# 1st Accelerators Technology Sector Workshop

**Engineering Design Tools and Processes Project Management Methodologies and Tools** 

Chair: Mike Lamont

Interconnecting knowledge, experience, methods, people & data to foster learning & collaboration



ATS
Accelerators and
Technology Sector

# Improving future designs by learning from radioactive waste-management experiences

Jean-Louis Grenard
SY-STI-TCD



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#### Outlook

- Beam Intercepting Devices in a few words
- BIDs design process
- Constraints for final disposal
- ALARA principle
- Return of Experience
- Dry runs and Mock-ups
- Take Home message



#### Primary Beam Intercepting Devices in a few words

Systems witch intercept beam from a fraction its entirety

Interactions of beam with systems (partial e.g. collimators, full e.g. targets and beam dumps)

- Beam cleaning and control → Collimators, Scrapers, Strippers, Slits
- Particle production → Targets
- Safety functions → Beam Stoppers, Beam Dumps

Devices protect delicate equipment, must withstand operation and accident failure scenarios

Built to receive high energy deposition and subsequent thermal load

Residual radioactivation is a result of the interaction of the beam with the BID systems

CERN's most radioactive equipment

### INTERCEPTING THE BEAMS



### SY-STI Beam Intercepting Devices Overview

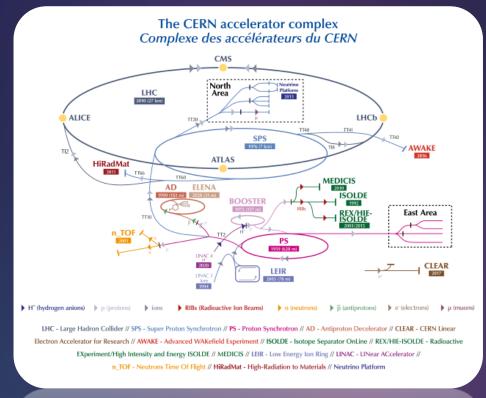


LHC collimators ~120

AD target

n\_TOF target

ISOLDE target ~30 targets/years



~300 ASSETs with a large diversity
From a couple of kg to several 10<sup>th</sup> of tons

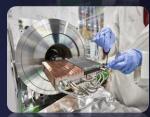
LHC Beam Dumps



**SPS Beam Dumps** 



**PS Internal Dump** 



Beam stoppers





#### Beam Intercepting Devices Lifecycle

Different stakeholders across the lifecycle:

- Design offices
- Workshops
- Control teams
- Installation teams
- Radiation protection
- Transport and Handling
- Cooling and Ventilation
- Operation



Stakeholders brings along the lifecycle:

- Expertise
- Integrate their standard subsystems
- Integrate their return of experience



#### BIDs design



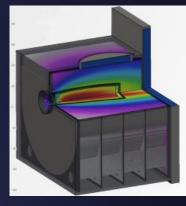
Functional specification BE-OP/ABP SY-ABT BE-EA

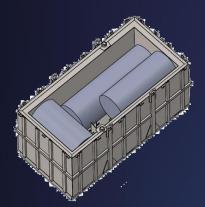


Initial concept SY-STI



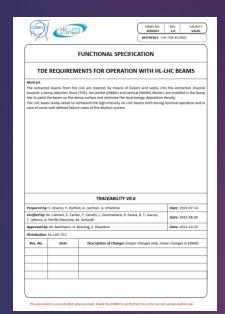






cement and I disposal

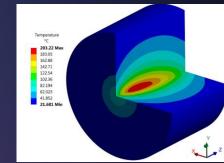
Replacement and Final disposal evaluation HSE-RP SY-STI



Energy deposition and Thermomechanical studies SY-STI









Radiation Protection assessment and optimization HSE-RP



System design SY-STI EN-MME









#### **Constraints for final disposal**

By regulations CERN must send radioactive wastes to final repository





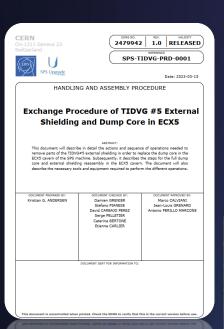
- Different requirements from the 2 host states authorities (type, size of containers...)
- Radioactive waste to be sorted safely for very long term (hundreds of years)
- (Chemical) Reactions to be considered between packing and stored material (e.g. water-aluminium cracks creation)
- Very long process (15 years to dispose the n\_TOF target #1)
- Requirement to have all documentation attached to ASSET →







## **ALARA** principle



Time Procedures, Training, Tools

LHC External Dump autopsy

**Distance** Tools, Shielding



Shielding Concrete, Marble, Iron, Lead





SPS Internal Beam Dump (shielding open)

ALARA BY DESIGN



#### Return of experience installation / removal

Preparation

- Simulations
- Definition of a sequence
- Review(s) by internal and external experts

Execution

Records during the installation

End of activity

- Documentation of Return of Experience
- As built documentation (3d models, procedures)

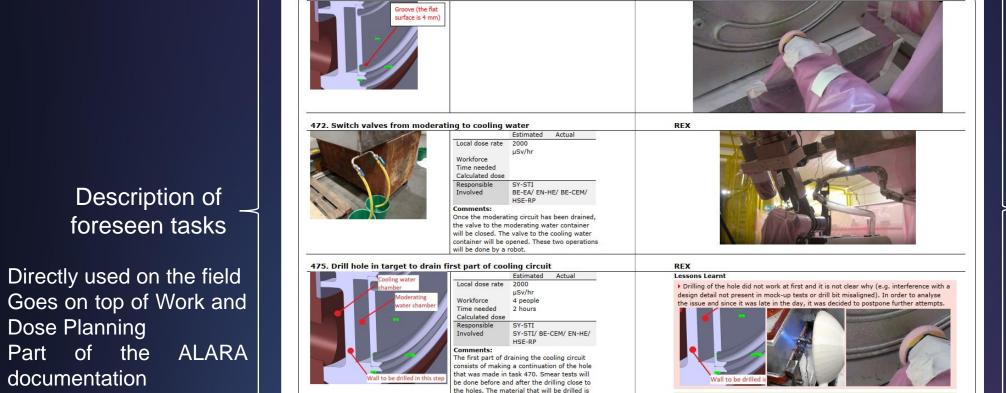


Joint work by different stakeholders



#### Return of experience installation / removal

EN-AW-5083



Intervention was performed in the following working day.

Description of as executed including changes and lessons learnt

2424848 1.0 RELEASED

EDMS: TOF-TAR-ER-0001

Dose Planning

of

documentation

Description of



#### Dry runs and Mock-ups

#### As part of ALARA principle

- Demonstrate feasibility
- Assess methodology
- Additional chance to further optimize process
- Teams training
- Demonstrate remote handling capability
- Check recovery plans









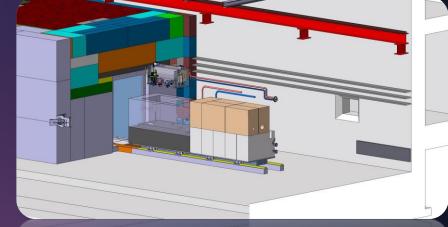
Implementation of the Return of Experience in new

designs

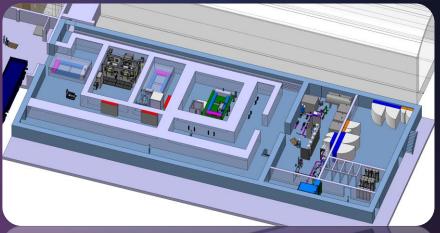
How are we going to implement this for future facilities?

The case of HI-ECN3 Beam Dump Facility Project

- Design jointly merging functional requirements with requirements of the Host States authorities for final disposal
- Design ready for material separation & waste packaging
- Infrastructure for waste packaging foreseen as part of target complex
- Remote handling largely implemented as per dose rates increases



BDF target handling in case of replacement



BDF target complex building with service cell



### Take Home message

- Design of the systems should be integrated around the lifecycle in its entirety
- ALARA principle must be included in the design from the beginning
- Integration of different stakeholders in the Return of Experience
- Waste packaging for final disposal to be considered from the beginning of a Project
- Methodology for the handling of radioactive objects required for whole lifecycle
- Full set of documentation to be kept along lifecycle of the systems.

Design and Lifecycle:
The 2 keys parameters to handle radioactive systems





#### Remote Handling Design guidelines

Several CERN modules developed

- Handling life cycle
- Checklist
- Fasteners
- Guides systems

American Nuclear Society - Design Guides

Remote Handling - ITER code of Practice

More to come with ongoing projects

All those to ease dismantling once radioactive

