

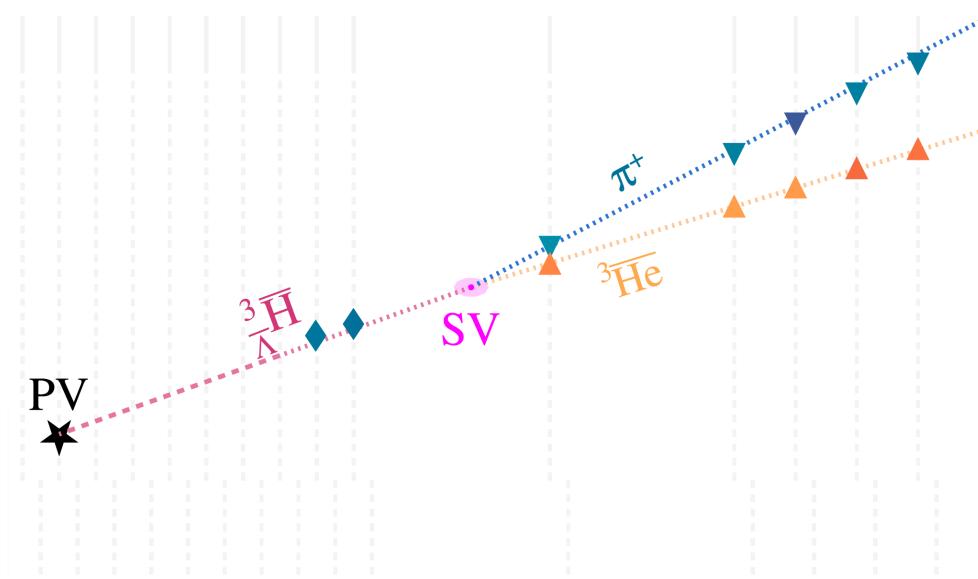
Measurements of (anti)nuclei at LHCb



Thomas Pöschl (CERN) on behalf of the LHCb collaboration

JENAA workshop on nuclear physics at the LHC and connections to astrophysics

19.08.2024



Inputs on (anti)nuclei for astrophysics from colliders

(Anti)nuclei formation

*Required input for models of cosmic rays
and indirect dark matter search*

NA44, *Nucl. Phys. A* 590, 483C-486C (1995)

ALICE, *Phys. Rev. C* 93, 024917 (2016)

...

(Anti)nuclei absorption

*Modification of cosmic-ray (anti)nuclei
fluxes during propagation in the Galaxy*

ALICE, *Phys. Rev. Lett* 125, 162001 (2020),

ALICE, *Nat. Phys.* 19, 61-71 (2023)

...

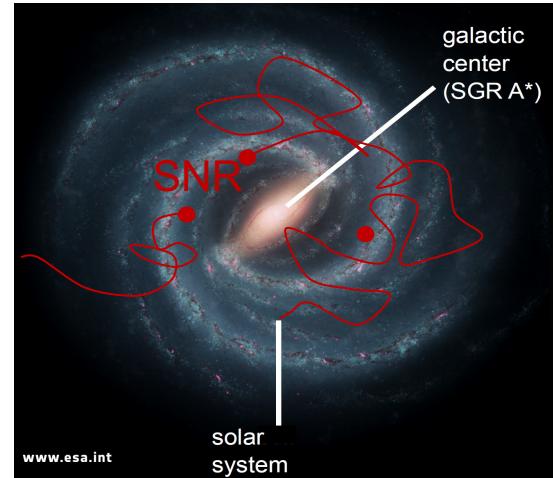
Hyperon-nucleon interactions

*Understanding hyperon content of neutron
stars*

STAR, *Phys. Rev. C* 97, 054909 (2018)

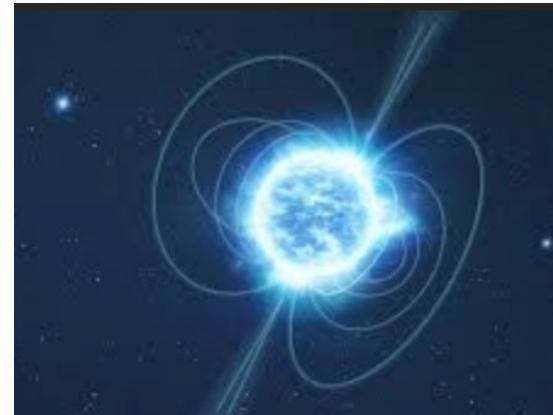
ALICE, *Phys. Rev. Lett* 131, 102302 (2023)

...



Cosmic rays

Credit: ESA



Neutron stars

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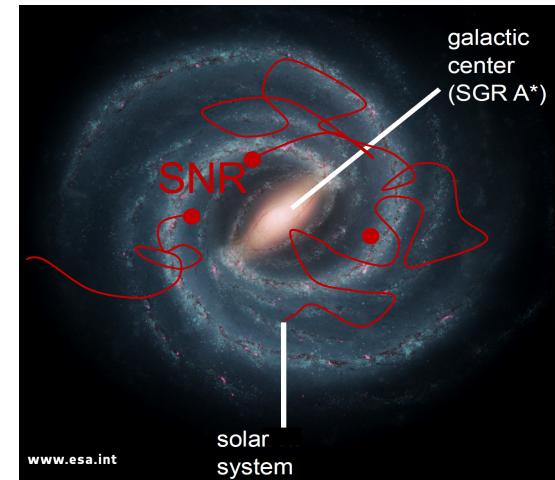
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...

**New input on (anti)nuclei
by LHCb on its way!**



Cosmic rays

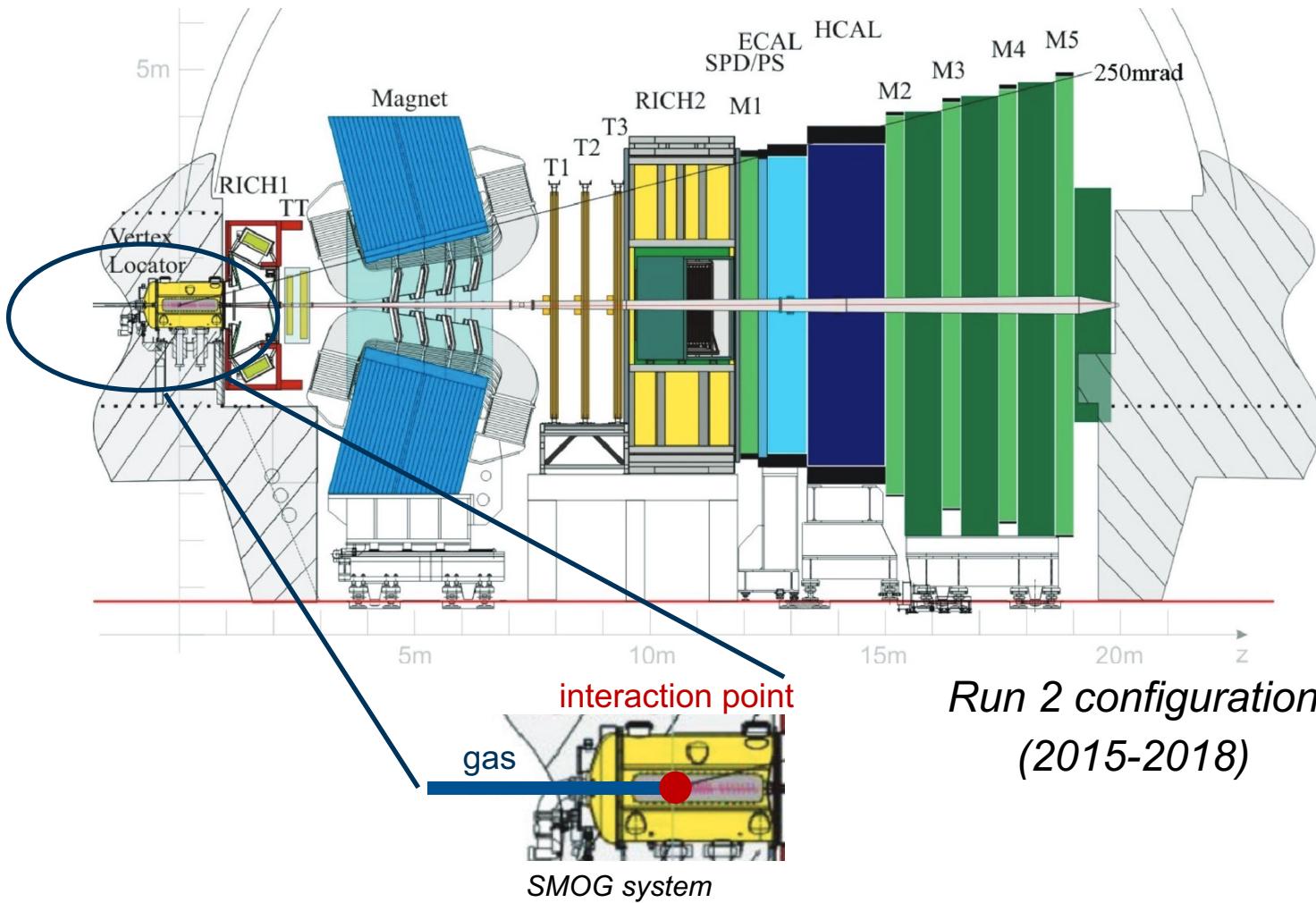
Credit: ESA



Neutron stars

LHCb: Unique opportunities for (anti)nuclei studies at the LHC

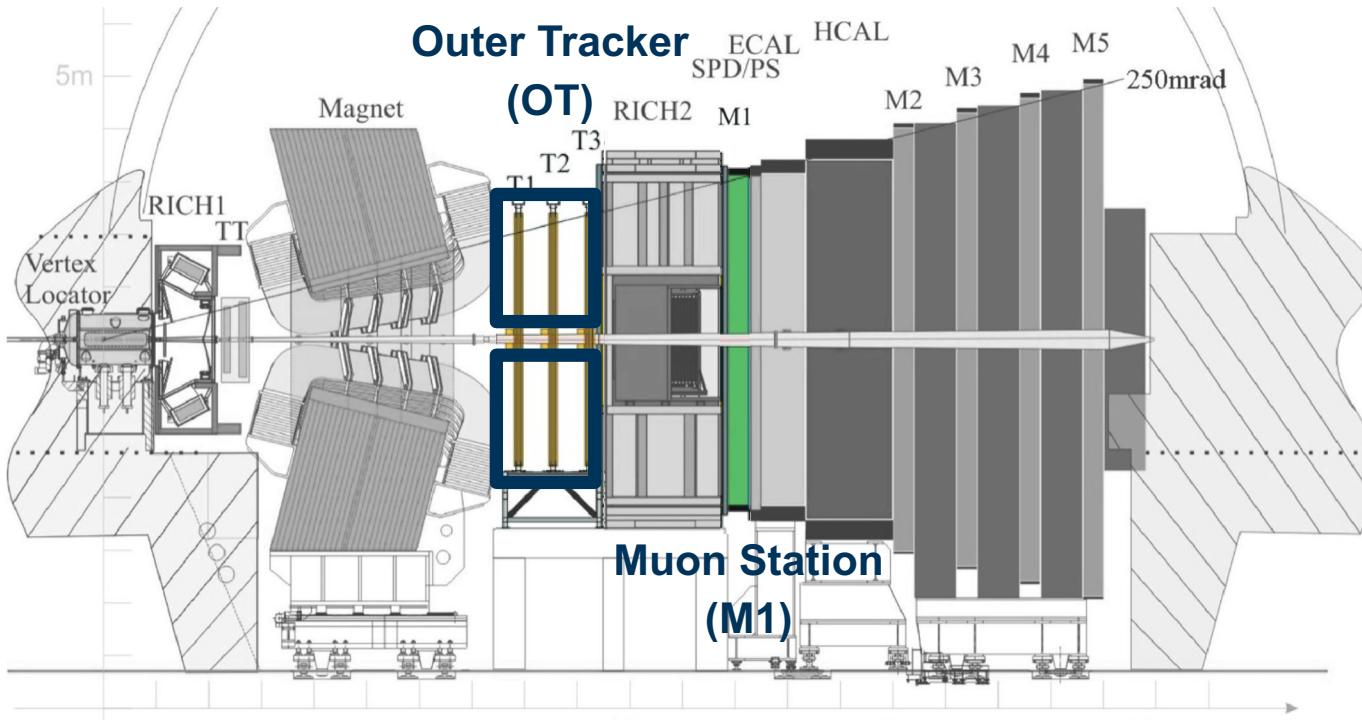
IJMPA 30 (2015) 1530022



- Forward spectrometer at the LHC ($2 < \eta < 5$)
 → Complementary to central rapidity measurements
- Fixed target system (SMOG) to study (anti)nuclei production at lower collision energies and with different targets simultaneously to beam-beam collisions
E.g. antiproton production in p-He collisions, see talk by C. Lucarelli tomorrow
- However, measurement of (anti)nuclei initially not considered and required PID currently under development

Identification of (anti)deuterons: Time-of-flight measurement

IJMPA 30 (2015) 1530022



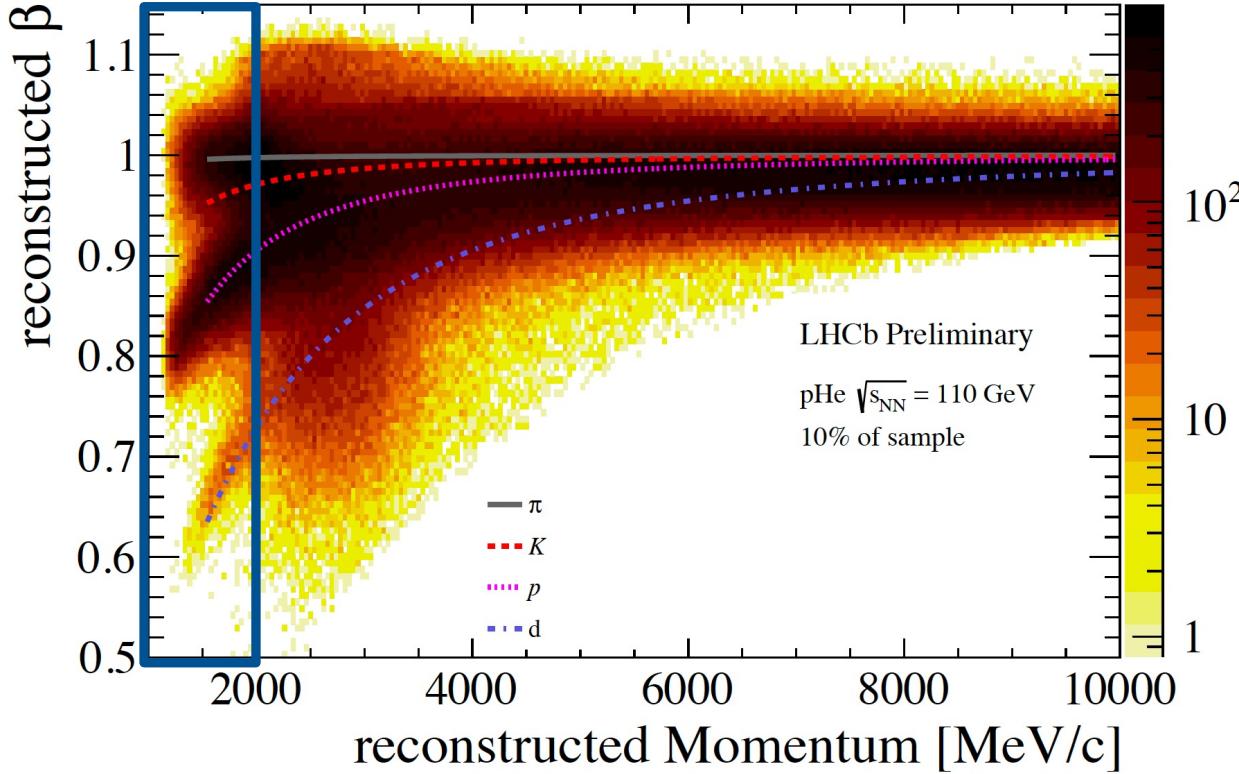
- Track-time resolution of large-area tracker (OT, M1) of ~ 1 ns allows to perform ToF measurements of light (anti)nuclei at low momenta (e.g. for deuterons below around 2 GeV/c)
- Standard LHCb reconstruction assumes ($\beta=1$): Requires modified track-reconstruction
 \rightarrow *extensive efficiency studies necessary*

Identification of (anti)deuterons: Time-of-flight measurement

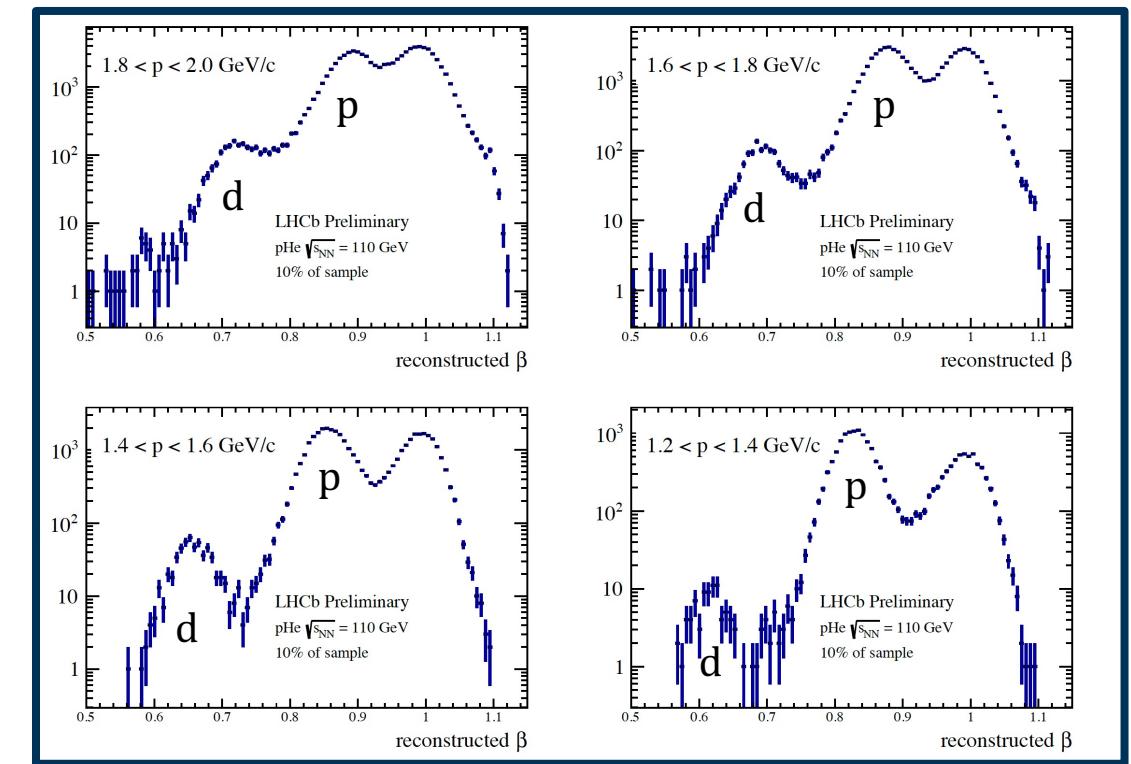
Current status

- Proof-of-concept using 10% of 2016 $p\text{He}$ SMOG data ($\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 110 \text{ GeV}$)
- Visible separation of deuterons from protons in momentum-velocity distribution

LHCb-FIGURE-2023-017

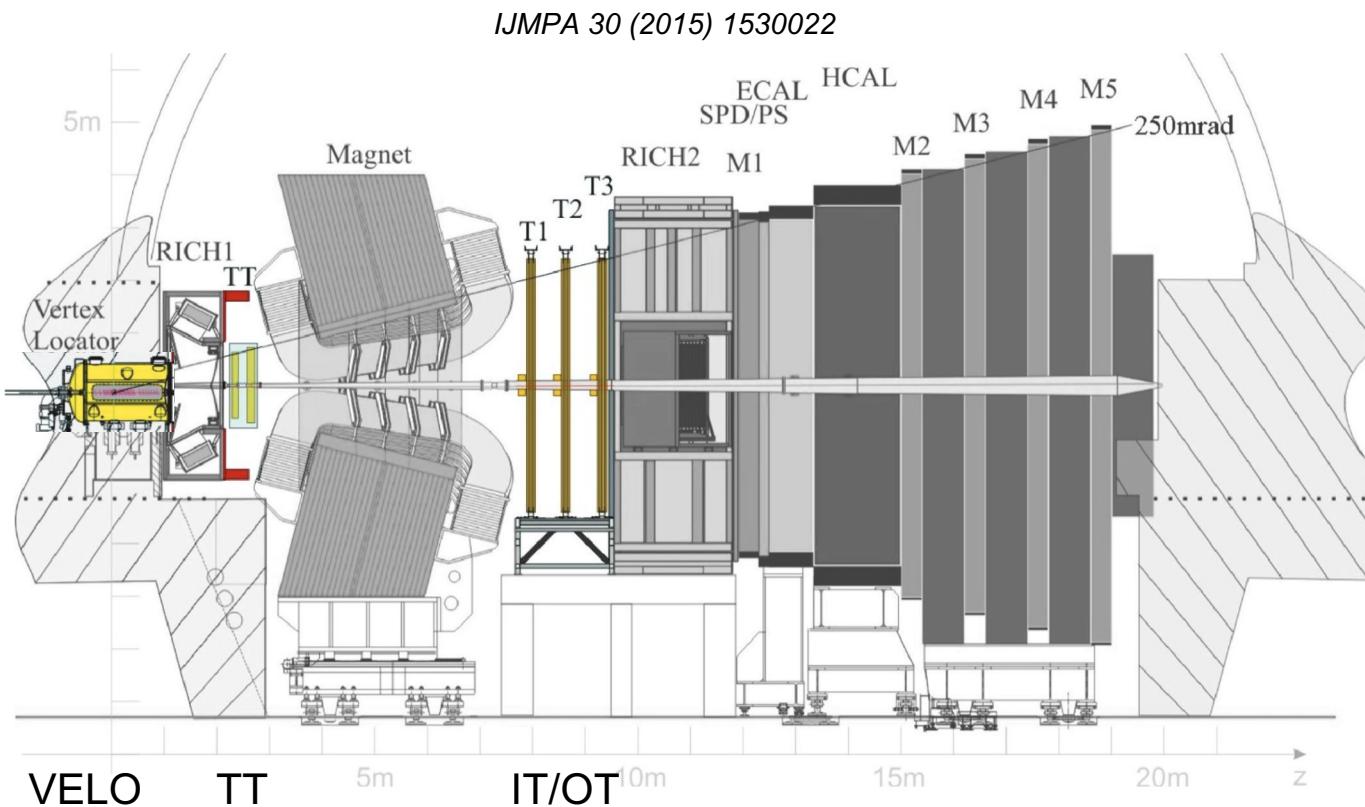


LHCb-FIGURE-2023-017

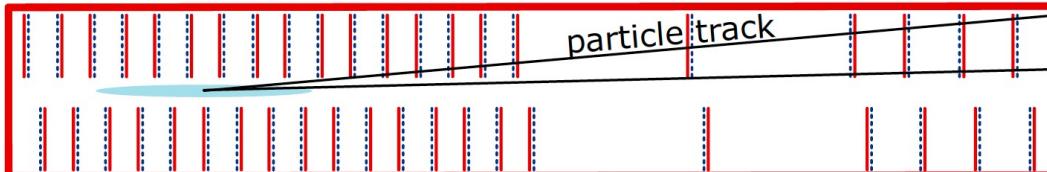


work in progress

Identification of (anti)helium: Ionization-loss measurement

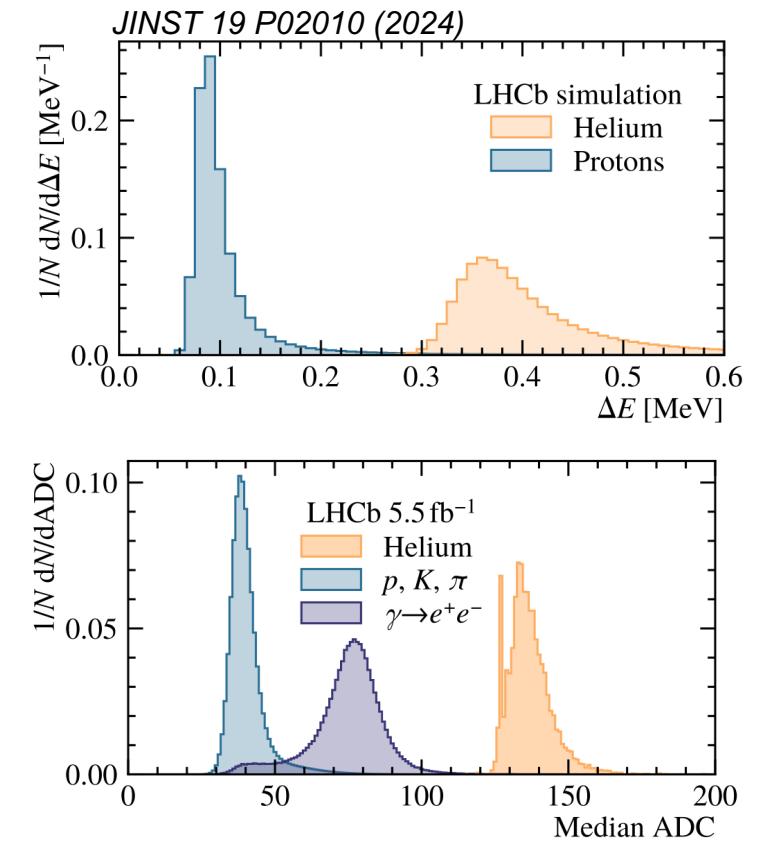


Vertex Locator (VELO)

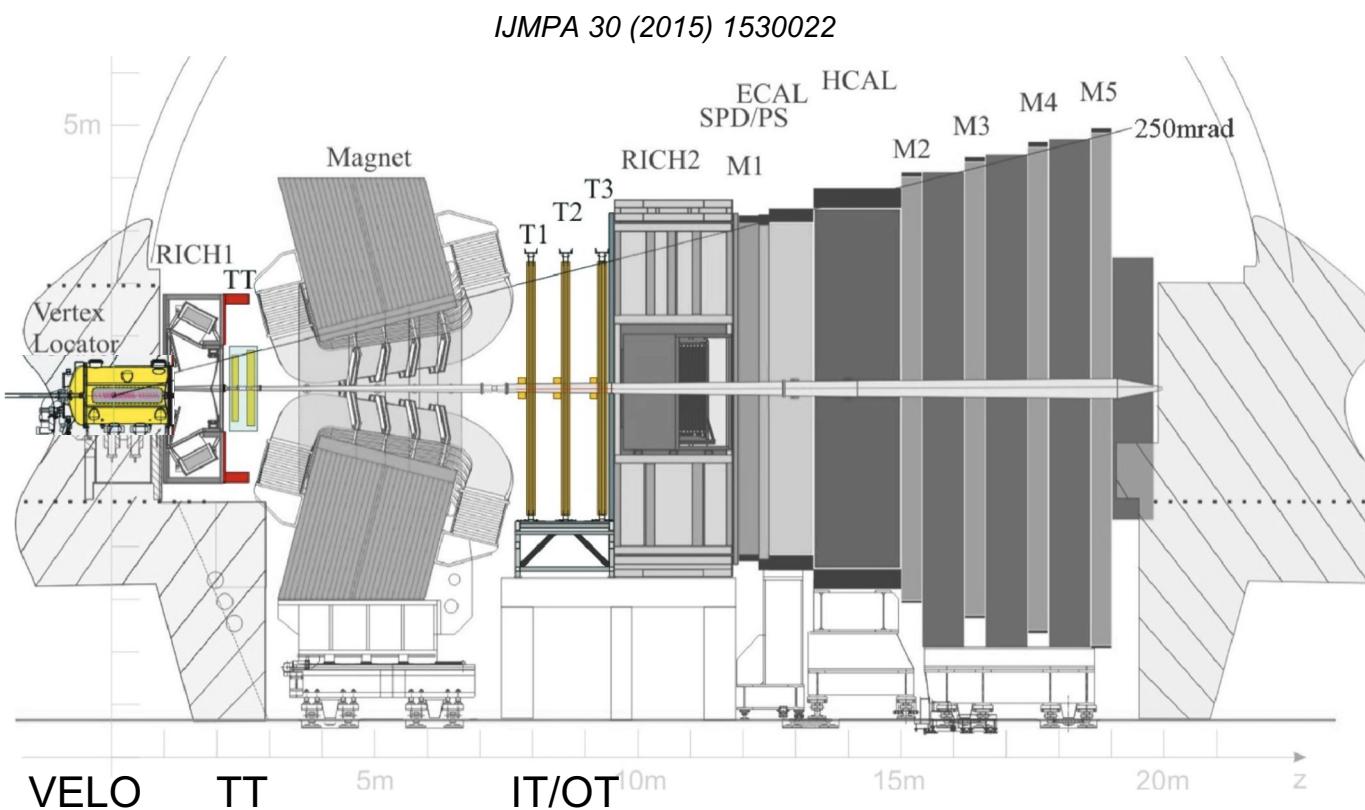


Thomas Pöschl (CERN)

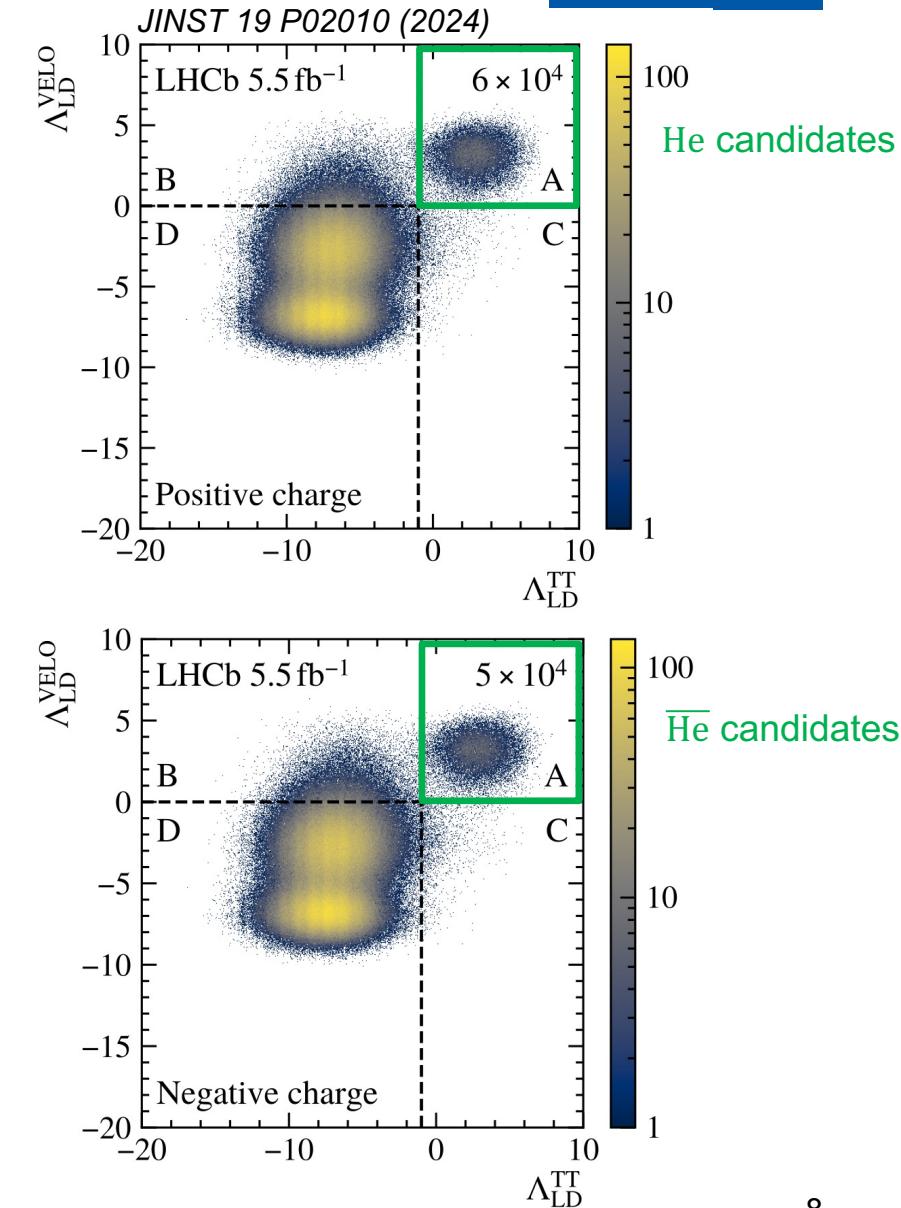
- Identification of He ($Z = 2$) via energy deposition in tracking detectors ($dE/dx \propto Z^2$), especially in silicon sensors (VELO, TT, IT)
- Additional information from downstream tracker (OT), RICH, and Calorimeter to improve identification



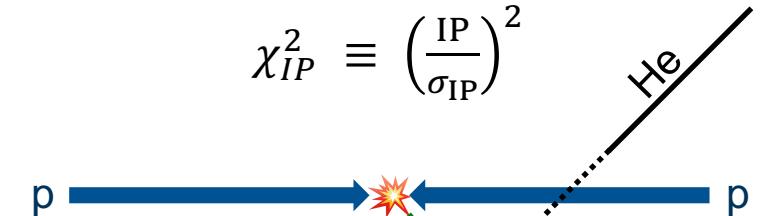
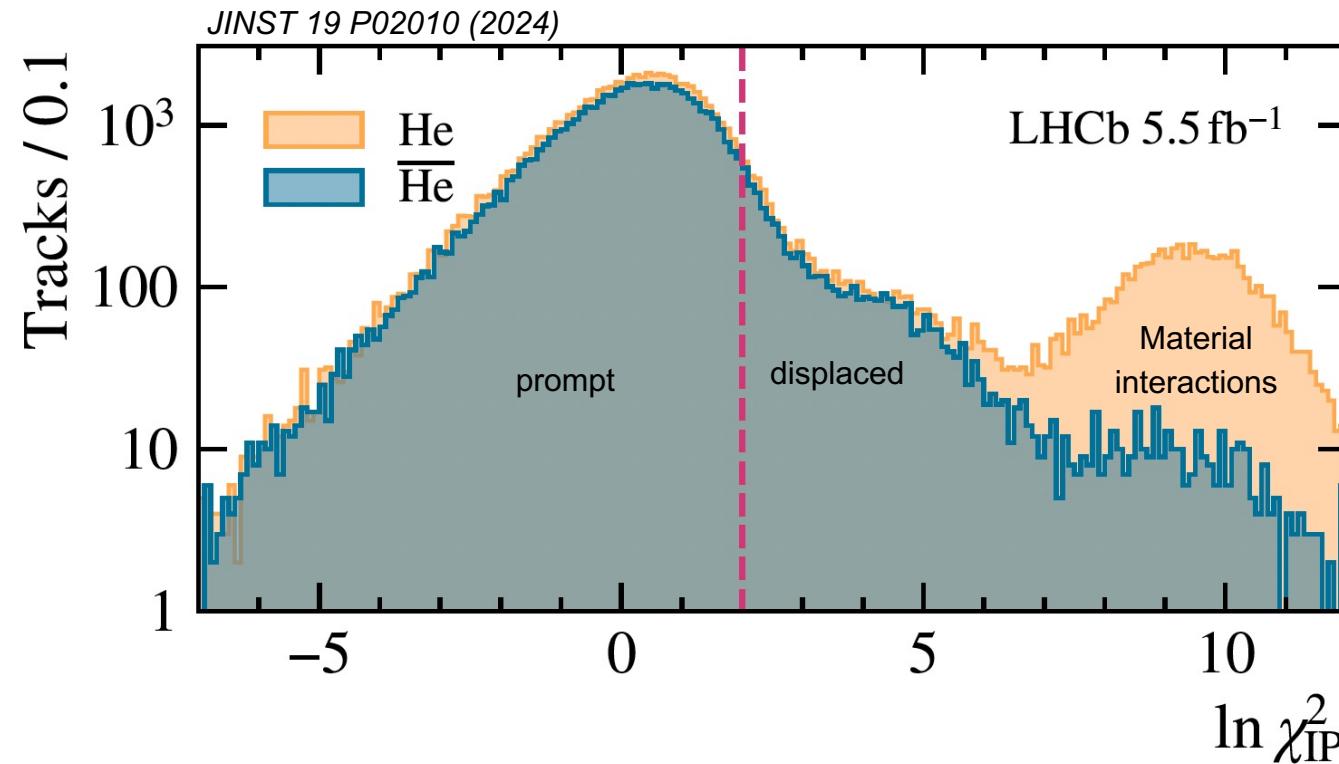
Identification of (anti)helium: Ionization-loss measurement



- Likelihood estimators (Λ_{LD}^X) for VELO, TT, and IT to identify $Z = \pm 2$ candidates from energy depositions
- Background rejection rate of $\mathcal{O}(10^{12})$



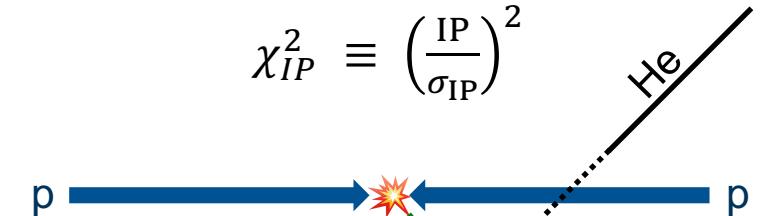
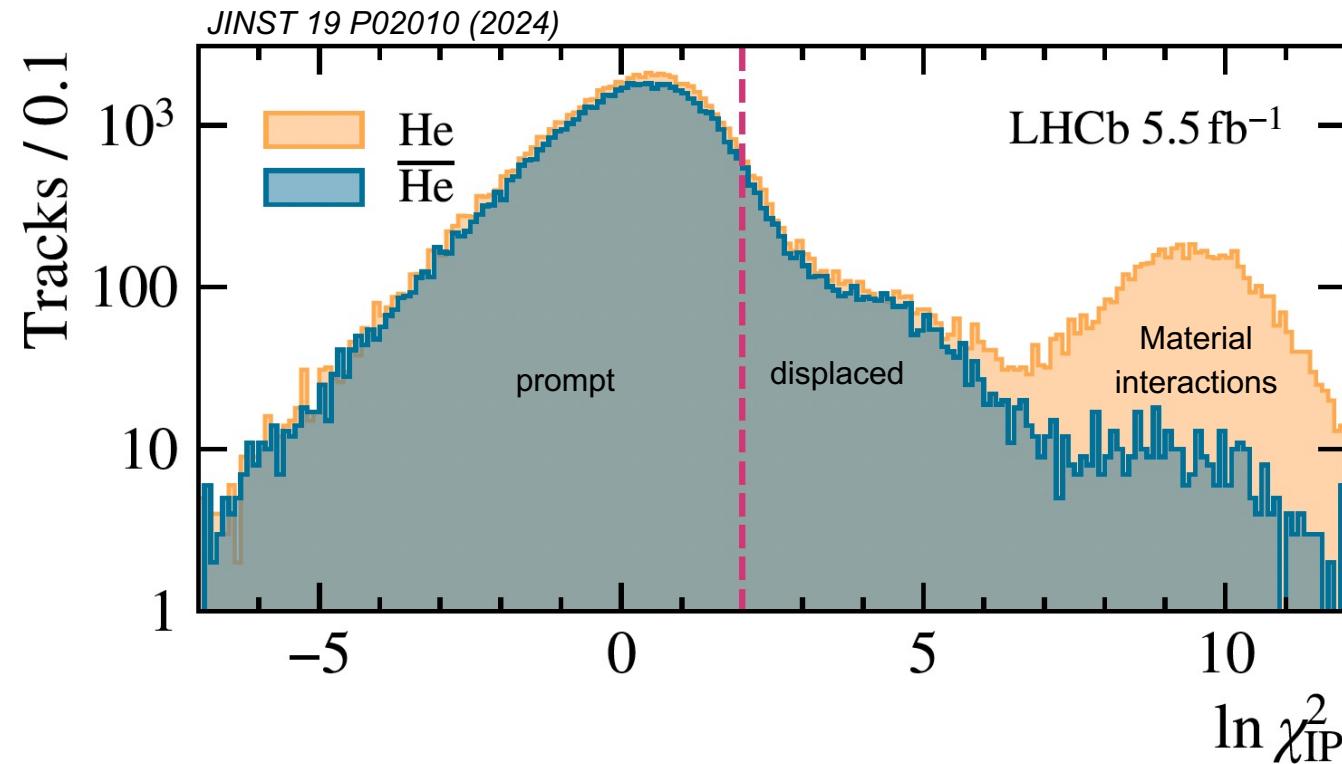
Current analyses with (anti)helium identification



Ongoing (anti)helium analyses with Run2 data

- Prompt production of (anti)helium in pp@13 TeV , SMOG pX(He,Ne,...)
- Displaced (anti)helium from (anti)hypertriton decays
- Antihelium from $\bar{\Lambda}_b^0$ decays

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- Antihelium from $\bar{\Lambda}_b^0$ decays

Measurement of (anti)hypertriton

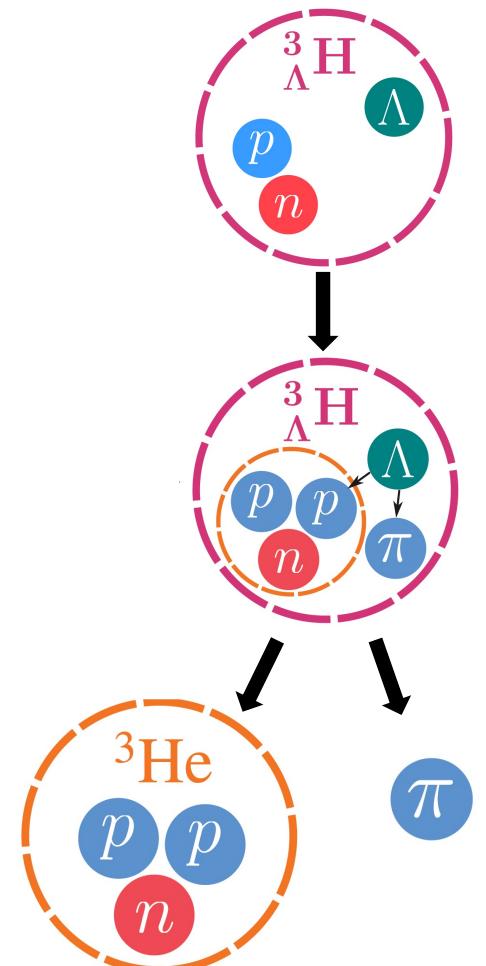
Motivation

- Ideal system to study hyperon-nucleon interactions

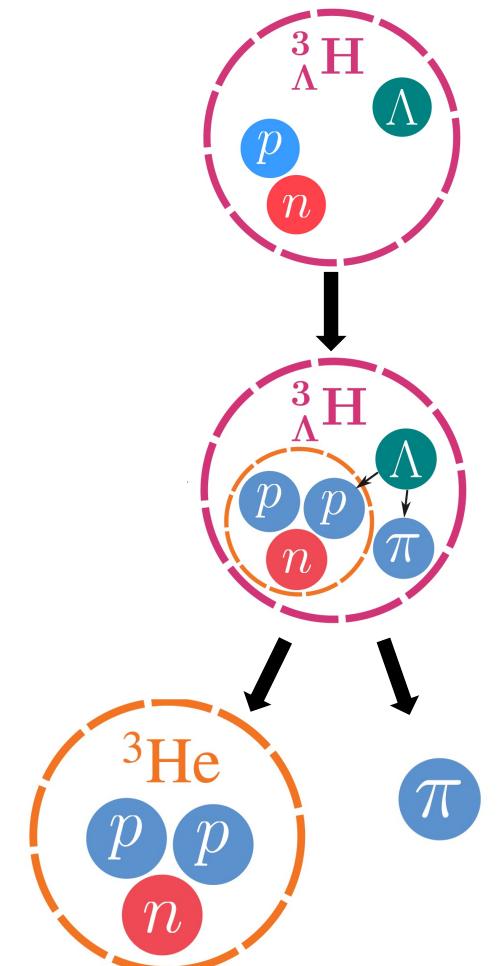
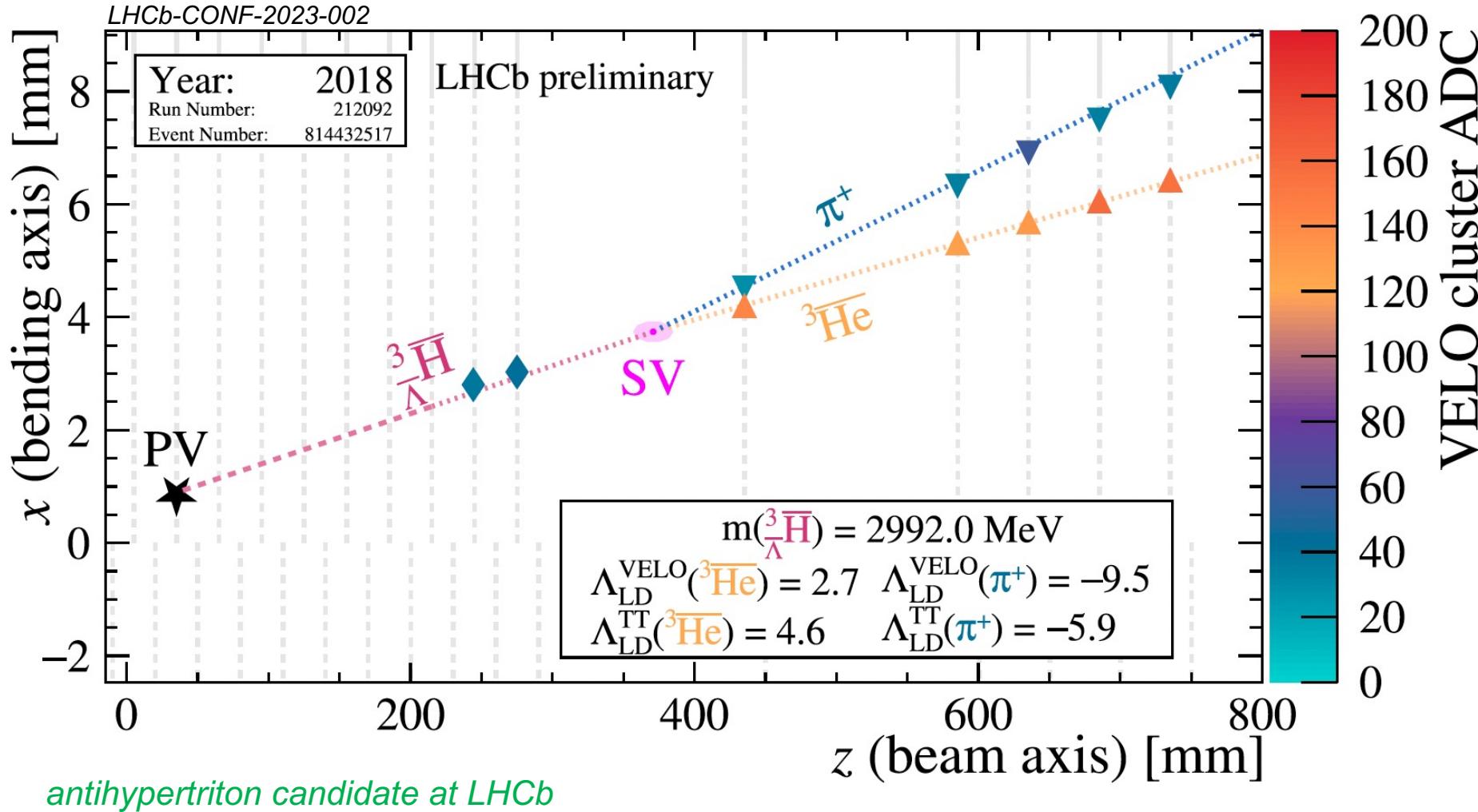
more details in next talk by F. Mazzaschi

Identification

- Reconstruction via 2-body decay ${}_{\Lambda}^3\text{H} \rightarrow {}^3\text{He} + \pi^-$
- Helium candidate from a displaced secondary vertex: $\chi^2_{\text{IP}}({}^3\text{He}) > 2$
- Well reconstructed secondary vertex with charged pion

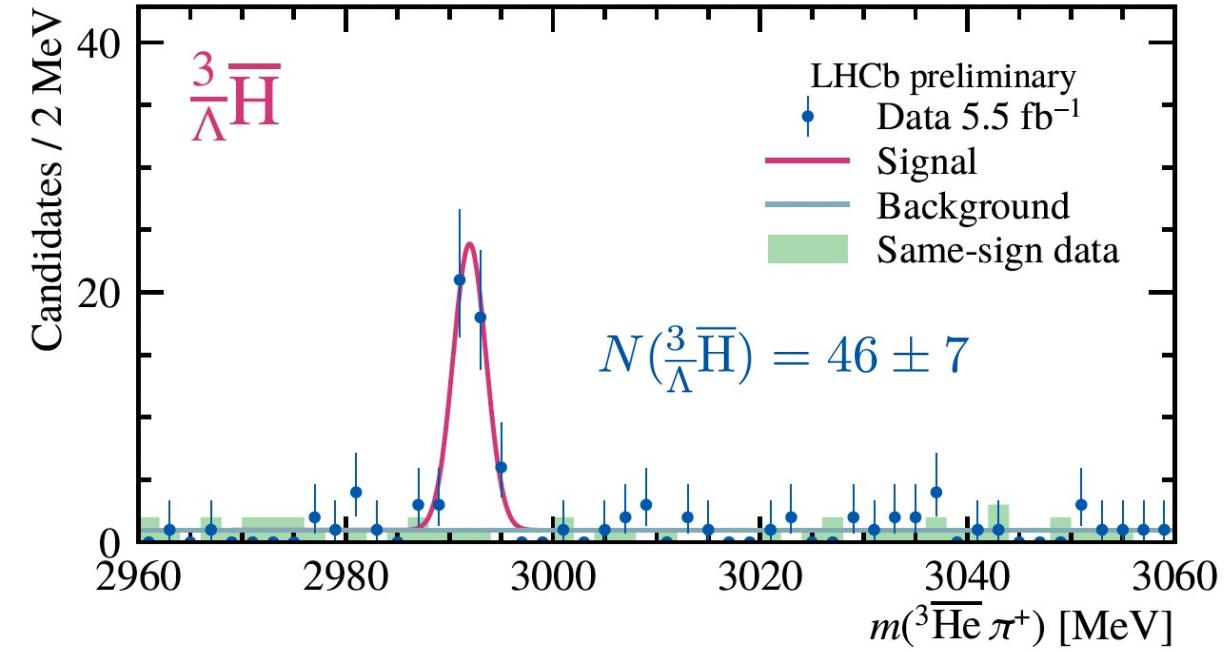
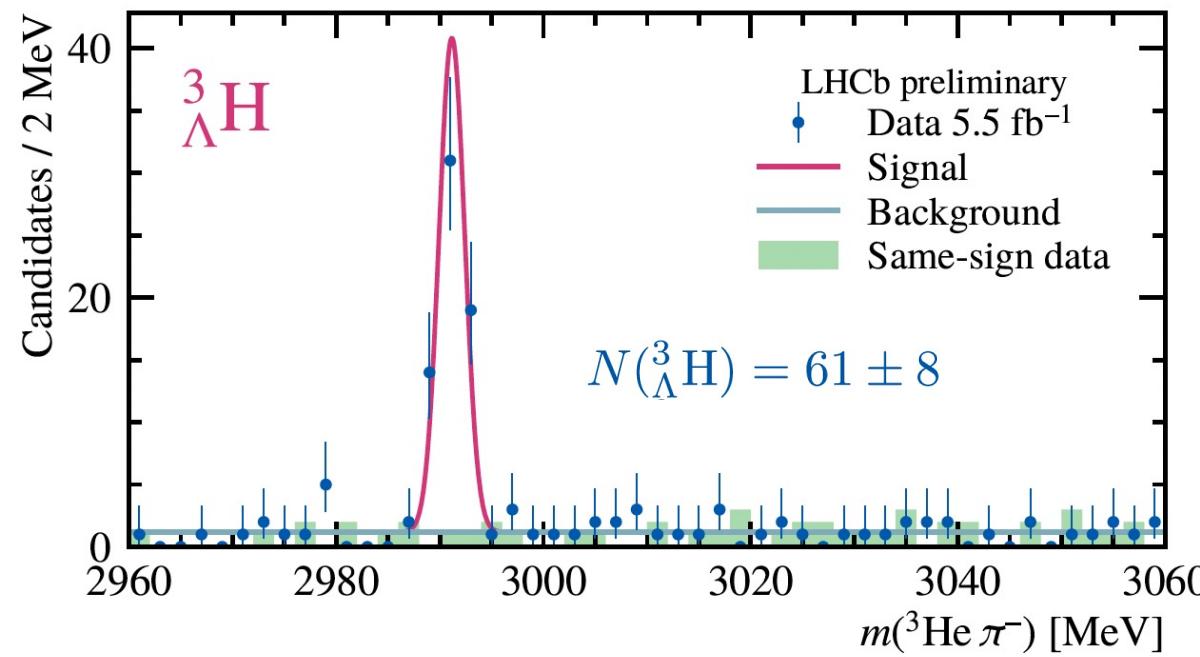


Measurement of (anti)hypertriton



Invariant-mass distribution of (anti)hypertriton candidates

LHCb-CONF-2023-002



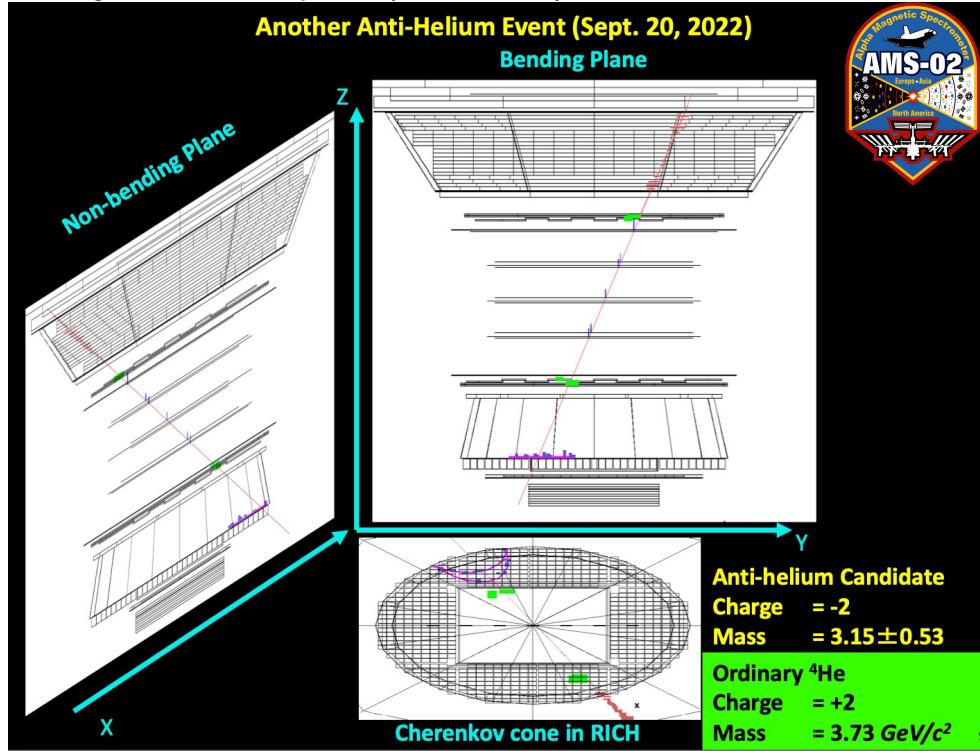
107 ± 11 (anti)hypertriton candidates in Run2 pp@13TeV (5.5 fb $^{-1}$)

Ongoing work:

- Further optimization of signal selection (improvements in He identification)
- Systematic corrections on mass scale: charge-sign dependent tracking and energy-loss corrections
- Efficiency and acceptance corrections

Search for antihelium from $\bar{\Lambda}_b^0$ decays: Motivation

S. Ting, CERN colloquium (08.06.2023)

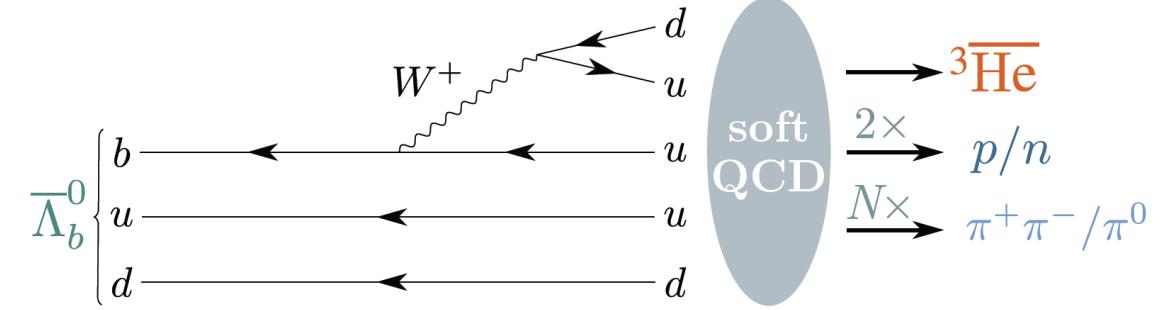


- Several antihelium candidates found in CR by AMS-02
- Flux magnitude hard to explain by conventional production models and even for most DM models due to constraints from cosmic antiproton flux

Dark Matter Annihilation Can Produce a Detectable Antihelium Flux through $\bar{\Lambda}_b$ Decays

Martin Wolfgang Winkler^{1,*} and Tim Linden^{1,†}

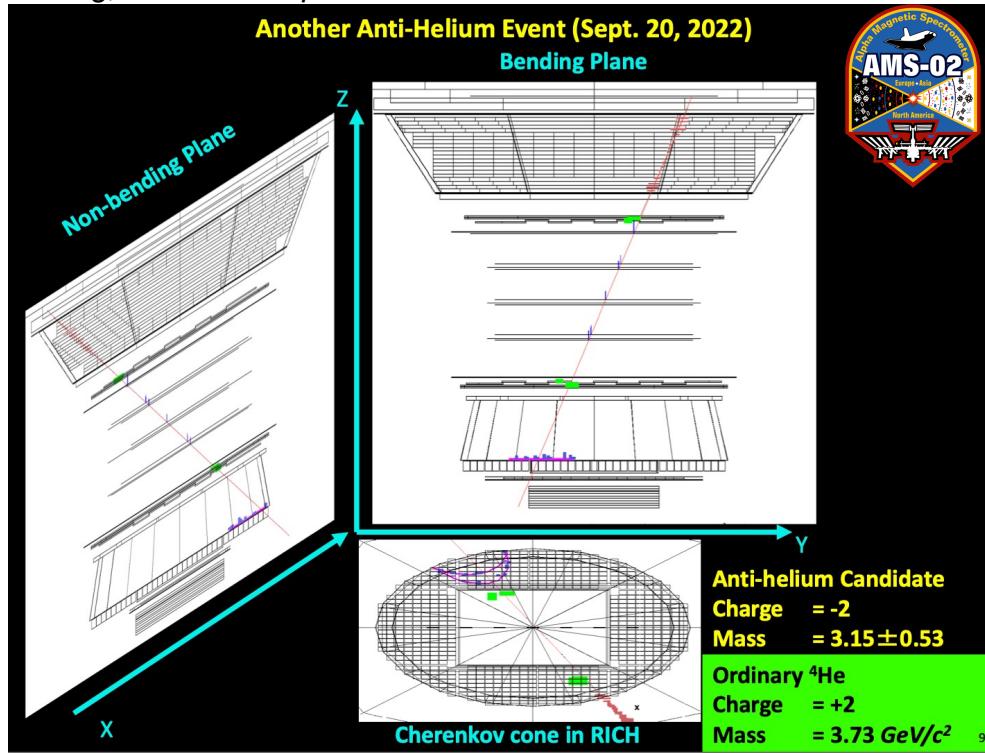
¹Stockholm University and The Oskar Klein Centre for Cosmoparticle Physics, Alba Nova, 10691 Stockholm, Sweden



- $\bar{\Lambda}_b^0$ expected to be generically produced in DM annihilations involving b quarks
- Rest mass slightly above $5 \times m_{p,n}$
 → Small relative momentum between (anti)nuclei to increase chance of coalescence to ${}^3\bar{\text{He}}$

Search for antihelium from $\bar{\Lambda}_b^0$ decays: Motivation

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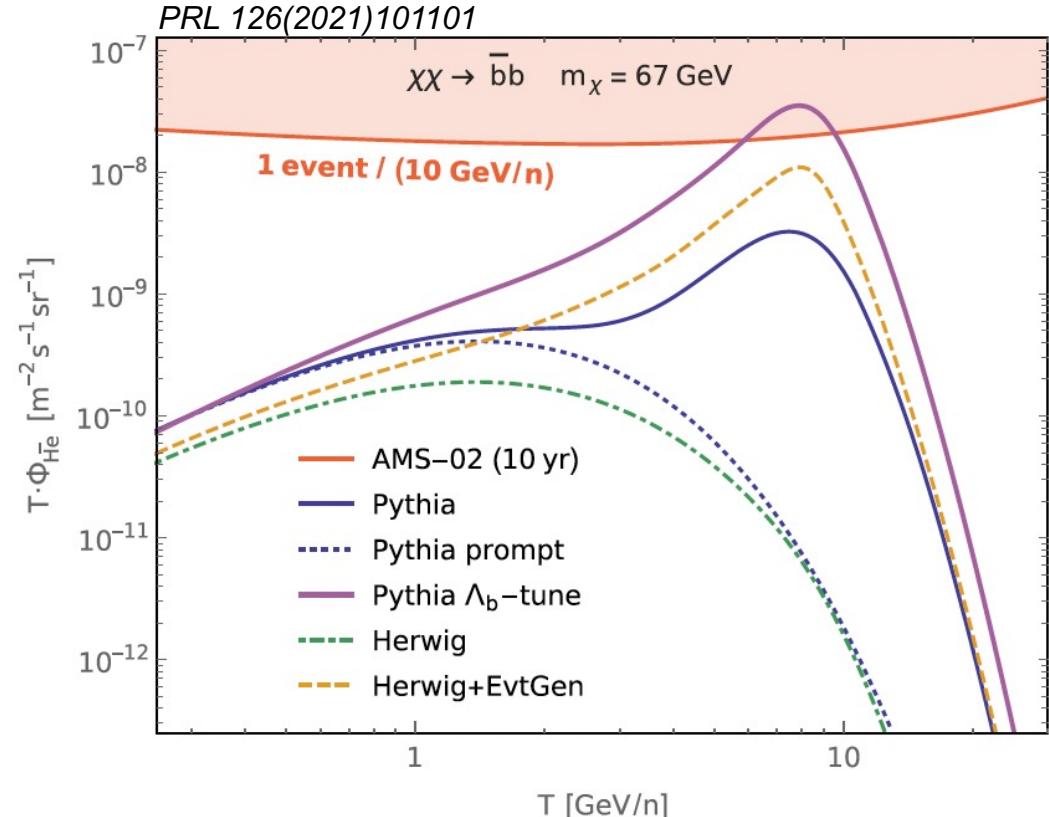


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measurable flux for AMS-02 with tuned Pythia
 $\text{for } \mathcal{B}(\bar{\Lambda}_b^0 \rightarrow \overline{\text{He}} + X) \approx \mathcal{O}(10^{-6})$

Search for antihelium from $\bar{\Lambda}_b^0$ decays: Search strategy

Run 2 pp@13 TeV (5.5 fb⁻¹)

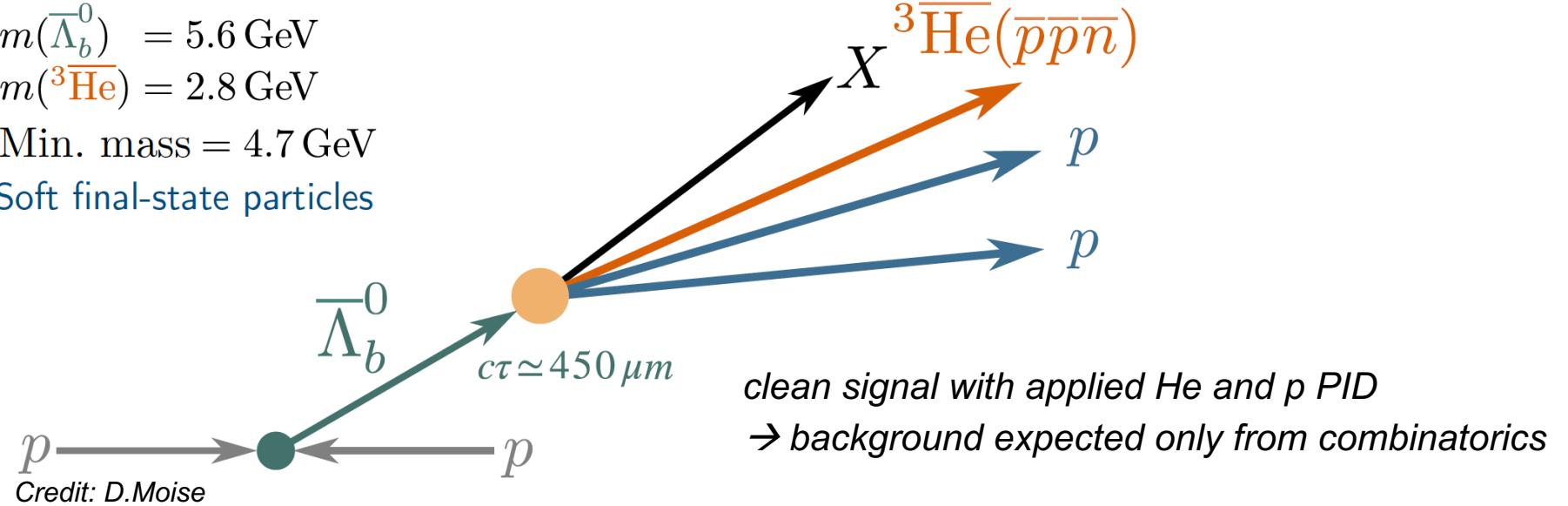
LHCb-CONF-2024-005

$$m(\bar{\Lambda}_b^0) = 5.6 \text{ GeV}$$

$$m(^3\bar{\text{He}}) = 2.8 \text{ GeV}$$

Min. mass = 4.7 GeV

Soft final-state particles



Measure:

$$\mathcal{B}(\bar{\Lambda}_b^0 \rightarrow {}^3\bar{\text{He}} + p + p) \text{ (exclusive mode)}$$

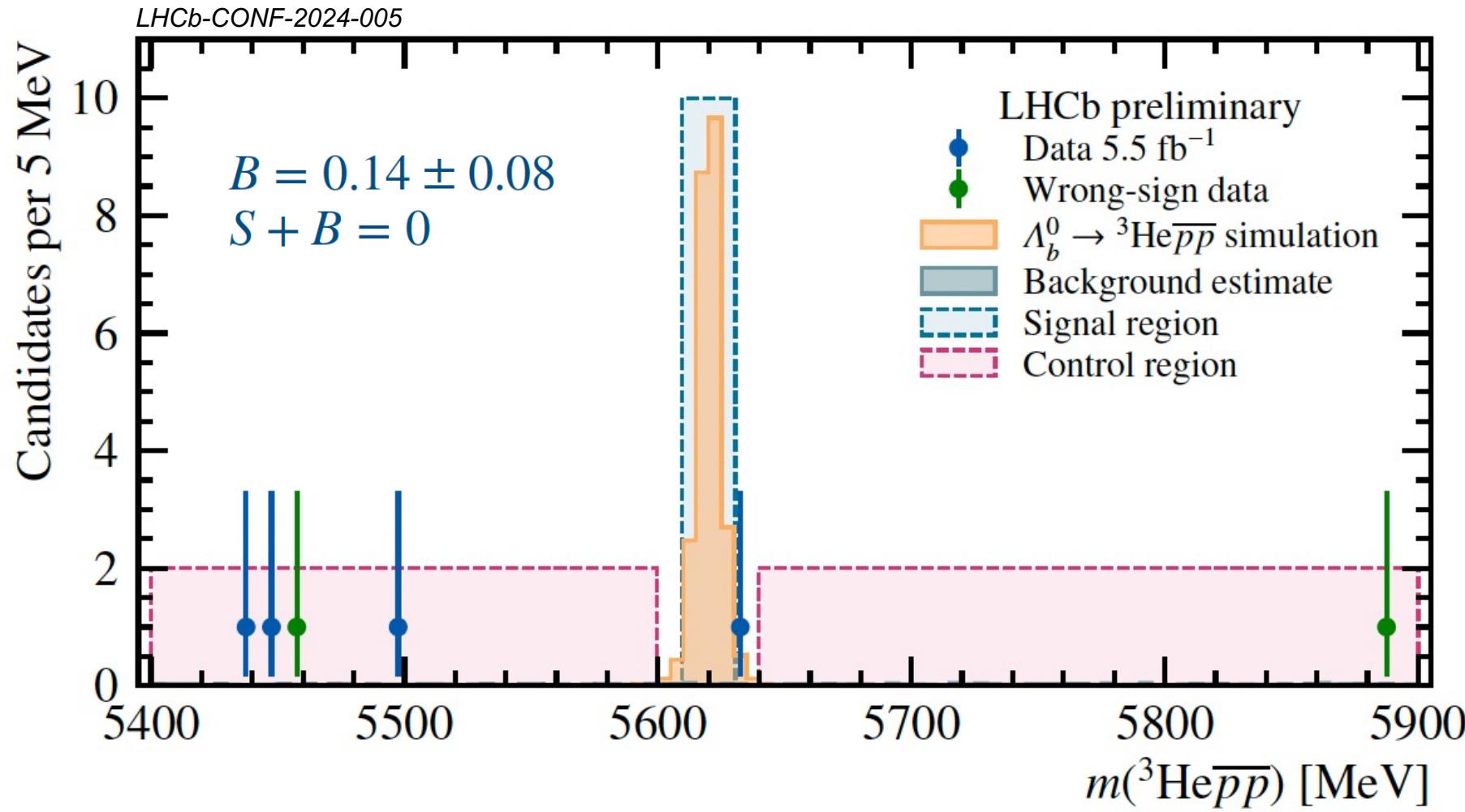
$$\mathcal{B}(\bar{\Lambda}_b^0 \rightarrow {}^3\bar{\text{He}} + p + p + X) \text{ (inclusive mode)}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(\bar{\Lambda}_b^0 \rightarrow {}^3\bar{\text{He}} + p + X) \text{ (inclusive mode)}$$

→ use decay models to extrapolate to $\mathcal{B}(\bar{\Lambda}_b^0 \rightarrow {}^3\bar{\text{He}} + X)$

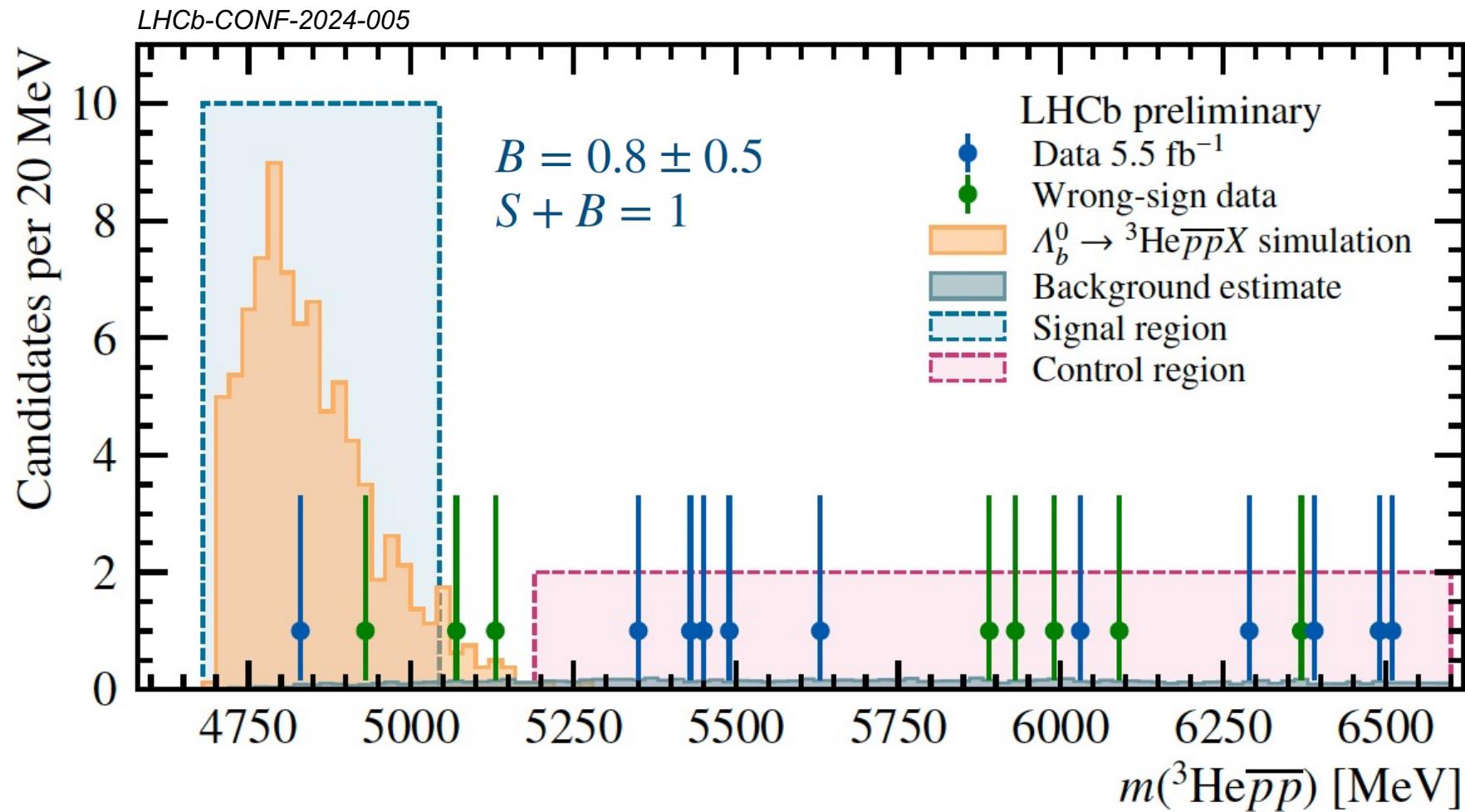
Search for antihelium from $\bar{\Lambda}_b^0$ decays: Invariant-mass spectra

$$\bar{\Lambda}_b^0 \rightarrow {}^3\overline{\text{He}} + p + p \text{ (exclusive mode)}$$



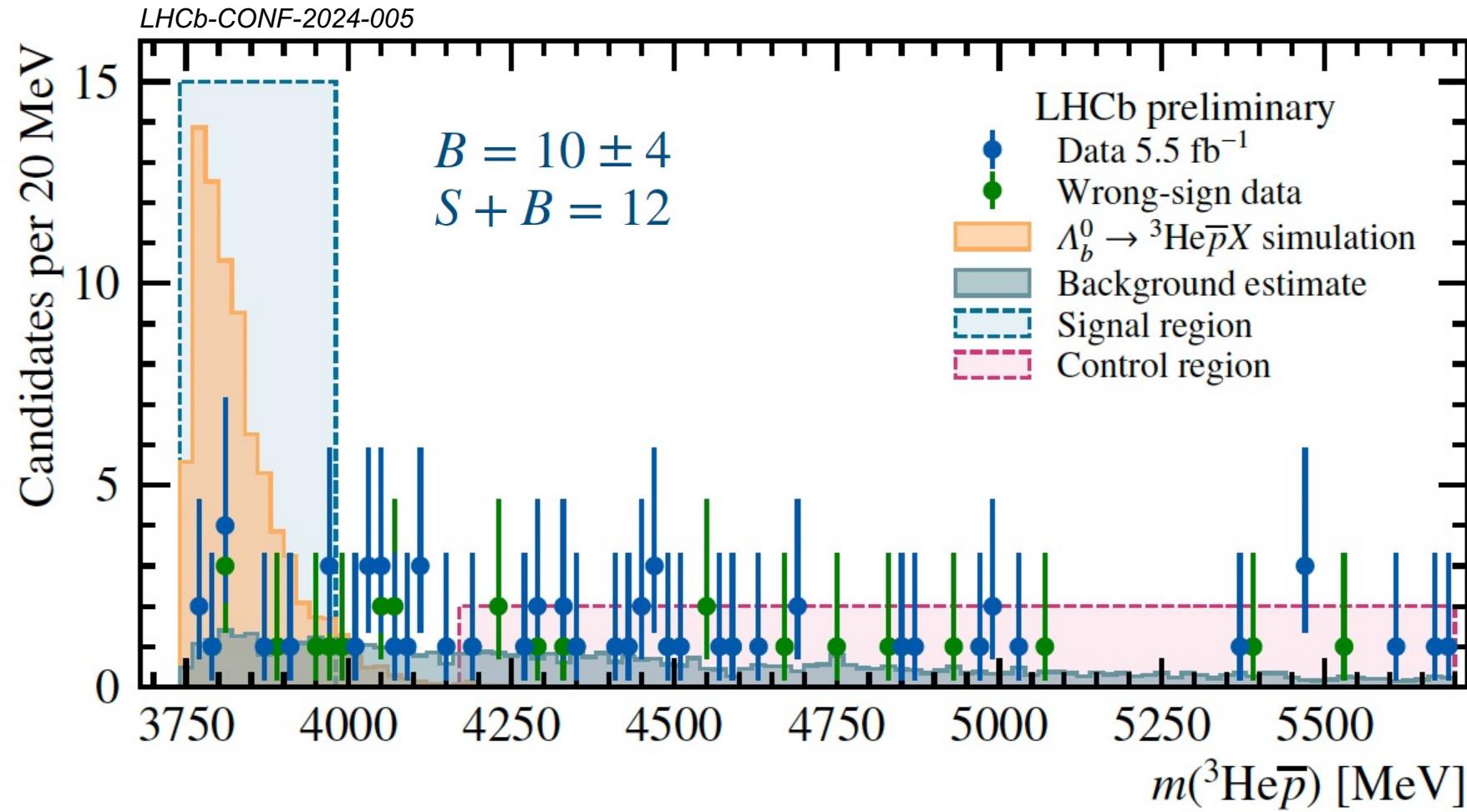
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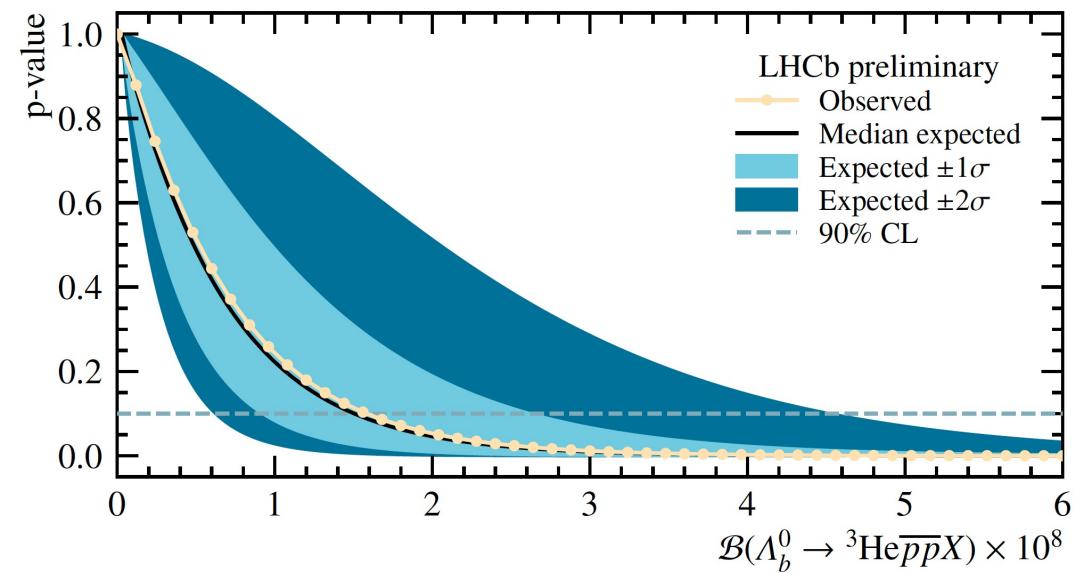
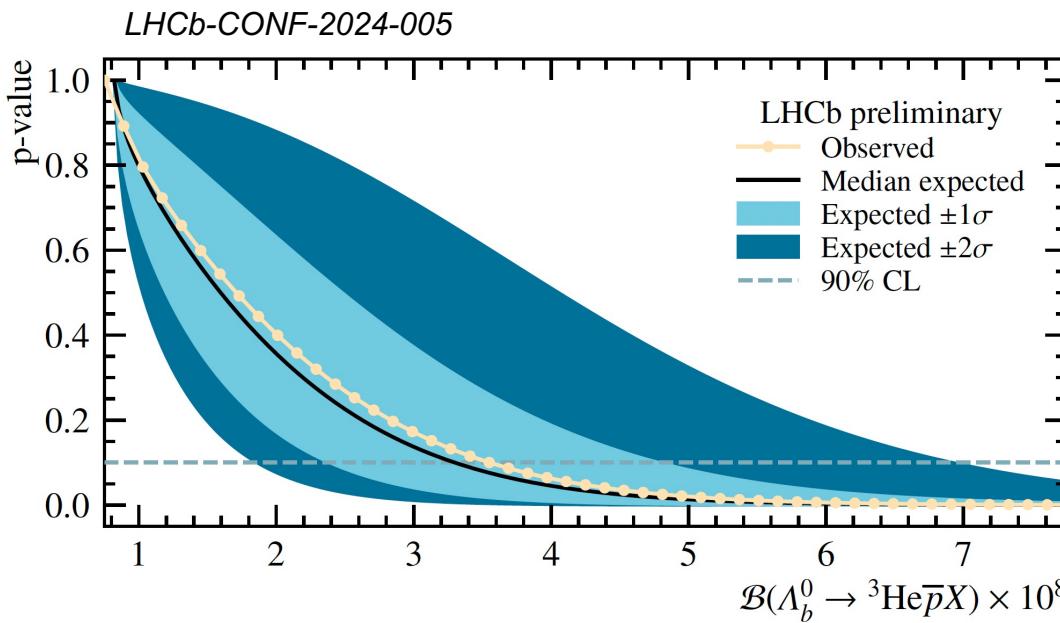
$$\bar{\Lambda}_b^0 \rightarrow {}^3\overline{\text{He}} + p + X \text{ (inclusive mode)}$$



No significant signal found for any of the decay modes

Search for antihelium from $\bar{\Lambda}_b^0$ decays: Measured upper limits

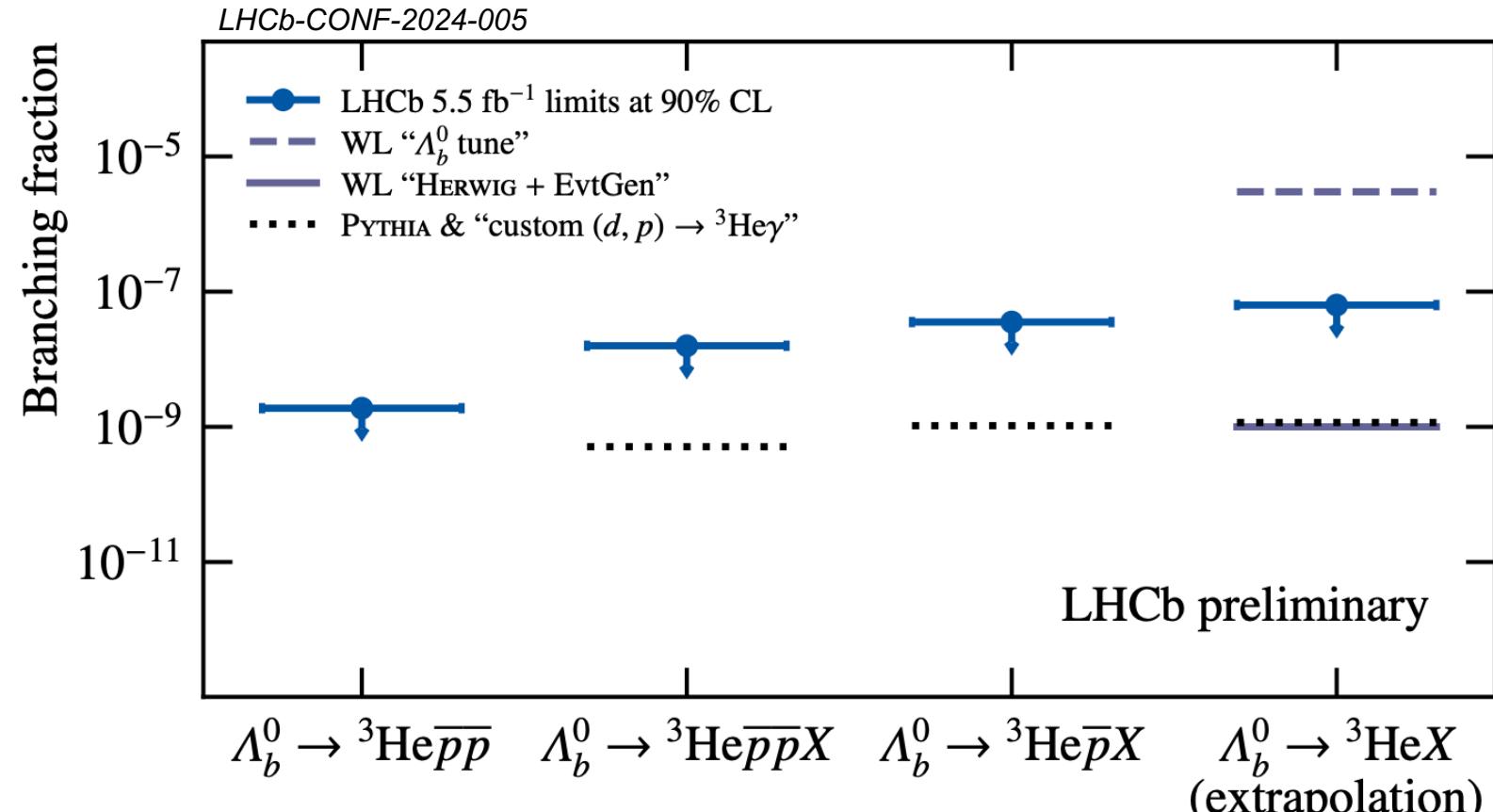
- Upper limit for $\mathcal{B}(\bar{\Lambda}_b^0 \rightarrow {}^3\overline{\text{He}} + p + p)$ with no signal candidate using profile-likelihood method *NIM A*, Vol.458,3,745 (2001)
- For inclusive modes, limits via CL_s method *J. Phys. G* 28, 2693 (2002)
- Including systematic uncertainties (dominating is the background estimate)*



$$\mathcal{B}(\bar{\Lambda}_b^0 \rightarrow {}^3\overline{\text{He}} p p) < 1.9 \times 10^{-9} \text{ at } 90\% \text{ CL}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(\bar{\Lambda}_b^0 \rightarrow {}^3\overline{\text{He}} p p X) < 1.6 \times 10^{-8} \text{ at } 90\% \text{ CL}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(\bar{\Lambda}_b^0 \rightarrow {}^3\overline{\text{He}} p X) < 3.6 \times 10^{-8} \text{ at } 90\% \text{ CL}$$

Search for antihelium from $\bar{\Lambda}_b^0$ decays: Extrapolation to $\mathcal{B}(\bar{\Lambda}_b^0 \rightarrow {}^3\overline{\text{He}}X)$ *Conservative extrapolation assuming isospin symmetric production of nucleons*

$$\mathcal{B}(\bar{\Lambda}_b^0 \rightarrow {}^3\overline{\text{He}}X) < 6.3 \times 10^{-8} \text{ at } 90\% \text{ CL}$$

Summary and Outlook

New techniques under development for (anti)nuclei PID in Run 2 open a new field of research for LHCb and provide new input for astroparticle physics

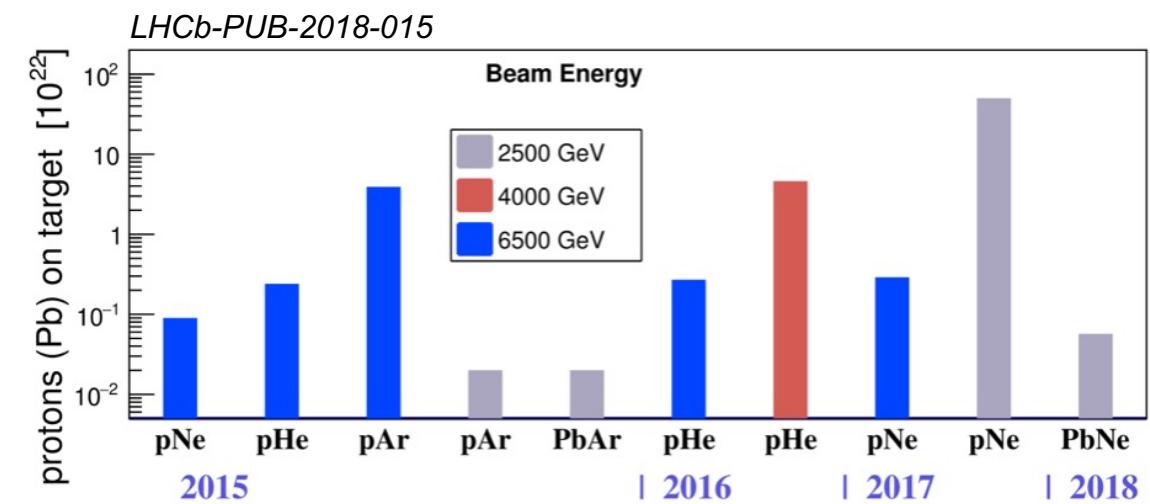
- First limit on (Anti)helium production from $\bar{\Lambda}_b^0$ decays

$$\mathcal{B}(\bar{\Lambda}_b^0 \rightarrow {}^3\overline{\text{He}} X) < 6.3 \times 10^{-8} \text{ at 90\% CL}$$

- Observation of around 110 (anti)hypertriton candidates (*characteristics to be extracted*)
- Further analyses ongoing on SMOG data: Production of antideuterons and antihelium (*work in progress*)

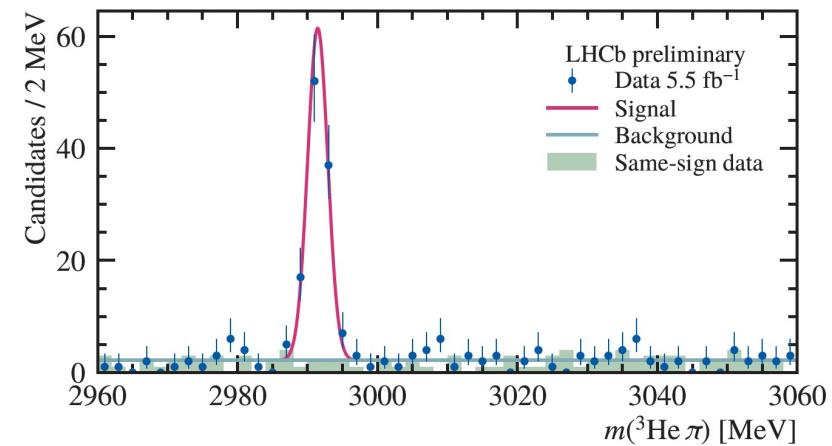
Long-term perspective: LHCb Upgrade II

- Enhanced nuclei PID due to new TORCH detector (Run 5&6) *Nim. A 1048, 167991 (2023)*

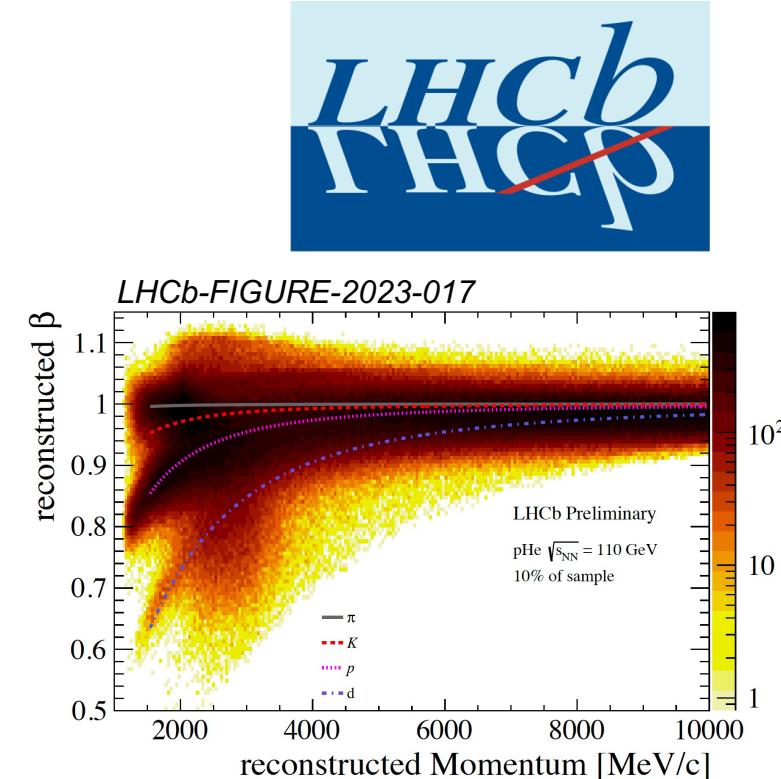
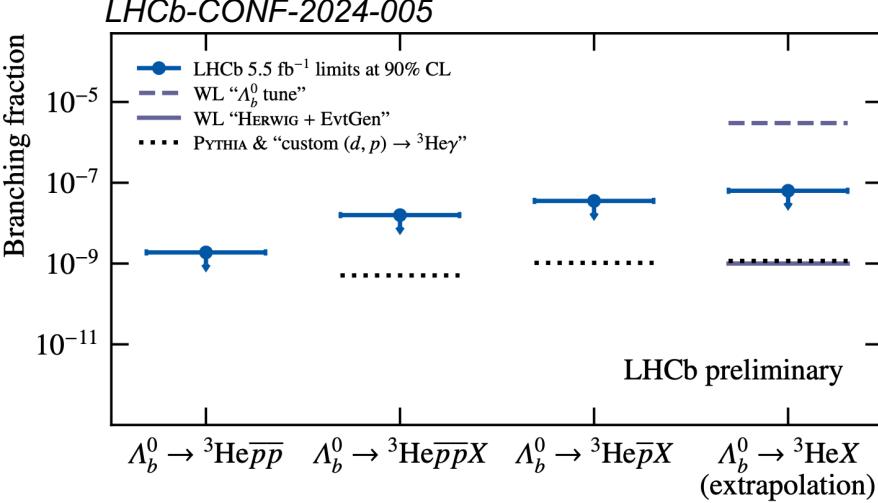


Thank you for your attention!

LHCb-CONF-2023-002



Any Questions?



Backup

