

*Summary BMBF Project 2021-24*  
*Cryogenic Current Comparator (CCC)*

Volker Tympel, HI-Jena

June 19<sup>th</sup>, 2024  
CCC Meeting @CERN  
Helmholtz Institute Jena

# Content of the working points

- |  | Beam line Ø |
|--|-------------|
| <b>WP1</b> Stabilization CCC with FAIR dimensions (-xD version) in the particle beam | 150 mm      |
| ➤ GSI Darmstadt talks: Thomas and Lorenzo  |             |
| ➤ Later: Sensor development in Jena  |             |
| <b>WP2</b> Small and powerful CCC (-Sm Version: small & smart)                       | 63 mm       |
| ➤ Why?   |             |
| • Faster and more flexible in sensor construction and sensor testing                 |             |
| • Then knowledge transfer to larger dimensions (-xD or 100 mm)                       |             |
| • Tests in a GRP beam cryostat (non-conductive glass fiber reinforced plastic)       |             |

### Main goals for the Smart & Small (Sm) series

*Current  
resolution*

*Limits?*

*Frequency  
bandwidth*

*Limits?*

*System  
susceptibility*

# Current resolution

CCCs with core => core is main noise source

Real part of the  
inverse impedance

$$i_{rms}/\sqrt{Hz} = \sqrt{4k_B T \cdot \Re\left(\frac{1}{Z}\right)} = \frac{R_S(f)}{\left(2\pi f \cdot (L_i + L_S(f))\right)^2 + R_S(f)^2}$$

fixed by  
SQUID

fixed for a  
core material

Inductance

100  $\mu$ H  $\rightarrow$  200  $\mu$ H  
Noise reduction:  
 $\approx 0.7$

**Spectral current noise density**  
4.2 K  $\rightarrow$  1.9 K  
Noise reduction:  
0.67

**pA<sub>rms</sub>/√Hz**

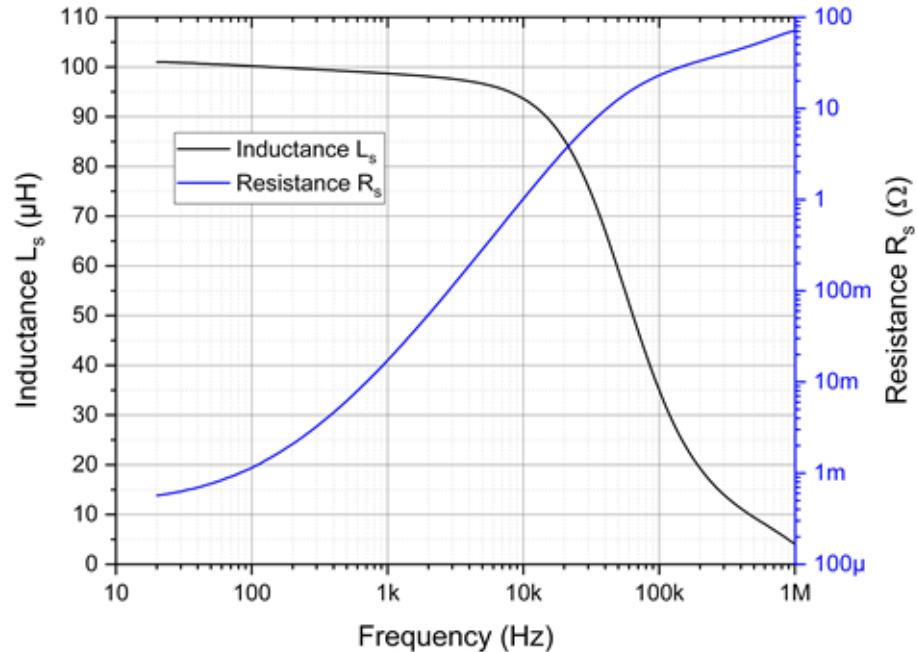
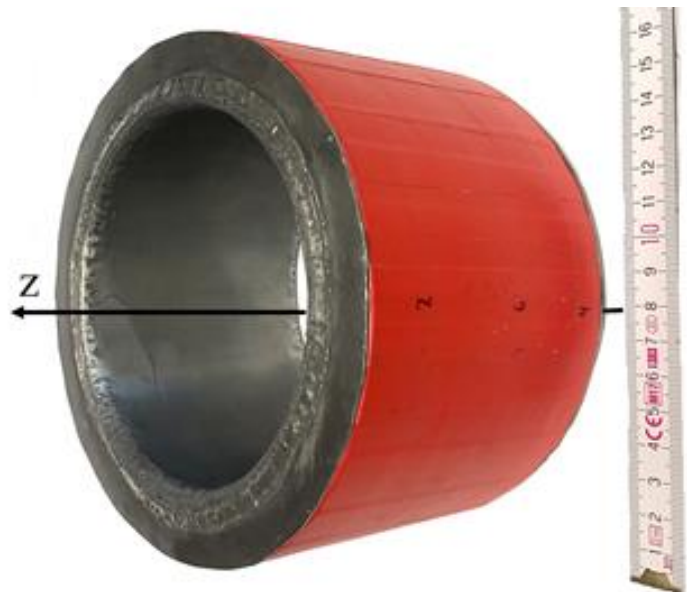
R. Geithner, PhD theses, Jena 2013

Confirmed Tympel, et al., *High Inductance Cryogenic Current Comparators for Beamlines*

IEEE Trans. Appl. Supercon. Vol. 34, Is.: 3, May 2024

# Current resolution

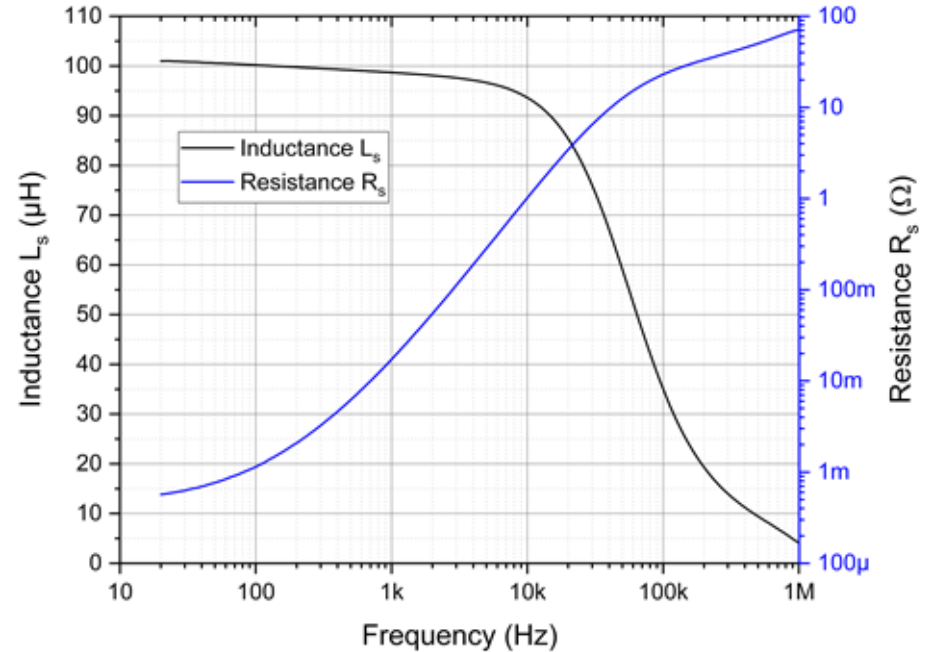
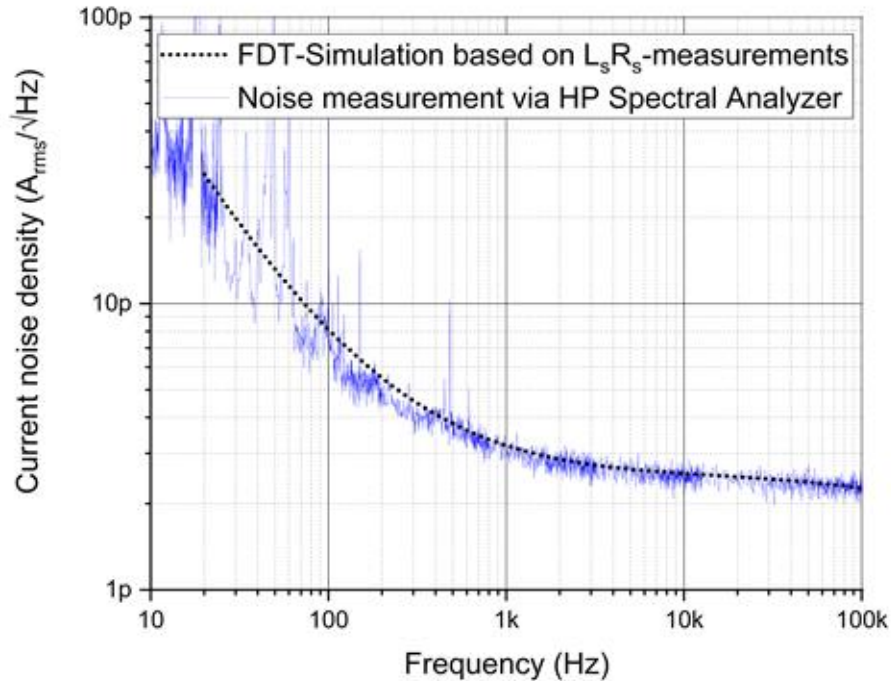
Pickup coil #1 of Pb-DCCC-Sm-200 (Lead DualCore-CCC)



Measured at 4.2 K

# Current resolution

Pickup coil #1 of Pb-DCCC-Sm-200 (Lead DualCore-CCC)



Measured at 4.2 K

# Current resolution

## Pb-DCCC-Sm-200

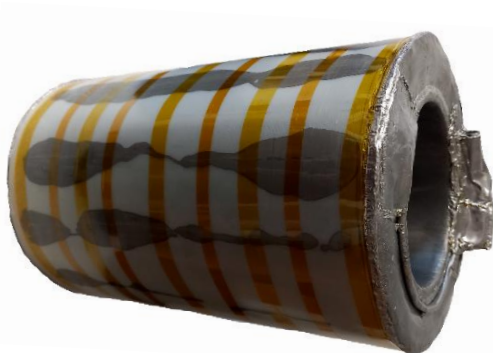
Pickup coils #1 and #2 with inner loop of the shielding.



## Pb-DCCC-Sm-300



DCCC completed by the outer meander shielding.



2 coils with each 3 commercial cores M-616

2 coils with each 4 special deep-temp. cores

# Current resolution

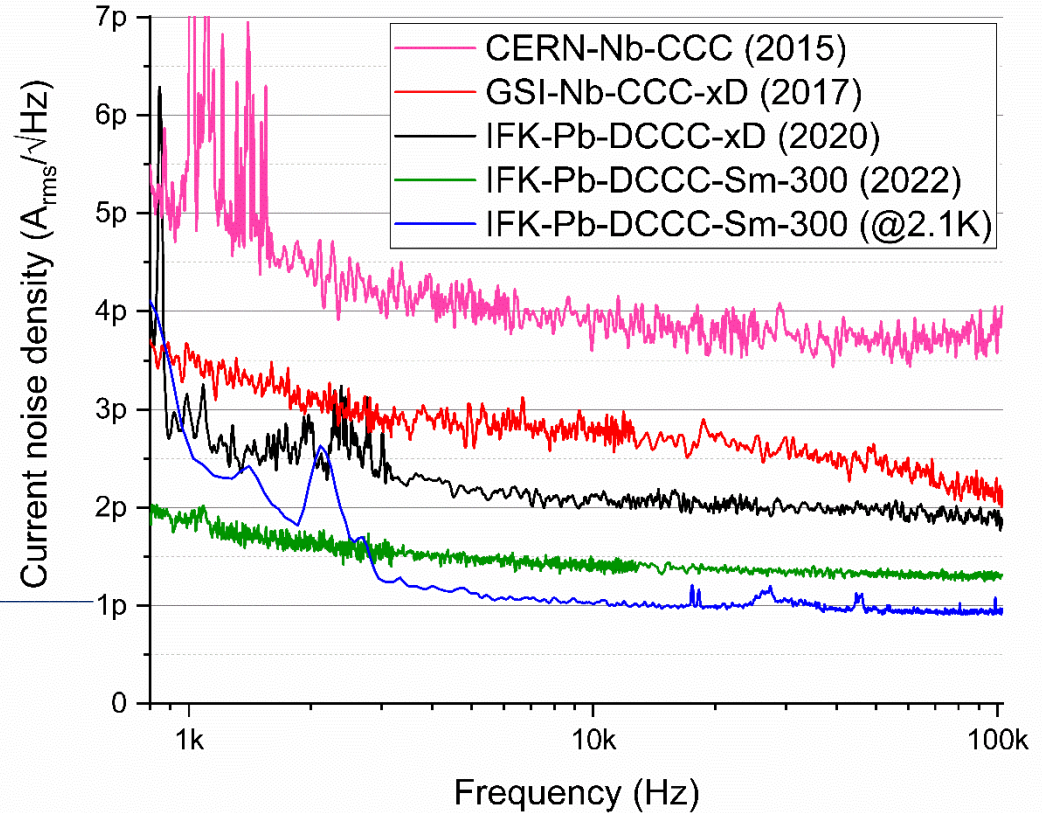
## White noise

Special core material

+ 300  $\mu\text{H}$

+ 2.1 K

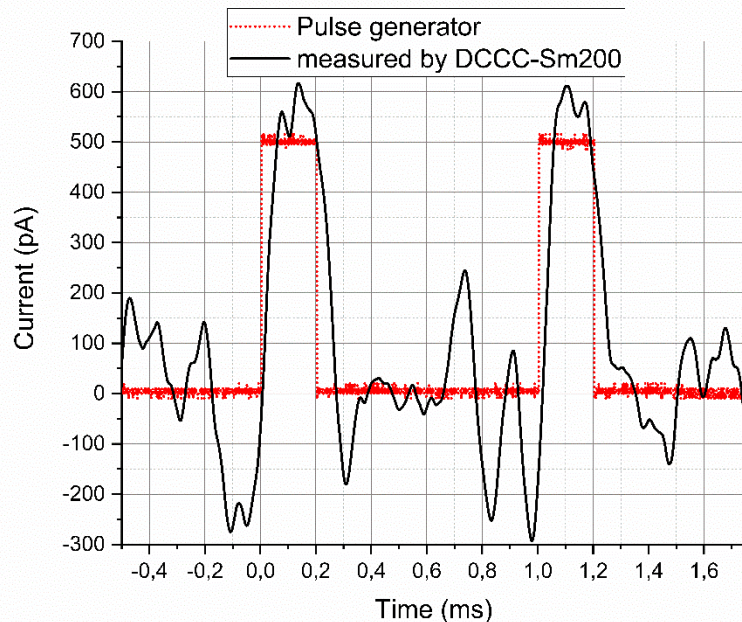
1  $\text{pA}_{\text{rms}}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$



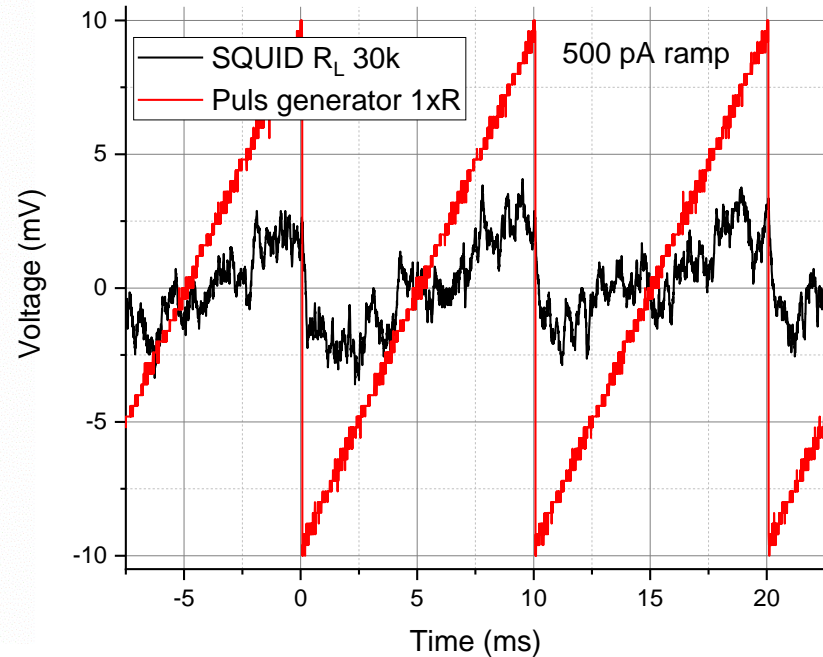


# Current resolution

Pulse: 500 pA 200  $\mu$ s  
(Sm-200 un-damped)



Ramp: 500 pA 10 ms  
(Sm-300 un-damped)



### Main goals for the Smart & Small (Sm) series

*Current  
resolution*

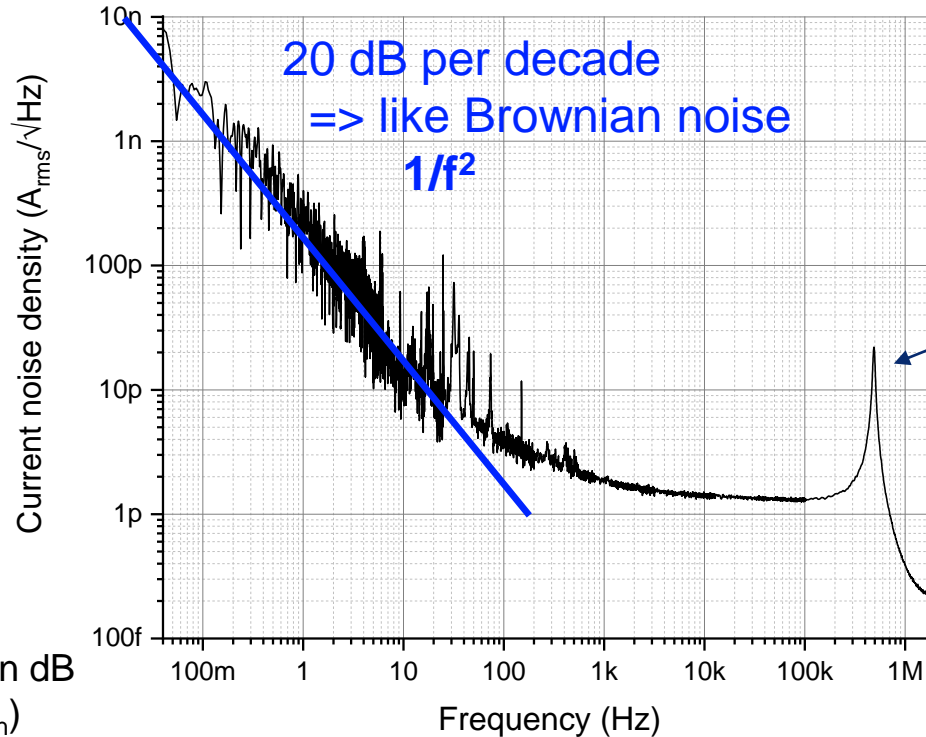
$1\text{nA}_{pp}$

*Frequency  
bandwidth*

*Limits?*

*System  
susceptibility*

## Low Frequency Noise

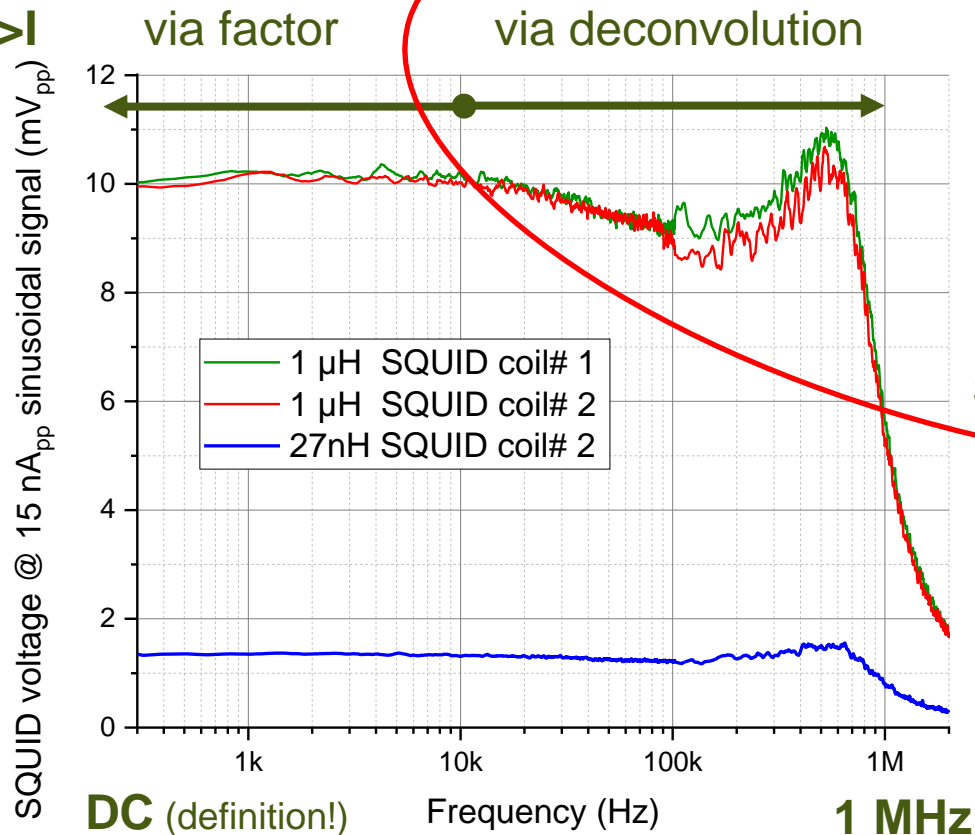


Current or voltage in dB  
 $\Rightarrow 20 \cdot \lg_{10}(x_{\text{out}} / x_{\text{in}})$

**Measured  
@ 4.2 K**

# Frequency bandwidth

Calibration  $U \Rightarrow I$



Pb-DCCC-Sm-300  
final damped version

Part of a  
new BMBF-CCC project  
by University of Applied  
Sciences Jena (2024-27)

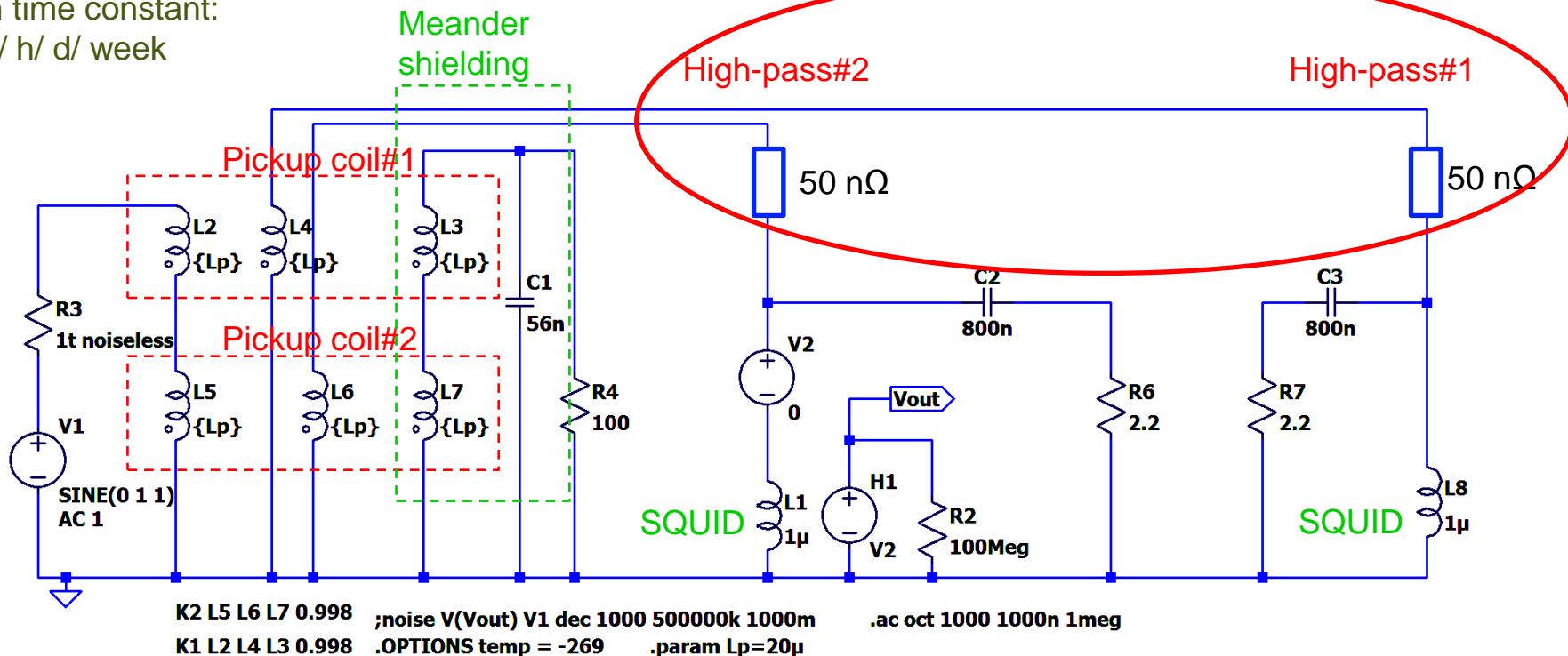
Low signal response

# Frequency bandwidth

High-pass: RL-filter

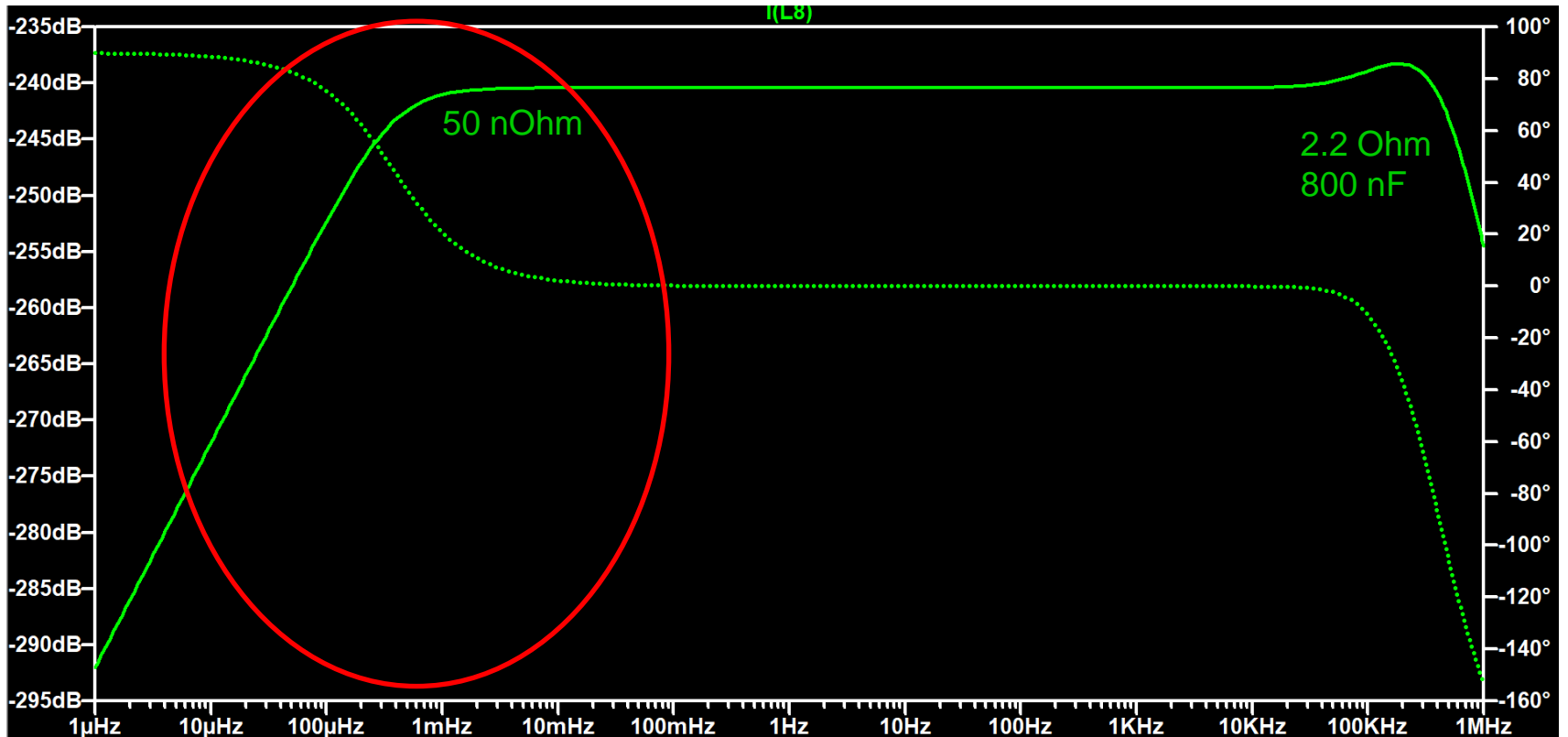
with time constant:  
min/ h/ d/ week

# DC (definition!)



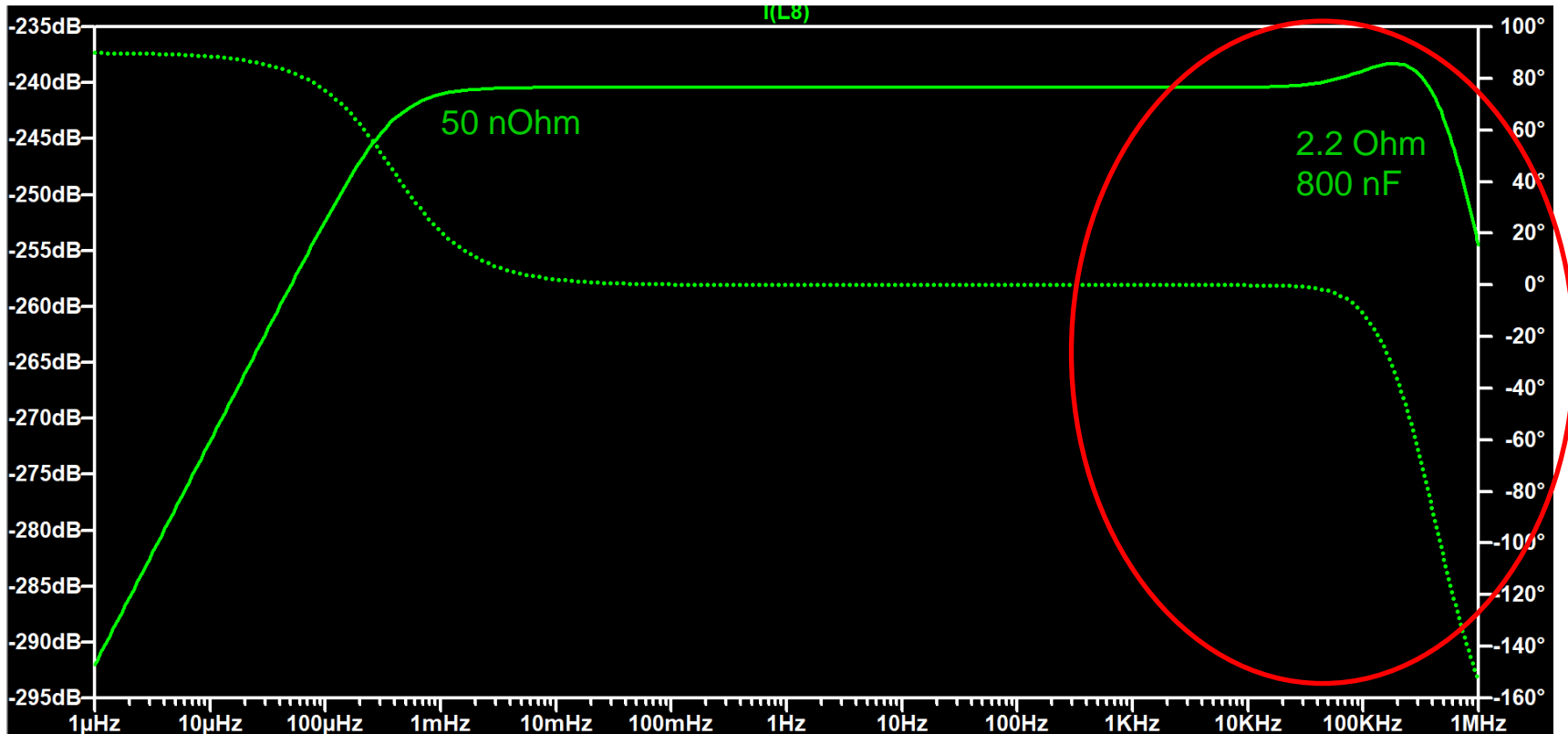
# Frequency bandwidth

High-pass: RL-filter with time constant: 15 min



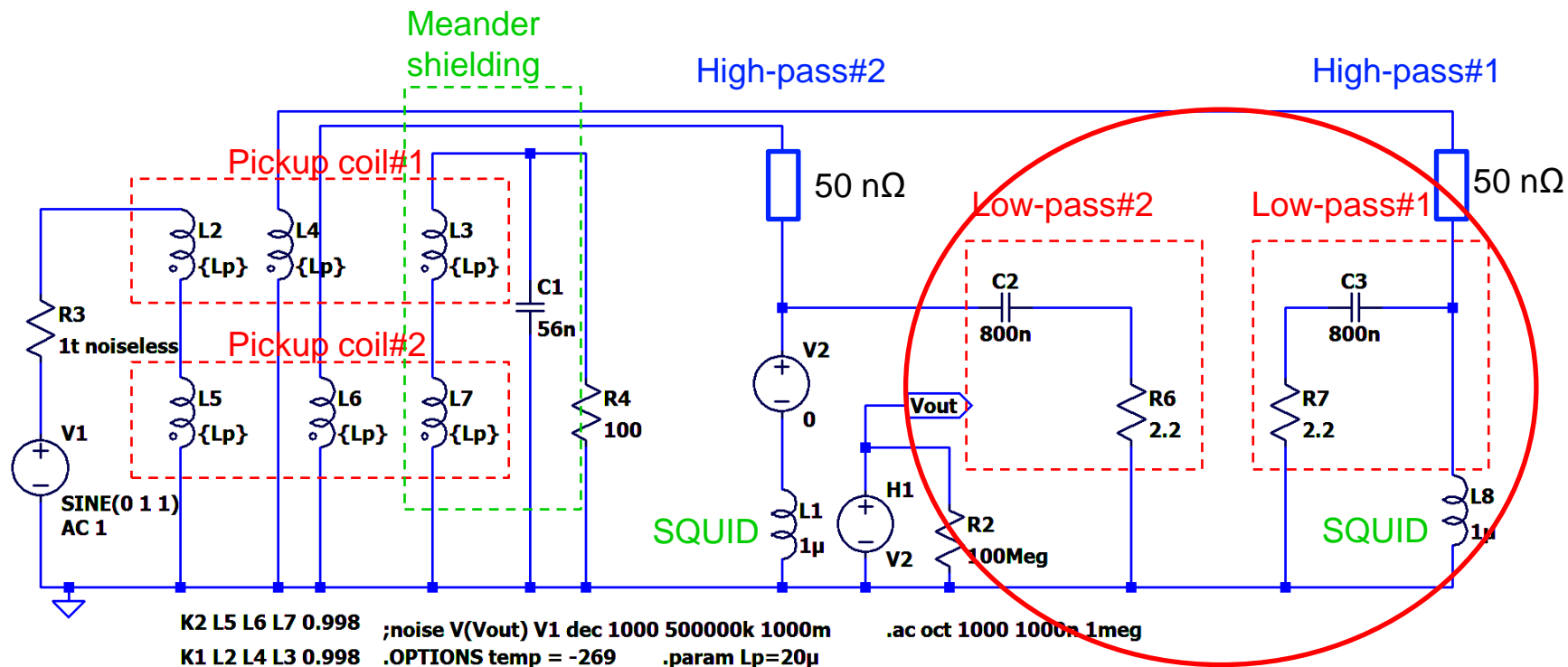
# Frequency bandwidth

## Low-pass & damping



# Frequency bandwidth

## Low-pass & damping





### Main goals for the Smart & Small (Sm) series

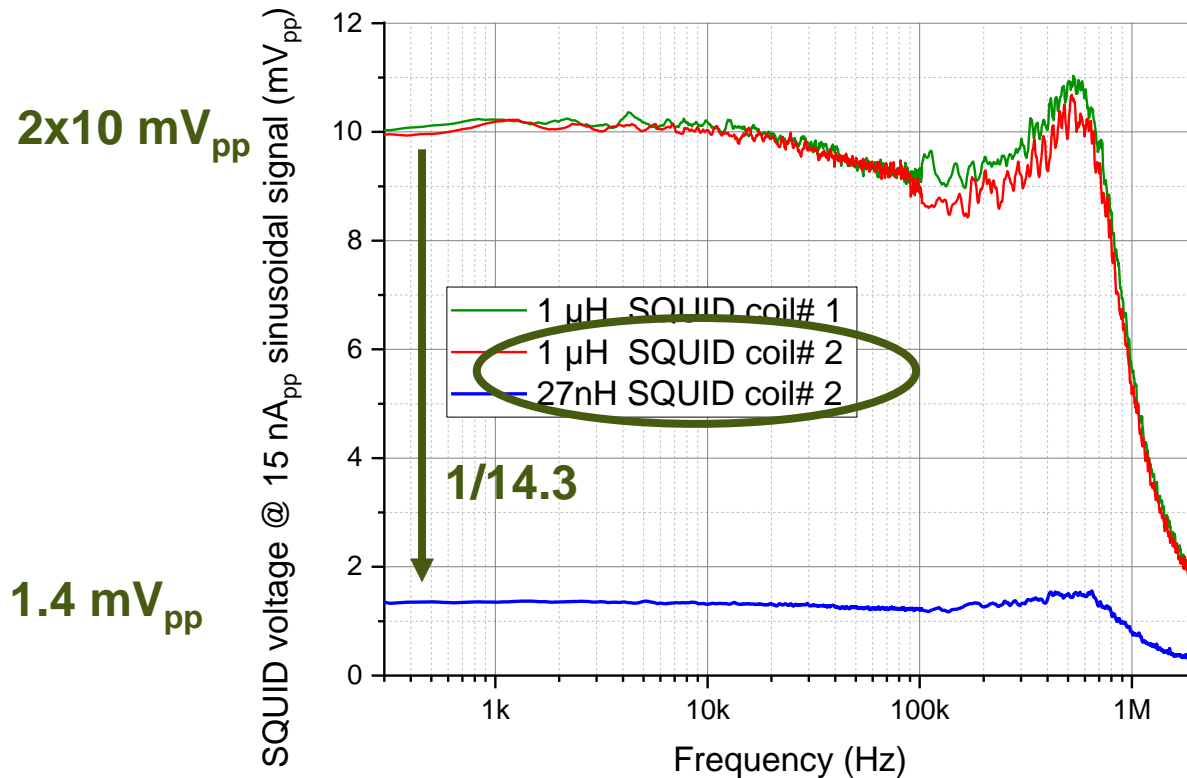
*Current  
resolution*

$1 \text{ nA}_{pp}$

*Frequency  
bandwidth*

$1 \text{ MHz}$

*System  
susceptibility*

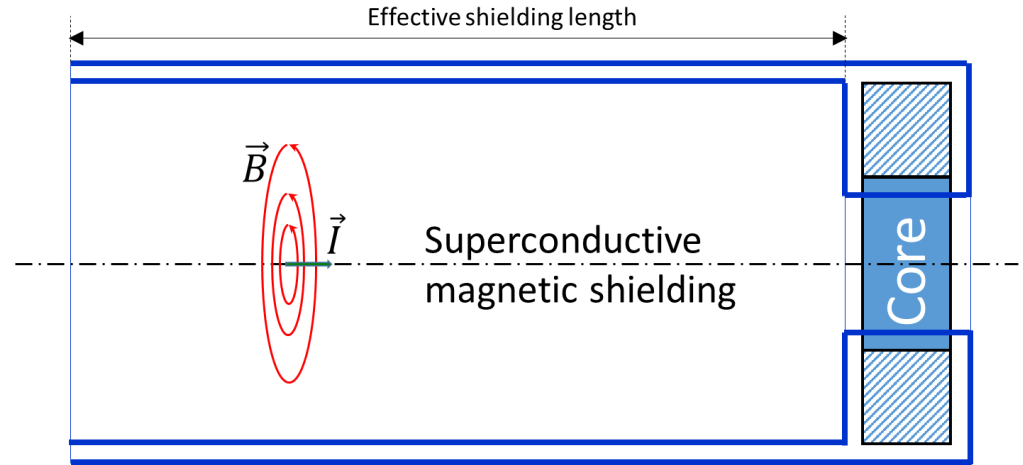
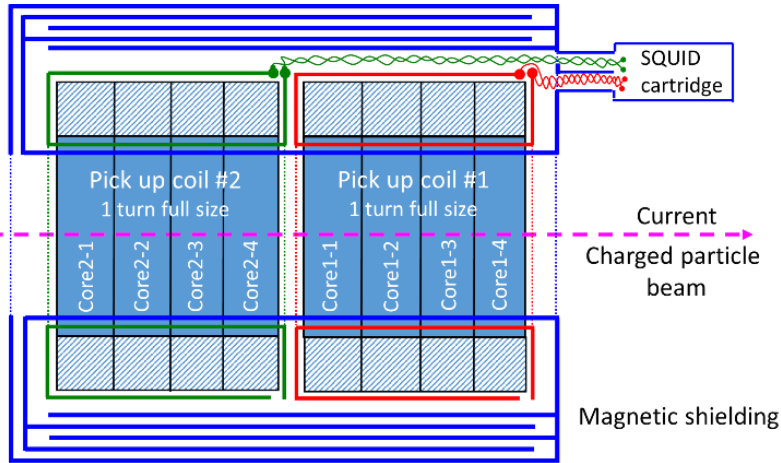


Low signal response

# System susceptibility

# Magnetic shielding increase

Pb-DCCC-Sm-300



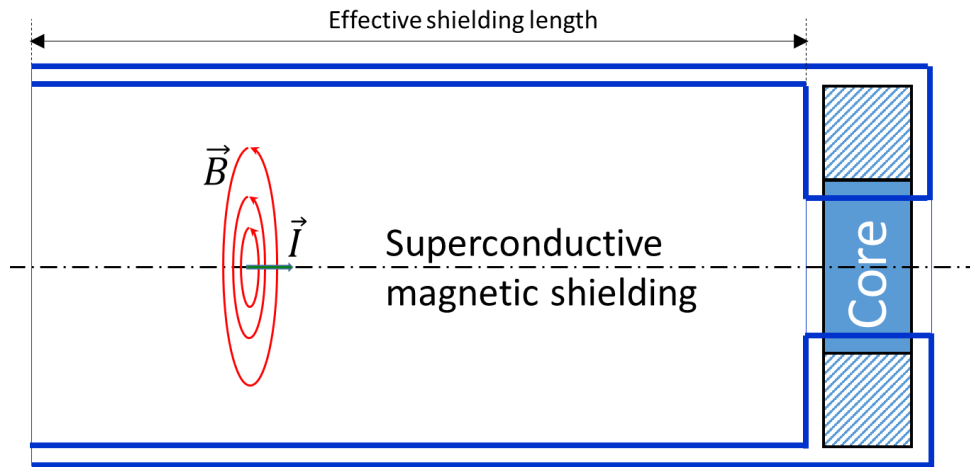
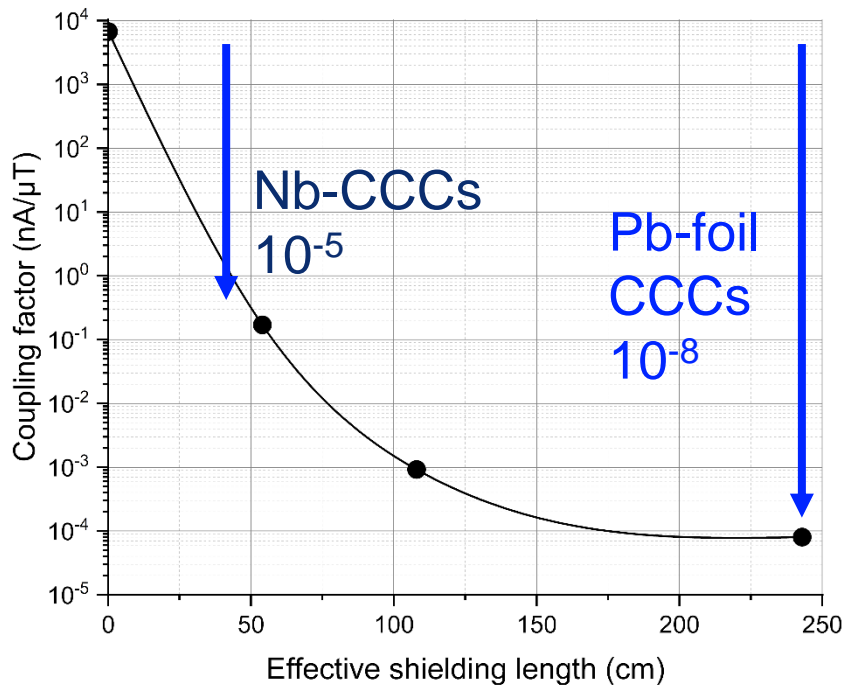
Not real, tubes is shortened by meanders!

## Proposal IPHT:

Lead foil and wrapping inside or outside

⇒ longer effective tube lengths

## Pb-DCCC-Sm-300

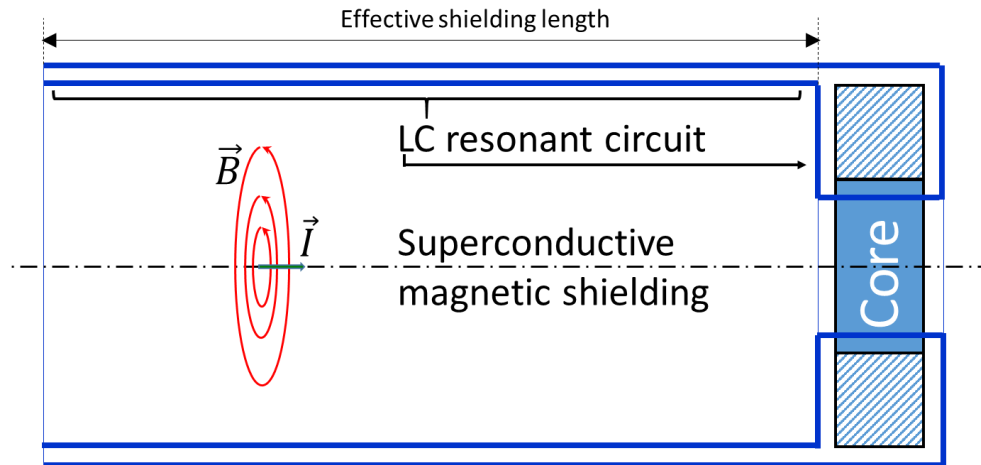
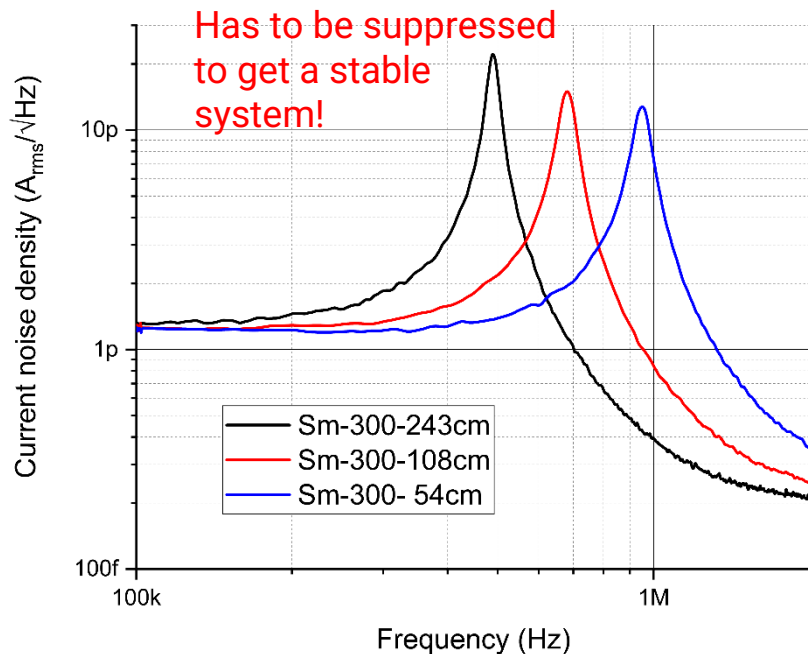


Not real, tubes is shortened by meanders!

# System susceptibility

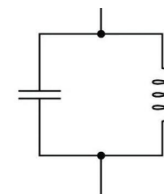
# Magnetic shielding increase

## Pb-DCCC-Sm-300



Q factor  
(Güte)

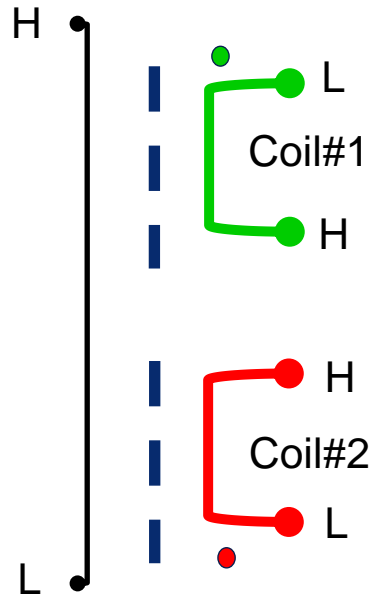
$$Q = R \cdot \sqrt{\frac{C}{L}}$$



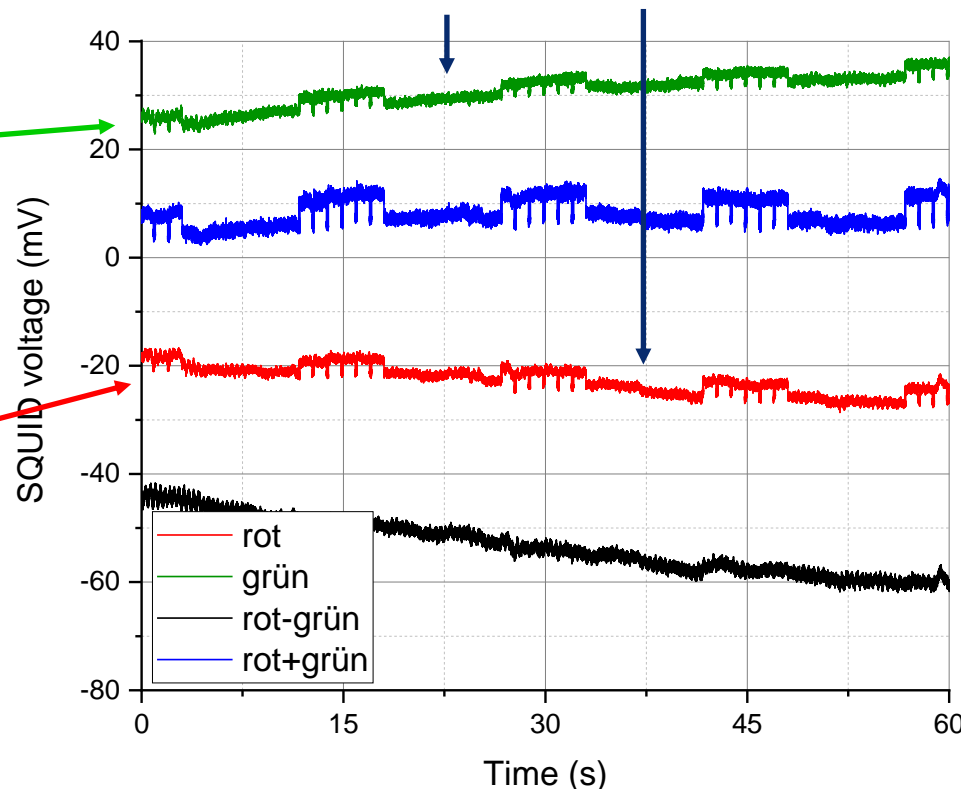
# System susceptibility

# Common mode rejection

DualCore-CCC



100 mW RF @ 434 MHz 6x 1-sec all 15 sec.



false wiring (+)

- Measuring signals compensated
- Disturbance of the double

correct wiring (-)

- Measuring signals of the double
- Disturbance compensated

unpublished



### First results:

1. Grounded electrical shielding is necessary !
2. Be careful with high frequency on the metallic beam tube !



**In progress.**

(End of project Dec. 2024)

### Main goals for the Smart & Small (Sm) series

*Current  
resolution*

$1\text{ nA}_{pp}$

*Frequency  
bandwidth*

$1\text{ MHz}$

*System  
susceptibility*

in progress



## Stabilization CCC-xD versions in beam

*Pb-  
Coreless  
CCC-xD*

*Possible?*

*Pb-  
DualCore  
CCC-xD*

*Reasonable?*

*Kryo-  
system*

*=> GSI*

### Stabilization CCC-xD versions in beam

*Pb-Coreless  
CCC-xD*

- *Excellent magnetic shielding*
- *High frequency problems*

*Pb-  
DualCore  
CCC-xD*

*Reasonable?*

*Kryo-  
system*

*=> GSI*

# Stabilization CCC-xD versions in beam

### *Pb-Coreless CCC-xD*

- *Excellent magnetic shielding*
- *High frequency problems*

### *Pb-DualCore CCC-xD*

- *Excellent magnetic shielding*
- *Better lab parameter*

*Kryo-  
system*

*=> GSI*

# Stabilization CCC-xD versions in beam

### *Pb-Coreless CCC-xD*

- *Excellent magnetic shielding*
- *High frequency problems*

### *Pb-DualCore CCC-xD*

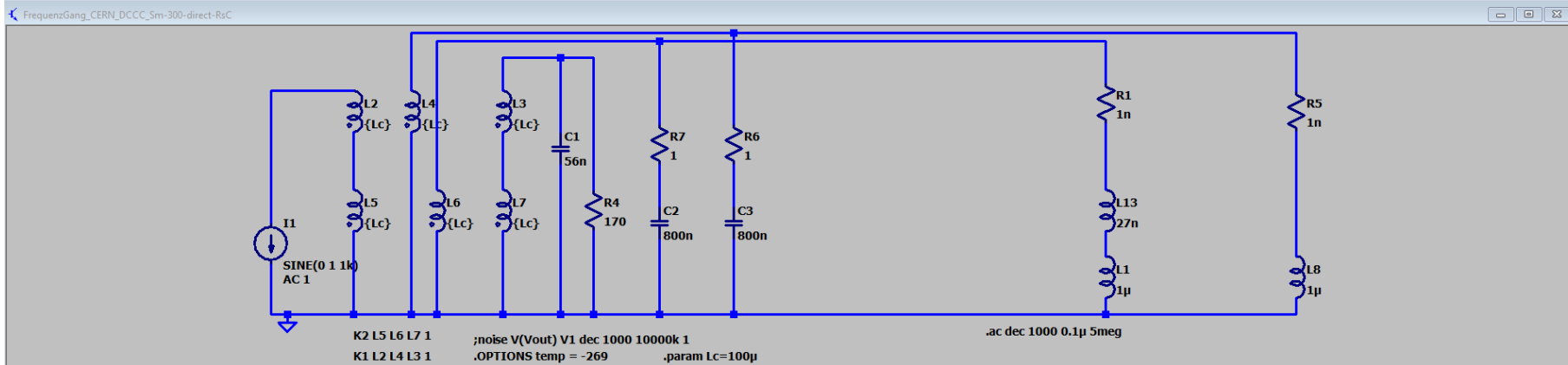
- *Excellent magnetic shielding*
- *Better lab parameter*

*Kryo-  
system*

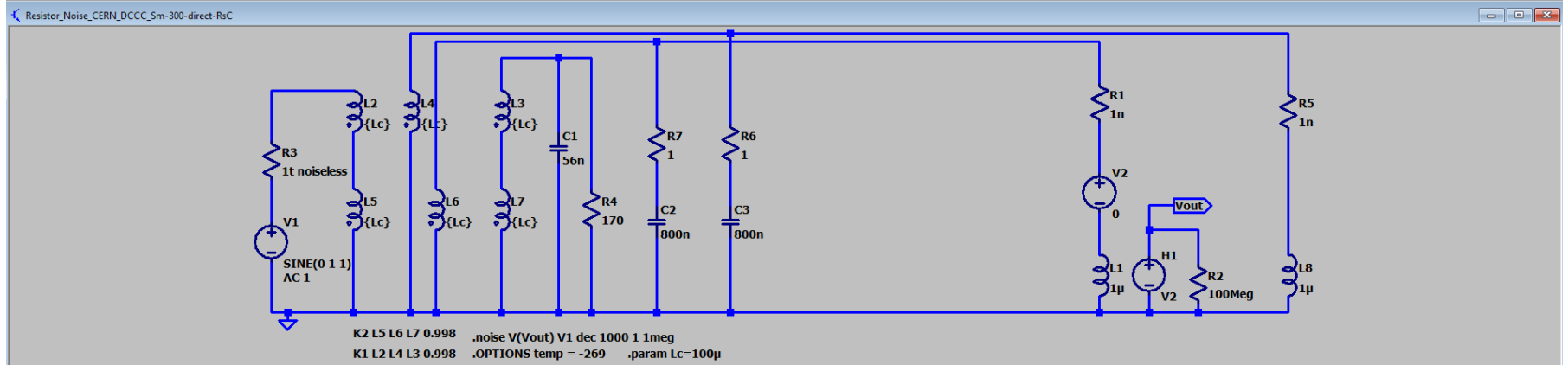
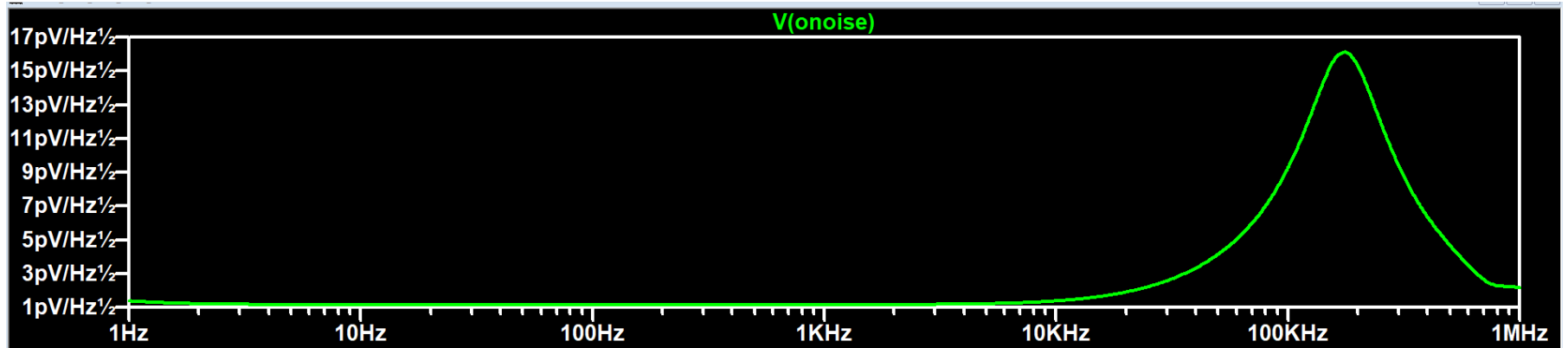
*=> GSI*

# CERN-CCC #2

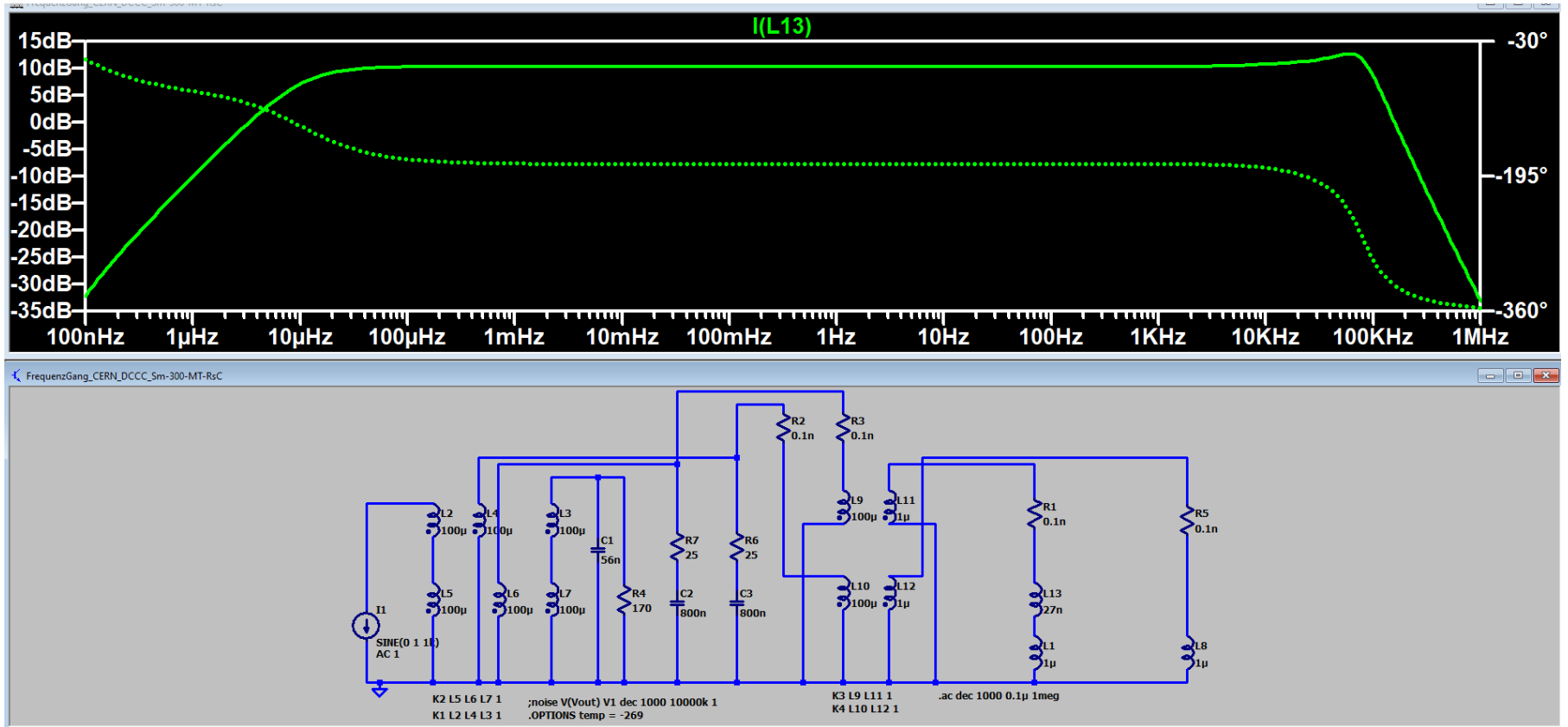
# DualCore Sm version –direct



# DualCore Sm version –direct

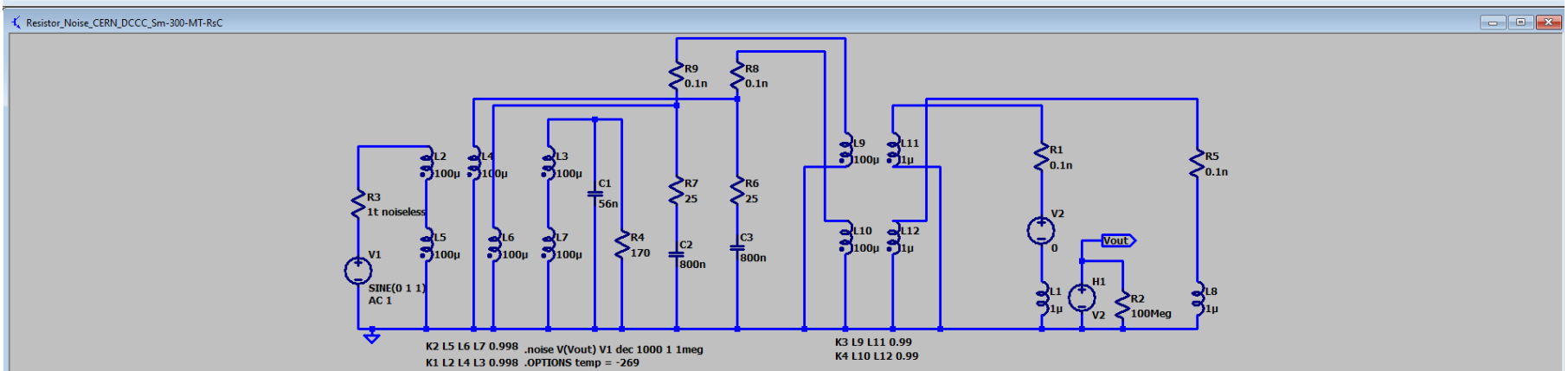
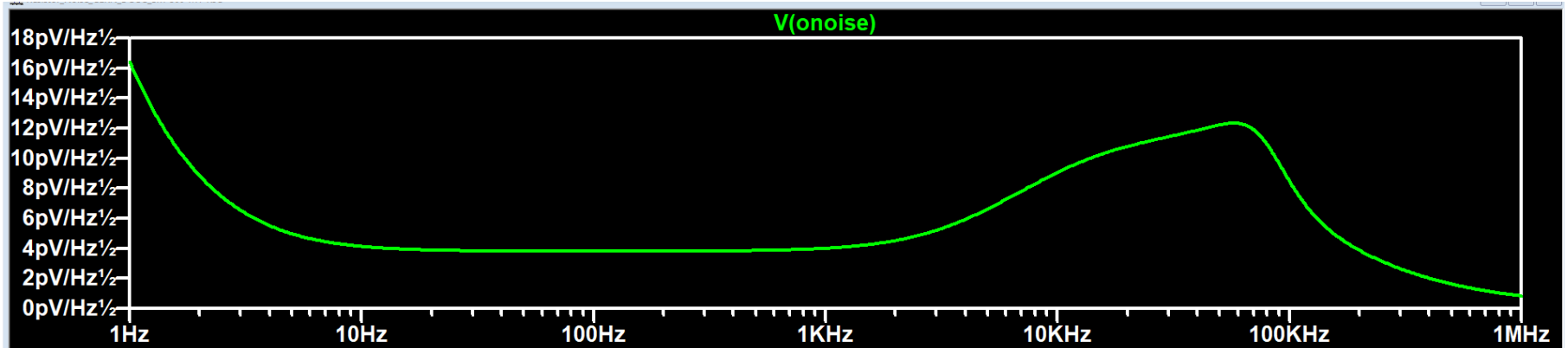


# DualCore Sm version – MT





# DualCore Sm version – MT



# Coreless Sm version (IPHT-CCC)

## Ph.D. in 2023

- David Haider, Uni-Frankfurt,

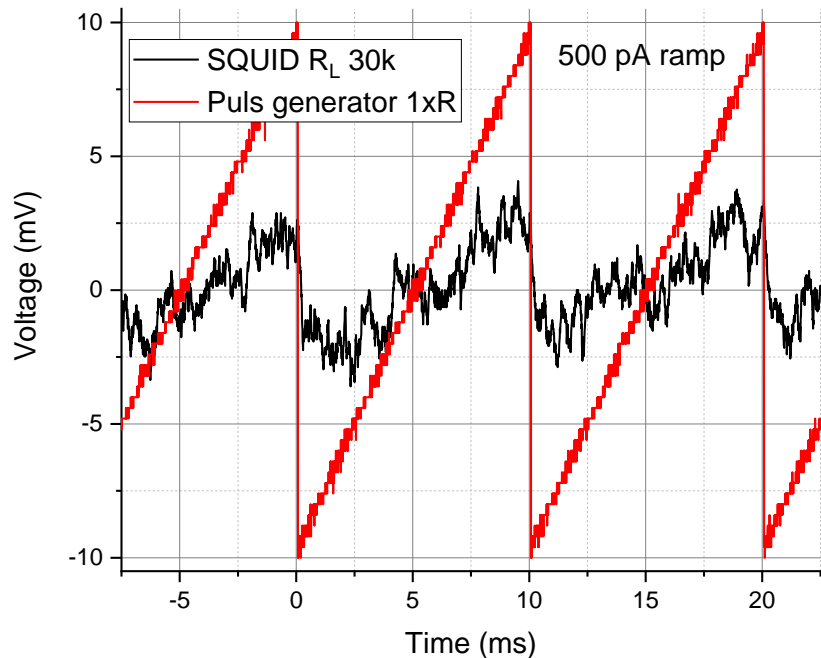
3. July, Suma cum laude

“Precise intensity monitoring at CRYRING@ESR: On designing a Cryogenic Current Comparator for FAIR”

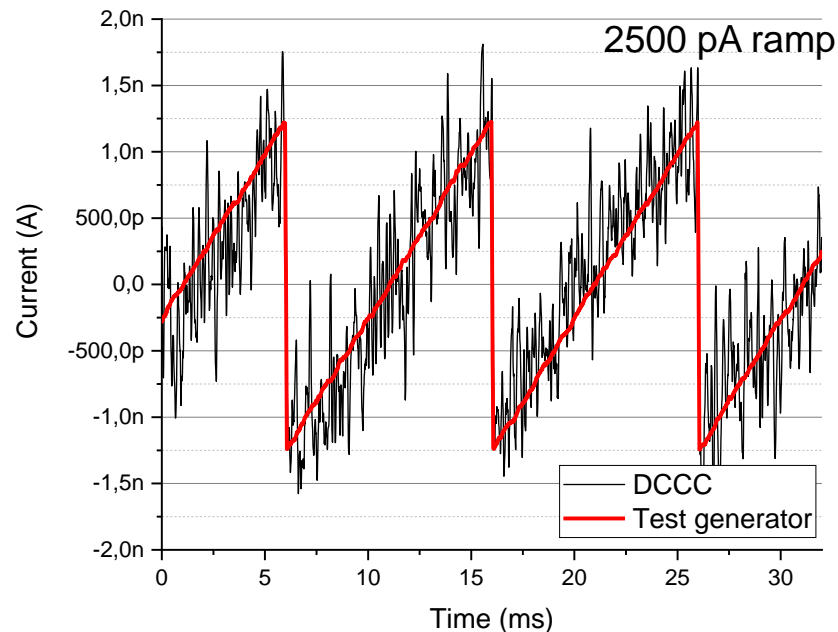
- Creation of a coreless Pb-CCC-xD
- Creation of the cryogenic support system
- Measuring with FAIR-Nb-CCC-xD @ CRYRING@ESR

*doi: 10.21248/gups.74487*

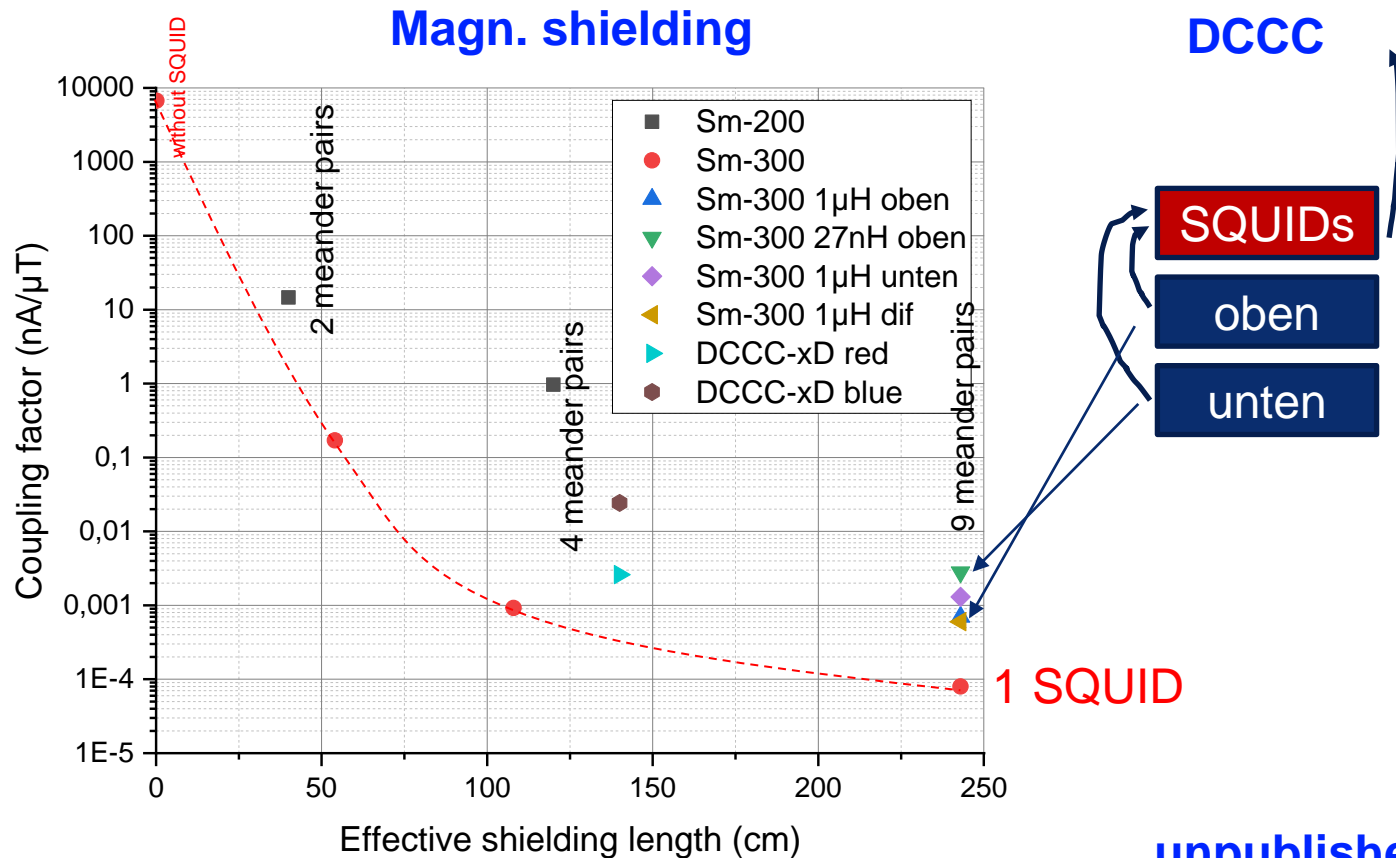
## Undamped



## Final damped version (2x 4.7 $\Omega$ )



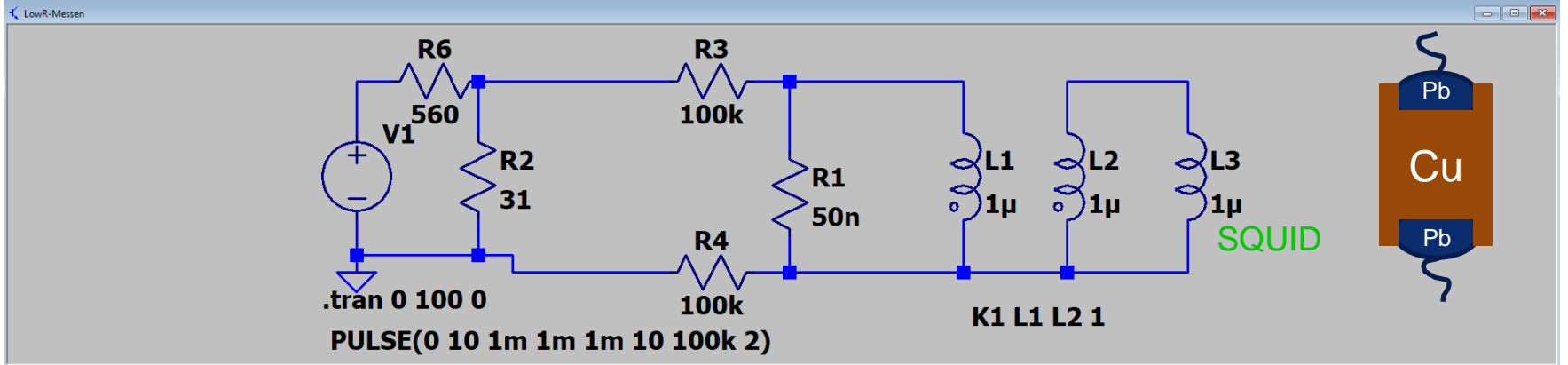
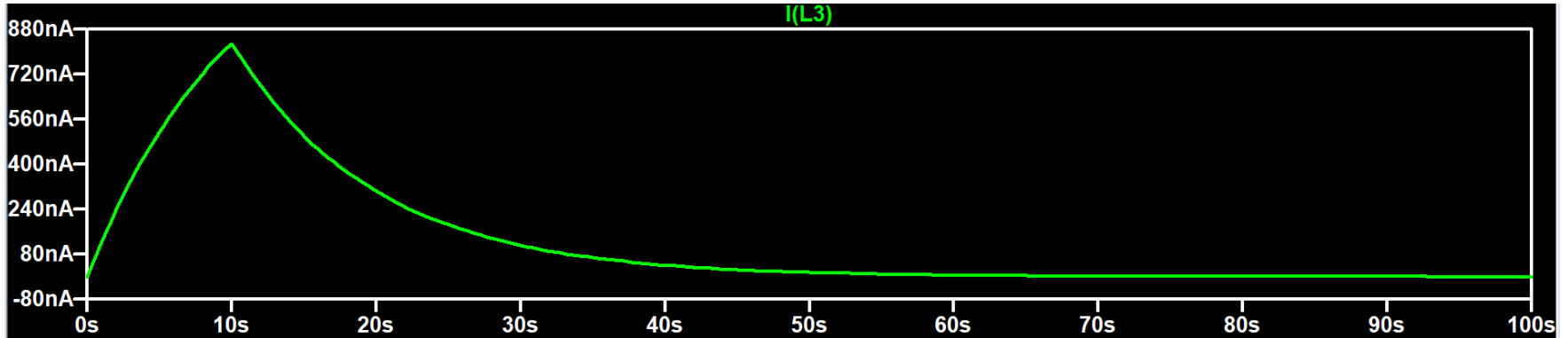
Longer ramp (10 ms)



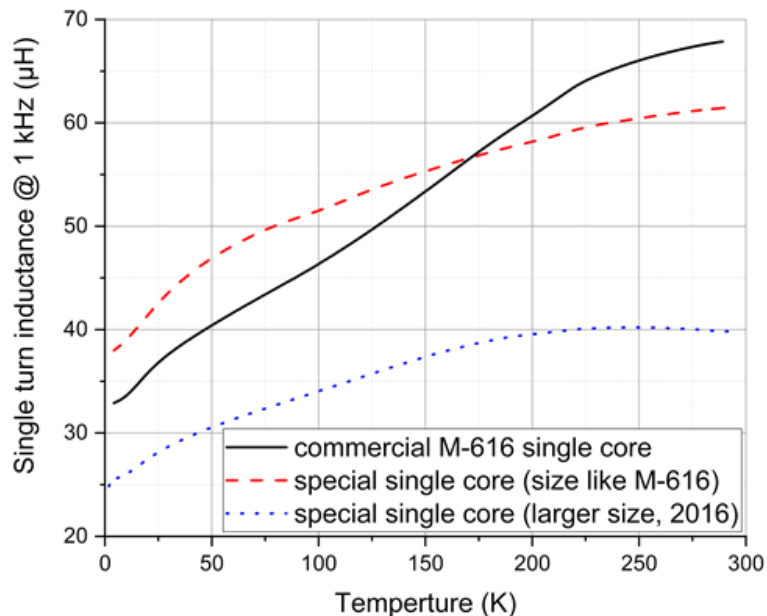
unpublished

# NEXT STEPS

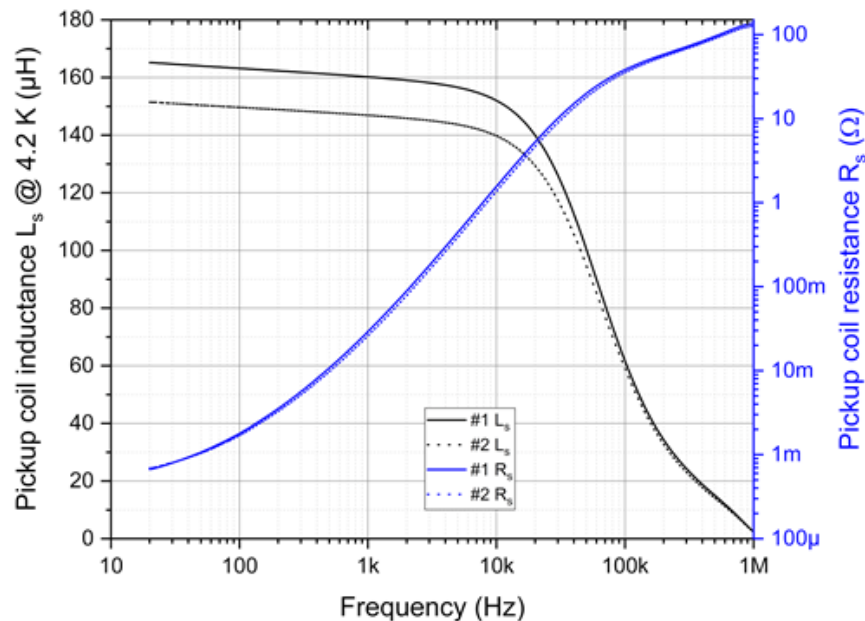
## 2. High-pass: 50 nΩ



## Core material



Temperature-dependent inductance measurements of single cores used for CCC



Frequency-dependent  $L_s R_s$  measurements of the two pickup coils of the Sm-300