

# **Thematic CERN School of Computing on Machine Learning 2024**

**Sunday 13 October 2024 - Saturday 19 October 2024**

**MedILS, Split, Croatia**

## **Scientific Programme**

The school will focus on the theme of **Machine Learning** and **Artificial Intelligence** applied to **Data Analysis** and **Accelerator Technology**. The programme will offer 22 hours of lectures and hands-on exercises, and student presentation sessions.

The final programme and lecture timetable will be released before the beginning of the school.

## Track 1: A summary of Machine Learning Methods

### Introduction to data analysis

What is a PDF, frequentist and bayesian probabilities, parameter estimation with the likelihood method, hypothesis testing, Monte Carlo methods, unfolding...

### Classical Machine Learning

definition of machine learning, classification problem and Fisher discriminant, basic decision tree with math behind it, simple neural network with math behind it

### Introduction to deep learning

simple forward networks, gradients and learning algorithms, generalization and overfitting

### Advanced deep learning

Regularization techniques, Data preprocessing for deep learning, Specific architectures like Convolutional Neural Networks, common pitfalls and best practices, ...

## Track 2: Machine Learning in Accelerator Technologies

### Machine Learning for particle accelerators

- main use cases and applications

### Bayesian Optimisation

### Introduction to Reinforcement Learning

### Advanced concepts for Reinforcement Learning

(4 hours of lectures and 3 hours of hands-on exercises)

## Track 3: Machine Learning in Data Analysis

### Introduction to Machine Learning for HEP, Anomaly detection and real time applications:

Intro on the evolution of ML use in HEP, data challenges in terms of rate, complexity and required accuracy.

Real time applications with

focus in particular on anomaly detection ( examples from trigger, but it would be interesting to include the state of heart in terms of data quality monitoring)

### The data reconstruction step a pattern recognition problem:

- CNN, GNN, transformers architectures
- Examples from tracking and jet reconstruction/calorimetry

**Generative Models for HEP:**

- GANs, Flow, Diffusions
- Examples primarily from detector simulation and event generation

**Systematics in ML:**

- Experimental and Model uncertainties in ML
- Concepts of trustable and explainable AI

(4 hours of lectures and 3 hours of hands-on exercises)