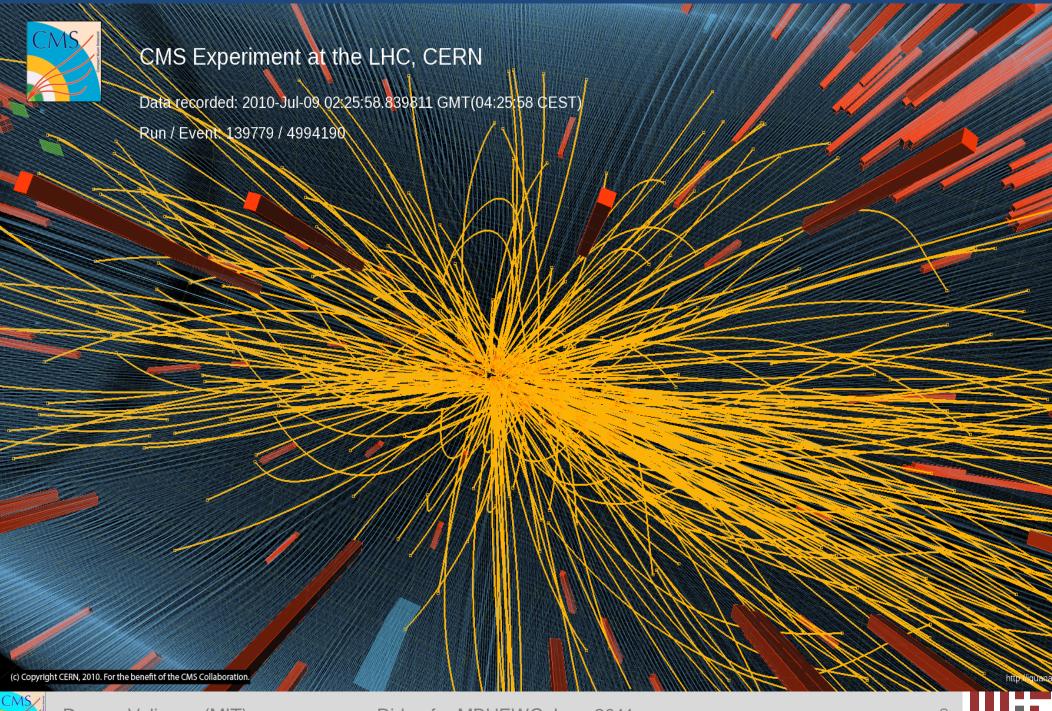


for the CMS Collaboration





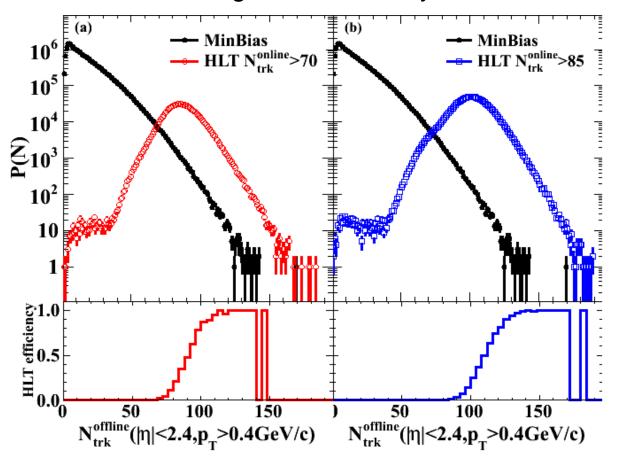
Results from High Multiplicity pp



Trigger on High Multiplicity pp

JHEP 1009:091, 2010

Total integrated luminosity: 980nb⁻¹



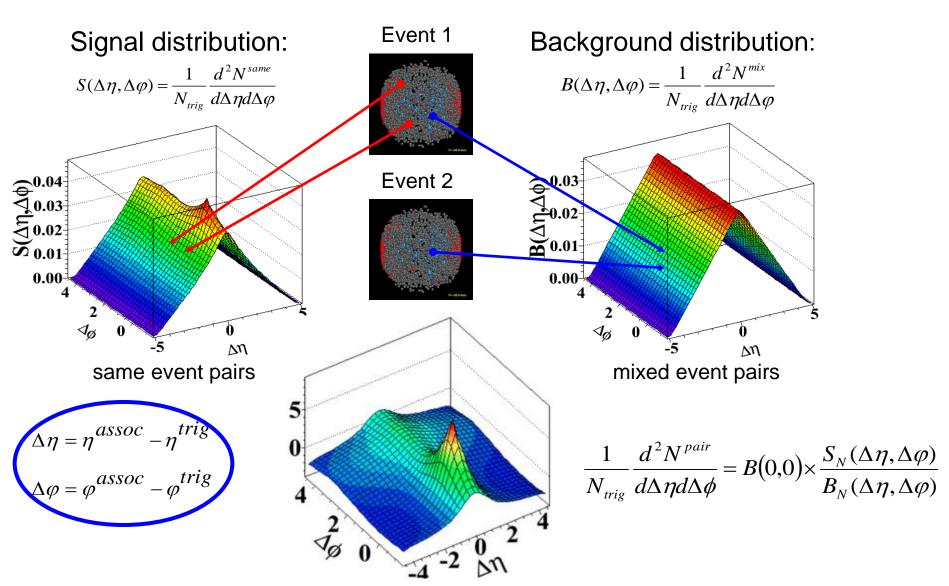
Two HLT thresholds:

- Nonline > 70
- Nonline > 85

Nonline > 85 trigger un-prescaled for full 980nb⁻¹ data set

~350K top multiplicity events (N>110) out of 50 billion collisions

Angular Correlation Technique

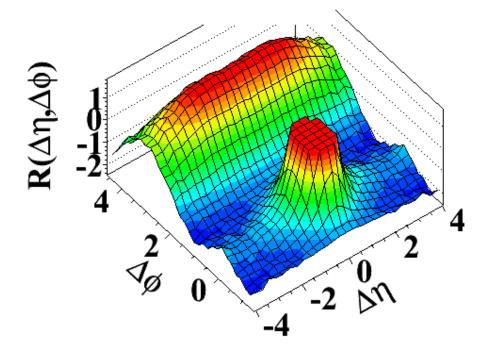


Divide signal by background

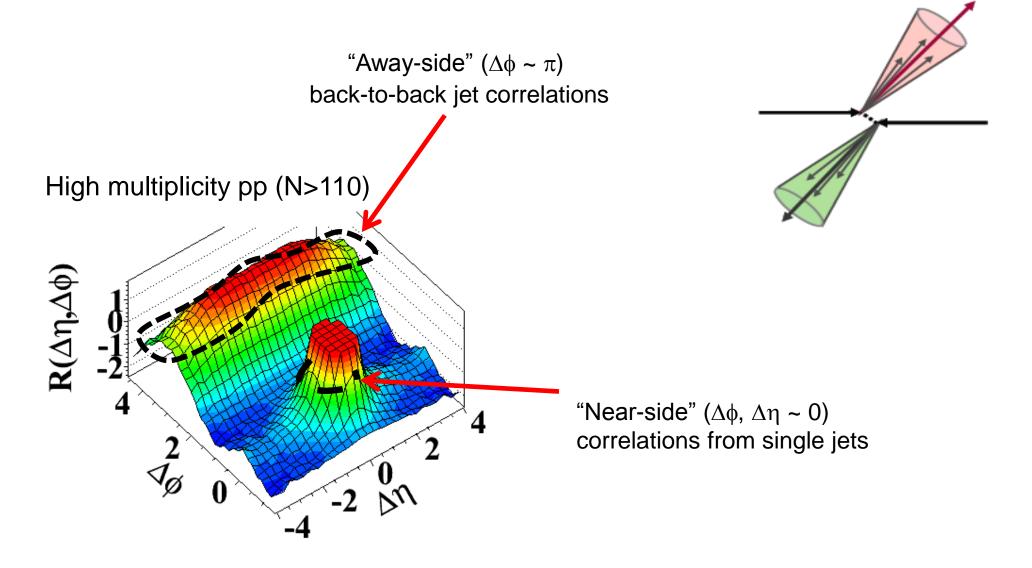


Intermediate p_T: 1-3 GeV/c

High multiplicity pp (N>110)

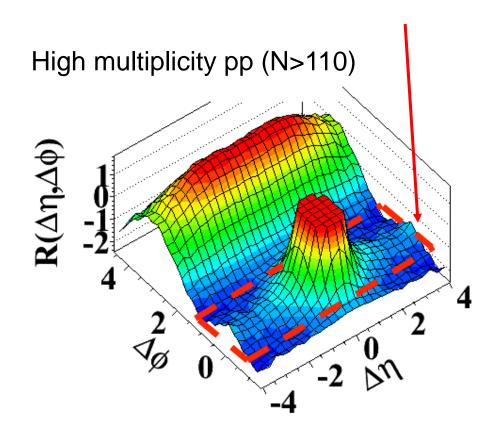


Intermediate p_T: 1-3 GeV/c



Intermediate p_T: 1-3 GeV/c

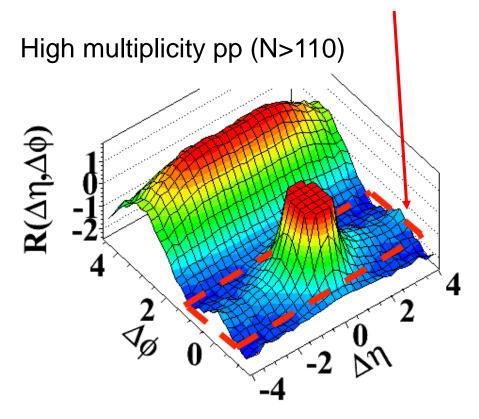
Striking "ridge-like" structure extending over $\Delta\eta$ at $\Delta\phi \sim 0$



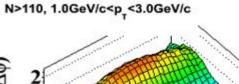
Intermediate p_T: 1-3 GeV/c

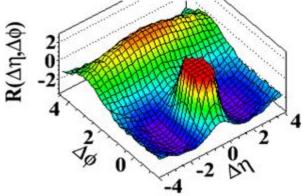
Striking "ridge-like" structure extending over Δη at $\Delta \phi \sim 0$

(not observed before in hadron collisions or MC models)



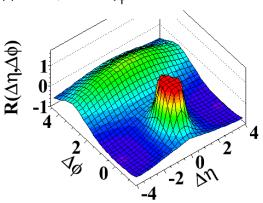
High multiplicity MC





Minbias pp

(b) MinBias, 1.0GeV/c<p_<3.0GeV/c

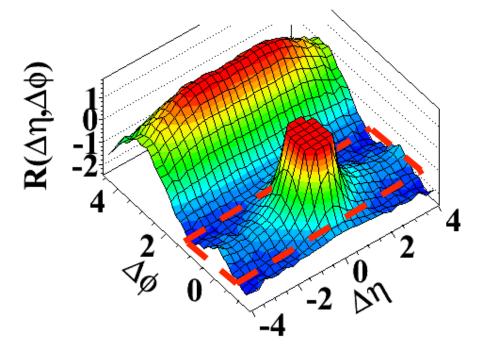




Intermediate p_T: 1-3 GeV/c

Striking "ridge-like" structure extending over $\Delta\eta$ at $\Delta\varphi\sim0$

High multiplicity pp (N>110)



Intermediate p_T: 1-3 GeV/c

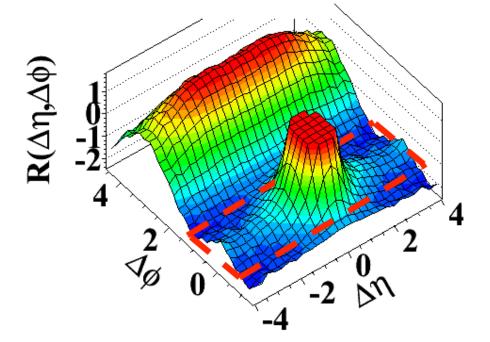
Striking "ridge-like" structure extending over $\Delta\eta$

arXiv:1105.2438

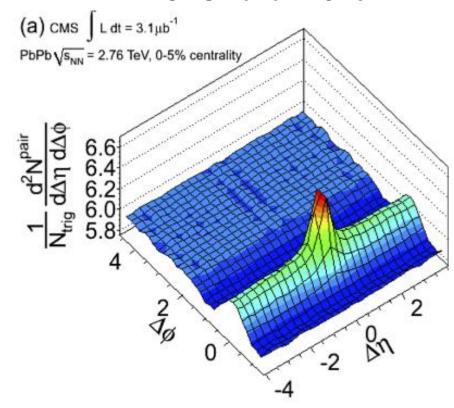
at $\Delta \phi \sim 0$

(Similarity to Heavy Ion)

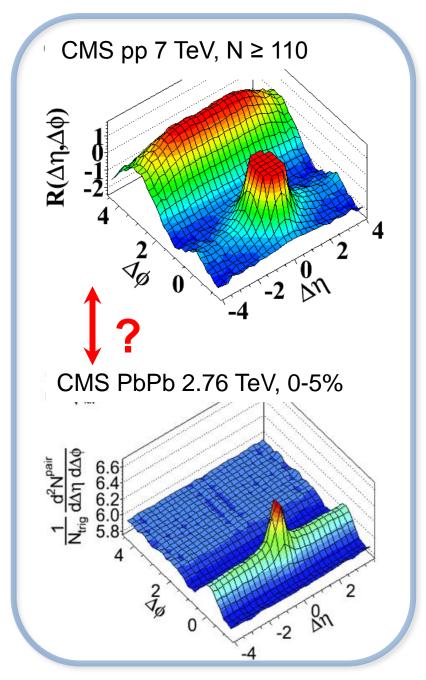
High multiplicity pp (N>110)



CMS PbPb 2.76 TeV



Ridge in high multiplicity pp



Interpretations:

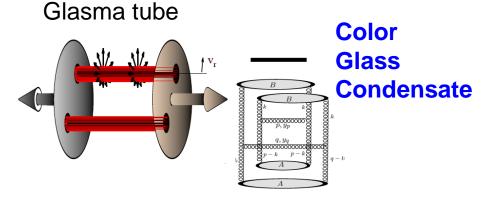
Multi-jet correlations

Jet-Jet color connections

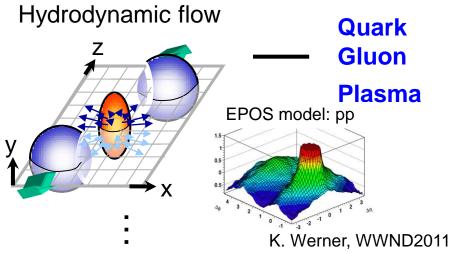
Jet-proton remnant color connections

59 citations (link to SPIRES)

Jet

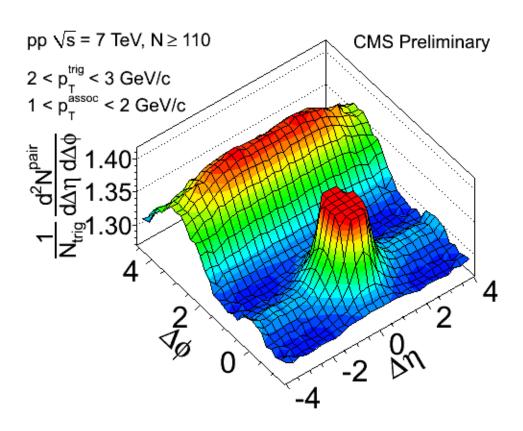


Phys. Lett. B697:21-25, 2011



New Results

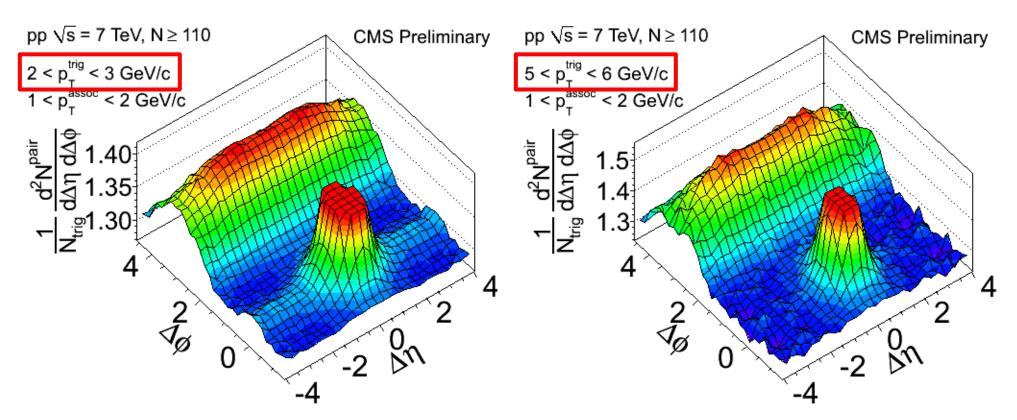
- 2x as much data
 - $|\Delta\eta|$ dependence
 - p_T dependence
 - Multiplicity dependence



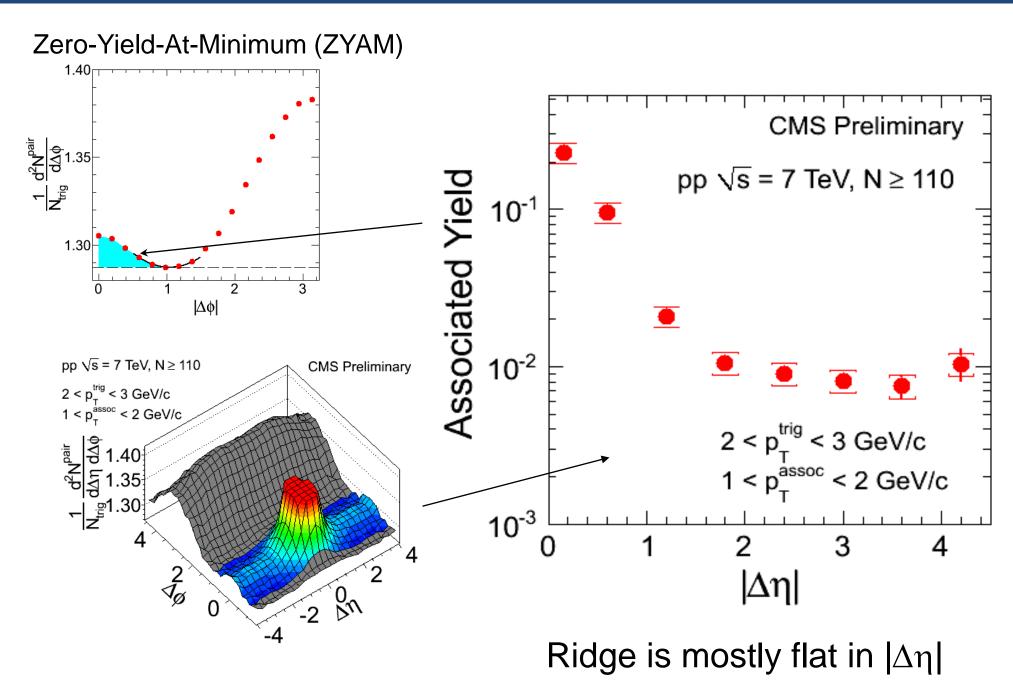
New Results

- 2x as much data
 - $|\Delta\eta|$ dependence
 - p_T dependence
 - Multiplicity dependence

Ridge goes away at high p_T

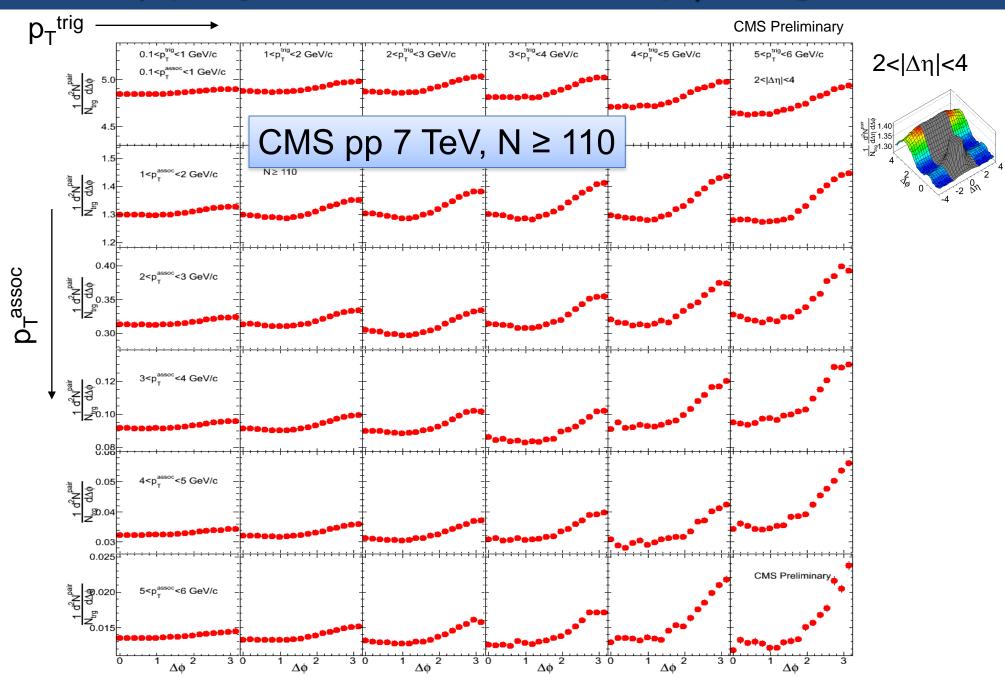


$|\Delta\eta|$ dependence of the ridge

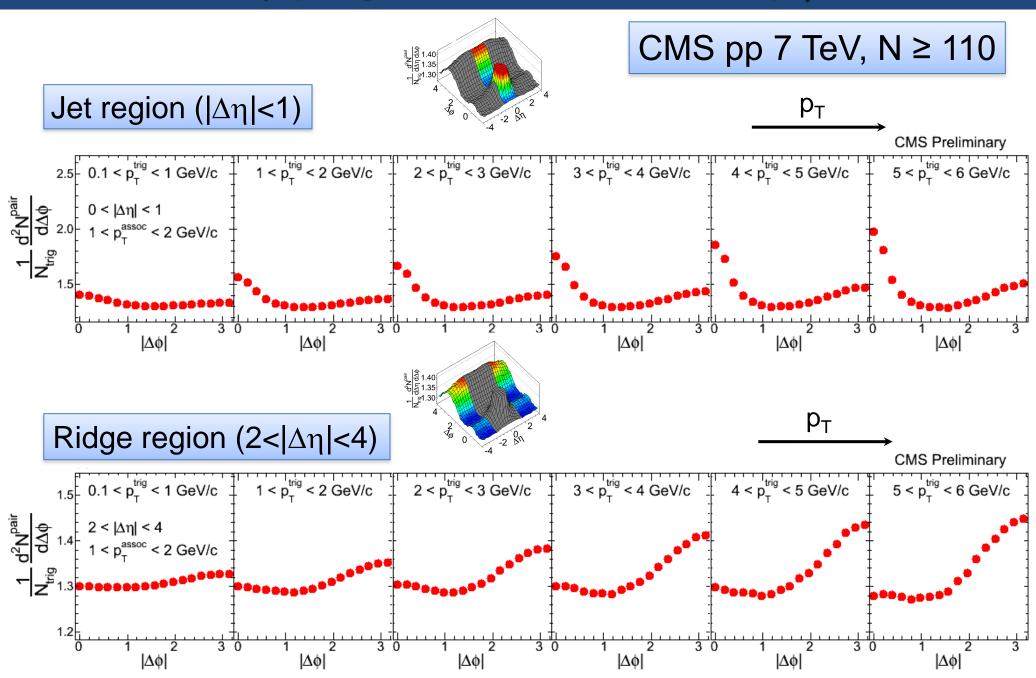




$\Delta \phi$ projections in various p_T ranges

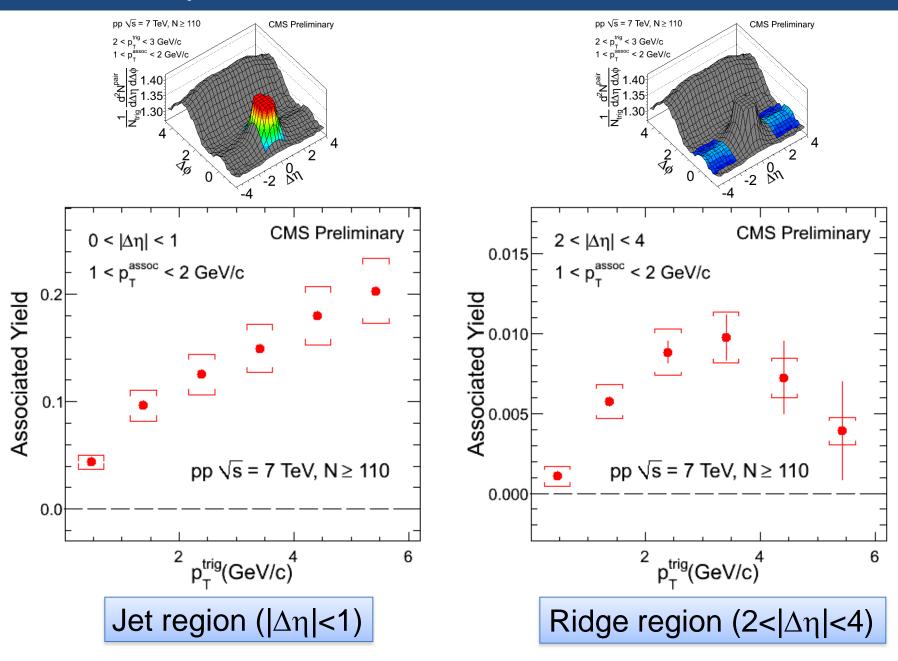


$\Delta \phi$ projections in bins of p_T





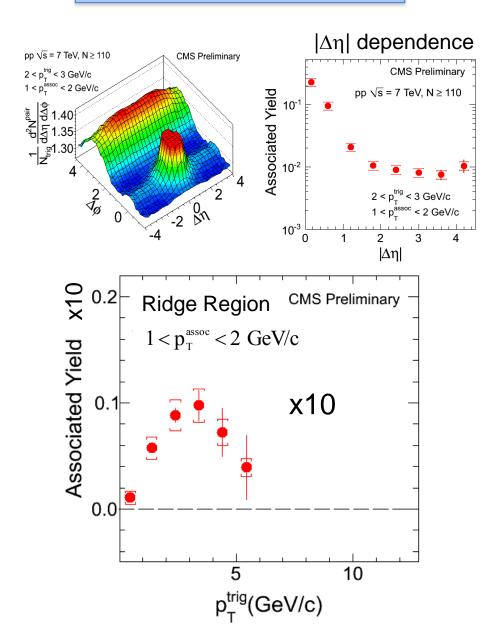
p_T dependence of the ridge



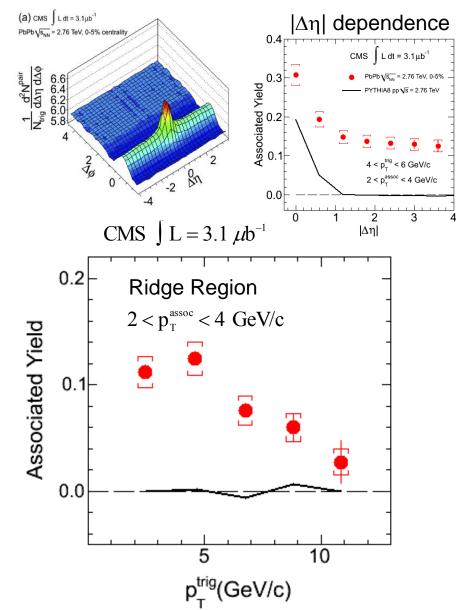


Ridge in pp and PbPb

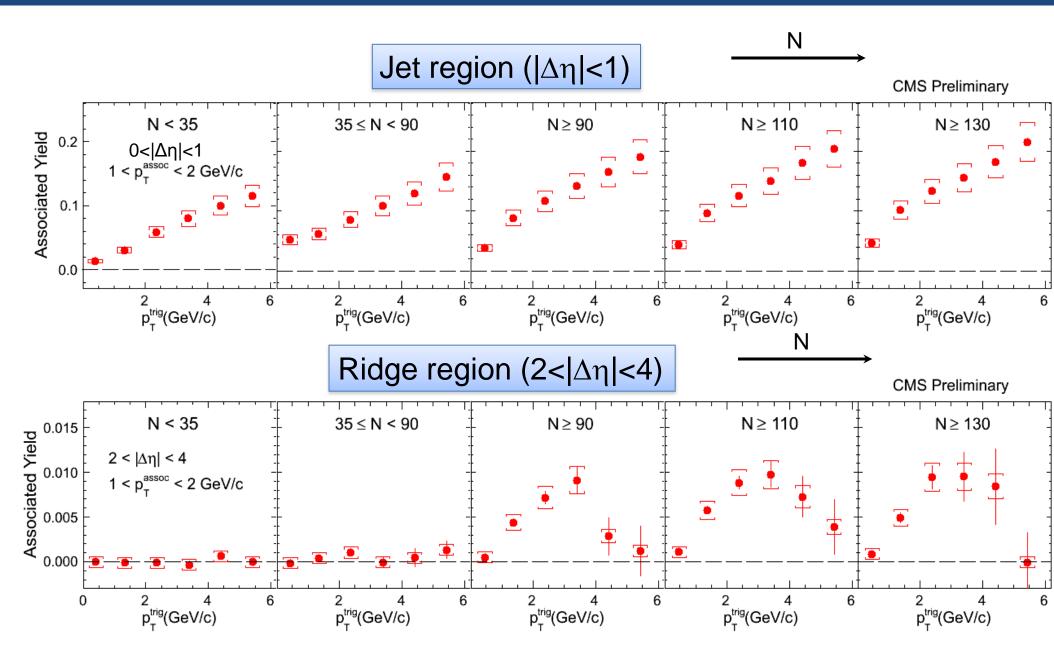
CMS pp 7 TeV, N ≥ 110



CMS PbPb 2.76 TeV, 0-5%



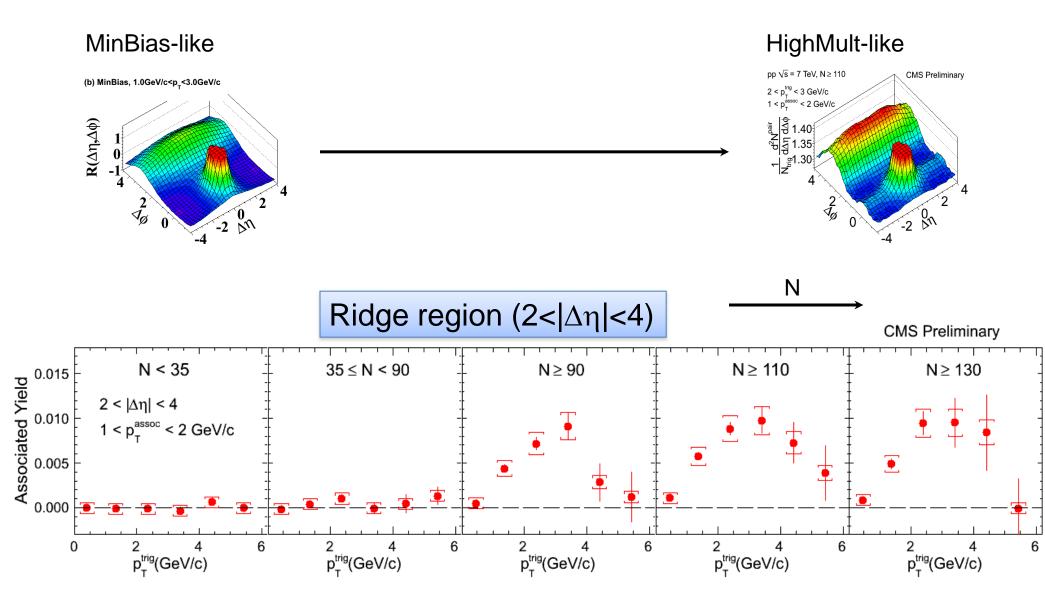
Near-side yield vs p_T



Ridge first increases with p_T, and then drops at high p_T



Near-side yield vs p_T



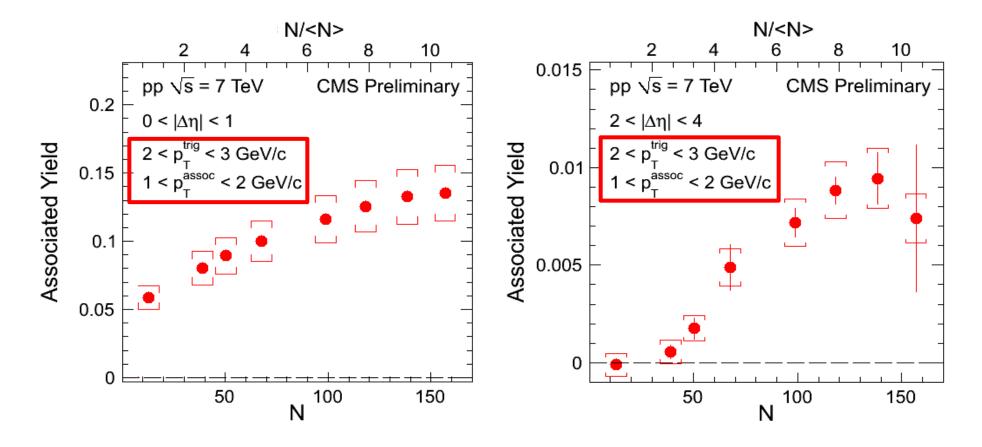
Ridge first increases with p_T, and then drops at high p_T



Near-side yield vs Multiplicity

Jet region ($|\Delta \eta|$ <1)

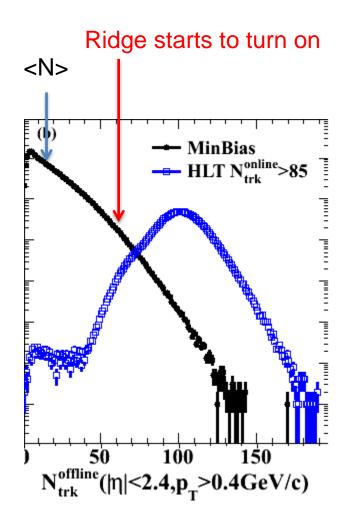
Ridge region (2< $|\Delta\eta|$ <4)



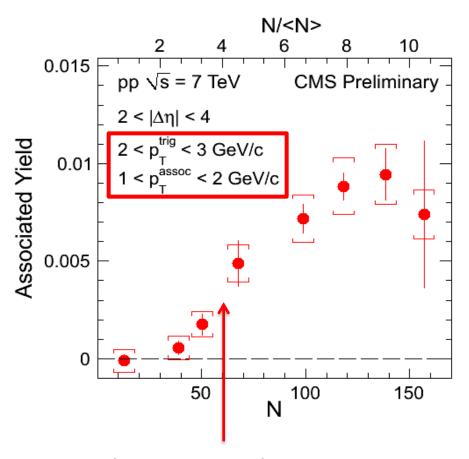
Ridge in pp turns on around N \sim 50-60 (4x MinBias) smoothly (<N> \sim 15 in MinBias pp events)



Near-side yield vs Multiplicity



Ridge region (2< $|\Delta\eta|$ <4)

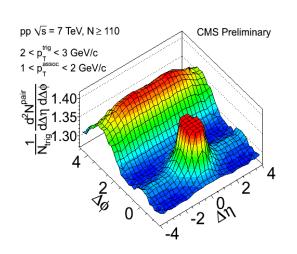


Ridge in pp turns on around N \sim 50-60 (4x MinBias) smoothly (<N> \sim 15 in MinBias pp events)

Summary

- Surprising new effect in pp
- pt, $|\Delta\eta|$, multiplicity dependence
- New testing ground for high density QCD physics
- Outlook
 - pt distribution, global properties, PID correlations...
 - Check more HI observables (jet quenching, dijet asymetry, low pt PID spectra...)

CMS pp 7 TeV, N ≥ 110



Backups

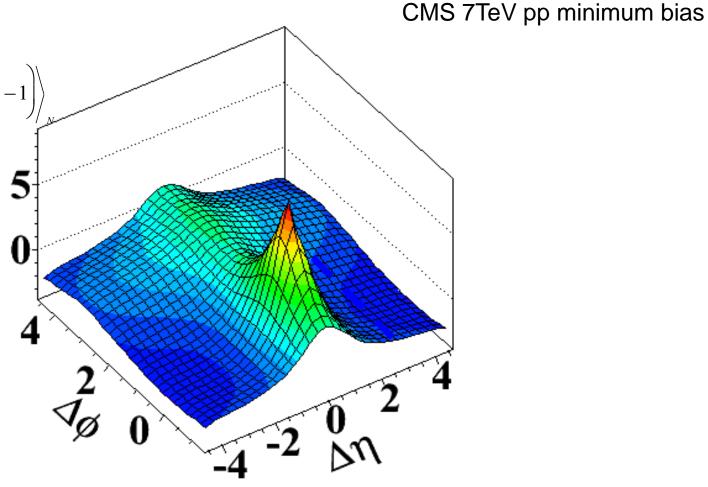


Understanding the Correlation Structure

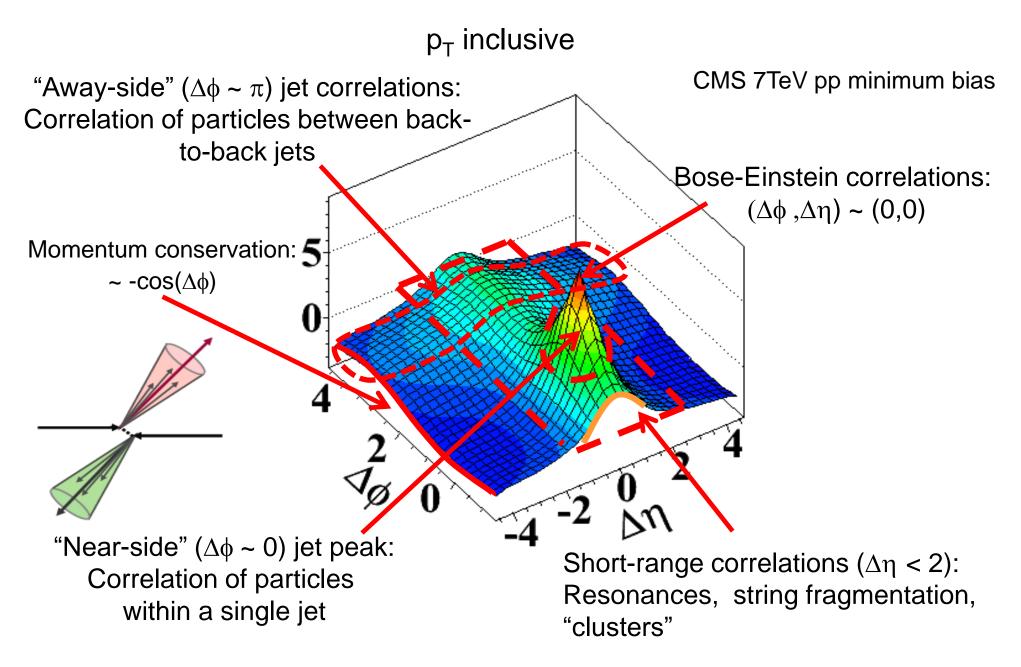
p_⊤ inclusive

What was used in PHOBOS, ISR, UA5

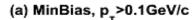
$$R(\Delta \eta, \Delta \varphi) = \left\langle (N-1) \left(\frac{S_N(\Delta \eta, \Delta \varphi)}{B_N(\Delta \eta, \Delta \varphi)} - 1 \right) \right\rangle$$

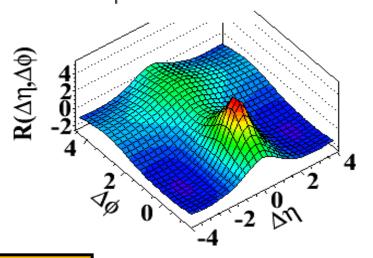


Understanding the Correlation Structure

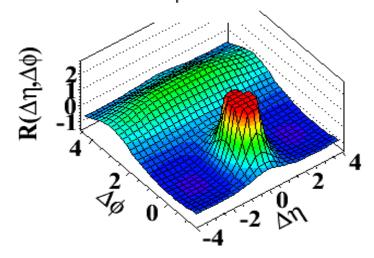


Comparing to various MC



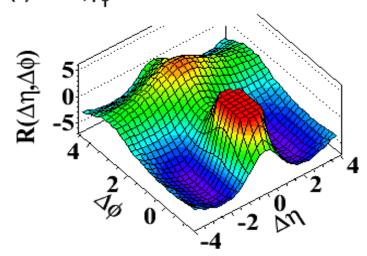


(b) MinBias, 1.0GeV/c<p_<3.0GeV/c

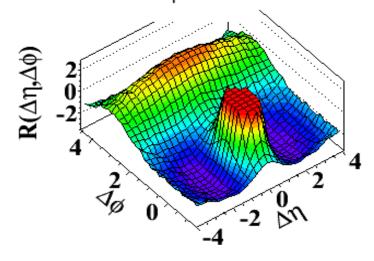


PYTHIA8, v8.135

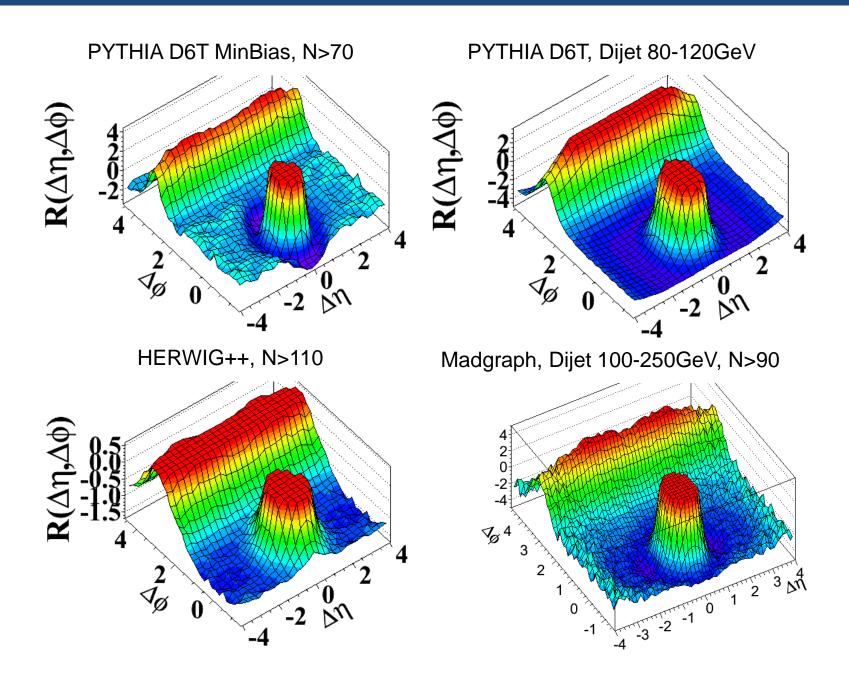
(c) N>110, p_T>0.1GeV/c



(d) N>110, 1.0GeV/c<p_<3.0GeV/c

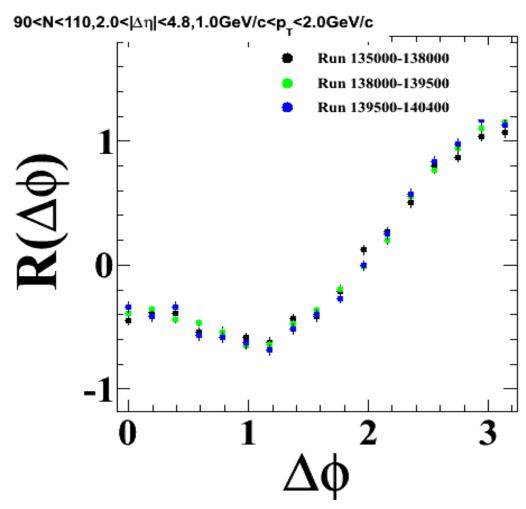


More MC models



Cross Check: Event Pileup

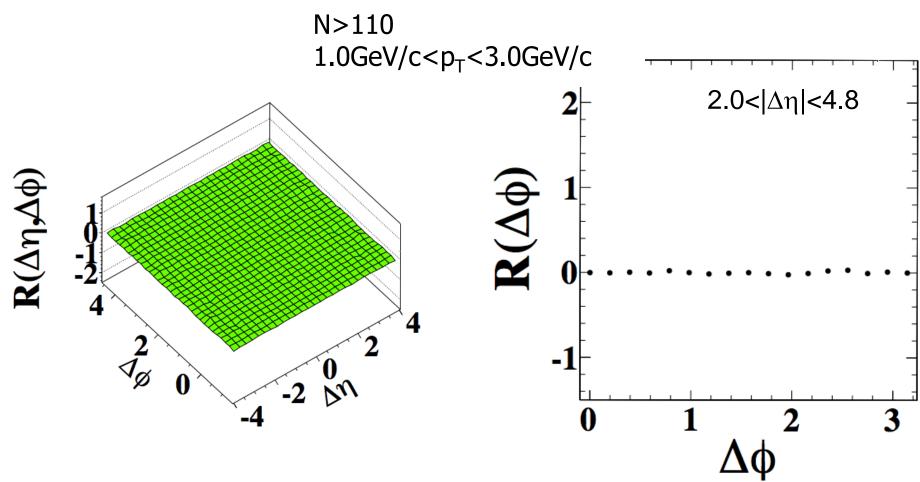
Compare different run periods



Change in pileup fraction by factor 4-5 has almost no effect on ridge signal

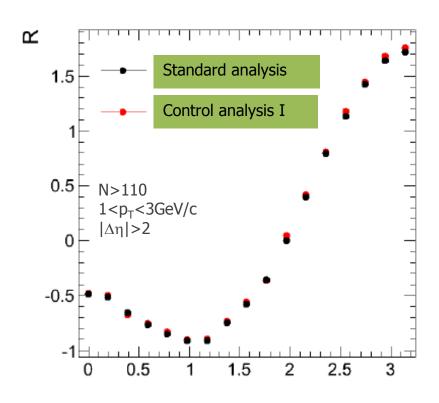
Cross Check: Event Pileup

Correlate tracks from high multiplicity vertex with tracks from different collision (vertex) in same bunch crossing

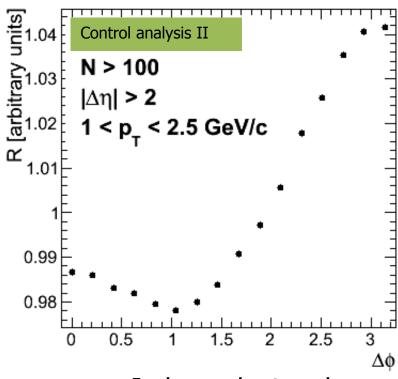


No background or noise effects seen in cross-collision correlations

Cross Check: Analysis Code



Independent code Same definition of *R* Same input file (skim)

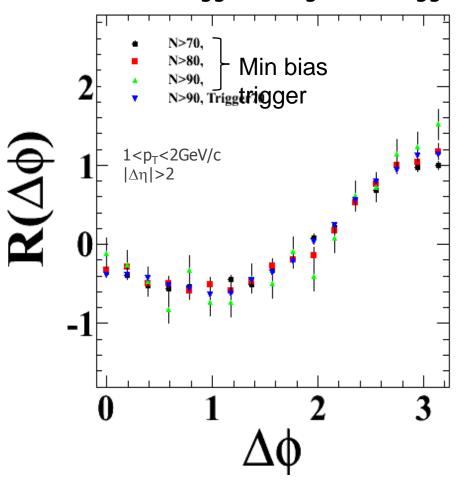


Independent code
Different definition of *R*Different input file (skim)

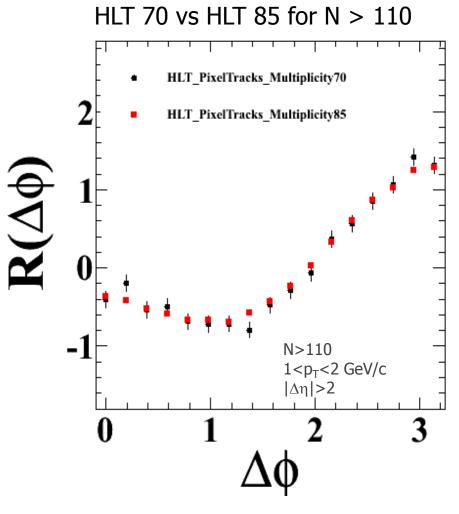
Ridge is seen with three independent analysis codes

Cross Check: Trigger

Min-bias trigger vs high mult trigger



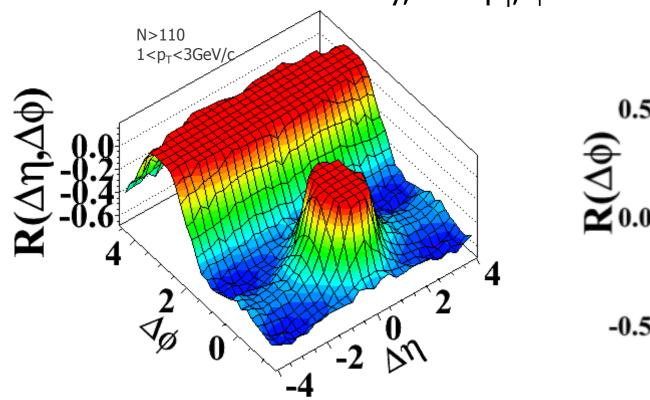
Ridge is seen using min bias trigger + offline selection

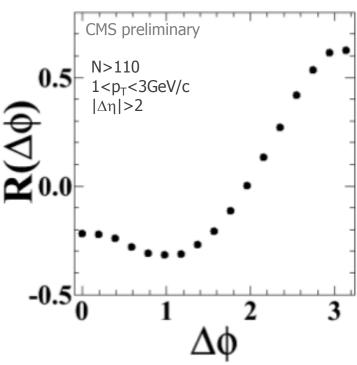


No trigger bias seen from comparison of trigger paths

Cross Check: ECAL photons

Use ECAL "photon" signal Mostly single photons from π^0 's No efficiency, and p_T , ϕ smearing corrections



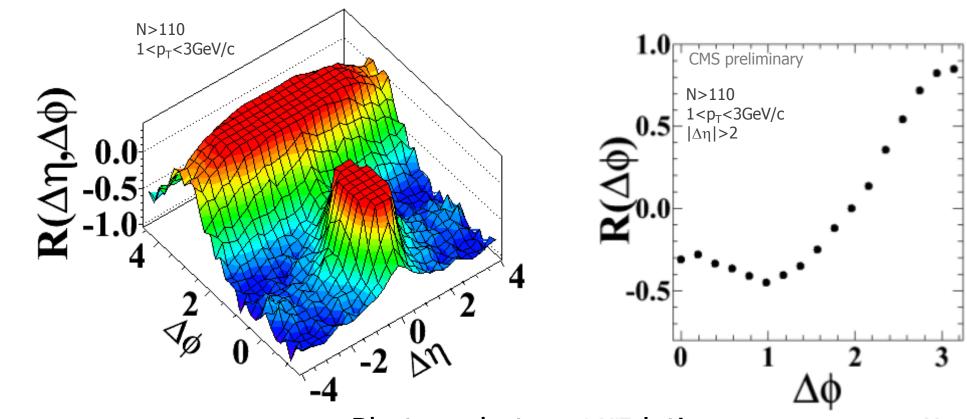


Track-photon correlations

Note: photons reconstructed using "particle flow" event reconstruction technique

Cross Check: ECAL photons

Use ECAL "photon" signal Mostly single photons from π^0 's No efficiency, and p_T , ϕ smearing corrections



Photon-photon correlations

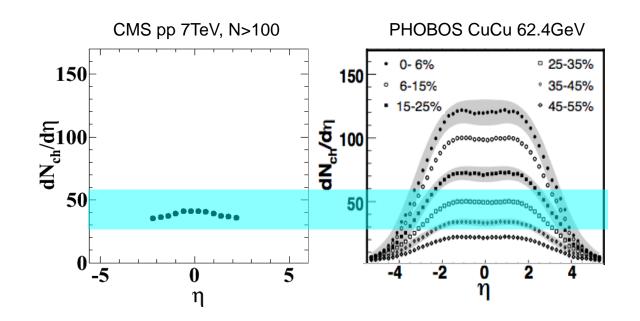
Qualitative confirmation

Independent detector, independent reconstruction



Particle density in high Mult pp

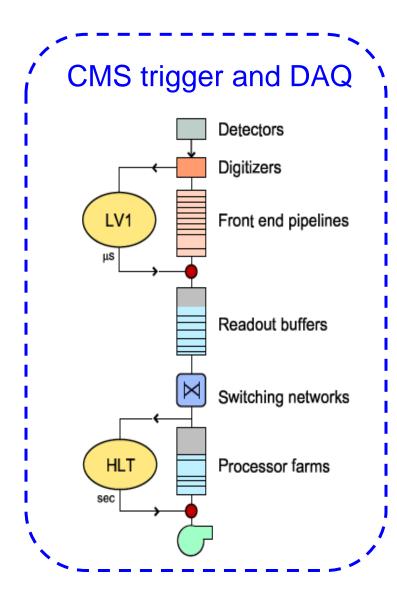
 Similar particle densities in these pp collisions as were seen in CuCu at RHIC



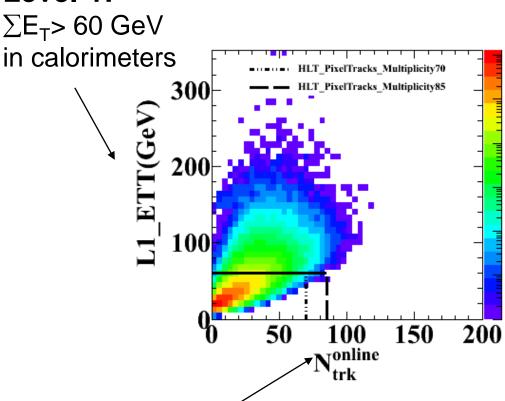
CMS Experiment

Hadron Calorimeter (HCAL) EM Calorimeter (ECAL) Beam Scintillator Counters (BSC) Forward Calorimeter (HF) **Tracker** (Pixels and Strips) Large coverage ($|\Delta \eta| < 5.0$) 50 µm vertex resolution Muon system

Trigger on High Multiplicity pp



Level-1:



High-Level trigger:

number of tracks with $p_T>0.4$ GeV/c, $|\eta|<2$ from a **single** vertex