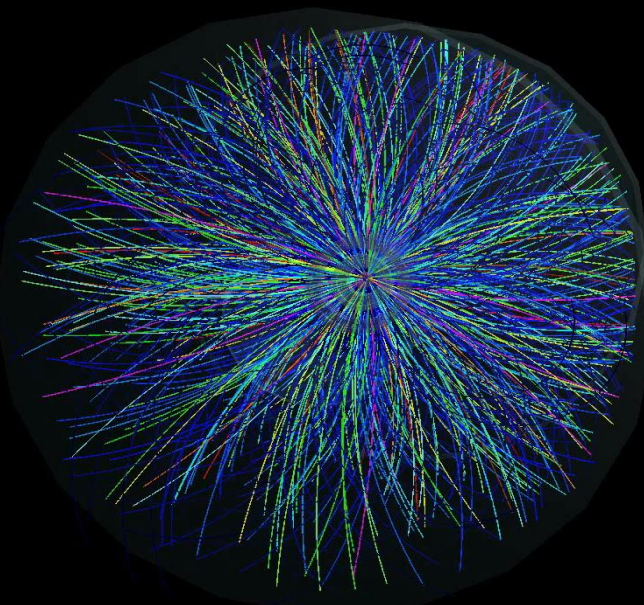
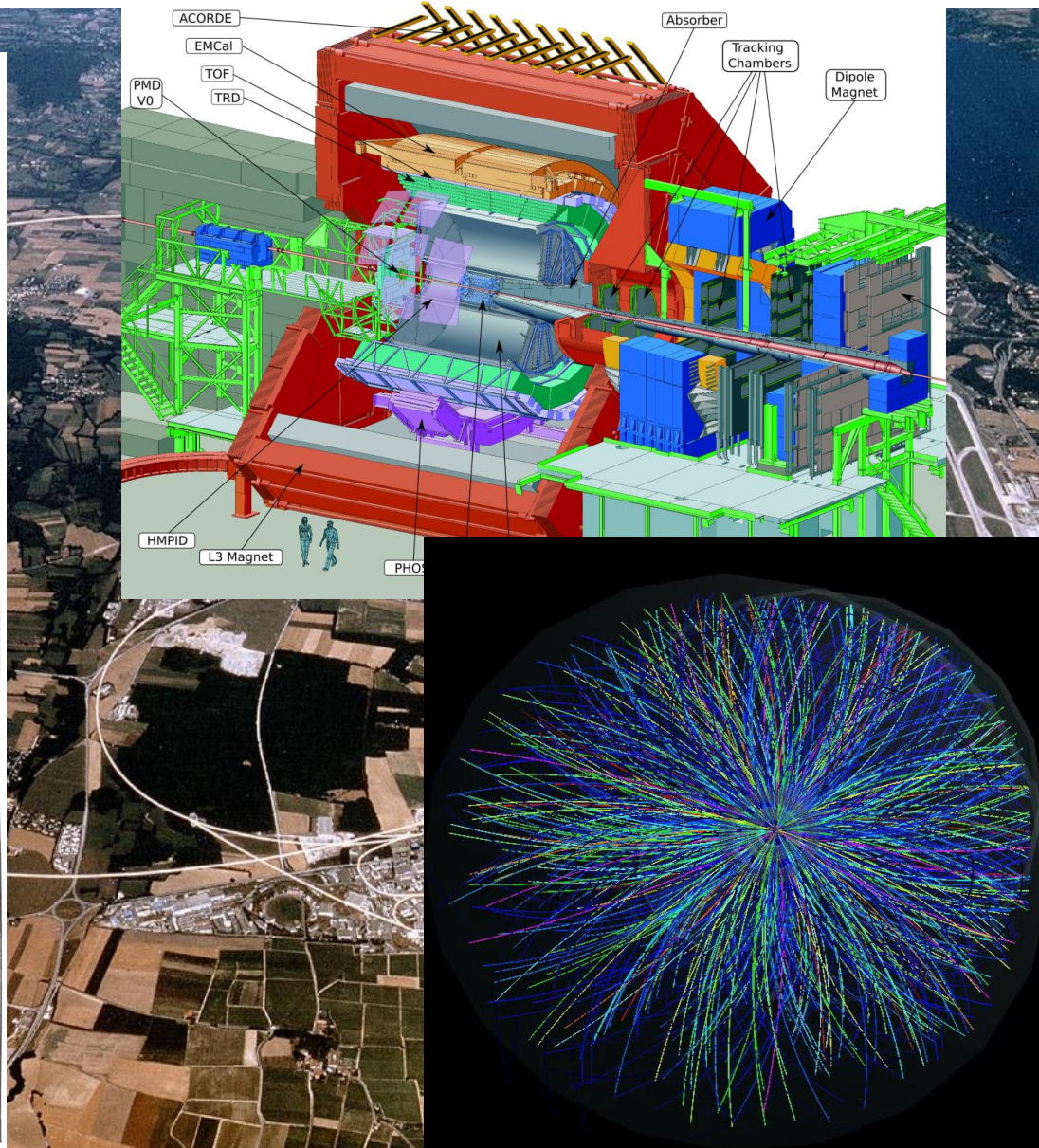
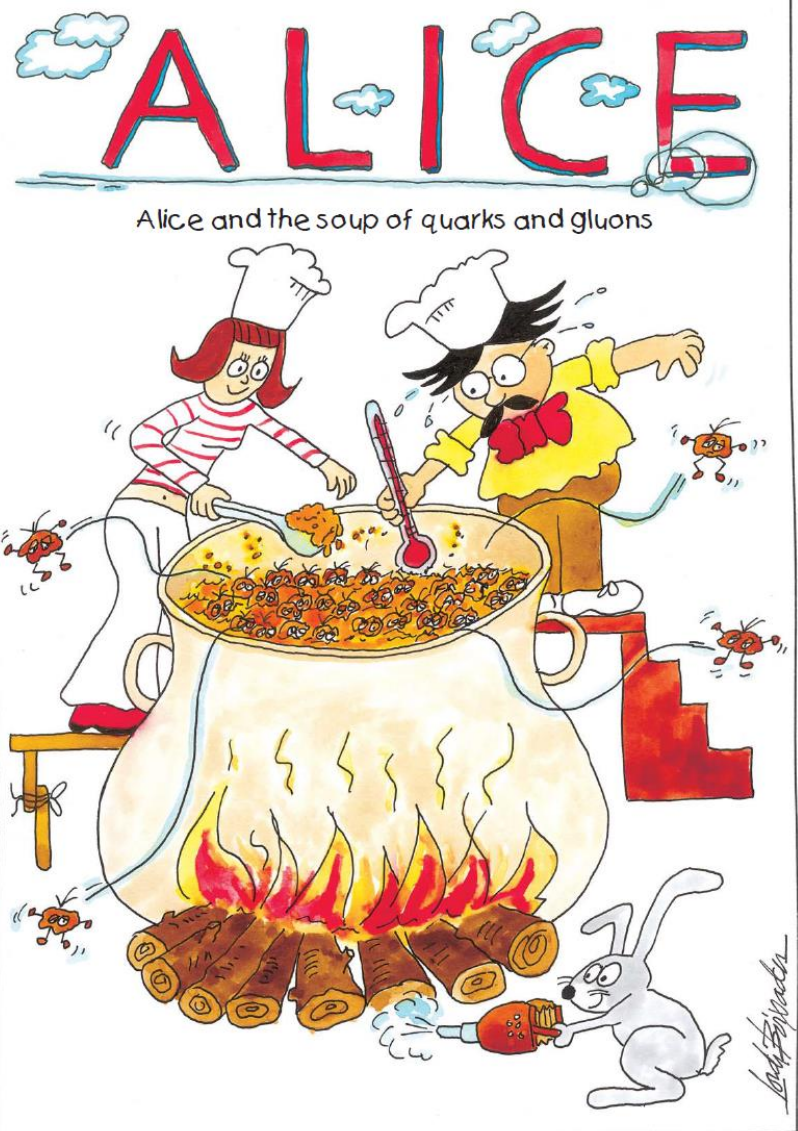


Kvark-gluon suppen og ALICE

Teachers Training Programme, CERN, 6. februar 2025
Børge Svane Nielsen, Niels Bohr Institutet, København

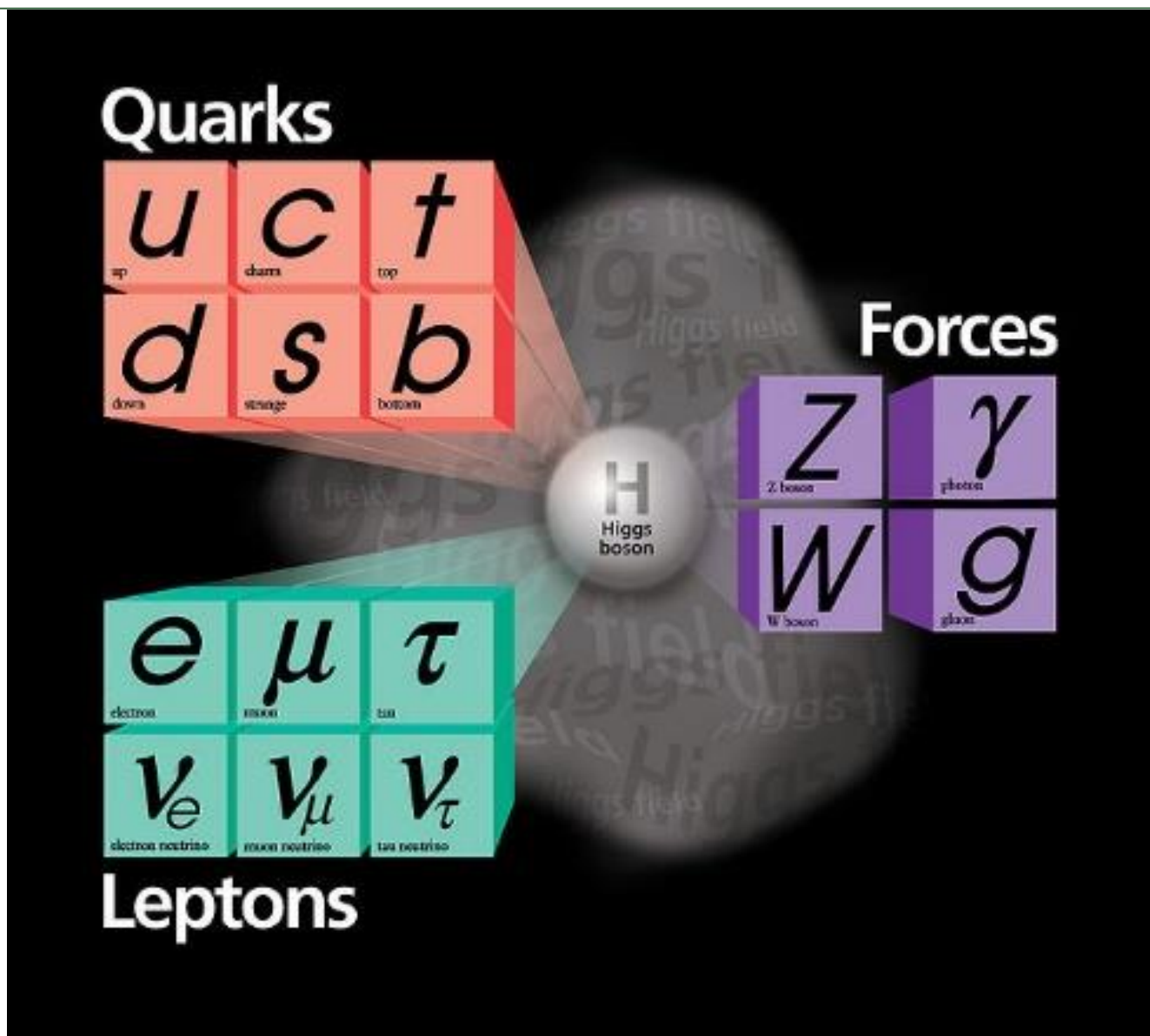


Kvark-suppen og ALICE

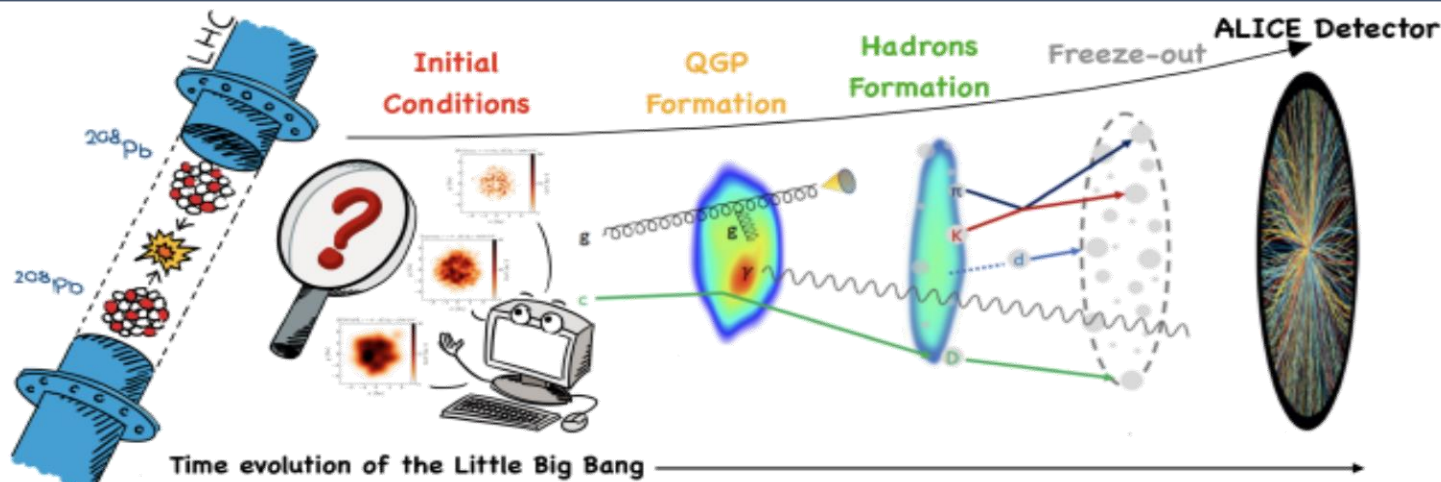
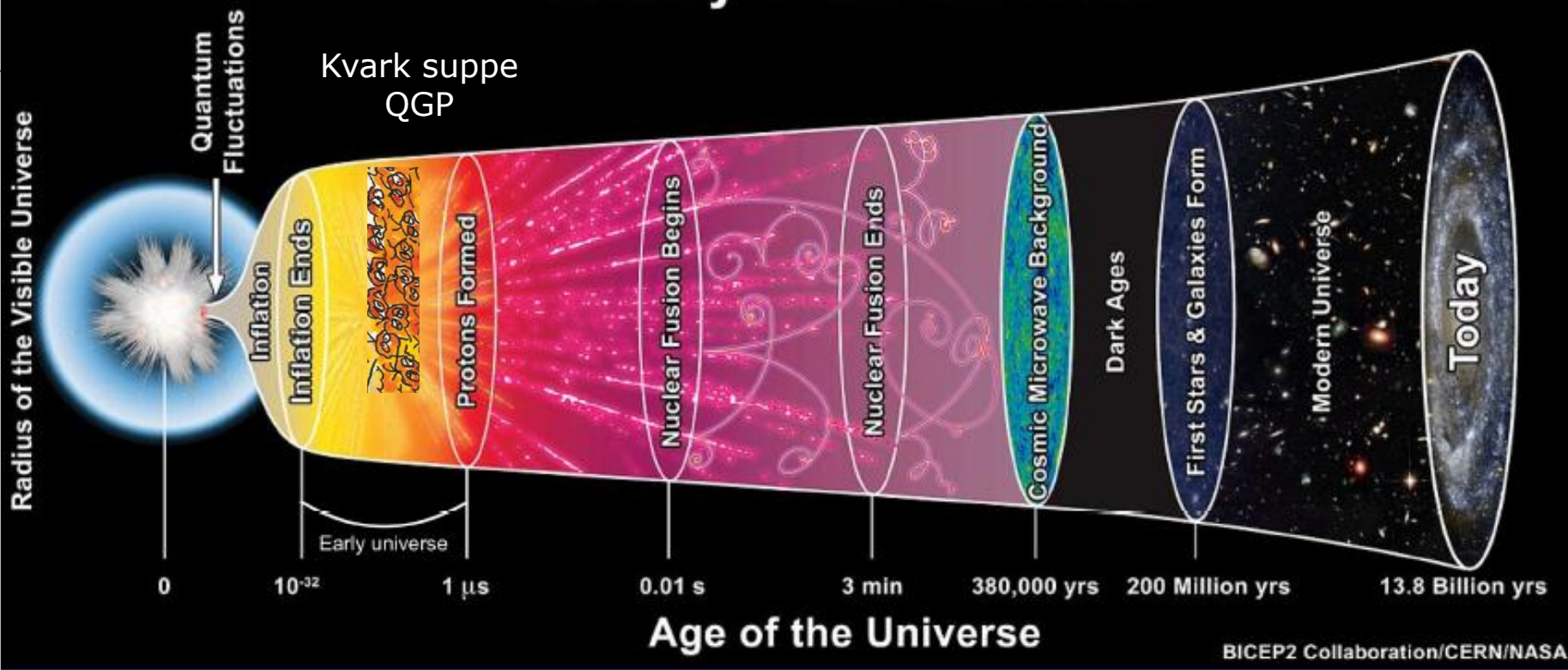




Standardmodellen

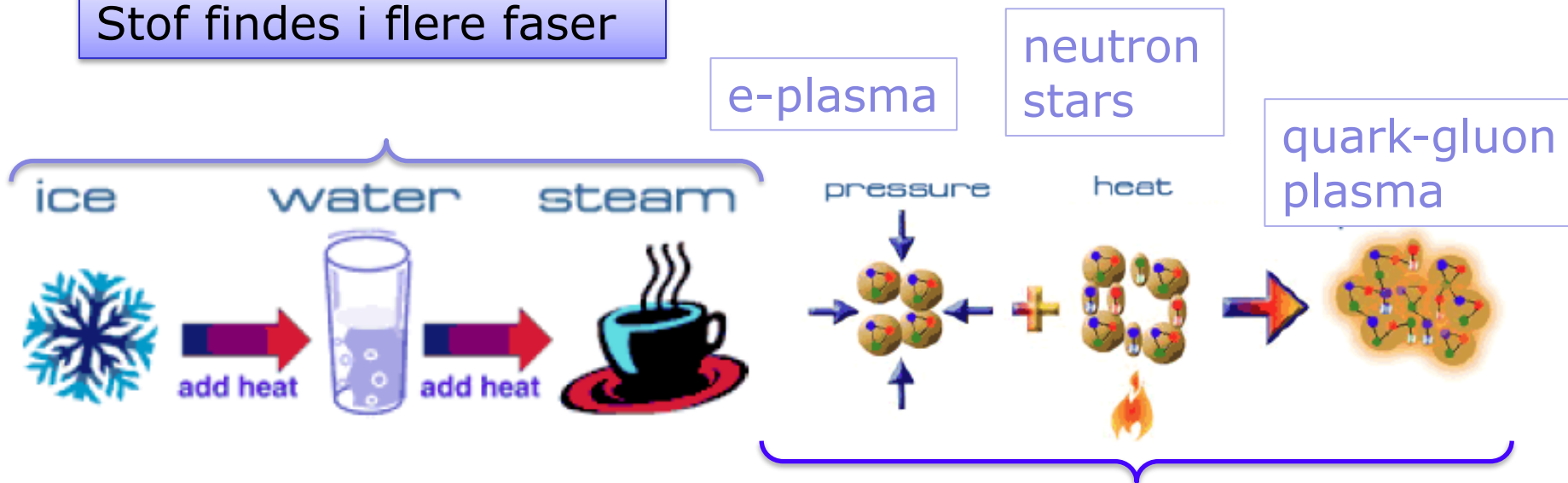


History of the Universe



Hvordan laver man Universets "urstof"?

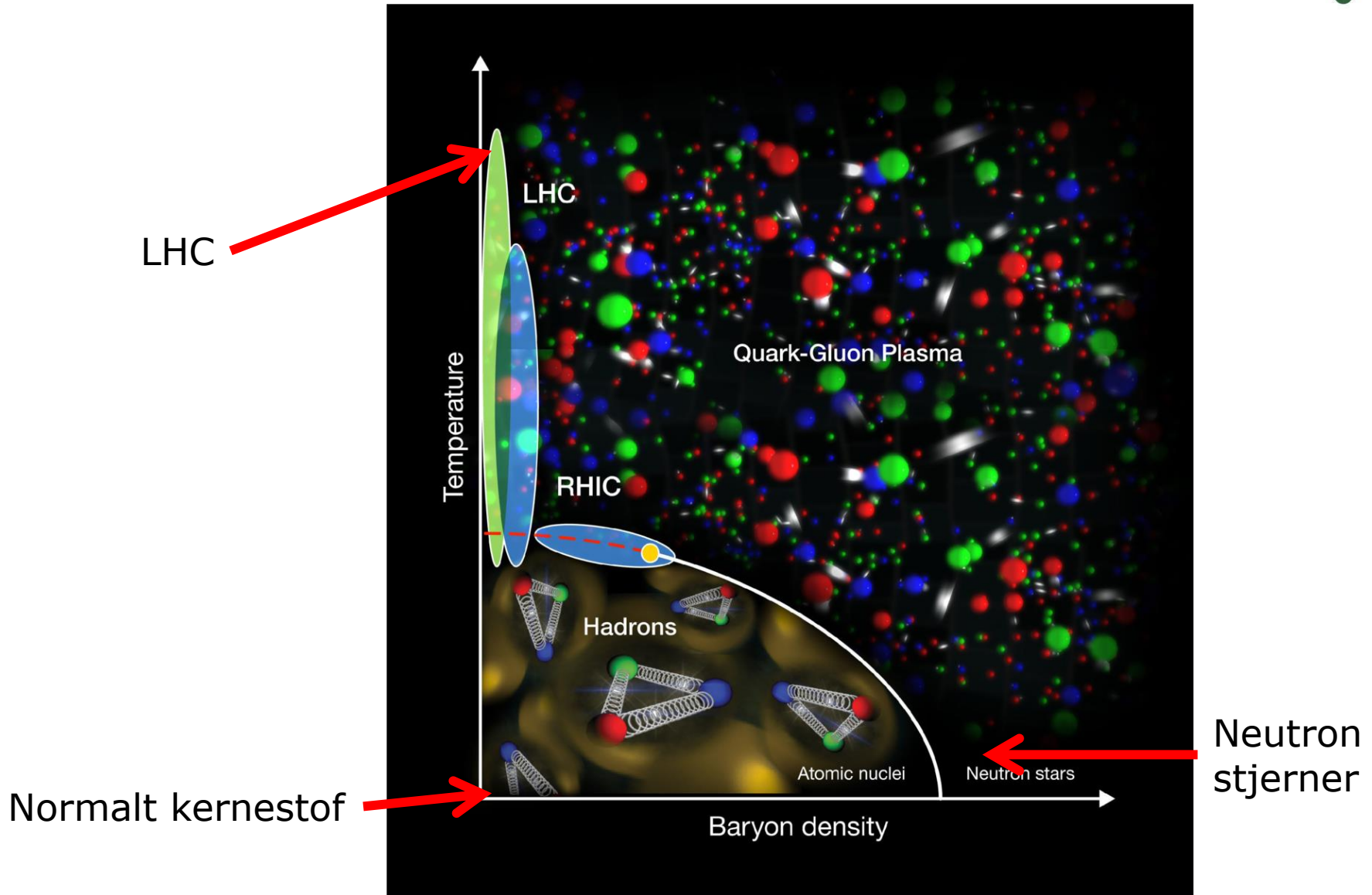
Stof findes i flere faser



- Er det muligt at smelte atomkerner?
- Hvis vi kan gøre det, kan vi forstå det meget tidlige Univers
- Varme + tryk: Blykerner i en accelerator!

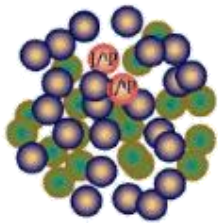
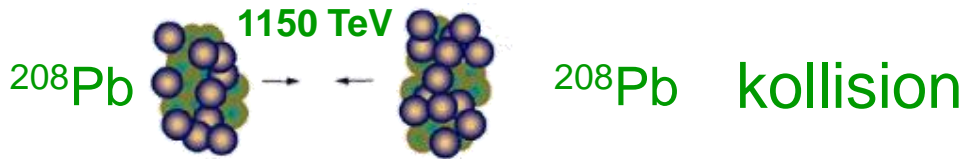


Fasediagram for atomkernestof



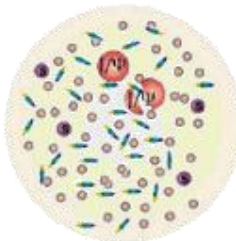


Tunge ioner i LHC



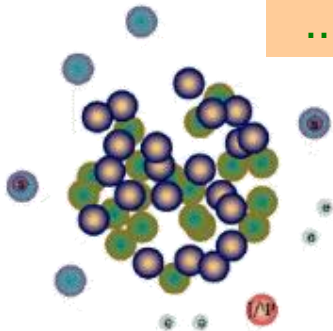
superkerne med
høj energi

?

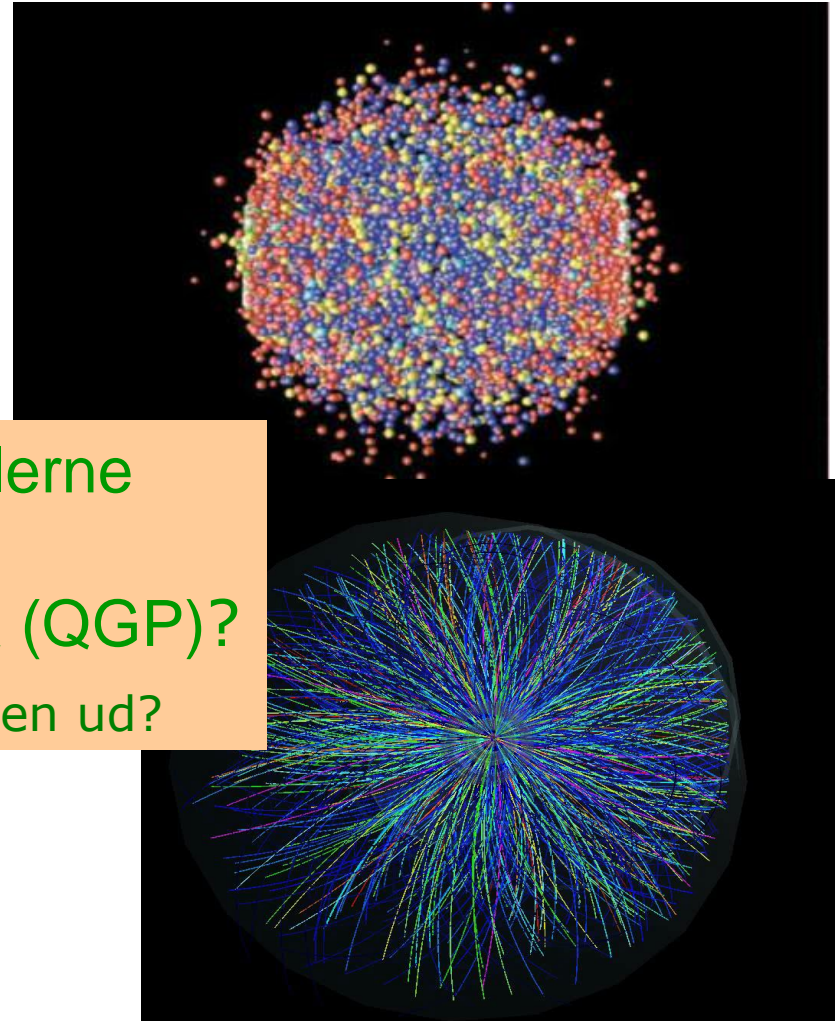


smelter kernepartiklerne
sammen til et
kvark-gluon plasma (QGP)?

...og hvordan ser suppen ud?



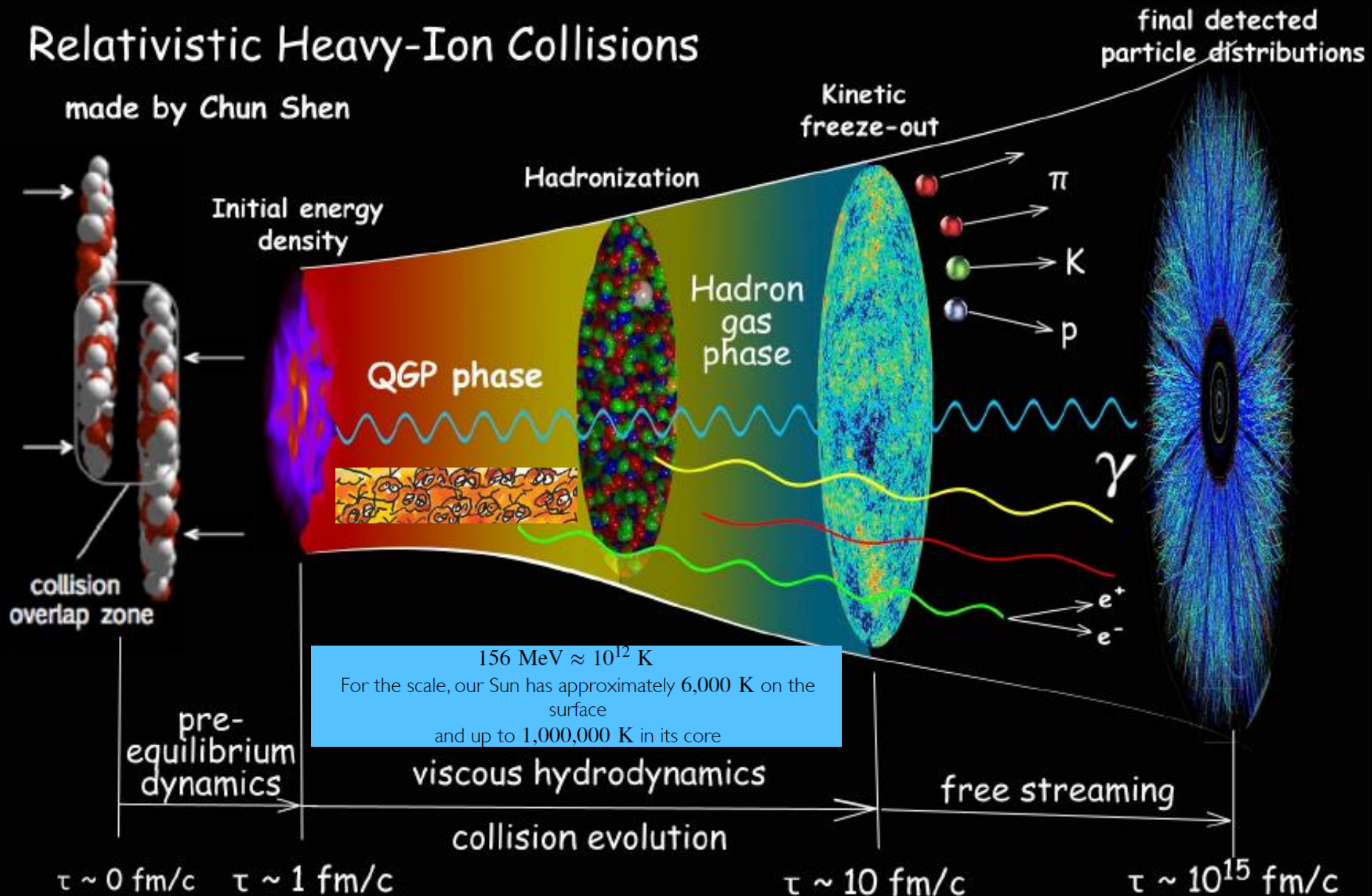
mini Big Bang



Tunge ioner i ALICE -- mini Big Bang

Relativistic Heavy-Ion Collisions

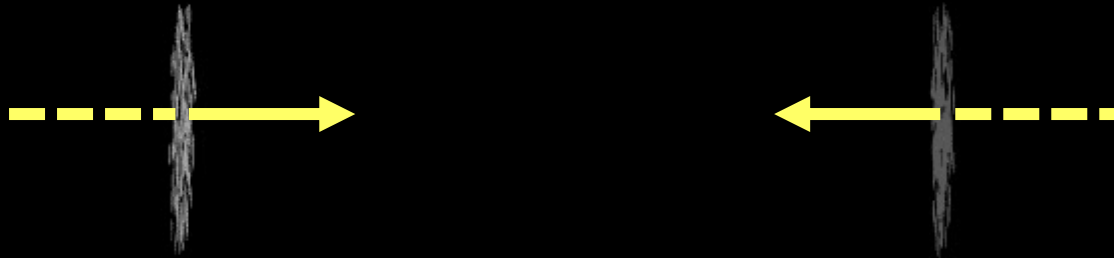
made by Chun Shen





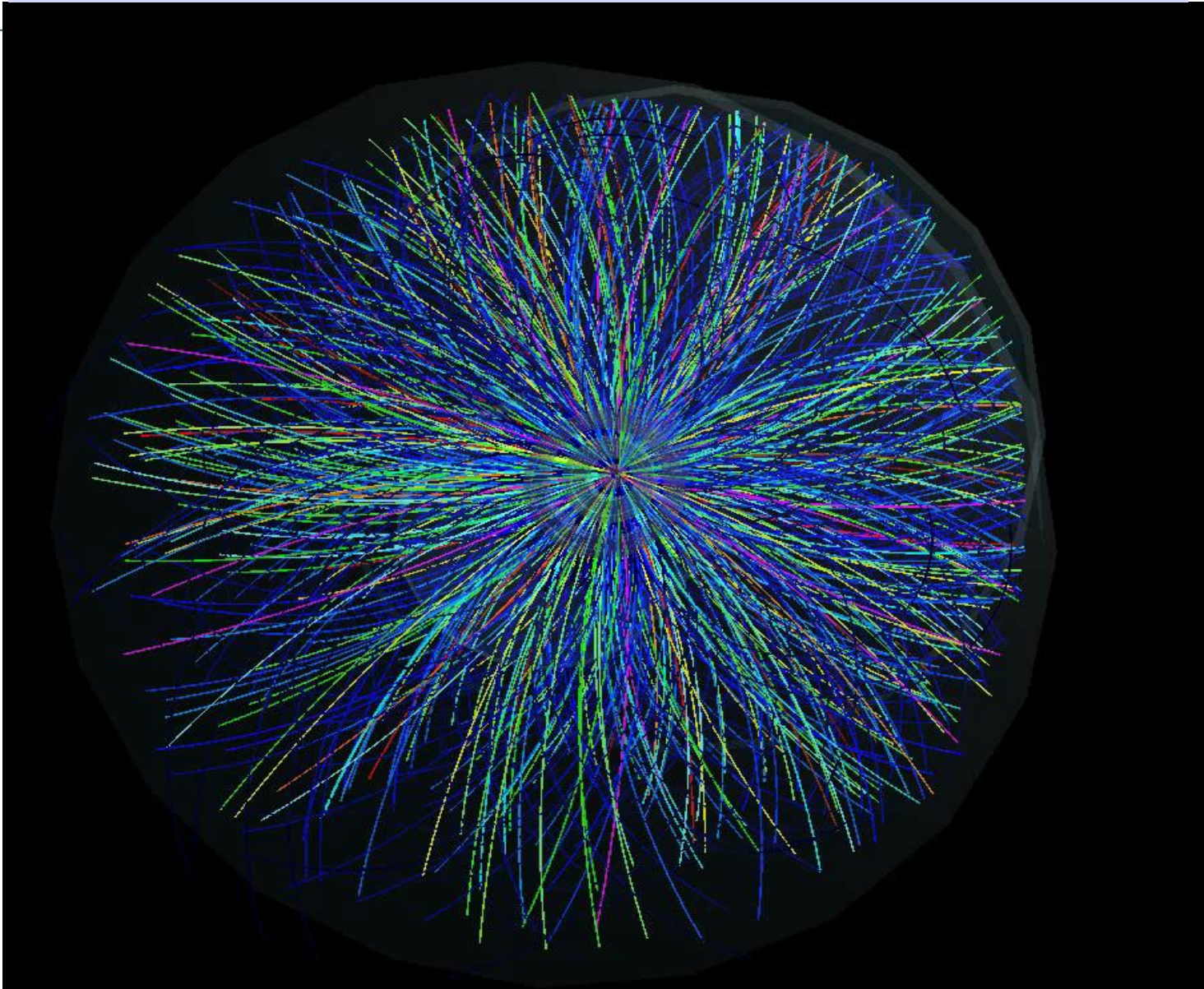
Pb+Pb $E_{cm}=5.5$ TeV

$t=-19.00$ fm/c



H. Weber / UrQMD Frankfurt/M

Pb-Pb sammenstød, 574 TeV, set i ALICE





ALICE

Alice and the soup of quarks and gluons



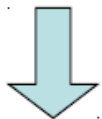
Hvordan ved vi at kvarksuppen (QGP) dannes i partikel-sammenstød?

Hvordan ser suppen ud?



"Flow" i Pb-Pb kollisioner

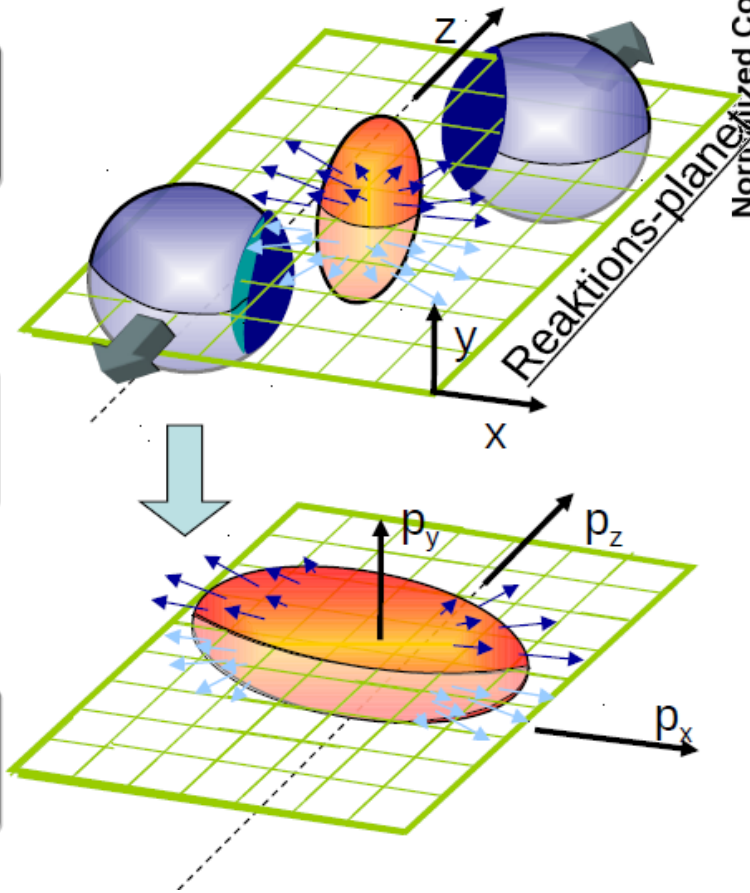
Rumlig asymmetri



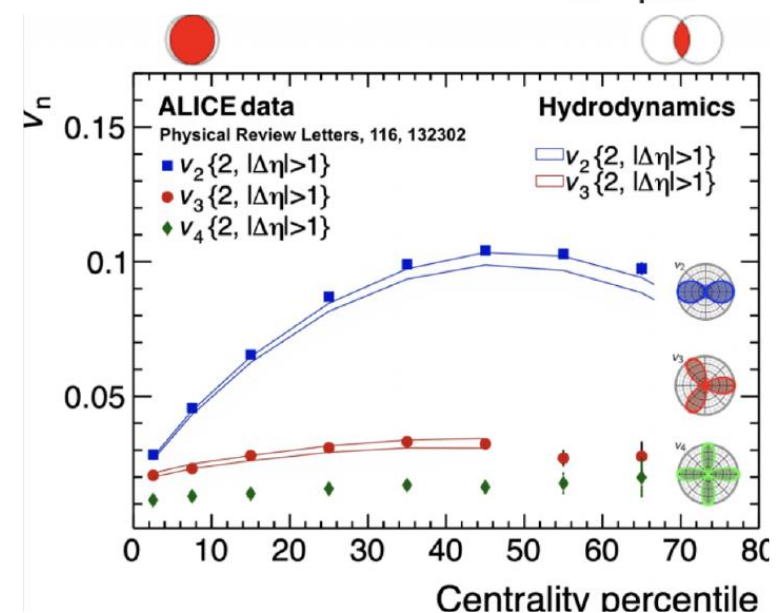
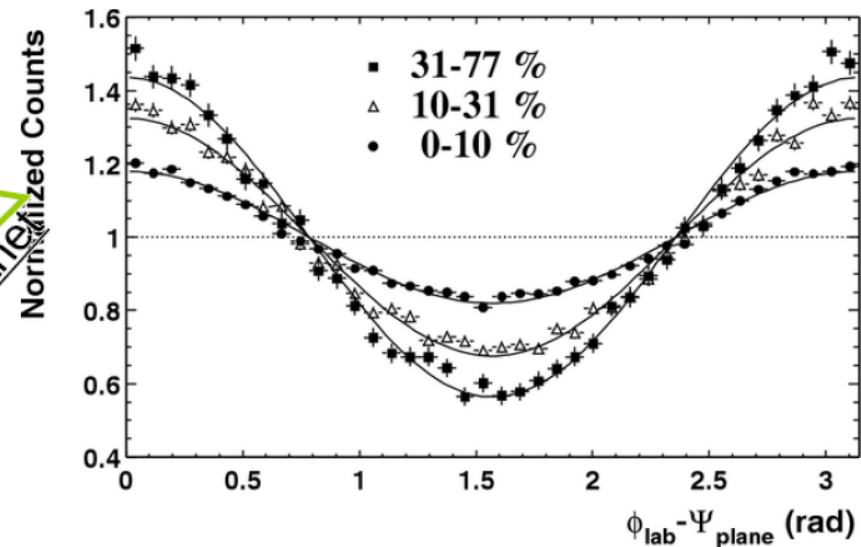
Store tryk gradienter



Azimutal anisotropi



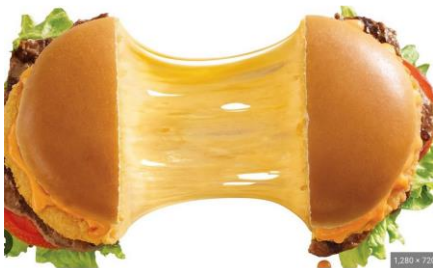
Flow målt \Rightarrow stoffet reagerer kollektivt
 \Rightarrow nukleonerne findes ikke mere





Hvad ved vi om kvarksuppen?

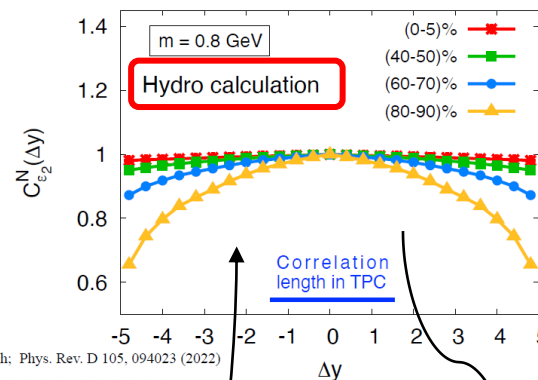
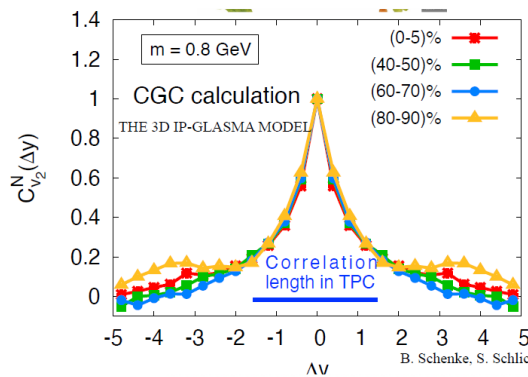
Flydende ost?



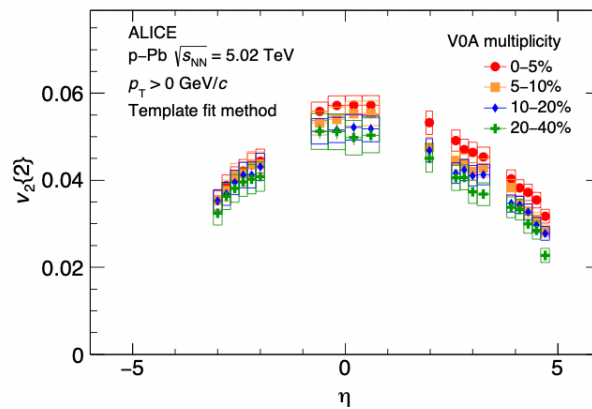
Suppe?



Modelberegninger:



ALICE data:



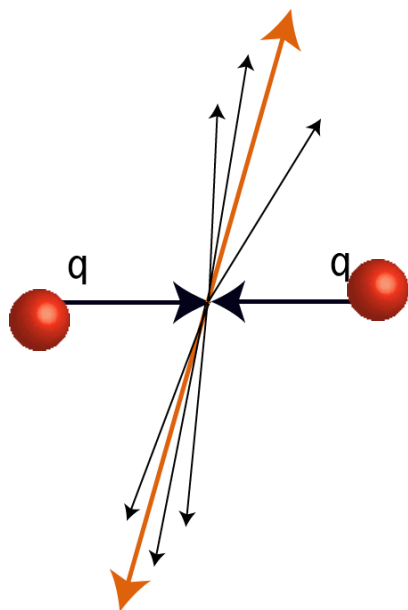
Konklusion:
Suppen har meget lav viskositet -- flydende



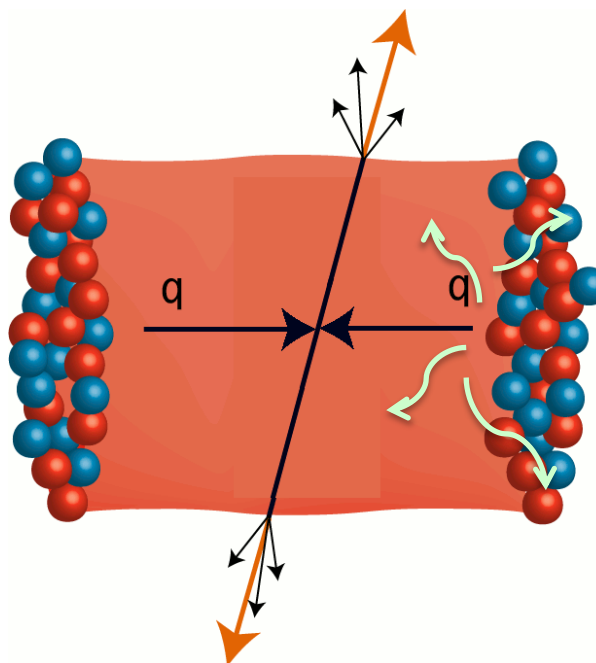
Tomografi af atomkerner: p+p vs. Pb+Pb kollisioner



p+p

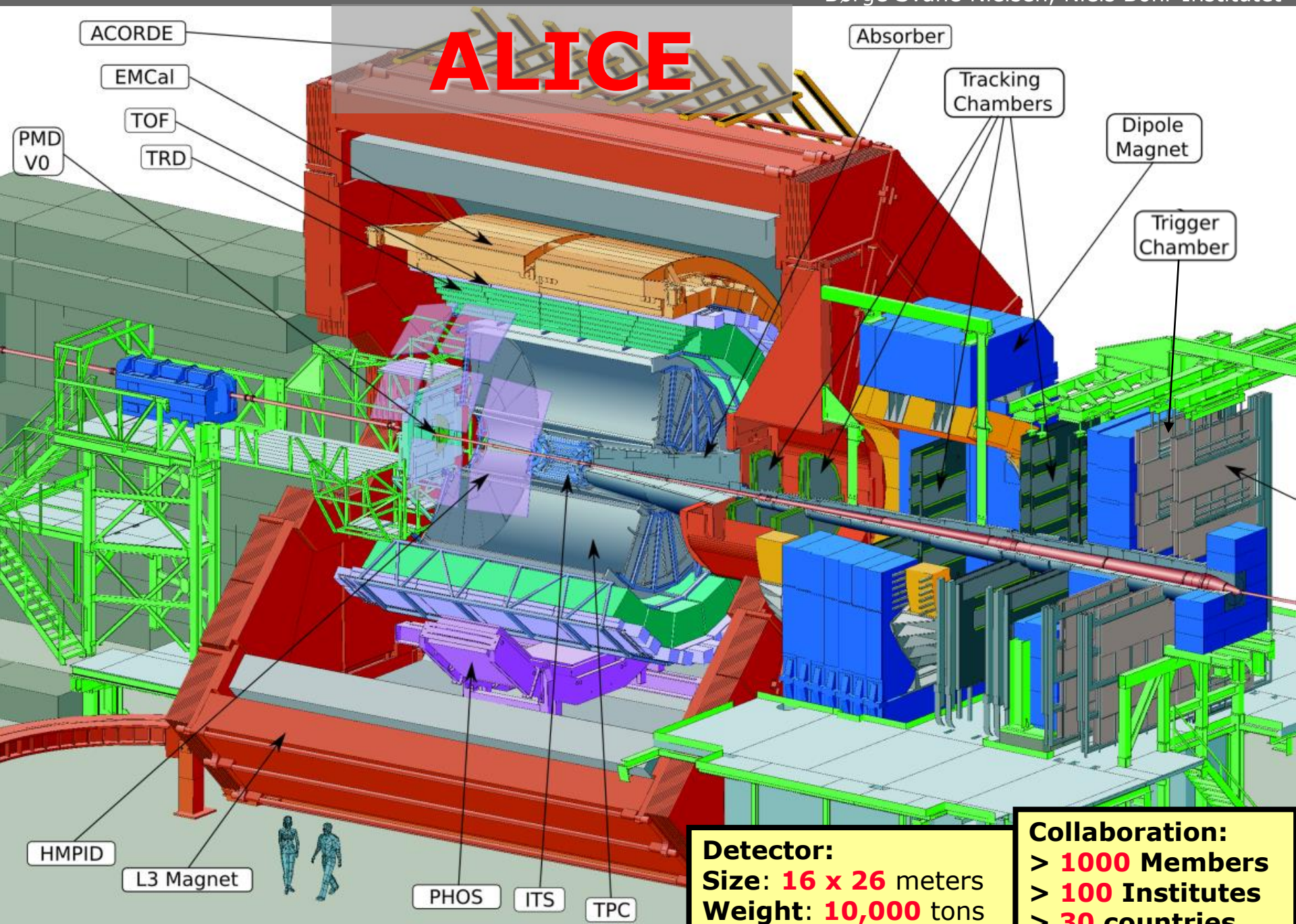


Pb+Pb

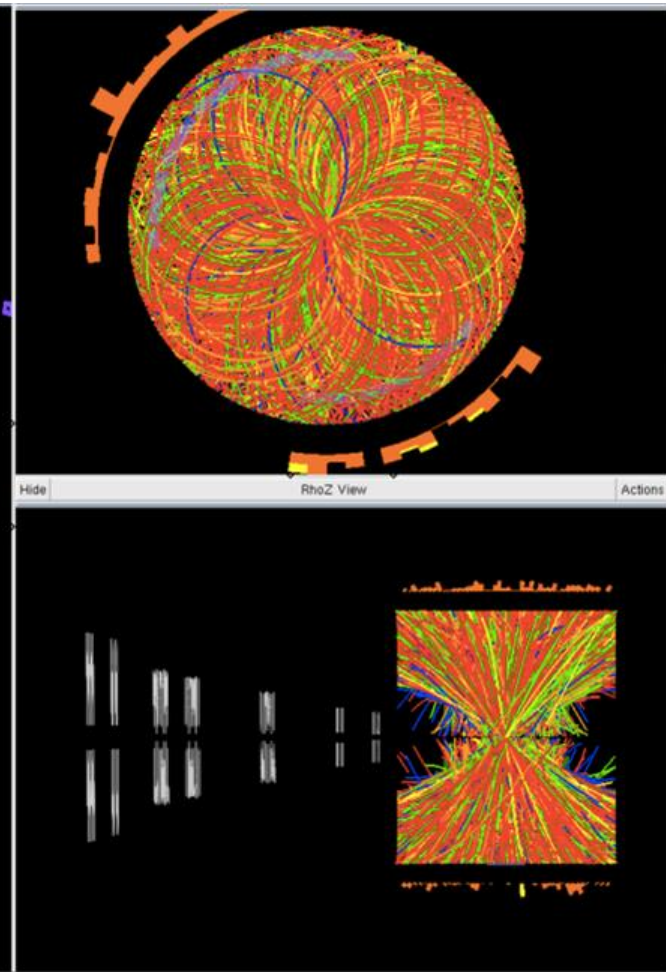
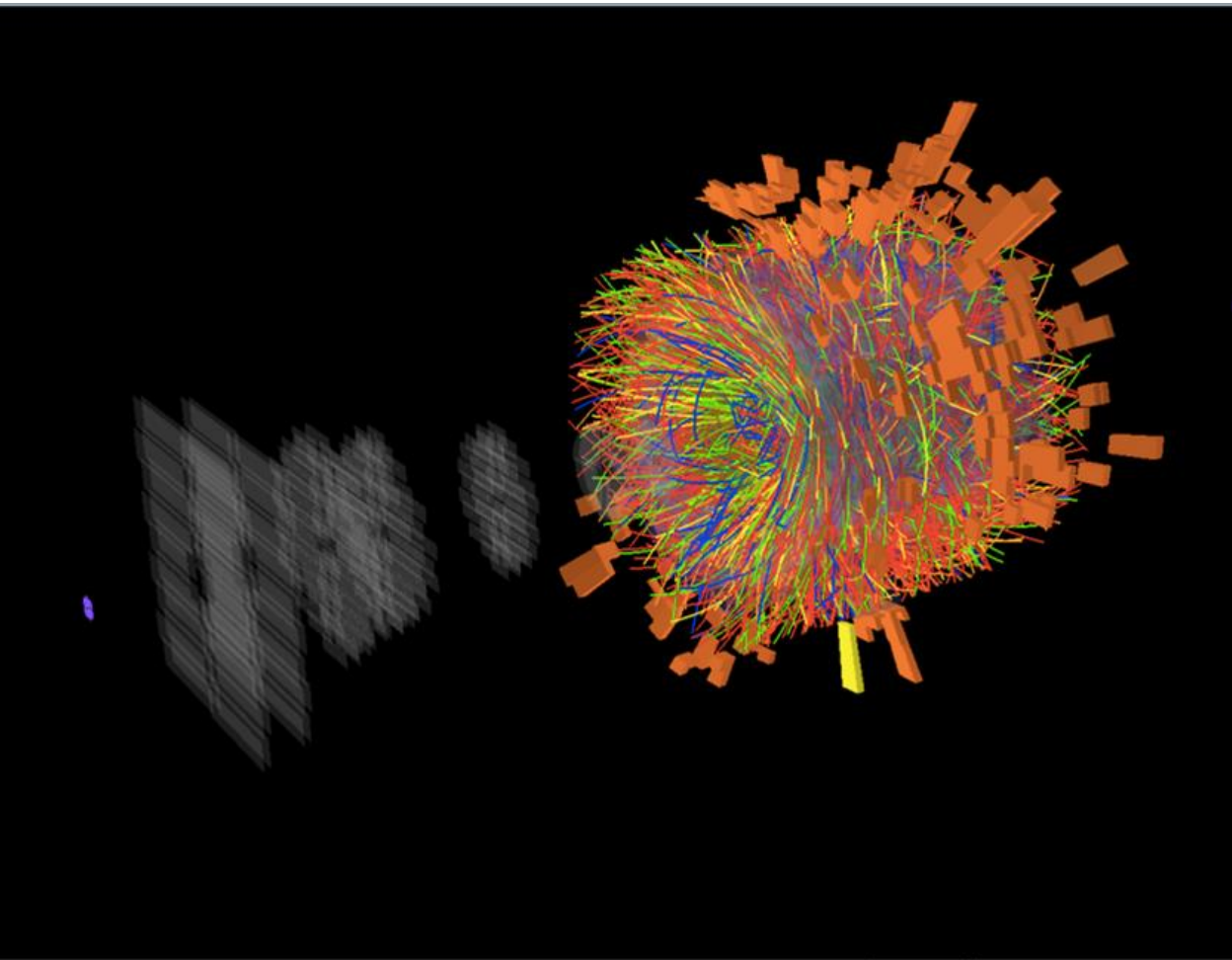


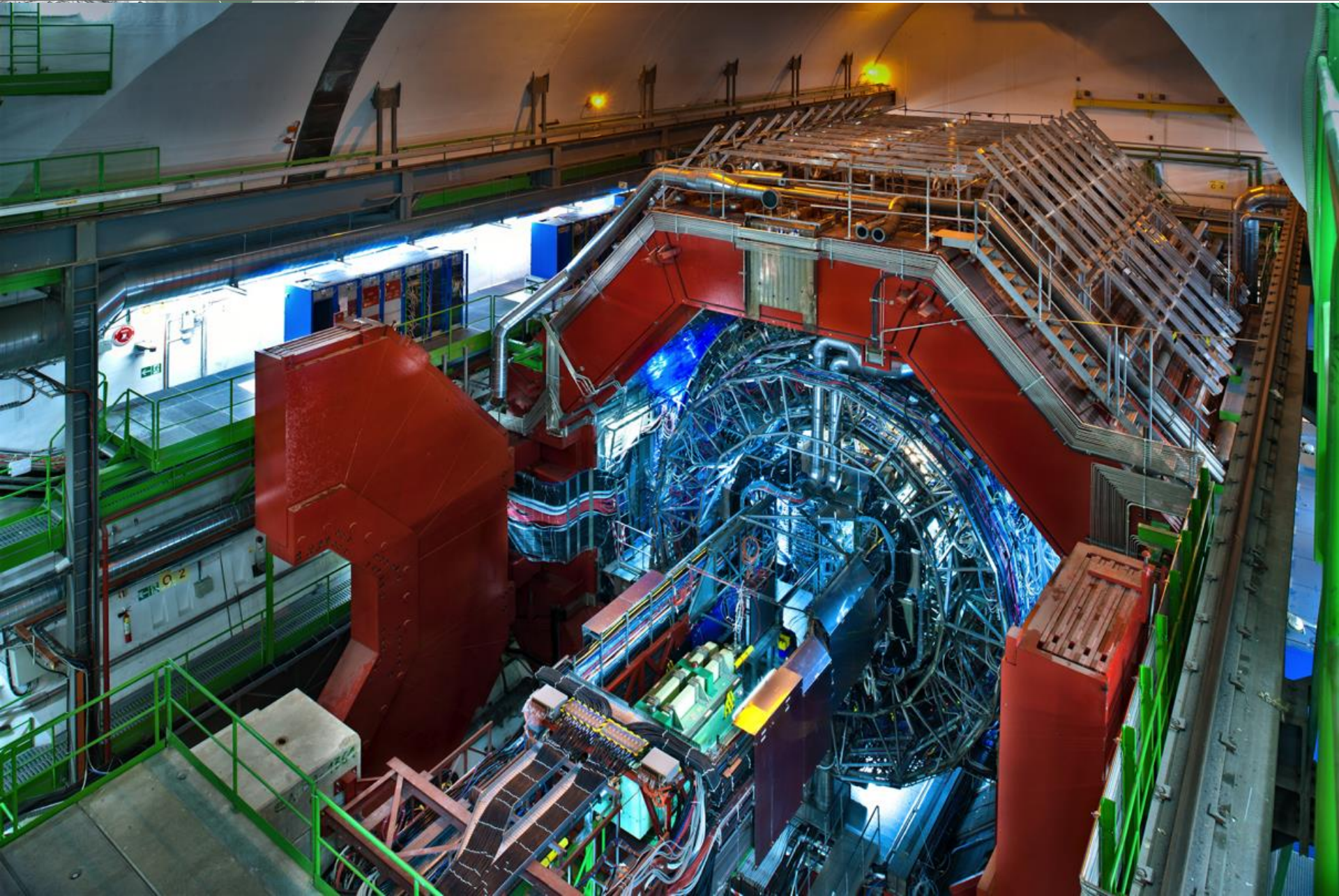
JETs kan modificeres eller undertrykkes p.g.a. vekselvirkning af den spredte parton med 'farvet' medium, f.eks. via gluon bremsestråling.

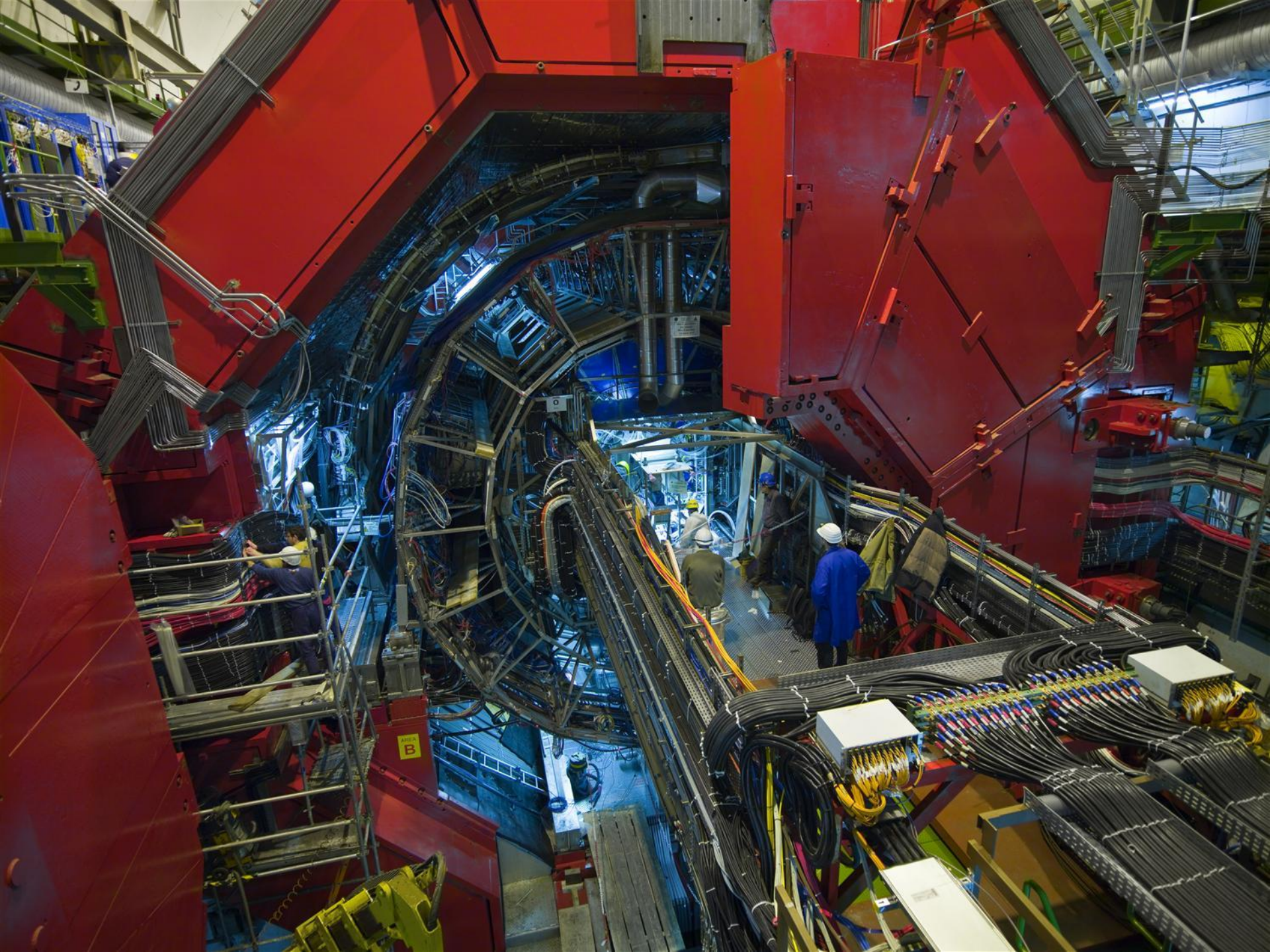
ALICE har målt p+p ved samme energi som Pb+Pb (2.76 TeV) for at sammenligne direkte



Et af de første Pb-Pb sammenstød ved 1 PeV set i ALICE









No. d'identification PR774
Pr. de fabrication 1974
Date de mise en service 1974

SPINDO PNEUMATICA
S.p.A. - Milano

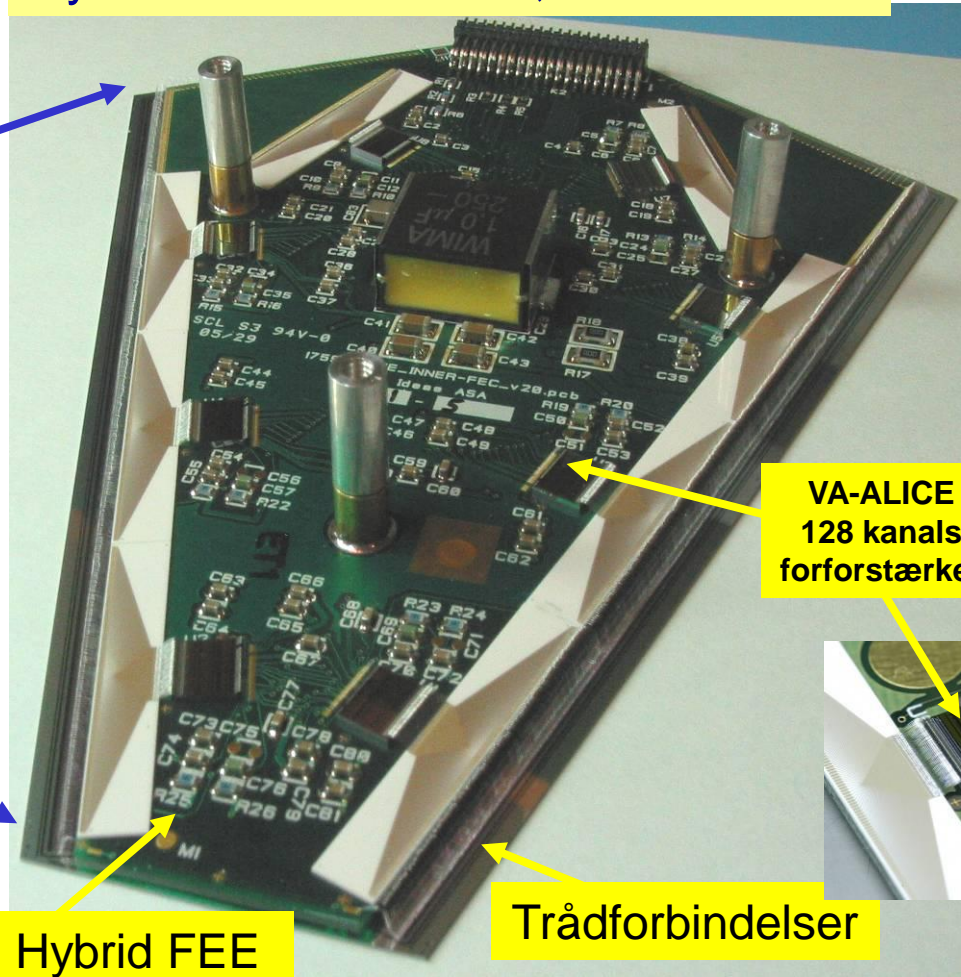
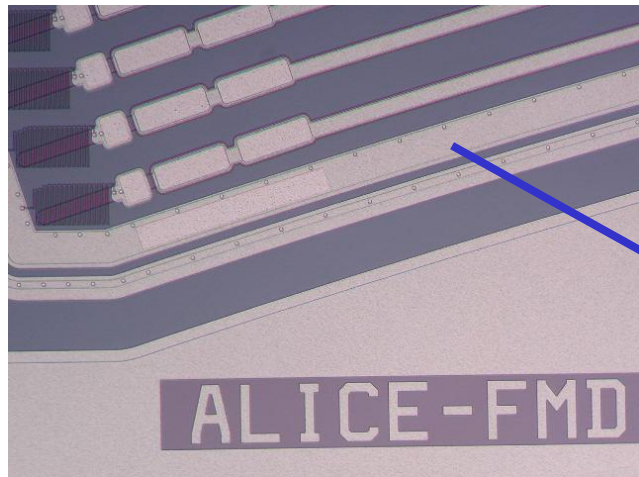
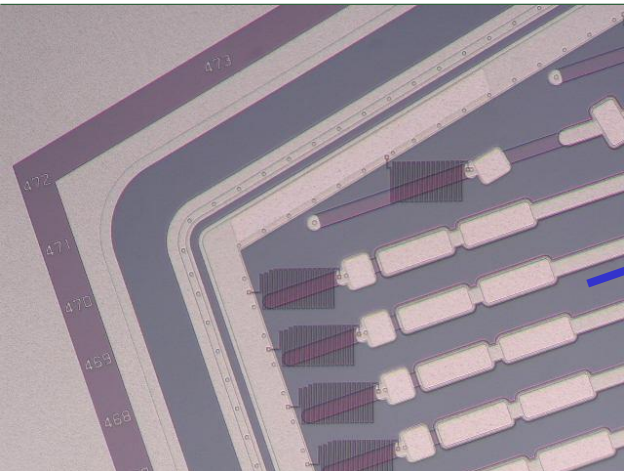
Charge max. ad. 40000 kg
401



Silicium sensorer og hybrider



Sensorer fra Hamamatsu Photonics
Hybrider fra Ideas AS, Oslo



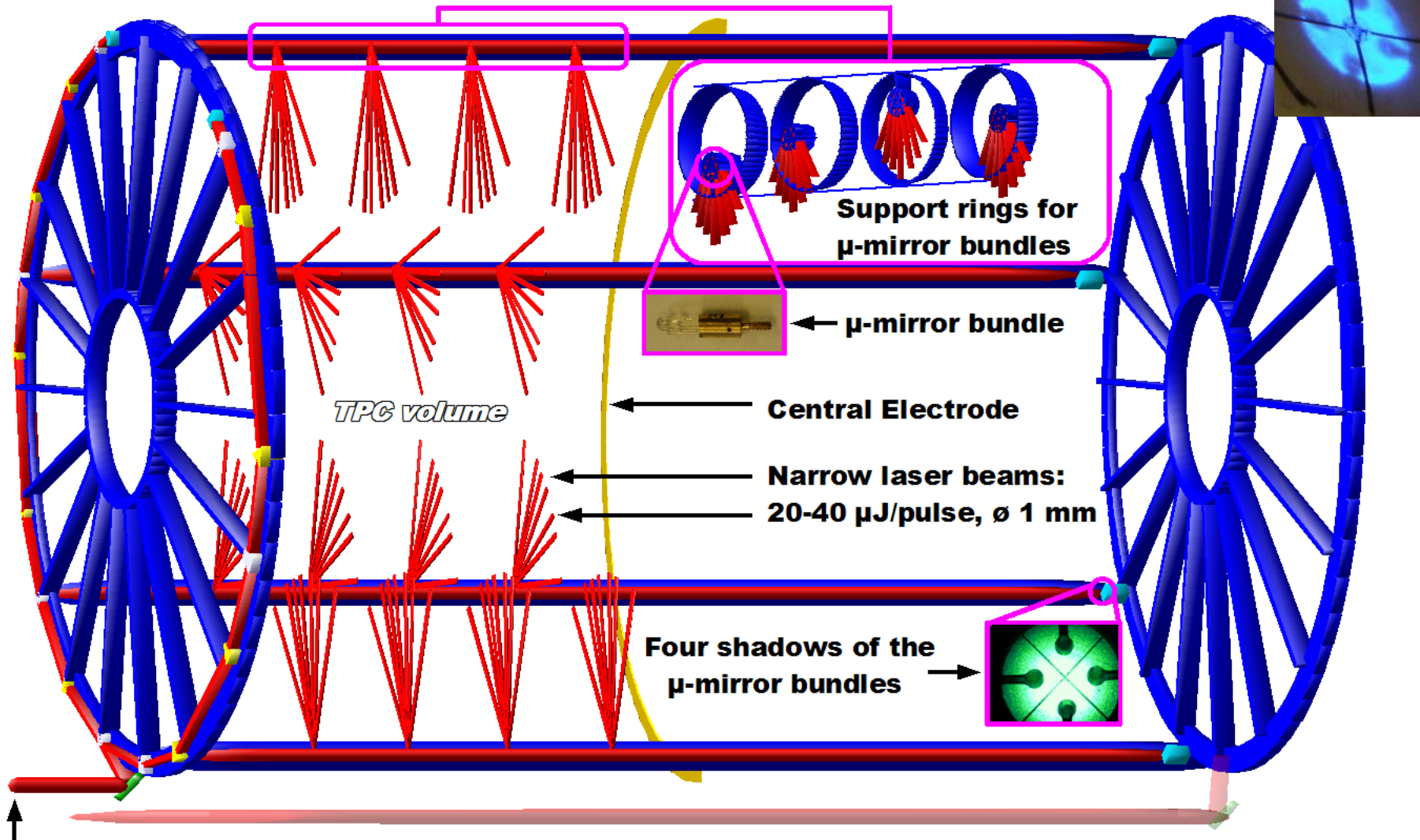
VA-ALICE
128 kanals
forforstærker

Trådforbindelser

Hybrid FEE



The principle of the laser system for the TPC



Wide laser beams: 266 nm,
100 mJ/pulse, 5 ns pulse, ø 25 mm

laser beam
 prism

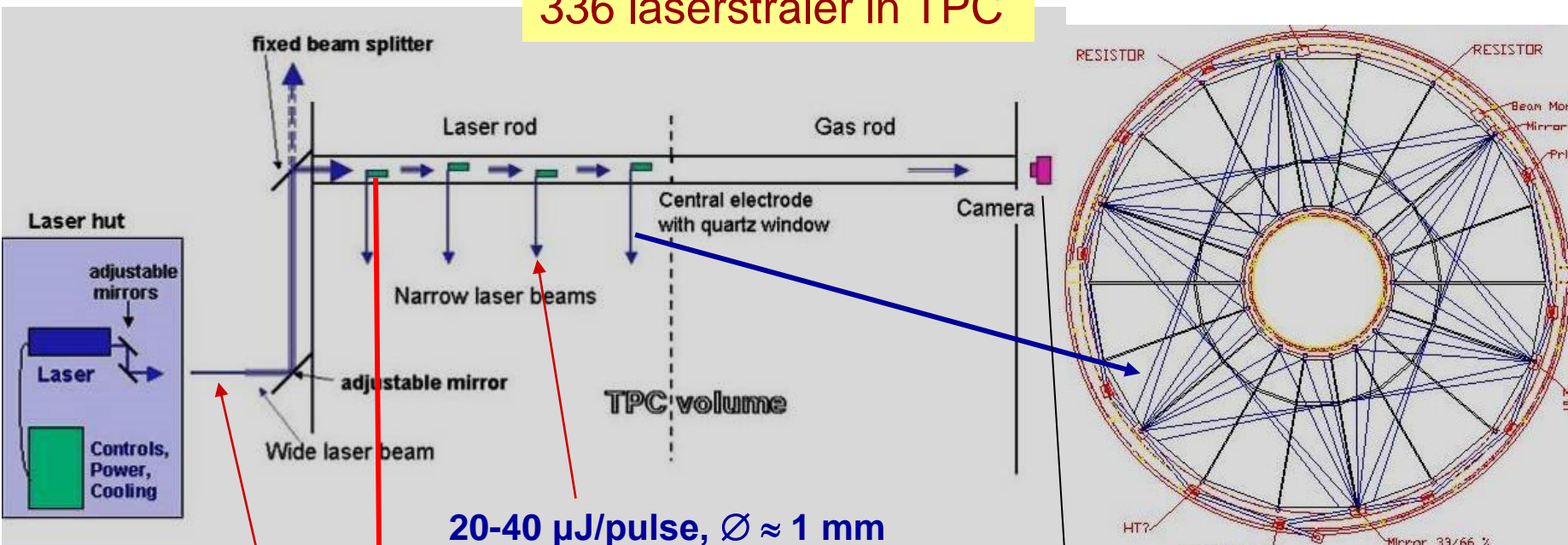
splitter
 camera

adjustable mirror
 rod



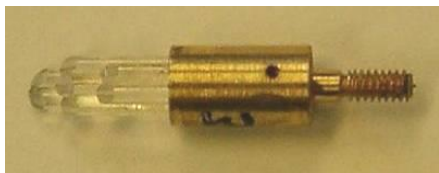
TPC laser calibration

336 laserstråler in TPC

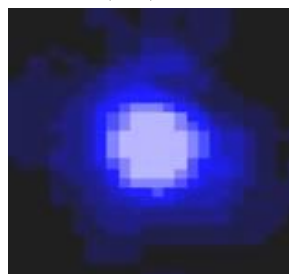


20-40 $\mu\text{J}/\text{pulse}$, $\varnothing \approx 1 \text{ mm}$

266 nm, 100 mJ/pulse, 5 ns pulse, $\varnothing \approx 25 \text{ mm}$



1.5 mm



25 mm

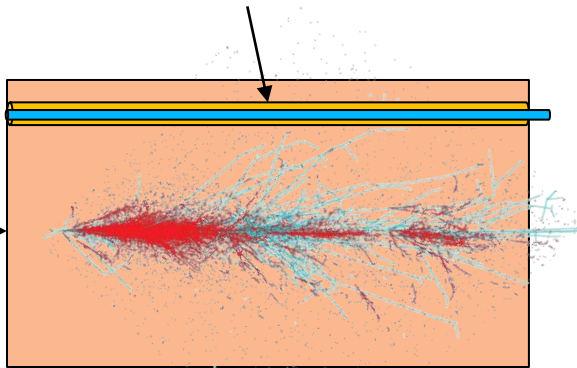




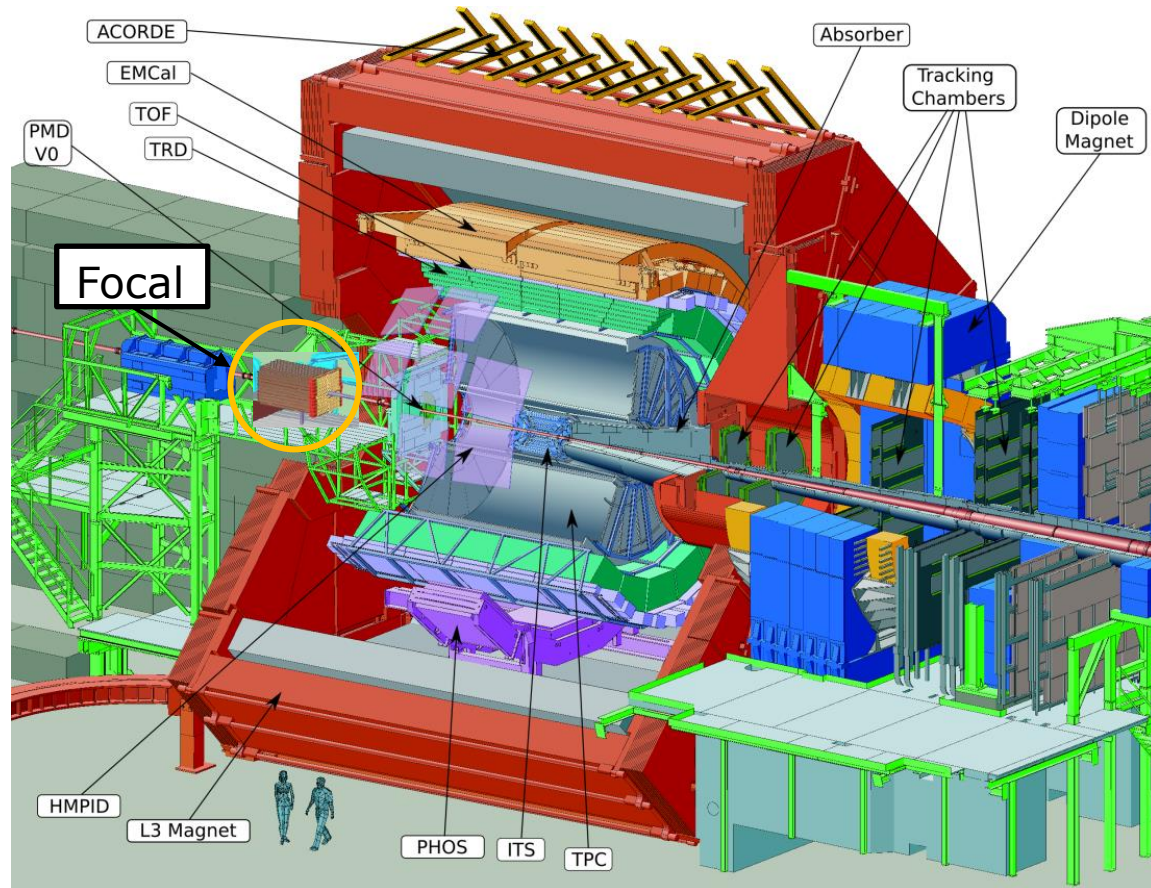
Focal-H: den nye danske detektor

Kobber-scintillator hadronisk kalorimeter

Kobberrør med scintillatorfiber



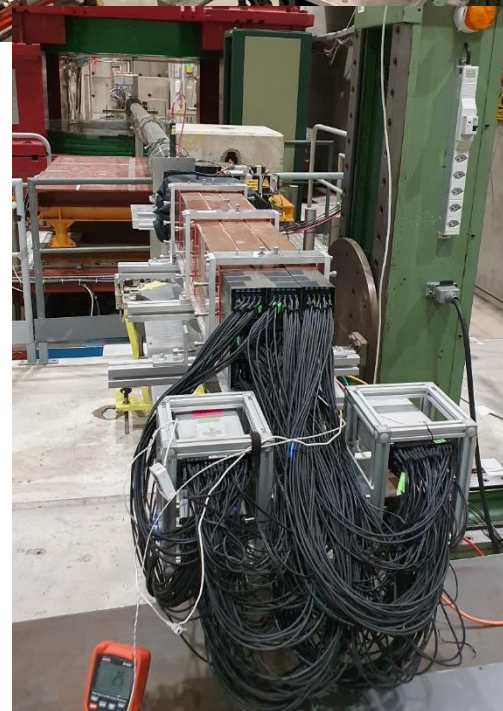
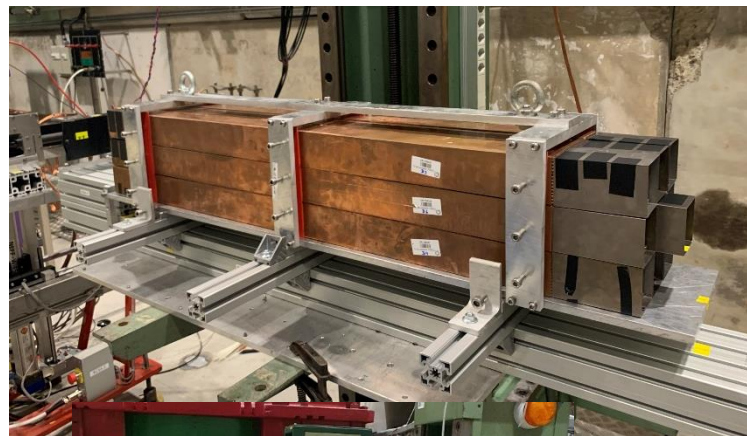
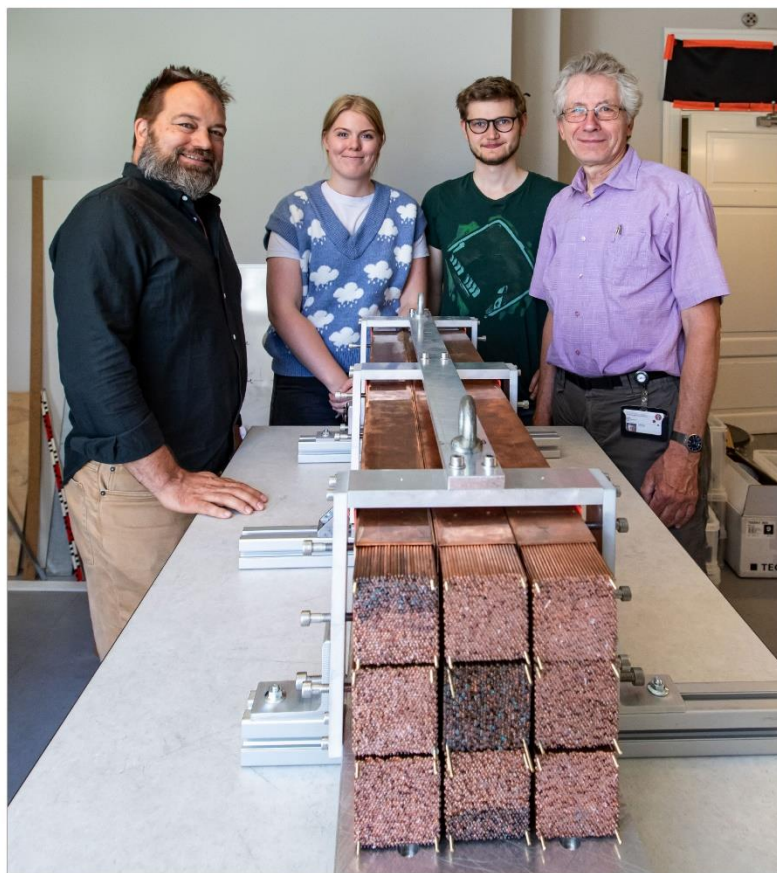
Måler lysglimt for enden af scintillerende fiber.
Lysmængden er proportional med partiklens energi.





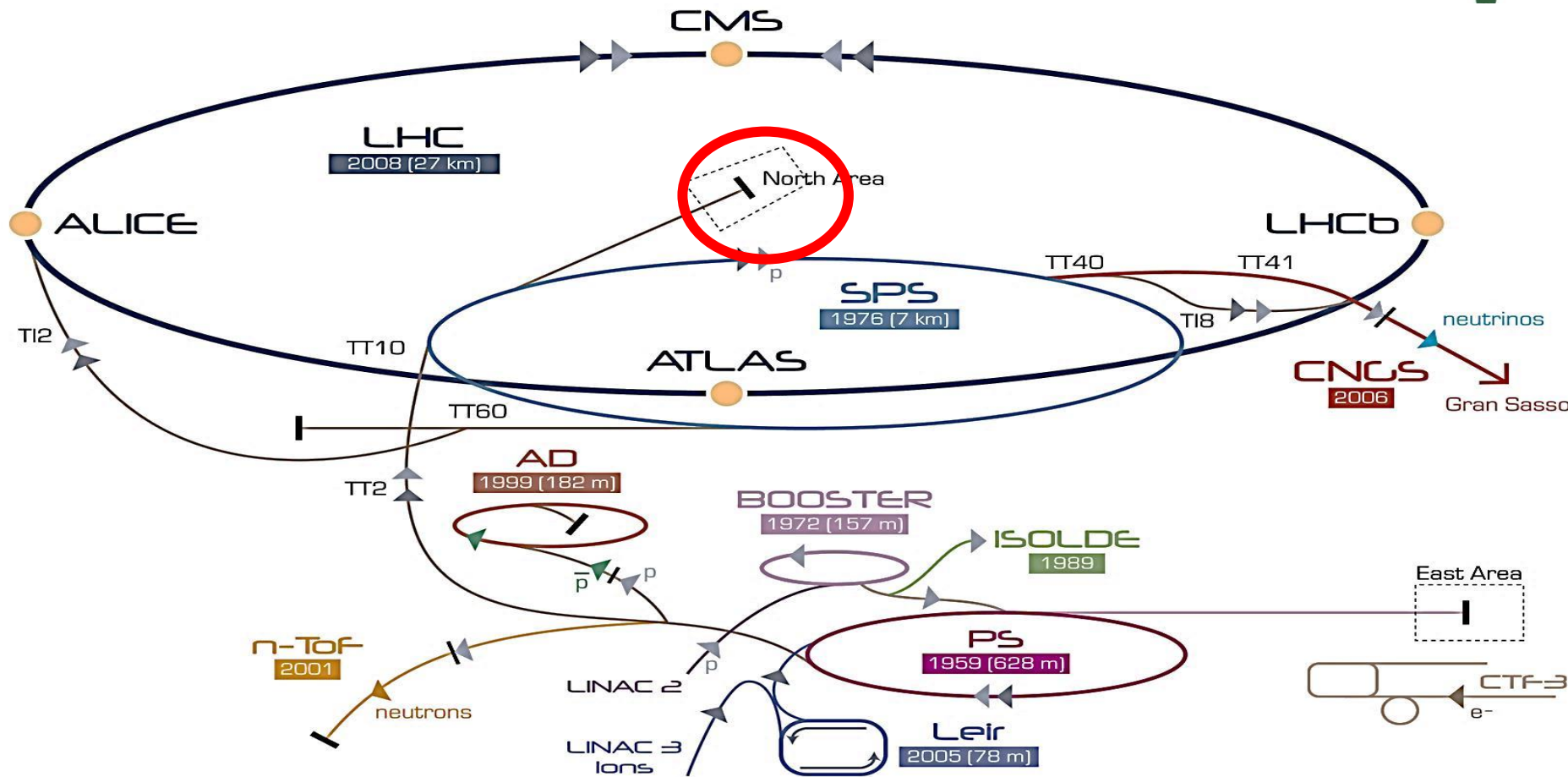
Focal-H: den nye danske detektor

Kobber-scintillator hadronisk kalorimeter





Test beam i North Area



▶ p [proton] ▶ ion ▶ neutrons ▶ \bar{p} [antiproton] →↔→ proton/antiproton conversion ▶ neutrinos ▶ electron

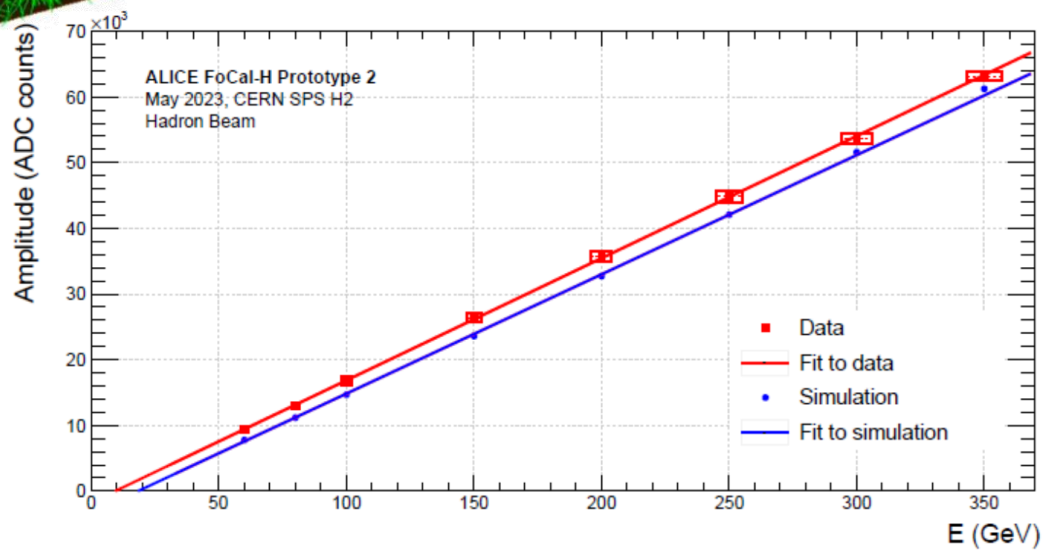
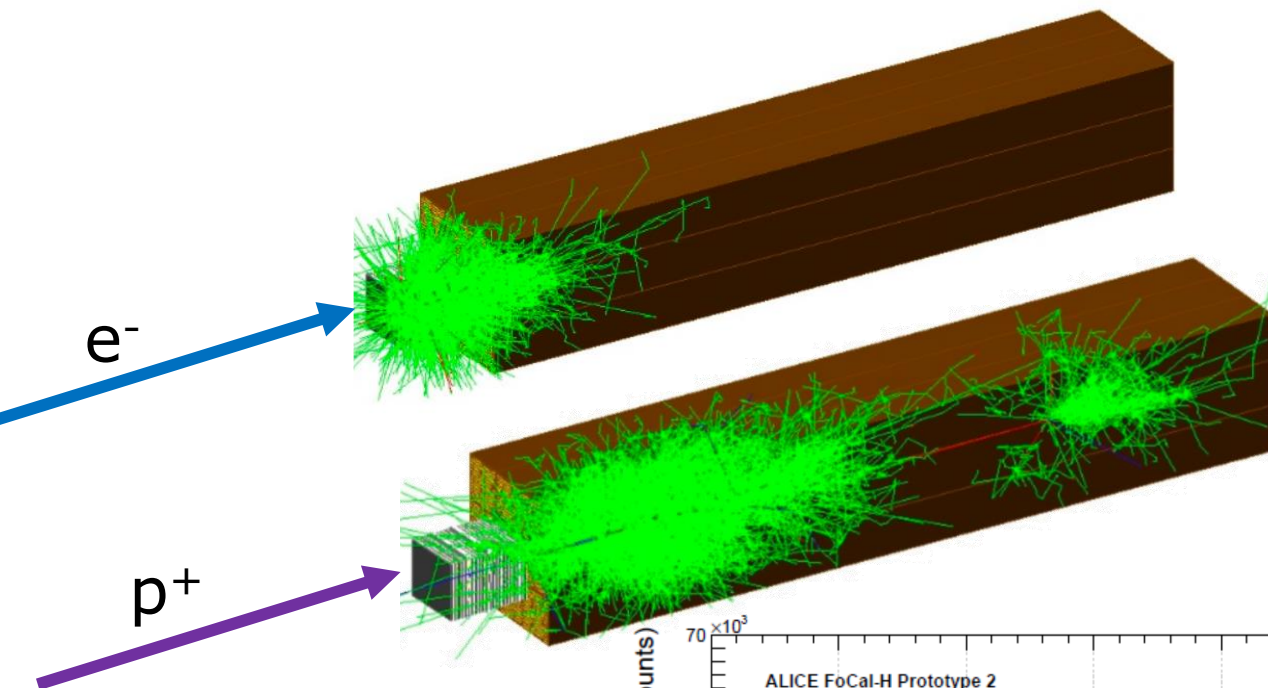
LHC Large Hadron Collider SPS Super Proton Synchrotron PS Proton Synchrotron

AD Antiproton Decelerator CTF-3 Clic Test Facility CNCS Cern Neutrinos to Gran Sasso ISOLDE Isotope Separator OnLine DEvice

LEIR Low Energy Ion Ring LINAC LINear ACcelerator n-ToF Neutrons Time Of Flight

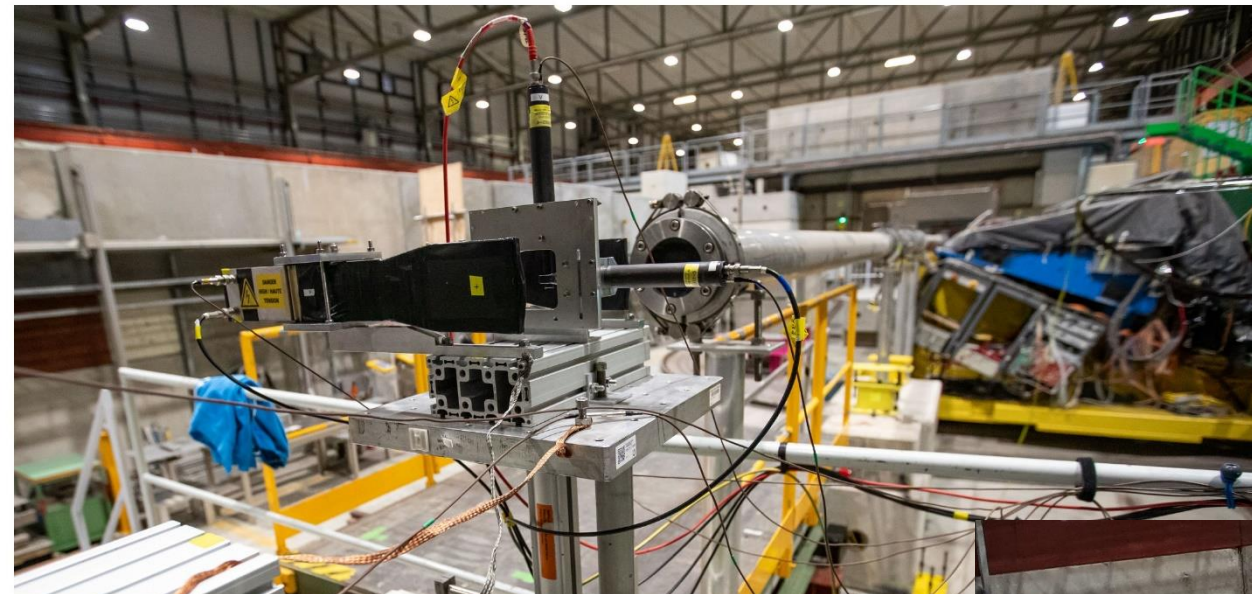


Focal = E + H kalorimeter





Test beam i North Area



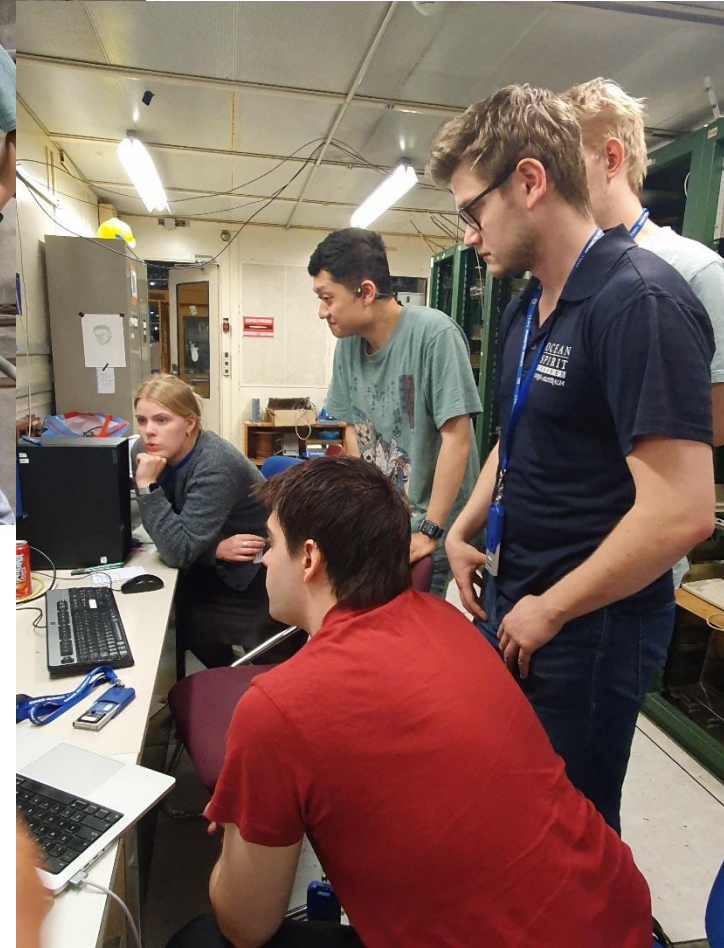


Test beam i North Area





Test beam i North Area



Lad os besøge ALICE ...

